

OpenWebSearch.eu will create an open European infrastructure for internet search, based on European values and jurisdiction





What?

Restore an open search ecosystem / market as a basis for a new Internet Search

- → lay a foundation for a new Internet search
- → contribute to Europe's digital sovereignty
- → empower Europe's researchers, innovators and businesses to systematically tap into the Web as business and innovation resource



Why?

1. Web search is dominated and limited by a few gatekeepers like Google, Microsoft, Baidu, Yandex.

Resulting situation:

- → unilateral, biased, opaque access to information
- → locked-in effects
- 2. Tapping the Web as resource is challenging for innovators and researchers



Who?

14 renowned European universities + institutions will pool their expertise and resources.

- → including some of the largest research and computing centres in Europe
- → e.g. IT4Innovations, Leibniz Supercomputing Centre, CSC, European Organisation for Nuclear Research CERN



How?

Develop the core of a European Open Web Index

Four Objectives

- 1. Open Technology Stack
- 2. Resource provision by a network of infrastructure providers
- 3. Added value services
- 4. Bootstrapping the ecosystem

14 Partners plus Third Party Calls





Webis.de





Bauhaus-Universität Weimar







SUM3-eV

NGOs Businesses

Our Approach

Index Generation

Web resources are selected and retrieved, their content and metadata are analysed, and all data stored in the index database.

(1) Selecting web resources Web pages are navigated, prioritized and collected



(2) Storing web documents Multiple gatherers collect web documents and store them in web archives on a European server



(7) Index deployment The index is deployed in its full version at European data centres

available for download

(6) Index building

All extracted data from web docu-

ments are stored in a specialised database, the so-called webindex

or sliced into smaller portions

for specific purposes and made

(3) Content extraction The content of web documents is extracted (e.g. words, images)



(4) Metadata extraction Metadata (e.g. publisher, author, date) are extracted



(5) Content analysis Features of web documents are extracted (e.g. topic, language, quality, genre, legal constraints, ethical aspects, etc.)



Search Applications

A user search request will be answered by a search application that makes use of the open web index.

(a) Selecting web documents Web documents are selected that fit to the user search request



(c) Purpose-specific An application with user interface enables the search for general or specific purposes

(d) User searches and receives result

The user is supported to better understand





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Leibniz Supercomputing Centre

of the Bavarian Academy of Sciences and Humanities

LUMI@CSC

Open WebSearch



Knowledge representation models will be created using the open web index, in order to be used by any agent and for many applications

Building knowledge graphsUsing the extracted information from web documents, a knowledge graph is created that supports specific search requests



Building AI Language Models

Creation of different types of language models by using Web documents



Any agent, multiple applications Language models and knowledge graphs can be used by any agent (or application)



Applications and Innovations as Multiplicator



Current Status – OSSYM Talks

Index Generation

Web resources are selected and retrieved, their content and metadata are analysed, and all data stored in the index database.



OWLer

- ~ 1 TiB / day
- ~ 5M URLs / day /machine
- 2 Crawl Centers1 Central frontier

Spam and Topic Detection

"A Comprehensive Dataset for Webpage Classification"

Mohammed Al-Maamari et a.

Resiliparse Library

Fast WARC parsing

(Character encoding, Main Text Extraction, Language Detection (101 Languages) and Topic Identification) Format Challenges of index exchange for search er Hiemstra, Hendriksen, Kamphuis, de Vries rovision

Search Applications

A user search request will be answered by a search application that makes use of the

Using CIFF Format in Retrieval Engines

Conceptual Design and Implementation of a Prototype Search Application using the Open Web Search Index, Nussbaumer et al.

Evaluation of IR Engines

Prototyping Open Web Search Applications with TIRA: A Case Study in Research-oriented Teaching, Fröbe e al.

Web Data Analytics

Product Spam on YouTube: A Case Study, Bevendorff et al.

Studying Future Search Paradigms

Commercialized Generative AI: A Critical Study of the Feasibility and Ethics of Generating Native Advertising Using Large Language Models in Conversational Web Search, Zelch et al.

Data Products and Innovations

Cooperate via Open Console, Mark Overmeer

Applications and Innovations as Multiplicator



uilding ommunity Tietgen, owards Governance

Distributed
Infrastructure as Enabler

Conclusion



- Web and Web Search critical for Europe's digital sovereignty. An Open Web Index to the rescue!
- We have so far
 - A first running pipeline with ~ 1 TiB/day, but download facilities are not yet in place
 - Use of the index in standard retrieval libraries
 - Application scenarios in development
 - ELSA Considerations and Governance Planning
 - Lots of challenges ahead!
- Detailed results presented in the next 4 hours

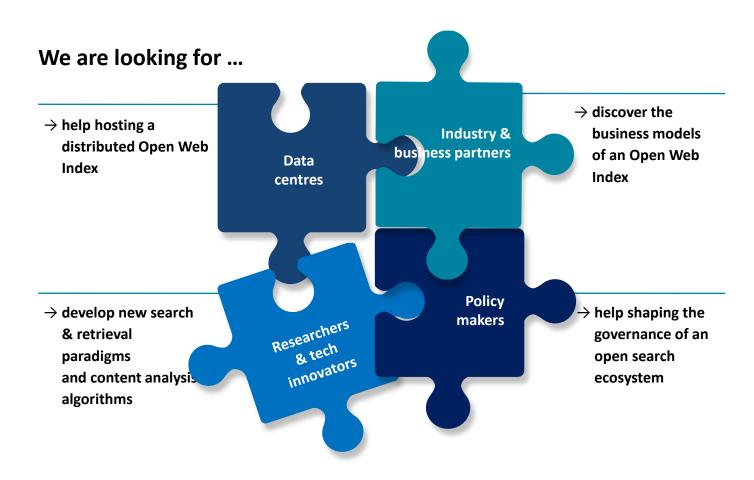
Thanks. Questions?



Contact us:

To keep in touch with these possibilities or to join us send an email to join@openwebsearch.org





 \rightarrow We will also offer small grants for potential contributors.

Watch the upcoming calls for fundings or meet us at our Open Search Symposium at CERN https://opensearchfoundation.org/en/events-osf/5th-international-open-search-symposium-ossym2023/#ossym-program