Welkom in het CERN

6-7 februari 2023





Jorgen D'Hondt



Steven Lowette



Michael Tytgat

Short CV – Michael Tytgat





Koninklijk Atheneum Kortrijk (math/science)

1991-1995: Cand/Lic. in Physics 1995-2001: PhD in Physics (hep-ex)

2001-2010: FWO Postdoctoral Fellow @ UGent

2006-2007: Visiting Scientist @ CERN

2010-2012: Postdoctoral Assistant @ UGent

2012-2022: Research Engineer @ UGent 2016-present: Guest Lecturer @ UMons 2023-present: Guest Professor @ UGent

2023-present: Professor @ VUB



Main research topics @ VUB

- ☐ CMS @CERN
- Phase-2 upgrades (Tracker, Muon-RPC/GEM)
- Searches for BSM through flavor physics studies
- **☐** Future Colliders (FCC/ILC)
- Detector R&D (e.g. gaseous for muons, calorimeters)
- Heavy flavor physics studies
- Non-HEP applications of Muon Radiography
- Main interest in geoscience & archaeology

Research History

- ☐ Virtual Compton Scattering below π-threshold @MAMI: 1994-1997
- ☐ HERMES @HERA: 1995-2007
- Exclusive vector meson production
- Ring Imaging Cherenkov detector
- Recoil detector, including project management
- ☐ CMS @CERN: 2006-present
- Established CMS@UGent in 2007 and co-leading team since then
- Muon-RPC since 2007
- Muon-GEM since 2009 (co-founder of CMS-GEM project)
- BSM physics searches
- Numerous level-1 & 2 management positions within CMS Muons
- □ RD51 R&D on Micro-Pattern Gaseous Detectors: 2009-present
- GEMs, Thick-GEMs, Fast Timing Micropattern Gaseous detectors
- ☐ CALICE R&D on Calorimetry for Future Colliders: 2009-present
- Semi-Digital Hadron Calorimeter development
- ☐ Muon Radiography: 2017-present
- Muraves @ Vesuvius volcano
- SciDEP @ Egyptian Pyramids
- Belgian Portable Muoscope project



What is CERN about?

- CERN
 - Original meaning: Conseil Européen pour la Recherche Nucléaire
 - Current meaning: European Organization for Nuclear Research
- CERN's mission



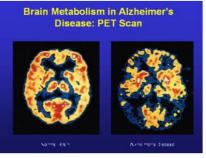
- C → International Collaboration, i.e. unite people from different countries and cultures
- E → Education and knowledge sharing, i.e. train scientists and engineers of tomorrow
- R → Fundamental Research, i.e. push back the frontiers of knowledge, e.g. secrets of the Big Bang, what was matter like within the first moments of the Universe's existence ?
- N → New technologies for accelerators and detectors; information technology (the Web and the GRID); medicine diagnosis and therapy
- CERN has particle accelerators and many experiments to discover and study the building blocks of the universe
- CERN is an open laboratory, with certain constraints and regulations
- Every year, ~ 130 000 people visit CERN













Short History of CERN

- 1949: first steps towards civilian research in nuclear technology; CERN origins: putting Europe back on the research map in the post-WOII era
- 1952: foundation of CERN under auspices of UNESCO
- 1953: CERN charter is signed
- 1954: completion of the ratification by 12 founding states (including Belgium); start of the construction: CERN began to materialize
- 1957: CERN's first accelerator: the synchrocyclotron
- 1959: the Proton Synchrotron (PS) starts up
- 1971: first proton collisions: Intersecting Storage Rings
- 1976: Super Proton Synchrotron (SPS) starts up
- 1983: W and Z bosons are discovered
- 1989: first injection in the Large Electron Positron collider (LEP)
- 1990: first web site and server are up
- 2008: Large Hadron Collider (LHC) starts up
- 2012: ATLAS&CMS experiments observe a particle consistent with the Brout-Englert-Higgs boson













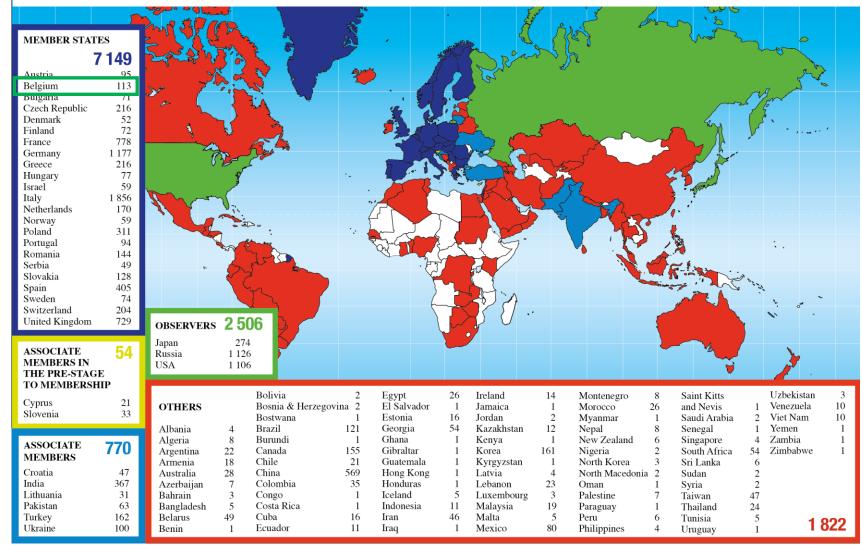


CERN Users



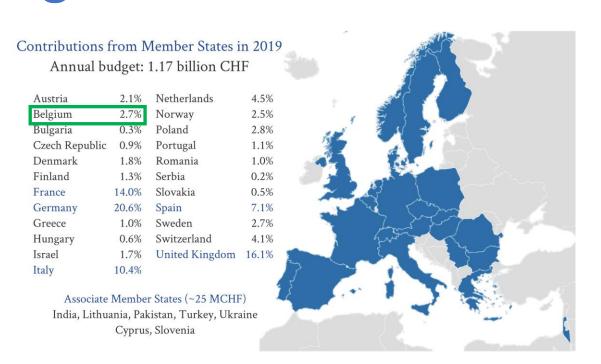
- ~3000 people employed by CERN: physicists, engineers, computer scientists, mathematicians, technicians, secretaries, fire brigade, health & safety experts, security, etc
- >10000 physicists from all over the world associated with CERN

Distribution of All CERN Users by Nationality on 27 January 2020



Belgium in CERN





Experiments	Participating Belgian Institutes
CMS	Ghent University KU Leuven Université catholique de Louvain (UCL) Université Libre de Bruxelles (ULB) Université de Mons Universiteit Antwerpen Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB)
ISOLDE Facility (mutiple experiments)	Ghent University KU Leuven Belgian Nuclear Research Center (SCK-CEN) Université Libre de Bruxelles (ULB)
nTOF Collaboration	Joint Research Center (JRC) (IRMM)
NA62	Université catholique de Louvain (UCL)

- Belgium as founding member of CERN
- Belgian physicist Léon van Hove as Director-General of CERN (1976-1980)
- Main past/present experimental contributions include experiments with neutrino beams, the electron-positron collider, the large hadron collider and nuclear physics experiments at ISOLDE facility
- <u>Today's main focus of HEP Belgium at CERN on CMS@LHC</u>: construction of forward silicon tracker, forward RPC and GEM muon systems & CASTOR forward calorimeter; CMS Tier-2 center @ VUB/UCLouvain; numerous data reconstruction algorithms and physics analyses

CMS Experiment





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PHYSICISTS

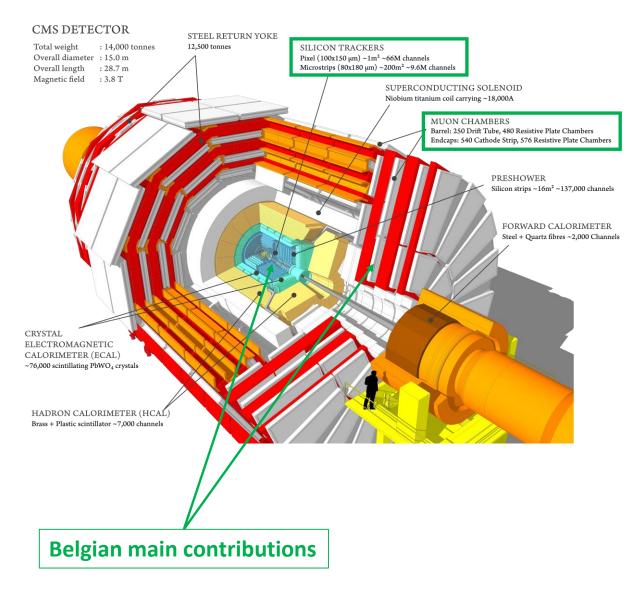
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282

247

57





6-7 Feb, 2023 VUB CERN Visit

Now Go and Explore!



Taking photographs is allowed everywhere, i.e. at any place where you are allowed to go ©

Social media: #CERN, #CMSExperiment, #WeAreVUB ...

Don't hesitate to ask questions!

CERN Information: www.cern.ch
CERN TV: www.youtube.com/cern

CMS Information: cms.cern

CMS Social Media:

<u>www.facebook.com/CMSexperiment</u> <u>twitter.com/CMSexperiment</u> www.youtube.com/watch?v=S99d9BQmGB0

www.instagram.com/cmsexperiment/

«Magic does not happen here, magic is being explained» (Tom Hanks, during his visit to CERN in 2009 for the Angels and Demons movie)

