

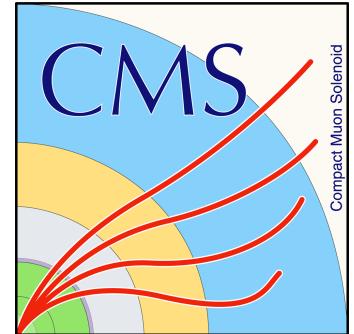
# Search for flavor-changing neutral current interactions of the top quark and Higgs boson in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

Top2023

Kaitlin Salyer

On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

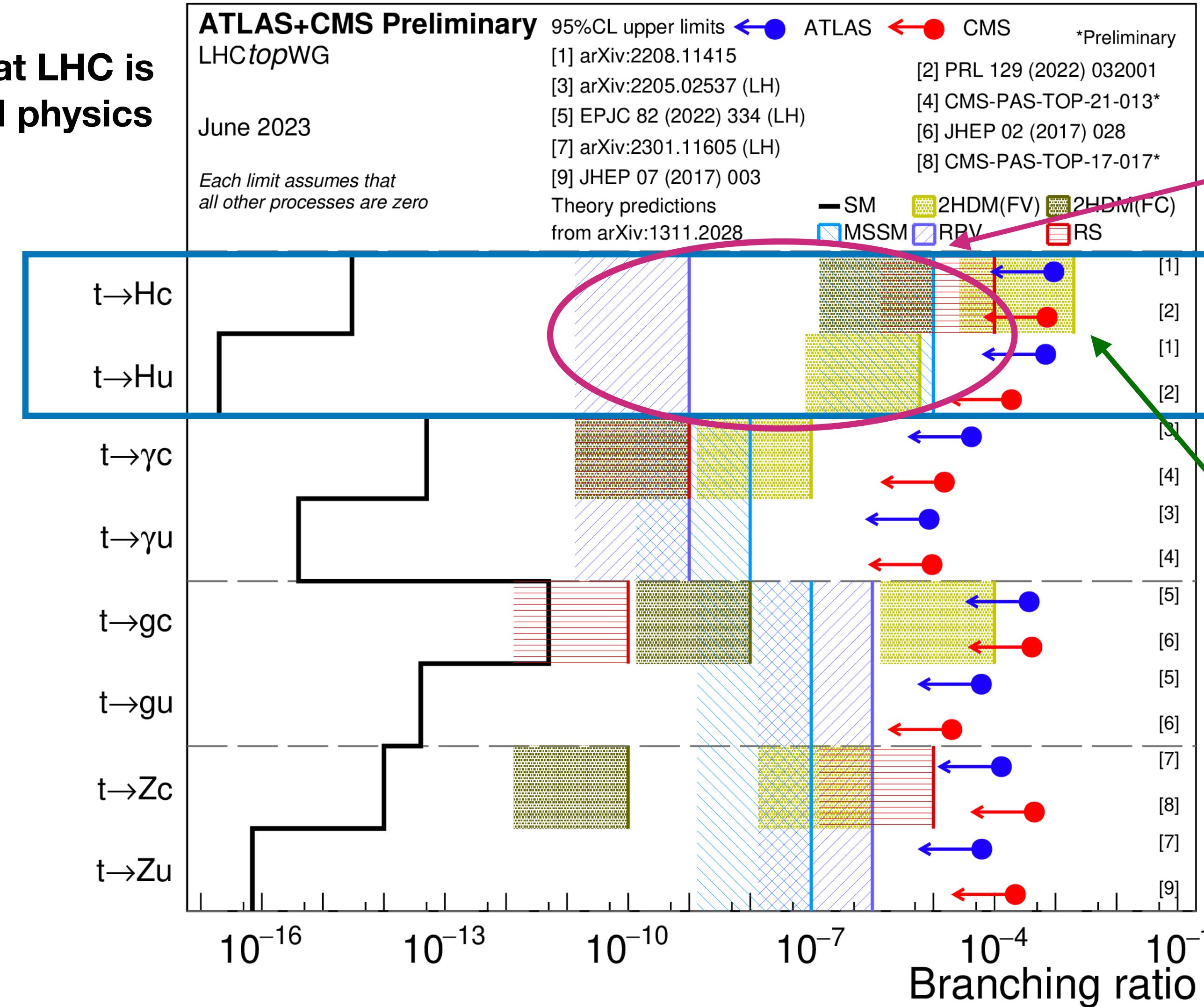
**CMS-PAS-TOP-22-002**



# Why FCNC?

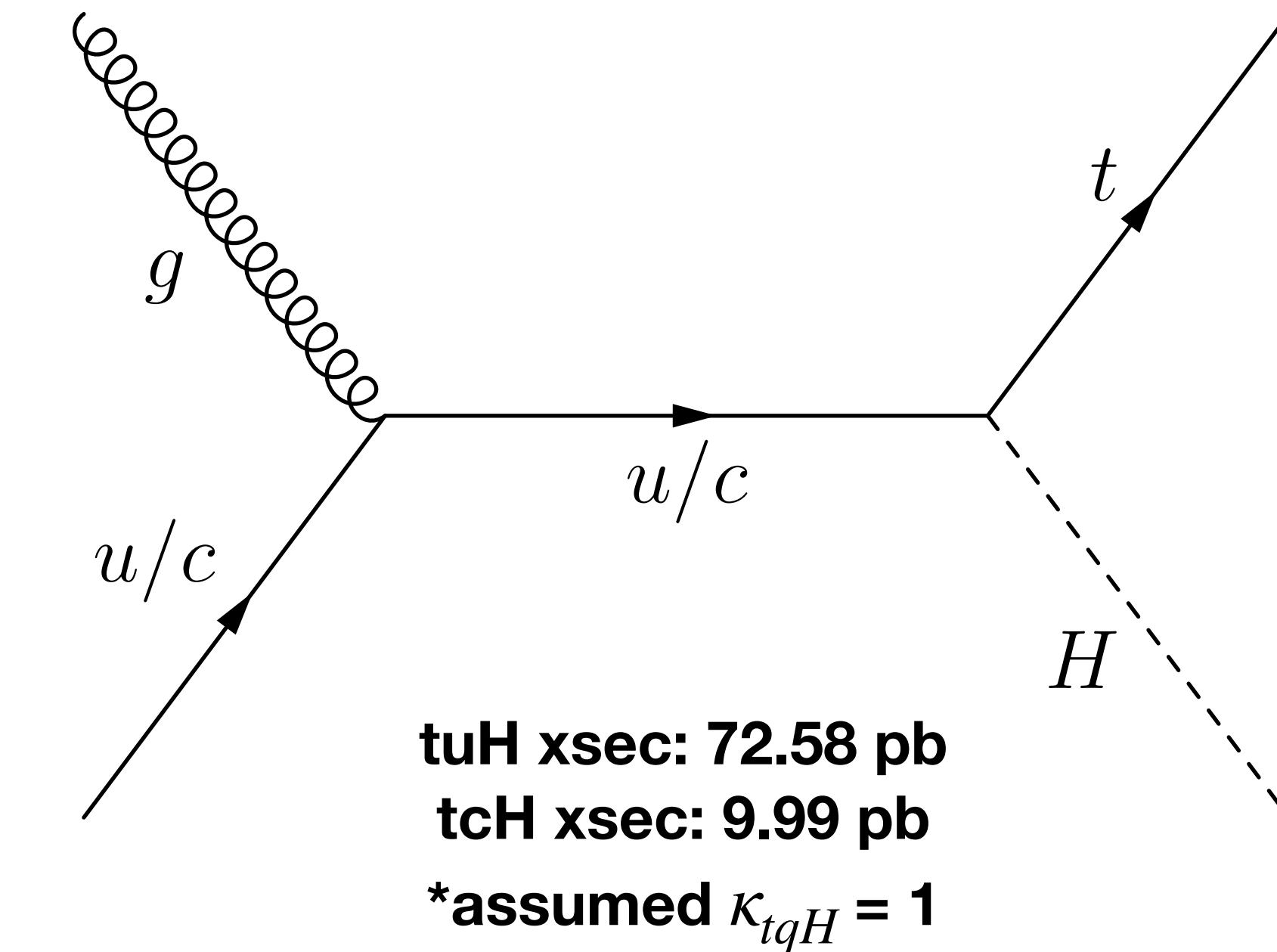
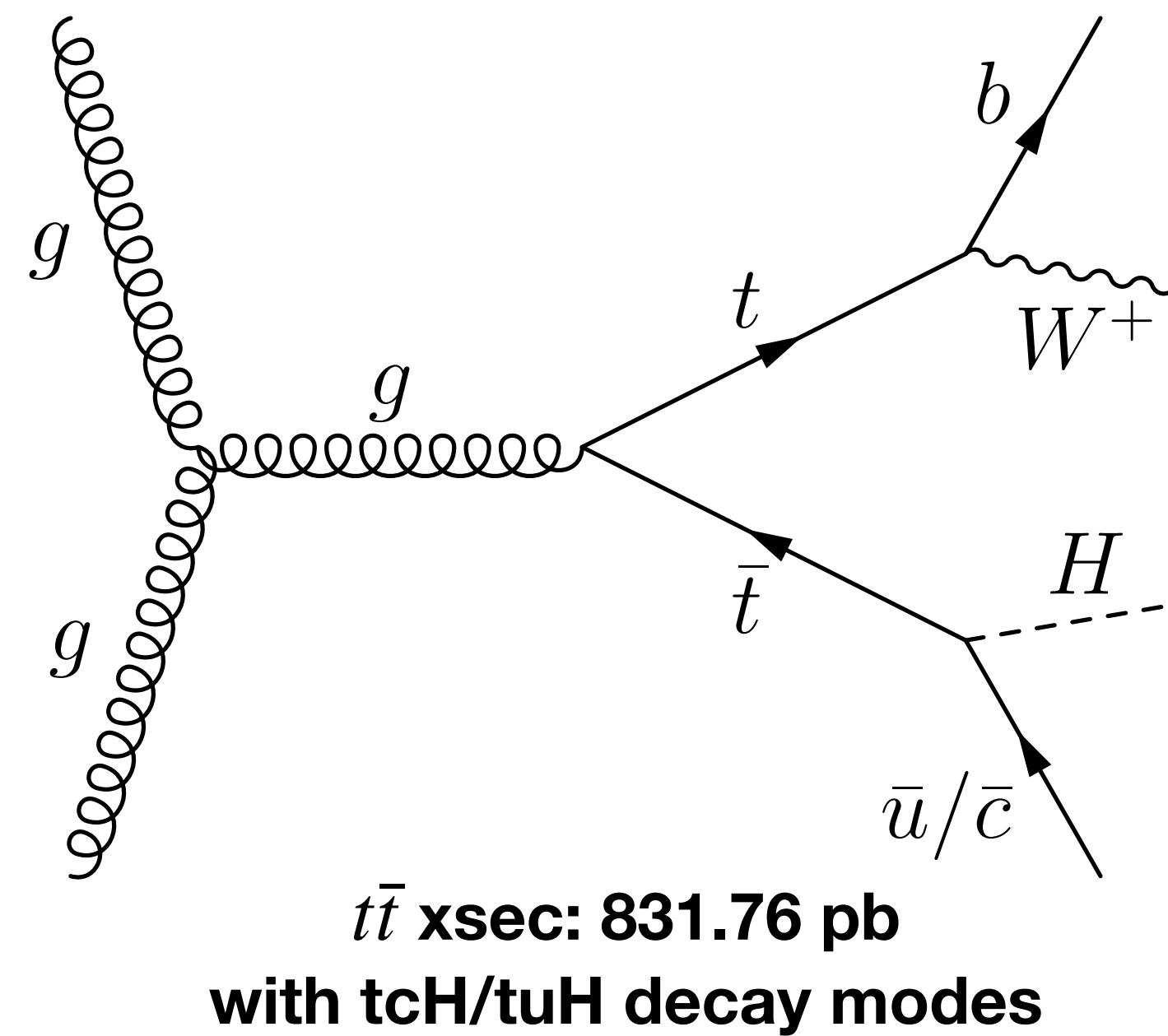
Any observation of FCNC at LHC is definitive evidence of BSM physics

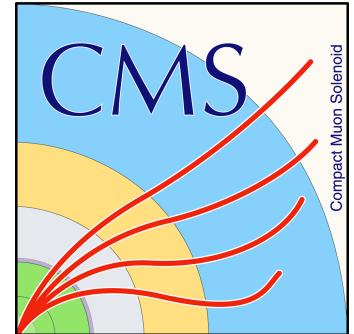
signals targeted by TOP-22-002



# Analysis Overview

- Search for tuH/tcH FCNC decays to same sign dilepton (SS) and  $\geq 3\ell$  final states
  - Via  $H \rightarrow WW/ZZ/\tau\tau$
  - Main backgrounds from nonprompt leptons, leptons with misidentified charge (misID), and rare SM SS events
  - Data-driven estimation methods used for nonprompt and charge misID backgrounds
  - ML techniques applied to better distinguish signal/background events





# Event Selection

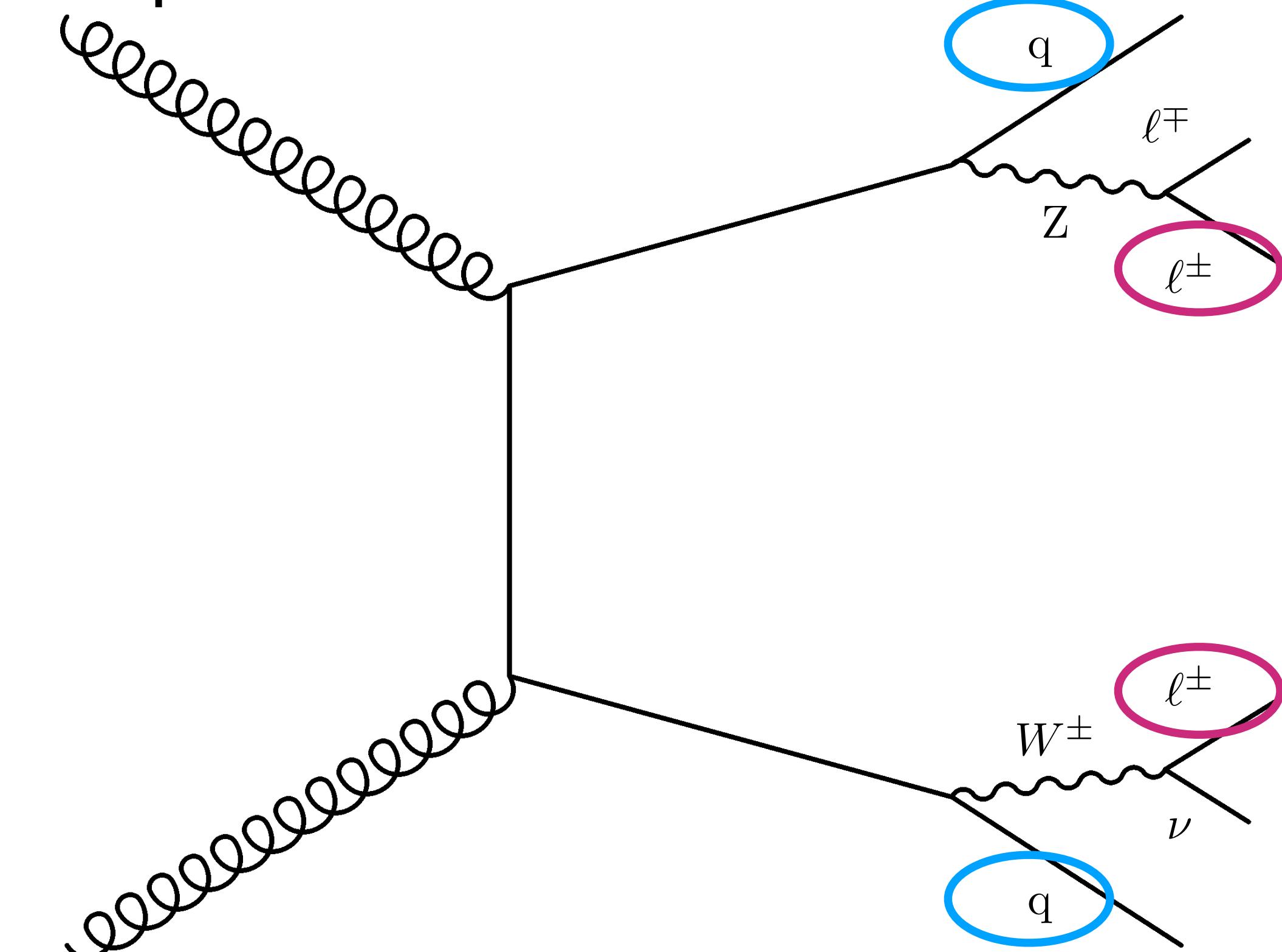
DRAFT

	Physics Object	Selection Criteria
Expected signature	Lepton	Pair of isolated SS leptons ( $e$ or $\mu$ ), lead $p_T > 25$ GeV, else $p_T > 20$ GeV, $ \eta_e  < 2.4$ , $ \eta_\mu  < 2.5$
	Jet	$\geq 2$ in SS events or $\geq 1$ in multilepton events, $p_T > 30$ GeV, $ \eta  < 2.4$
	b-tagged jet	$p_T > 25$ GeV, $ \eta  < 2.4$
Reduces $Z$ , $\gamma^*$ resonances	$m_{\ell\ell}$ (SF)	$> 12$ GeV
	$m_{\ell\ell}$ (any flavor, any charge)	$> 8$ GeV
	$m_{ee}$ (SS,SF)	$< 75$ GeV or $> 105$ GeV

# Background Categories

# Background events enter search region (SR)

1. when they have a **REAL** SS dilepton pair
    - Rare SM SS processes like  $t\bar{t}W$  and diboson events

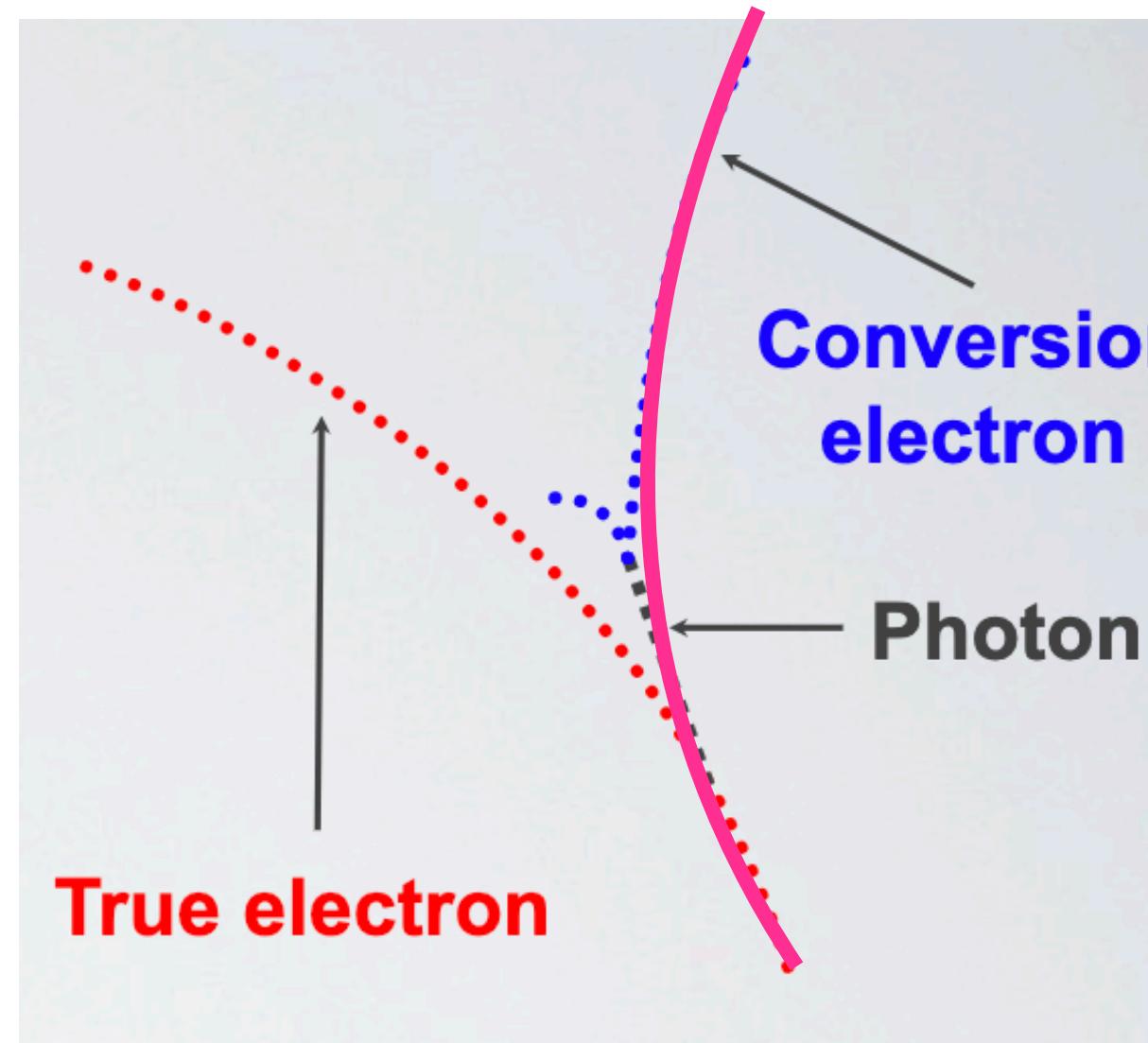


# Background Categories

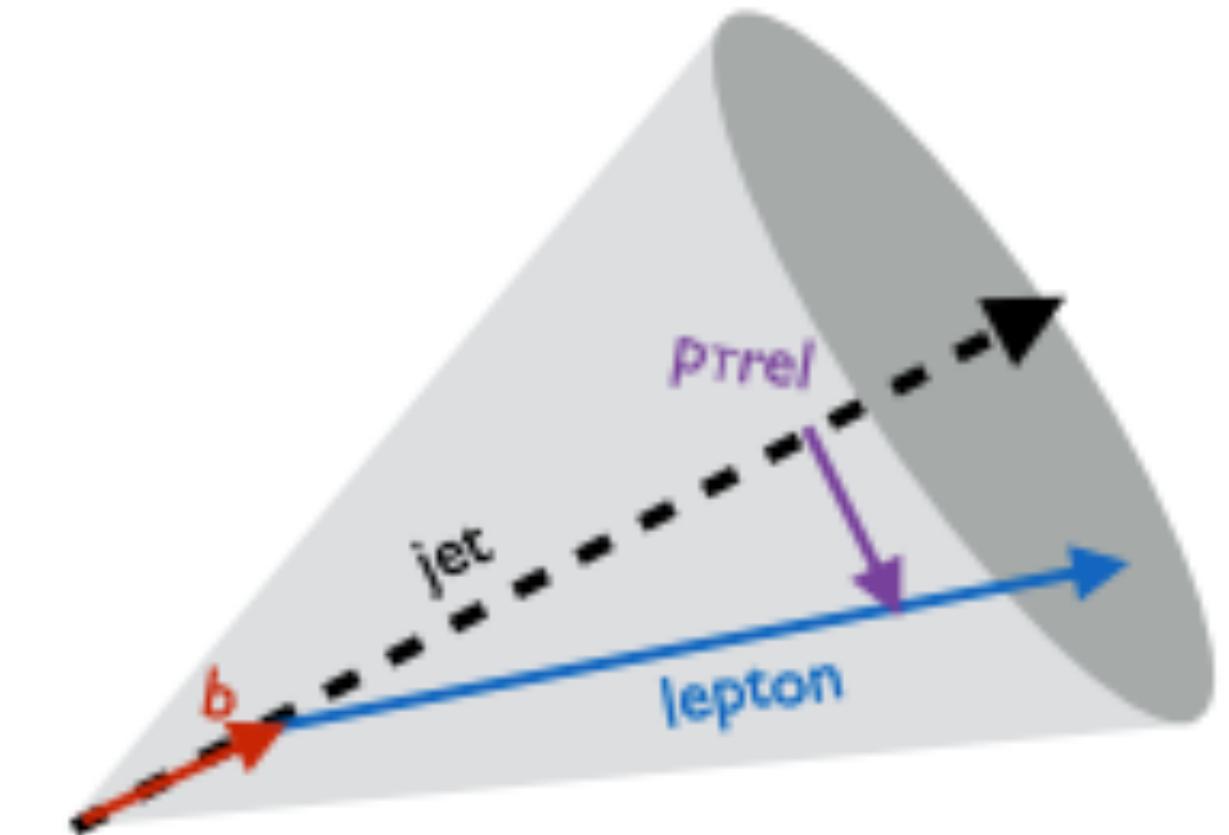
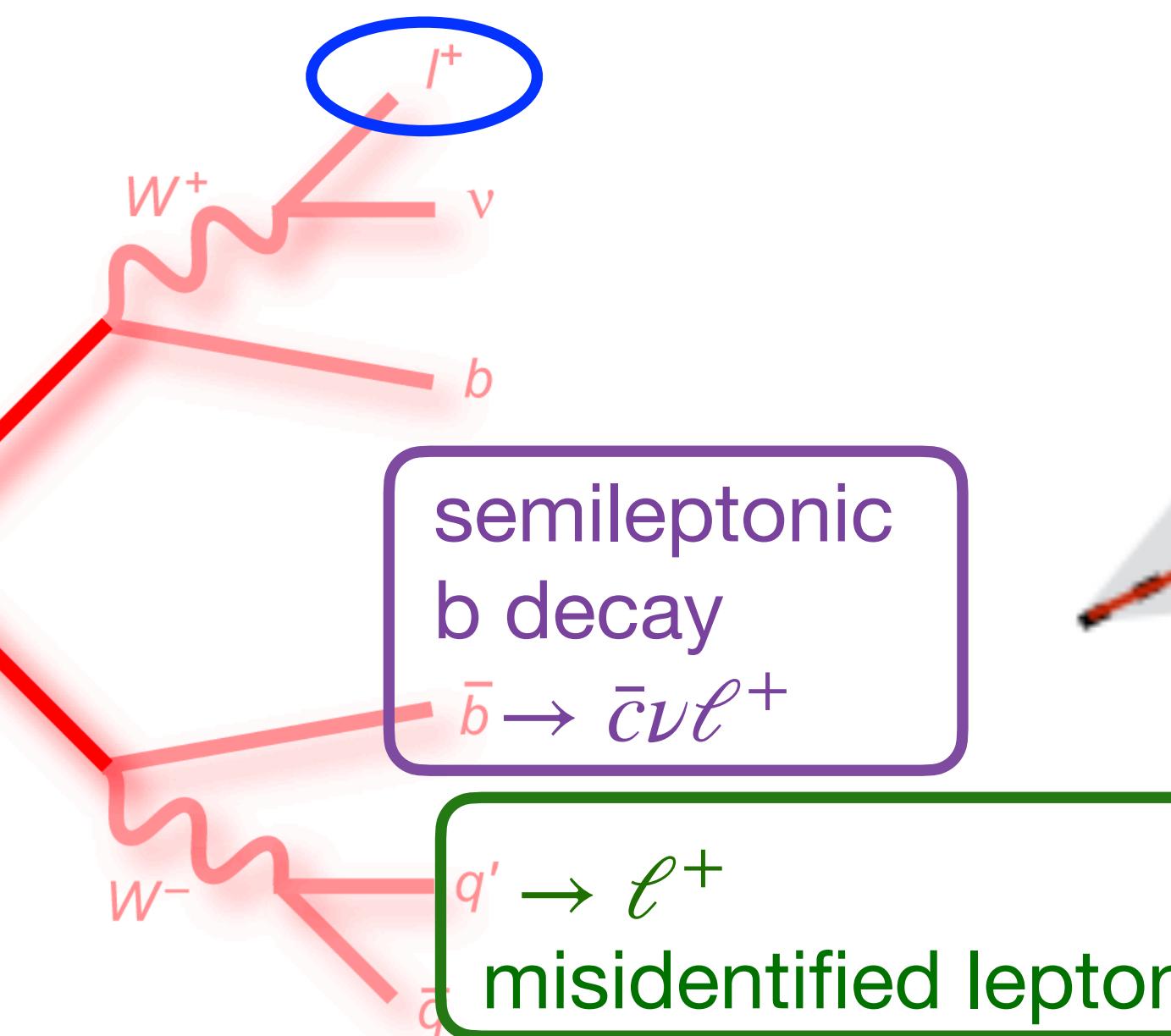
Background events enter search/signal region (SR)

2. when they have a **NOT REAL** SS dilepton pair

OS events with  
mismeasured charge



or events with something else reconstructed as a lepton



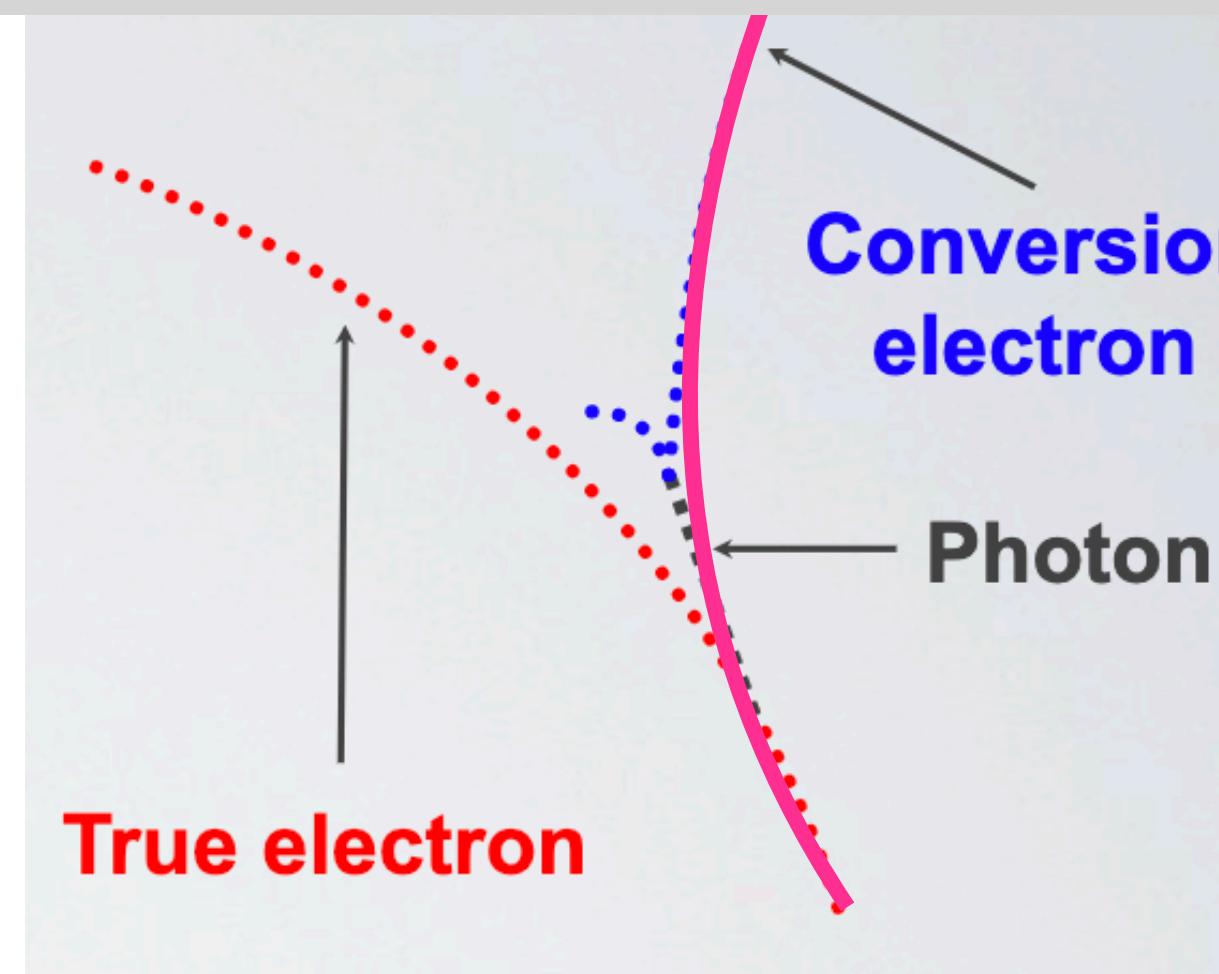
# Background Categories

Background events enter search/signal region (SR)

2. when they have a **NOT REAL** SS dilepton pair

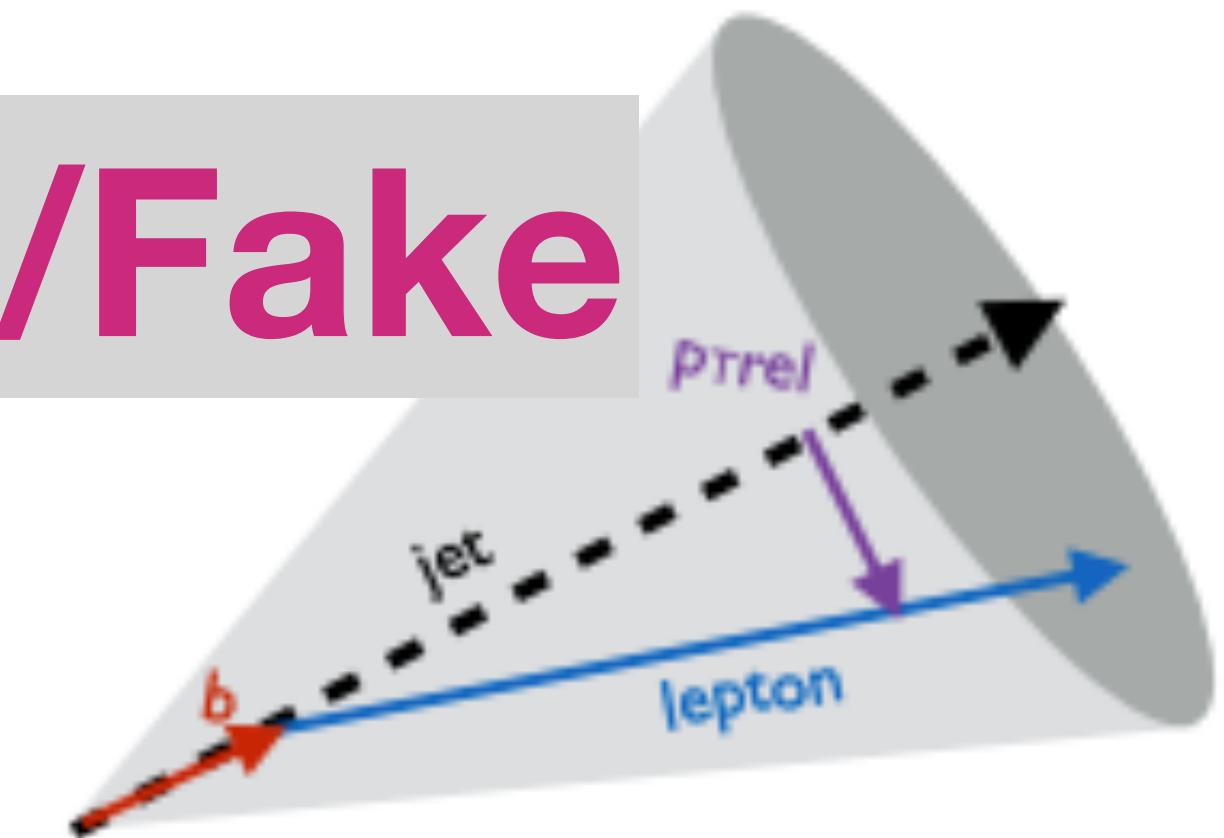
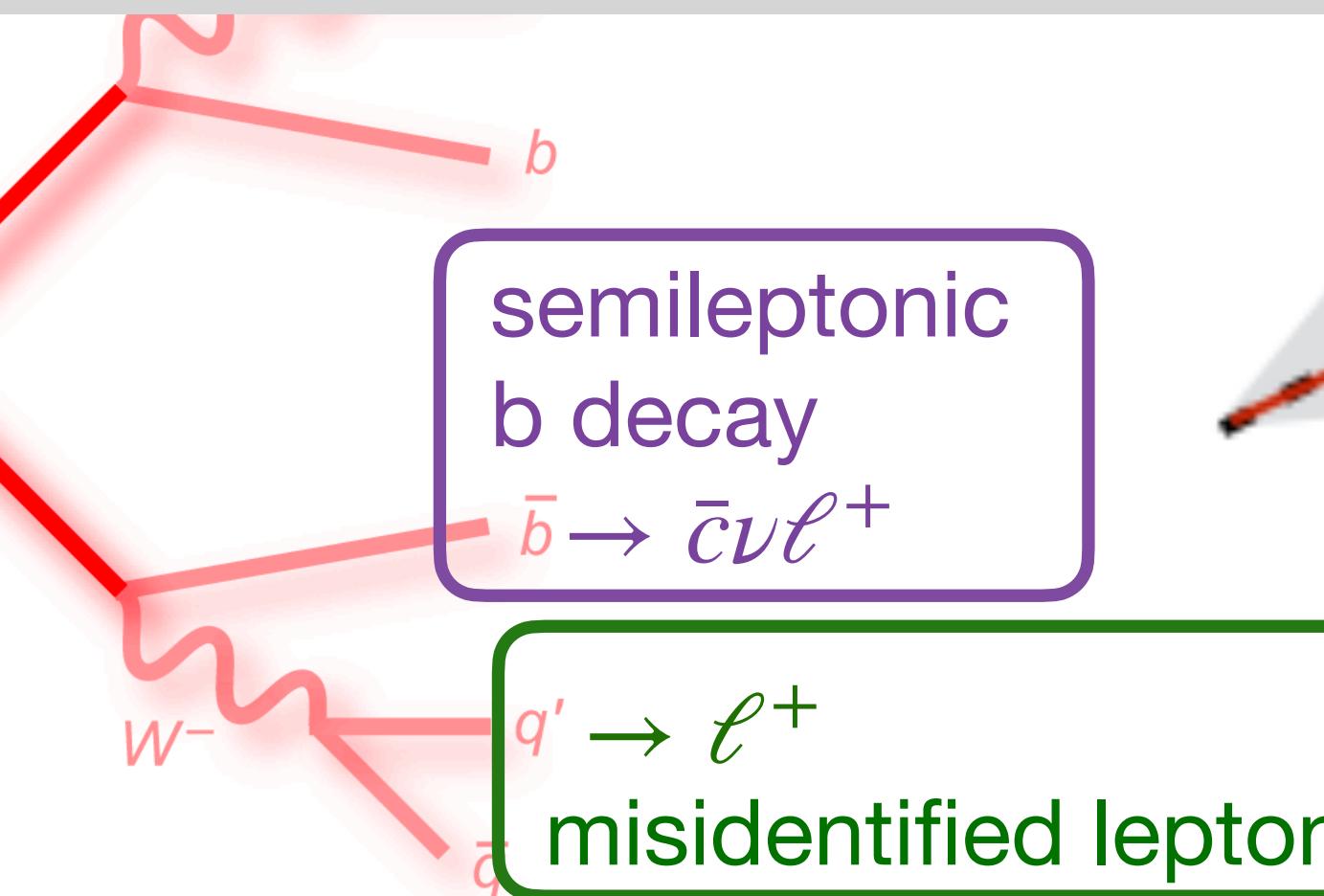
OS events with  
mismeasured charge

## Charge MisID

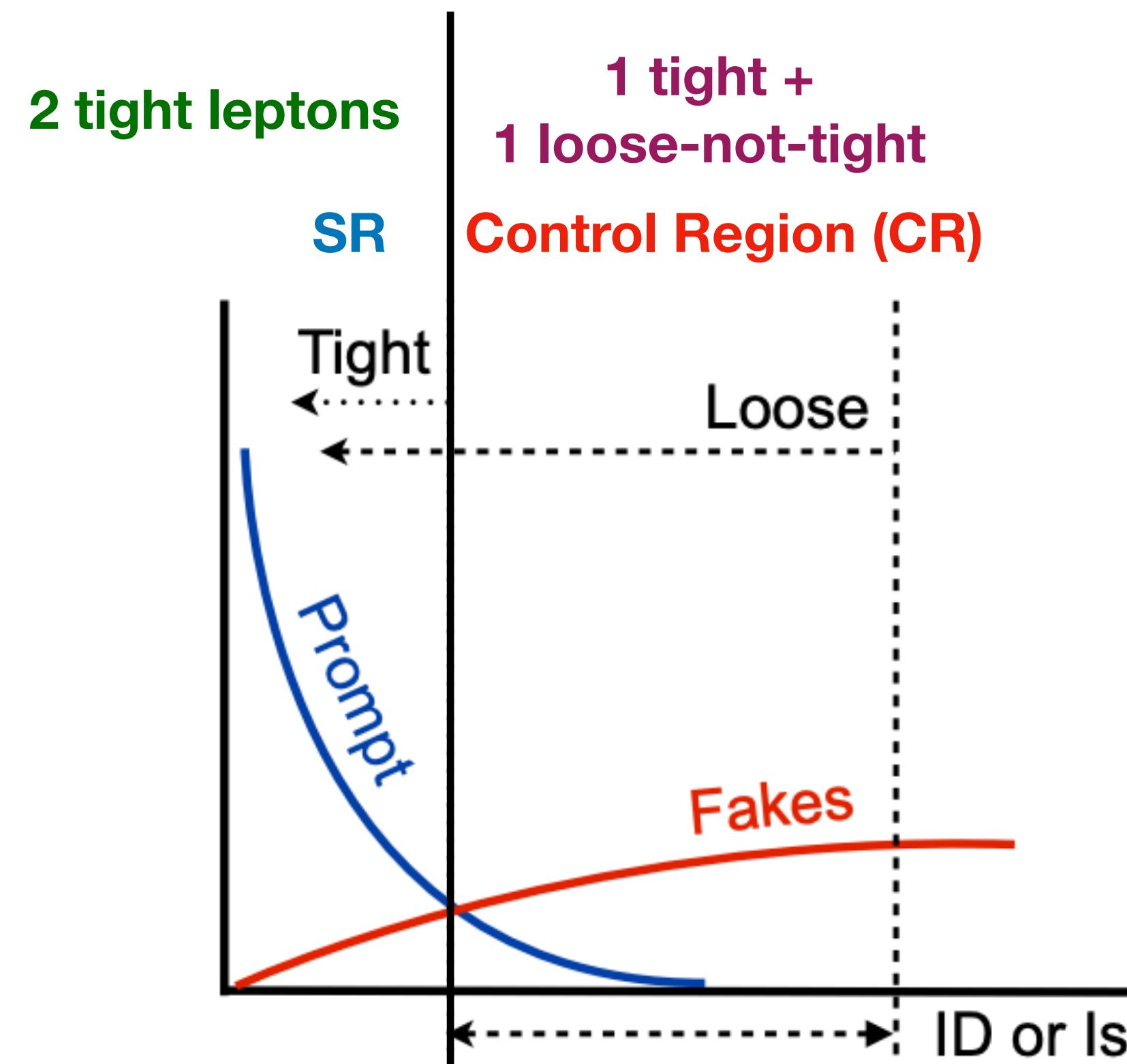


or events with something else reconstructed as a lepton

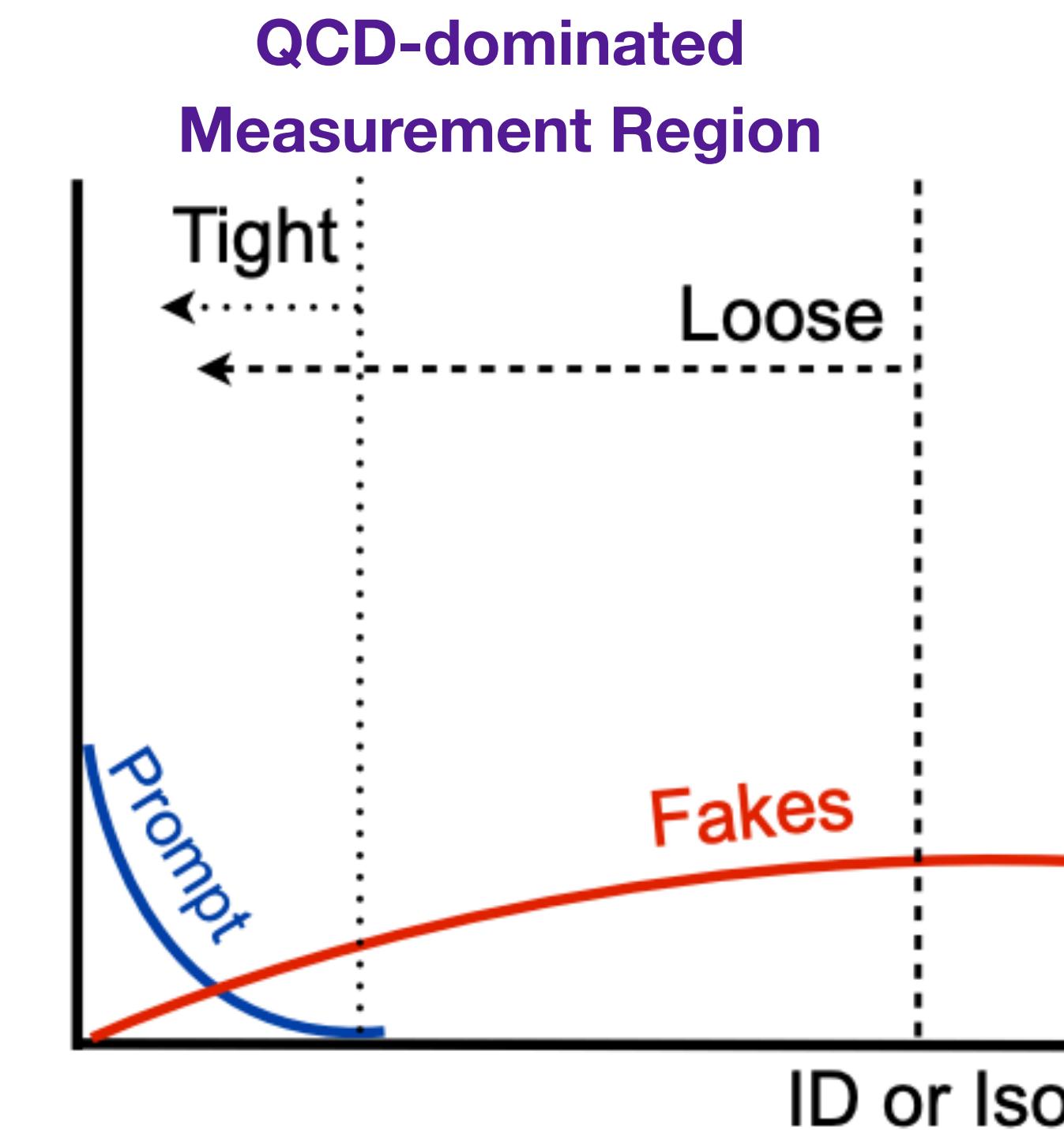
## Nonprompt/Fake



# Nonprompt Estimate

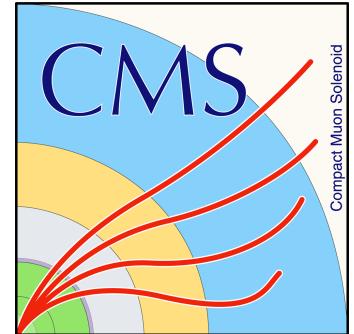


Define CR: invert lepton  
isolation cut



Assume: Fake rate uniform  
across samples, regions

Weight each CR data event by  $\frac{\text{fake rate}}{1 - \text{fake rate}}$

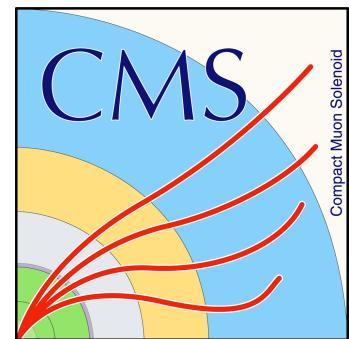


# Charge MisID Estimate

- Define CR by inverting SS lepton requirement: 2 OS leptons
- Estimate background: weight CR data events by  $\frac{\text{flip rate}}{1 - \text{flip rate}}$
- Measurement of flip rate in DY and  $t\bar{t}2\ell$  MC:
  - Ratio of electrons with wrong charge to total number of electrons
- Apply corrective data/MC SF measured on Z-peak

Year	SF
2016	1.11
2017	1.44
2018	1.31

- Uncertainties: CR statistics, flip rate, data/MC comparison



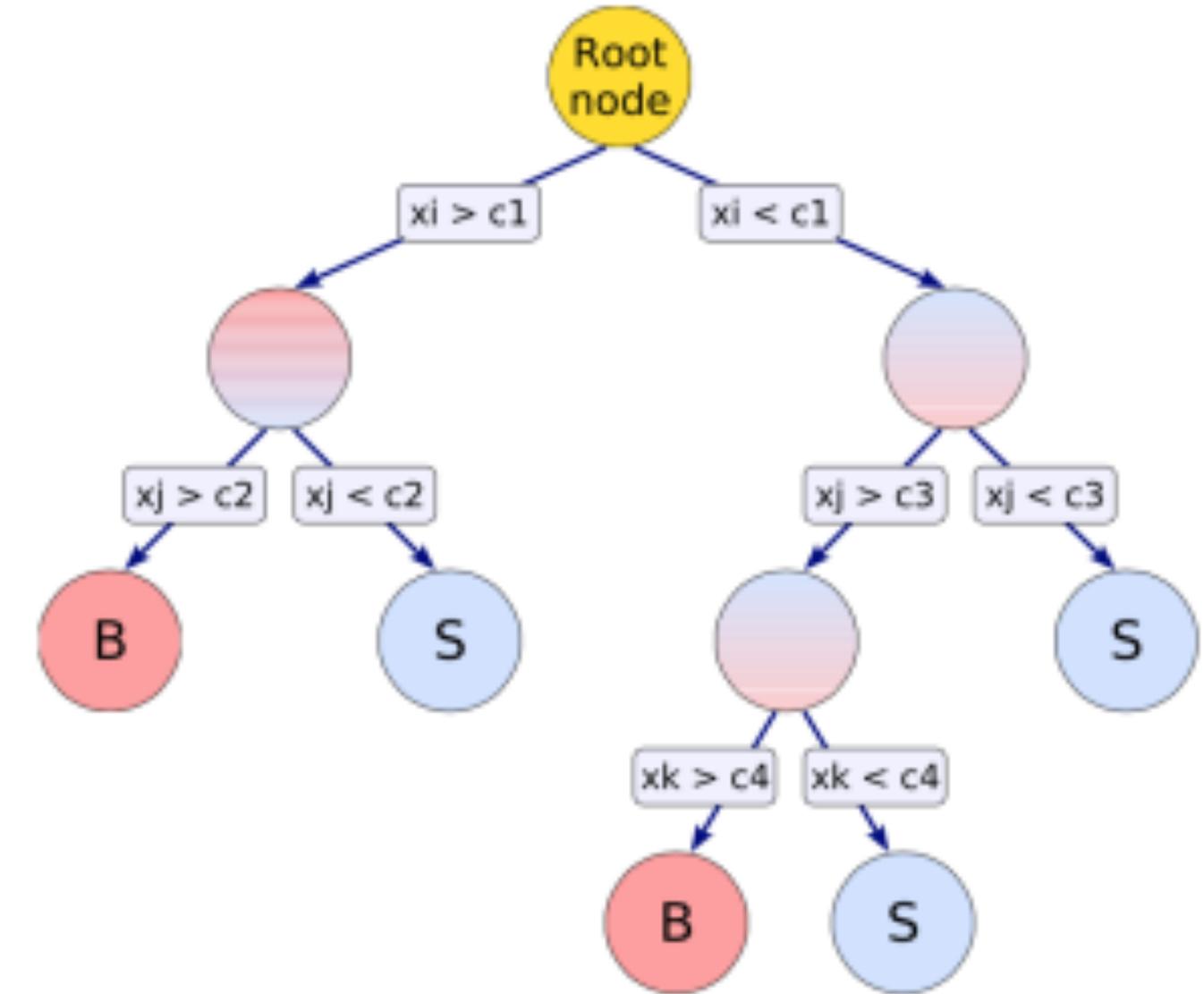
# Systematic Uncertainties

DRAFT

Source	Uncertainty in tcH Prediction	Uncertainty in tuH Prediction	Uncertainty in SM SS Prediction	Uncertainty in Nonprompt Estimate	Uncertainty in Charge Flip Estimate
Jet energy scale	1–6%	< 8%	< 5%	-	-
Theory normalization	6–10%	6–10%	5–25%	-	-
PDF shape	< 2%	< 2%	4–6%	-	-
Renormalization and factorization scale shape	7–9%	2–6%	10–15%	-	-
Pileup	< 2%	< 2%	< 2%	-	-
Trigger efficiency	2%	2%	2%	-	-
Lepton efficiency	2–3%	2–3%	2–3%	-	-
b/c tagging	10–16%	6–13%	7–14%	-	-
Estimate normalization	-	-	-	30%	30%
$\epsilon_{\text{TL}}/\epsilon_q$	-	-	-	7–10%	<5%
Total	14–16%	11–14%	20–28%	31–35%	29–31%

# Machine Learning Strategy

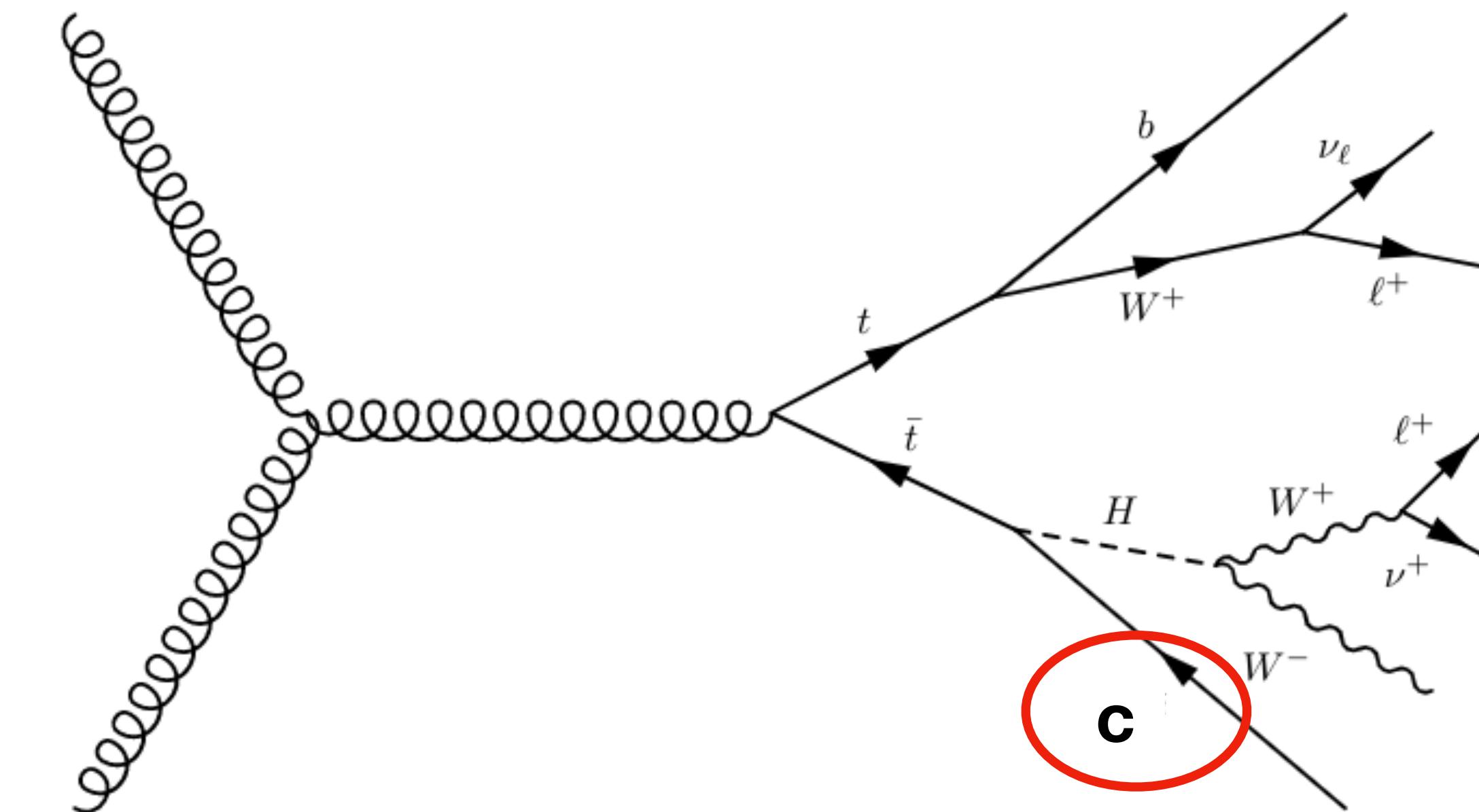
- For increased sensitivity → Boosted Decision Trees (BDTs) to separate signal from background
- 2 BDTs:  $t_{\text{CH}}$  vs. background,  $t_{\text{UH}}$  vs. background
- **SR binning**
  - **20 bins chosen to be evenly spaced in signal efficiency**
- Create training/testing samples from simulation, evaluate on third set of data to protect from biasing evaluation
  - In data-driven estimates, we evaluate on data events from CRs
  - In MC estimates, we evaluate on only half of the events, while the other half is reserved for training/testing set

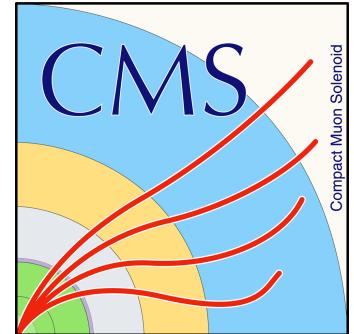


# BDT Training Features

Feature		
Leading Lepton	Sublead Lepton	Sub-Sublead Lepton
		pT
		abs(eta)
		abs(dxy)
		abs(dz)
		mT(lepton, MET)
Lead Jet	Sublead Jet	Sub-Sublead Jet
		pT
		b tag score
		c tag score
MET pT		
Most Forward Jet pT		
HT		
nElectrons		
nJets		
nBtags		
Leading b tag score		
Leading b tag pT		
Mass of leading+subleading leptons		

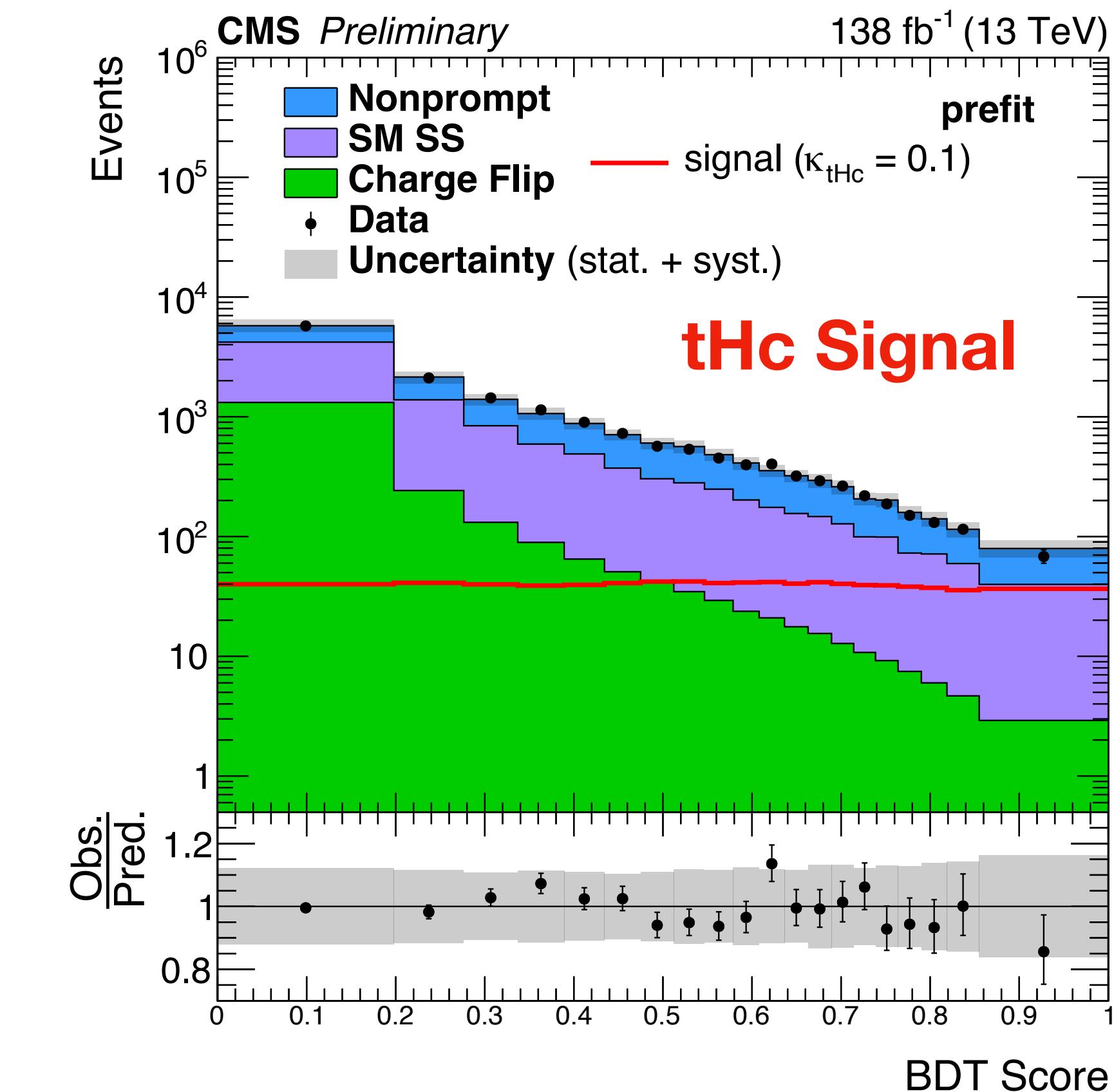
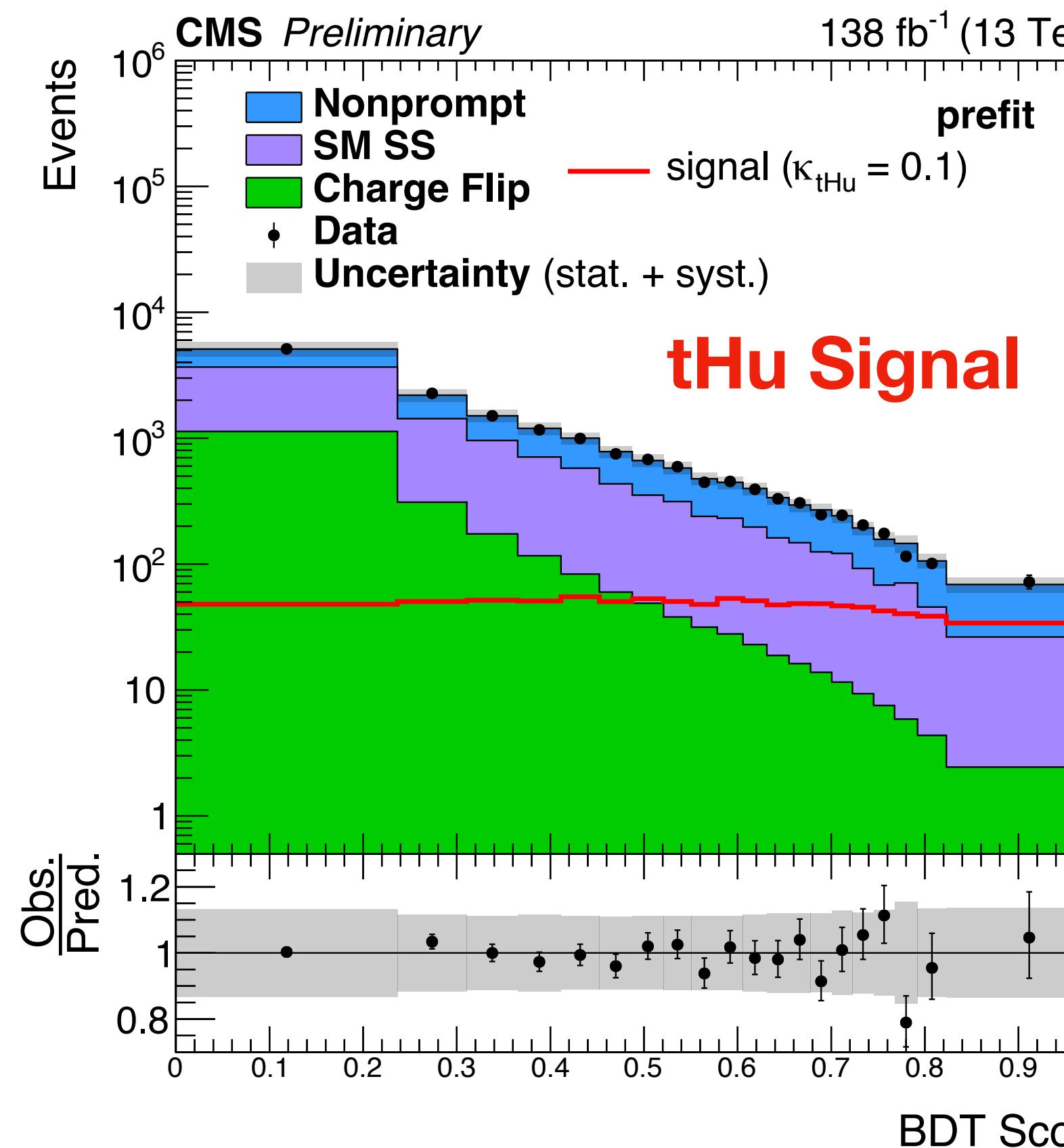
- Uniquely implemented c tagging score information as training features
- Motivation: strengthen tcH sensitivity

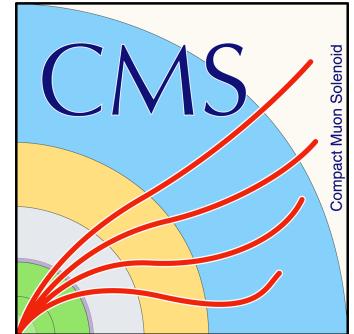




# Prefit SR Yields

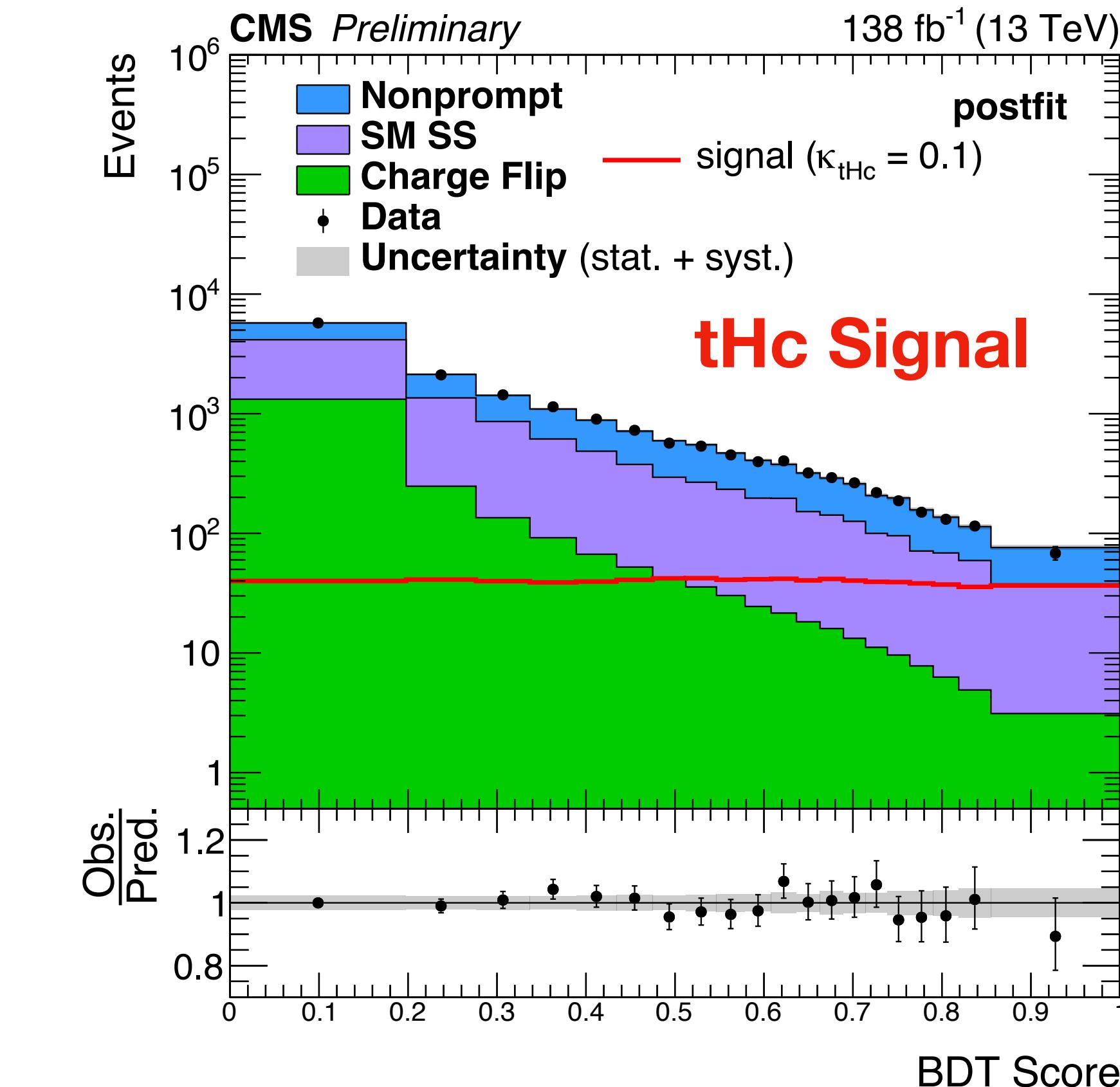
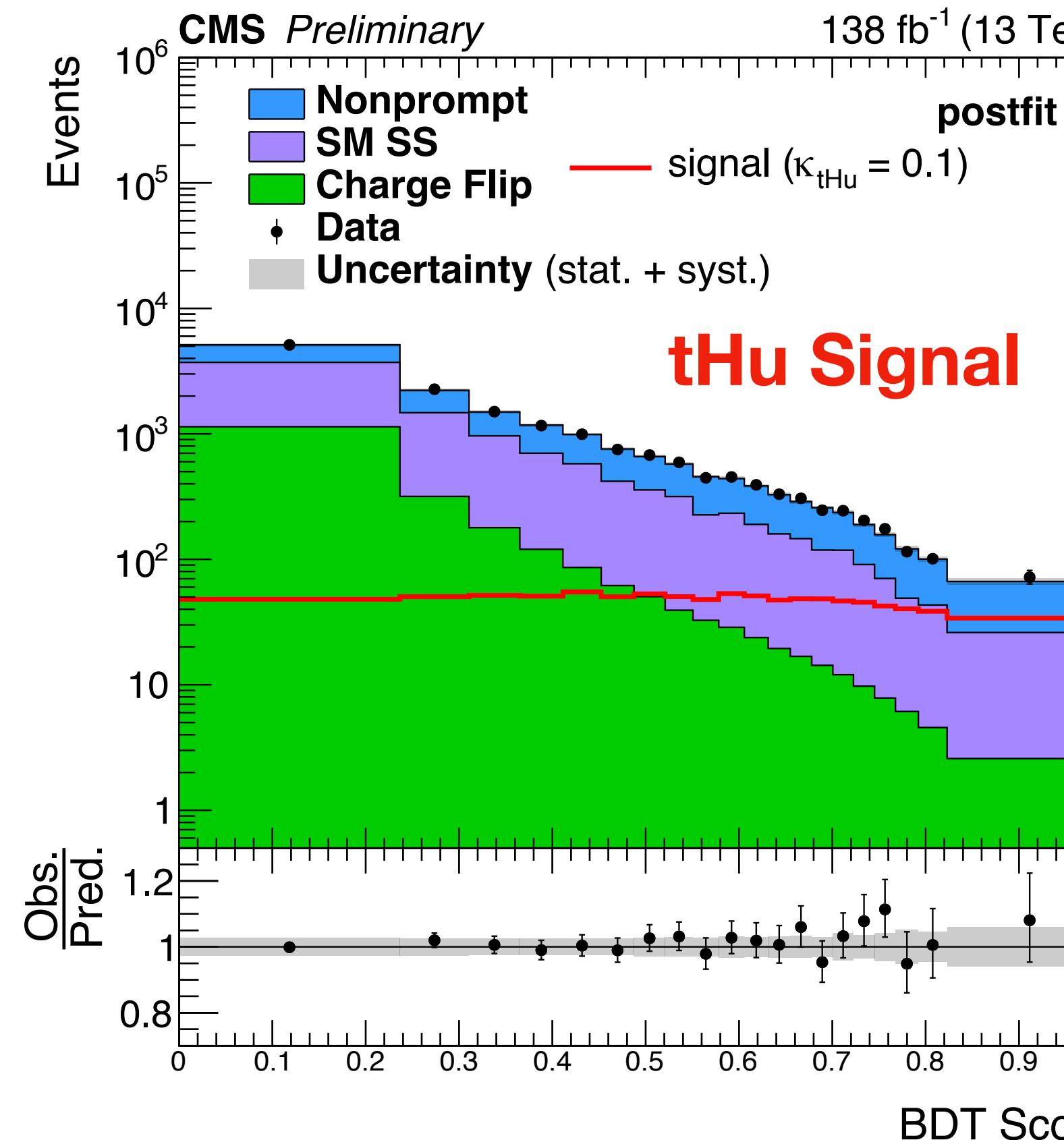
- Prefit background estimates for full run 2 and data yields
- No deviation from SM prediction





# Postfit SR Yields

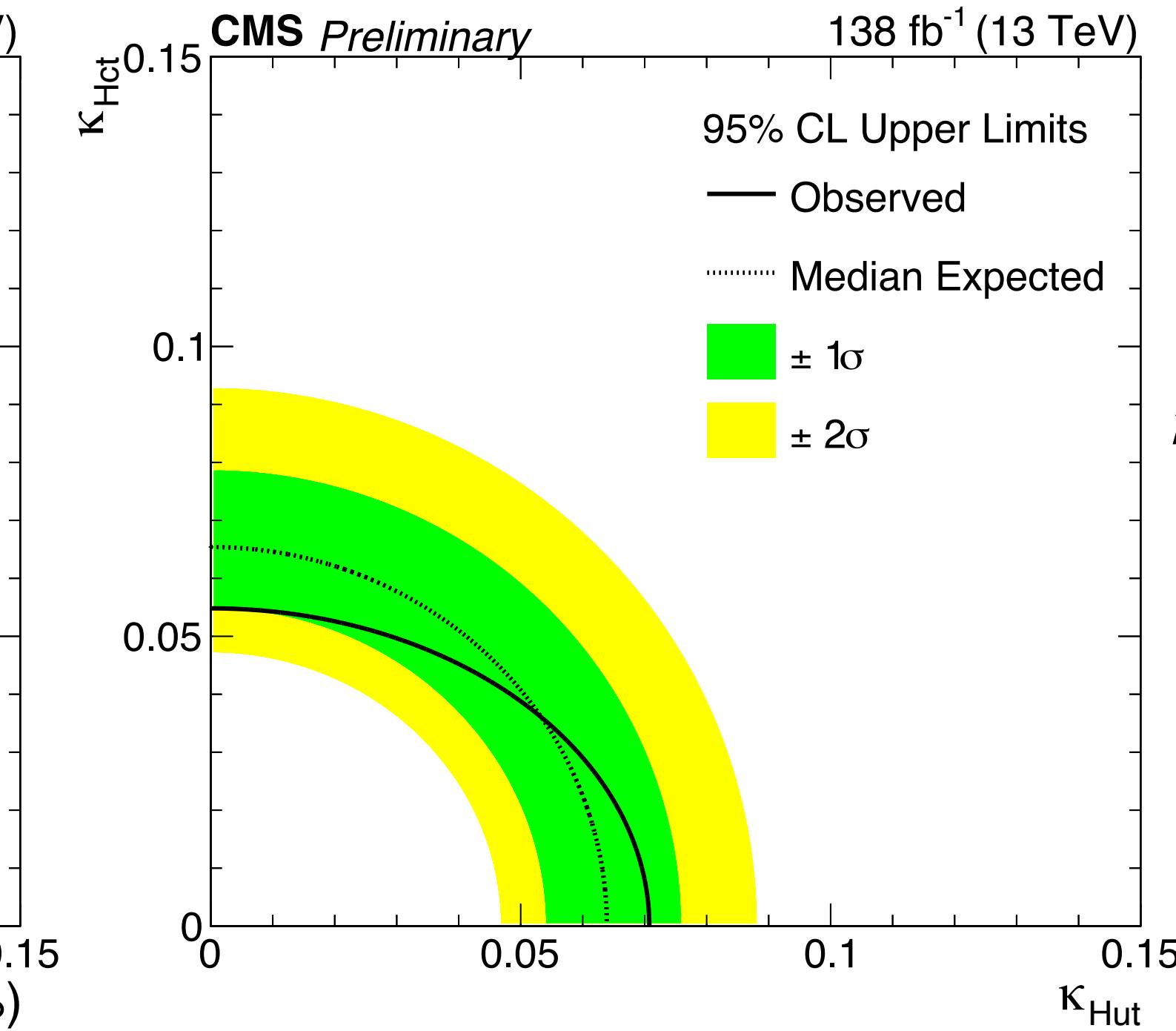
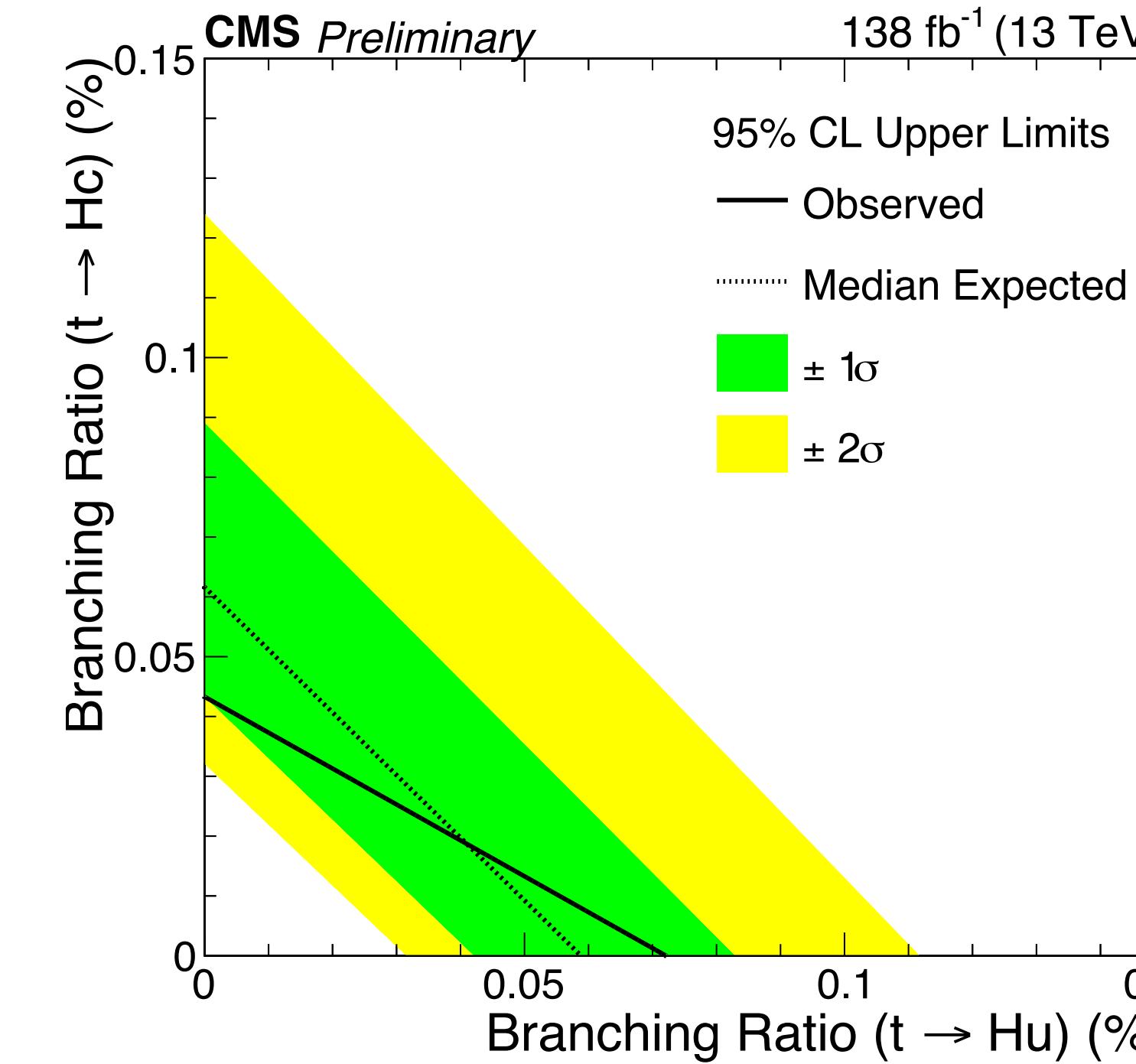
- Postfit background estimates for full run 2 and data yields
- Fit: modified frequentist approach, asymptotic approximation,  $CL_s$  criterion, log normal uncertainties
- No deviation from SM prediction



# Results

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- Using data-driven estimates and measured systematic uncertainties
- Observed (Expected) 95% CL upper limit:
  - $BR(tHc) < 0.043\% \text{ (}0.062\%)$
  - $BR(tHu) < 0.072\% \text{ (}0.059\%)$

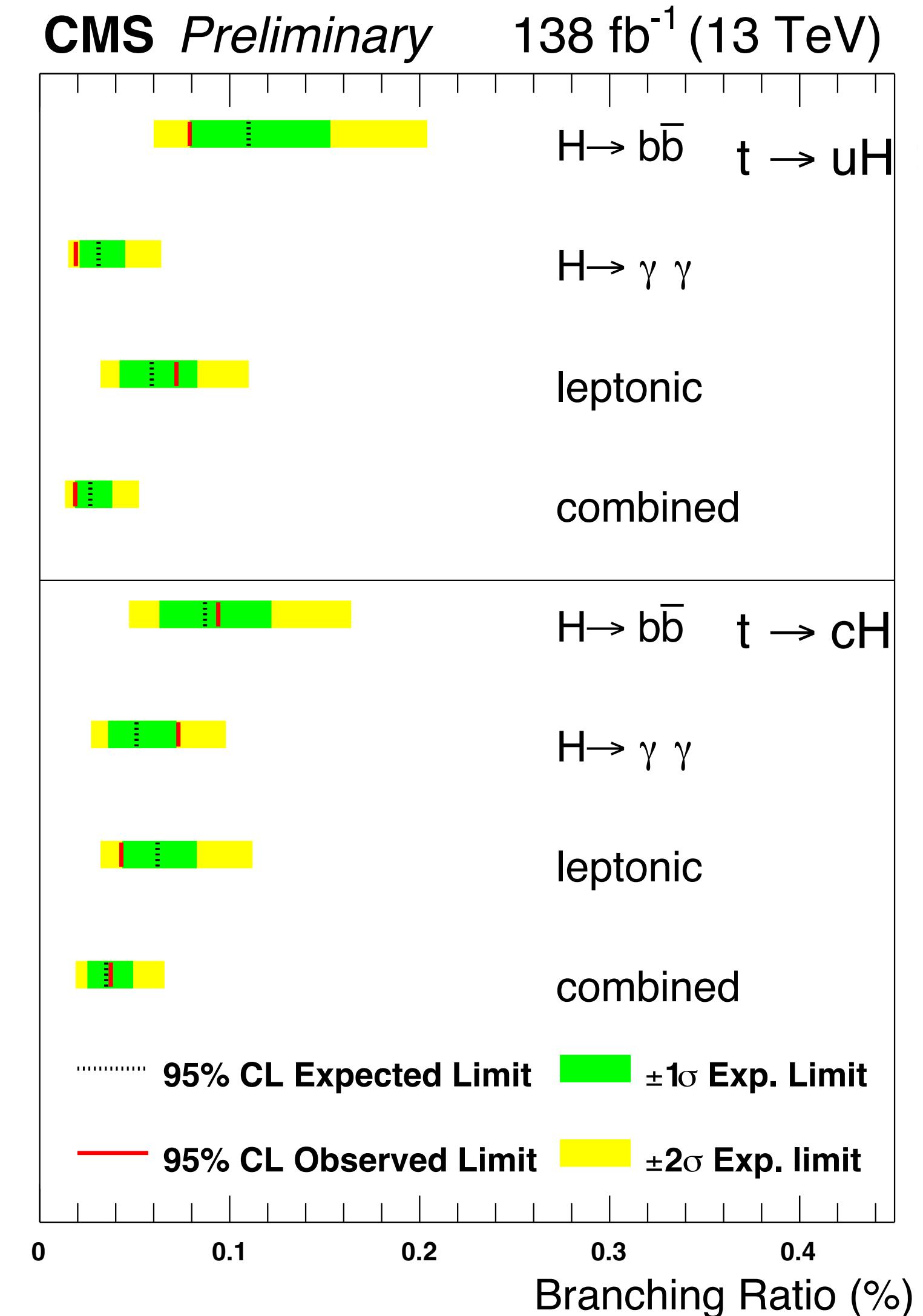


$$\kappa^2 = BR(t \rightarrow qH) \times \frac{\Gamma_t}{\Gamma_{tqH}}$$

# Combination

- Performed statistical combination with 2 other CMS analyses:
  - FCNC with  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
  - FCNC with  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- Observed (Expected) BR limits:
  - $BR(tHc) < 0.037\% \text{ (0.035\%)}$
  - $BR(tHu) < 0.019\% \text{ (0.027\%)}$

DRAFT	Analysis	$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Hu)$ observed (expected)	$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Hc)$ observed (expected)
	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ [24]	0.079 (0.11)%	0.094 (0.086)%
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ [25]	0.019 (0.031)%	0.073 (0.051)%
	Leptonic (this note)	0.072 (0.059)%	0.043 (0.062)%
	Combination	0.019 (0.027)%	0.037 (0.035)%



# Comparison with ATLAS Results

- ATLAS best result: [arXiv 2309.12817](#)
  - Combination results:
    - $B(tHu) < 4.0 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $2.4 \times 10^{-4}$ )
    - $B(tHc) < 5.8 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $3.0 \times 10^{-4}$ )
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  results:
    - $B(tHu) < 3.8 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $3.9 \times 10^{-4}$ )
    - $B(tHc) < 4.3 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $4.7 \times 10^{-4}$ )
- CMS best result:
  - $BR(tHu) < 1.9 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $2.8 \times 10^{-4}$ )
  - $BR(tHc) < 3.7 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $3.5 \times 10^{-4}$ )

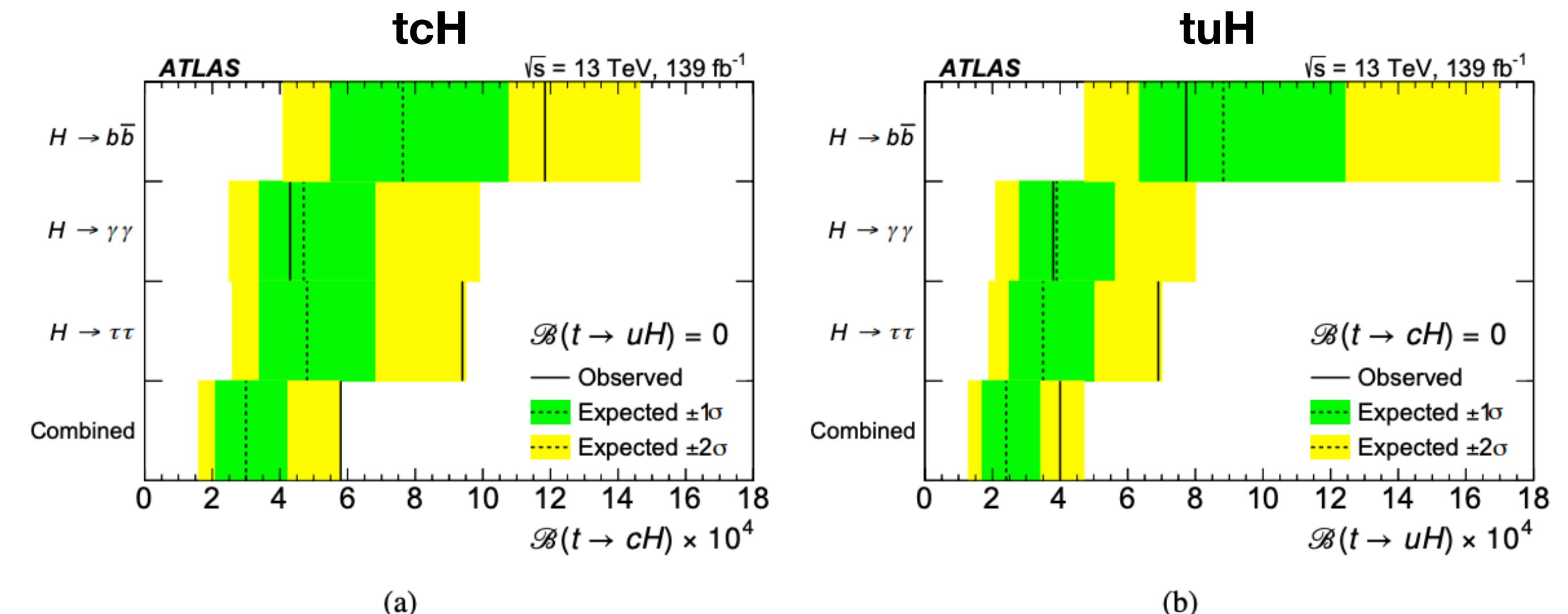
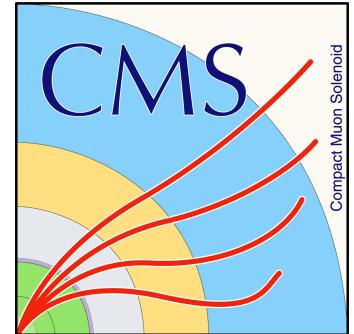


Figure 11: 95% CL upper limits on (a)  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow cH)$  assuming  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow uH) = 0$  and (b)  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow uH)$  assuming  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow cH) = 0$  for the individual searches and their combination. The observed limits (solid lines) are compared with the expected (median) limits under the background-only hypothesis (dotted lines). The surrounding shaded bands correspond to the 68% and 95% CL intervals around the expected limits, denoted by  $\pm 1\sigma$  and  $\pm 2\sigma$ , respectively.

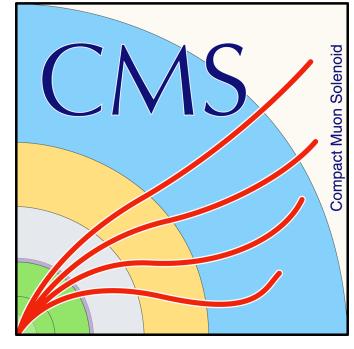


# Summary

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- Robust **data-driven estimation methods** for nonprompt and charge misID backgrounds
- Increased sensitivity due to **multivariate approach**
- Results show good agreement between observation and SM prediction
- Results of combination with two previous CMS analyses provide **most stringent observed constraints** on these interactions to date

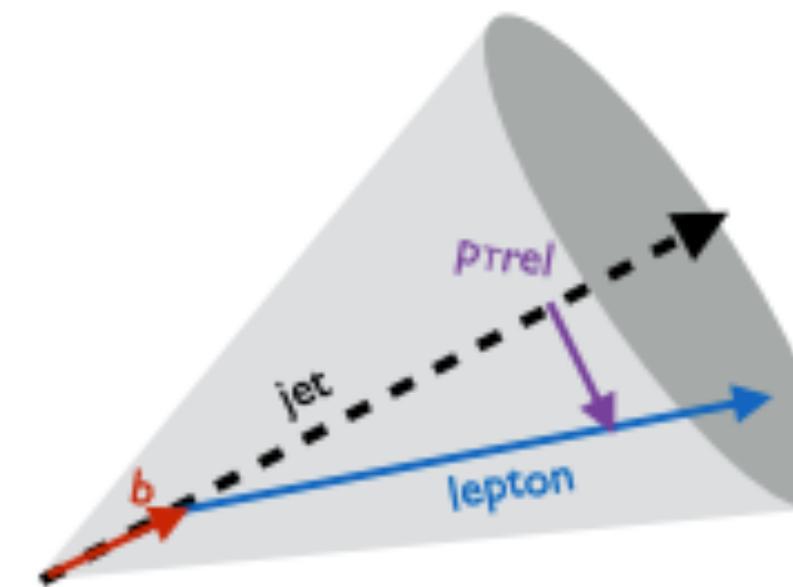
Thank you!  
Questions?



# Backup

# Objects and Triggers

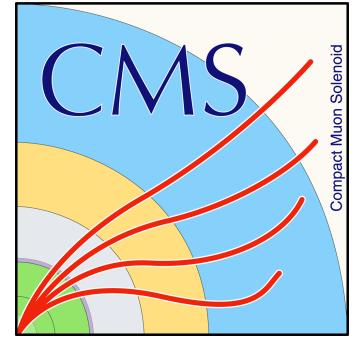
- Same lepton selections as  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  SS analysis [TOP-18-003]
- **Multi-isolation (WPs for each year):**
  - $I_{\text{mini}}$ : relative isolation in  $p_T$ -dependent cone
  - $pT_{\text{ratio}}$ : lepton energy dominates jet
  - $pT_{\text{rel}}$ : recovers efficiency lost when jet is near a lepton



$$I_{\text{mini}} < I_1 \wedge \left( \frac{p_T(\ell)}{p_T(\text{jet})} > I_2 \vee \frac{|(\vec{p}(\text{jet}) - \vec{p}(\ell)) \times \vec{p}(\ell)|}{|\vec{p}(\text{jet}) - \vec{p}(\ell)|} > I_3 \right)$$

	Electrons	Muons	Jets	bTags	MET	Triggers
						$ \eta  < 2.4$ , transition region excluded $dxy < 0.05$ ; $dz < 0.1$ Tight $p_T$ and $\eta$ dependent MVA
						$ \eta  < 2.5$ $dxy < 0.05$ ; $dz < 0.1$ Medium Muon POG ID
						$ \eta  < 2.4$ $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ Tight jet ID Cleaned to remove overlap with leptons ( $dR < 0.4$ )
						$ \eta  < 2.4$ $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ Medium WP for Deep Flavor
						PF MET type 1 corrected (EE fix for 2017) All recommended filters applied
						Dilepton triggers: lepton $p_T$ thresholds different for each year HLT_Mu*Ele*, HLT_Mu*Mu*, HLT_Ele*Ele*

Flavor	$p_T$ Threshold 1	$p_T$ Threshold 2
$\mu\mu$	17 GeV	8 GeV
ee	23 GeV	12 GeV
e $\mu$	23 GeV	8 GeV
$\mu e$	23 GeV	12 GeV



# Correlation Schemes

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- Leptonic analysis
  - All correlated between SR bins
  - Correlated between signal/background except: R&F scales, cross section uncertainties
  - Correlated between years except: lumi, trigger efficiencies
- Combination
  - Fully correlated: JES/JER, lumi, lepton ID, per-process theoretical uncertainties
  - Everything else uncorrelated