

Symmetries of the 2HDM and Beyond

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Based on:

- N. Darvishi, AP, PRD99 (2019) 115014; PRD101 (2020) 095008
- C Birch-Sykes, N Darvishi, Y Peters, AP, NPB960 (2020) 115171
- R Battye, AP, D Viatic, PRD102 (2020) 123536, JHEP2101 (2021) 105
- N. Darvishi, M.R. Masouminia, AP, PRD104 (2021) 115017

Outline:

- **Accidental Symmetries** in 2HDM, 2HDM**EFT**, and multi-HDMs
- **Maximal Symmetry** and Quartic Coupling Unification
- **Vacuum Topology of the 2HDM**
 - Charge-**Violating** Domain Walls in the 2HDM
- **Phenomenology at the LHC**
- **Conclusions**

- **Accidental Symmetries in 2HDM, 2HDM EFT, and multi-HDMs**

- **2HDM potential**

[TD Lee '73; AP, C Wagner '99;

Review: Branco, Ferreira, Lavoura, Rebelo, Sher, Silva '12.]

$$\begin{aligned}
 V = & -\mu_1^2(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_1) - \mu_2^2(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_2) - m_{12}^2(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_2) - m_{12}^{*2}(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_1) \\
 & + \lambda_1(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_1)^2 + \lambda_2(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_2)^2 + \lambda_3(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_1)(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_2) + \lambda_4(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_2)(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_1) \\
 & + \frac{\lambda_5}{2}(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_2)^2 + \frac{\lambda_5^*}{2}(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_1)^2 + \lambda_6(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_1)(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_2) + \lambda_6^*(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_1)(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_1) \\
 & + \lambda_7(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_2)(\phi_1^\dagger\phi_2) + \lambda_7^*(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_2)(\phi_2^\dagger\phi_1) .
 \end{aligned}$$

- **Physical spectrum (CP-conserving limit):**

CP-even Higgs bosons H and h ; CP-odd scalar a ; charged scalars h^\pm .

- **Higgs coupling to gauge bosons $V = W, Z$:**

$$g_{HVV} = \cos(\beta - \alpha), \quad g_{hVV} = \sin(\beta - \alpha),$$

where $\tan \beta = \langle \phi_2 \rangle / \langle \phi_1 \rangle$ and α diagonalizes the CP-even mass matrix.

References (*an incomplete list on symmetries in the 2HDM*)

- **Spontaneous CP Violation:** T. D. Lee, Phys. Rev. D8 (1973) 1226.
- **Z_2 symmetry:** S. L. Glashow, S. Weinberg, Phys. Rev. D15 (1977) 1958.
- **Inert Z_2 symmetry:** N. G. Deshpande, E. Ma, Phys. Rev. D18 (1978) 2574.
- **PQ $U(1)$ symmetry:** R. D. Peccei, H. R. Quinn, Phys. Rev. Lett. 38 (1977) 1440.
- **Custodial $SU(2)_L$ -preserving symmetry:**
P. Sikivie, L. Susskind, M. B. Voloshin, V. I. Zakharov, Nucl. Phys. B173 (1980) 189.
- **Bilinear formalism:**
M. Maniatis, A. von Manteuffel, O. Nachtmann, F. Nagel, EPJC48 (2006) 805;
C. C. Nishi, Phys. Rev. D74 (2006) 036003.
- **$SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$ -preserving symmetries: 6**
I. P. Ivanov, Phys. Rev. D75 (2007) 035001;
P. M. Ferreira, H. E. Haber, J. P. Silva, Phys. Rev. D79 (2009) 116004.
- **Hypercustodial $SU(2)_L$ -preserving symmetries: +7**
R. A. Battye, G. D. Brawn, AP, JHEP1108 (2011) 020.
- **On completeness and uniqueness of classification:**
AP, Phys. Lett. B706 (2012) 465.

- **Symmetries of the 2HDM Potential**

[R. A. Battye, G. D. Brawn, AP, JHEP1108 (2011) 020.]

Introduce the $SU(2)_L$ -covariant **8D** complex field multiplet

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ i\sigma^2\phi_1^* \\ i\sigma^2\phi_2^* \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{with } U_L \in SU(2)_L : \Phi \mapsto \Phi' = U_L \Phi .$$

Φ satisfies the **Majorana constraint**

$$\Phi = C \Phi^* ,$$

where C is the **charge conjugation 8D** matrix

$$C = \sigma^2 \otimes \sigma^0 \otimes \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{0}_4 & \mathbf{1}_4 \\ -\mathbf{1}_4 & \mathbf{0}_4 \end{pmatrix} \otimes (-i\sigma_2) .$$

- The SO(1,5) Bilinear Formalism

Introduce the *null 6-Vector*

$$R^A = \Phi^\dagger \Sigma^A \Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_1 \\ -i \left[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_1 \right] \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 \\ \phi_1^\dagger i \sigma^2 \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger i \sigma^2 \phi_1 \\ -i \left[\phi_1^\dagger i \sigma^2 \phi_2 + \phi_2^\dagger i \sigma^2 \phi_1 \right] \end{pmatrix},$$

with $A = \mu, 4, 5$, and

$$\Sigma^\mu = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \sigma^\mu & \mathbf{0}_2 \\ \mathbf{0}_2 & (\sigma^\mu)^\top \end{pmatrix} \otimes \sigma^0,$$

$$\Sigma^4 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{0}_2 & i\sigma^2 \\ -i\sigma^2 & \mathbf{0}_2 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \sigma^0, \quad \Sigma^5 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{0}_2 & -\sigma^2 \\ -\sigma^2 & \mathbf{0}_2 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \sigma^0.$$

- The 2HDM Potential in the **SO(1,5) Formalism**

$$V_{2\text{HDM}} = -\frac{1}{2} M_A R^A + \frac{1}{4} L_{AB} R^A R^B ,$$

with

$$M_A = (\mu_1^2 + \mu_2^2, \quad 2\text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \quad -2\text{Im}(m_{12}^2), \quad \mu_1^2 - \mu_2^2, \quad 0, \quad 0) ,$$

$$L_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 + \lambda_2 + \lambda_3 & \text{Re}(\lambda_6 + \lambda_7) & -\text{Im}(\lambda_6 + \lambda_7) & \lambda_1 - \lambda_2 & 0 & 0 \\ \text{Re}(\lambda_6 + \lambda_7) & \lambda_4 + \text{Re}(\lambda_5) & -\text{Im}(\lambda_5) & \text{Re}(\lambda_6 - \lambda_7) & 0 & 0 \\ -\text{Im}(\lambda_6 + \lambda_7) & -\text{Im}(\lambda_5) & \lambda_4 - \text{Re}(\lambda_5) & -\text{Im}(\lambda_6 - \lambda_7) & 0 & 0 \\ \lambda_1 - \lambda_2 & \text{Re}(\lambda_6 - \lambda_7) & -\text{Im}(\lambda_6 - \lambda_7) & \lambda_1 + \lambda_2 - \lambda_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} .$$

- **Unitary Field Transformations:**

[AP, Phys. Lett. B706 (2012) 465.]

$$\text{Sp}(4) : \quad \Phi \mapsto \Phi' = U \Phi , \quad \text{with } U \in \text{U}(4) \quad \underline{\text{and}} \quad UCU^T = C$$

$$\text{SO}(5) : \quad R^I \mapsto R'^I = O^I{}_J R^J , \quad \text{with } O \in \text{SO}(5) \subset \text{SO}(1,5)$$

$$\implies \quad \text{SO}(5) \sim \text{Sp}(4)/\mathbf{Z}_2$$

• **Symmetry Breaking Scenarios and pseudo-Goldstone Bosons**

[AP, Phys. Lett. B706 (2012) 465.]

No	Symmetry	Generators $T^a \leftrightarrow K^a$	Discrete Group Elements	Maximally Broken SO(5) Generators	Number of Pseudo- Goldstone Bosons
1	$Z_2 \times O(2)$	T^0	D_{CP1}	–	0
2	$(Z_2)^2 \times SO(2)$	T^0	D_{Z_2}	–	0
3	$(Z_2)^3 \times O(2)$	T^0	D_{CP2}	–	0
4	$O(2) \times O(2)$	T^3, T^0	–	T^3	1 (a)
✓ 5	$Z_2 \times [O(2)]^2$	T^2, T^0	D_{CP1}	T^2	1 (h)
✓ 6	$O(3) \times O(2)$	$T^{1,2,3}, T^0$	–	$T^{1,2}$	2 (h, a)
7	$SO(3)$	$T^{0,4,6}$	–	$T^{4,6}$	2 (h^\pm)
8	$Z_2 \times O(3)$	$T^{0,4,6}$	$D_{Z_2} \cdot D_{CP2}$	$T^{4,6}$	2 (h^\pm)
9	$(Z_2)^2 \times SO(3)$	$T^{0,5,7}$	$D_{CP1} \cdot D_{CP2}$	$T^{5,7}$	2 (h^\pm)
10	$O(2) \times O(3)$	$T^3, T^{0,8,9}$	–	T^3	1 (a)
11	$SO(4)$	$T^{0,3,4,5,6,7}$	–	$T^{3,5,7}$	3 (a, h^\pm)
12	$Z_2 \times O(4)$	$T^{0,3,4,5,6,7}$	$D_{Z_2} \cdot D_{CP2}$	$T^{3,5,7}$	3 (a, h^\pm)
✓ 13	$SO(5)$	$T^{0,1,2,\dots,9}$	–	$T^{1,2,8,9}$	4 (h, a, h^\pm)

✓: Natural SM Alignment \mapsto

[Dev, AP, JHEP1412 (2014) 024.]

- **Symmetries in 2HDMEFTs**

[C Birch-Sykes, N Darvishi, Y Peters, AP, NPB960 (2020) 115171]

$$V_{2\text{HDMEFT}} = -\frac{1}{2} M_A R^A + \frac{1}{4} L_{AB} R^A R^B + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} K_{ABC} R^A R^B R^C + \frac{1}{\Lambda^4} Z_{ABCD} R^A R^B R^C R^D + \dots$$

No. of couplings: $N^{(\text{dim}=2n)} = \frac{1}{6} (n+1)(n+2)(n+3)$

$$N^{(\text{dim} \leq 4)} = 14, \quad N^{(\text{dim} \leq 6)} = 34, \quad N^{(\text{dim} \leq 8)} = 69, \quad \dots, \quad N^{(\text{dim} \leq 20)} = 1000$$

Symmetry restrictions:

$$M_A [T^a]_A^{A'} = 0, \quad L_{A'B} [T^a]_A^{A'} + L_{AB'} [T^a]_B^{B'} = 0,$$

$$K_{A'BC} [T^a]_A^{A'} + K_{AB'C} [T^a]_B^{B'} + K_{ABC'} [T^a]_C^{C'} = 0,$$

$$Z_{A'BCD} [T^a]_A^{A'} + Z_{AB'CD} [T^a]_B^{B'} + Z_{ABC'D} [T^a]_C^{C'} + Z_{ABCD'} [T^a]_D^{D'} = 0,$$

where $T^a \in \mathfrak{g}$ are the generators of the symmetry subgroup $G \subseteq \text{SO}(5)$.

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameters of Symmetric 2HDMEFT Potential	Dim
1	CP1	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6), \text{Re}(\lambda_7)$ $\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_6, \text{Re}(\kappa_7, \dots, \kappa_{13})$ $\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_9, \text{Re}(\zeta_{10}, \dots, \zeta_{22})$	$D \geq 4$
2	Z_2	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \lambda_5$ $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4, \kappa_5, \kappa_6, \kappa_8, \kappa_9$ $\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7, \zeta_8, \zeta_9, \zeta_{10}, \zeta_{13}, \zeta_{14}, \zeta_{15}, \zeta_{16}$	$D \geq 4$
3	Z_3	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$ $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4, \kappa_5, \kappa_6, \kappa_7$ $\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7, \zeta_8, \zeta_9, \zeta_{11}, \zeta_{12}$	$D \geq 6$
4	Z_4	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$ $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4, \kappa_5, \kappa_6$ $\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7, \zeta_8, \zeta_9, \zeta_{10}$	$D \geq 8$
5	CP2	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \lambda_5, \lambda_6 = -\lambda_7$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6, \kappa_8 = \kappa_9, \kappa_{11} = -\kappa_{12}$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7 = \zeta_8, \zeta_9,$ $\zeta_{10}, \zeta_{11} = -\zeta_{12}, \zeta_{13}, \zeta_{14} = \zeta_{15}, \zeta_{16}, \zeta_{17} = -\zeta_{18},$ $\zeta_{19} = -\zeta_{20}, \zeta_{21} = -\zeta_{22}$	$D \geq 4$
6	CP3	$\mu_1 = \mu_2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6, \kappa_7$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7 = \zeta_8, \zeta_9, \zeta_{11} = \zeta_{12}$	$D \geq 6$
7	CP4	$\mu_1 = \mu_2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6, \kappa_8 = -\kappa_9$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7 = \zeta_8, \zeta_9, \zeta_{10}, \zeta_{14} = -\zeta_{15}$	$D \geq 6$

8	$U(1)_{PQ}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$ $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4, \kappa_5, \kappa_6$ $\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7, \zeta_8, \zeta_9$	$D \geq 4$
9	$CP1 \otimes SO(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \text{Re}(\lambda_5) = 2\lambda_1 - \lambda_{34}$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6,$ $\text{Re}(\kappa_8) = \text{Re}(\kappa_9) = \frac{1}{2}(3\kappa_1 - \kappa_3 - \kappa_5)$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7 = \zeta_8, \zeta_9,$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{10}) = -\frac{1}{4}\text{Re}(\zeta_{13}) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Re}(\zeta_{14}) - \frac{1}{4}\text{Re}(\zeta_{16}),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{13}) = \frac{1}{6}(4\zeta_1 + 2\zeta_3 - 4\zeta_4 - 4\zeta_6 + 2\zeta_7 - \zeta_9),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{14}) = \text{Re}(\zeta_{15}) = \frac{1}{2}(4\zeta_1 - \zeta_4 - \zeta_7),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{16}) = \frac{1}{2}(4\zeta_1 - 2\zeta_3 + 2\zeta_4 - \zeta_9)$	$D \geq 4$
10	$SU(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = 2\lambda_1 - \lambda_3$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6 = 3\kappa_1 - \kappa_3$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6 = 2\zeta_1 + \zeta_3 - 2\zeta_4,$ $\zeta_7 = \zeta_8 = 4\zeta_1 - \zeta_4, \zeta_9 = 4\zeta_1 - 2\zeta_3 + 2\zeta_4$	$D \geq 4$
11	$Sp(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6), \text{Re}(\lambda_7)$ $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = 2\text{Re}(\kappa_8), \kappa_6 = 2\text{Re}(\kappa_9),$ $\text{Re}(\kappa_7) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\kappa_{10}), \text{Re}(\kappa_{11}), \text{Re}(\kappa_{12}), \text{Re}(\kappa_{13})$ $\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \zeta_5, \zeta_6 = 6\text{Re}(\zeta_{10}) = \frac{3}{2}\text{Re}(\zeta_{13}),$ $\zeta_7 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{14}), \zeta_8 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{15}), \zeta_9 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{16}),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{11}) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\zeta_{17}), \text{Re}(\zeta_{12}) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\zeta_{18}),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{19}), \text{Re}(\zeta_{20}), \text{Re}(\zeta_{21}), \text{Re}(\zeta_{22})$	$D \geq 4$

12	$S_2 \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6)=\text{Re}(\lambda_7)$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6 = 2\text{Re}(\kappa_8) = 2\text{Re}(\kappa_9),$ $\text{Re}(\kappa_7) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\kappa_{10}), \text{Re}(\kappa_{11}) = \text{Re}(\kappa_{12}), \text{Re}(\kappa_{13})$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6 = 6\text{Re}(\zeta_{10}) = \frac{3}{2}\text{Re}(\zeta_{13}),$ $\zeta_7 = \zeta_8 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{14}) = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{15}), \zeta_9 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{16})$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{11}) = \text{Re}(\zeta_{12}) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\zeta_{17}) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\zeta_{18}),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{19}) = \text{Re}(\zeta_{20}), \text{Re}(\zeta_{21}) = \text{Re}(\zeta_{22})$	$D \geq 4$
13	$\text{CP}2 \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6) = -\text{Re}(\lambda_7)$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6 = 2\text{Re}(\kappa_8) = 2\text{Re}(\kappa_9),$ $\text{Re}(\kappa_{11}) = -\text{Re}(\kappa_{12})$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5, \zeta_6 = 6\text{Re}(\zeta_{10}) = \frac{3}{2}\text{Re}(\zeta_{13}),$ $\zeta_7 = \zeta_8 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{14}) = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{15}), \zeta_9 = 2\text{Re}(\zeta_{16})$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{11}) = -\text{Re}(\zeta_{12}) = \frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\zeta_{17}) = -\frac{1}{3}\text{Re}(\zeta_{18}),$ $\text{Re}(\zeta_{19}) = -\text{Re}(\zeta_{20}), \text{Re}(\zeta_{21}) = -\text{Re}(\zeta_{22})$	$D \geq 4$
14	$\text{U}(1)_{\text{PQ}} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_3, \lambda_4$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2 = \frac{1}{3}\kappa_3 = \frac{1}{3}\kappa_4, \kappa_5 = \kappa_6$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2 = \frac{1}{6}\zeta_3 = \frac{1}{4}\zeta_4 = \frac{1}{4}\zeta_5, \zeta_6, \zeta_7 = \zeta_8 = \frac{1}{2}\zeta_9$	$D \geq 4$
15	$\text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4$ $\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \zeta_5$	$D \geq 4$
16	$S_2 \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2, \kappa_3 = \kappa_4$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2, \zeta_3, \zeta_4 = \zeta_5$	$D \geq 4$
17	$\text{Sp}(4)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_3,$ $\kappa_1 = \kappa_2 = \frac{1}{3}\kappa_3 = \frac{1}{3}\kappa_4$ $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2 = \frac{1}{6}\zeta_3 = \frac{1}{4}\zeta_4 = \frac{1}{4}\zeta_5$	$D \geq 4$

• Symmetries of multi-HDM Potentials

[N Darvishi, AP, PRD101 (2020) 095008]

Prime bilinear invariants:

► Maximal block:
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Sp}(2n) : S_n = \Phi^\dagger \Phi \quad \text{with } \Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi \\ i\sigma^2 \phi^* \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{SU}(n) : D_n^a = \phi^\dagger \sigma^a \phi \quad \text{and } \phi = (\phi_1, \phi_2, \dots, \phi_n)^\top \\ \text{SO}(n) : T_n = \phi \phi^\top \end{array} \right.$$

► Minimal block:
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Sp}(2) : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_{ii} = \phi_i^\dagger \phi_i \quad \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_i^* \end{pmatrix} \\ S_{ij} = \phi_i^\dagger \phi_j + \phi_j^\dagger \phi_i \quad \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_j^* \end{pmatrix} \& \begin{pmatrix} \phi_j \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_i^* \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right. \\ \text{SU}(2) \times \text{U}(1) : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} D_{ij}^a = \phi_i^\dagger \sigma^a \phi_i + \phi_j^\dagger \sigma^a \phi_j = D_{ji}^a \quad \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i \\ \phi_j \end{pmatrix} \\ D'_{ij}{}^a = \phi_i^\dagger \sigma^a \phi_i + (i\sigma^2 \phi_j^*) \sigma^a (i\sigma^2 \phi_j^*) \quad \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_j^* \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right. \\ \text{SO}(2) : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T_{ij} = \phi_i \phi_i^\top + \phi_j \phi_j^\top = T_{ji} \quad \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i \\ \phi_j \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

[AP, PRD93 (2016) 075012]

The symmetric potential $\rightarrow V_{\text{sym}} = -\mu^2 S_n + \lambda_S S_n^2 + \lambda_D D_n^2 + \lambda_T T_n^2$

• Discrete Symmetries

[Earlier studies: Ivanov, Vdovin '12; V Keus et al '13; Ivanov, Varzielas '19, . . .]

→ **Generalized CP (GCP) transformations:**

$$\text{GCP}[\phi_i] = G_{ij}\phi_j^* \quad G_{ij} \in \text{SU}(n)$$

→ **Abelian Discrete Symmetries:**

$$Z_2, \quad Z_3, \quad Z_4, \quad Z_2 \times Z_2, \quad Z_3 \times Z_3, \quad \dots, \quad Z_n, \quad \dots,$$

where $Z_n = \{1, \omega, \dots, \omega^{(n-1)}\}$ with $\omega^n = 1$.

→ **Non-Abelian Discrete Symmetries**

• Typical **Non-Abelian** Discrete Symmetries

- *Permutation group* $S_N \xrightarrow{\text{with order}} N!$
- *Alternating group* $A_N \xrightarrow{\text{with order}} N!/2$
- *Dihedral group* $D_N \xrightarrow{\text{isomorphic to}} Z_N \rtimes Z_2$
- *Binary Dihedral group* $Q_{2N} \xrightarrow{\text{with order}} 4N$
- *Tetrahedral group* $T_{N(\text{prime number})} \xrightarrow{\text{isomorphic to}} Z_N \rtimes Z_3$
- *Dihedral-like groups:*

$$\Sigma(2N^2) \cong (Z_N \times Z'_N) \rtimes Z_2 \qquad \Delta(3N^2) \cong (Z_N \times Z'_N) \rtimes Z_3$$

$$\Sigma(3N^3) \cong Z_N \times \Delta(3N^2) \qquad \Delta(6N^2) \cong (Z_N \times Z'_N) \rtimes S_3$$
- *Crystal-like groups* $\Sigma(M\phi)$, with $\phi = 1, 2, 3$:
$$\Sigma(60\phi), \quad \Sigma(168\phi), \quad \Sigma(36\phi), \quad \Sigma(72\phi), \quad \Sigma(216\phi), \quad \Sigma(360\phi)$$

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameters for 3HDM potentials
1	CP1	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \text{Re}(m_{13}^2), \text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33},$ $\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2113}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1223}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2123}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1332}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3313}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323})$
2	Z_2	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{m_{13}^2, \lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{2323}, \lambda_{1232}, \lambda_{1113}, \lambda_{2213}, \lambda_{3313} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
2'	Z_2'	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{m_{23}^2, \lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{2323}, \lambda_{1213}, \lambda_{1123}, \lambda_{2223}, \lambda_{3323} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
3	$Z_2 \otimes Z_2'$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{2323} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
4	Z_3	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{1213}, \lambda_{1323}, \lambda_{2123} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
5	Z_4	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1323} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
5'	Z_4'	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{3212} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
6	$a_{U(1)}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{1323} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
6'	$b_{U(1)'}'$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{m_{12}^2, \lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1112}, \lambda_{2212}, \lambda_{3312}, \lambda_{1332} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
7	$U(1) \otimes U(1)'$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}$
8	$Z_2 \otimes U(1)'$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{1212} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
9	$CP1 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312})$
10	$CP1 \otimes Z_2 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212})$
11	$U(1) \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}$
12	CP2	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332},$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \{\lambda_{1112} = -\lambda_{2212} \text{ and H.c.}\}$

13	$CP2 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}),$ $\{\lambda_{1112} = -\lambda_{2212} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
14	$SO(2)_{\phi_1, \phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332},$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}) = 2\lambda_{11} - (\lambda_{1122} + \lambda_{1221}),$
15	D_3	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332},$ $\{\lambda_{2131} = -\lambda_{1232}, \lambda_{1323} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
16	D_4	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \{\lambda_{1212} \text{ and H.c.}\},$ $\lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3231})$
17	$D_3 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}$
18	$D_4 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212})$
19	$SO(2)_{\phi_1, \phi_2} \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}) = \lambda_{11} - \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122}$
20	$SU(2)_{\phi_1, \phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = 2\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1221},$ $\lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}$
21	$SU(2)_{\phi_1, \phi_2} \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = 2\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ λ_{1221}
22	$Sp(2)_{\phi_1 + \phi_2 + \phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \text{Re}(m_{13}^2), \text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33},$ $\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \lambda_{1331} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}),$ $\lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2113}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2123}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1332}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3313}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323})$
23	$Z_2 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_1 + \phi_2 + \phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{13}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \lambda_{1331} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}), \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3313})$
23'	$Z_2' \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_1 + \phi_2 + \phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \lambda_{1331} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}), \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323})$
24	$Z_2 \otimes Z_2' \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_1 + \phi_2 + \phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \lambda_{1331} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}), \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323})$
25	$Z_4 \otimes Sp(2)_{\phi_1 + \phi_2 + \phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212})$

26	$(\text{CP1} \times S_2) \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2+\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \text{Re}(m_{13}^2)=\text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33},$ $\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}),$ $\lambda_{1331}=\lambda_{2332}=\text{Re}(\lambda_{1313})=\text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1332}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2123})=\text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2113}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{3313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{3312}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223})$
27	$D_4 \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2+\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212})$
28	$\text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312})$
29	$\text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1\phi_2}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221},$ $\lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}$
30	$\text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1\phi_2} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}$
31	A_4	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1212} = \lambda_{1313} = \lambda_{2323}, \text{ and H.c.}\}$
32	S_4	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323})$
33	$\text{SO}(3)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332},$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}) = 2\lambda_{11} - (\lambda_{1122} + \lambda_{1221})$
34	$S_4 \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1+\phi_2+\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323})$
35	$\Delta(54)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1213} = \lambda_{2123} = \lambda_{3231} \text{ and H.c.}\}$
36	$\Sigma(36)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1232}) =$ $\frac{3}{4}(2\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{1122} - \lambda_{1221})$
37	$\text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_1} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_2} \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}$
38	$\text{Sp}(4) \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\phi_3}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}$
39	$\text{SU}(3) \otimes \text{U}(1)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = 2\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{1122}$
40	$\text{Sp}(6)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1122} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{1133} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{2233}$

• Maximal Symmetry and Quartic Coupling Unification

• Maximally Symmetric Two Higgs Doublet Model

[P.S.B. Dev, AP '14; N. Darvishi, AP '19]

$$G_{\Phi} = SU(2)_L \otimes Sp(4)/Z_2 \simeq SU(2)_L \otimes SO(5)$$

$$V = -\mu^2 \left(|\Phi_1|^2 + |\Phi_2|^2 \right) + \lambda \left(|\Phi_1|^2 + |\Phi_2|^2 \right)^2 = -\frac{\mu^2}{2} \Phi^\dagger \Phi + \frac{\lambda}{4} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2,$$

where

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_1^* \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_2^* \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{with } U_L \in SU(2)_L : \Phi \mapsto \Phi' = U_L \Phi,$$

such that under **global field transformations**,

$$Sp(4) : \Phi \mapsto \Phi' = U \Phi, \quad \text{with } U \in U(4) \text{ \& } UCU^\top = C \equiv i\sigma^2 \otimes \sigma^0$$

$SU(2)_L$ gauge kinetic terms remain invariant.

Breaking Effects: $m_{12}^2 \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2$ (or M_{h^\pm}), $U(1)_Y$ coupling g' , Yukawa's $\mathbf{Y}^{u,d}$.

– **Symmetry-breaking** of $\text{Sp}(4)/\mathbb{Z}_2 \sim \text{SO}(5)$:

(i) Soft breaking (e.g. through m_{12}^2):

$$M_H^2 = 2\lambda_2 v^2, \quad M_h^2 = M_a^2 = M_{h^\pm}^2 = \frac{\text{Re}(m_{12}^2)}{s_\beta c_\beta}$$

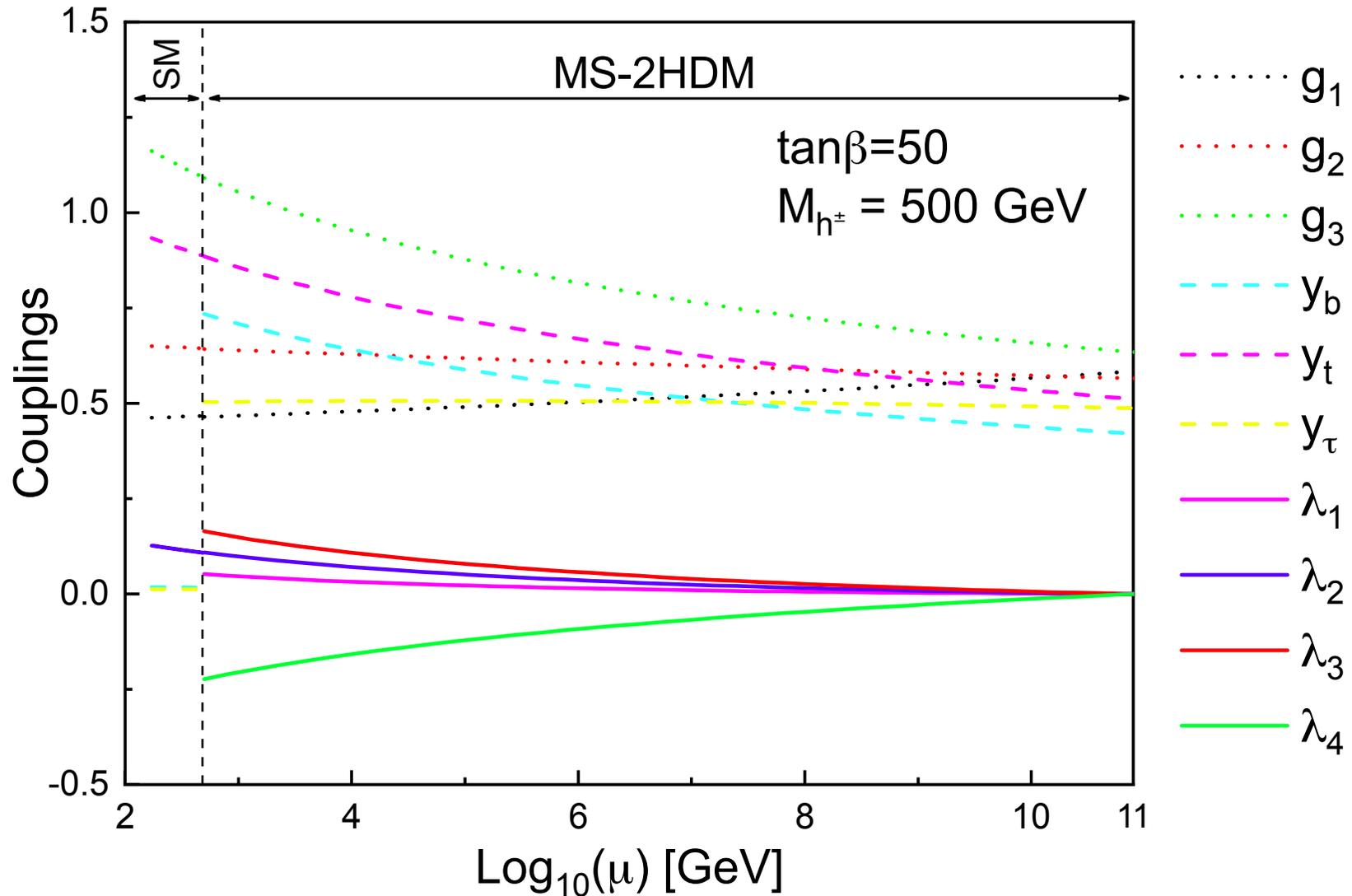
Heavy Higgs spectrum is **degenerate** at tree level.

(ii) **Explicit breaking** through RG running (two loops):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sp}(4)/\mathbb{Z}_2 \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L &\xrightarrow{g' \neq 0} \text{SU}(2)_{\text{HF}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\ &\xrightarrow[\text{Type II}]{\mathbf{Y}^{u,d}} \text{U}(1)_{\text{PQ}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\ &\xrightarrow[m_{12}^2]{\langle \Phi_{1,2} \rangle} \text{U}(1)_{\text{em}} \end{aligned}$$

– Quartic Coupling Unification (up to two loops)

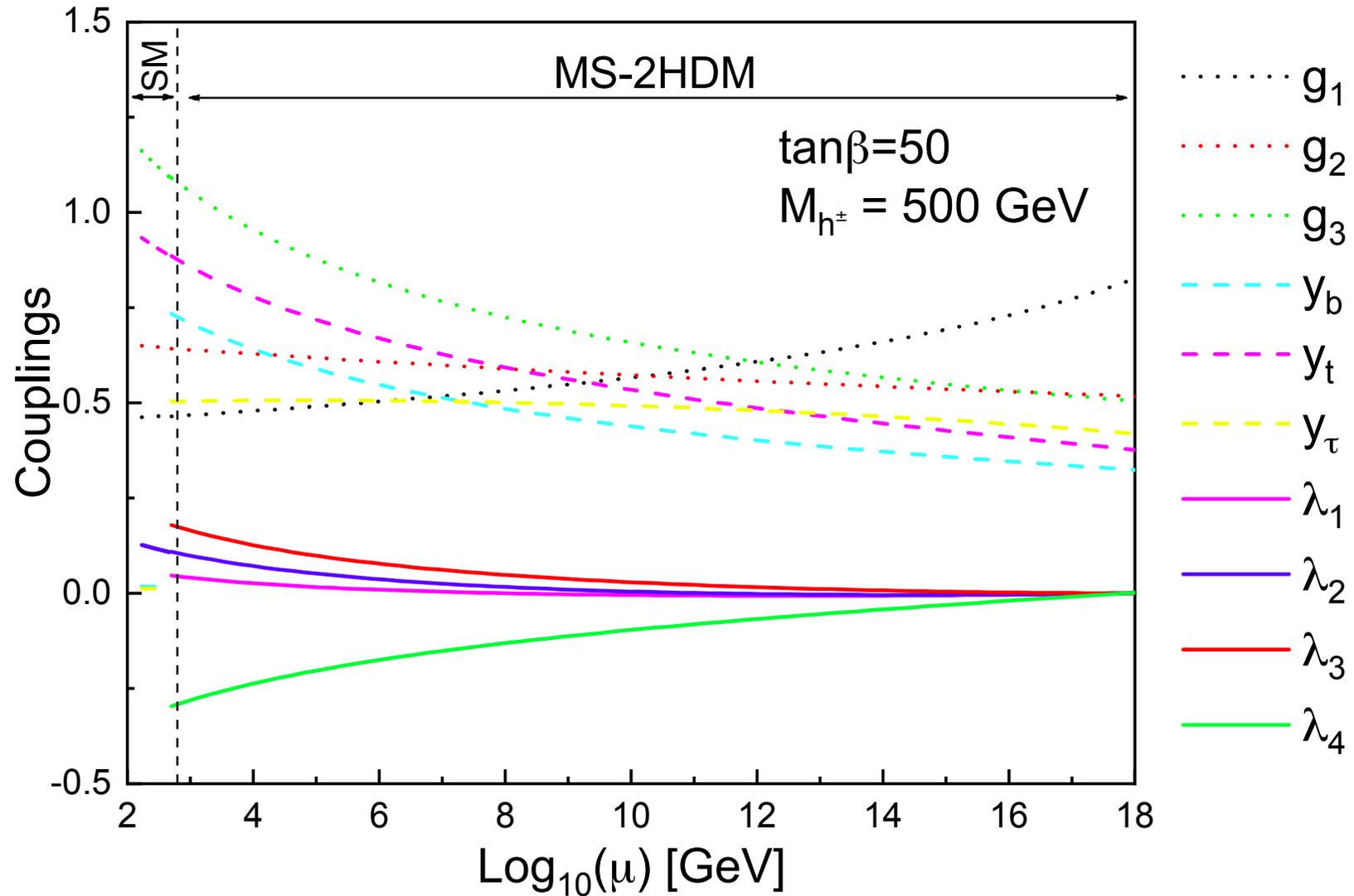
[N. Darvishi, AP '19]



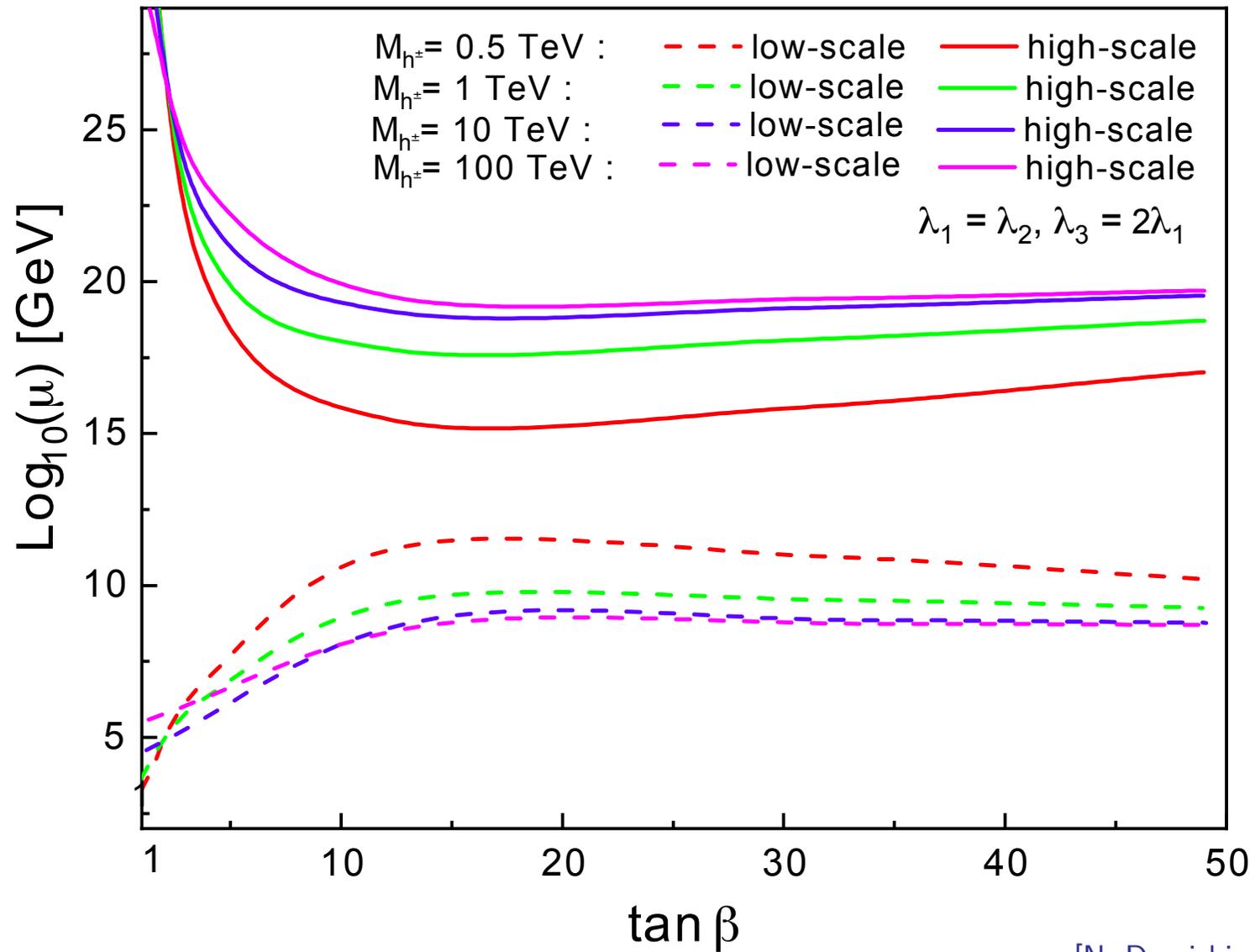
First conformal unification point: $\mu_X^{(1)} \sim 10^{11}$ GeV (of order PQ scale)

– Second conformal unification point: $\mu_X^{(2)} \sim 10^{18}$ GeV (of order m_{Pl})

[N. Darvishi, AP '19]



– Low- and high-scale quartic coupling unification: $\tan \beta$ vs $\mu_X^{(1,2)}$



[N. Darvishi, AP '19]

– Misalignment in the MS-2HDM

CP-even mass matrix in Higgs basis:

$$\mathcal{M}_S^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{A} & \hat{C} \\ \hat{C} & \hat{B} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[\text{approx.}]{\text{seesaw}} M_H^2 \simeq \hat{A} - \frac{\hat{C}^2}{\hat{B}} \quad \& \quad M_h^2 \simeq \hat{B} \gg \hat{A}, \hat{C}$$

Light-to-heavy scalar mixing:

$$\theta_S \equiv \frac{\hat{C}}{\hat{B}} = \frac{v^2 s_\beta c_\beta [s_\beta^2 (2\lambda_2 - \lambda_{34}) - c_\beta^2 (2\lambda_1 - \lambda_{34})]}{M_a^2 + 2v^2 s_\beta^2 c_\beta^2 (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2 - \lambda_{34})} \ll 1$$

Higgs couplings to $V = W, Z$:

$$g_{HVV} \simeq 1 - \frac{1}{2} \theta_S^2, \quad g_{hVV} \simeq -\theta_S$$

Higgs couplings to quarks:

$$\begin{aligned} g_{Huu} &\simeq 1 + t_\beta^{-1} \theta_S, & g_{Hdd} &\simeq 1 - t_\beta \theta_S, \\ g_{huu} &\simeq -\theta_S + t_\beta^{-1}, & g_{hdd} &\simeq -\theta_S - t_\beta. \end{aligned}$$

Misalignment predictions in the MS-2HDM with low- and **high-scale** quartic coupling unification, assuming $M_{h^\pm} = 500$ GeV.

[N. Darvishi, AP '19]

Couplings	ATLAS	CMS	$\tan \beta = 2$	$\tan \beta = 20$	$\tan \beta = 50$
$ g_{HZZ}^{\text{low-scale}} $	[0.86, 1.00]	[0.90, 1.00]	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999
$ g_{HZZ}^{\text{high-scale}} $			0.9981	0.9999	0.9999
$ g_{Htt}^{\text{low-scale}} $	$1.31^{+0.35}_{-0.33}$	$1.45^{+0.42}_{-0.32}$	1.0049	1.0001	1.0000
$ g_{Htt}^{\text{high-scale}} $			1.0987	1.0003	1.0001
$ g_{Hbb}^{\text{low-scale}} $	$0.49^{+0.26}_{-0.19}$	$0.57^{+0.16}_{-0.16}$	0.9803	0.9560	0.9590
$ g_{Hbb}^{\text{high-scale}} $			0.8810	0.9449	0.9427

→ **Misalignment predictions** consistent with experiment

- **Maximally Symmetric Three Higgs Doublet Model (MS-3HDM)**

[N. Darvishi, M. Masouminia, AP '21]

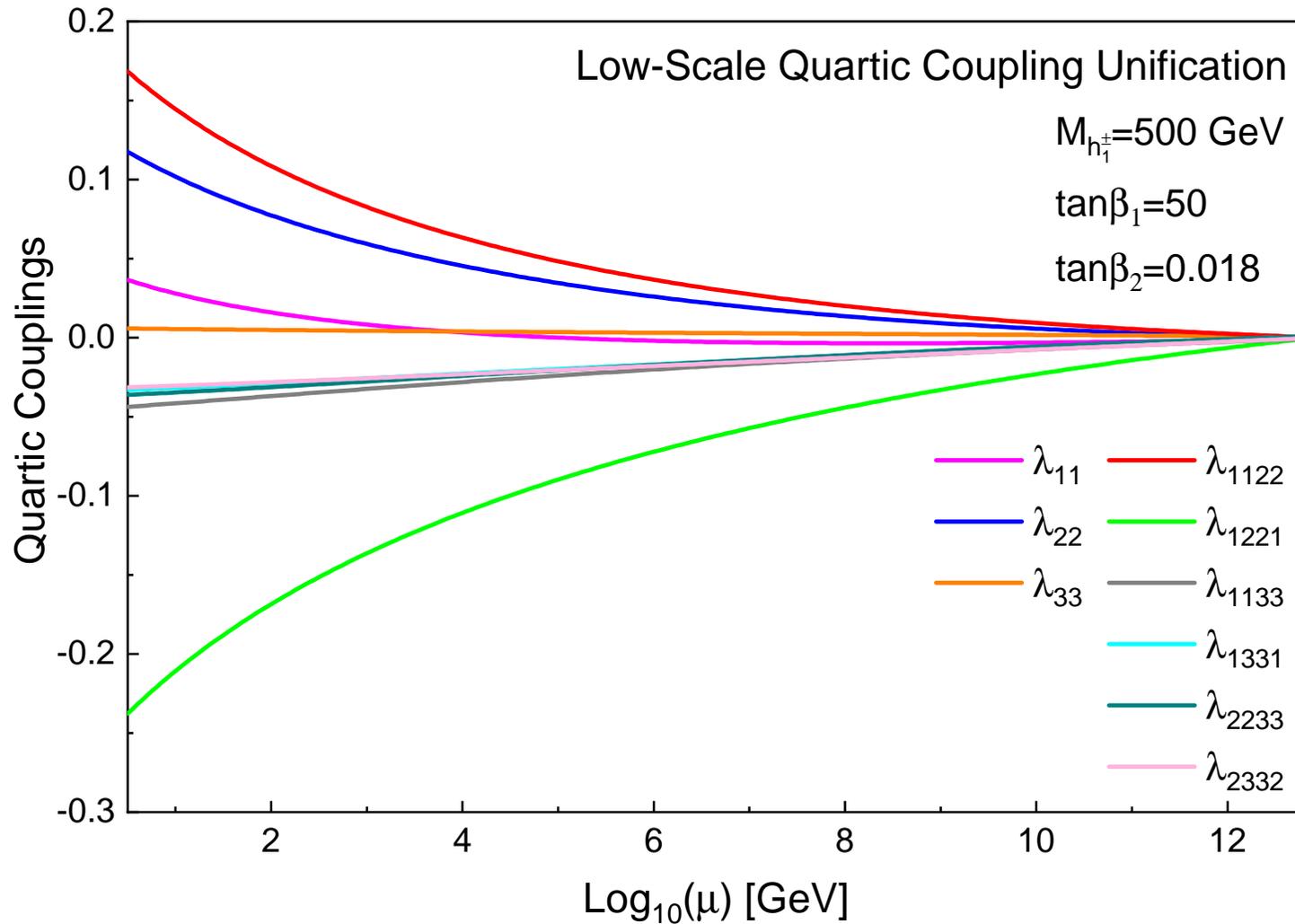
Breaking pattern:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Sp}(6)/\mathbb{Z}_2 \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L &\xrightarrow{g' \neq 0} \text{SU}(3)_{\text{HF}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\
 &\xrightarrow[\text{Type V}]{\mathbf{Y}^{u,d,e}} \text{U}(1)_{\text{PQ}} \otimes \text{U}(1)'_{\text{PQ}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\
 &\xrightarrow[\text{soft } m_{ij}^2]{\langle \Phi_{1,2,3} \rangle} \text{U}(1)_{\text{em}}
 \end{aligned}$$

– Quartic Coupling Unification in the MS-3HDM

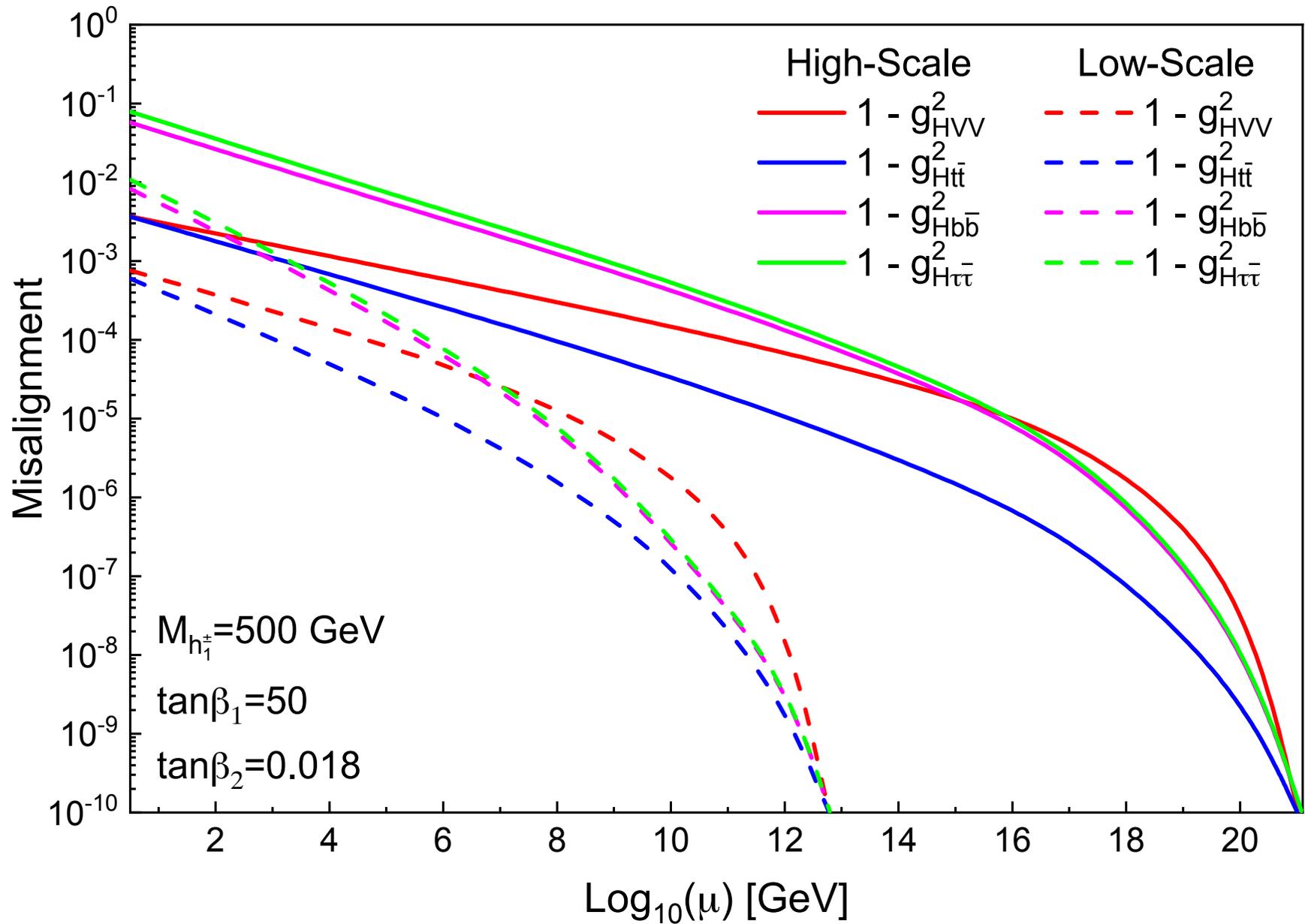
[N. Darvishi, M. Masouminia, AP '21]

Input parameters: $\tan \beta_1 = v_2/v_1$, $\tan \beta_2 = v_3/\sqrt{v_1^2 + v_2^2}$,
 $M_{h_{1,2}^\pm}$ and $h_1^\pm h_2^\mp$ -mixing angle: σ

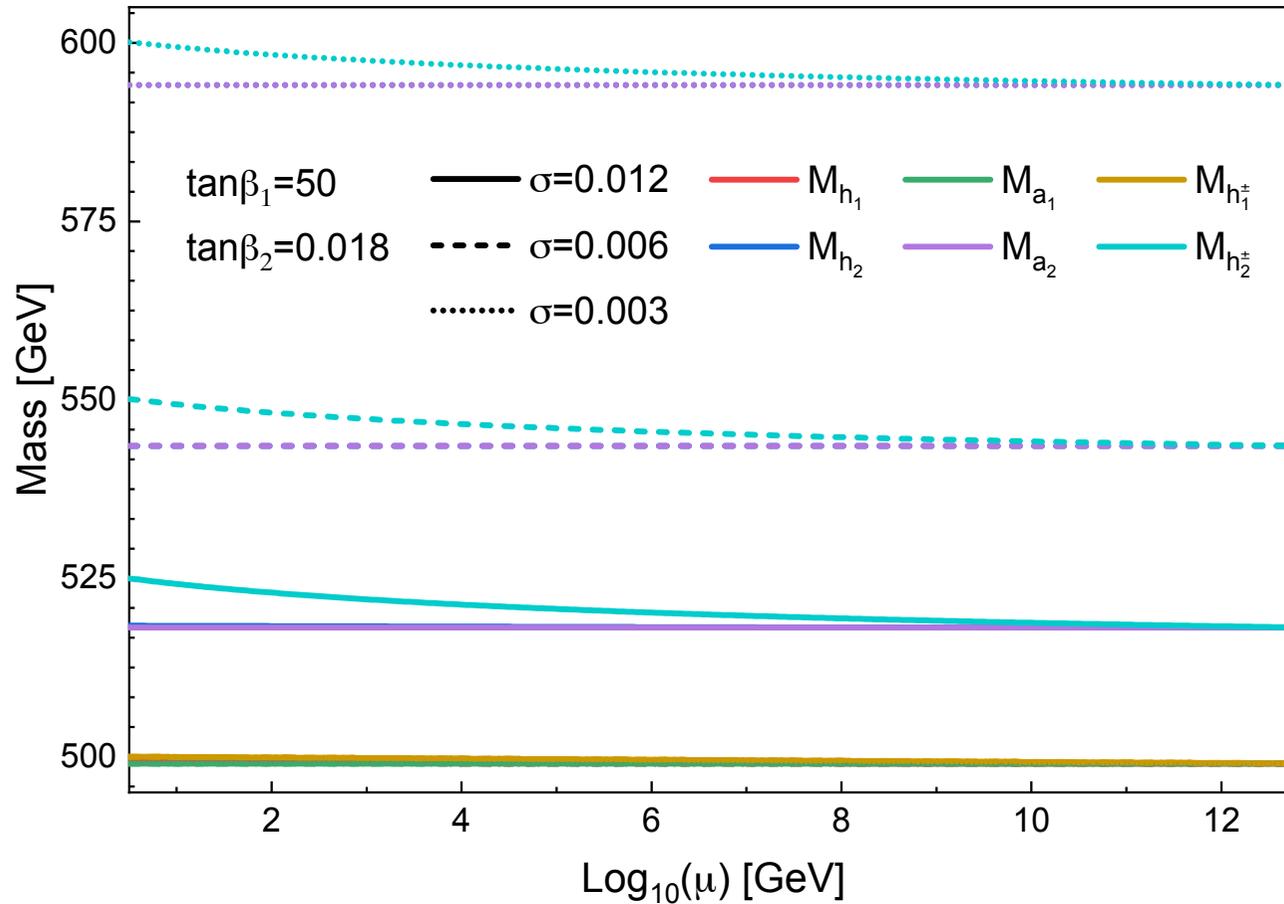


– Misalignment predictions in the MS-3HDM

[N. Darvishi, M. Masouminia, AP '21]



– **Scalar Mass Spectrum in the MS-3HDM** [N. Darvishi, M. Masouminia, AP '21]



Predictions:

Alignment of masses: $M_{h_1} \sim M_{a_1} \sim M_{h_1^\pm}$ $M_{h_2} \sim M_{a_2} \sim M_{h_2^\pm}$

Alignment of **all heavy-sector** mixing angles in the Higgs basis: $\alpha \simeq \rho \simeq \sigma$

• Vacuum Topology of the 2HDM

[R Battye, G Brawn, AP, JHEP08 (2011) 020.]

$G_{\text{HF/CP}}$	$H_{\text{HF/CP}}$	$\mathcal{M}_{\Phi}^{\text{HF/CP}}$	Topological Defect
Z_2	\mathbf{I}	Z_2	Domain Wall
$U(1)_{\text{PQ}} \simeq S^1$	\mathbf{I}	S^1	Vortex
$SO(3)_{\text{HF}}$	$SO(2)_{\text{HF}}$	S^2	Global Monopole
$CP1 \simeq Z_2$	\mathbf{I}	Z_2	Domain Wall
$CP2 = Z_2 \otimes \Pi_2$	Π_2	Z_2	Domain Wall
$CP1 \otimes SO(2)$	$CP1$	S^1	Vortex

- Energy density of the topological defect $\phi_{1,2}(\mathbf{r})$:

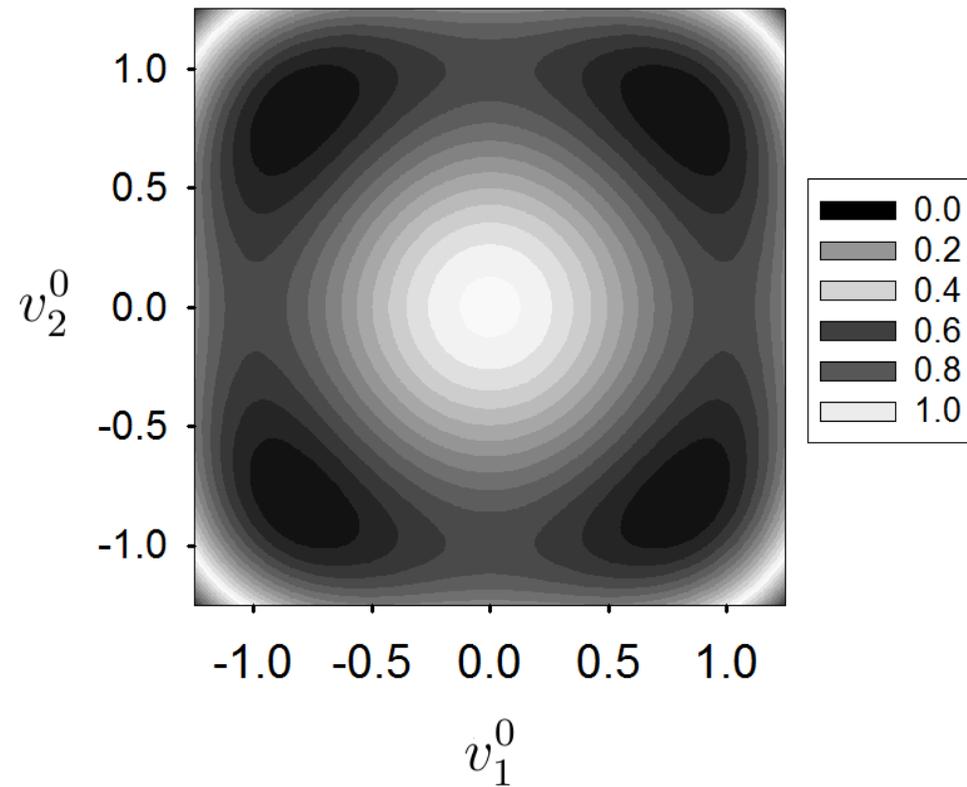
$$\mathcal{E}(\phi_1, \phi_2) = (\nabla\phi_1^\dagger) \cdot (\nabla\phi_1) + (\nabla\phi_2^\dagger) \cdot (\nabla\phi_2) + V(\phi_1, \phi_2) + V_0 .$$

- Gradient flow approach to numerically find $\phi_{1,2}(\mathbf{r})$

$$-\frac{\delta E[\phi_{1,2}]}{\delta\phi_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}, \tau)} = \frac{\partial\phi_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}, \tau)}{\partial\tau} \rightarrow 0 , \quad \text{for } \tau \gg 1 .$$

- Z₂ Domain Walls**

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \begin{pmatrix} v_1^0 \\ v_2^0 \end{pmatrix} & \xleftrightarrow{U(1)_Y} & \begin{pmatrix} -v_1^0 \\ -v_2^0 \end{pmatrix} \\
 \downarrow Z_2 & & \uparrow Z_2 \\
 \begin{pmatrix} v_1^0 \\ -v_2^0 \end{pmatrix} & \xleftrightarrow{U(1)_Y} & \begin{pmatrix} -v_1^0 \\ v_2^0 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

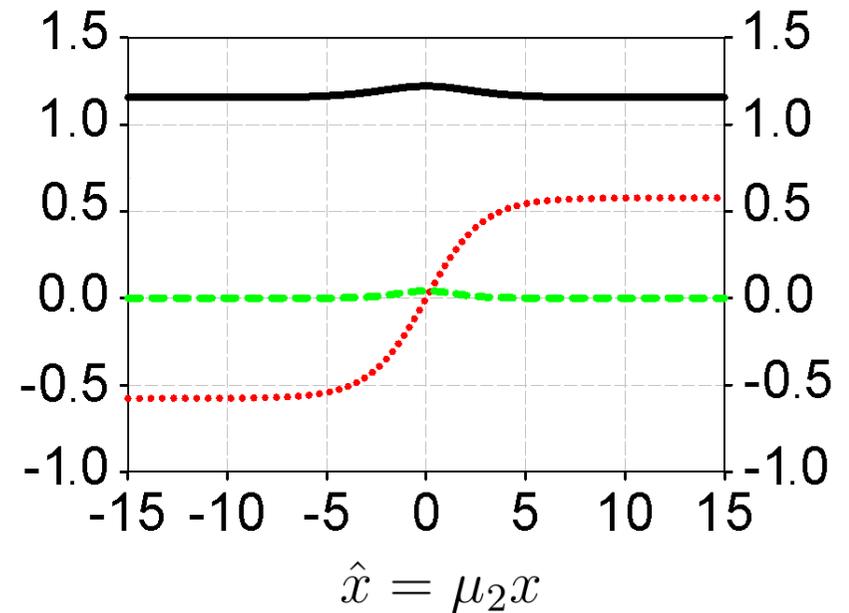
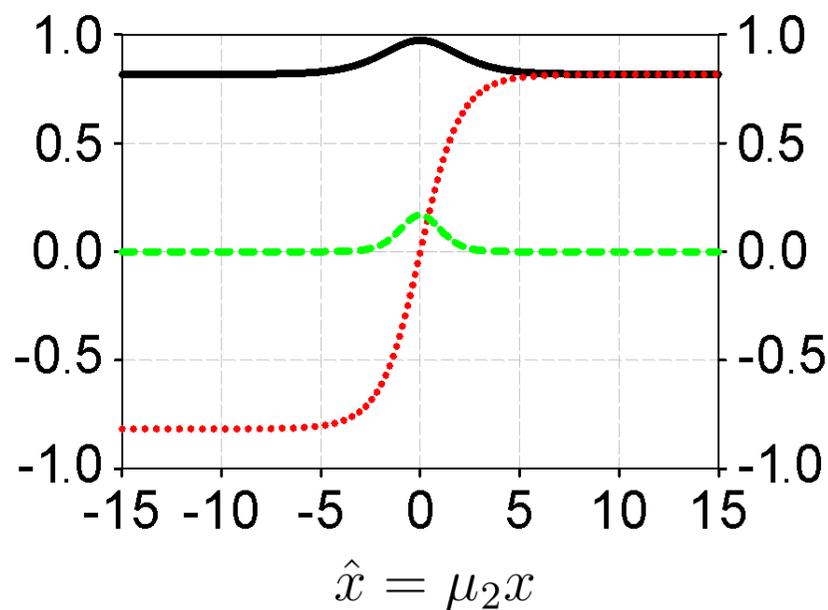


– Spatial profile of the Z_2 domain wall

[R Battye, G Brown, AP, JHEP08 (2011) 020.]

Introduce dimensionless quantities:

$$\hat{x} = \mu_2 x, \quad \hat{v}_{1,2}^0(\hat{x}) = \frac{v_{1,2}^0(x)}{\eta}, \quad \hat{E} = \frac{\lambda_2 E}{\mu_2^3}, \quad \text{with } \eta = \frac{\mu_2}{\sqrt{\lambda_2}}.$$



• Charge-Violating Domain Walls in the 2HDM

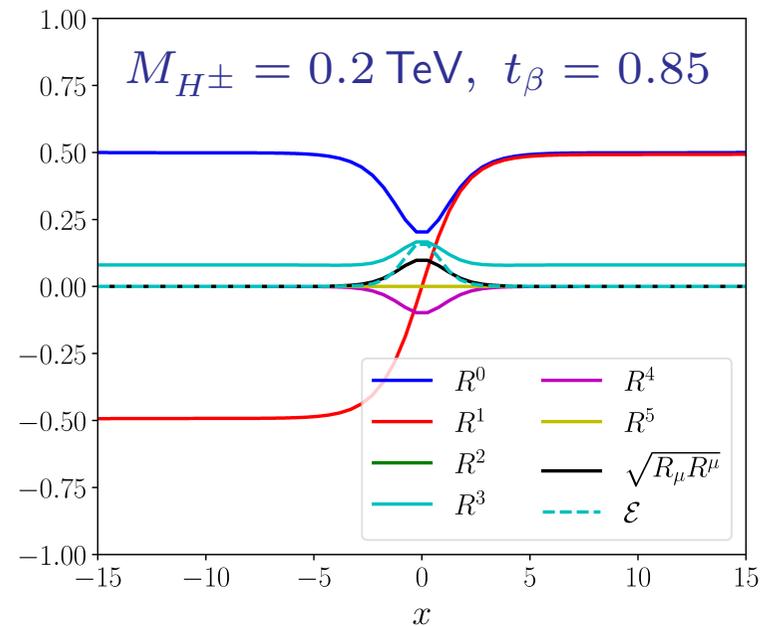
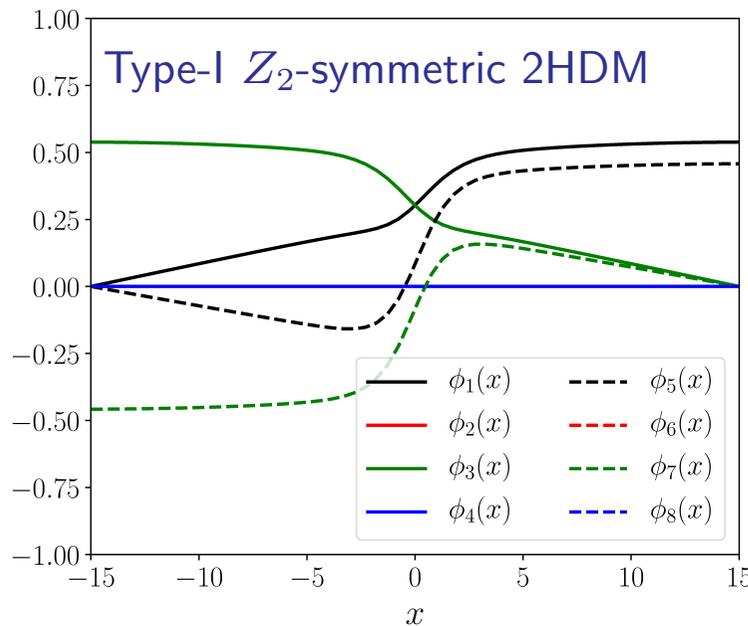
[R Battye, AP, D Viatc, JHEP2101 (2021) 105.
K.H. Law, AP, PRD105 (2022) 056007]

– Relatively **gauge-rotated** vacua at the boundaries:

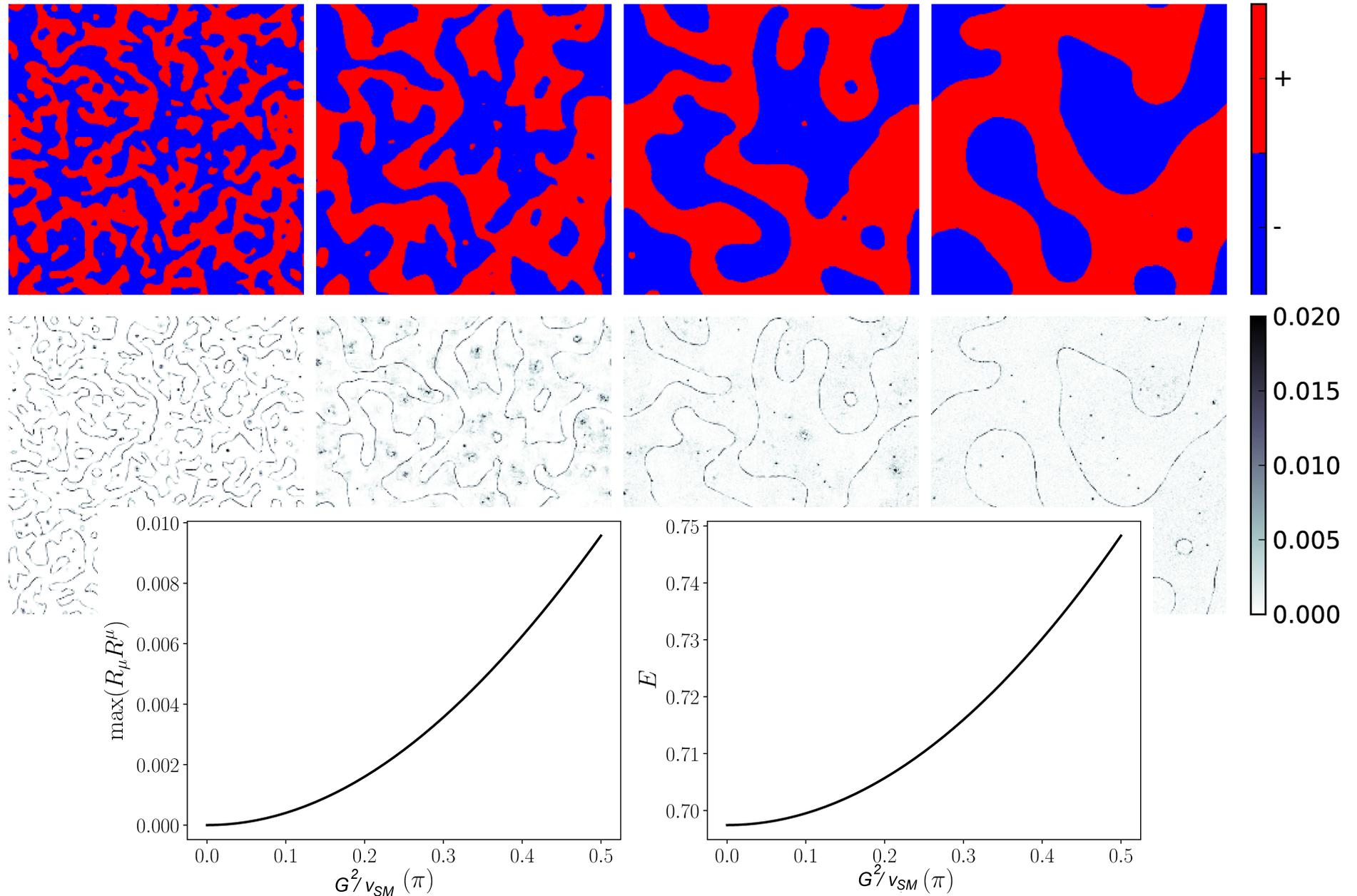
$$\Phi_1(-\infty) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi_2(-\infty) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} v_+ \rightarrow 0 \\ -v_2 e^{-i\xi} \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\Phi_1(+\infty) = U(+\infty) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi_2(+\infty) = U(+\infty) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ +v_2 e^{+i\xi} \end{pmatrix},$$

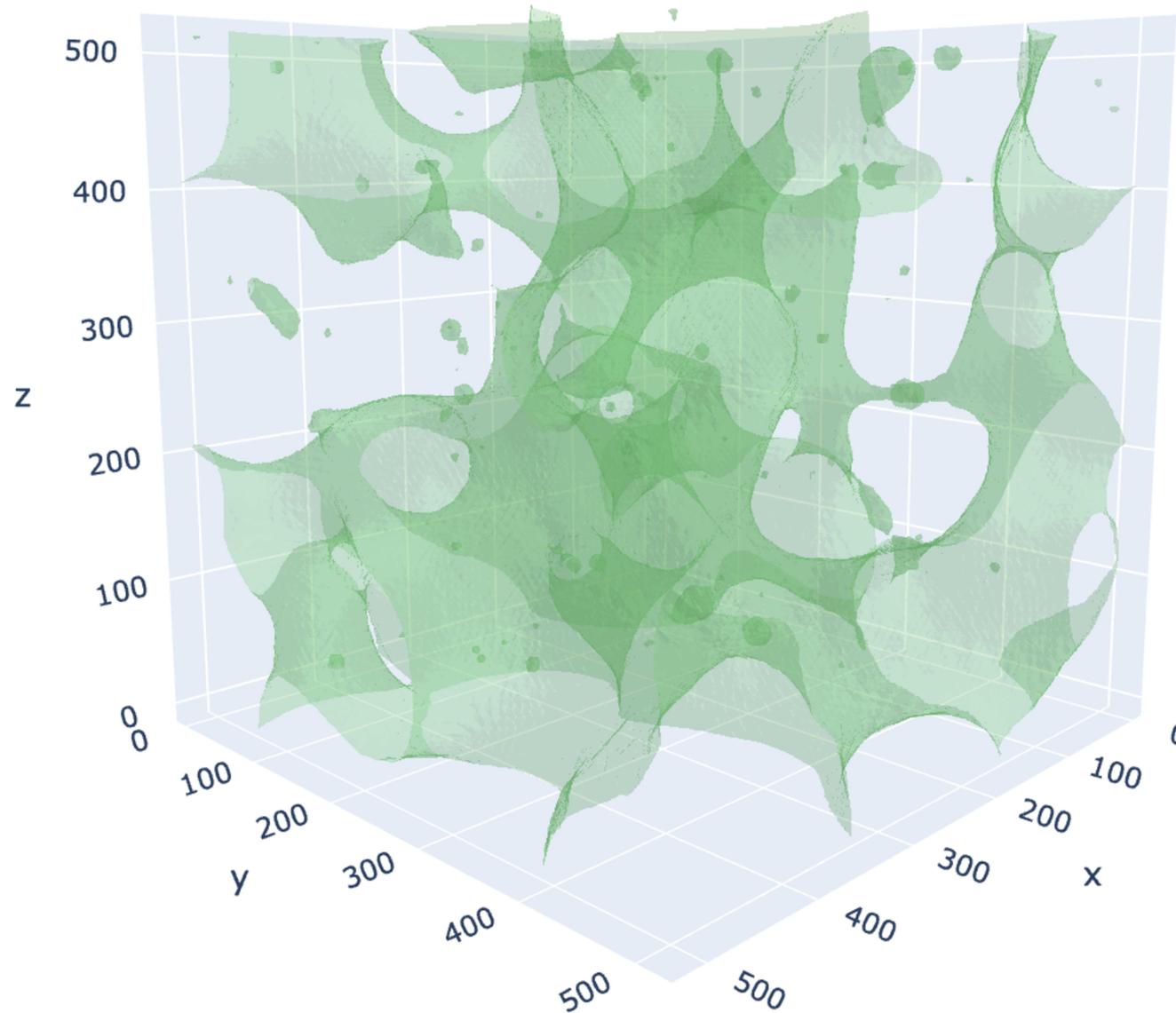
$$U(x) = e^{i\theta(x)} \exp\left(\frac{i G^i(x) \sigma^i}{v_{\text{SM}} 2}\right), \quad \text{with } U(-\infty) = \mathbf{1}_2.$$



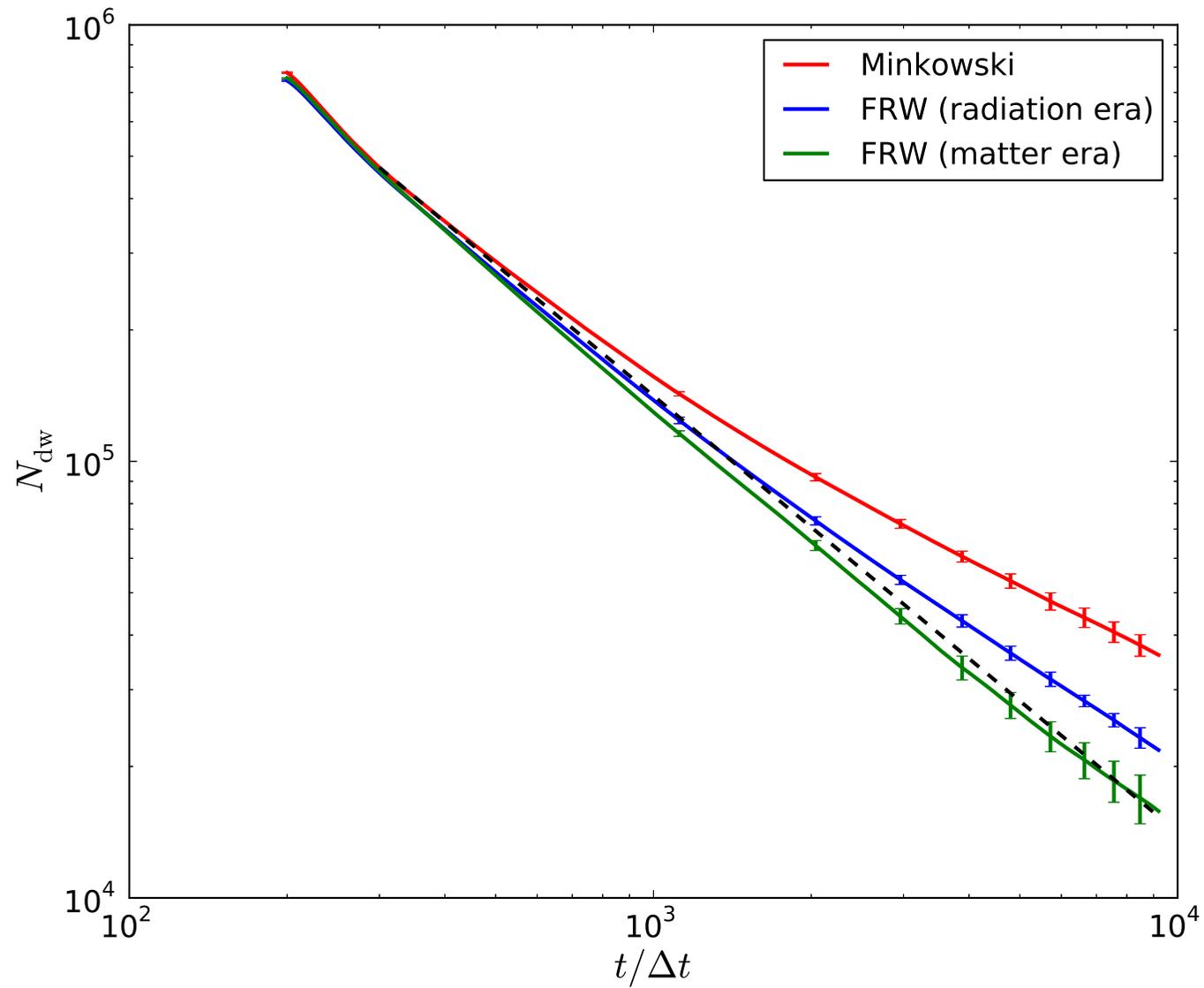
– 2D DW simulations in the Type-I Z_2 -symmetric 2HDM



– **3D DW network** in the Type-I Z_2 -symmetric 2HDM



– Evolution of DW number N_{dw} in the Type-I Z_2 -symmetric 2HDM



– QCD instantons in Type-II Z_2 -symmetric 2HDM

[R Battye, AP, D Viatc, PRD102 (2020) 123536;
RD Peccei, HR Quinn '77]

$$V_{\text{inst}} \sim \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^4 \left[\left(\frac{\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2}{v_{\text{SM}}^2} \right)^{n_G} - \left(\frac{\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 e^{i\theta_{\text{QCD}}}}{v_{\text{SM}}^2} \right)^{n_G} \right] + \text{H.c.}$$
$$\lesssim \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^4}{v_{\text{SM}}^2} s_\beta^2 c_\beta^2 \left(1 - \cos(n_G \theta_{\text{QCD}}) \right) \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \text{H.c.},$$

$$\implies \theta_{\text{QCD}} \gtrsim \frac{10^{-11}}{\sin \beta \cos \beta}$$

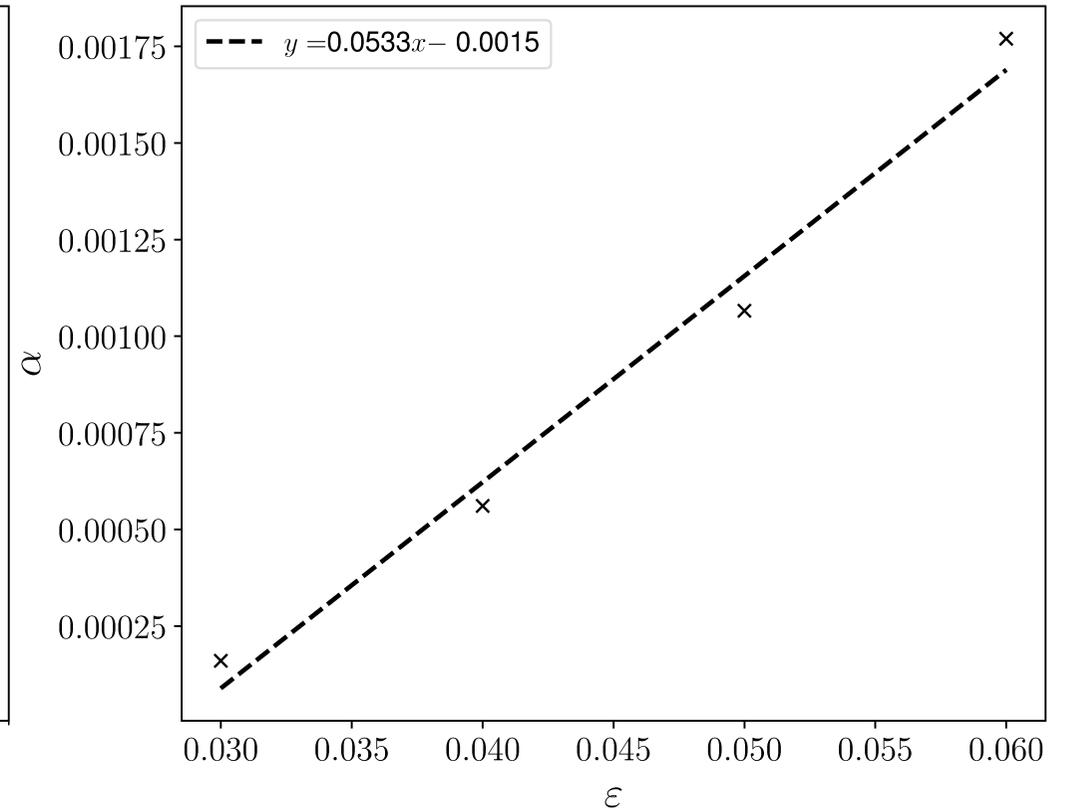
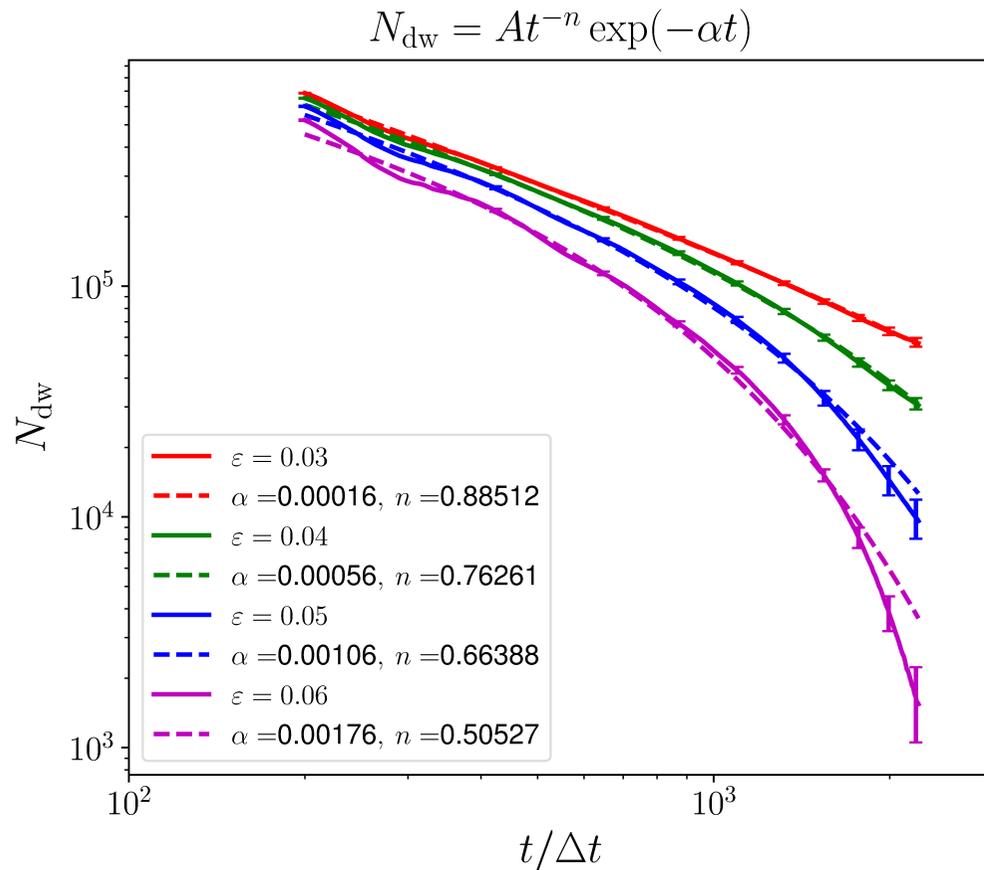
From neutron EDM limit: $\theta_{\text{QCD}} \lesssim 10^{-11} - 10^{-10}$

Loose constraint:

$$0.3 \lesssim \tan \beta \lesssim 3$$

– Biased initial conditions in Z_2 -symmetric 2HDMs

[R Battye, AP, D Viatic, PRD102 (2020) 123536]



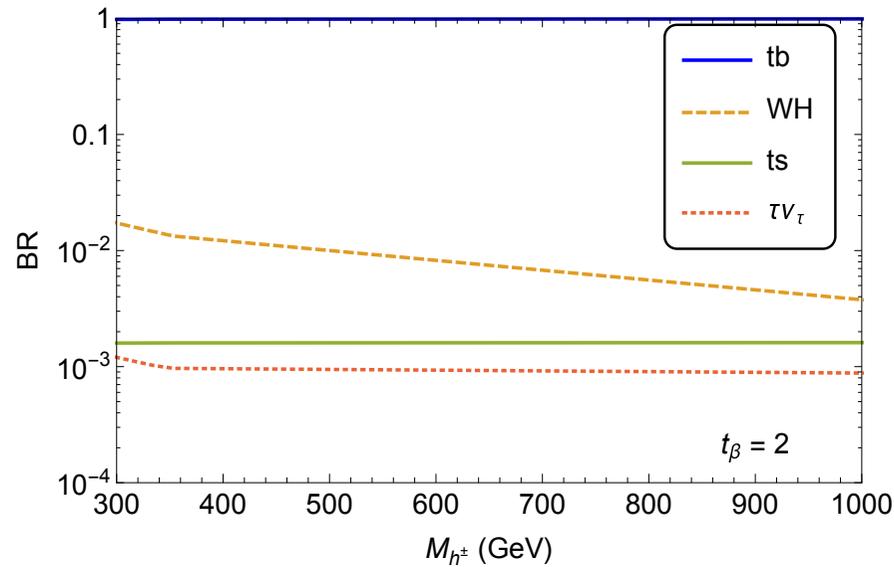
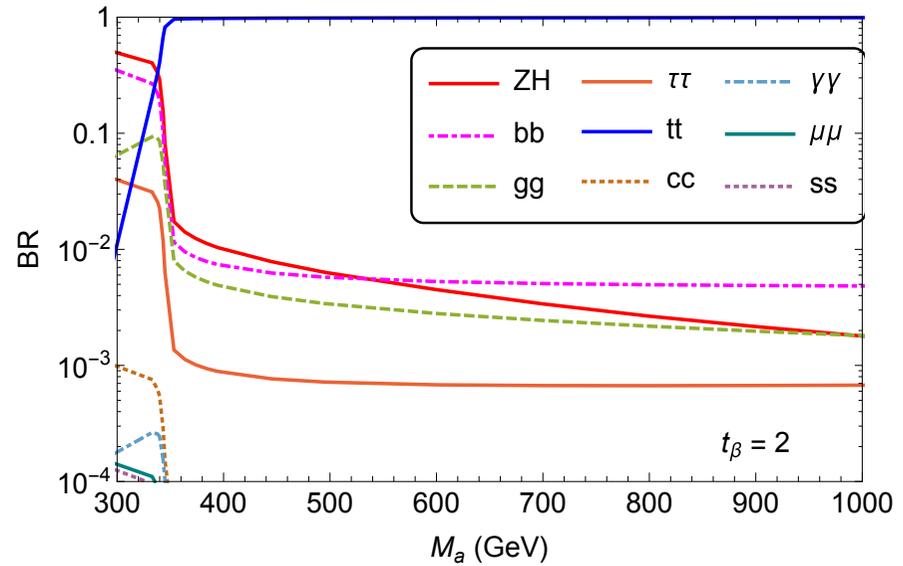
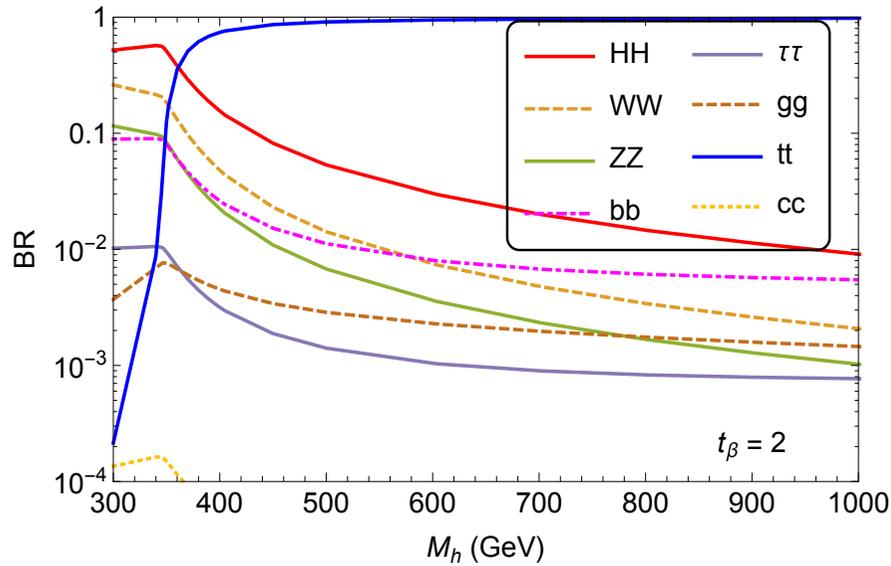
Avoidance of DW domination in the Universe:

$$\epsilon > \frac{640\pi A \hat{E}}{3 e} \left(\frac{v_{\text{SM}}^{3/2}}{M_{\text{Pl}}} \right)^2 \simeq 2.5 \times 10^{-29} A \hat{E} \text{ GeV}, \quad \text{with } A, \hat{E} \sim 1.$$

• Phenomenology at the LHC

– Branching ratios in the MS-2HDM

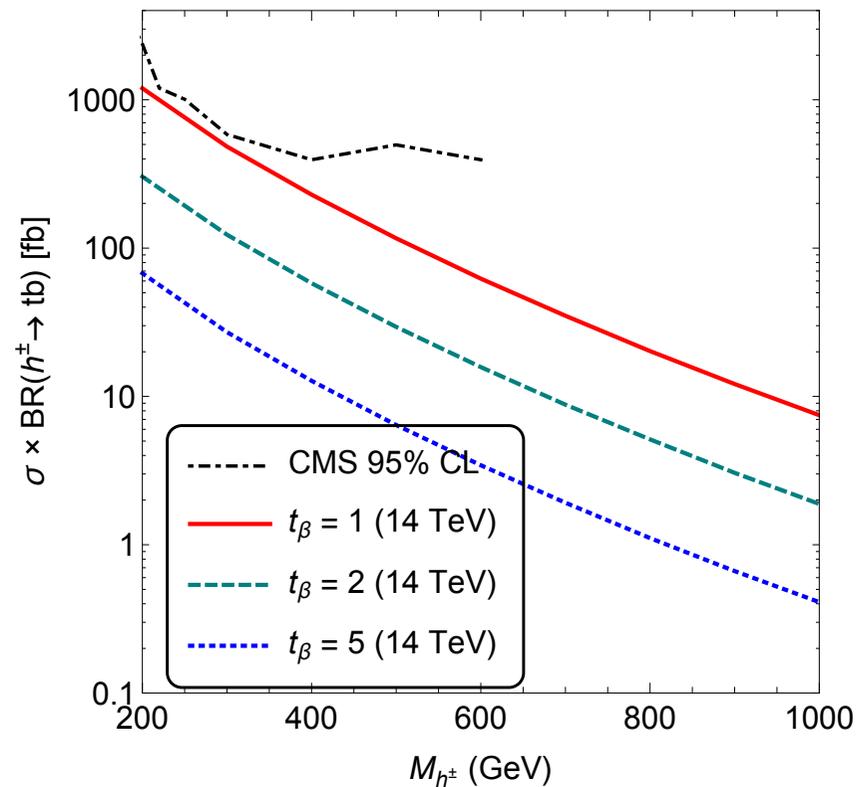
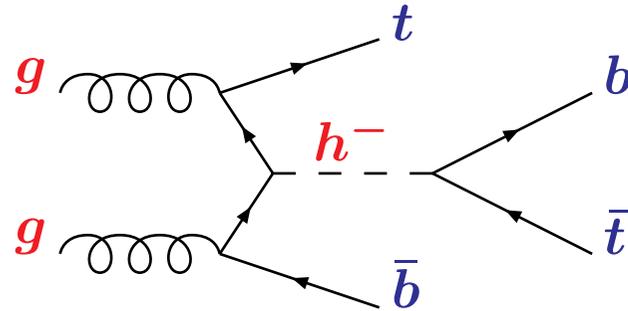
[Dev, AP '14]



– Discovery channels for aligned Higgs doublets:

- $gg \rightarrow t\bar{b}h^- \rightarrow t\bar{b}t\bar{b}$

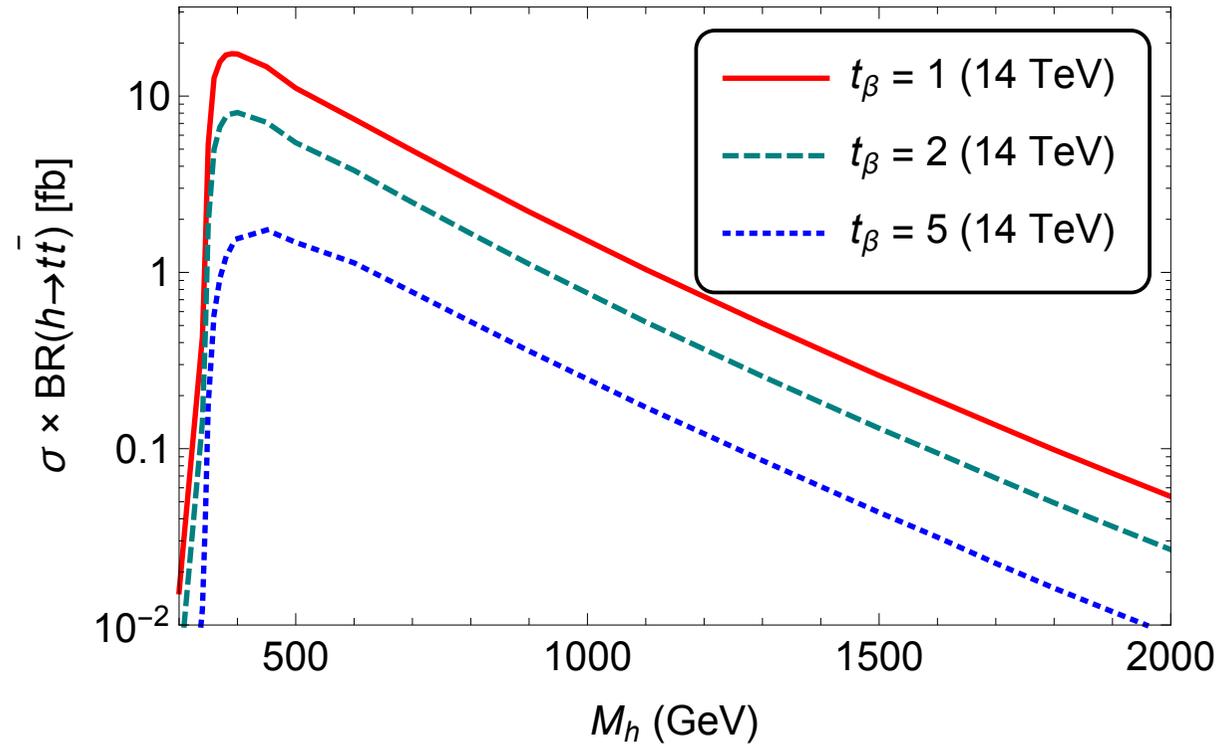
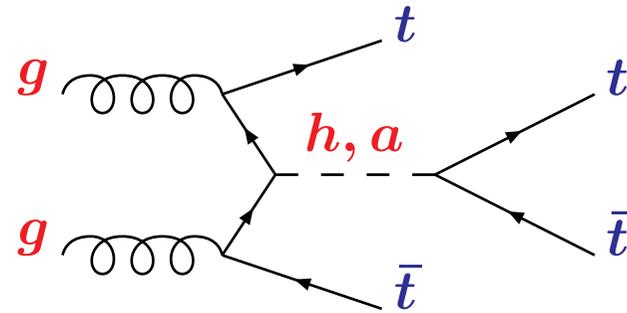
[Dev, AP '14]

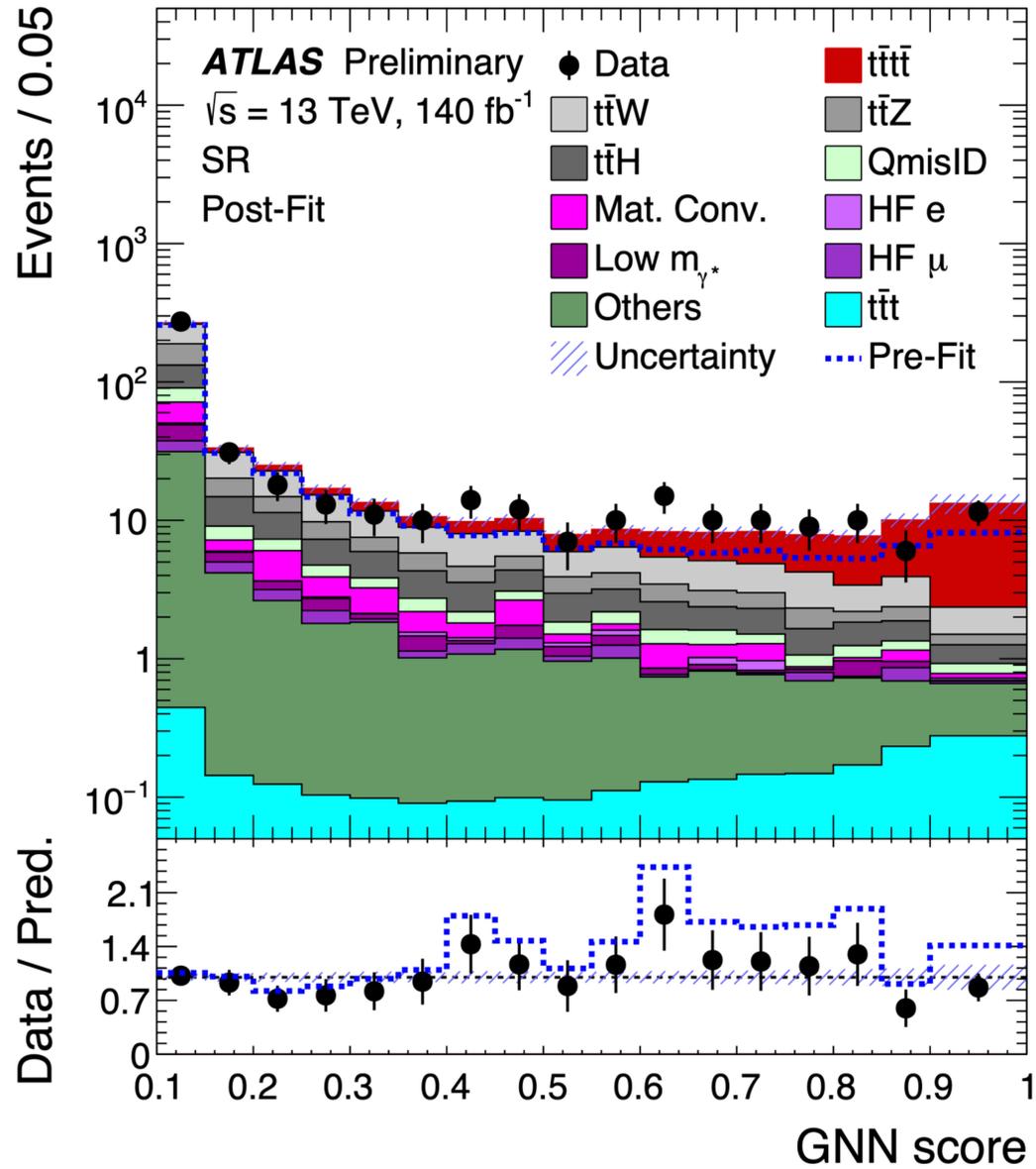


- $p_T^l > 20 \text{ GeV},$
- $|\eta^l| < 2.5,$
- $\Delta R^{ll} > 0.4,$
- $M_{ll} > 12 \text{ GeV},$
- $|M_{ll} - M_Z| > 10 \text{ GeV},$
- $p_T^j > 30 \text{ GeV},$
- $|\eta^j| < 2.4,$
- $\cancel{E}_T > 40 \text{ GeV}.$

- $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}(h, a) \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$

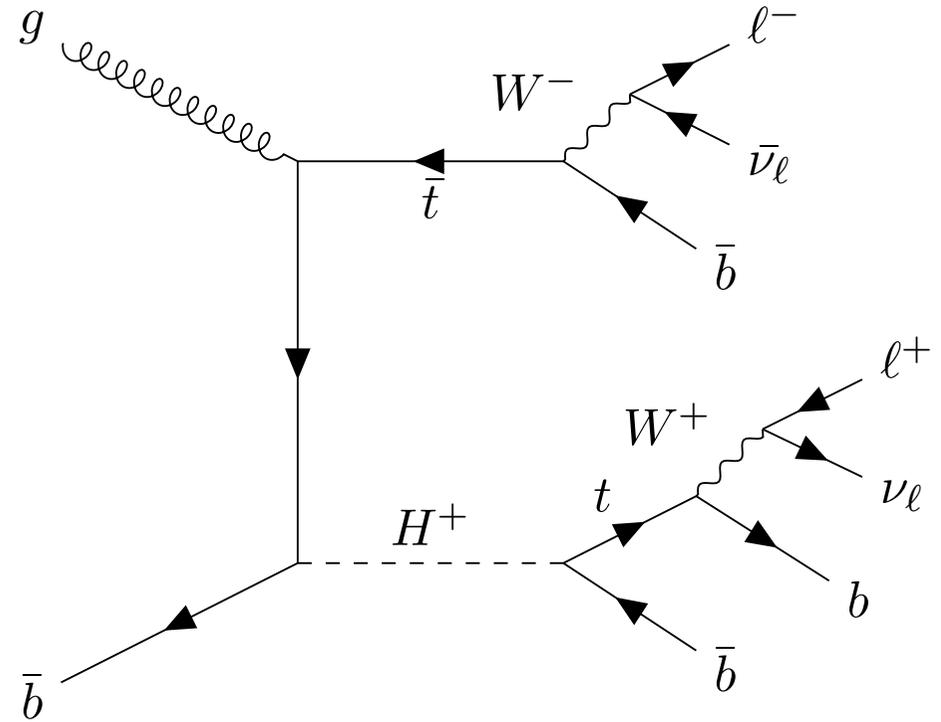
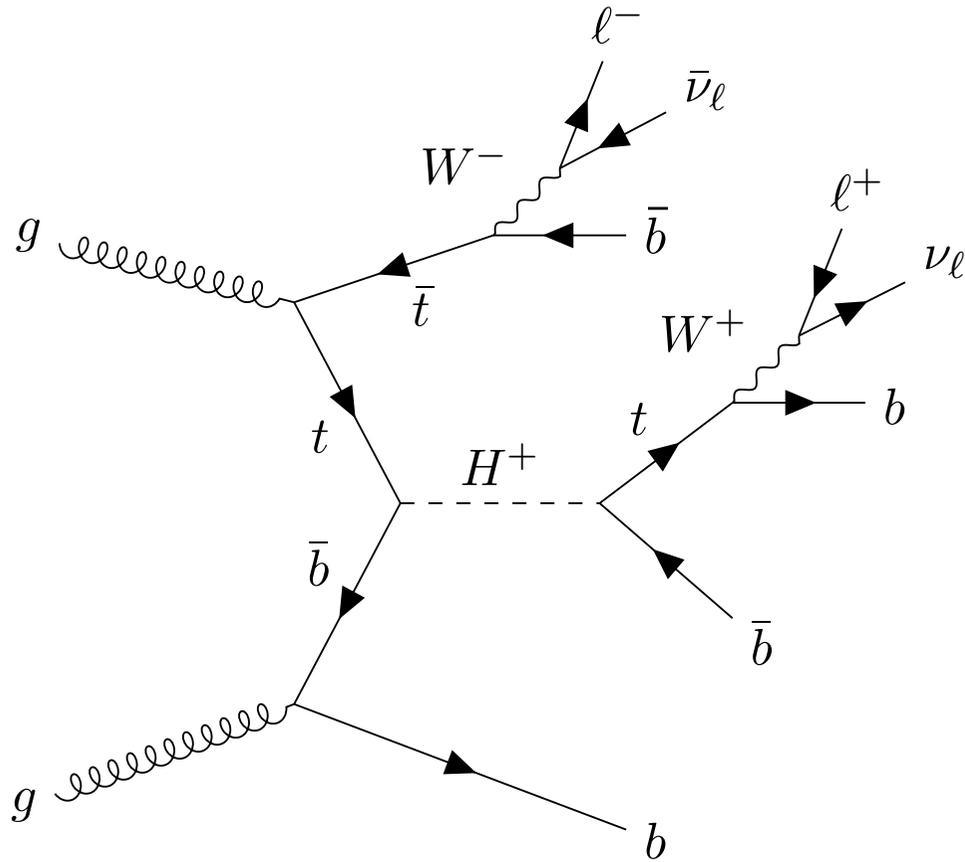
[Dev, AP '14]





– Realistic simulation analysis with a reconstruction BDT

[Emily Hanson, W. Klemm, R. Naranjo, Yvonne Peters, AP, PRD100 (2019) 035026]

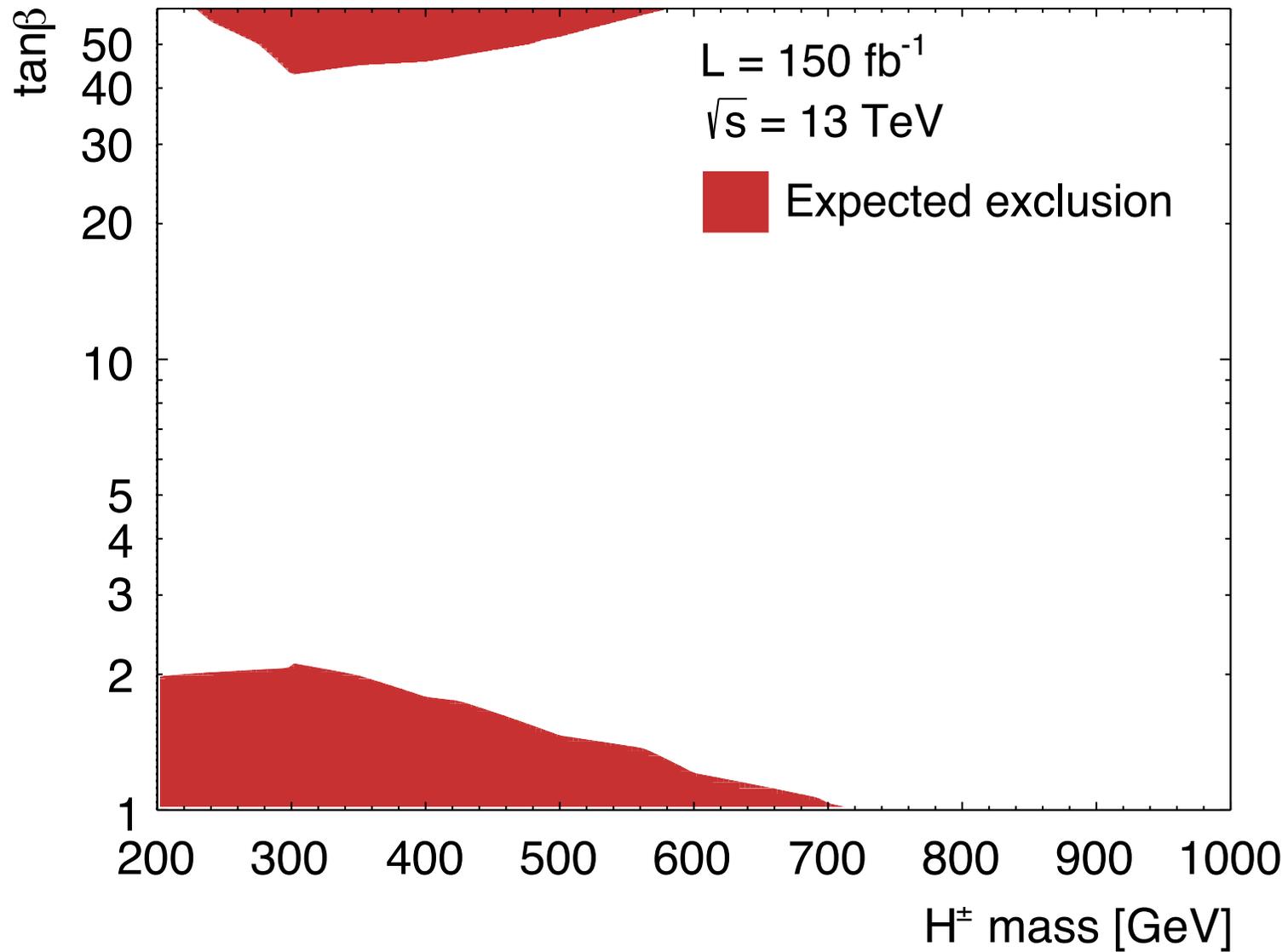


Reconstruction BDT trained on 57 observables:

- $\Delta R(b_i, l^a), \Delta\eta(b_i, l^a), \Delta\phi(b_i, l^a), p_T^{b_i+l^a}, m(b_i, l^a)$,
where $i = tH, t$ and $a = +, -$
- $|m(l^+, b_{tH}) - m(l^-, b_t)|$ and $|m(l^-, b_{tH}) - m(l^+, b_t)|$
- $p_T^{b_j}$, where $j = tH, H, t$
- $\Delta R(b_{tH}, b_k), \Delta\eta(b_{tH}, b_k), \Delta\phi(b_{tH}, b_k), p_T^{b_{tH}+b_k}, m(b_{tH}, b_k)$, where $k = H, t$
- $\Delta R(t_{H^a}, b_H), \Delta\eta(t_{H^a}, b_H), \Delta\phi(t_{H^a}, b_H), p_T^{t_{H^a}, b_H}, m(t_{H^a}, b_H)$,
where $a = +, -$
- $\Delta R(t_{H^a}, t_c), \Delta\eta(t_{H^a}, t_c), \Delta\phi(t_{H^a}, t_c)$, where $(H^a, t_c) = (H^+, \bar{t})$ or (H^-, t)
- $m(H^a) - m(b_H)$, where $a = +, -$
- $m(H^+) - m(\bar{t})$ and $m(H^-) - m(t)$
- $p_T^{H^\pm+t_{\text{other}}}$
- $m(H^\pm, t_{\text{other}})$

– Results

[Emily Hanson, W. Klemm, R. Naranjo, Yvonne Peters, AP, PRD100 (2019) 035026]



• Conclusions

- Systematic method based on prime bilinear invariants enables to construct all **accidentally symmetric** scalar potentials.
⇒ Method **applied** to 2HDM, 2HDMEFTs and multi-HDMs:
 - 2HDM (D = 4): $\underline{13} = 6 [U(1)_Y] + 7 [\text{Custodial}]$
 - 2HDMEFT (D = 6): $\underline{15} = 8 + 7$; 2HDMEFT (D = 8): $\underline{17} = 10 + 7$
 - 3HDM (D = 4): $\underline{40} = 19 [U(1)_Y] + 21 [\text{Custodial}]$
- **Quartic coupling unification** for maximally symmetric n HDMs:
$$G_\Phi = \text{SU}(2)_L \otimes \text{Sp}(2n)/\mathbb{Z}_2 \quad (\text{here } n = 2, 3).$$
INPUT: $M_{h_i^\pm}$ & $\tan \beta_i \rightarrow \mu_X^{(1)} \sim 10^{11} \text{ GeV}$ & $\mu_X^{(2)} \sim 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$.
⇒ **RG** effects provide *definite* **misalignment predictions** for the heavy Higgs spectrum and for *all* **H -couplings** to SM particles.
- The $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ channel is a **powerful** probe for **Naturally Aligned 2HDMs**

- Domain Walls in the 2HDM violate charge that delays their collapse in the early Universe.

Avoidance of DW domination $\implies \theta_{\text{QCD}} \gtrsim 10^{-11} / (\sin \beta \cos \beta)$
in Type-II Z_2 -symmetric 2HDM $\implies 0.3 \lesssim \tan \beta \lesssim 3$ from EDMs.

Back-Up Slides

- **Quartic coupling unification in the MS-2HDM**

[Dev, AP '14; N. Darvishi, AP '19]

Symmetry-breaking of $\text{Sp}(4)/\mathbb{Z}_2 \sim \text{SO}(5)$:

- Soft breaking (e.g. through m_{12}^2):

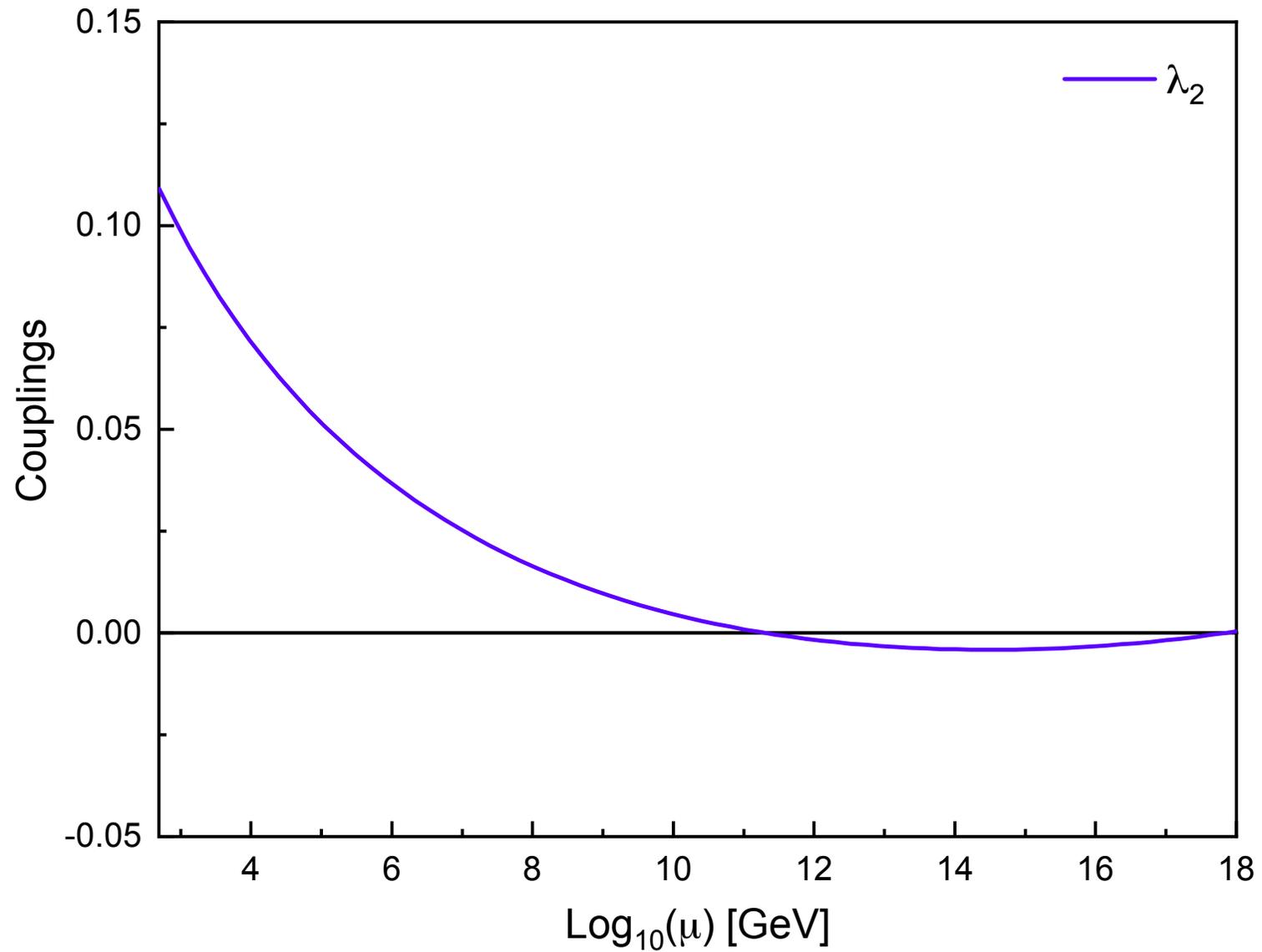
$$M_H^2 = 2\lambda_2 v^2, \quad M_h^2 = M_a^2 = M_{h^\pm}^2 = \frac{\text{Re}(m_{12}^2)}{s_\beta c_\beta}$$

Heavy Higgs spectrum is **degenerate** at tree level.

- **Explicit breaking** through RG running (two loops):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sp}(4)/\mathbb{Z}_2 \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L &\xrightarrow{g' \neq 0} \text{SU}(2)_{\text{HF}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\ &\xrightarrow{\mathbf{Y}^{u,d}} \text{U}(1)_{\text{PQ}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\ &\xrightarrow[\langle \Phi_{1,2} \rangle]{m_{12}^2} \text{U}(1)_{\text{em}} \end{aligned}$$

A closer look at the RG evolution of λ_2

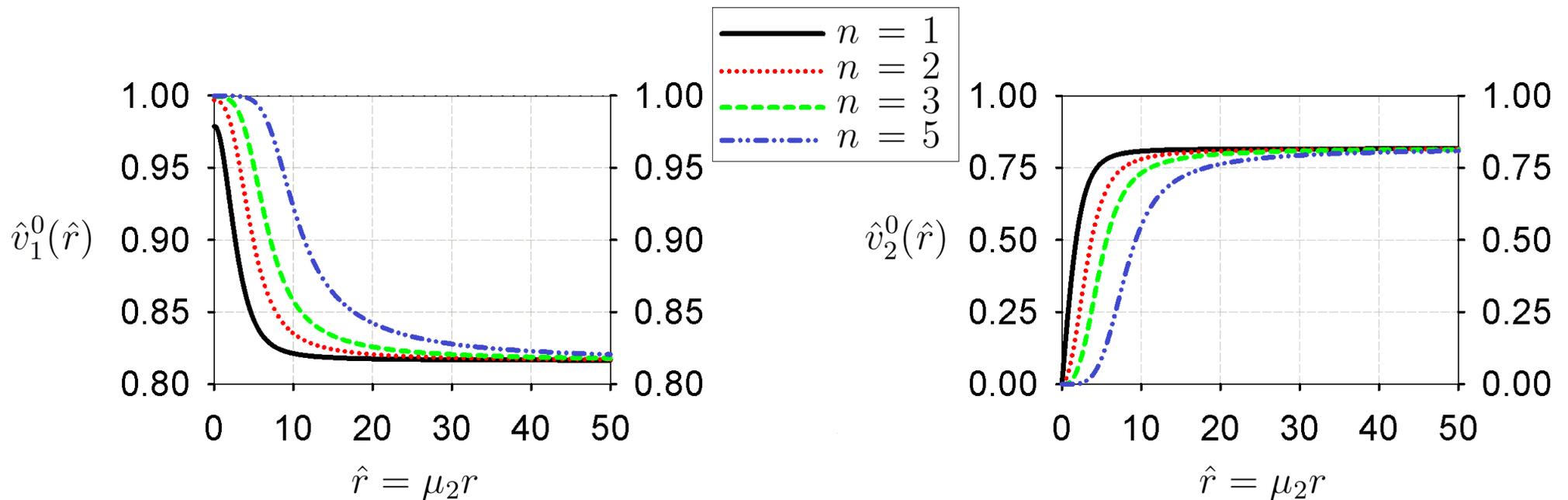


• Other Topological Defects from the 2HDM Potential

• $U(1)_{PQ}$ Vortices

[R. A. Battye, G. D. Brawn, A.P., JHEP08 (2011) 020.]

$$\phi_1(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_1^0(r) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \phi_2(r, \chi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_2^0(r) e^{in\chi} \end{pmatrix}.$$

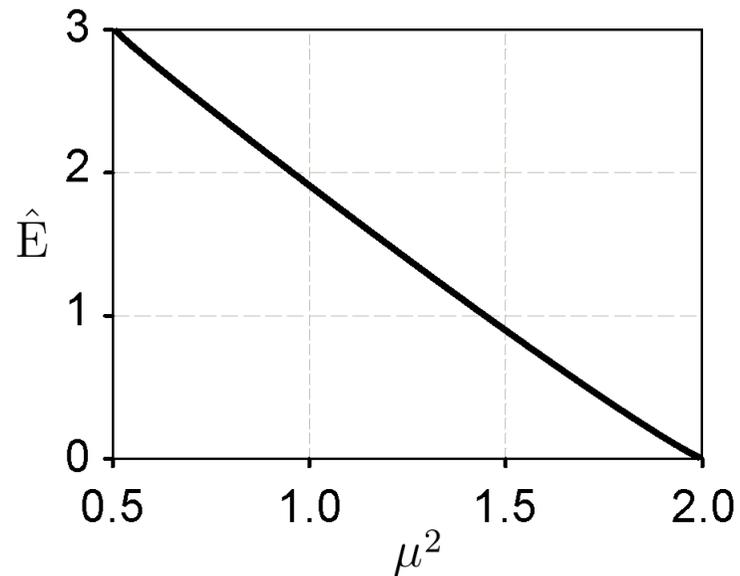


Energy dependence of the $U(1)_{PQ}$ Vortex

[R. A. Battye, G. D. Brawn, A.P., JHEP08 (2011) 020.]

Energy per unit length:

$$E = 2\pi \int_0^\infty r dr \mathcal{E}(\phi_1, \phi_2) ,$$



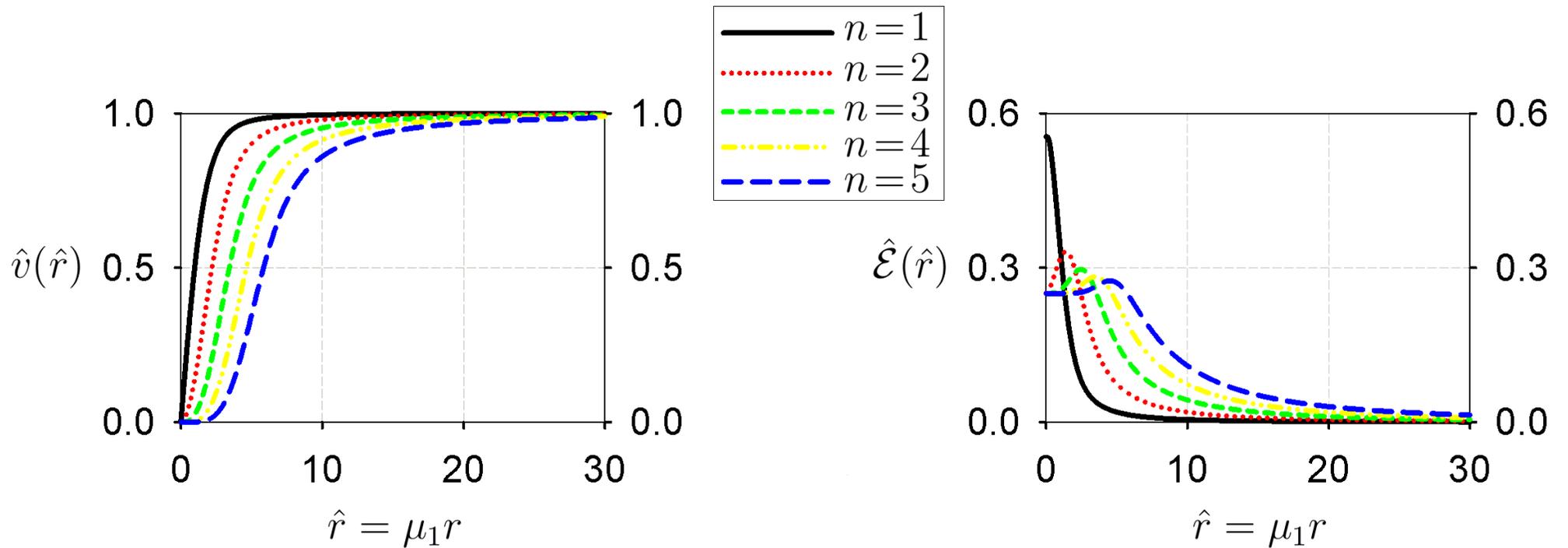
with

$$\mu^2 = \frac{\mu_1^2}{\mu_2^2} .$$

• **CP3 Vortices**

[R. A. Battye, G. D. Brawn, A.P., JHEP08 (2011) 020.]

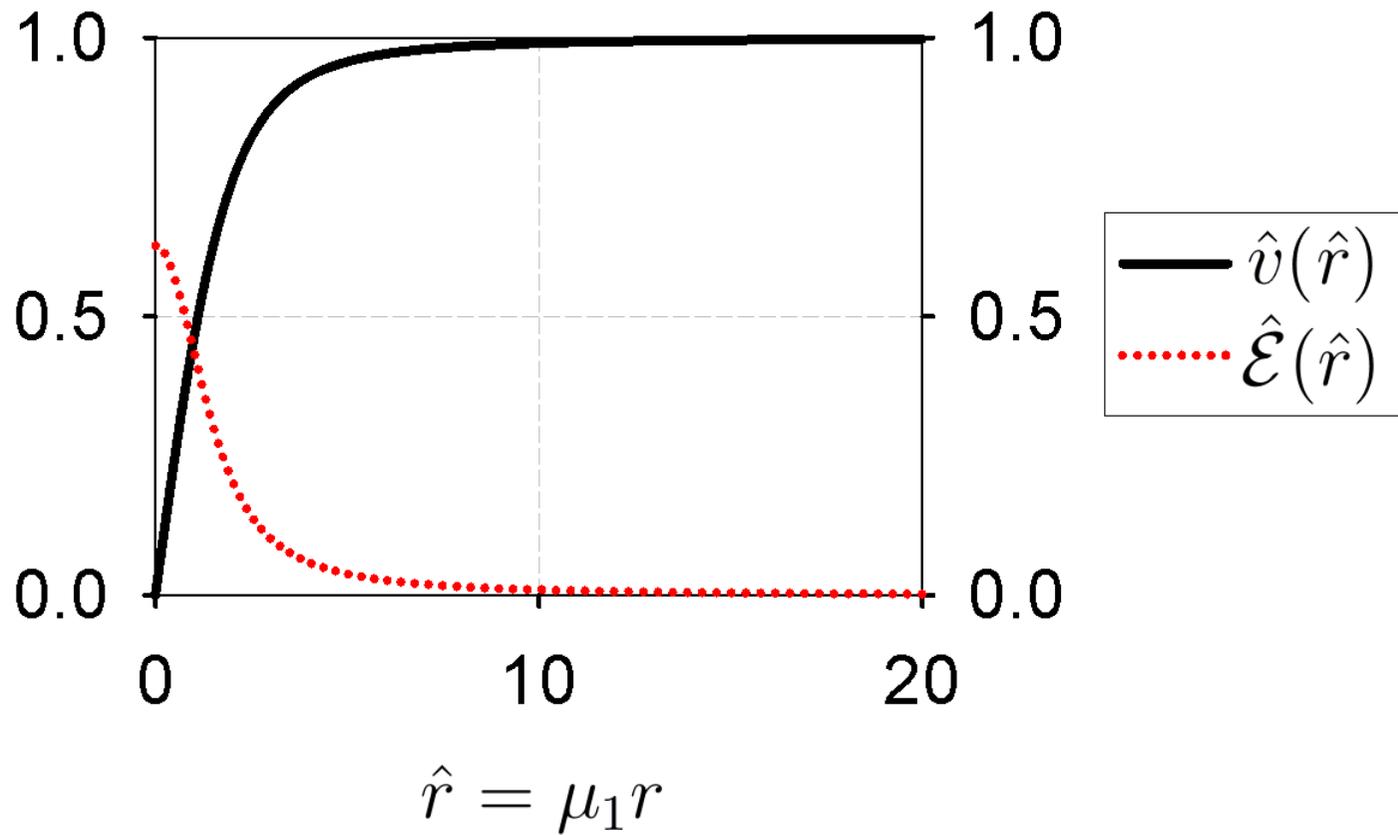
$$\phi_1(r, \chi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v(r) \cos(n\chi) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \phi_2(r, \chi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -v(r) \sin(n\chi) \end{pmatrix}.$$



• **$SO(3)_{\text{HF}}$ Global Monopole**

[R. A. Battye, G. D. Brawn, A.P., JHEP08 (2011) 020.]

$$\phi_1(r, \chi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v(r) \sin \chi \end{pmatrix}, \quad \phi_2(r, \chi, \psi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v(r) e^{i\psi} \cos \chi \end{pmatrix}.$$



• Natural Alignment Beyond the 2HDM

[AP '16]

– n HDM **potential** with m inert scalar doublets:

$$V_{n\text{HDM}} = V_{\text{sym}} + V_{\text{inert}} + \Delta V_{\text{soft}} ,$$

– **3** continuous **alignment symmetries** in the field space of the **active** EWSB sector ($N_H = n - m$):

$$(i) \text{ Sp}(2N_H) \times \mathcal{D} \quad (ii) \text{ SU}(N_H) \times \mathcal{D} \quad (iii) \text{ SO}(N_H) \times \mathcal{CP} \times \mathcal{D} ,$$

where \mathcal{D} acts on the inert sector *only*.

– **Symmetry invariants**:

$$(i) \quad S = \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 + \dots = \frac{1}{2} \Phi^\dagger \Phi$$

$$(ii) \quad D^a = \Phi_1^\dagger \sigma^a \Phi_1 + \Phi_2^\dagger \sigma^a \Phi_2 + \dots$$

$$(iii) \quad T = \Phi_1 \Phi_1^\top + \Phi_2 \Phi_2^\top + \dots$$

– **Symmetric part of the scalar potential**:

$$V_{\text{sym}} = -\mu^2 S + \lambda_S S^2 + \lambda_D D^a D^a + \lambda_T \text{Tr}(T T^*) .$$

– Inert part of the scalar potential:

$$V_{\text{inert}} = \widehat{m}_{\widehat{a}\widehat{b}}^2 \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{a}}^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}} + \lambda_{\widehat{a}\widehat{b}\widehat{c}\widehat{d}} (\widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{a}}^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}}) (\widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{c}}^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{d}}) + \lambda_{\widehat{a}\widehat{b}cd} (\widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{a}}^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}}) (\Phi_c^\dagger \Phi_d) \\ + \lambda_{a\widehat{b}\widehat{c}d} (\Phi_a^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}}) (\widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{c}}^\dagger \Phi_d) + \left[\lambda_{a\widehat{b}c\widehat{d}} (\Phi_a^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}}) (\Phi_c^\dagger \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{d}}) + \text{H.c.} \right]$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_2^I : \quad \Phi_a \rightarrow \Phi_a \quad (a = 1, 2, \dots, N_H), \quad \widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}} \rightarrow -\widehat{\Phi}_{\widehat{b}} \quad (\widehat{b} = \widehat{1}, \widehat{2}, \dots, \widehat{m})$$

– Soft-symmetry Breaking:

$$\Delta V_{\text{soft}} = m_{ab}^2 \Phi_a^\dagger \Phi_b$$

– Minimal Symmetry of Alignment in the Higgs basis:

$$\mathbf{Z}_2^{\text{EW}} : \quad \Phi'_1 \rightarrow \Phi'_1, \quad \Phi'_{a'} \rightarrow -\Phi'_{a'} \quad (a' = 2, 3, \dots, N_H)$$

where m_{ab}^2 becomes diagonal.

\implies

Minimal Alignment Symmetry: $\mathbf{Z}_2^{\text{EW}} \times \mathbf{Z}_2^I$

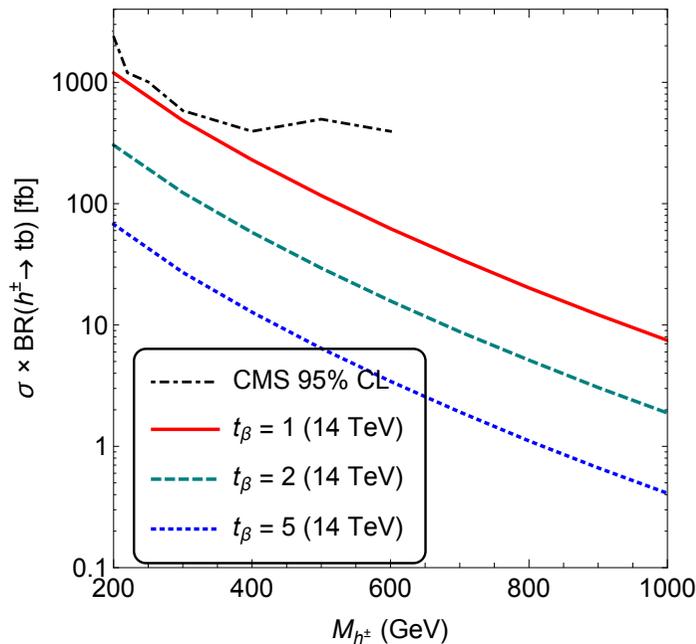
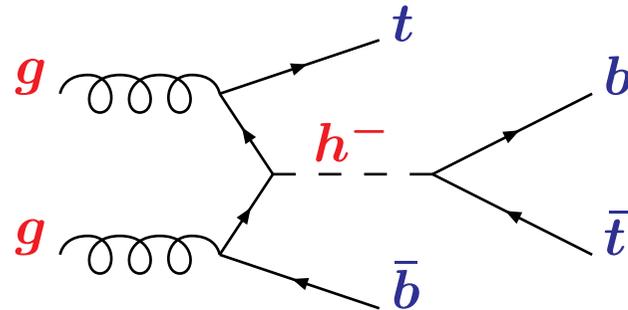
[AP '16]

• Phenomenological implications at the LHC

Discovery channels for aligned Higgs doublets:

- $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}h^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$

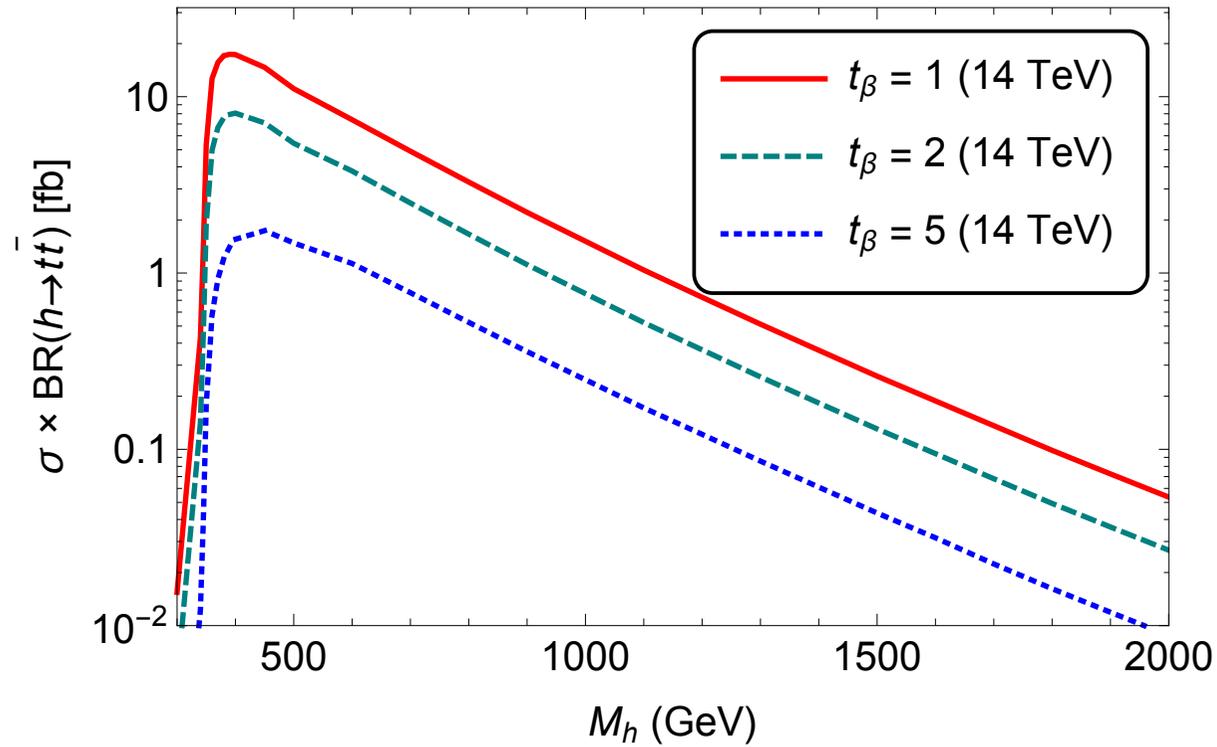
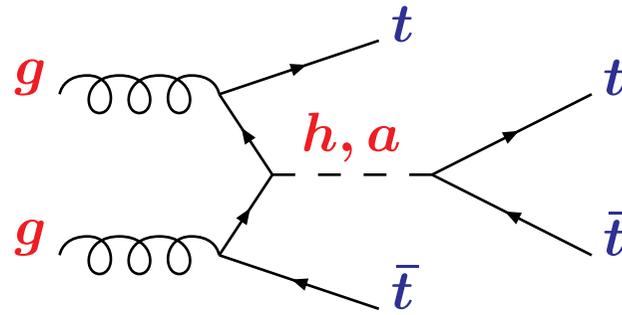
[Dev, AP '14]



- $p_T^\ell > 20 \text{ GeV},$
- $|\eta^\ell| < 2.5,$
- $\Delta R^{\ell\ell} > 0.4,$
- $M_{\ell\ell} > 12 \text{ GeV},$
- $|M_{\ell\ell} - M_Z| > 10 \text{ GeV},$
- $p_T^j > 30 \text{ GeV},$
- $|\eta^j| < 2.4,$
- $\cancel{E}_T > 40 \text{ GeV}.$

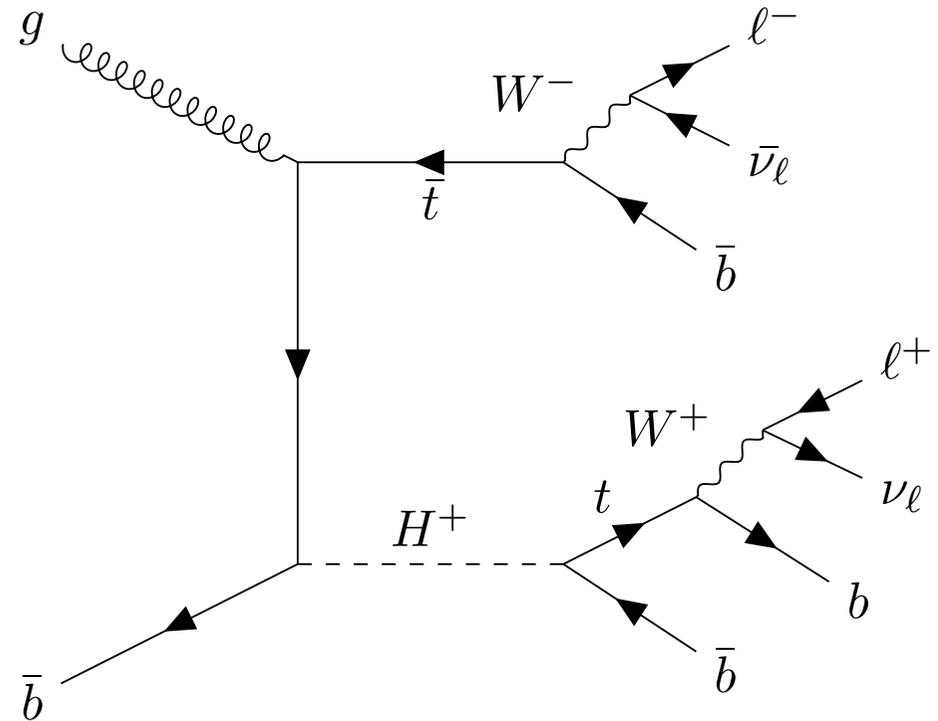
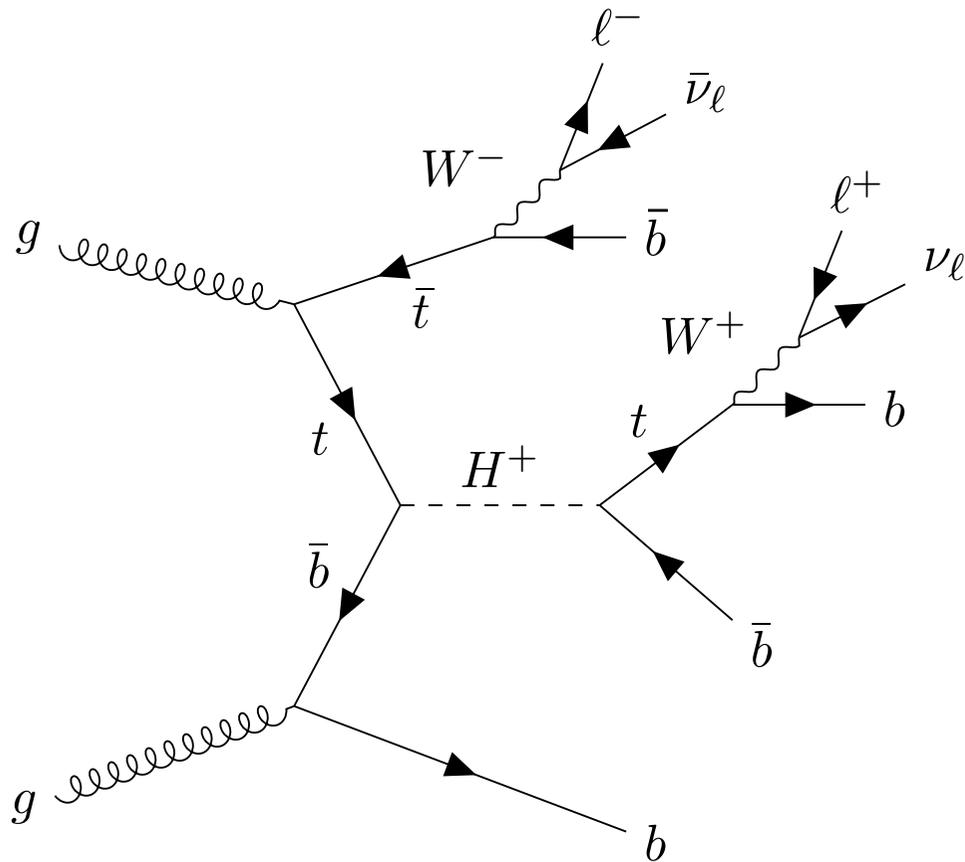
- $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}(h, a) \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$

[Dev, AP '14]



Realistic simulation analysis with a reconstruction BDT

[Emily Hanson, W. Klemm, R. Naranjo, Yvonne Peters, AP, PRD100 (2019) 035026]



Reconstruction BDT trained on 57 observables:

- $\Delta R(b_i, l^a), \Delta\eta(b_i, l^a), \Delta\phi(b_i, l^a), p_T^{b_i+l^a}, m(b_i, l^a)$,
where $i = tH, t$ and $a = +, -$
- $|m(l^+, b_{tH}) - m(l^-, b_t)|$ and $|m(l^-, b_{tH}) - m(l^+, b_t)|$
- $p_T^{b_j}$, where $j = tH, H, t$
- $\Delta R(b_{tH}, b_k), \Delta\eta(b_{tH}, b_k), \Delta\phi(b_{tH}, b_k), p_T^{b_{tH}+b_k}, m(b_{tH}, b_k)$, where $k = H, t$
- $\Delta R(t_{H^a}, b_H), \Delta\eta(t_{H^a}, b_H), \Delta\phi(t_{H^a}, b_H), p_T^{t_{H^a}, b_H}, m(t_{H^a}, b_H)$,
where $a = +, -$
- $\Delta R(t_{H^a}, t_c), \Delta\eta(t_{H^a}, t_c), \Delta\phi(t_{H^a}, t_c)$, where $(H^a, t_c) = (H^+, \bar{t})$ or (H^-, t)
- $m(H^a) - m(b_H)$, where $a = +, -$
- $m(H^+) - m(\bar{t})$ and $m(H^-) - m(t)$
- $p_T^{H^\pm+t_{\text{other}}}$
- $m(H^\pm, t_{\text{other}})$

Results

[Emily Hanson, W. Klemm, R. Naranjo, Yvonne Peters, AP, PRD100 (2019) 035026]

