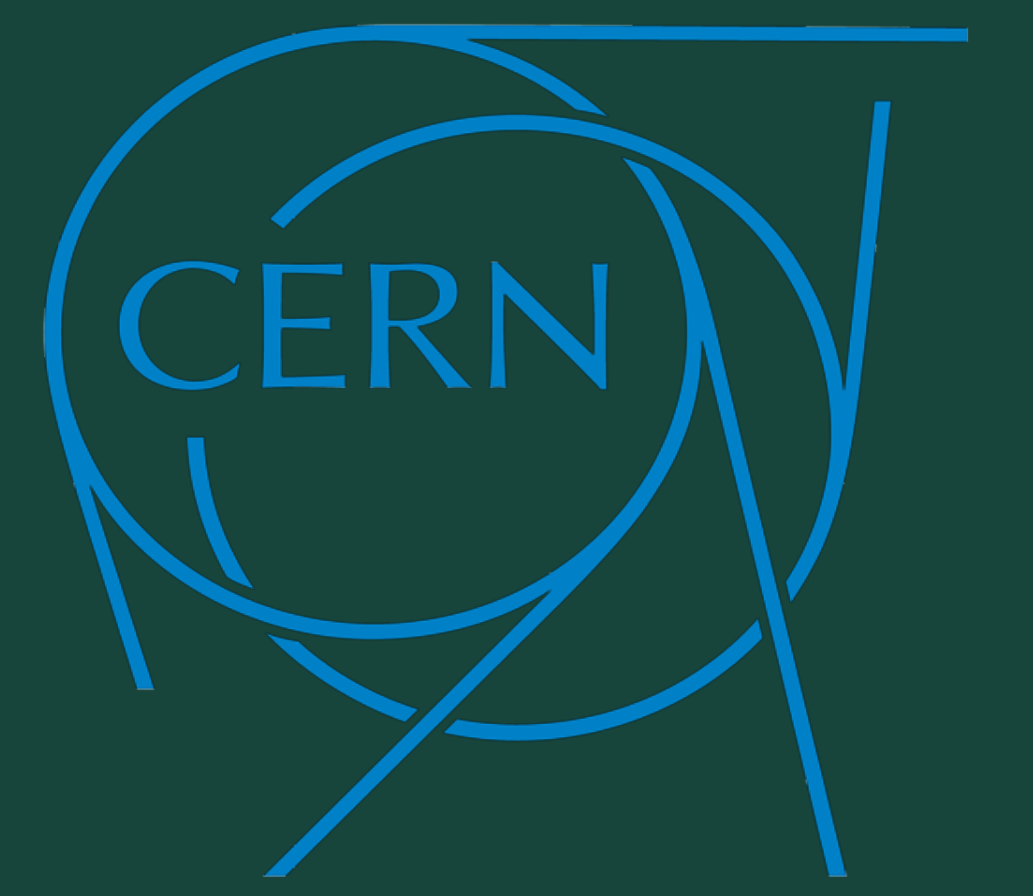


$t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ production and flavor tagging with ATLAS

Hieu Le, on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration
Top 2023 | Traverse City, MI, USA

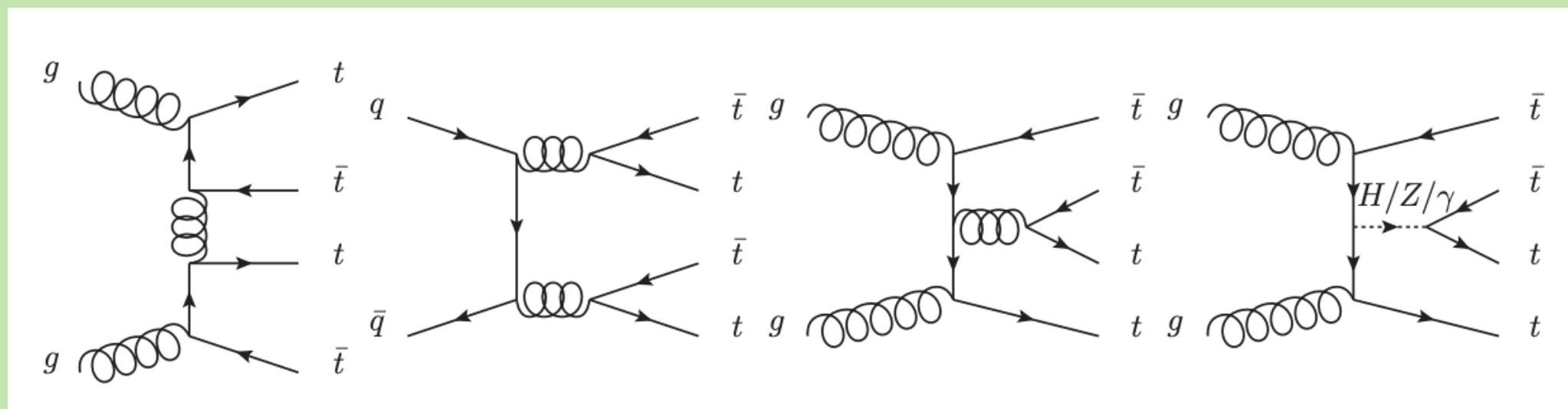


MICHIGAN STATE
UNIVERSITY



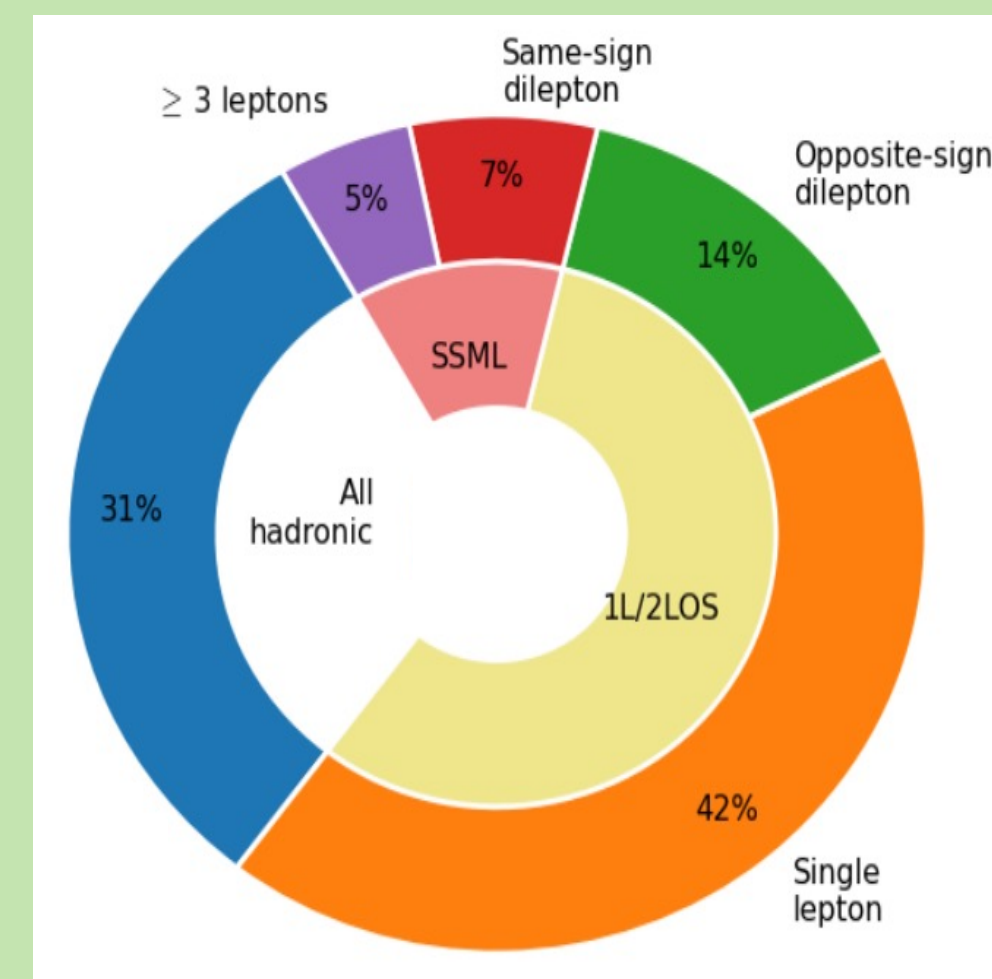
① Introduction

- Heaviest final state and one of the rarest processes predicted by the SM at the LHC. The multilepton final state is especially sensitive to new physics.
- Observed by ATLAS in 2023 using the full Run 2 dataset of 139 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$, with a measured $\sigma_{t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}} = 22.5 \text{ fb}$ consistent with SM prediction within 1.8σ ^[1]. Similar results were also observed with CMS at 5.6σ observed significance level^[2].
- The analysis will be continued using Run 3 data at $\sqrt{s} = 13.6 \text{ TeV}$ and increased luminosity. The Run 3 analysis will also use improved b -taggers DL1dv01 and GN2, currently being calibrated using multi-jet events.



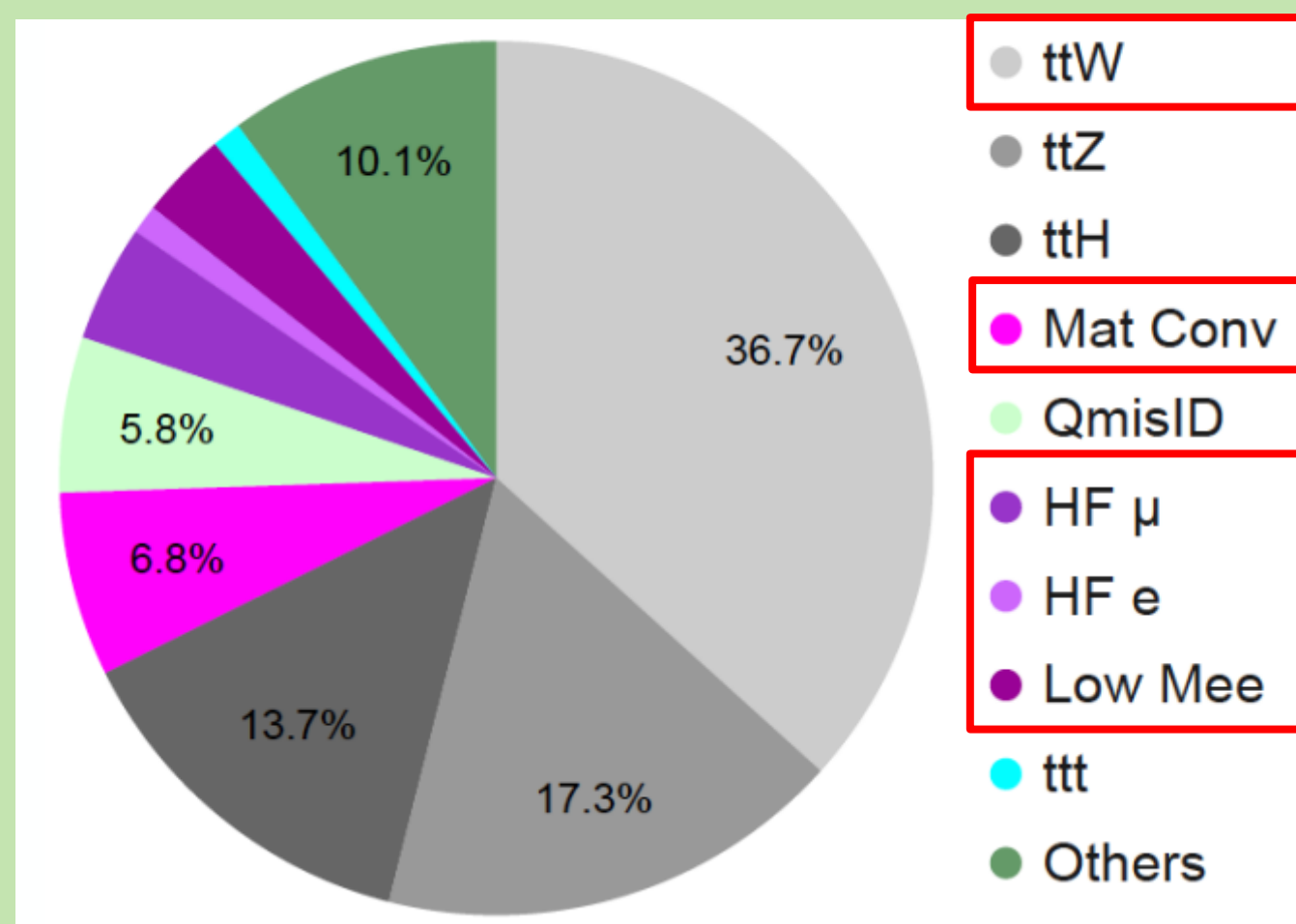
② $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ process

- Sensitive to new physics due to t heavy mass.
- Extremely small cross section, $O(10^5)$ lower than $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$.
- Decay product: $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t} \rightarrow 4W + 4b$
 - $W \rightarrow l\bar{\nu}_l$ (leptonic decay) or $W \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ (hadronic)
 - $0/1/2/3 + l/\bar{\nu}_l$ pairs + $8/6/4/2$ - jets + $4 b$ -jets
- Same-sign/multilepton (SSML) signal region smallest but most sensitive



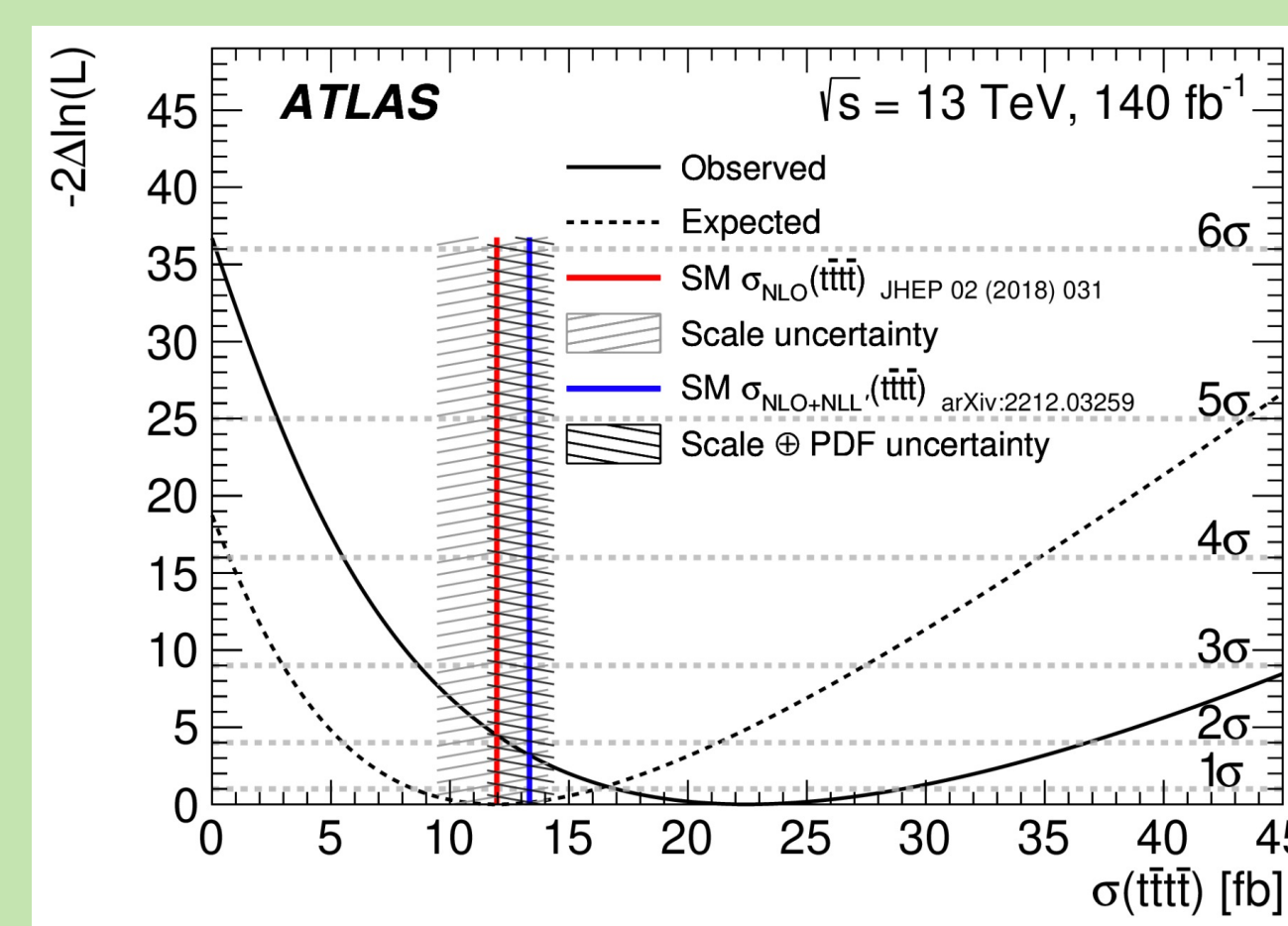
③ Analysis regions

- **Signal region (SR):** 1 region
 - 6+ jets, at least 2 b -jets passing 77% WP
- **Control regions (CRs):** 8 regions
 - Physics/irreducible BGs: $t\bar{t}W$ +jets
 - Instrumental/reducible BGs: **non-prompt leptons**
- Signal extraction: Multivariate discriminant based on graph neural network (GNN)

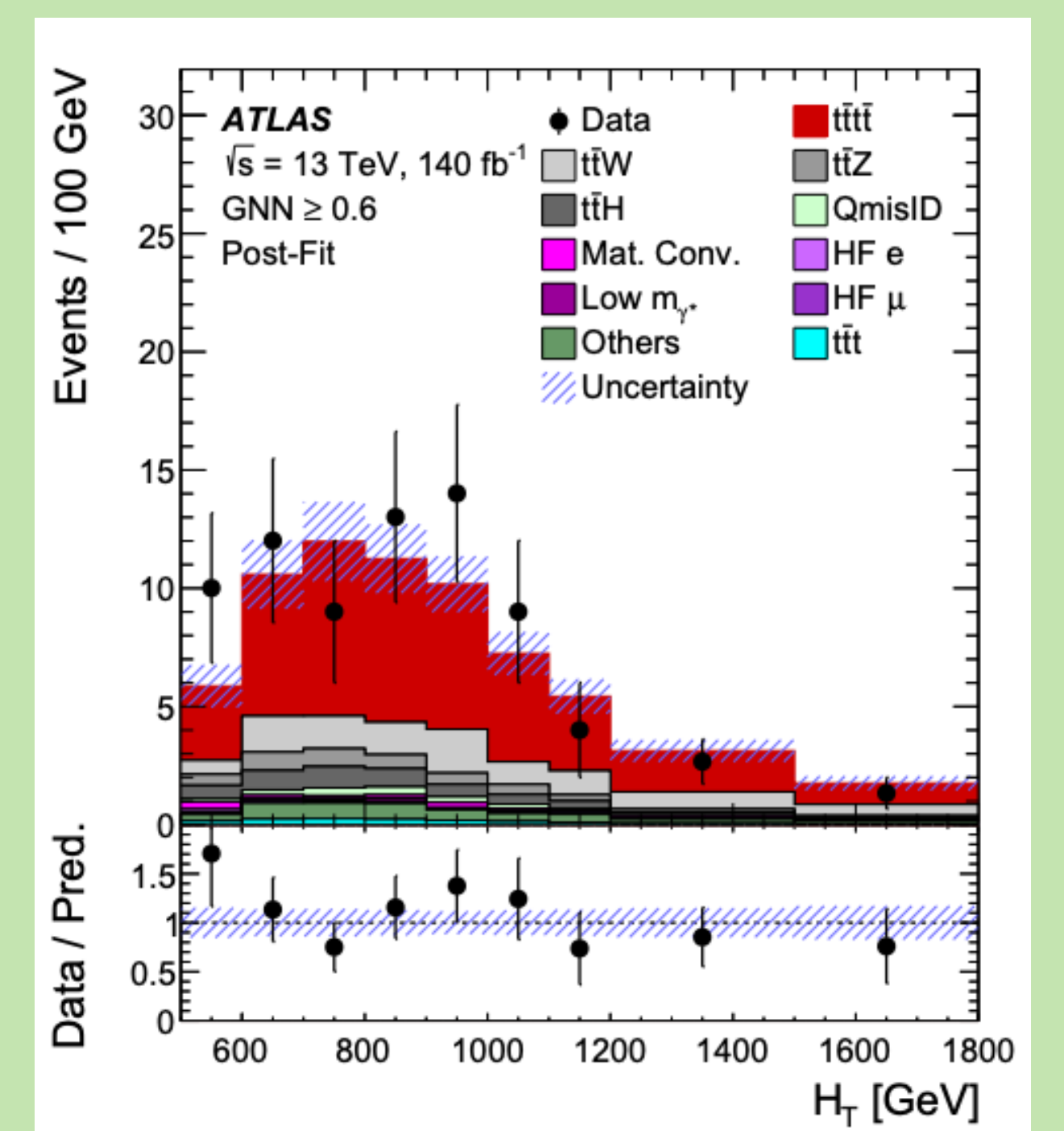
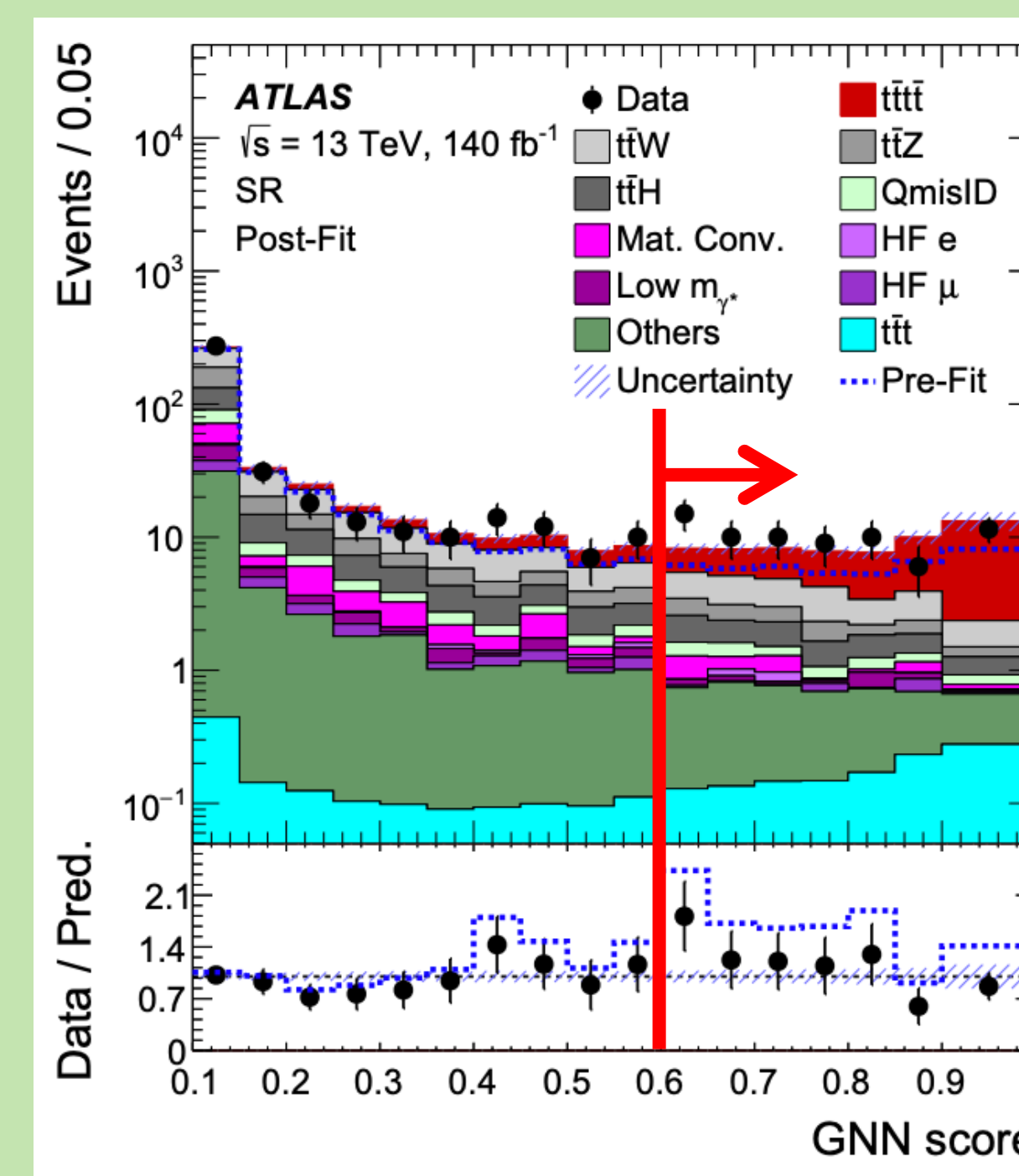


④ Cross section measurements

- $\sigma_{t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}}$ was determined using a binned likelihood fit to the GNN score.
- Measured $\sigma_{t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}} = 22.5^{+6.6}_{-5.5} \text{ fb}$, consistent within 1.8σ with SM expectation of $\sigma_{t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}} = 12.0 \text{ fb}$ at NLO in QCD with EW corrections^[3].

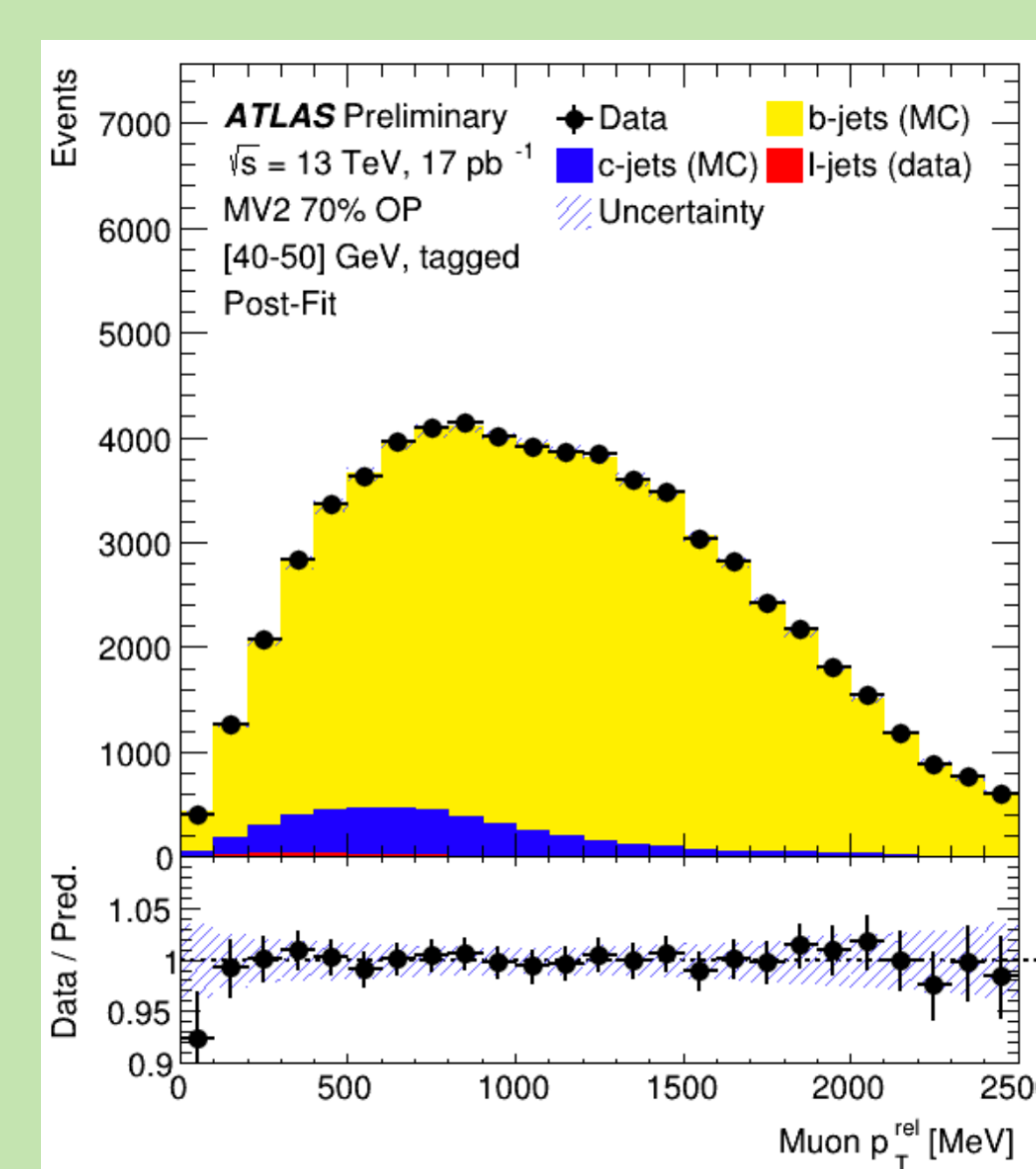
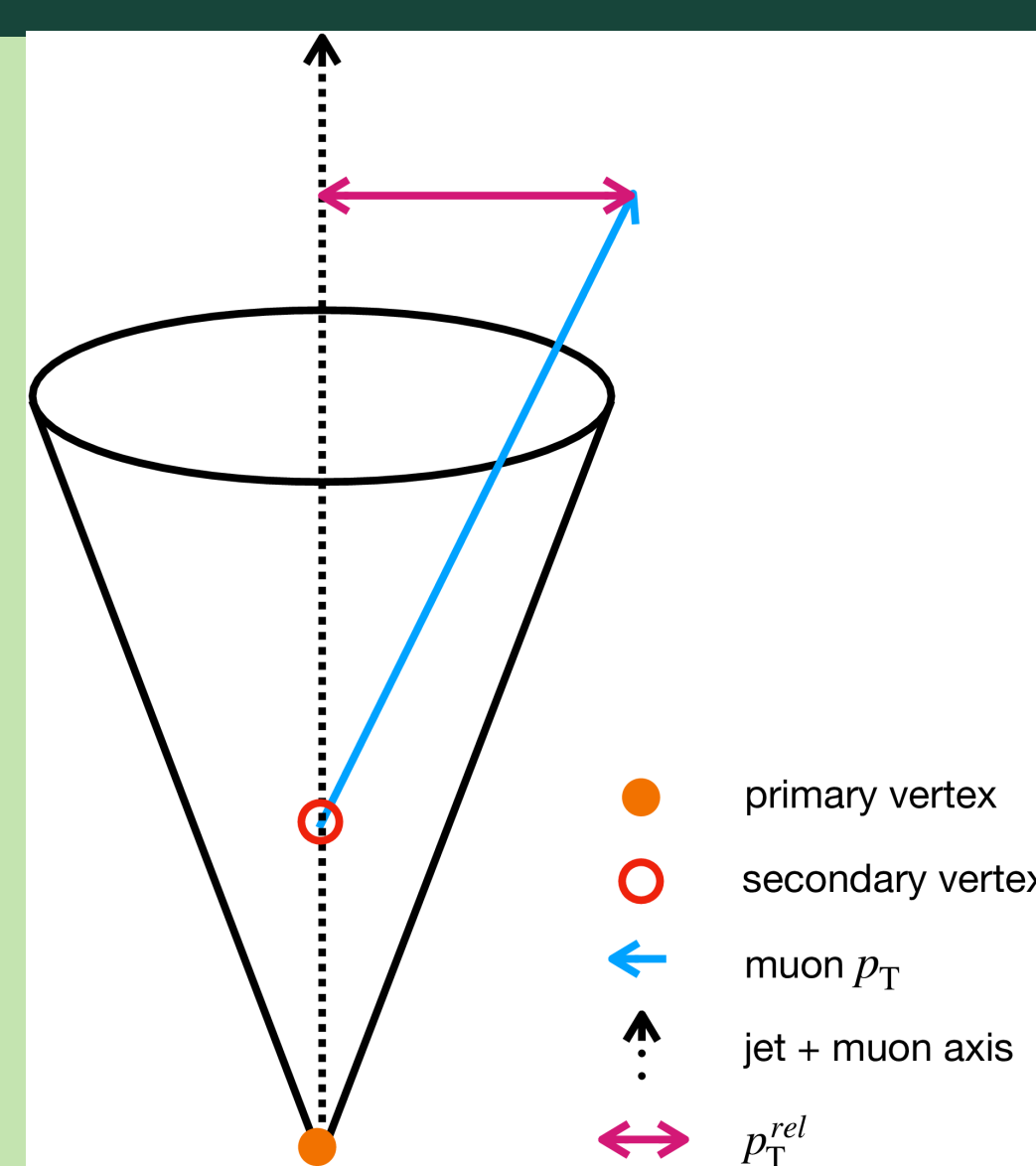


	Pre-fit		Post-fit	
	SR	GNN ≥ 0.6	SR	GNN ≥ 0.6
Total bkg	390 ± 50	26 ± 5	412 ± 21	32 ± 4
$i\bar{i}\bar{i}\bar{i}$	38 ± 4	25.2 ± 3.2	69 ± 15	45 ± 10
Total	430 ± 50	51 ± 7	480 ± 19	77 ± 8
Data	482	83	482	83



⑤ b -tagger calibration

- b -tagging: very important for $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ event selection
- Multi-jet calibration^[4]
 - Discriminant uses muons from b -hadron decays
 - Takes advantage of large $b\bar{b}$ cross section
 - Orthogonal sample to $t\bar{t}$ -based LLH calibration
 - orthogonal set of scale factors & different sources of uncertainties/assumptions

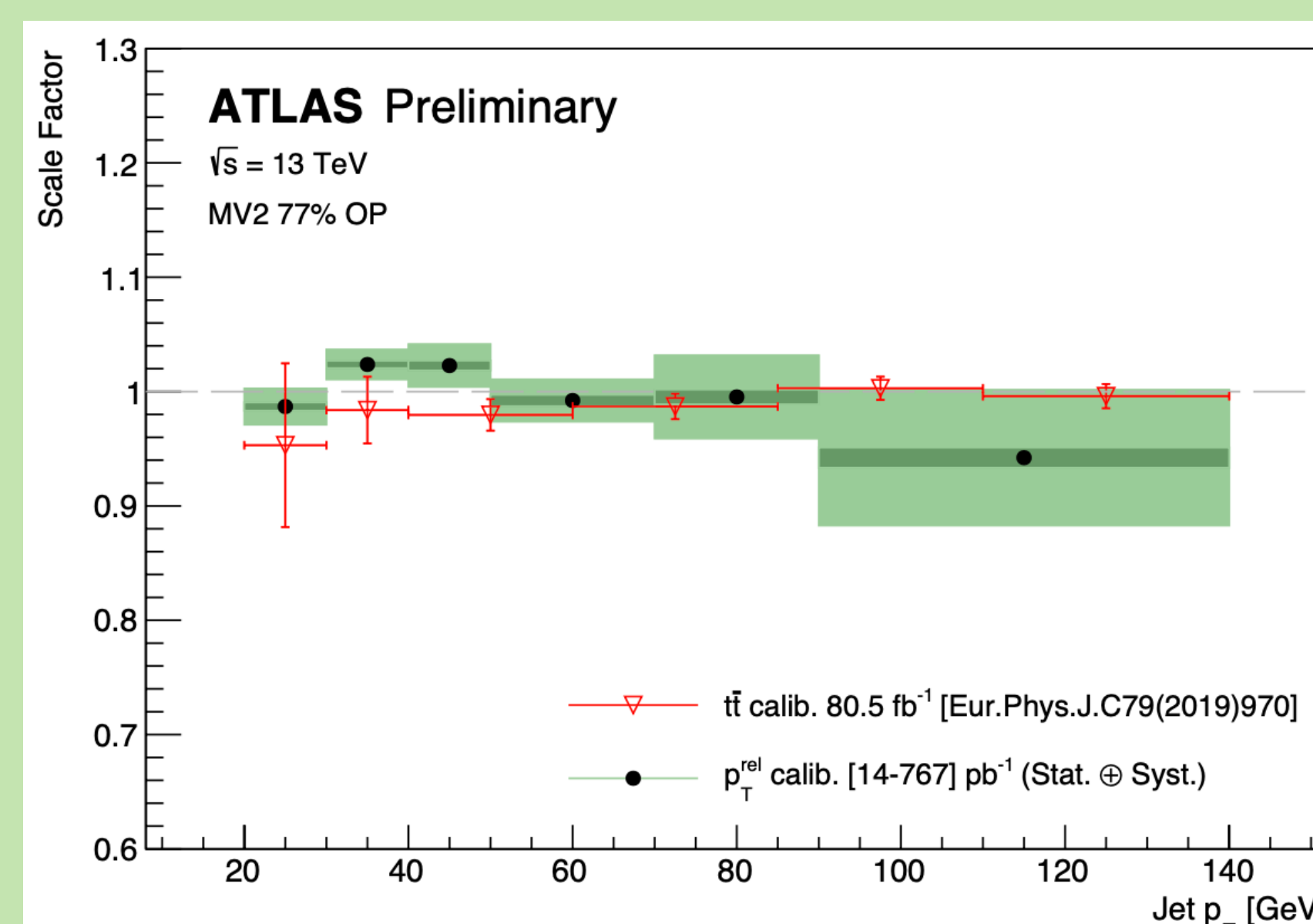


p_T^{rel} method^[4]

- Discriminant: muon p_T relative to the jet's axis

$$p_T^{\text{rel}} = \left\| \vec{p}_\mu \times \frac{\vec{p}_{\text{jet}} + \vec{p}_\mu}{\|\vec{p}_{\text{jet}} + \vec{p}_\mu\|} \right\|$$

- **Run 2 results:** p_T^{rel} method outperformed $t\bar{t}$ -based calibration in the low jet p_T region (20 – 50 GeV) when performed on MV2 tagger.
- DL1dv01 is currently being calibrated with this method using MC simulations and data from Run 2. GN2 will also be calibrated similarly with the addition of Run 3 MC/data samples.



⑥ Run 3 prospects

- 18% increase in the $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ cross section (LO in QCD) from increased COM energy.
- Other improvements:
 - b -taggers (DL1dv01 & GN2)
 - Exploring different discriminator structures and algorithms
 - Continuous efforts to improve BG & signal modelling
 - Refining $t\bar{t}W$ +jets BG data-driven estimation
 - $t\bar{t}t$ NLO studies and separation from signal
 - $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ generator choice
 - c - and light-flavor jet tagging

⑦ Summary

- Four top quark production process was observed at the LHC with ATLAS, with a measured cross section of 22.5 fb , consistent within 1.8σ with SM predictions.
- Precision measurements will be carried out with new Run 3 data.
- Run 3 calibration for new b -taggers underway to assist with the efforts.

References

1. ATLAS Collaboration, *Observation of four-top-quark production in the multilepton final state with the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **83** (2023) 496, arXiv: [2303.15861](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.15861) [[hep-ex](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.15861)]
2. CMS Collaboration, *Observation of four top quark production in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$* , (2023), CMS-PAS-TOP-22-013, URL: <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2853304>
3. R. Frederix, D. Pagani and M. Zaro, *Large NLO corrections in $t\bar{t}W$ and $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ hadroproduction from supposedly subleading EW contributions*, *JHEP* **02** (2018) 031, arXiv: [1711.02116](https://arxiv.org/abs/1711.02116) [[hep-ph](https://arxiv.org/abs/1711.02116)]
4. ATLAS Collaboration, *Measurement of the b -jet identification efficiency with the p_T^{rel} method in multi-jet events using $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS Detector*, (2022), ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-025, URL: <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2889692>

