



Towards DRD Calorimetry Introduction – 2nd Community Meeting

Input Proposal Team and TF6+ task force

Martin Aleksa, Etiennette Auffray-Hillemanns, Dave Barney, Jim Brau, Sarah Eno, Roberto Ferrari, Gabriella Gaudio, Adrian Irles, Macro Lucchini, Nicolas Morange, Wataru Ootani, Marc-André Pleier, Roman Pöschl, Philipp Roloff, Tommaso Tabarelli de Fatis, Felix Sefkow, Frank Simon, Hwidong Yoo

ECFA 2nd Community Meeting - Welcome



- Welcome to the 2nd Community Meeting
- This is another important milestone in the DRD collaboration for Calorimetry
- Many thanks
 - Everyone registered at the meeting either in presence or remotely
 - Everyone (contributed) submitting the proposals
 - The input proposal team members
 - The speakers who accepted to collect and present information today

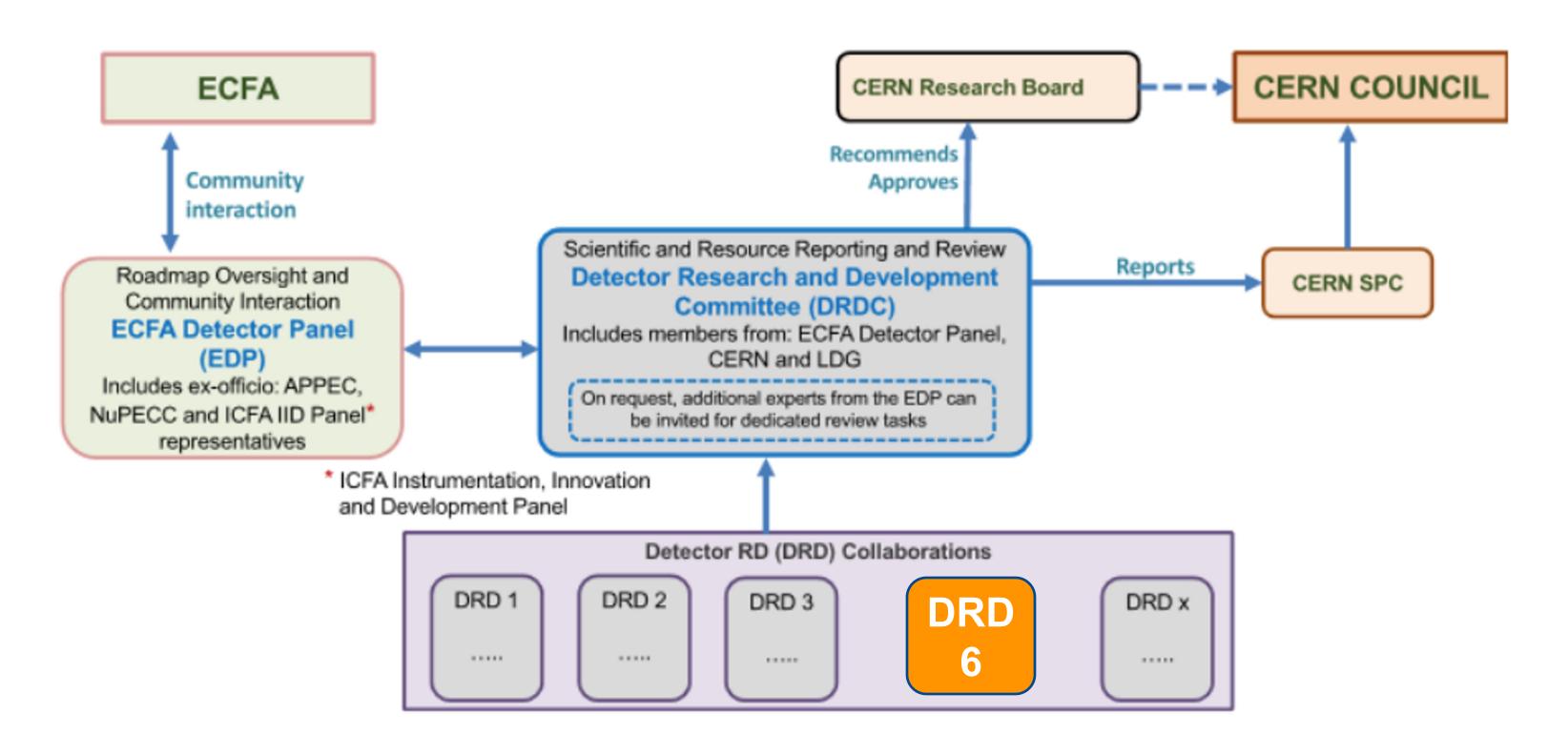
ECFA Roadmap implementation



- ECFA Roadmap Coordination group has worked out a proposal
 P. Allport, S. Dalla Torre, J. D'Hondt, K. Jakobs, M. Krammer, S. Kühn, F. Sefkow and I. Shipsey
- Document sent to and endorsed by CERN Council in September 2022 (CERN/SPC/1190)
- Main outcomes are
 - the organization of the Detector R&D in form of DRD Collaborations,
 - the overall Organization of the detector R&D
 - an outline of the way towards the formation of the DRD
- DRD will have a CERN recognition but they will not be CERN Collaborations ("anchored at CERN")
- Significant participations by non-European groups is explicitly welcome and needed
- The progress and the R&D will be overseen by a DRDC that is assisted by ECFA

ECFA Future Organization of Detector R&D (in Europe)





ECFA Identified Key Technologies and R&D Tasks



Key technologies and requirements are identified in Roadmap

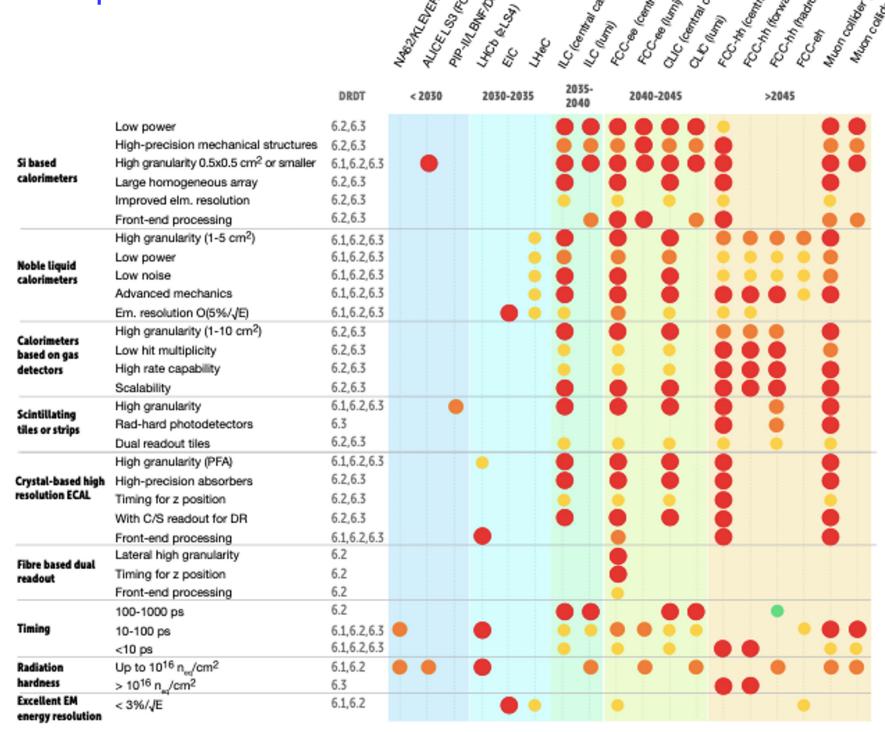
- Si based Calorimeters
- Noble Liquid Calorimeters
- Calorimeters based on gas detectors
- Scintillating tiles and strips
- Crystal based high-resolution ECALs
- Fibre based dual readout

R&D should in particular enable

- Precision timing
- Radiation hardness

R&D Tasks are grouped into

- Must happen
- Important
- Desirable
- Already met



ECFA Toward DRD – Suggested implementation timeline



Through 2023, mechanisms will need to be agreed with funding agencies in parallel to the process below for country specific DRD collaboration funding requests for Strategic R&D and for developing the associated MoUs.

Q4 2022	Outline structure and review mechanisms agreed by CERN Council. Detector R&D Roadmap Task Forces organise community meetings to establish the scope and scale of community wishing to participate in the corresponding new DRD activity. (Where the broad R&D topic area has one or more DRDTs already covered by existing CERN RDs or other international collaborations these need to be fully involved from the very beginning and may be best placed to help bring the community together around the proposed programmes.)
Q1 2023	DRDC mandate formally defined and agreed with CERN management; Core DRDC membership appointed; and EDP mandate plus membership updated to reflect additional roles.
Q1-Q2 2023	Develop the new DRD proposals based of the detector roadmap and community interest in participation, including light-weight organisational structures and resource-loaded work plan for R&D programme start in 2024 and ramp up to a steady state in 2026.
Q3 2023	Review of proposals by DRDC leading to recommendations for formal establishment of the DRD collaborations.
Q4 2023	DRD Collaborations receive formal approval from CERN Research Board.
Q1 2024	New structures operational for ongoing review of DRDs and R&D programmes underway.

Through 2024, collection of MoU signatures

K. Jakobs, ECFA Meeting November 2022

ECFA Towards DRD6 - Calorimetry



- 1st Community meeting (12.1.2023) https://indico.cern.ch/event/1212696/
- Launch of Input proposal collection
 - mid February April 1st
 - Scientific proposal of what need to be built and tested in the next 3 (2024-2026) - 6 (2027-2029) years
 - Description and timeline
 - Objectives:
 - Milestones
 - Deliverables
 - List of participating Institutes/Labs with short description
 - Confidential information on resources
 - they won't be disclosed!

The Proposal Team

Track 1: Sandwich calorimeters with fully embedded Electronics – Main and forward calorimeters

Track conveners:

Adrian Irles (IFIC), Frank Simon (KIT), Jim Brau (U. of Oregon), Wataru Ootani (U. of Tokyo)

Track 2: Liquified Noble Gas Calorimeters

Track Conveners:

Martin Aleksa (CERN), Nicolas Morange (IJCLab), Marc-André Pleier (BNL)

Track 3: Optical calorimeters: Scintillating based sampling and homogenous calorimeters

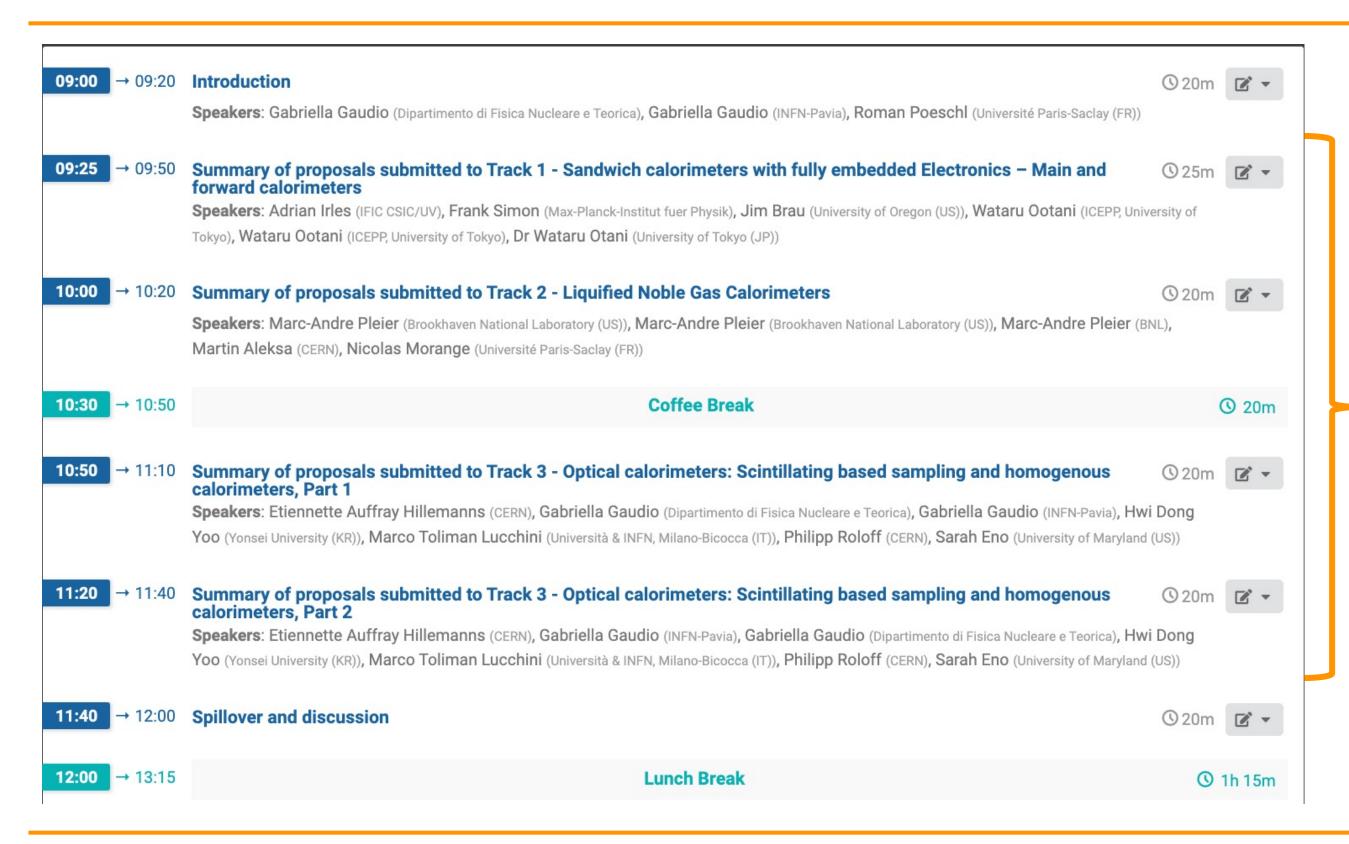
Track Conveners:

Etiennette Auffray (CERN), Gabriella Gaudio (INFN-Pavia), Macro Lucchini (U. and INFN Milano-Bicocca), Philipp Roloff (CERN), Sarah Eno (U. of Maryland), Hwidong Yoo (Yonsei Univ.)

Track 4: Transversal Activities Christophe de La Taille (Lab. Omega)

ECFA Today's meeting





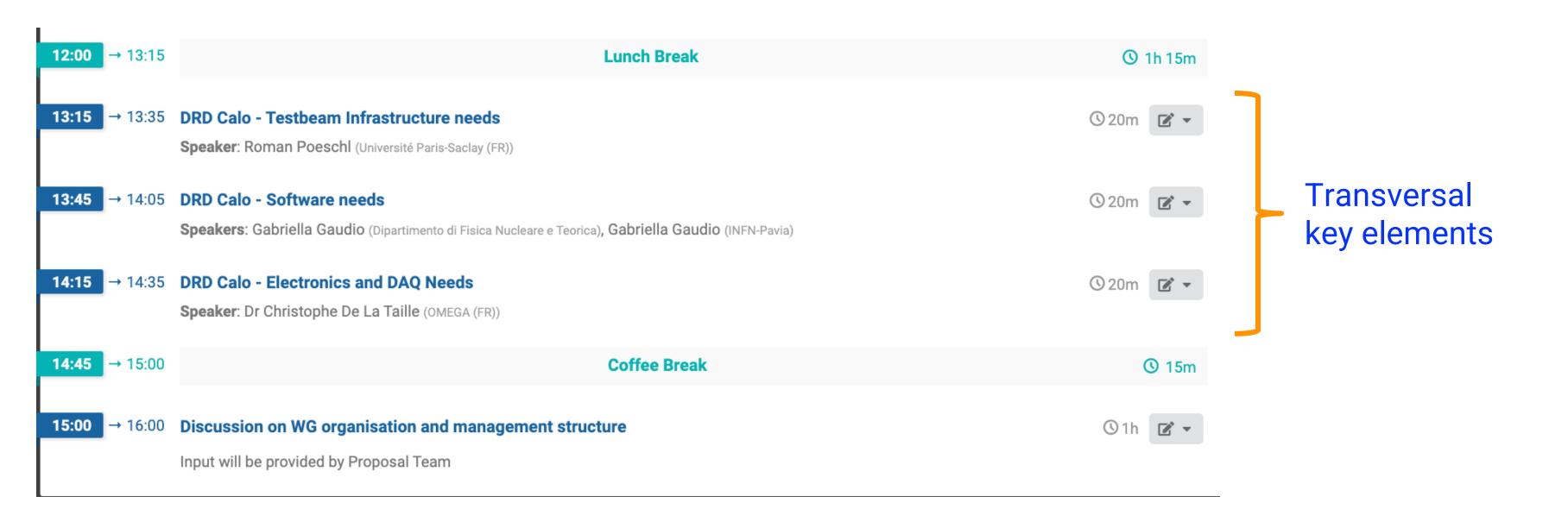
some general comment on the proposals

Scientific content of the proposals

No confidential information!

ECFA Today's meeting





ECFA Proposal Submission Statistics



23 proposals received: track distribution

- track 1: 8 (10) proposals
- track 2: 1 proposal
- track 3: 12 (10) proposals
- track 4: 2 proposals

Calo type(*)

- ECAL: 11
- HCAL: 7
- BOTH: 4

Calo type (**)

- Homogeneous: 5
- Sampling: 13
- BOTH: 4

23 proposals received: geographical distribution

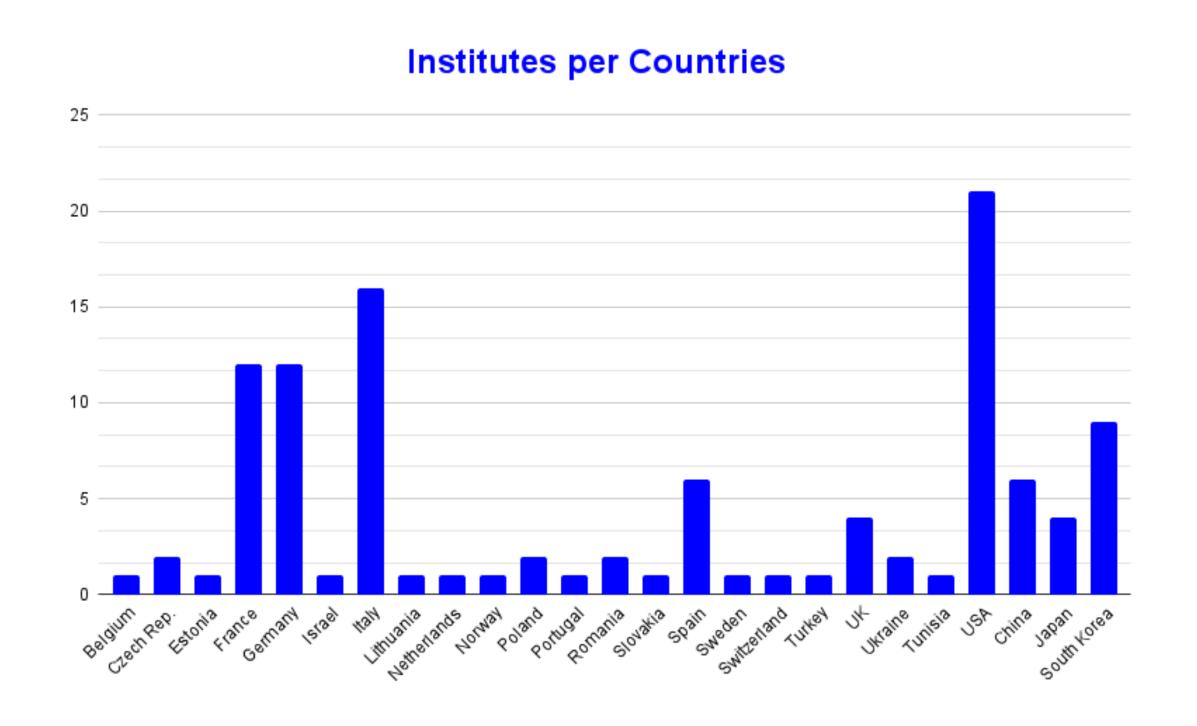
- 25 countries
- 4 geographical areas
 - Europe: 19 countries
 - Africa: 1 country
 - America: 1 country
 - Asia: 4 countries

(*) Doesn't apply to Cryogenic DBD proposal

(**) Doesn't apply to Common ASIC proposal

Proposal Submission Statistics





23 proposals received: geographical distribution

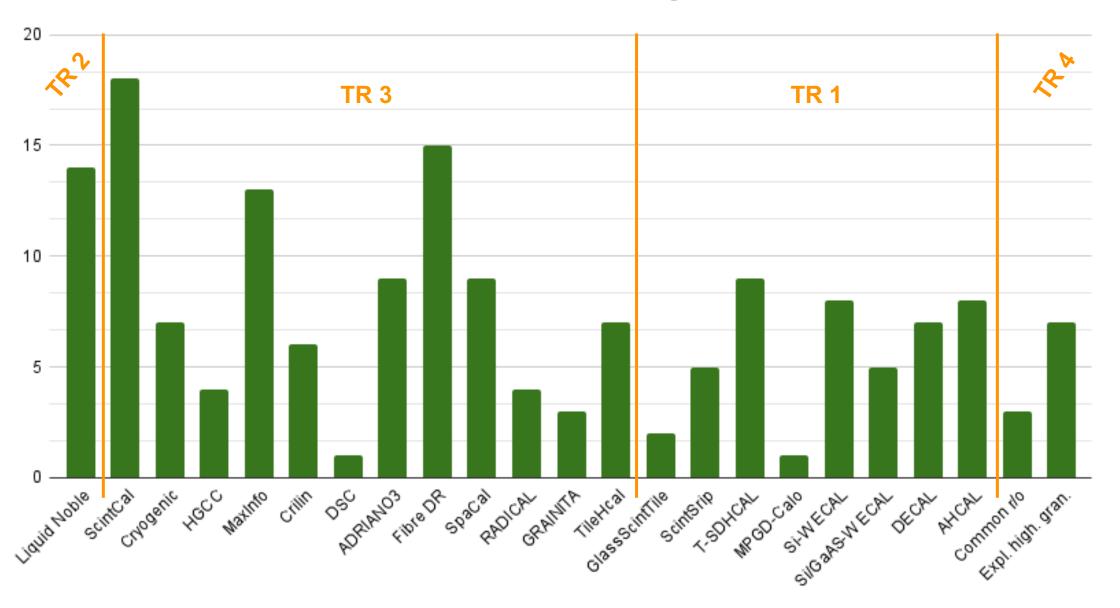
- 25 countries
- 110 institutes
 - 2 collaborations:
 MODE and Glass
 Scintillator
 Collaboration

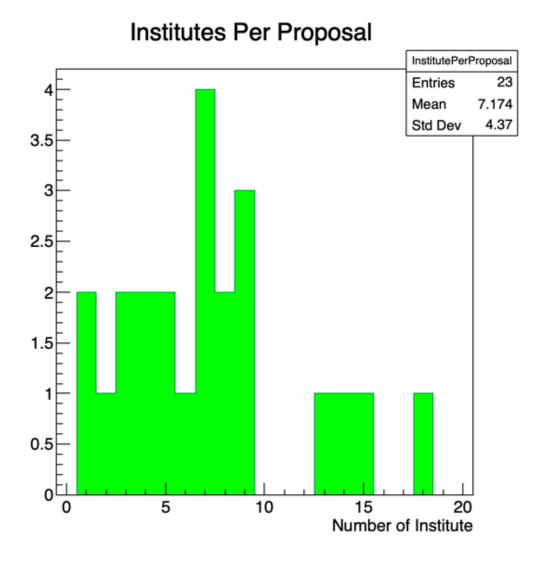


Proposal Submission Statistics





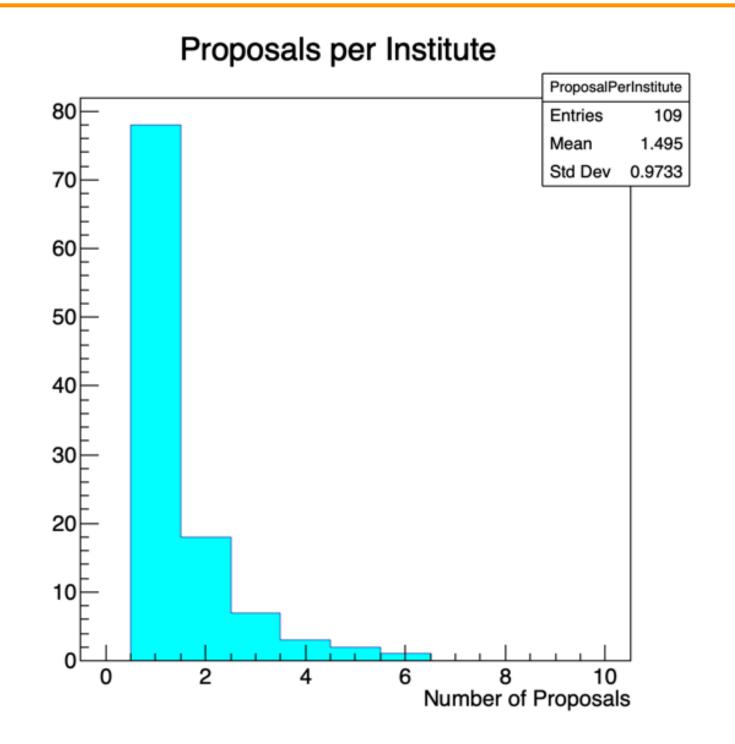


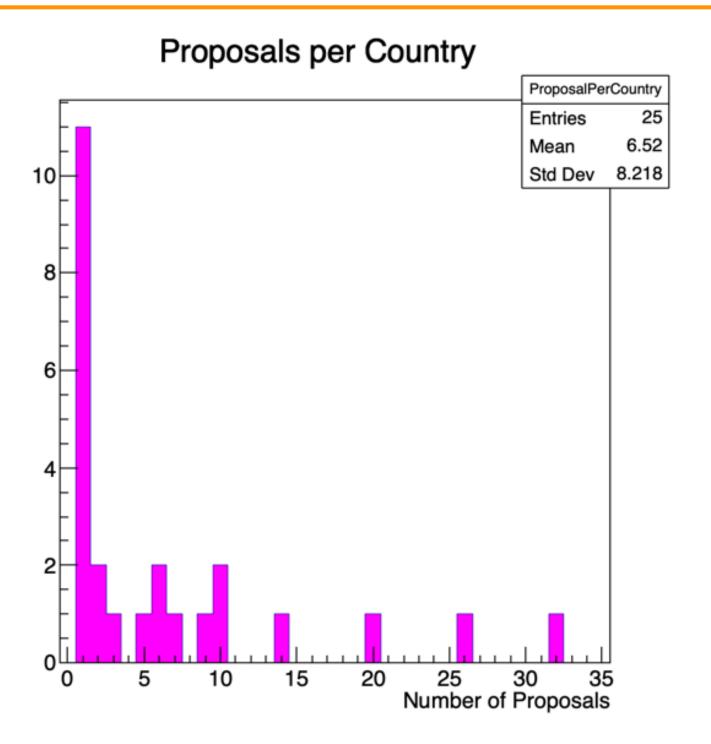




Proposal Submission Statistics







NB. Double counting: In few cases, the same institute/proponent is in more than a proposal

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Pre-existing collaborations





- Proposals comes from pre-existing collaborations or working framework
- Consolidated modus-operandi and experience
- Need to pick up all the best and put into the DRD6 collaboration

ECFA General Observation on group commitment



- Confidential information won't be disclosed.
- Few general comments:
 - Many institutes were not able to provide person-power, funds or material available or to be required
 - Interactions with funding agencies is needed to clarify this step
 - Person-power: in some cases, it's not clear if the indicated person-power is FTE or Physical person. To be clarified
 - Input proposal team will come back to you to understand these issues to be able to prepare the DRD6 proposal

ECFA Keyword: 5D calorimeters



- Calorimeters in no longer a detector to measure only Energy (1D)
- High granularity is recurrent topic in all the proposals (+ 3D)
 - 2D-segmentation
 - 3rd dimensions achieved either by physical segmentation or by timing information
- Timing is also additional "dimension" of the calorimeter (+1D)
 - pile-up rejection (μ-collider, FCC-hh, ...)
 - better track/particle matching
 - tens of ps is the current paradigm for timing application

ECFA Module constructions and Test beams



- Timescale for prototype construction and test is not always clear in the proposals
 - we'll iterate on this as well
- Where indicated it spans between 2024 to later than 2026
 - due to different level of maturity/innovation of the proposals
 - either small or large prototypes (or both) proposed
- Despite different technologies proposed, @testbeam all we need is ...
 - a good beam line
 - PID information
 - position information

See Roman's talk

ECFA Software needs: some keywords



- Particle Flow Algorithms:
 - mentioned in 17/23 proposals (also in non-native PF-calorimeters)
 - High-granularity ⇔ PFA
- Geant4 Simulation:
 - needed to optimise detector design and interpret data
- Machine (Deep) Learning
 - widely used to reconstruct complicated final states
 - though to have on-board intelligence in FE elx
 - used to optimize detectors?
- Common test beam software?
 - what about a "plug-n-play" SW for data acquisition? Eudaq?

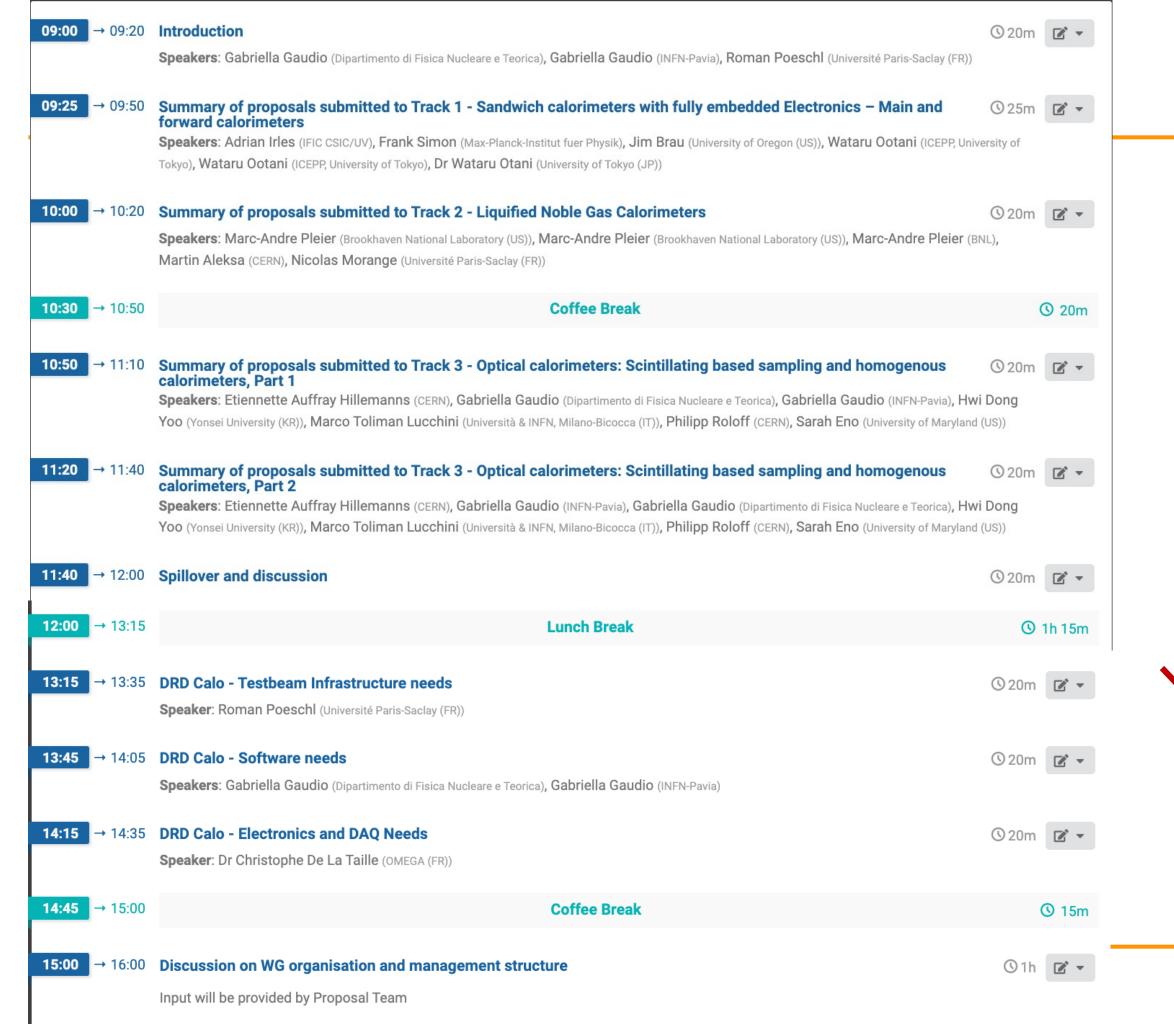
see GG's talk

ECFA SiPM & ASIC: must-have electronics



- SiPM's appear in almost all the proposal for Optical and scintillating based calorimeters
 - consequence of the high-granularity requirement
 - PMTs and MCP
- For all the proposal ASIC based readout is required
 - fast TDC (~ps)
 - large dynamic range ADC
 - low power consumption (especially for LAr and fully integrated calorimeters)

See Christophe's talk





Let's have another workshop!

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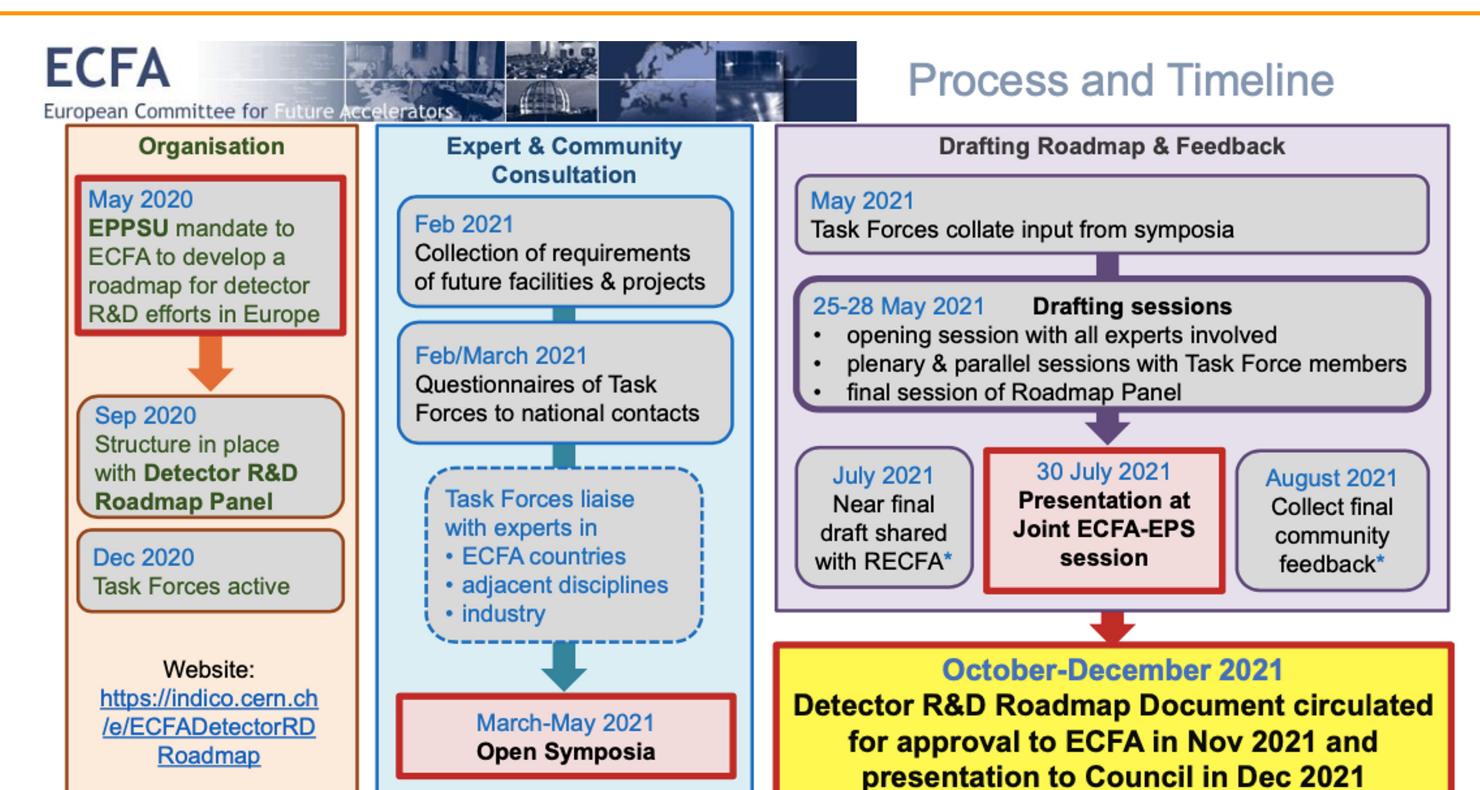
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Backup

Roadmap Implementation Process

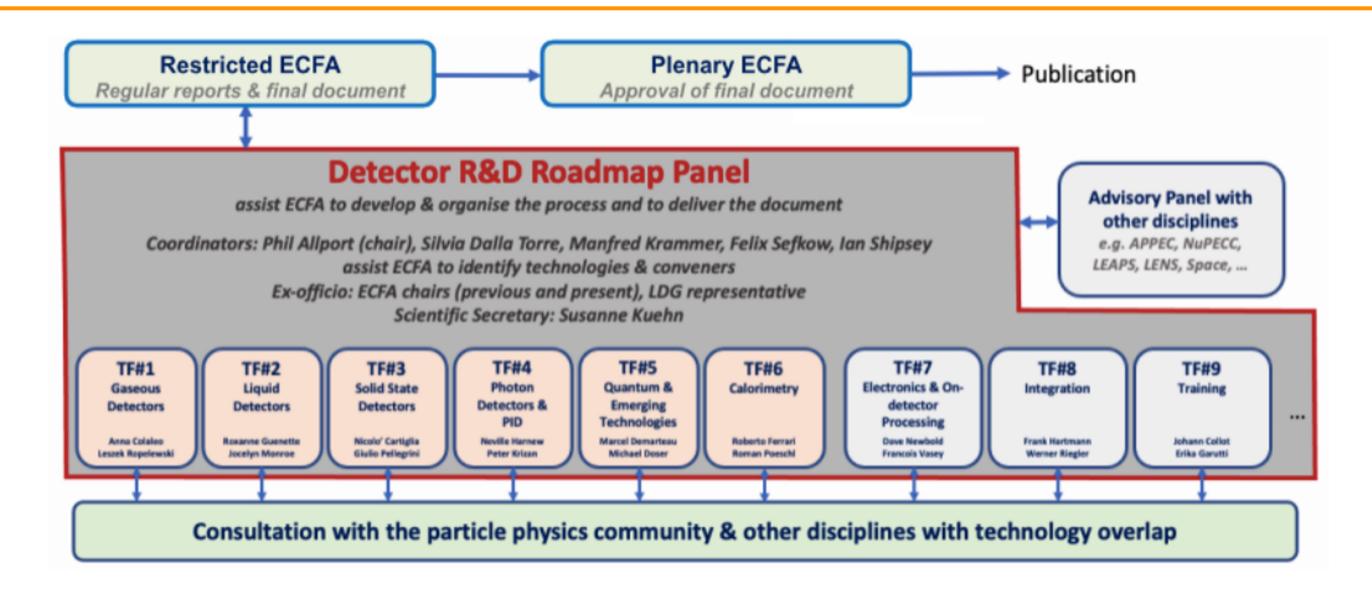




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Roadmap Organization





9 Taskforces including TF6 on Calorimetry

Central events: Symposia

TF6 Symposium https://indico.cern.ch/event/999820/

More on roadmap process https://indico.cern.ch/event/957057/

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The Roadmap document and process



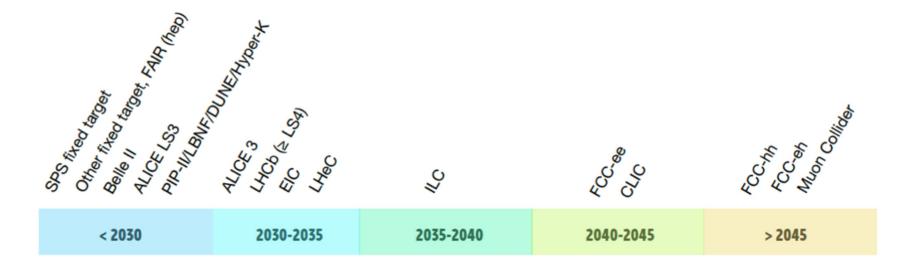
ECFA R&D Roadmap

- o CERN-ESU-017 https://cds.cern.ch/record/2784893
- 248 pages full text and 8 page synopsis

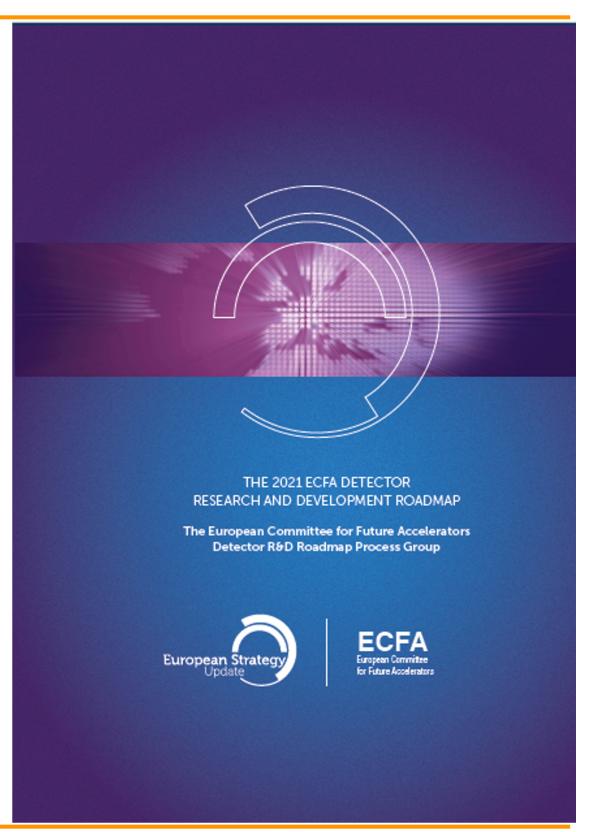
Endorsed by ECFA and presented to CERN Council in December 2021

- The Roadmap has identified
- General Strategic Recommendations (GSR)
- Detector R&D Themes (DRDT) for each of the taskforce topics
- Concrete R&D Tasks

Timescale of projects as approved by European Lab Director Group (LDG)



Guiding principle: Project realisation must not be delayed by detectors





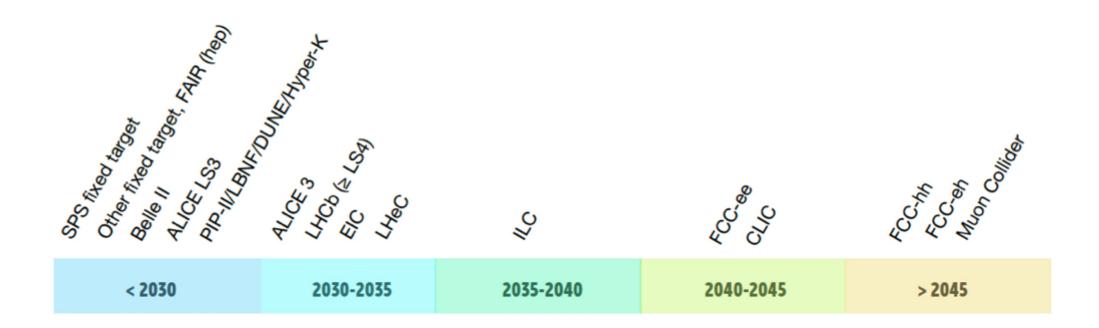
General Strategic Recommendations

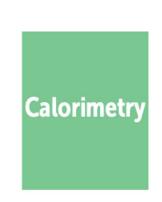


- GSR1- Supporting R&D facilities
- GSR2- Engineering support for detector R&D
- GSR3- Specific software for instrumentation
- GSR4- International coordination and organisation of R&D activities
- GSR5- Distributed R&D activities with centralised facilities
- GSR6- Establish long-term strategic funding programmes
- GSR7- Blue-sky R&D
- GSR 8 Attract, nurture, recognise and sustain the careers of R&D experts
- GSR 9 Industrial partnerships
- GSR 10 Open Science

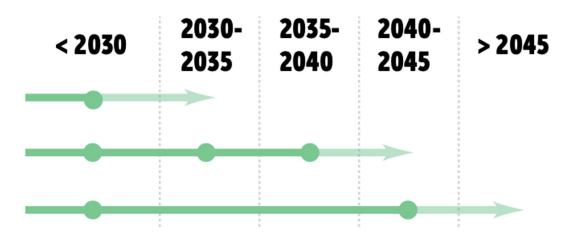
Future Facilities and DRDT for Calorimetry







- **DRDT 6.1** Develop radiation-hard calorimeters with enhanced electromagnetic energy and timing resolution
- **DRDT 6.2** Develop high-granular calorimeters with multi-dimensional readout for optimised use of particle flow methods
- **DRDT 6.3** Develop calorimeters for extreme radiation, rate and pile-up environments



- The DRDT and the provisional time scale of facilities set high-level boundary conditions
- Both as well as the GSR should be taken into account when formulating the R&D proposal(s)