




Production and test of Si sensors for W-Si sandwich calorimeter



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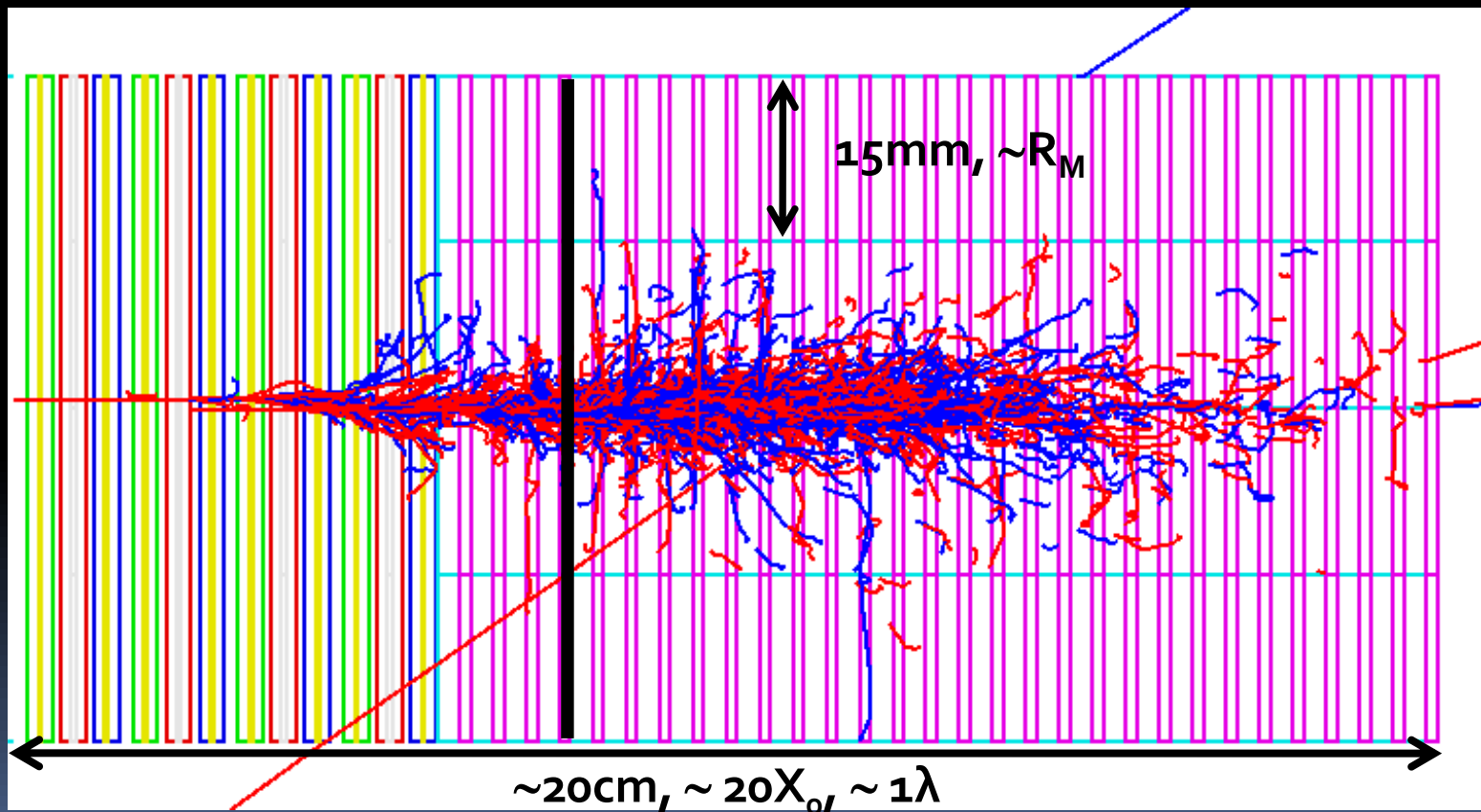


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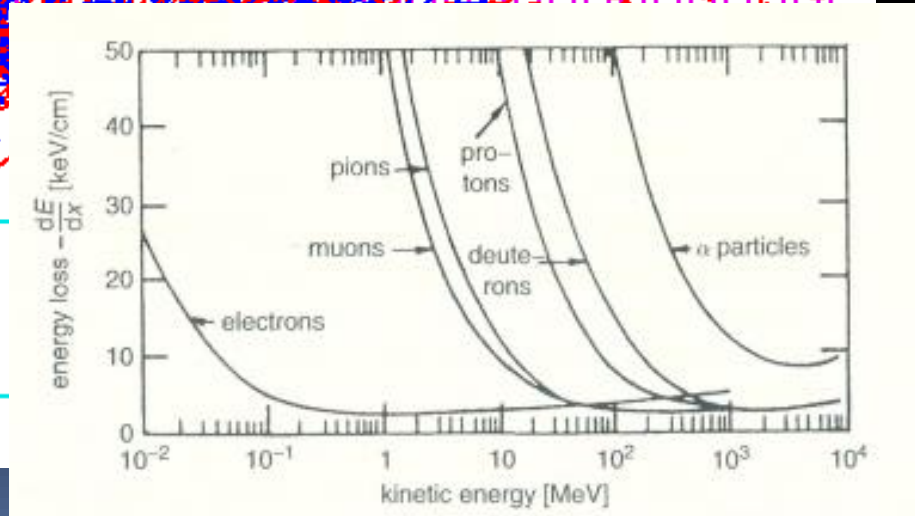
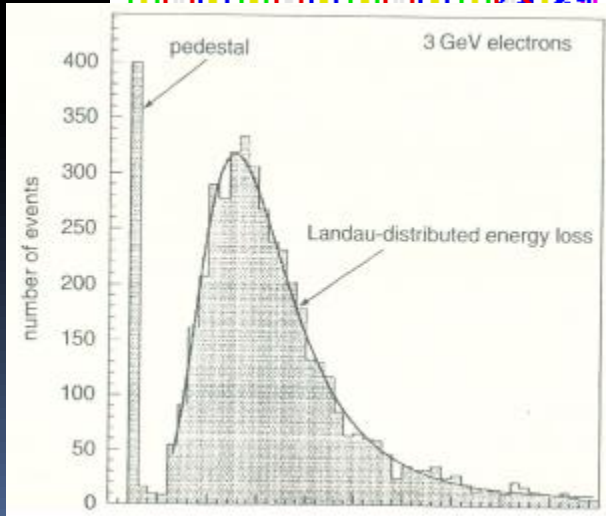
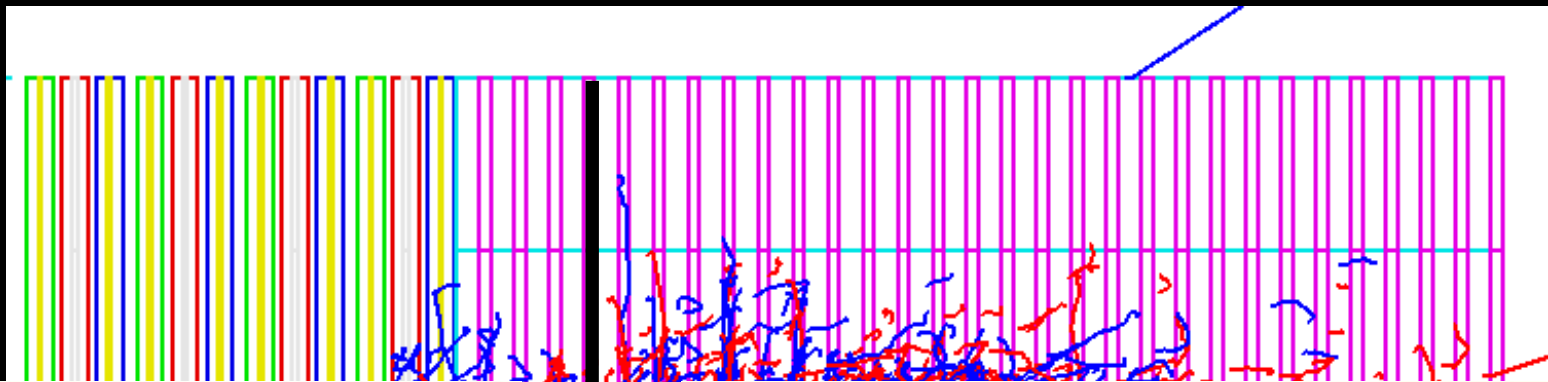
W-Si sandwich calorimeter, Basics

- EM Shower in a typical prototype

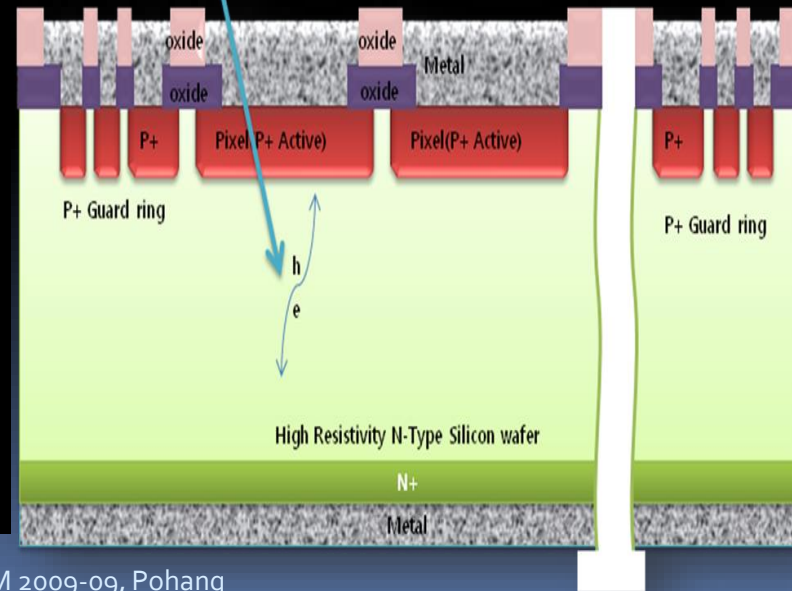
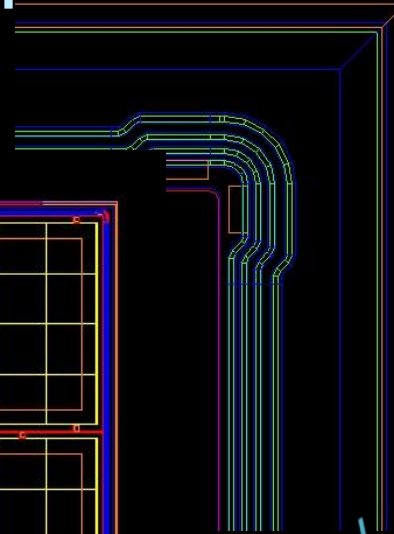
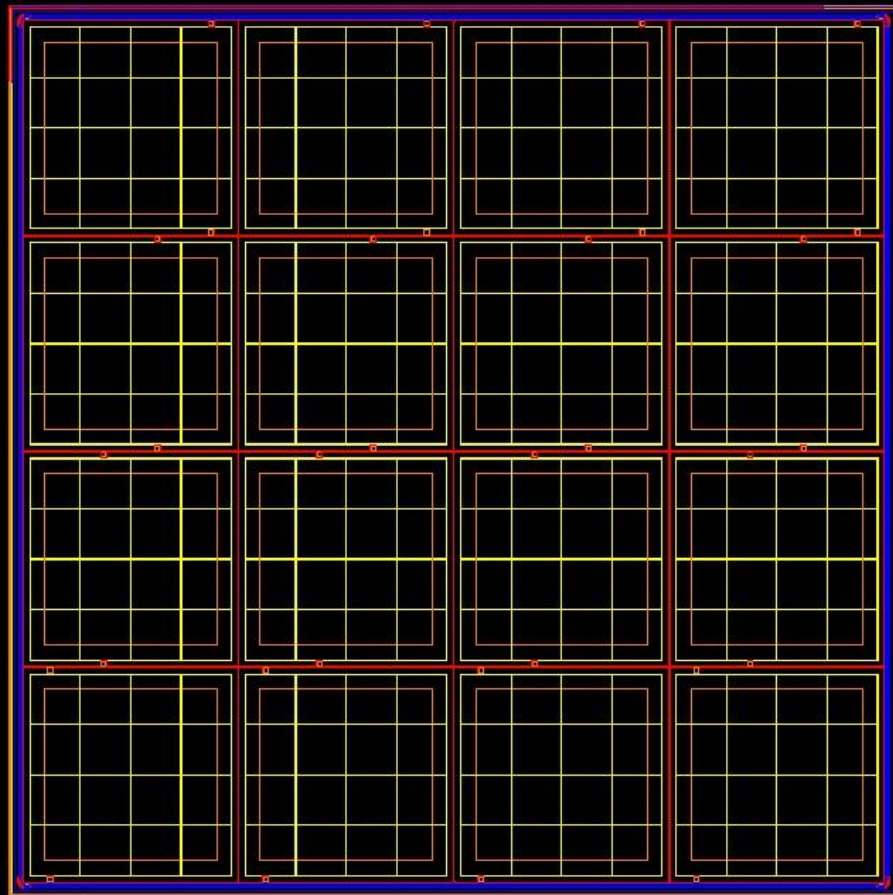


W-Si sandwich calorimeter, Basics

- EM Shower in a typical prototype



Detector schen

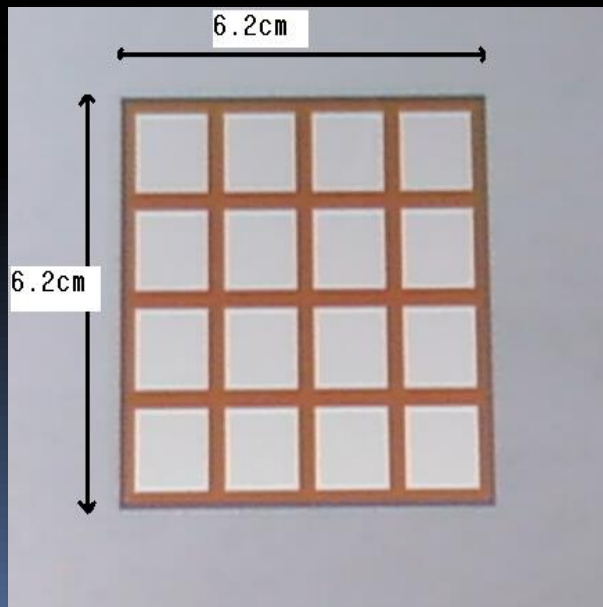


W-Si sandwich calorimeter, Basics

- Ideal for EM signal (γ , e , π^0) under forward high multiplicity
 - Compact EM shower inside calorimeter (W)
 - 3D tracking under large background possible though Si layers (Si)
 - Easy adjustment of the detector granule (Si)
 - Good energy resolution (W-Si)
 - Expensive (Si), but we(Korea) can do well.

Sensor production

- Sensor production
 - 6.2 cm x 6.2 cm n type wafer substrate and p type pattern
 - 4 x 4 (1.5cm each) pad : 16 channel per sensor



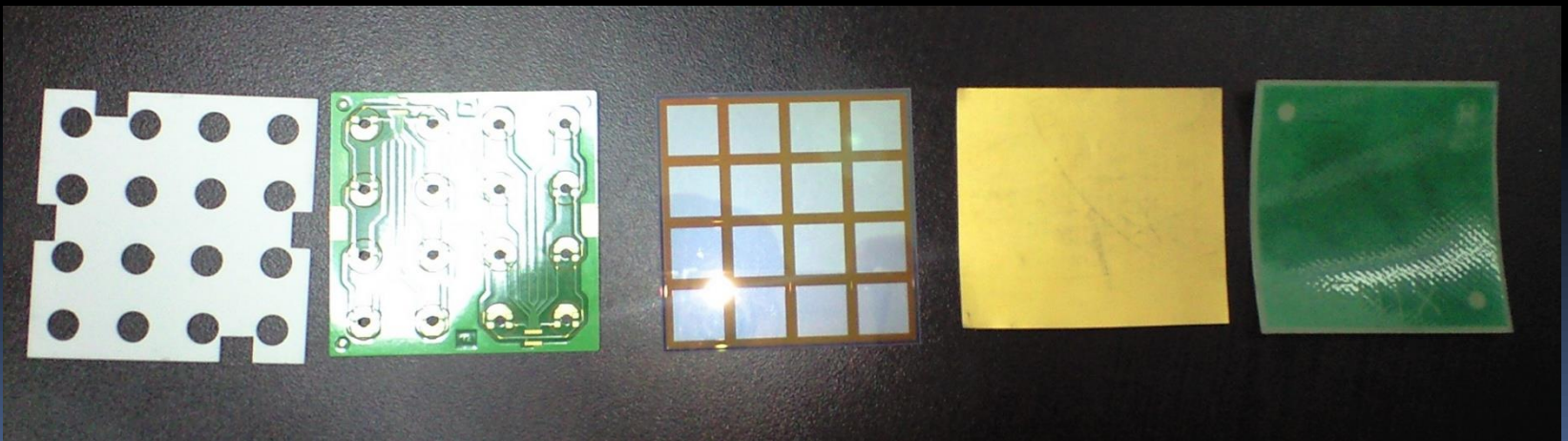


Fabrication

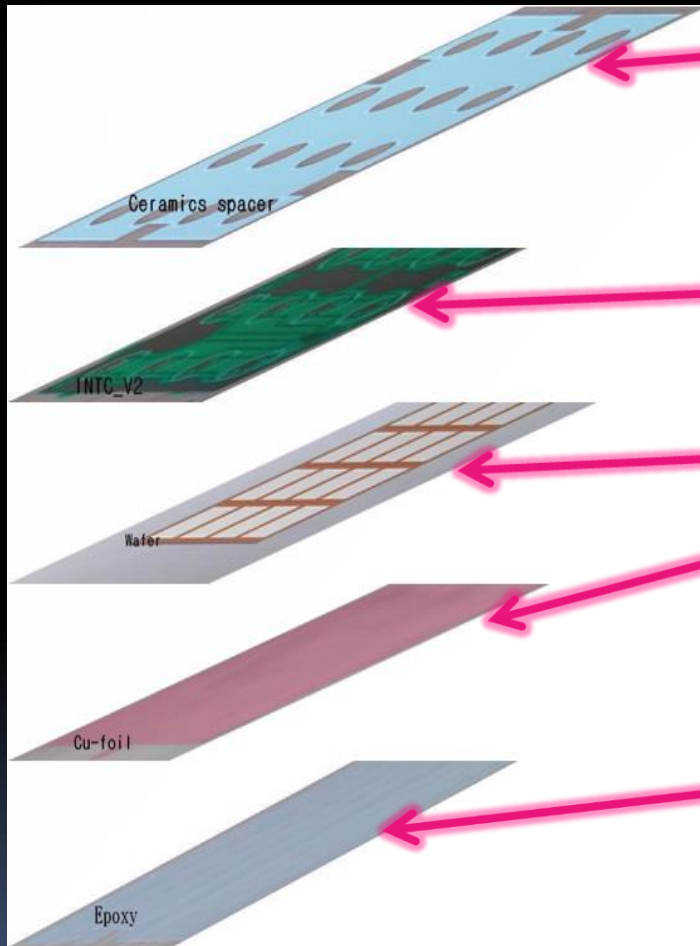
- Mask production
 - Optical
 - Electron lithography
- ETRI Production
 - Lithography
 - Developing
 - Implantation
 - Etching

Packaging

- Micro module production
 - Ceramic spacer
 - INTC(Inter connect) board
 - Silicon Sensor
 - Cu foil
 - epoxy plate

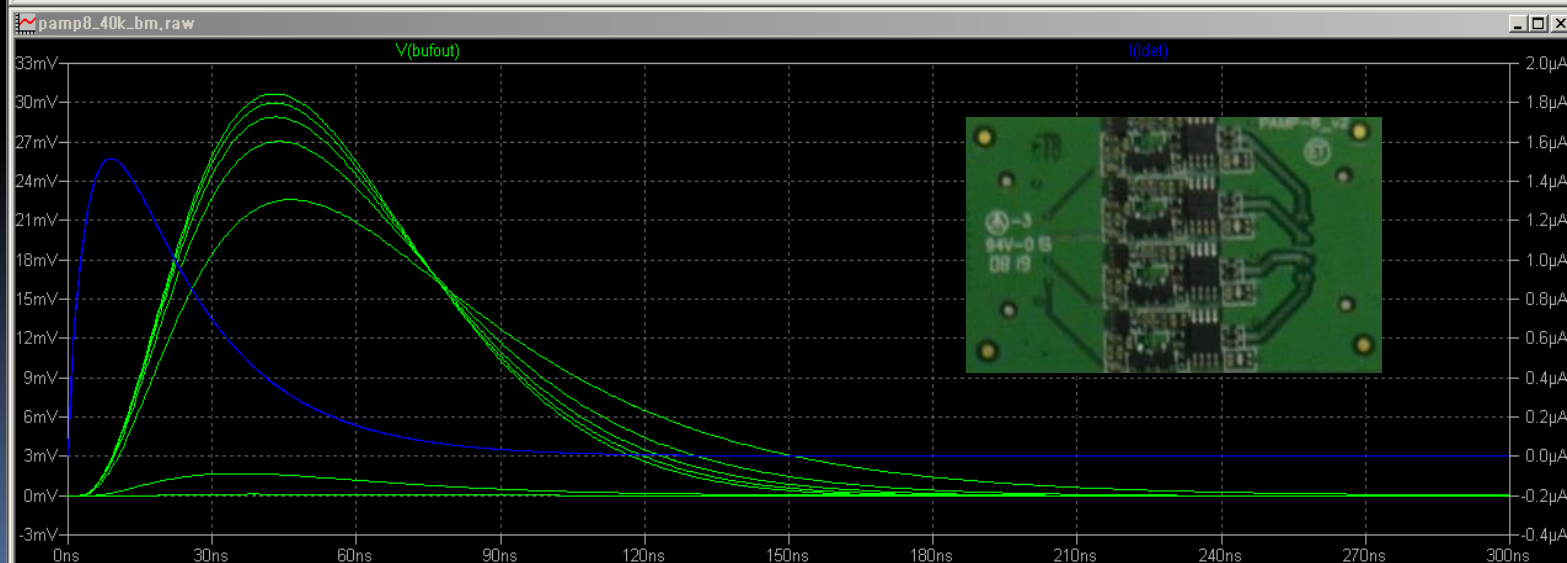
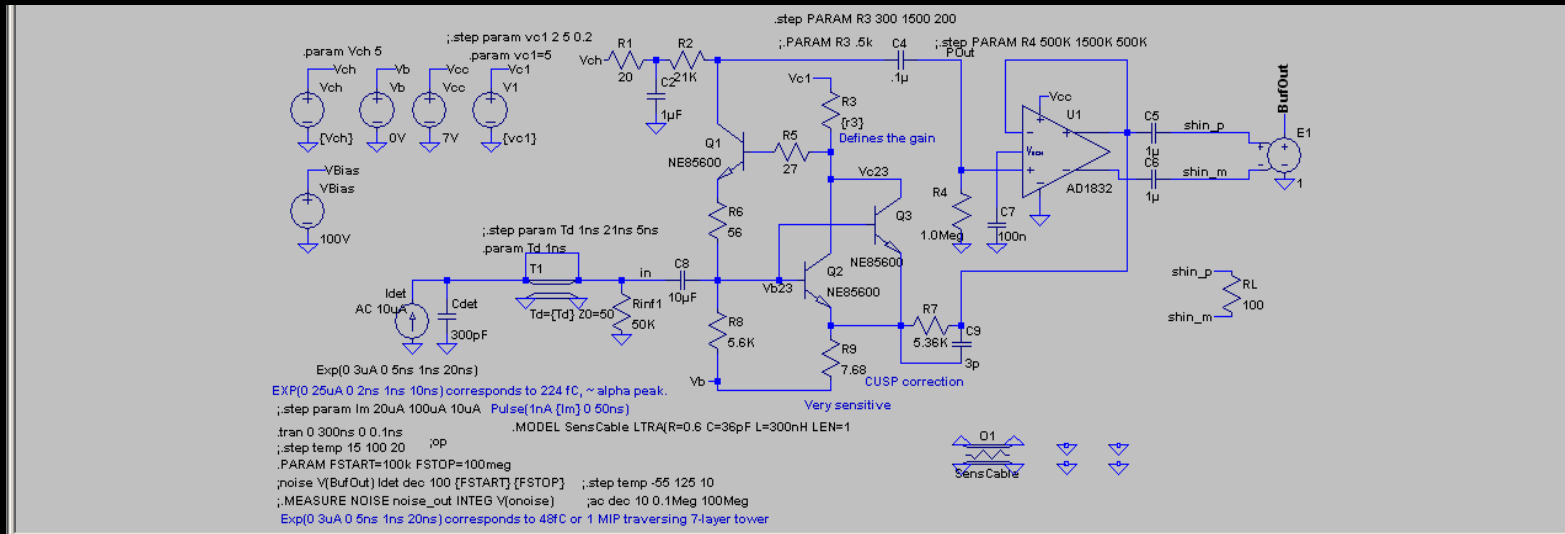


Components for micro-module



- Ceramic spacer
 - Protection from warping and heat
- INTC(Inter connect) board
 - Electrical connection to sensor
- Silicon Sensor
- Cu foil
 - Connection of sensor back plane to ground
- Epoxy plate
 - Electrical and physical protection

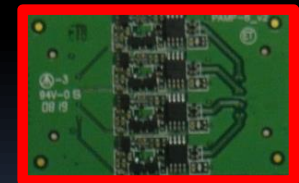
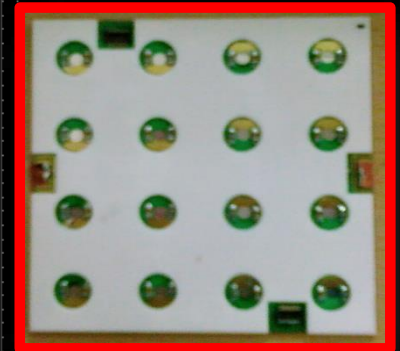
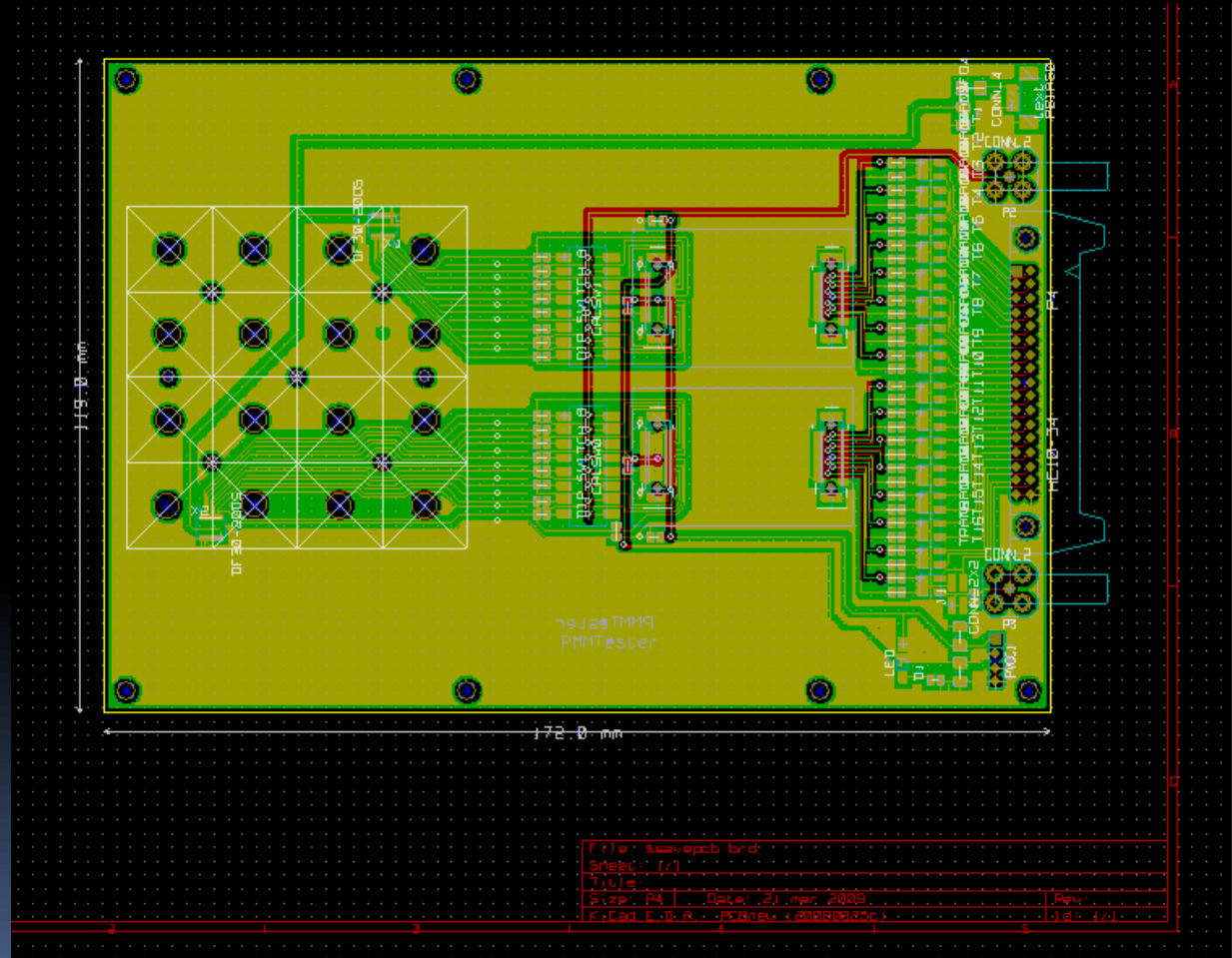
Signal conditioning



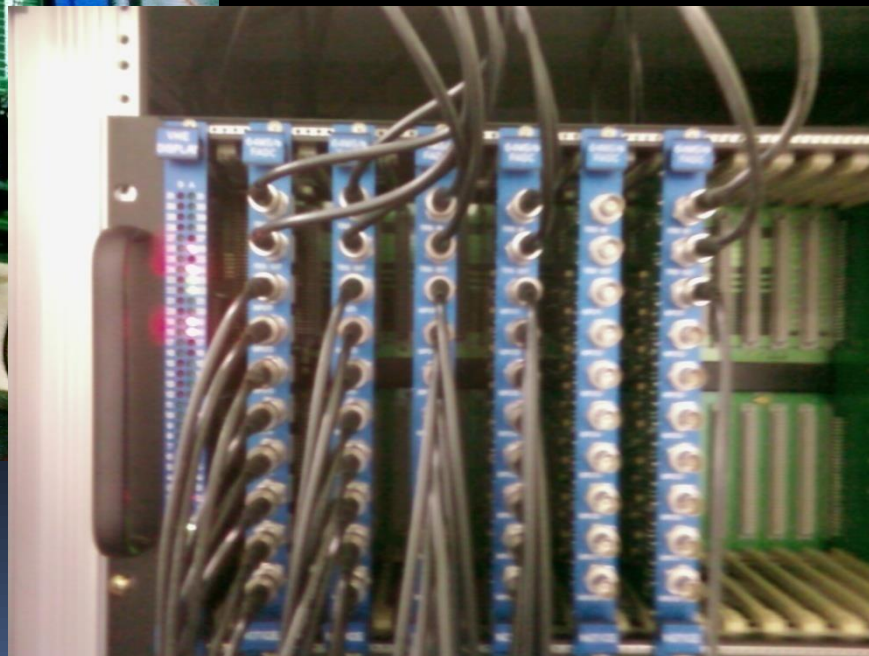
Cosmic muon test

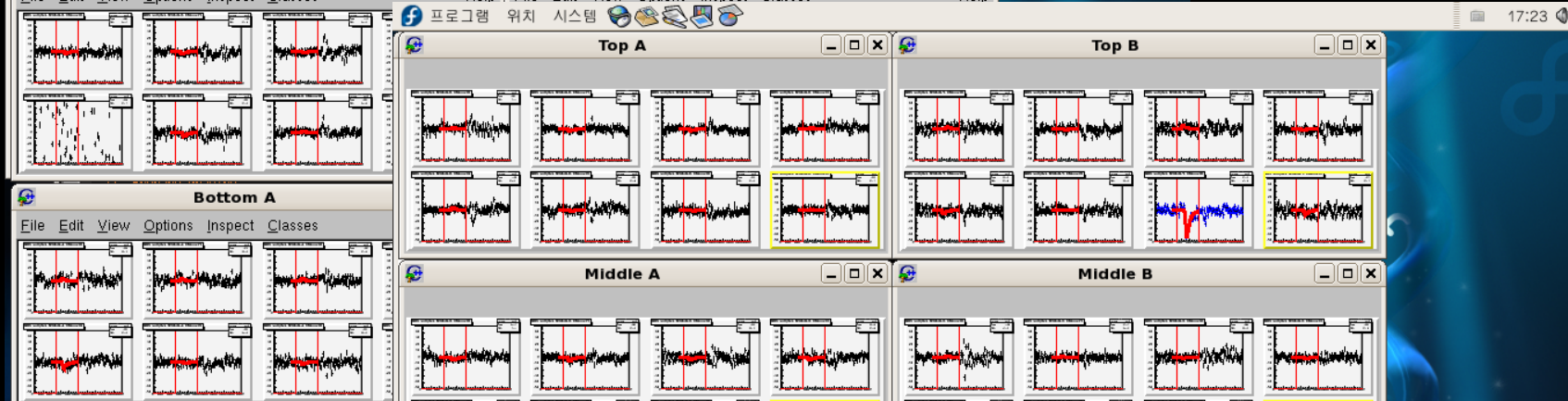
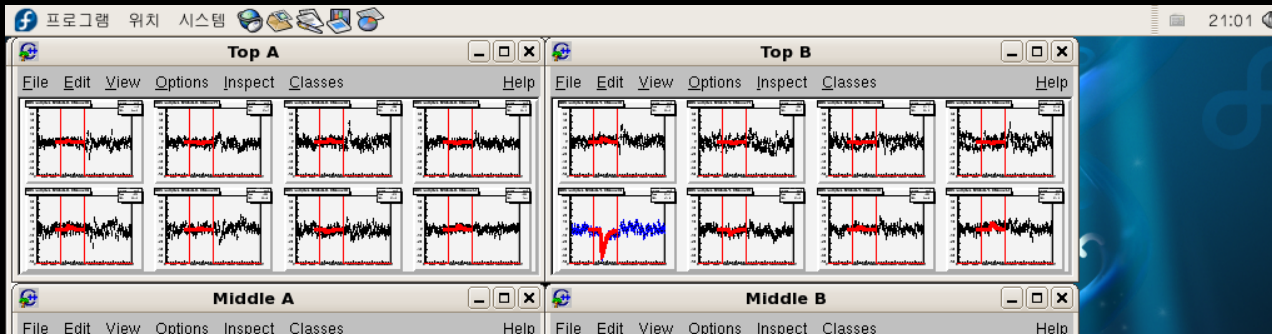
- Most electrons passing a sensor layer are MIPs, which deposit minimum ionization energy as like cosmic muon.
- Cosmic test requires a setup of test electronics made up of silicon sensor, preamp hybrid card, test board, and bridge board.

Cosmic muon test



Cosmic muon test





```

// Prepare fit functions
char fname[100];
TF1 *fADCIN_MODULEJ[IN_CHANNEL];
for (int imod=0; imod<N_MODULE; imod++) {
  for (int ichn=0; ichn<N_CHANNEL; ichn++) {
    sprintf(fname, "P_Landau%d_%.2d", imod, ichn);
    fADCIN_MODULEJ[imod][ichn] = new TF1(fname, model);
  }
}
cosmic_muon_C Top_L17 (C++/ Abbrev)

```

```

// Prepare fit functions
char fname[100];
TF1 *fADCIN_MODULEJ[IN_CHANNEL];
for (int imod=0; imod<N_MODULE; imod++) {
  for (int ichn=0; ichn<N_CHANNEL; ichn++) {
    sprintf(fname, "P_Landau%d_%.2d", imod, ichn);
    fADCIN_MODULEJ[imod][ichn] = new TF1(fname, model);
  }
}
cosmic_muon_C Top_L29 (C++/ Abbrev)
Write /usr/local/notice/test/cosmic_muon_new/an

```

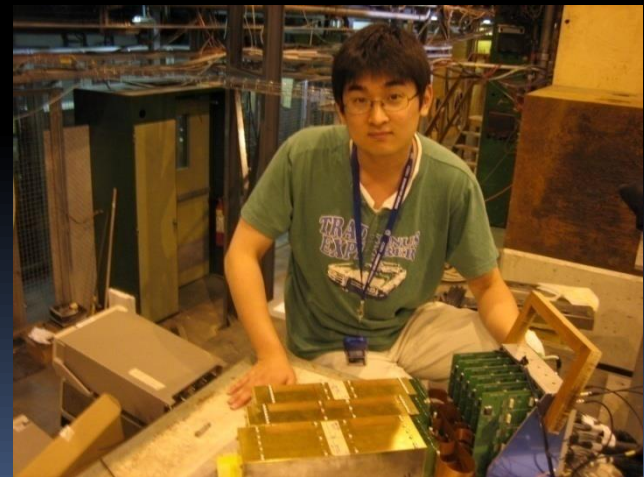
```

터미널
파일(E) 편집(E) 보기(V) 터미널(T) 램(B) 도움말(H)
fitPeak (51.005,49.9782,42.6791)
GoodEvent 1
Nhit = (1, 2, 2)
Would you continue?

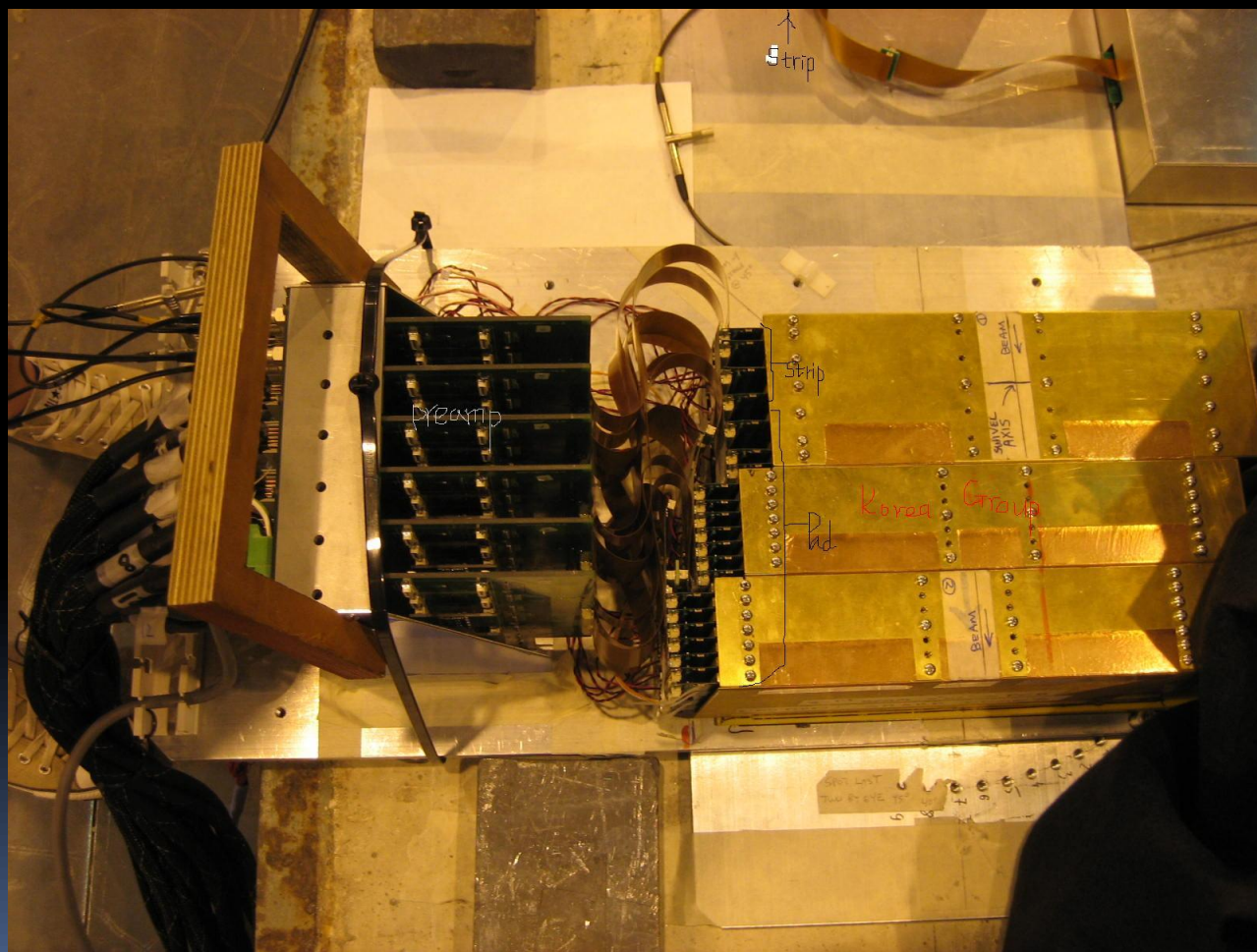
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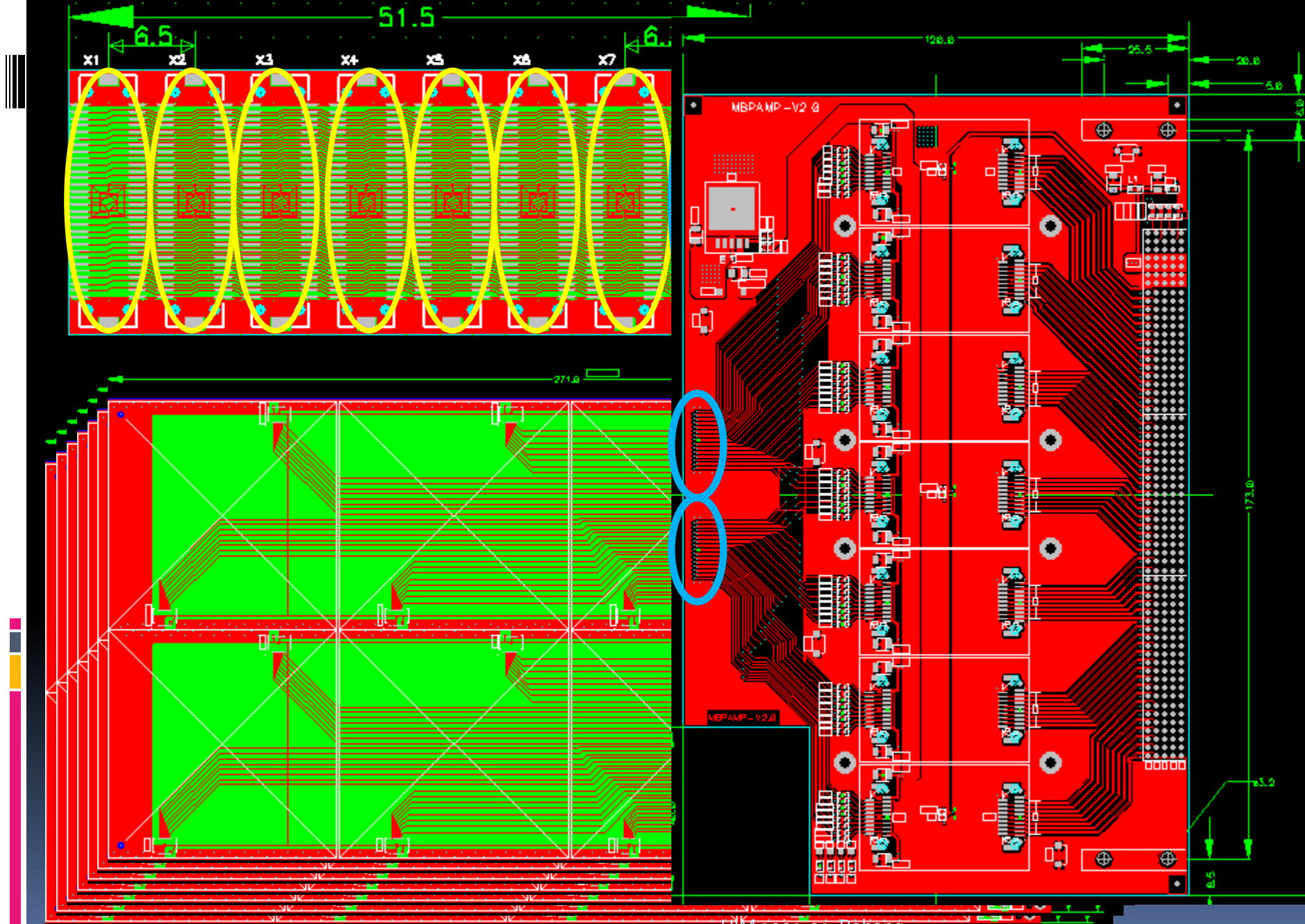
Beam test at CERN

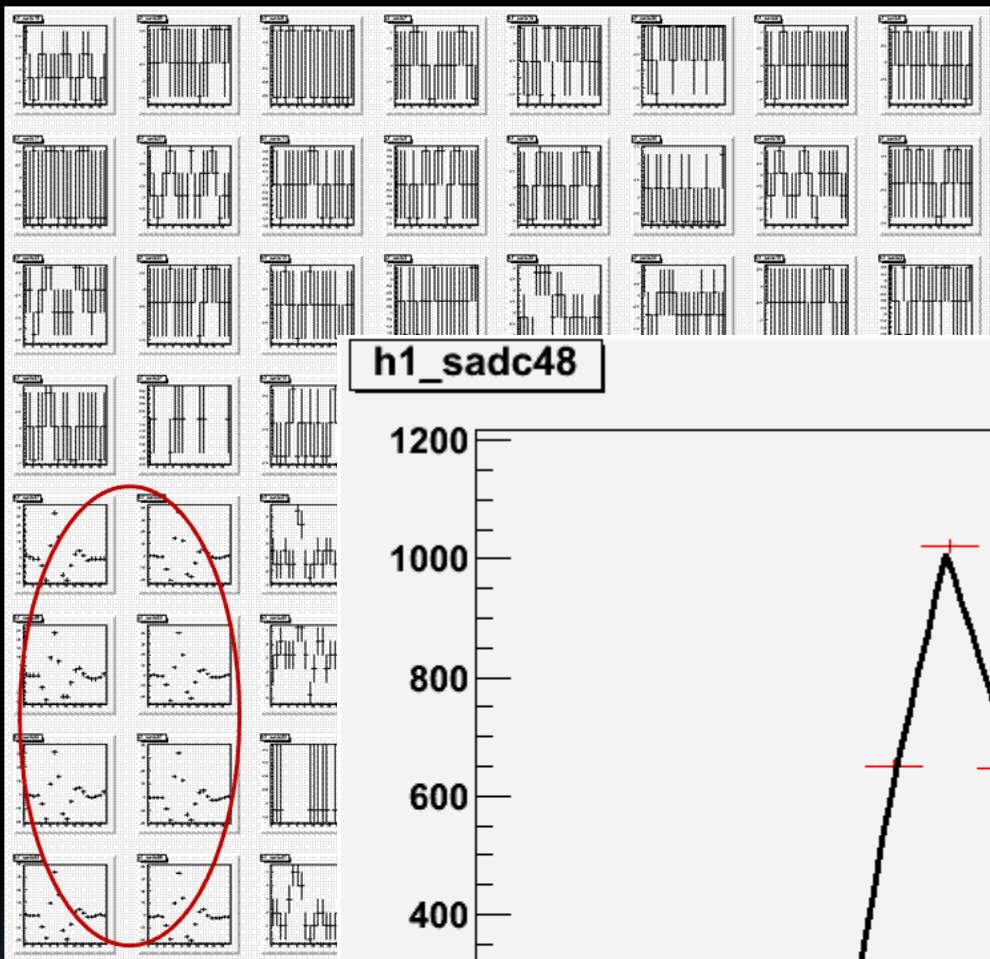
- Beam test had been taken 09.06.22~29 at PS and SPS
- 4 Sensor were used for each layer, and a super module had 7 W-Si layers.



Beam test setup

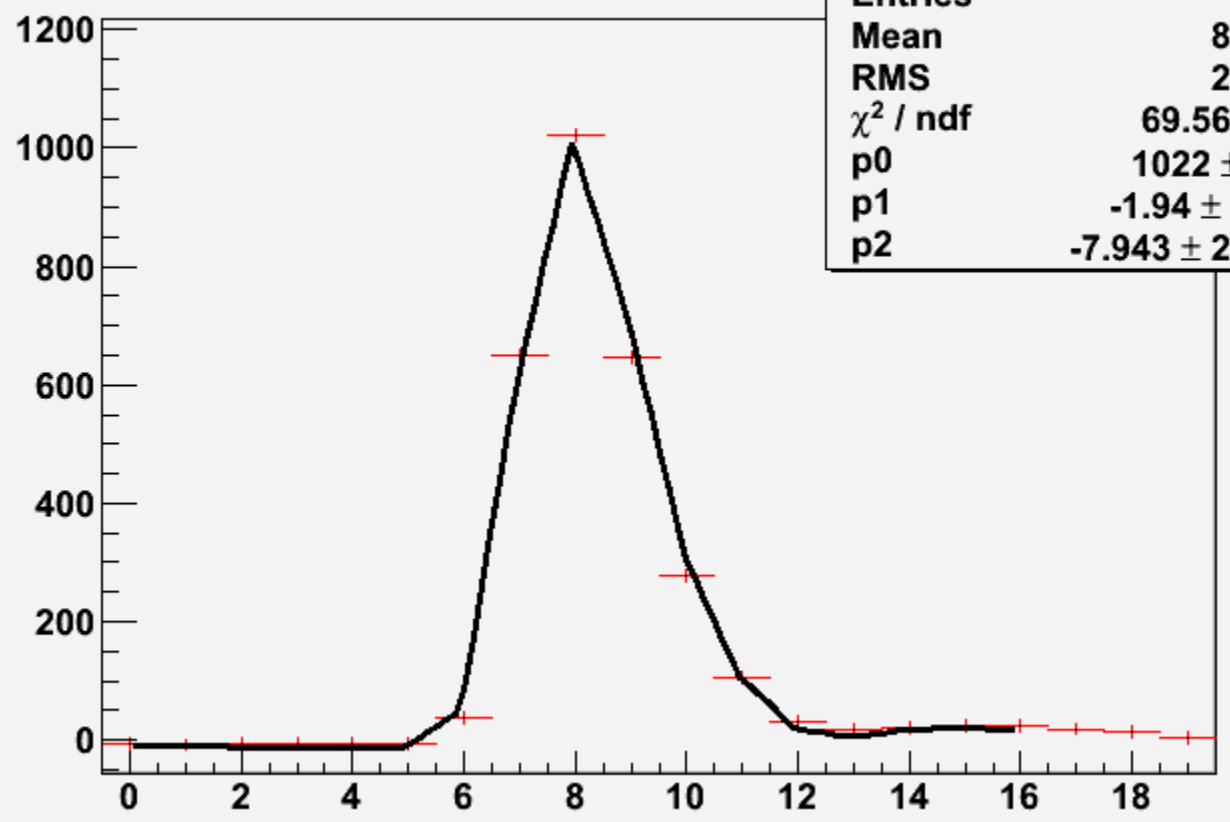






h1_sadc48

h1_sadc48	
Entries	0
Mean	8.597
RMS	2.028
χ^2 / ndf	69.56 / 14
p0	1022 ± 8.3
p1	-1.94 ± 0.00
p2	-7.943 ± 2.662





Summary

- W-Si calorimeter can effectively measure EM signal under large multiplicity
- Si sensor plays a key roll in the function
- We are conducting production & test of the Si sensors and see a good prospect