

# ***Dilepton production in heavy ion collision***

**Su Houg Lee**

Will talk about heavy quark sector

Thanks to Dr. Kenji Morita(YITP ), Dr. Taesoo Song(Texas A&M)

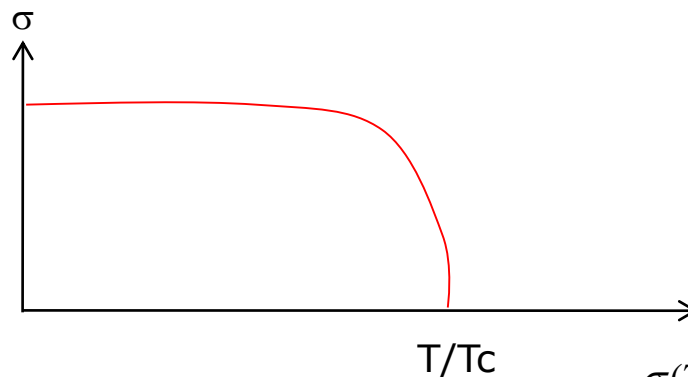
Sungtae Cho (Yonsei) and present group members



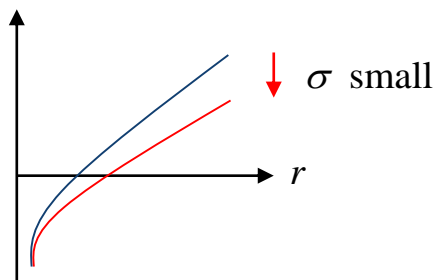
**YONSEI**  
UNIVERSITY

**Mass Shift of Charmonium near Deconfining Temperature and Possible Detection in Lepton-Pair Production**

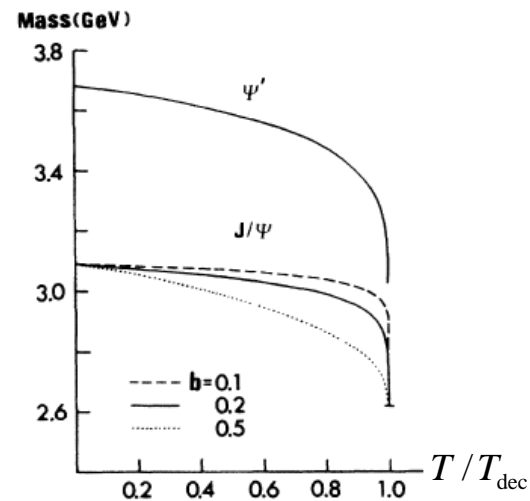
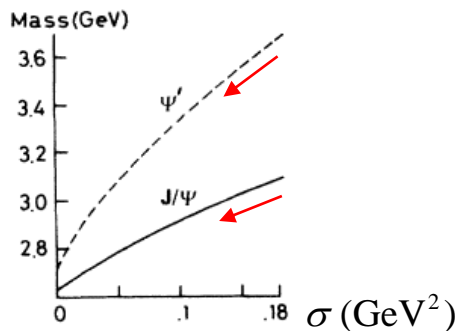
String Tension:  
QCD order parameter



$$\sigma(T) = \sigma(0) \times \left[ \frac{(T_{dec} - T)}{T_{dec}} \right]^b$$



$$V(r) = -\frac{4}{3} \frac{\alpha_s(r)}{r} + \sigma \times r$$



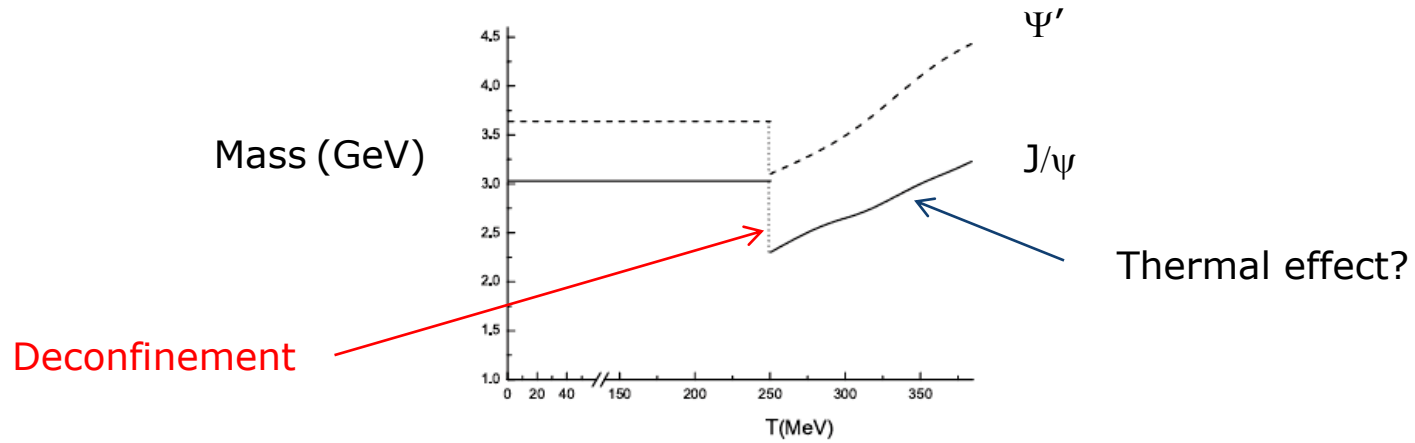
## J/ $\psi$ suppression in RHIC

- Matsui and Satz: J/ $\psi$  will dissolve at  $T_c$  due to color screening

## Recent works on J/ $\psi$ in QGP

- Lattice MEM : Asakawa, Hatsuda, Karsch, Petreczky , Bielefeld, Nonaka....  
J/ $\psi$  will survive  $T_c$  and dissolve at  $2 T_c$  .. Still not settled at QM2011
- Potential models (Wong ...) : .
- Refined Potential models with lattice (Mocsy, Petreczky...)  
: J/ $\psi$  will dissolve slightly above  $T_c$
- Perturbative approaches: Blaizot et al... Imaginary potential
- pNRQCD: N. Brambilla et al.
- Lattice after zero mode subtraction (WHOT-QCD)  
: J/ $\psi$  wave function hardly changes at  $2.3 T_c$
- AdS/QCD (Kim, Lee, Fukushima, Stephanov.... ..)
- NRQCD: UK group+ S.Y. Kim
- QCD sum rule (Morita, Lee) , QCD sum rule+ MEM (Gluber, Oka, Morita)

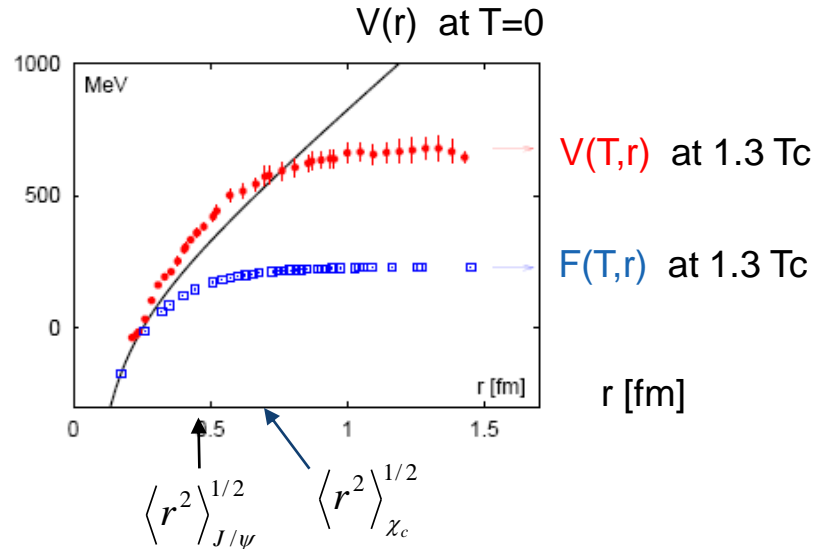
# AdS/QCD (Y.Kim, J.P.Lee, SHLee 07)



# J/ψ from potential models

- Lattice result on singlet potential  $F(T,r) = V(T,r) - TS(T,r)$

Kaczmarek, Zantow hep-lat/0510094



- Quarkonium dissociation temperature for different potentials

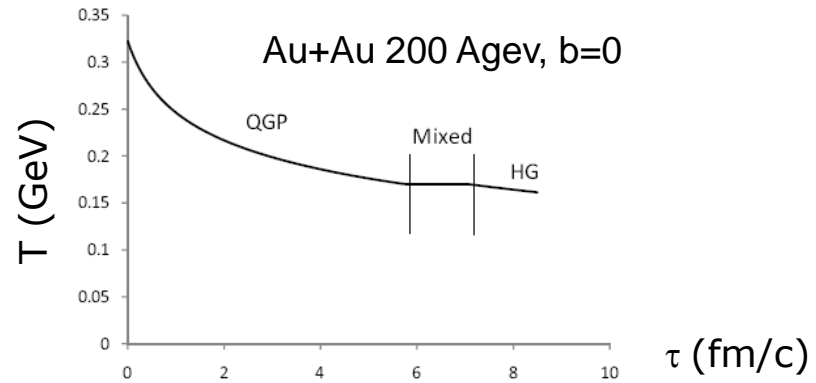
state	$J/\psi$	$\chi_c$	$\psi'$	$\Upsilon$	$\chi_b$	$\Upsilon'$	$\chi'_b$	$\Upsilon''$
$E_s^i [GeV]$	0.64	0.20	0.005	1.10	0.67	0.54	0.31	0.20
$T_d/T_c$	1.1	0.74	0.1-0.2	2.31	1.13	1.1	0.83	0.75
$T_d/T_c$	~ 1.42	~ 1.05	unbound	~ 3.3	~ 1.22	~ 1.18	-	-
$T_d/T_c$	1.78-1.92	1.14-1.15	1.11-1.12	$\gtrsim 4.4$	1.60-1.65	1.4-1.5	~ 1.2	~ 1.2

Using  $F(T,r)$   
Wong 04  
Using  $V(T,r)$

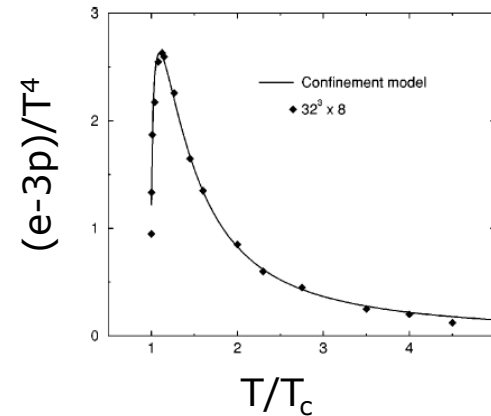
Another model independent approach ?

## Few things to note about $T_c$ region

- $T_c$  region is important in HIC

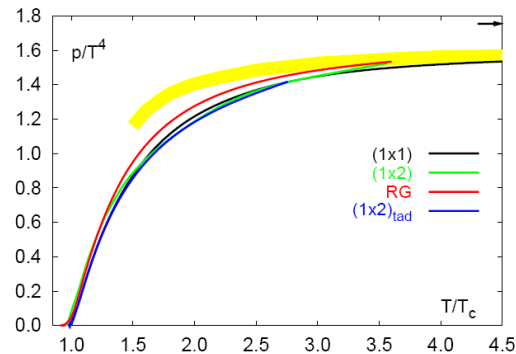


- Large non-perturbative change at  $T_c$



- Resummed perturbation fails

Karsch hep-lat/0106019



# A non perturbative method for quarkonium near $T_c$

K.Morita, SHL: PRL 100, 022301 (08)

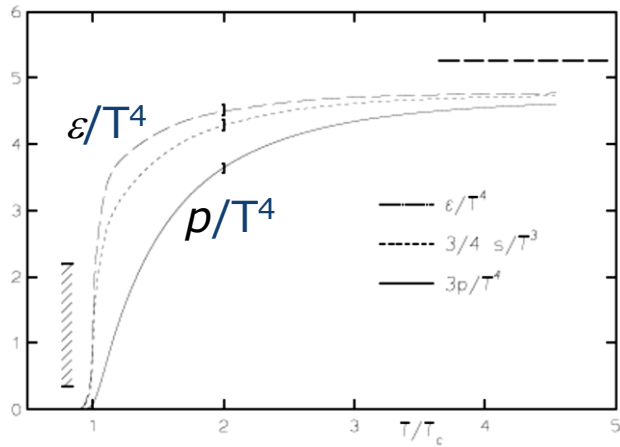
K.Morita, SHL: PRC 77, 064904 (08)

SHL, K. Morita: PRD 79, 011501 (09)

Y.Song, SHL, K.Morita: PRC 79, 014907 (09)

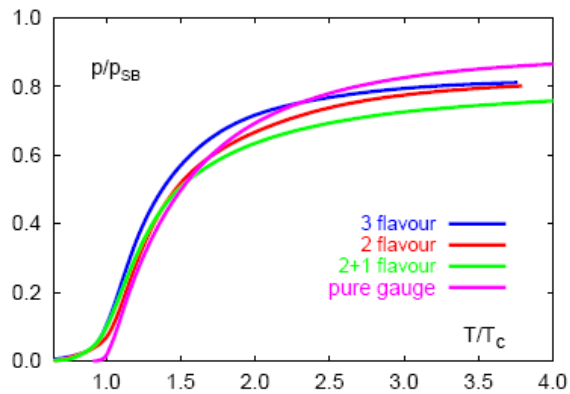
## Gluon field configurations near $T_c$

# Lattice data on $(\epsilon, p)$ near $T_c$

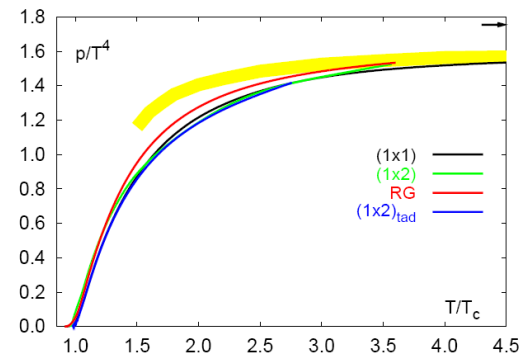


Sudden increase in  $\epsilon$   
Slow increase in  $p$

Lattice result for pure gauge (Boyd et al 96)



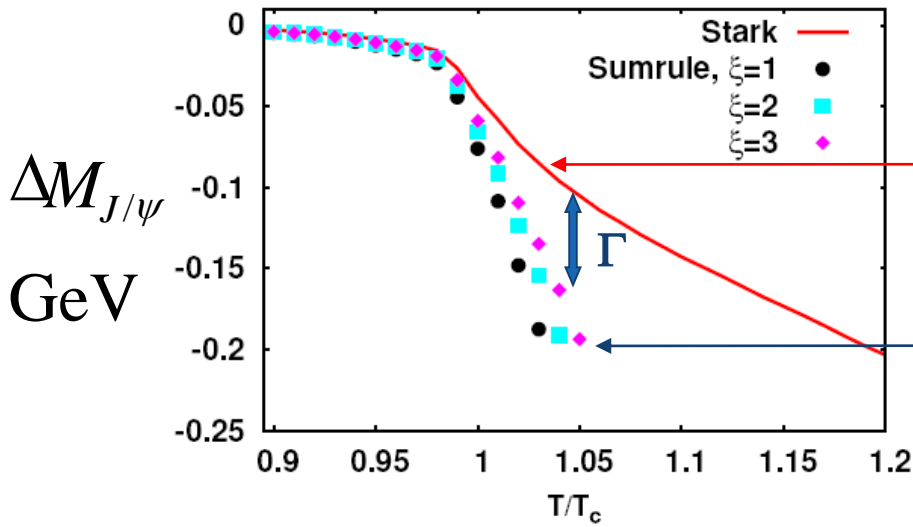
Rescaled pressure (Karsch 01)



Karsch hep-lat/0106019

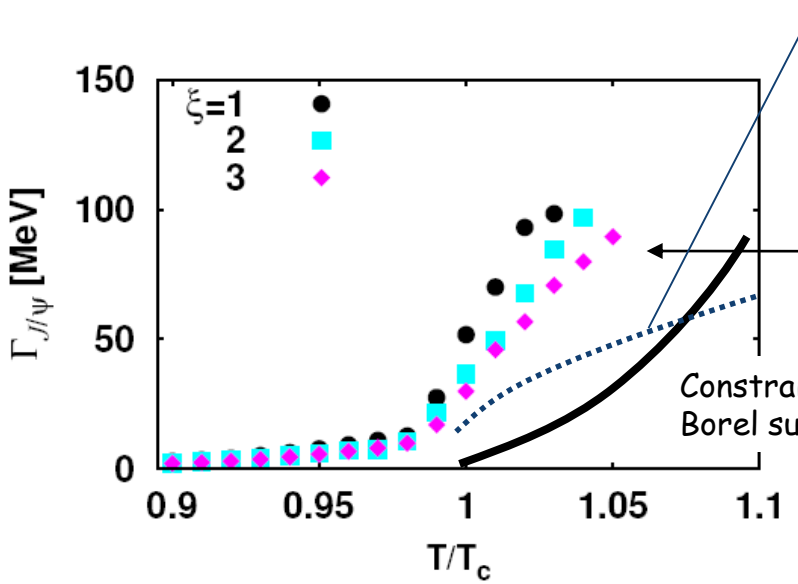


# Mass and width of $J/\psi$ near $T_c$ (Morita, Lee 08, M, L & Song 09)



$\Delta m$  from QCD Stark Effect

QCD sum rule limit with  $\Delta\Gamma = 0$

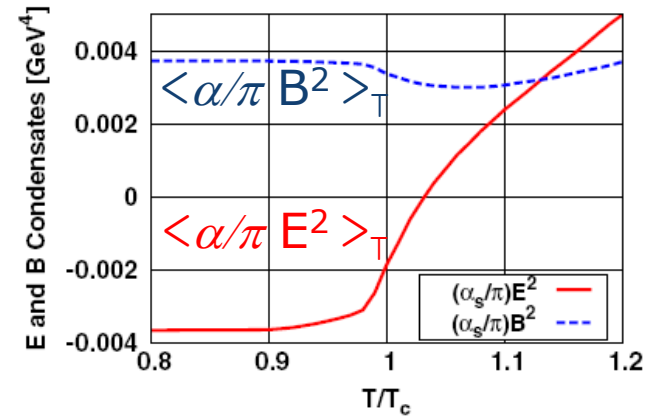
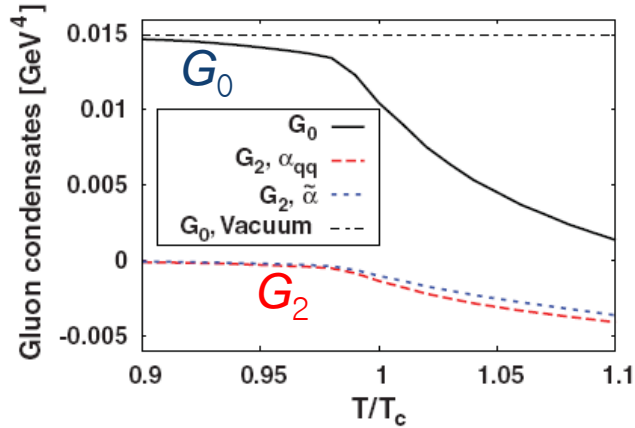


NLO QCD + confine-model

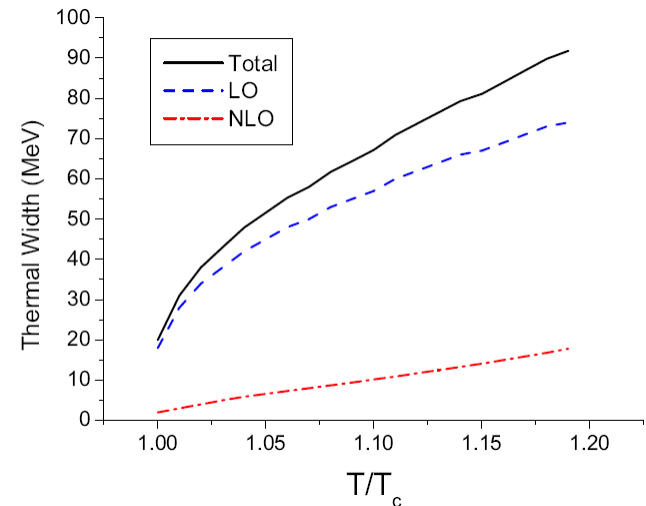
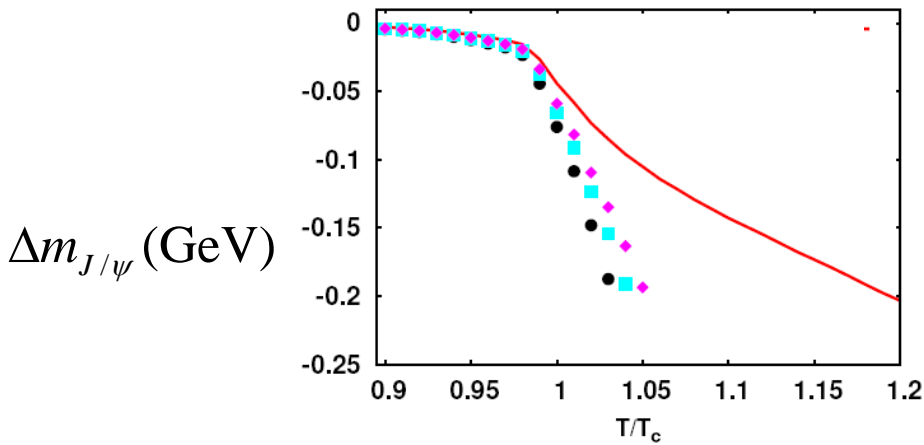
$\Gamma = \text{constraint} - \Delta m$  (Stark effect)

# Summary of analysis

- Due to the sudden change of condensate near  $T_c$

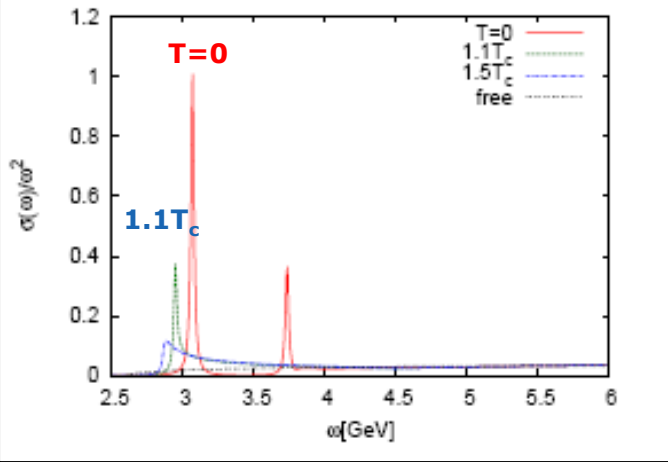


- Abrupt changes for mass and width near  $T_c$



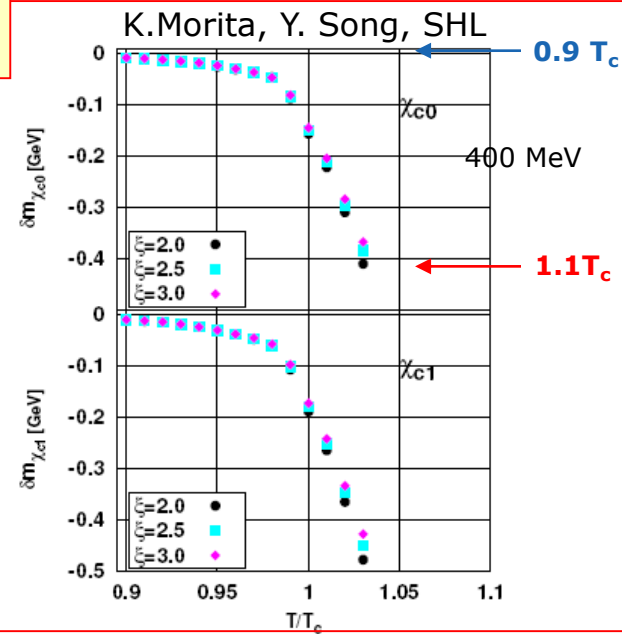
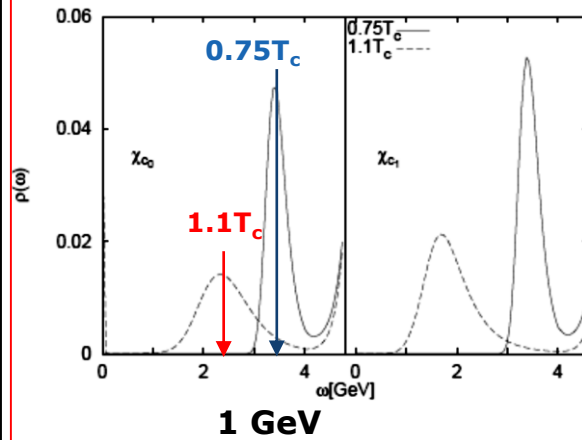
# Comparison to other approach

## Mocsy, Petreczky



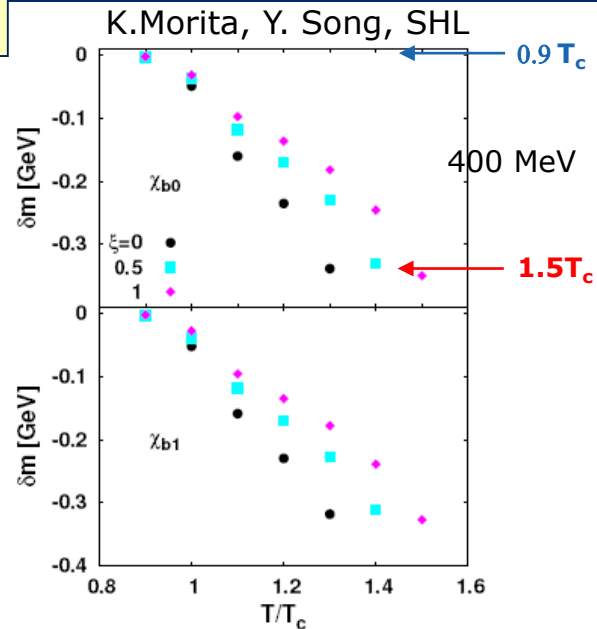
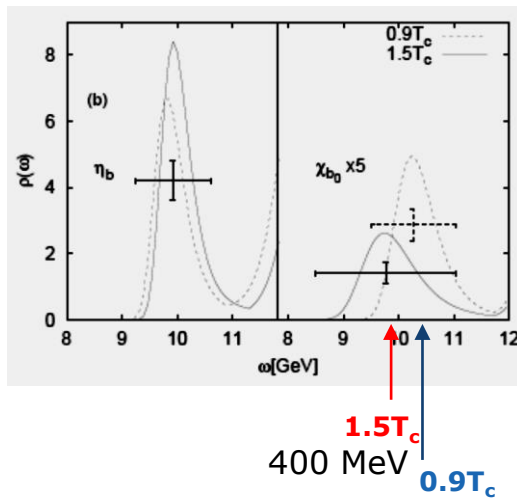
## $\chi_c$ state from lattice

Karsch et al.



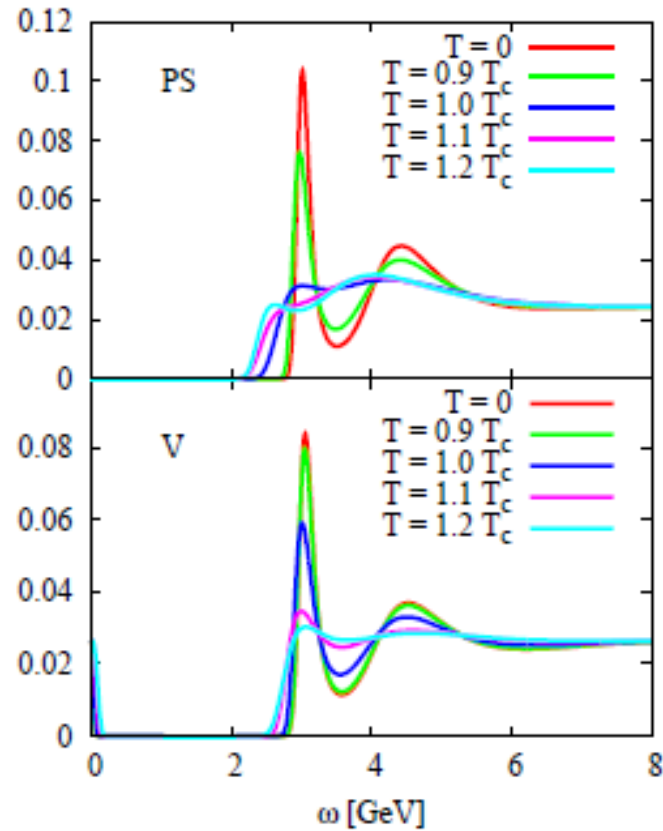
## $\chi_b$ state from lattice

Karsch et al.



# Gubler, Morita, Oka (2011)

- QCD OPE + MEM

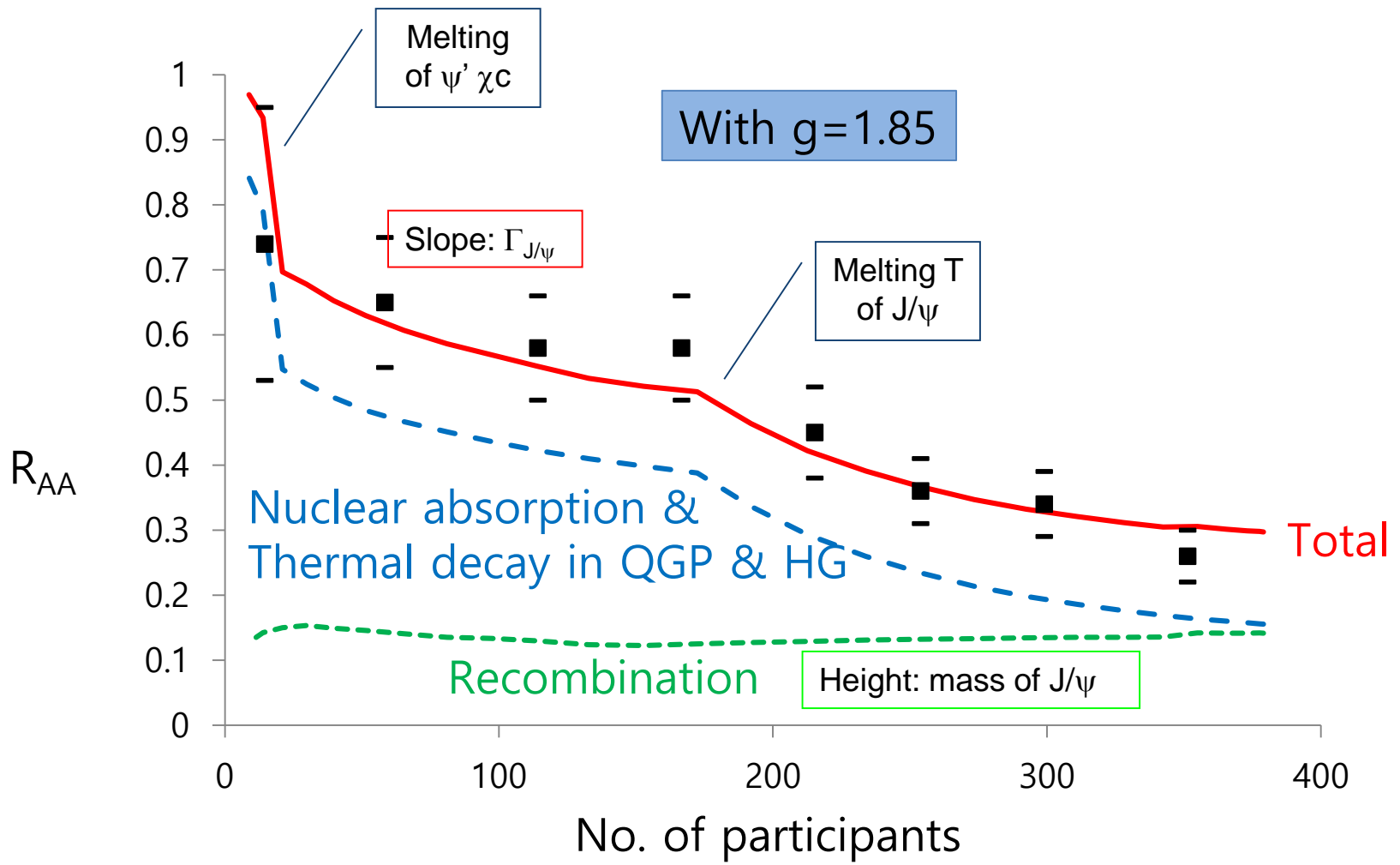


# $R_{AA}$ and $v_2$ of Charmonium

T. Song, W. Park, SHL : Phys. Rev. C **81, 034914 (2010)**

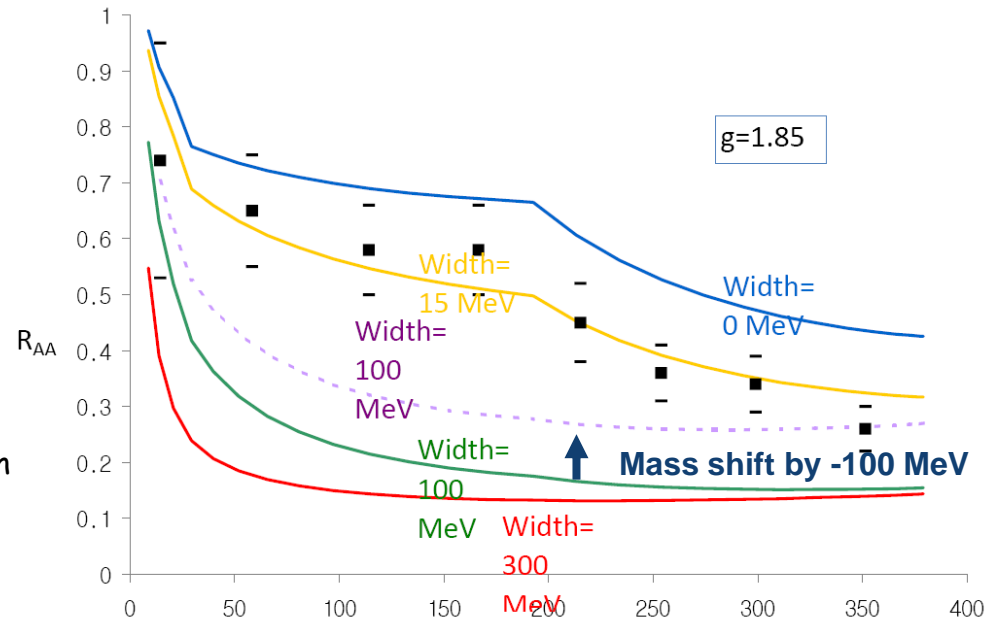
T. Song, C. M. Ko, SHL, Jun Xu : Phys. Rev. C **83, 014914 (2011)**

T. Song, C. M. Ko, K. Han, SHL: in preparation

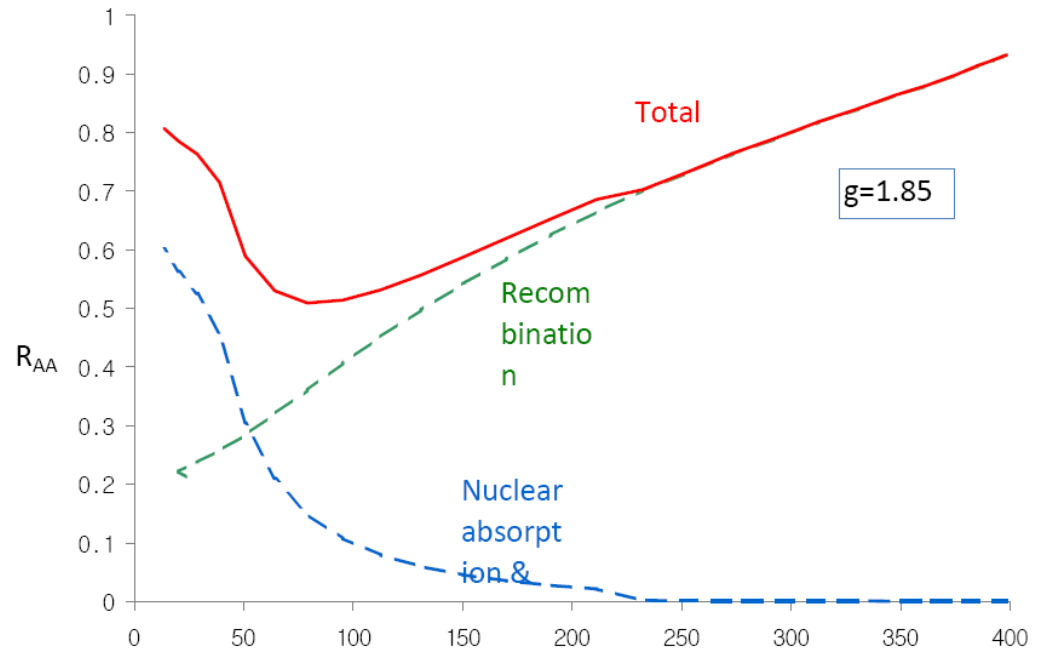


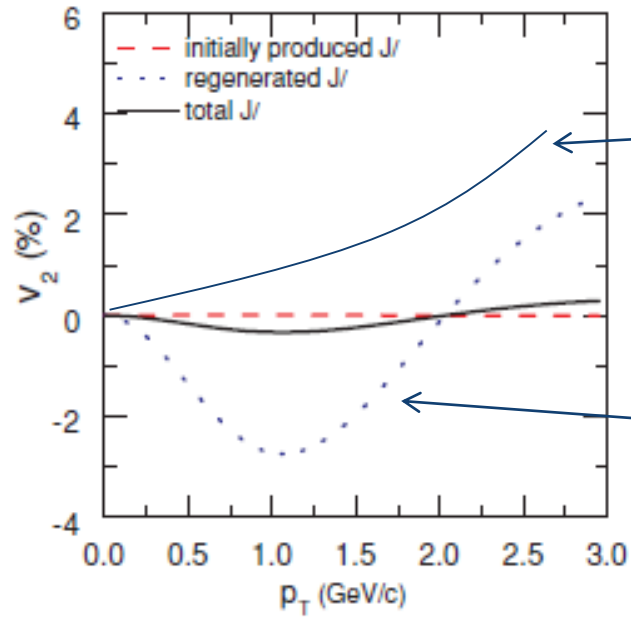
- Effects of width and mass

Assumed recombination effect to be the same



- At LHC





Hydro +  $c\bar{c}$  conservation

Thermal + flow

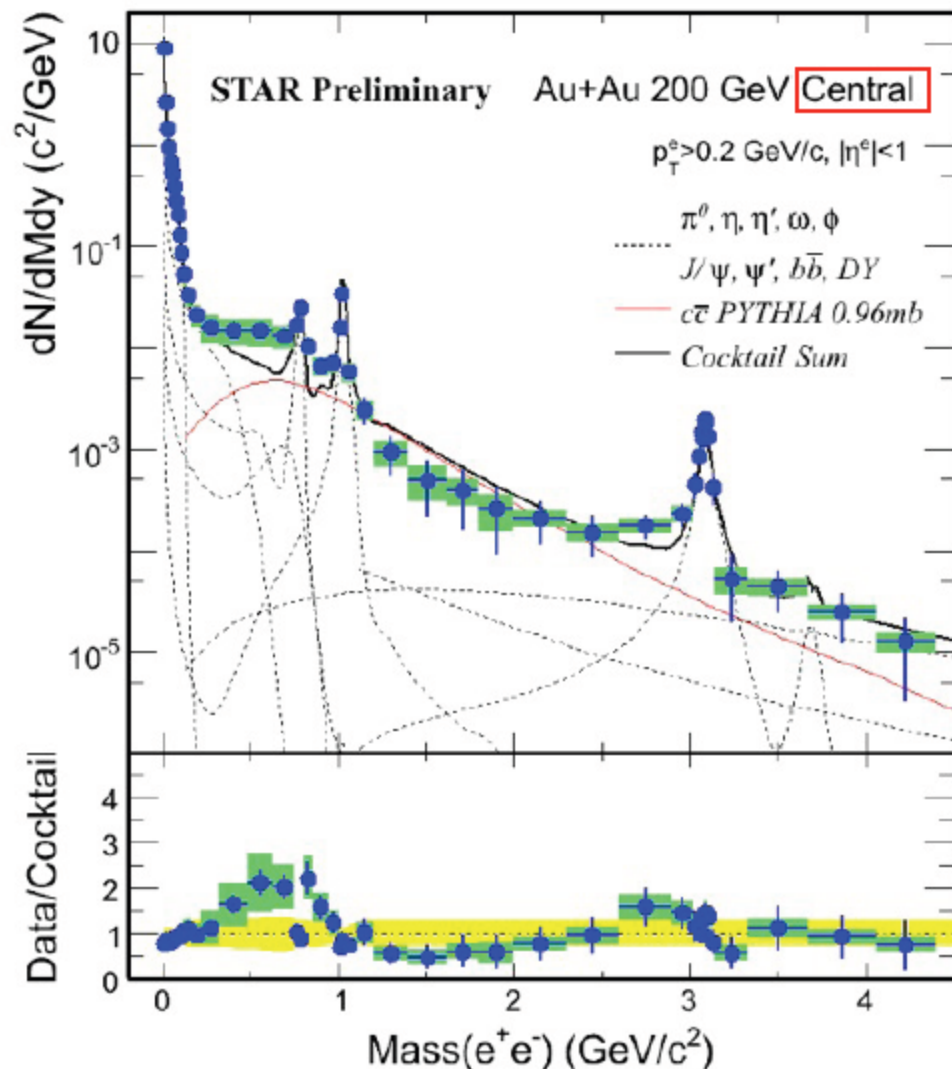


From QM 2011

No analysis yet !!

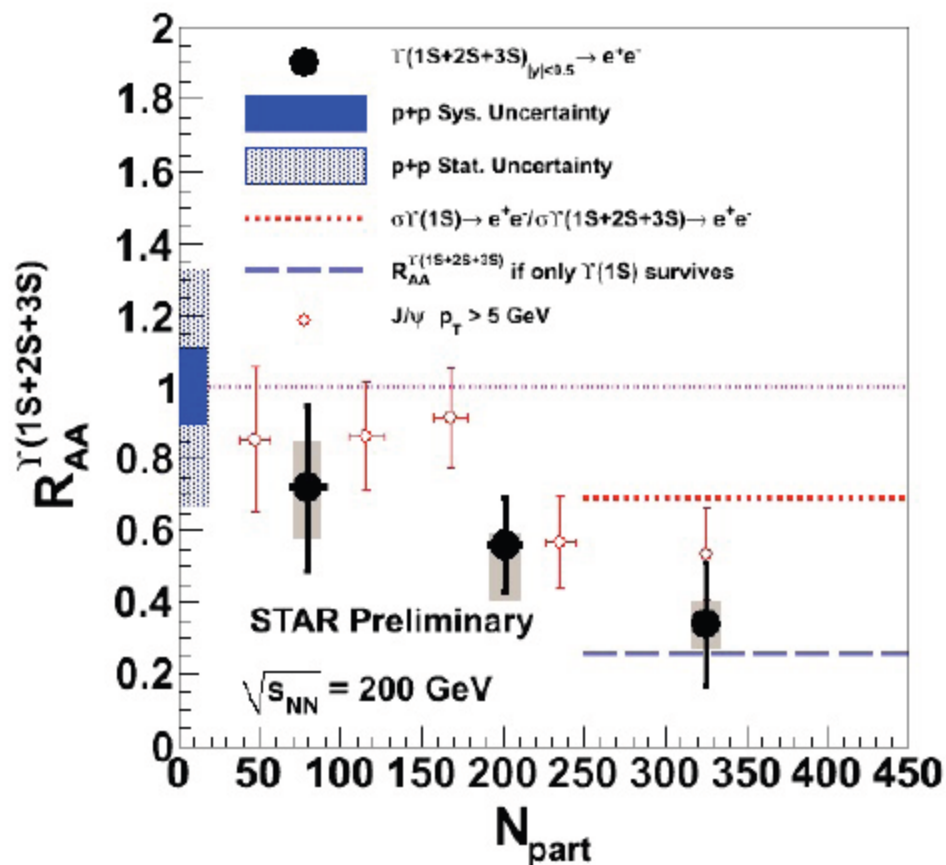
# Di-electron spectrum in Au+Au

Jie Zhao, Thu/26 15:40



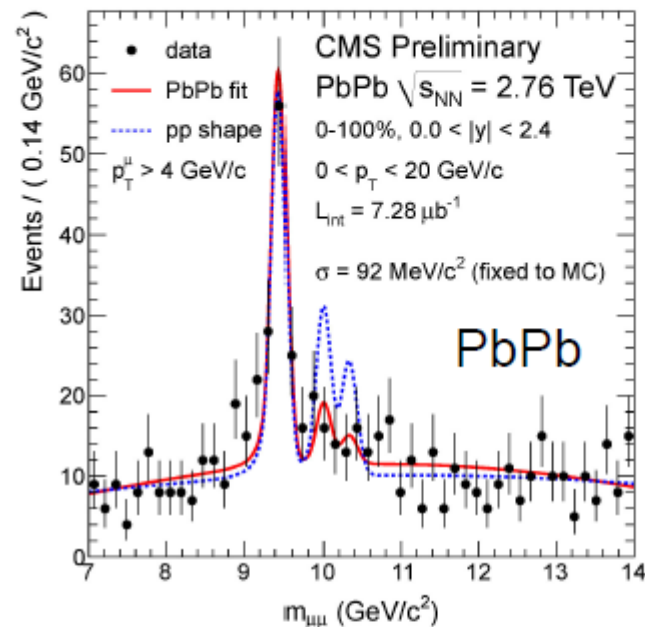
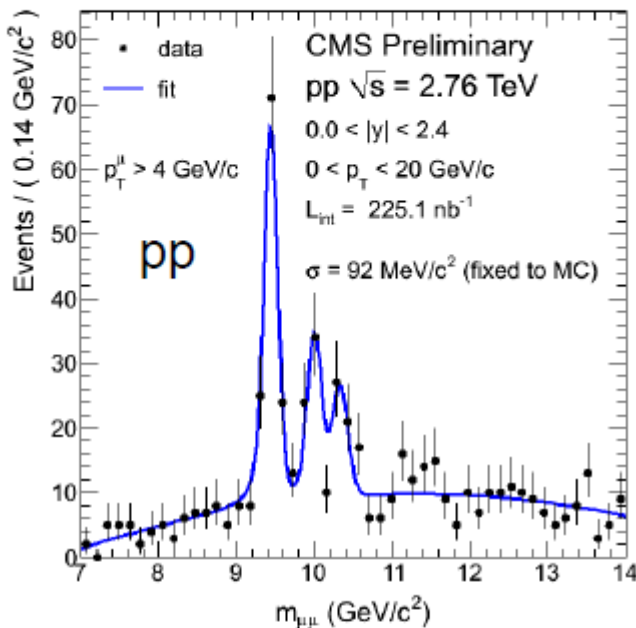
- Enhancement in low mass region at central 0-10%
  - $\rho$  contribution not included in the cocktail
  - In-medium modification of  $\rho$  ?
- Charm contribution from PYTHIA  $\times N_{\text{bin}}$  (0.96 mb) overestimate the data at intermediate mass region
  - modification of charm ?
  - thermal radiation ?

Rosi Reed, poster board 48, Thu/26



- $\Upsilon(1S+2S+3S)$  suppression at central collisions
  - Similar suppression with high  $p_T$   $J/\psi$
- First measurement of  $\Upsilon$  suppression
- Statistical uncertainty will be improved by more than a factor of 2
  - $\times 3$  in p+p 2009
  - $\times 2$  in Au+Au 2011

# Suppression of excited $\Upsilon$ states



$$\Upsilon(2S+3S)/\Upsilon(1S)|_{pp} = 0.78^{+0.16}_{-0.14} \pm 0.02$$

$$\Upsilon(2S+3S)/\Upsilon(1S)|_{PbPb} = 0.24^{+0.13}_{-0.12} \pm 0.02$$

$$\frac{\Upsilon(2S+3S)/\Upsilon(1S)|_{PbPb}}{\Upsilon(2S+3S)/\Upsilon(1S)|_{pp}} = 0.31^{+0.19}_{-0.15} \pm 0.03$$

- Excited states  $\Upsilon(2S,3S)$  relative to  $\Upsilon(1S)$  are suppressed
- Probability to obtain measured value, or lower, if the real double ratio is unity, has been calculated to be less than 1%

Z. Hu (TODAY), C. Silvestre (Fri)

# Cornell Potential

TABLE II.  $c\bar{c}$  bound states in naive model, and their properties. Parameters used are  $m_c = 1.84$  GeV,  $a = 2.34$  GeV $^{-1}$ , and  $\kappa = 0.52$ .

State	Mass (GeV)	$\Gamma_{ee}$ (keV) <sup>b</sup>	$\left\langle \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right\rangle$	$\langle r^2 \rangle^{1/2}$ (fm)	Candidate
1S	3.095 <sup>a</sup>	4.8	0.20	0.47	$\psi(3095)$
1P	3.522 <sup>a</sup>		0.20	0.74	$\chi_{0,1,2}(3522 \pm 5)$
2S	3.684 <sup>a</sup>	2.1	0.24	0.96	$\psi'(3684)$
1D	3.81		0.23	1.0	$\psi'(3772)$ <sup>c</sup>
3S	4.11	1.5	0.30	1.3	$\psi(4028)$
2D	4.19		0.29	1.35	$\psi(4160)$ <sup>d</sup>
4S	4.46	1.1	0.35	1.7	$\psi(4414)$
5S	4.79	0.8	0.40	2.0	

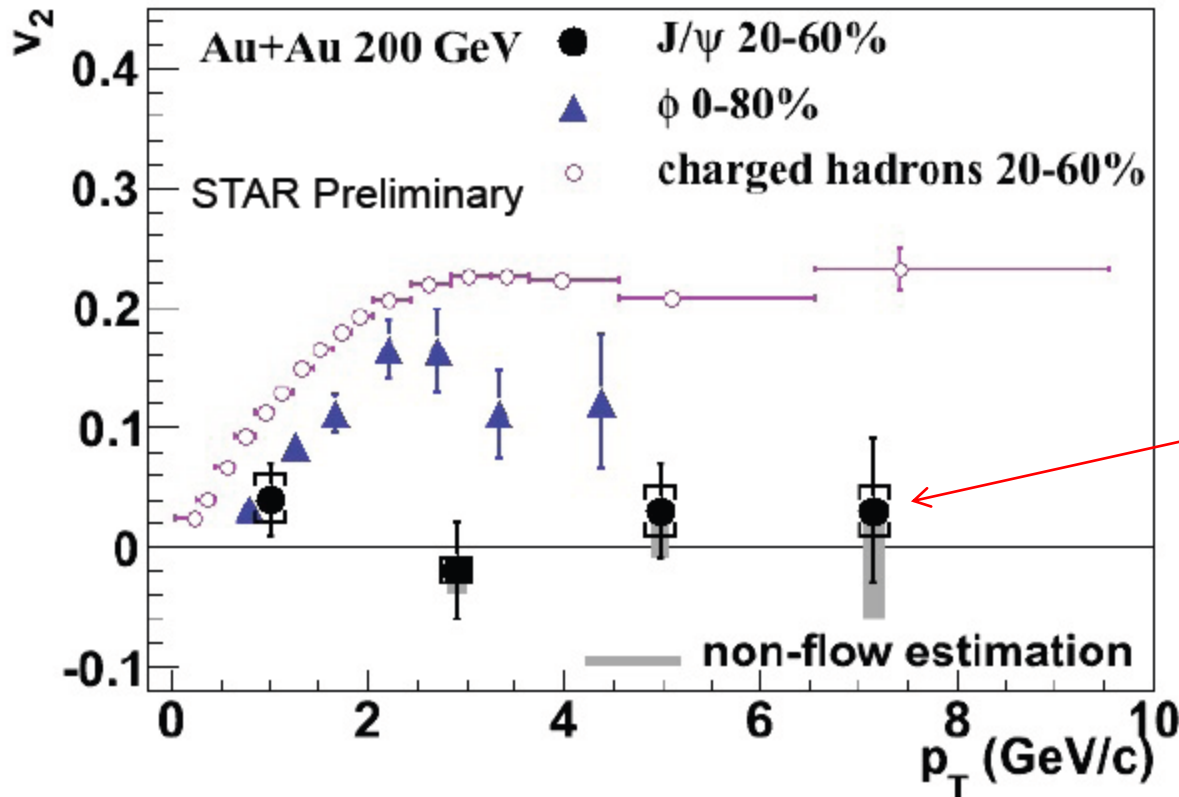
TABLE IV. Naive-model  $b\bar{b}$  bound states and their properties. Parameters used are  $m_b = 5.17$  GeV,  $a = 2.34$  GeV $^{-1}$ , and  $\kappa = 0.52$ .

State	Eigenvalue (MeV)	Mass (GeV)	$\Gamma_{ee}$ <sup>b</sup> (keV)	$\left\langle \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right\rangle$	$\langle r^2 \rangle^{1/2}$ (fm)
1S	0	9.46 <sup>a</sup>	1.25	0.096	0.20
1P	498	9.96		0.065	0.39
2S	591	10.05	0.45	0.076	0.48
1D	747	10.20		0.067	0.53
2P	852	10.31		0.076	0.64
3S	936	10.40	0.31	0.085	0.72
2D	1040	10.50		0.080	0.75
3P	1135	10.60			
4S	1213	10.67	0.25	0.097	0.92
3D	1292	10.75			
5S	1455	10.92			
6S	1675	11.14			

<sup>a</sup> Input.

# J/ψ v<sub>2</sub>

charged hadrons, STAR, *PRL*93, 252301 (2004)  
 φ, STAR, *PRL*99, 112301 (2007)



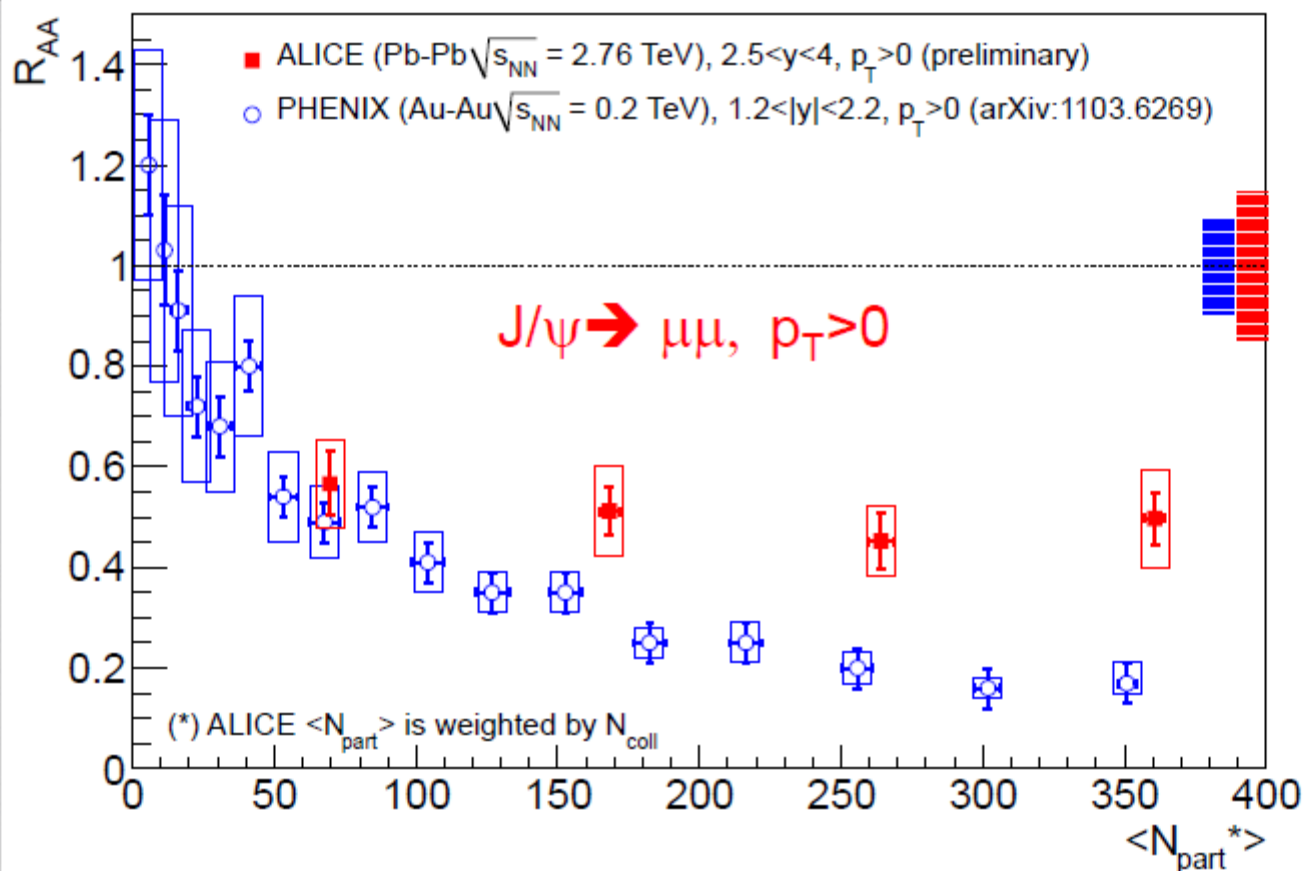
Hao Qiu, poster  
 board 60, Thu/26

Zebo Tang, Tue/24  
 15:40

No regeneration  
 → too much suppression?  
 → mass shift

- $J/\psi$   $v_2 \sim 0$  up to  $p_T \sim 8$  GeV/c in mid-central 20-60%
- ➔ Disfavors coalescence from thermalized charm quarks

# J/ψ R<sub>AA</sub> 0.2 / 2.76 TeV



J/ψ R<sub>AA</sub> larger at LHC ( $2.5 < y < 4$ ) than at RHIC ( $1.2 < |y| < 2.2$ );  
 Similar as RHIC ( $|y| < 0.35$ ), except for the most central bin;  
 $dN_{ch}/d\eta(N_{part})^{LHC} \sim 2.1 \times dN_{ch}/d\eta(N_{part})^{RHIC}$  (A. Toia talk).

# Summary

1. Deconfinement  $\rightarrow$  Potential  $\rightarrow$  Quarkonium masses
2. Abrupt changes for quarkonium masses
3. Looking forward to  $R_{AA}$ ,  $v_2$  charmonium bottomonium ratio and finer mass resolution from RHIC and LHC
4. production inside a nucleus at FAIR and



심광숙 선생님, 더욱 건강하시고 계속 뵙기를 바랍니다.



# References

1. Finite temperature lattice: Karsch: arXiv:0711.0661, 0711.0656, 0710.0354, Kaczmarek et al. PRD 70, 074505
2. Sum rule method at finite T:  
[https://wiki.bnl.gov/qpg/index.php/Sum\\_rule\\_approach](https://wiki.bnl.gov/qpg/index.php/Sum_rule_approach)
3. J/psi formal: Hashimoto et al. PRL 57,2123 (1986), Matsui and Satz, PLB 178, 416 (1986), Asakawa, Hatsuda PRL 92, 012001 (2004), Morita, Lee, PRL 100,022301, Mocsy, Petreczky, PRL, 99, 211602 (2007)
4. J/Psi Phenomenology: Gazszicki, Gorenstein, PRL 83, 4009 (1999) , PBM , J. Stachel, PLB490, 196 (2000), Andronic et al. arXiv::nucl-th/0611023, Grandchamp and Rapp, NPA 709, 415 (2002), Yan, Zhuang, Xu, PRL,97,232301 (2006), Song, Park, Lee arXiv: 1002.1884
5. J/psi in medium, Brodsky et al. PRL 64,1011 (1990) , Lee, nucl-th/0310080,