Precision DVCS cross sections and extraction of CFFs

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Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering (DVCS): $\gamma^* \ p \rightarrow \gamma \ p$



 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm High} \ Q^2 \\ {\rm Perturbative} \ {\rm QCD} \end{array}$

Non-perturbative GPDs

Bjorken limit :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Q^2 = & -q^2 \rightarrow & \infty \\ & \nu & \rightarrow & \infty \end{array} \right\} \quad x_B = \frac{Q^2}{2M\nu} \text{ fixed}$$

Introduction

DVCS experimentally: interference with Bethe-Heitler



At leading order in 1/Q (leading twist) :

$$\mathcal{T}^{DVCS} = \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x,\xi,t)}{x-\xi+i\epsilon} + \dots =$$

$$\underbrace{\mathcal{P} \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x,\xi,t)}{x-\xi}}_{x-\xi} - \underbrace{i\pi H(x=\xi,\xi,t)}_{x-\xi+i\epsilon} + \dots$$

Access in helicity-independent cross section

Access in helicity-dependent cross-section

DVCS cross sections: azimuthal analysis





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DVCS cross sections: Q^2 -dependance



No Q^2 -dependance within limited range \Rightarrow leading twist dominance

DVCS cross sections: kinematical power corrections



• KM10a: global fit to HERA x-sec & HERMES + CLAS spin asymmetries Kumericki and Mueller (2010)

DVCS cross sections: kinematical power corrections



- KM10a: global fit to HERA x-sec & HERMES + CLAS spin asymmetries Kumericki and Mueller (2010)
- Target-mass corrections (TMC): $\sim \mathcal{O}(M^2/Q^2)$ and $\sim \mathcal{O}(t/Q^2)$

Braun, Manashov, Mueller and Pirnay (2014)

Rosenbluth-like separation of the DVCS cross section

$$\begin{split} \sigma(ep \to ep\gamma) = \underbrace{|BH|^2}_{\text{Known to} \sim 1\%} + \underbrace{\mathcal{I}(BH \cdot DVCS)}_{\text{Linear combination of GPDs}} + \underbrace{|DVCS|^2}_{\text{Bilinear combination of GPDs}} \\ \mathcal{I} \propto 1/y^3 = (k/\nu)^3, \\ \left|\mathcal{T}^{DVCS}\right|^2 \propto 1/y^2 = (k/\nu)^2 \end{split}$$

BKM-2010 – at leading twist \rightarrow 7 independent GPD terms:

 $\big\{ \Re \mathsf{e}, \Im \mathsf{m} \left[\mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{I}}, \mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{I}, V}, \mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{I}, A} \right] (\mathcal{F}) \big\}, \qquad \text{and} \qquad \mathcal{C}^{DVCS}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F}*).$

 φ -dependence provides 5 independent observables:

$$\sim$$
1, $\sim \cos \varphi$, $\sim \sin \varphi$, $\sim \cos(2\varphi)$, $\sim \sin(2\varphi)$

The measurement of the cross section at two or more beam energies for exactly the same Q^2 , x_B , t kinematics, provides the additional information in order to extract all leading twist observables independently.

DVCS process: leading twist ambiguity

- DVCS defines a preferred axis: light-cone axis
- At finite Q^2 and non-zero t, there is an ambiguity:
 - **1** Belitsky et al. ("BKM", 2002–2010): light-cone axis in plane (q, P)
 - **2** Braun et al. ("BMP", 2014): light-cone axis in plane (q,q')easier to account for kin. corrections $\sim O(M^2/Q^2)$, $\sim O(t/Q^2)$

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{F}_{++} &= & \mathbb{F}_{++} + \frac{\chi}{2} \left[\mathbb{F}_{++} + \mathbb{F}_{-+} \right] - \chi_0 \mathbb{F}_{0+} \\ \mathcal{F}_{-+} &= & \mathbb{F}_{-+} + \frac{\chi}{2} \left[\mathbb{F}_{++} + \mathbb{F}_{-+} \right] - \chi_0 \mathbb{F}_{0+} \\ \mathcal{F}_{0+} &= & -(1+\chi) \mathbb{F}_{0+} + \chi_0 \left[\mathbb{F}_{++} + \mathbb{F}_{-+} \right] \end{split} \right\} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{F}_{-+} = 0} \begin{cases} \mathcal{F}_{++} &= (1+\frac{\chi}{2}) \mathbb{F}_{++} \\ \mathcal{F}_{-+} &= \frac{\chi}{2} \mathbb{F}_{++} \\ \mathcal{F}_{0+} &= \chi_0 \mathbb{F}_{++} \end{cases} \\ (\text{eg. } \chi_0 = 0.25, \ \chi = 0.06 \text{ for } Q^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2, \ x_B = 0.36, \ t = -0.24 \text{ GeV}^2) \end{split}$$

E07-007: DVCS beam-energy dependence

• Cross section measured at 2 beam energies and constant Q^2 , x_B , t



• Leading-twist and LO simultaneous fit of both beam energies (dashed line) does not reproduce the data

Light-cone axis in the (q,q') **plane (Braun et al.)**: \mathbb{H}_{++} , \mathbb{H}_{++} , \mathbb{E}_{++} , \mathbb{E}_{++}

Beyond Leading Order (LO) and Leading Twist (LT)

Two fit-scenarios:

Light-cone axis in the (q,q') plane (Braun et al.)

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{LO}/\mathsf{LT} + \mathsf{HT} \\ \mathbb{H}_{++}, \, \widetilde{\mathbb{H}}_{++}, \, \mathbb{H}_{0+}, \, \widetilde{\mathbb{H}}_{0+} \end{array}$



 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{LO}/\mathsf{LT} + \mathsf{NLO} \\ \mathbb{H}_{++}, \, \widetilde{\mathbb{H}}_{++}, \, \mathbb{H}_{-+}, \, \widetilde{\mathbb{H}}_{-+} \end{array}$



E07-007: DVCS beam-energy dependence

• Cross section measured at 2 beam energies and constant Q^2 , x_B , t



- Leading-twist and LO simultaneous fit of both beam energies (dashed line) does not reproduce the data
- Including either NLO or higher-twist effects (dark solid line) satisfactorily reproduce the angular dependence

DVCS² and $\mathcal{I}(DVCS \cdot BH)$ separation

DVCS² and $\mathcal{I}(DVCS \cdot BH)$ separated in NLO and higher-twist scenarios



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DVCS cross-section measurements

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E08-025: DVCS off the neutron at different beam energies

LD₂ as a target

$$(Q^2 = 1.75 \text{ GeV}^2, x_B = 0.36)$$

- Quasi-free p evts subtracted using the (normalized) data from E07-007
- Concurrent running: switching LD2/LD2 \rightarrow minimize uncertainties

$$D(e, e \gamma)X - p(e, e \gamma)p = n(e, e \gamma)n + d(e, e \gamma)d$$



nDVCS & dDVCS shifted by $t/2 \mbox{ in } M_X^2$

6 GeV n-DVCS

DVCS cross sections off the n & d

- $\bullet~{\rm Large}$ correlations at low -t
- Good separation at larger -t

- dDVCS very small (compatible with theory)
- nDVCS: significant signal (first observation of DVCS off the nucleon)



M. Benali et al., Nature Physics 16, 191 (2020)

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6 GeV n-DVCS

DVCS off the neutron: t-dependence



- Firt experimental determination of the unpolarized $en \rightarrow e\gamma n$ cross section
- $\sigma(en \rightarrow e\gamma n) > \sigma(BH_n)$: Sizeable DVCS off the neutron

M. Benali et al., Nature Physics 16, 191 (2020)

6 GeV n-DVCS

DVCS off the neutron: flavor-separated CFFs

- Global fit of all Hall A DVCS data off proton & neutron, with CFFs of up and down quarks as free parameters
 - H^u and H^d : same sign (as forward & large N_c limits, models...)
 - *H*^u and *H*^d: opposite sign (as forward & large N_c limit, models...)
 - Data suggest same sign for $\operatorname{Re}(E^u)$ and $\operatorname{Re}(E^d)$ (against predictions from the large N_c limit)
- M. Benali et al., Nature Physics 16, 191 (2020)



E12-06-114: DVCS at 12 GeV

Setting	Kin-36-1	Kin-36-2	Kin-36-3	Kin-48-1	Kin-48-2	Kin-48-3	Kin-48-4	Kin-60-1	Kin-60-3
x_B	0.36			0.48				0.60	
E_b (GeV)	7.38	8.52	10.59	4.49	8.85	8.85	10.99	8.52	10.59
Q^2 (GeV ²)	3.20	3.60	4.47	2.70	4.37	5.33	6.90	5.54	8.40
E_{γ} (GeV)	4.7	5.2	6.5	2.8	4.7	5.7	7.5	4.6	7.1
$-t_{min}$ (GeV ²)	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.32	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.66	0.70
$\int Q dt$ (C)	1.2	1.7	1.3	2.2	2.2	3.7	5.7	6.4	18.5
# data bins	672			912				480	

E12-06-114 kinematics



E12-06-114: DVCS at 12 GeV



F. Georges et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 128 (2022)

E12-06-114: CFFs extraction

- Extraction of all CFFs (++, 0+, -+) as a function of x_B
- GPD H well constraint
- Sensitivity to E and E



F. Georges et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 128 (2022)

Upcoming DVCS run in Hall C (2023–2024)

- Energy dependence at most of the $Q^2 -x_B$ settings
- \bullet Additional Q^2 points
- Additional settings at low x_B





- Recent high precision DVCS cross sections from Hall A at JLab
- Need of higher twist and/or NLO contributions to fully describe the data (eg. in global GPD fits)
- First separation of DVCS² and BH-DVCS interference in the $eN \to e\gamma N$ cross section, off the proton and neutron

• Approved program of experiments in Hall A and C to continue these high precision DVCS measurements at 12 GeV

Back-up

π^0 electroproduction $(ep \rightarrow ep\pi^0)$



At leading twist:

$$\frac{d\sigma_L}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}\Gamma \sum_{h_N, h_{N'}} |\mathcal{M}^L(\lambda_M = 0, h'_N, h_N)|^2 \propto \frac{1}{Q^6} \qquad \sigma_T \propto \frac{1}{Q^8}$$
$$\mathcal{M}^L \propto \left[\int_0^1 dz \frac{\phi_\pi(z)}{z}\right] \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{1}{x-\xi} + \frac{1}{x+\xi}\right] \times \left\{\Gamma_1 \widetilde{H}_{\pi^0} + \Gamma_2 \widetilde{E}_{\pi^0}\right\}$$

Different quark weights: flavor separation of GPDs

$$\begin{aligned} |\pi^{0}\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \{ |u\bar{u}\rangle - |d\bar{d}\rangle \} \qquad \qquad \widetilde{H}_{\pi^{0}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \widetilde{H}^{u} + \frac{1}{3} \widetilde{H}^{d} \right\} \\ |p\rangle &= |uud\rangle \qquad \qquad \qquad H_{DVCS} &= \frac{4}{9} H^{u} + \frac{1}{9} H^{d} \end{aligned}$$

Exclusive π^0 electroproduction cross-sections



- $\sigma_T + \epsilon_L \sigma_L \sim Q^{-5}$ (similar to $\sigma_T(ep \to ep\pi^+)$ measured in Hall C)
- GPDs predict $\sigma_L \sim Q^{-6}$
- σ_T likely to dominate at these Q^2 , but L/T separation necessary (\rightarrow new experiment...)

E. Fuchey et al., Phys. Rev. C83 (2011), 025125

Rosenbluth separation



π^0 separated response functions



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E08-025: DVCS and π^0 off quasi-free neutrons

- LD₂ as a target
- Quasi-free p evts subtracted using the (normalized) data from E07-007
- \bullet Concurrent running: switching LD2/LD2 \rightarrow minimize uncertainties

$$D(e, e \pi^0) X - p(e, e \pi^0) p = n(e, e \pi^0) n + d(e, e \pi^0) de$$



The average momentum transfer to the target is much larger than the np relative momentum, justifying this ${\rm impulse}\ {\rm approximation}$

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electroproduction LD₂ target

E = 5.55 GeV

π^0 electroproduction cross section off the neutron

/ (µb/GeV²) • Cross section off coherent d found 1²0^d negligeable within uncertainties n(e, e π⁰)n Shaded area = fit + • Very low E_{beam} dependence of the nstat. uncertainty cross section \rightarrow dominance of σ_T 23 d(e, e_{π0})d 200 100 300 Ø (deg) $\begin{array}{ccc} t_{+} \in \frac{d\sigma_{1}}{dt} (\mu b/\text{GeV}^{2}) \\ t_{-} \in \frac{d\sigma_{1}}{dt} & \mu \\ t_{-} & \mu \\ t_{-} & \mu \end{array}$ E = 4.45 GeVE = 5.55 GeV **---** n(e,e'π⁰)n GK11 - d(e,e'π⁰)d Shaded area = syst. uncertainty 0.1 -0.1 0.15 01 0.05 0.1 0.15 t' (GeV²) t' (GeV²) C. Muñoz Camacho (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3) DVCS cross-section measurements July 12, 2023 7/10 π^0 electroproduction LD₂ target

Separated π^0 cross section off the neutron



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π^0 electroproduction at 12 GeV



• $\sigma_{TT} \gg \sigma_{TL,TL'}$

• Values well described by modified factorization approach

ArXiv:2011.11125

 π^0 electroproduction LD₂ target

π^0 electroproduction at 12 GeV



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DVCS cross-section measurements

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