

Latest Measurement of the Appearance of Tau Neutrinos in the Flux of Atmospheric Neutrinos at Super-Kamiokande

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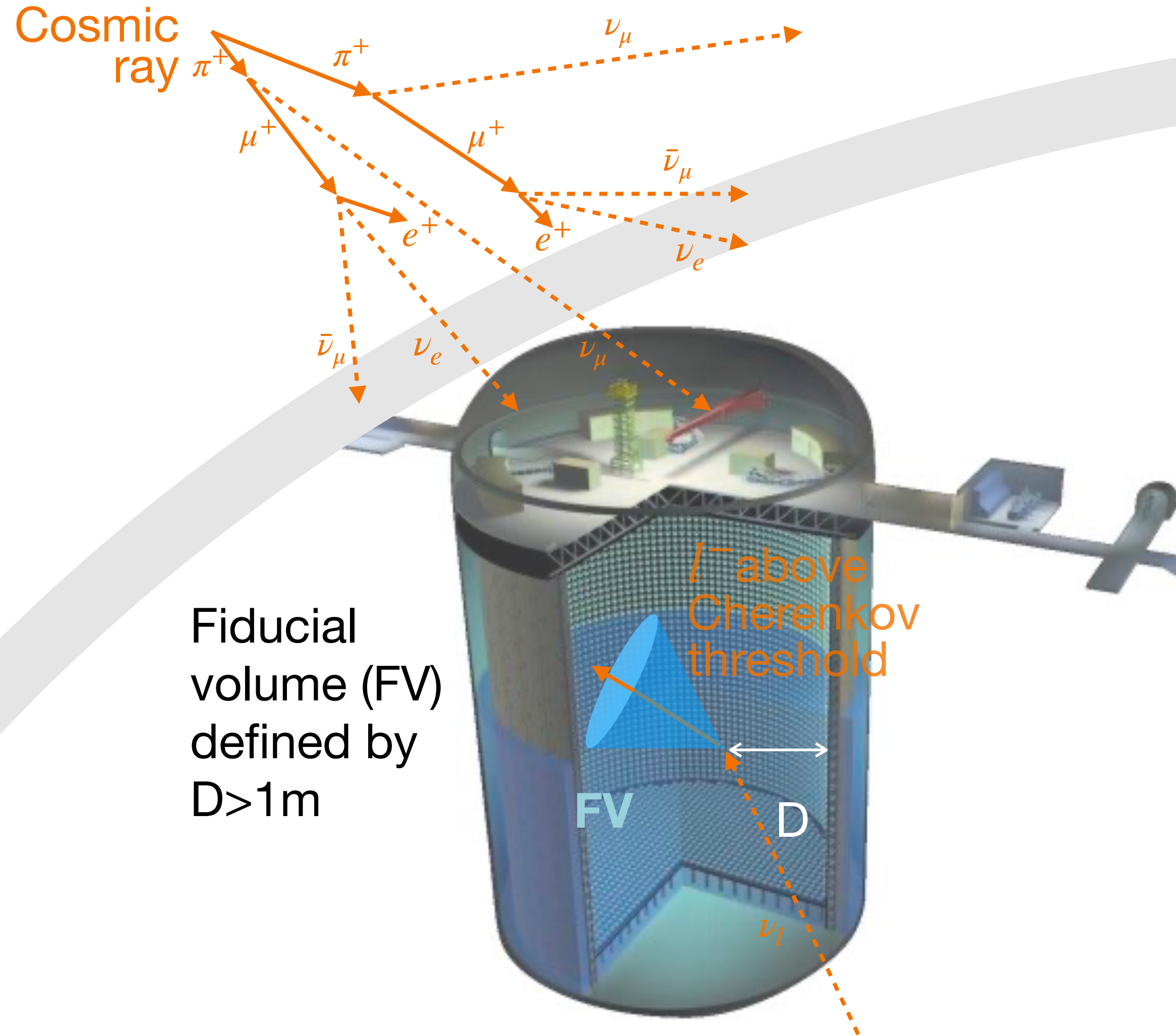
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NCN GRANT:
UMO-2018/30/E/
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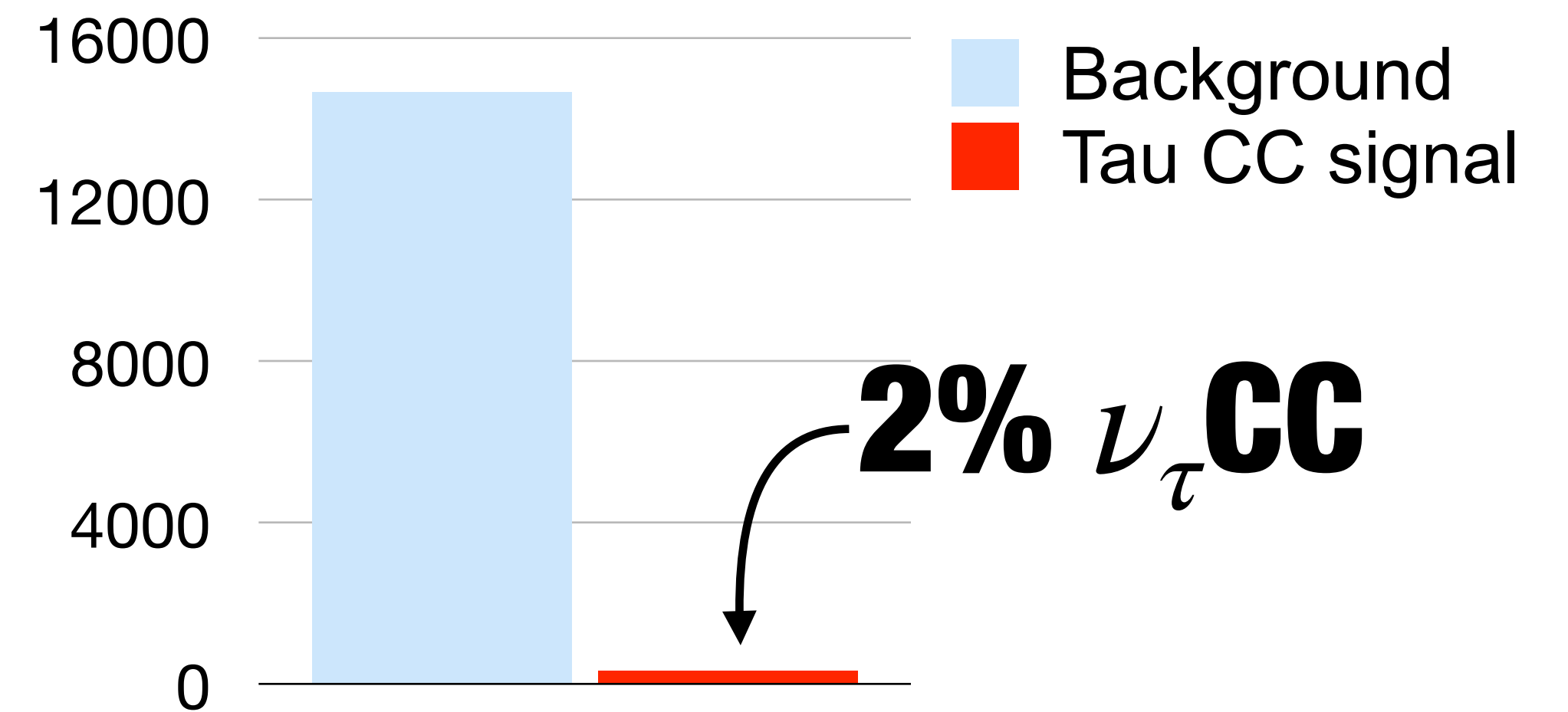
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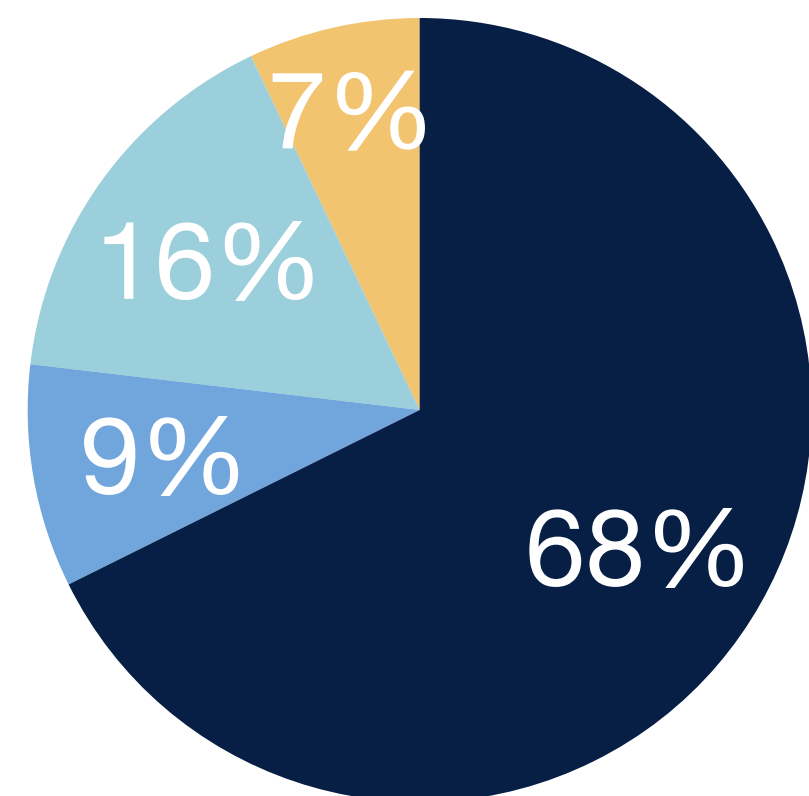
ATMOSPHERIC NEUTRINOS AT SUPER-KAMIOKANDE



Multi-GeV events
484.2 kT.years



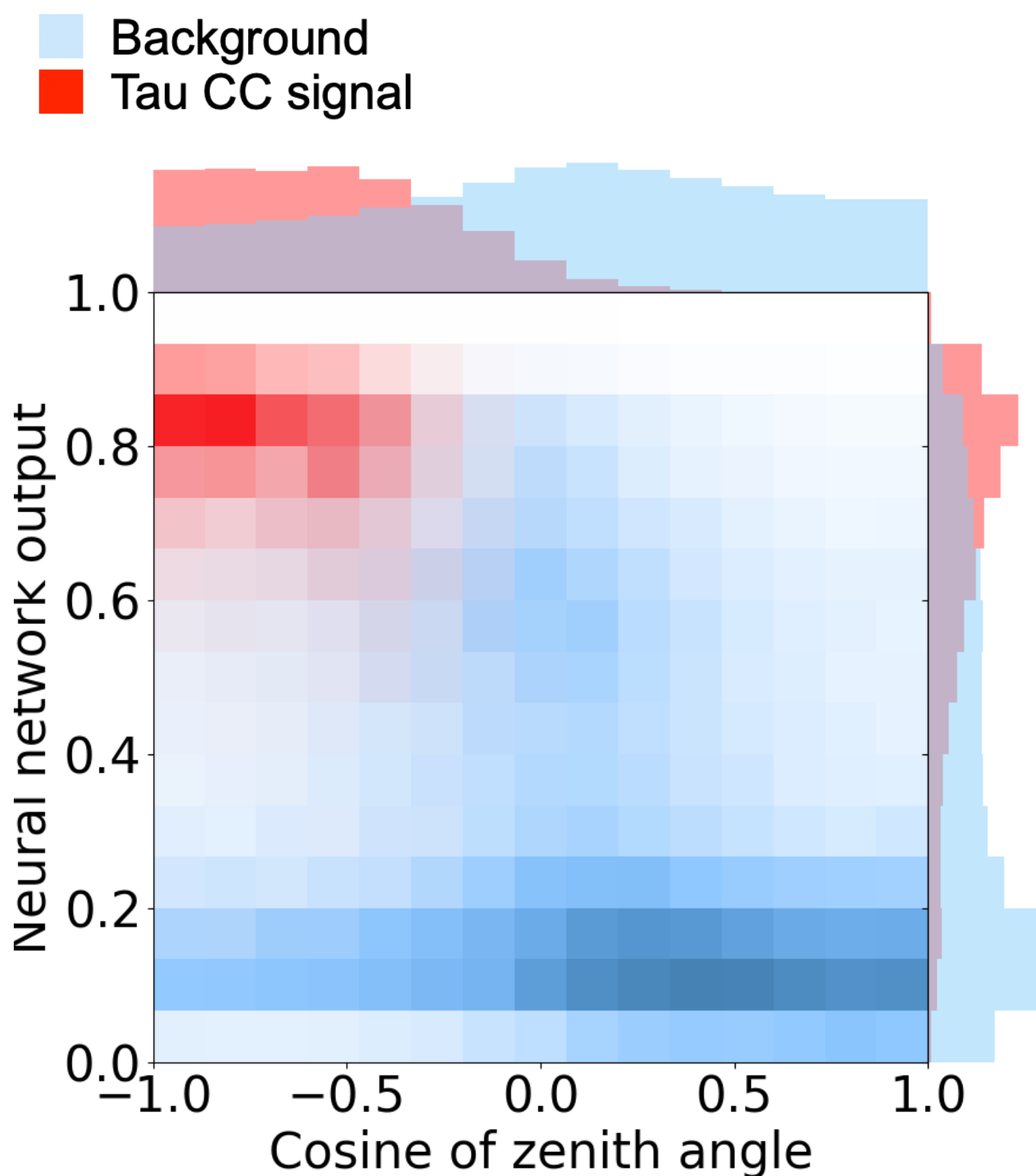
LATEST MEASUREMENT OF TAU NEUTRINO APPEARANCE



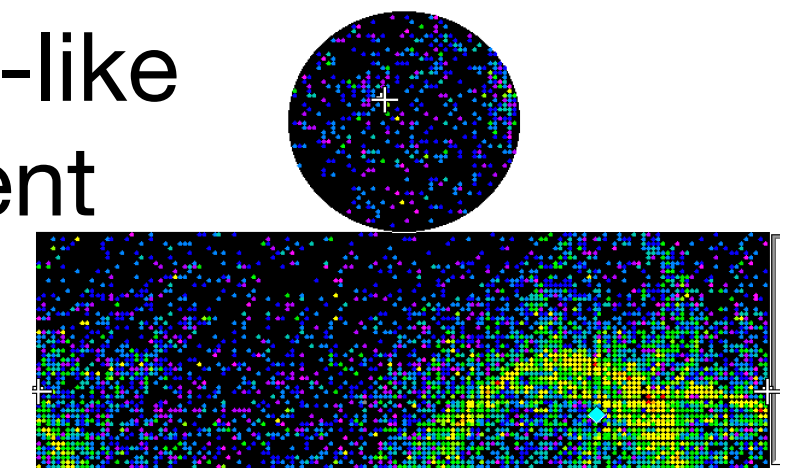
- SK I-IV (2018 analysis, old FV)
- Rest of SK IV (old FV)
- Expansion of FV in SK I-IV
- SK V (expanded FV)

50% more exposure
since the last published results (2018)

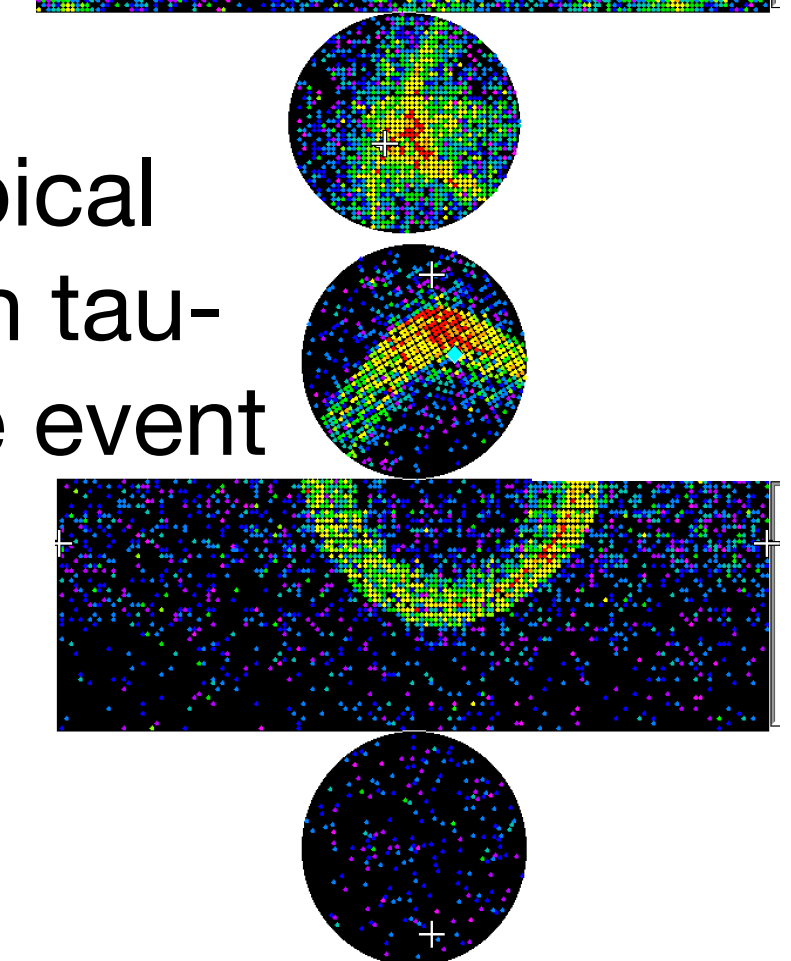
Neural network to separate ν_τ CC interactions from the background of atmospheric neutrino interactions.



Typical tau-like event

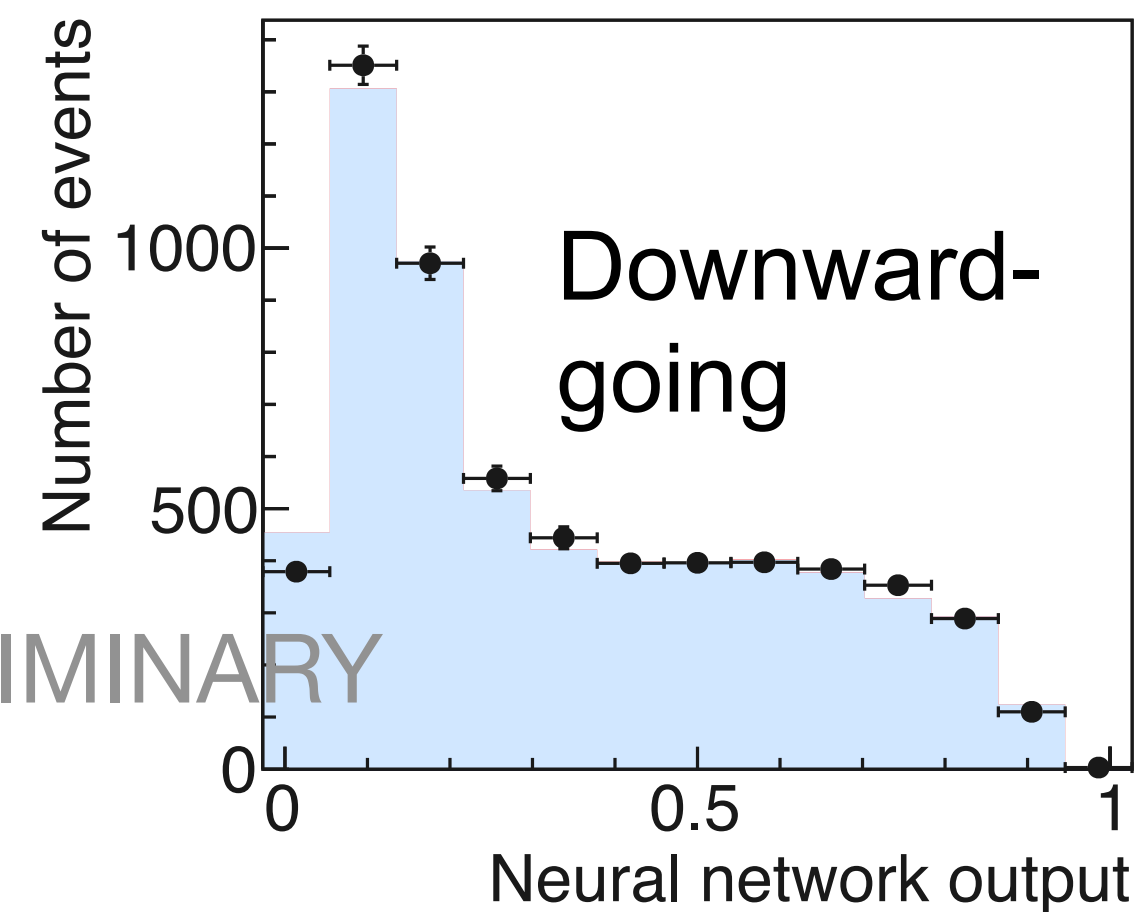
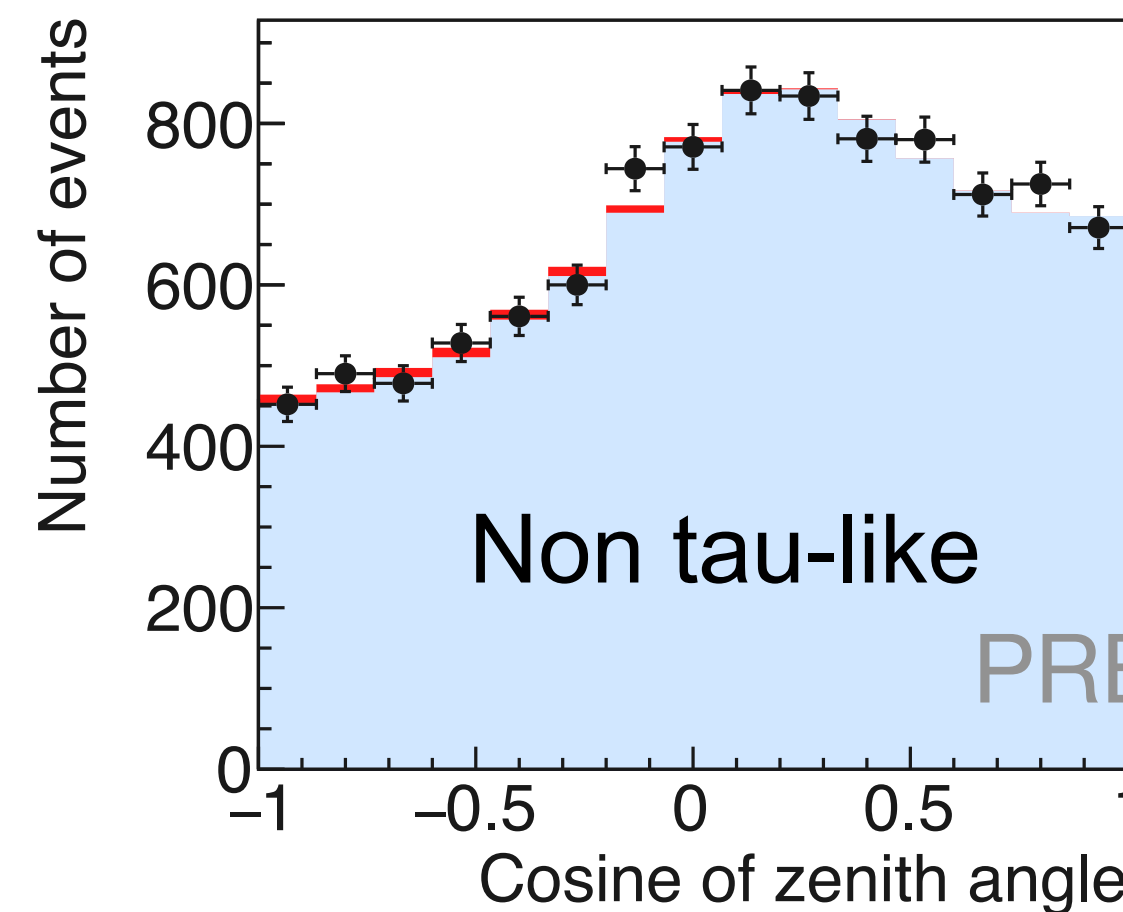
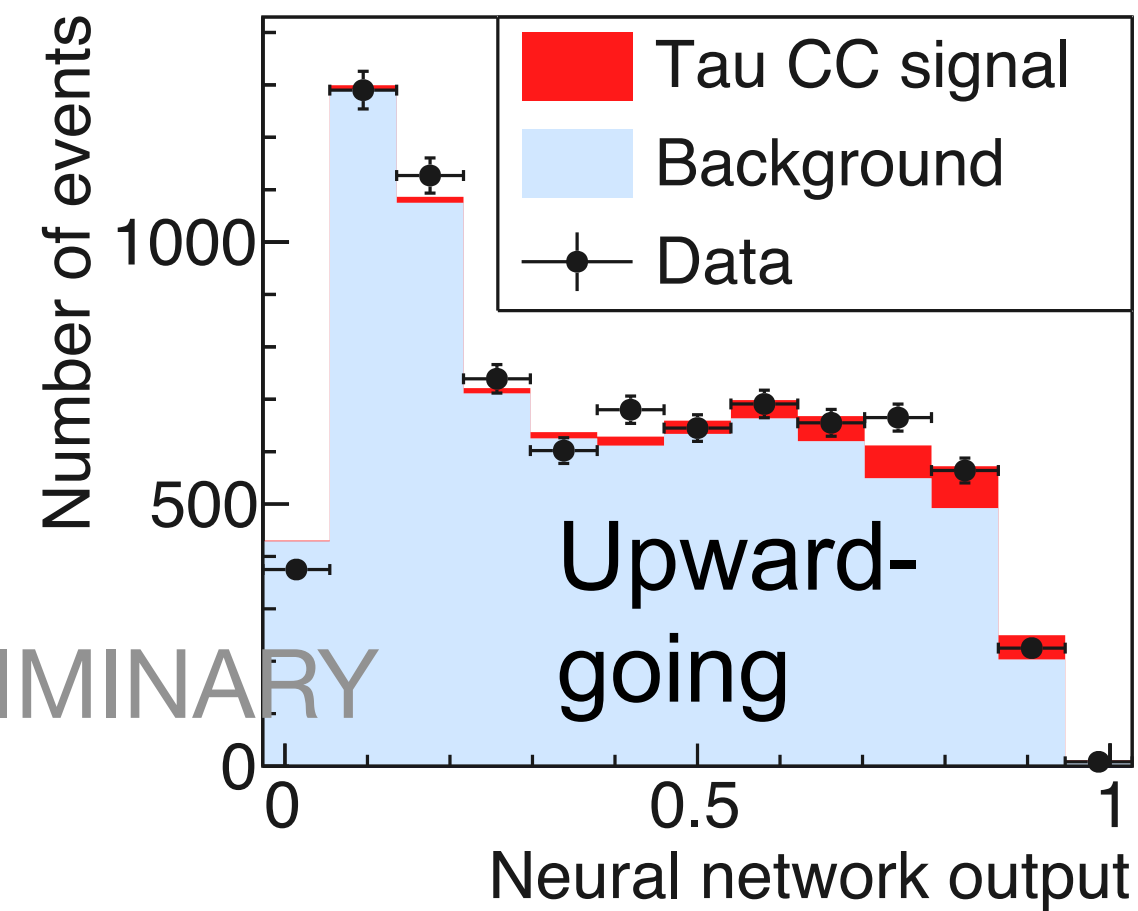
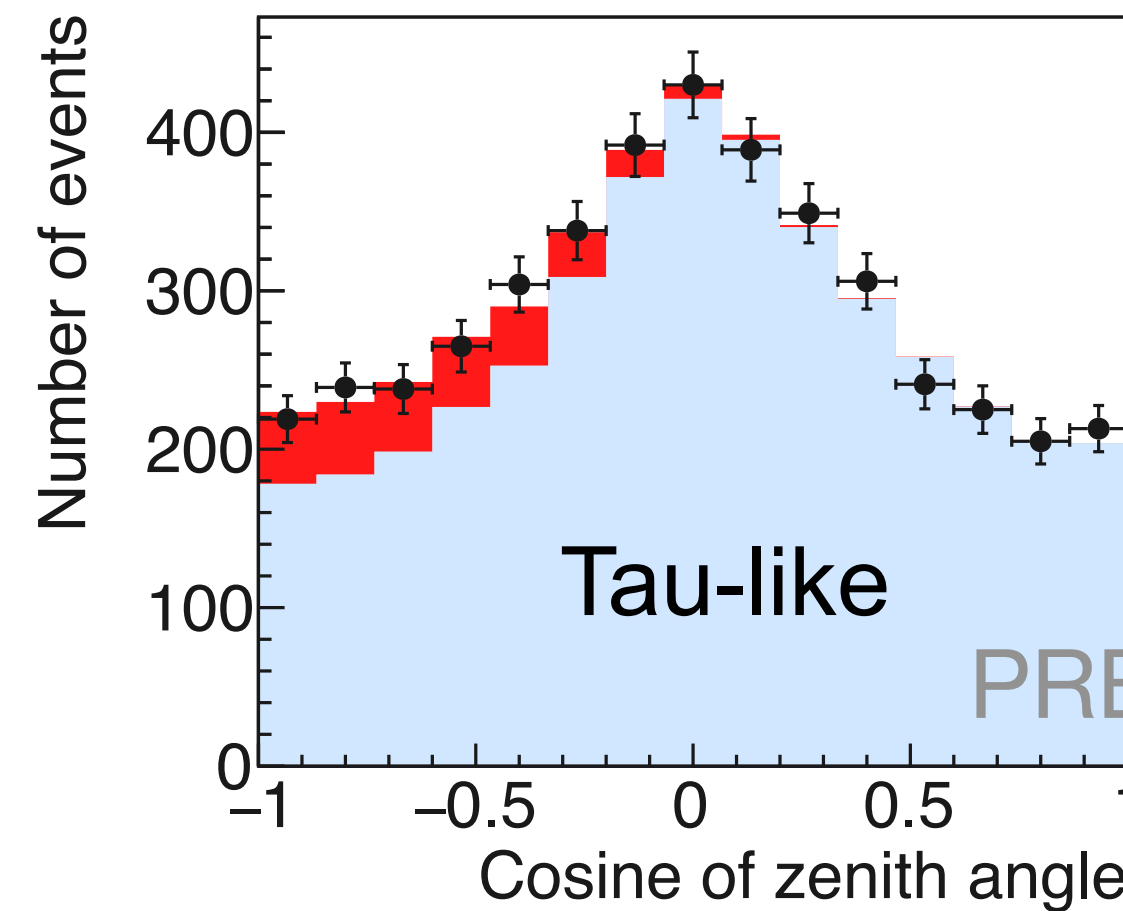


Typical non tau-like event



LATEST RESULTS FOR 484.2 KT.YEARS EXPOSURE

Extended maximum likelihood fit accounting for 54 systematic uncertainties, assuming normal neutrino mass-ordering.



428±92 tau neutrinos observed.

4.8 σ
exclusion of the hypothesis of no tau neutrino appearance.

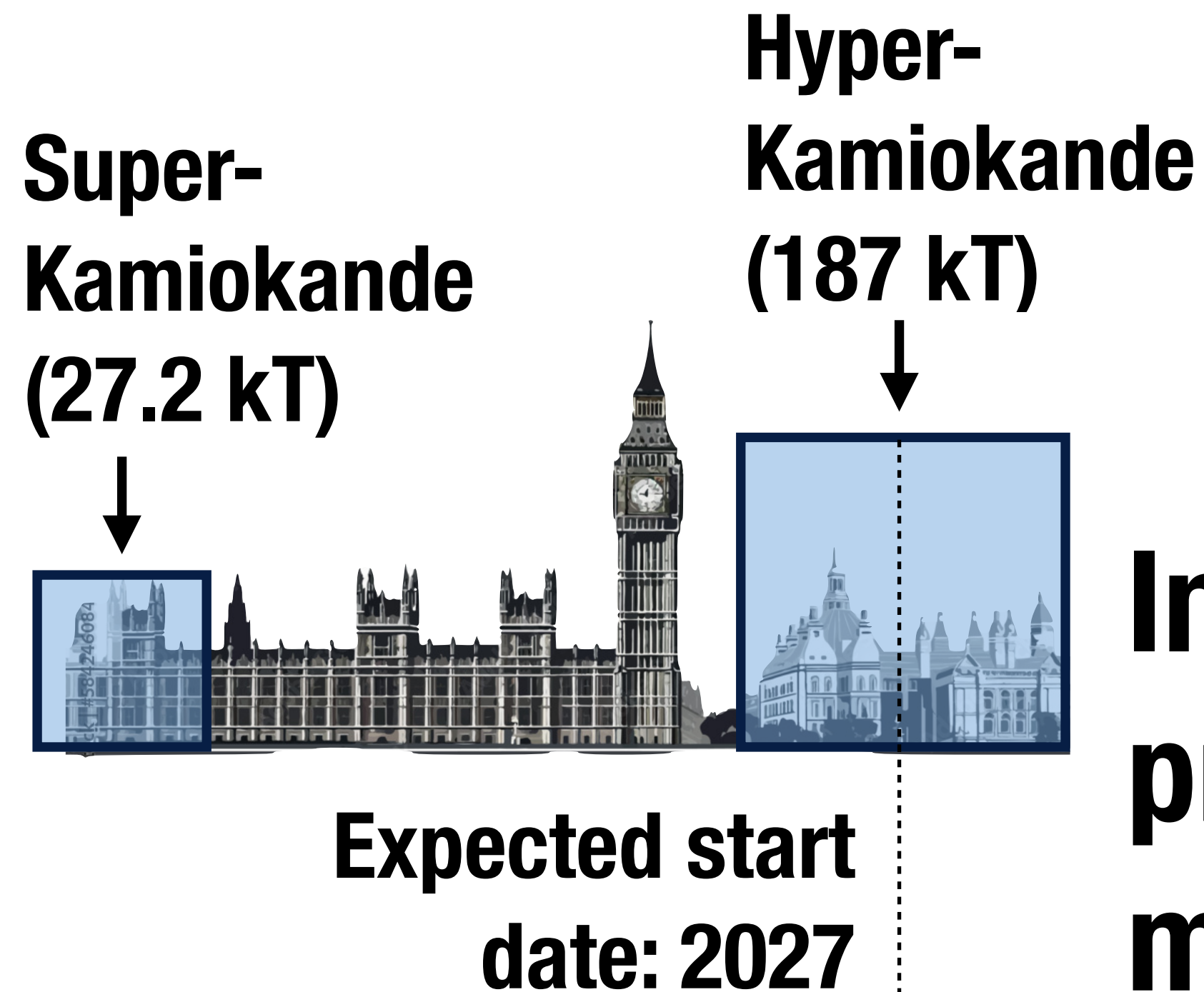
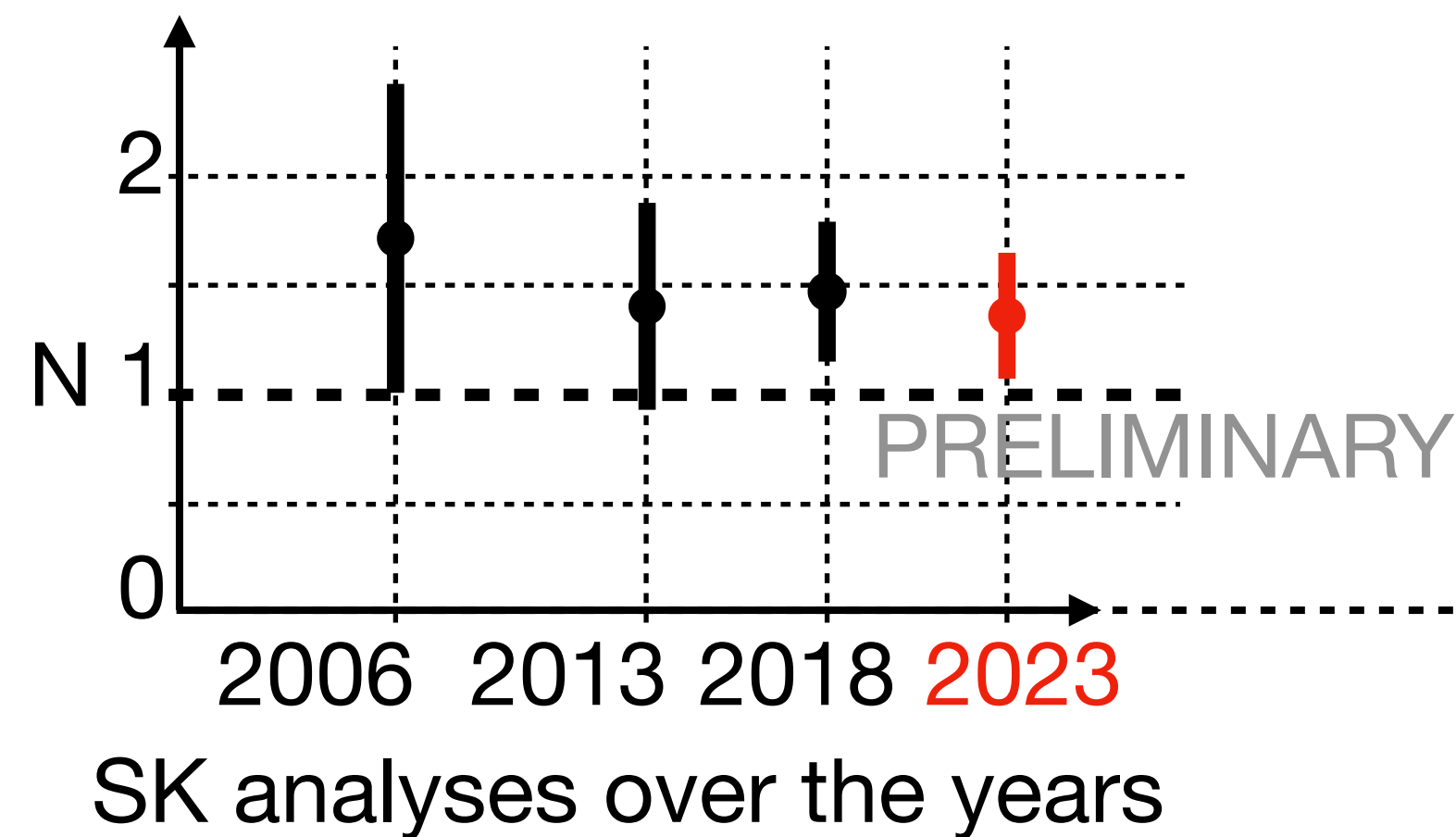
CONCLUSIONS AND WAY FORWARD

Tau neutrino appearance is characterised by

tau normalisation,

$$N = 1.36 \pm 0.29$$

N=1: perfect agreement of data with prediction model based on standard three-flavor oscillation theory.



Increase in the precision of measuring tau normalisation.