

# “Introduction to EIC 2<sup>nd</sup> Detector”

*EIC 2<sup>nd</sup> detector: vision and path to realization*

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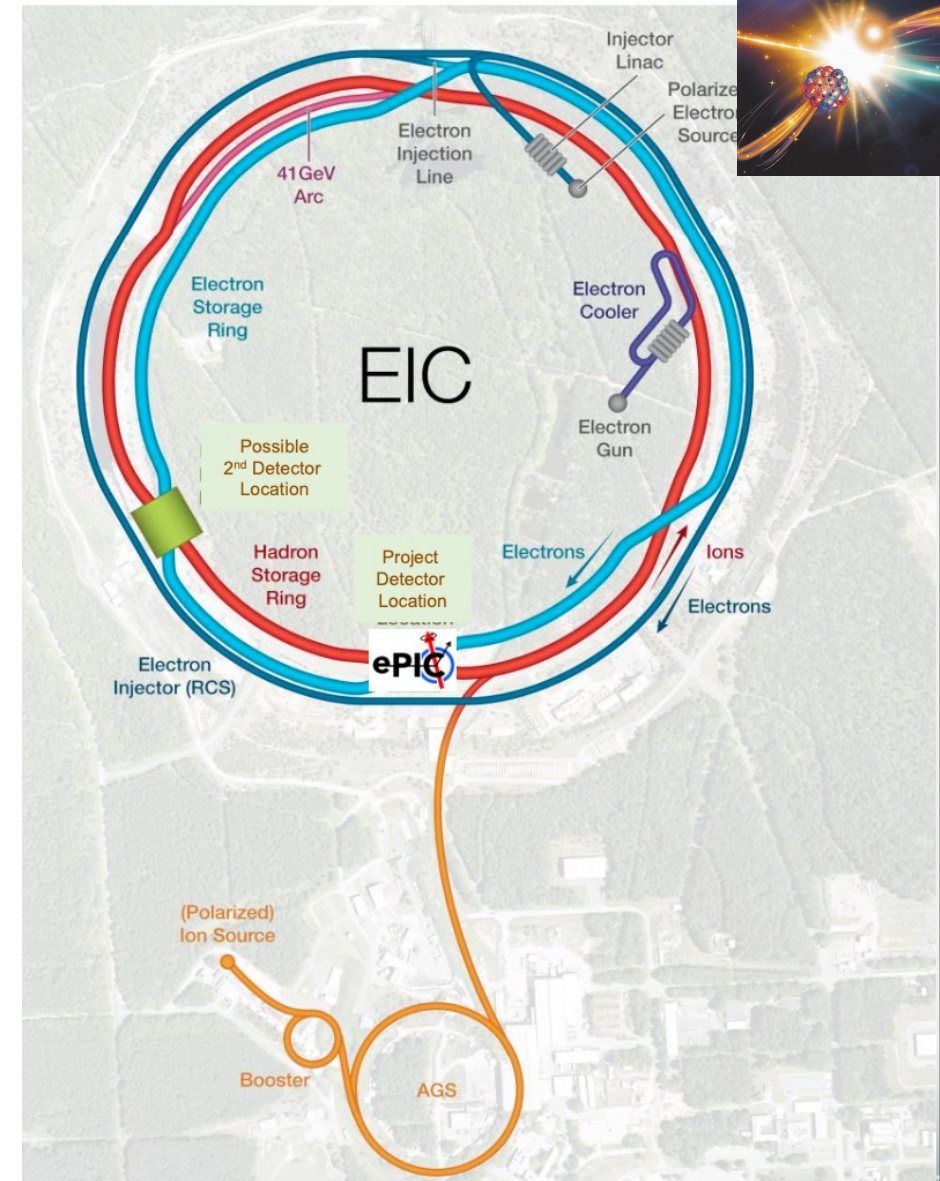
# Electron Ion Collider Project: Accelerator & ~70% 1<sup>st</sup> detector

## Physics of EIC → Elements of CD0 (Science Need) from DOE

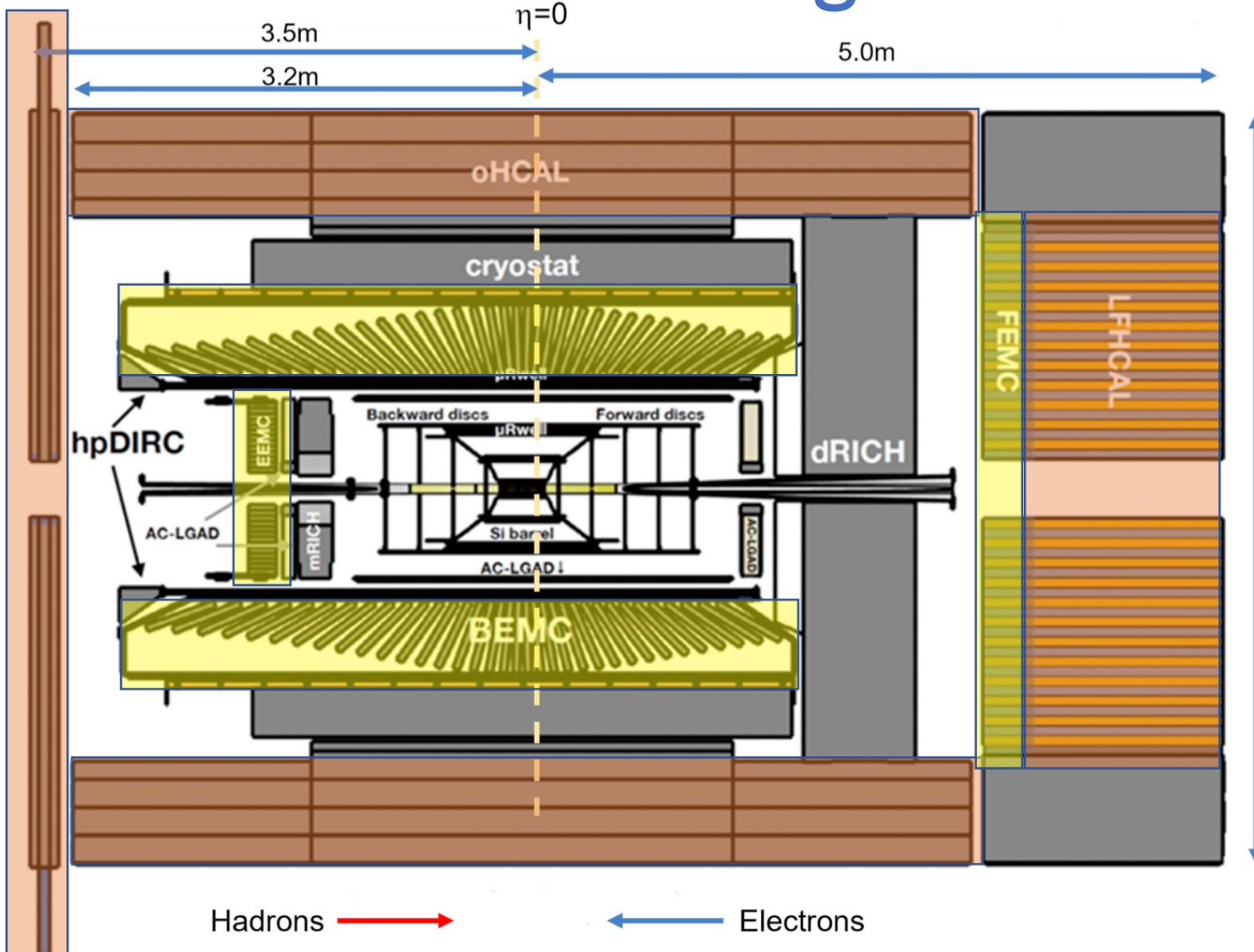
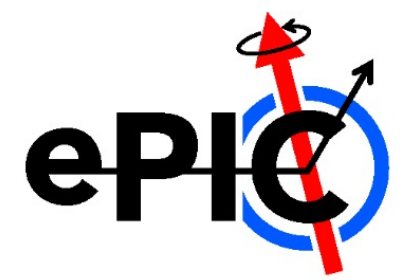
- Emergence of Spin
- Emergence of Mass
- Physics of high-density gluon fields

## Machine Design Parameters:

- High luminosity: up to  $10^{33}$ - $10^{34}$   $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{sec}^{-1}$ 
  - a factor ~100-1000 times HERA
- Broad range in center-of-mass energy: ~20-140 GeV
- Polarized beams e<sup>-</sup>, p, and light ion beams with flexible spin patterns/orientation
- Broad range in hadron species: protons.... Uranium
- Up to two detectors well-integrated detector(s) into the machine lattice



# ePIC Detector Design



## Tracking:

- New 1.7T solenoid
- Si MAPS Tracker
- MPGDs ( $\mu$ RWELL/ $\mu$ Megas)

## PID:

- hpDIRC
- pfRICH
- dRICH
- AC-LGAD ( $\sim 30$ ps TOF)

## Calorimetry:

- Imaging Barrel EMCal
- PbWO<sub>4</sub> EMCal in backward direction
- Finely segmented EMCal +HCal in forward direction
- Outer HCal (sPHENIX re-use)
- Backwards HCal (tail-catcher)

Hadrons  $\rightarrow$   $\leftarrow$  Electrons

# Value of more than 1 detector



# Two documents: with overlapping arguments



Ent and Milner et al for the EICUG SC

JLAB-PHY-23-3761

## Motivation for Two Detectors at a Particle Physics Collider

Paul D. Grannis\* and Hugh E. Montgomery†

(Dated: March 27, 2023)

It is generally accepted that it is preferable to build two general purpose detectors at any given collider facility. We reinforce this point by discussing a number of aspects and particular instances in which this has been important. The examples are taken mainly, but not exclusively, from experience at the Tevatron collider.

arXiv: 2303.08228v2 March 24, 2023

Case for two detectors being made from **Nuclear** and Particle Physics

# History: Discoveries established with more than one detectors in Nuclear Science

- Discovery of gluon : TASSO, JADE, Mark J, and PLUTO @ DESY
- H1 and ZEUS at Rise of  $F_2$  and hence the gluon dominance at low-x
- BRAHMS, PHOBOS, PHENIX and STAR Discovery and establishing the existence of Quark Gluon Plasma
- Measurements at DESY and JLab eventually led to “parton imaging”
- EMC discovered and then SMC/CERN and EXXX/SLAC established nucleon spin crisis (low-x)
- EMC discovered and then NMC established nuclear effects on nucleon PDFs (also low-x)

Two detectors (independent cross checks) builds trust in novel discoveries and prevents historical mistakes

### **Building Trust**

- Quark Gluon Plasma: RHIC Experiments
- Discovery of Top Quark D0/CDF
- Discovery of Higgs Boson: ATLAS and CMS
- Gravitational Waves: LIGO and VIRGO
- Neutrino oscillations

### **Mistakes or misinterpretations:**

- Cold fusion
- 17 KeV neutrinos in Tritium
- Superluminal neutrinos
- Leptoquarks
- Pentaquarks from the 2000's

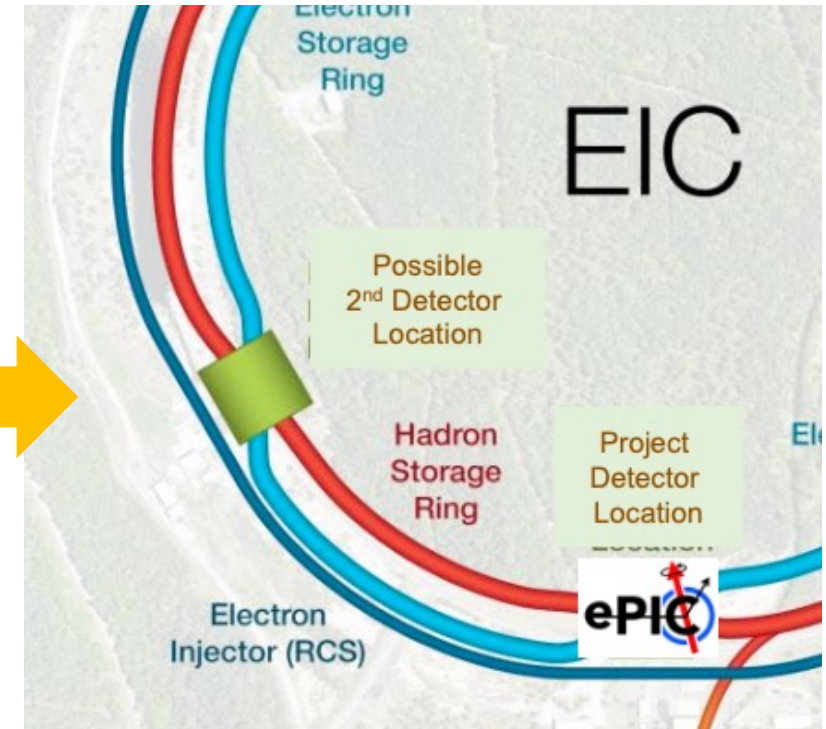
# Complementary detectors : 1 + 1 > 2

More than one detectors with different acceptances, optimizations and technologies:  
**Redundancy, cross-calibration and independent validation** of important results

- Complementary **acceptance** -- confirming or refuting discoveries – studying from different “point of views”
- Complementary **Technologies** – multiple examples of systematic uncertainties improvement due to different Particle ID, Calorimetry, Tracking, magnetic field strengths and orientations.
  - H1/ZEUS, PHENIX/STAR, CDF/D0 and ATLAS/CMS vs. LHCb
  - Very important because most measurements at the EIC expected to be systematics limited
- Impact of different perspectives that **different collaborators** bring to the same problem.
  - **Complementary analyses strategies** build confidence in conclusions



# The 2<sup>nd</sup> detector



NSAC documents talk about possibly ~4 detectors

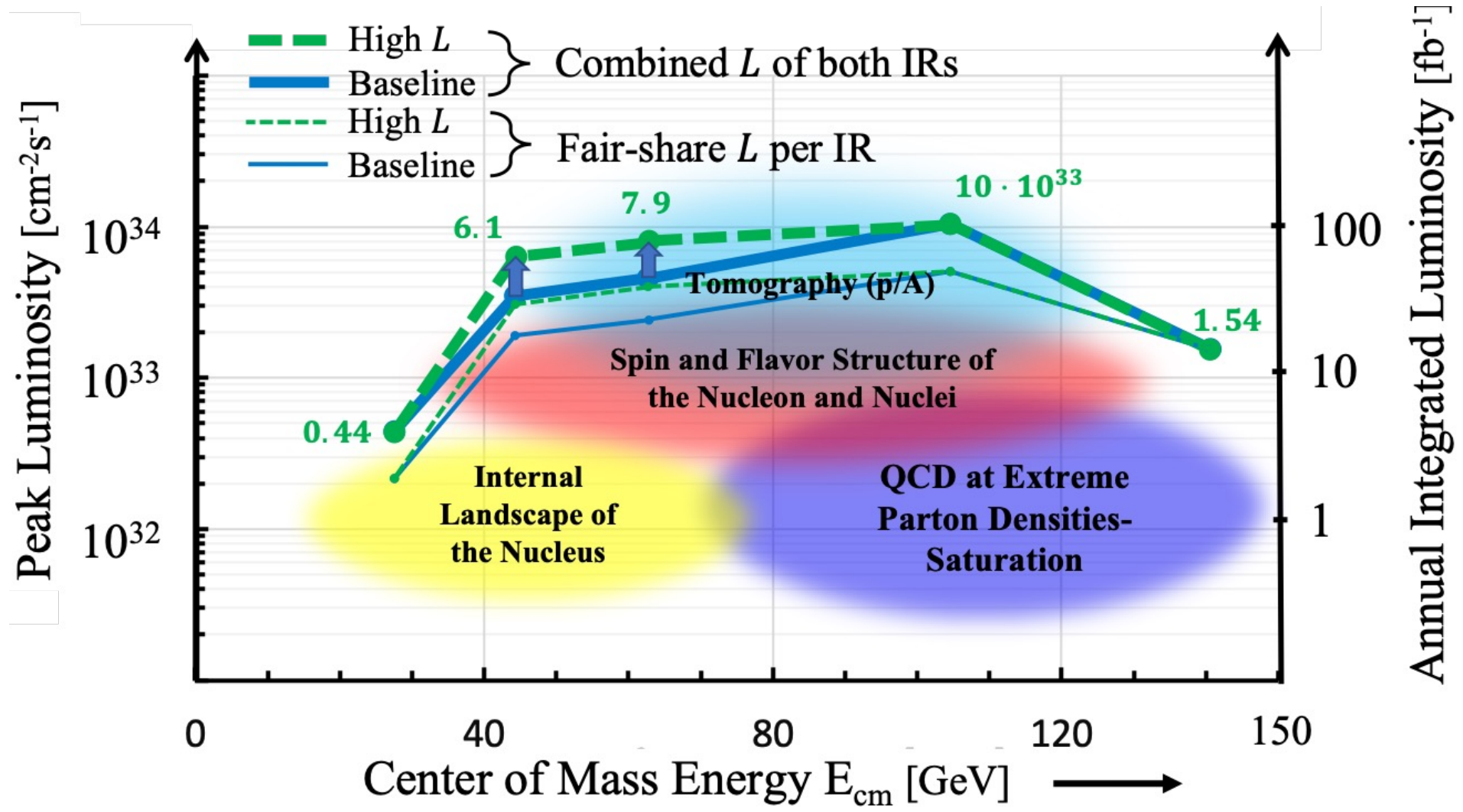
NAS Report: [planning for up to 2 well-integrated detectors](#)

EICUG desires 2 Detectors

EIC Project has 1 Machine, 1 IR and ~1 Detector

[without negating the possibility of the 2<sup>nd</sup> IR/Detector](#)

# Adding IRs : Luminosity gets shared (at beam-beam limit)



EIC project (machine and 1<sup>st</sup> detector) *have to* succeed.....

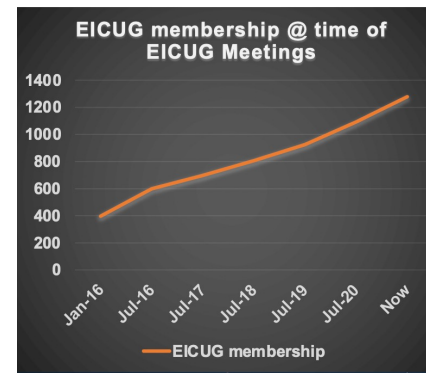
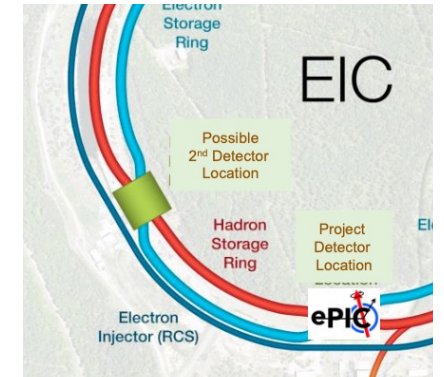
At the same time, we need to sow the seeds for the eventual success of 2<sup>nd</sup> detector

Neither of the above are trivial and hence a balance between them is bound to be challenging.

## Opportunity for more than one detector already exists

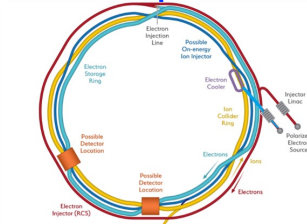
# EIC Layout and International EIC Users Group

- EIC layout **allows for more than one** interaction point
- EIC Users Group is **large & growing**
  - 700 in 2016 to 1400 in 2023 – potential to grow further



- **Have we explored the potential of all countries and subgroups in the UG?**
- **Is there (not) significant potential growth in international contribution?**
- EIC project is charged to keep the possibility of the 2<sup>nd</sup> detector at the EIC

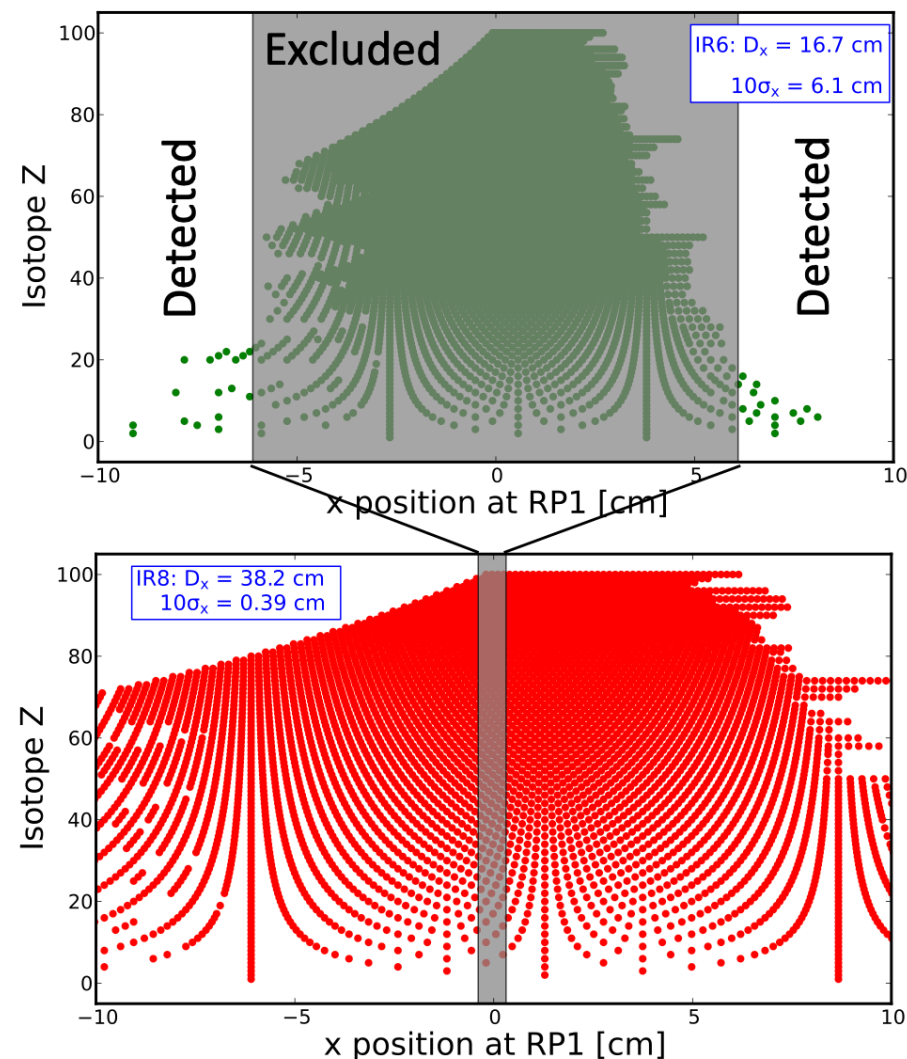
# Opportunity for complementary detector designs or (even) thinking out-of-the-box for different IRs exists!

	<b>1<sup>st</sup> IR (IP-6) ePIC</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> IR (IP-8)</b>
<b>Geometry:</b>	ring <b>inside to outside</b>  tunnel and assembly hall are larger <b>Tunnel: <math>\varnothing</math> 7m +/- 140m</b>	ring outside to inside  tunnel and assembly hall are smaller <b>Tunnel: <math>\varnothing</math> 6.3m to 60m then 5.3m</b>
<b>Crossing Angle:</b>	<b>25 mrad</b>	<b>35 mrad</b> <b>secondary focus</b>
		
	<p>different blind spots</p> <p>different forward detectors and acceptances</p> <p>different acceptance of central detector</p>	
<b>Luminosity:</b>	<p>Optimize Doublet focusing FDD vs. FDF</p> <p>→ impact of far forward <math>p_T</math> acceptance</p>	
<b>Experiment:</b>	<p><b>1.7 Tesla or 3 (?) Tesla solenoidal field? Other field Geometries?</b></p> <p>different subdetector technologies</p>	

## Complementary IR design : impact of 2<sup>nd</sup> "focus"

- Far forward acceptance improves dramatically with the 2<sup>nd</sup> focus.
- Knowing this, what compelling physics topics could one think of?
- Brainstorming beyond (just) this example is needed.

Ion fragments from  $^{238}\text{U}$





## Potential Physics topics beyond Core EPIC detector's mandate exist

### Focus first on Physics beyond the EIC's core (CD0) science

(there will be others: some overlapping, some exclusive due to different IR design)

#### Physics with nucleons and nuclear targets:

- Quark **Exotica**: 4,5,6 quark systems...? Much interest after recent **LHCb** led results.
- **Nuclear Fragments** from light and heavy nuclei : e-A – Connecting to low energy nuclear physics (exotic nuclei), studying the shapes of nuclei and their internal substructure; entanglement, entropy, fragmentation, hadronization and such phenomena

#### Precision electroweak and BSM physics:

- Electroweak physics & searches beyond the SM: **Parity, charge symmetry, lepton flavor violation**
- LHC-EIC Synergies & complementarity: (**muon detectors** were of particular interest)

#### New Studies with proton or neutron target: (mostly overlapping?)

- Impact of precision measurements of unpolarized PDFs at high  $x/Q^2$ , on LHC-Upgrade results(?)
- Precision calculation of  $\alpha_S$  : higher order pQCD calculations, twist 3
- Heavy quark and quarkonia (c, b quarks) studies with 1000 times lumi of HERA (and polarization)

# Vision for the 2<sup>nd</sup> detector: C<sup>2</sup>C

- **Complementary** (IR, detector technologies & design)
  - Continue to explore complementary ready and not-yet-ready technologies
  - Generic detector R&D program – Run through Jlab
- **Complementary** (physics)
  - A significant list of physics topics exists (some-exclusive to 2<sup>nd</sup> IR, some-overlapping): drill down and see which of those can *develop into strong pillars of science for the 2<sup>nd</sup> detector*.
  - New physics developing around the world: we need to monitor constantly
- **Complementary** (people)
  - New **non-US/outside groups** who may bring new interests & funding in future
  - New US groups – **other than** those with significant responsibilities in ePIC

## Path forward to D2 ~2025

- ✓ Focused workshops, detector simulations with new (and some old) physics topics
- ✓ Look at **complementary detector technologies** (to ePIC) and attract (those/new) groups
- ✓ Focused discussions on **new physics topics** to try to make a unique case (at least partially) complementary to ePIC/EIC White Paper
- ✓ **New community** – at least **some new** groups/faces/resources need to take leadership in D2

### Resources:

EICUG → has formed a “task force” and a “theory support” group

Generic detector R&D – supported by DOE administered from JLab & EIC<sup>2</sup> Center

Center for Frontiers in Nuclear Science CFNS @ Stony Brook (& EIC – Theory Institute at BNL)

# Concluding Remarks:

- EIC project's path (Collider and the ePIC) is well understood. **Its success is paramount.**  
*Nothing can obstruct that.*
- 2<sup>nd</sup> detector is essential for completing the Vision of EIC
  - **C<sup>2</sup>C** : Complementary physics, technology and people
- It is time to move forward developing a design and case for the 2<sup>nd</sup> detector:
  - Detailed studies through **series of workshops**, **outreach** and **critical evaluation** for each developing argument
  - **Plan an INT- Program (~3 month) in ~2025** like we had in 2010.



I look forward to supporting the discussions, workshops, and activities of the EICUG