



Field Quality Requirements for Solenoids



Chris Rogers*, ISIS Neutron and Muon Source,
*chris.rogers@stfc.ac.uk

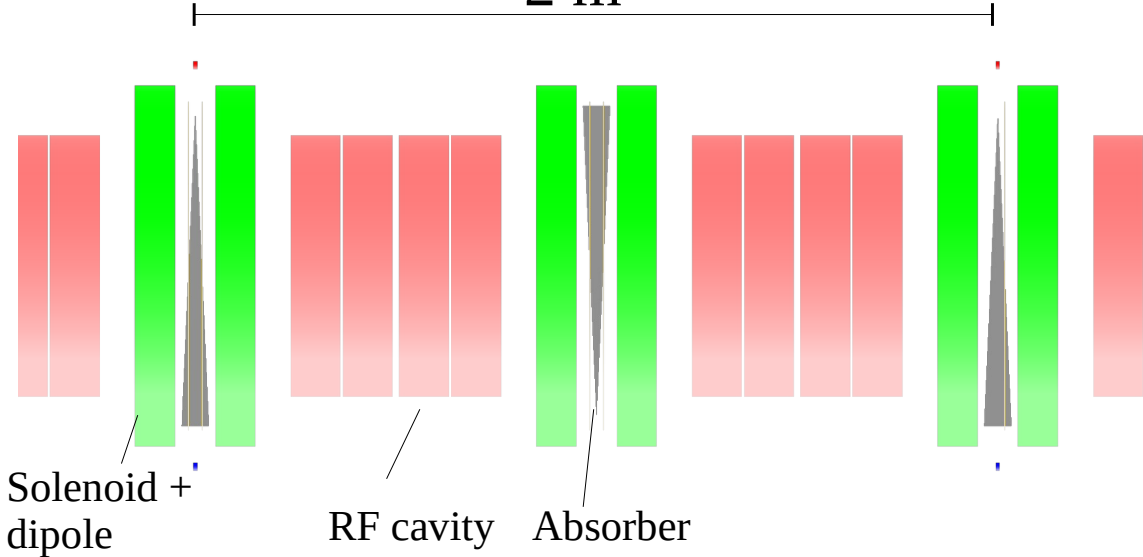


Solenoids

- Many solenoid lattices in the muon production region
 - Target solenoid and taper
 - Solenoid chicanes (beam cleaning, charge separation)
 - Uniform field solenoid in front end
 - Rectilinear cooling channel and demonstrator
 - Final cooling
- Focus is mostly on rectilinear cooling channel for now
 - Will use demonstrator as a basis
- Reminder of lattice

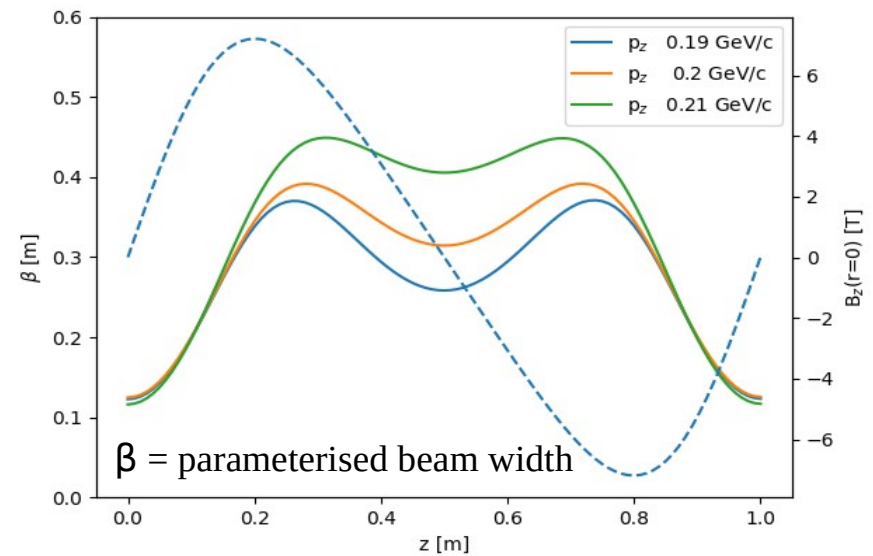
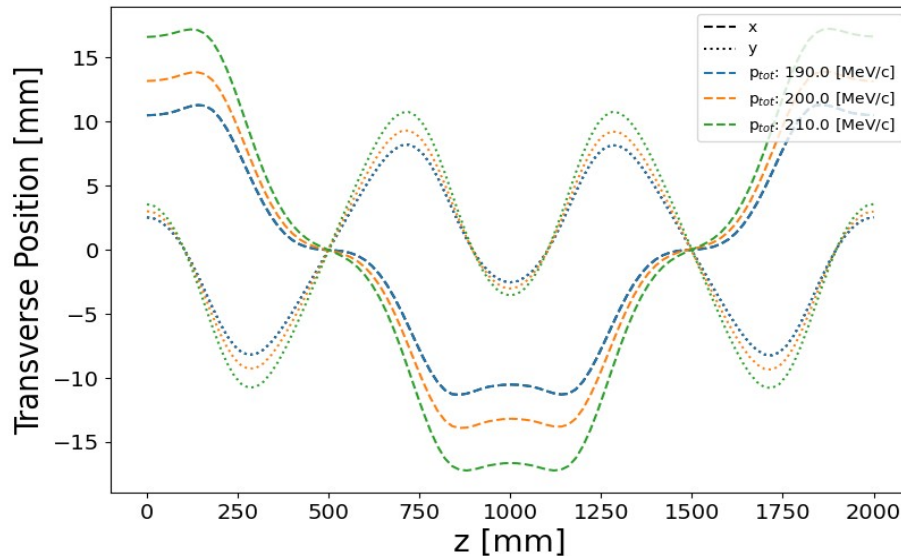
Preliminary Cooling Cell Concept

2 m

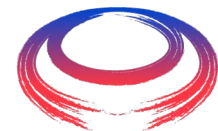


Cooling System

Cell length	2 m
Peak solenoid field on-axis	7.2 T
Dipole field	0.2 T
Dipole length	0.1 m
RF real estate gradient	22 MV/m
RF nominal phase	20°
RF frequency	704 MHz
Wedge thickness on-axis	0.0342 m
Wedge apex angle	5°
Wedge material	LiH

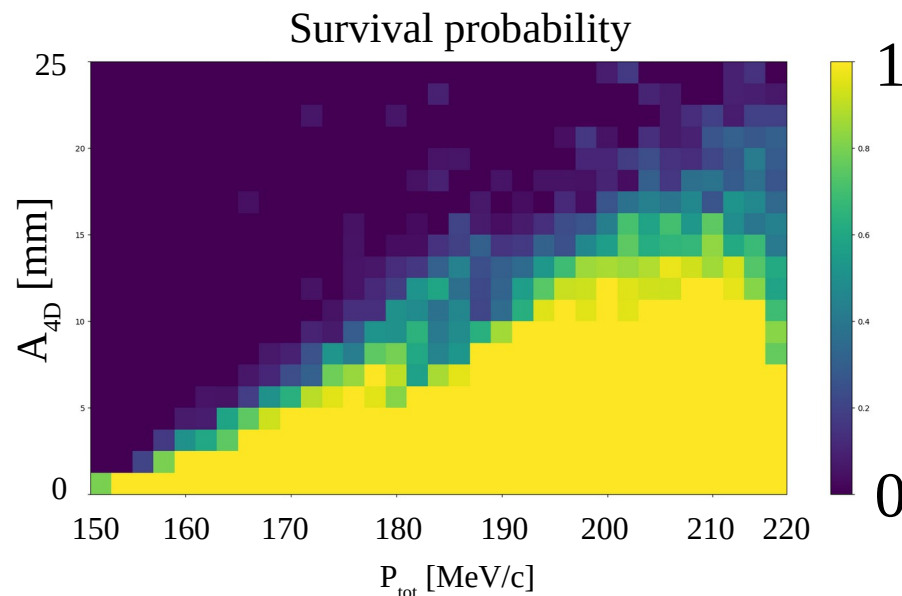
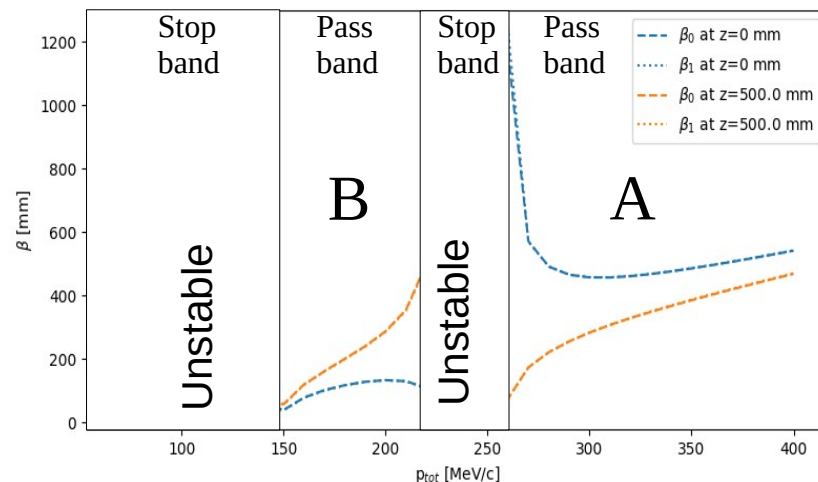


Optics vs momentum



International
Linear
Collider

- Operation in area **A**
 - High dynamic aperture
 - Larger β
 - Larger emittances
- Operation in area **B**
 - Lower dynamic aperture
 - Smaller β
 - Lower emittances
- Demo lattice operates in area **B**
- Solenoid lattice quality characterised by
 - Focus at the absorber
 - Acceptance
- For this study I will look at focus strength



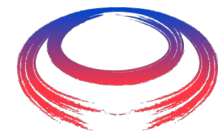
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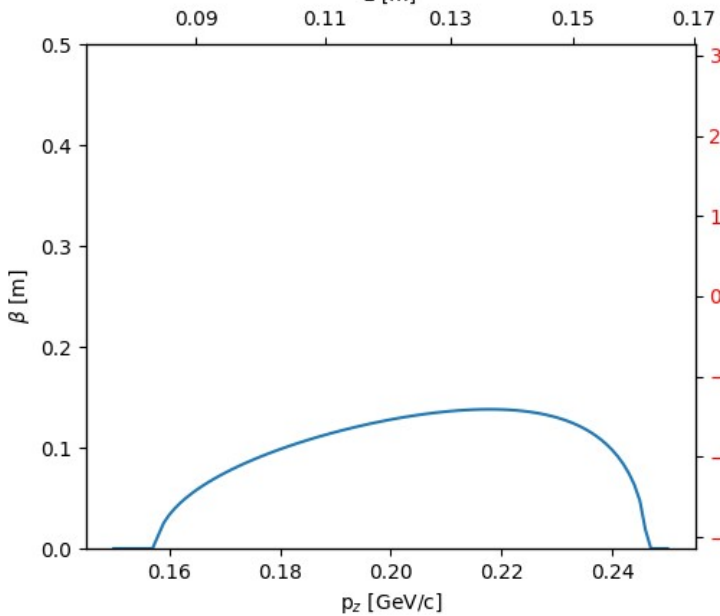
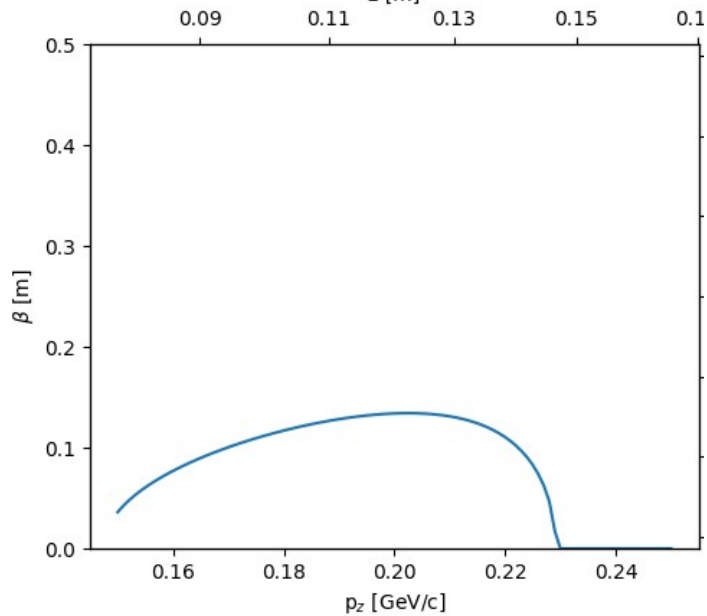
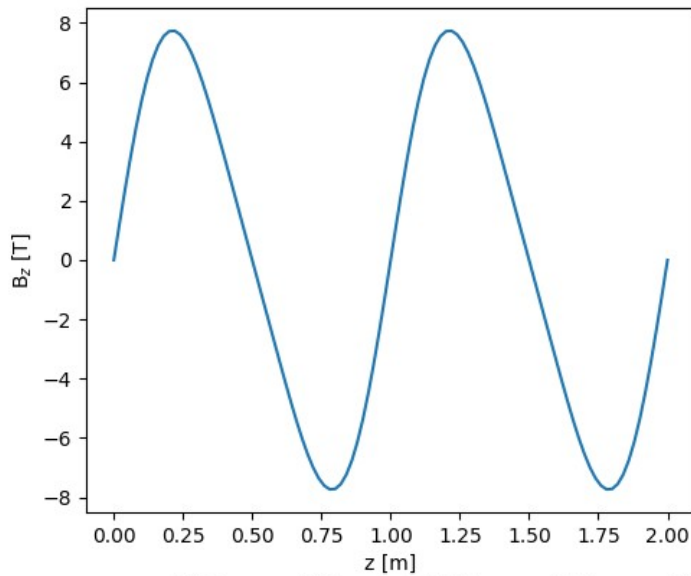
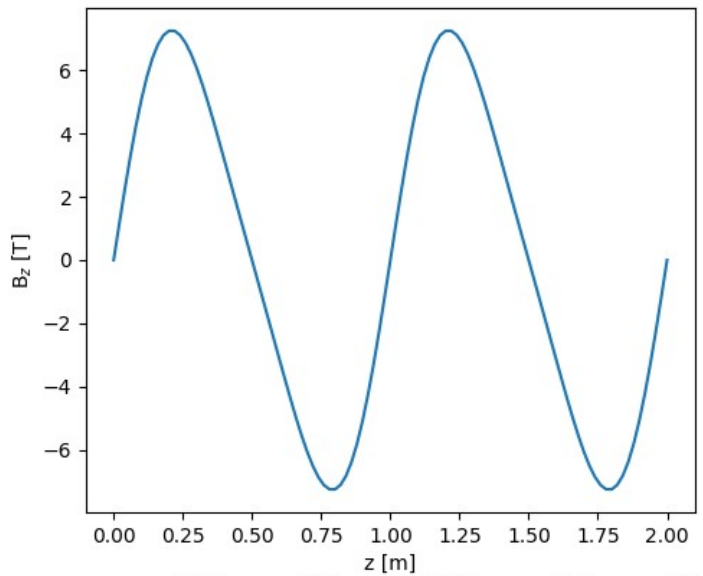
Magnet Errors

- Various different forms for errors in magnets, e.g.
 - Misalignments
 - Effect of power leads/wiring geometry
- From beam point of view, class these as
 - Solenoid error field
 - Dipole error field
 - Quadrupole error field
- For now I focus on solenoid errors

$k=1$

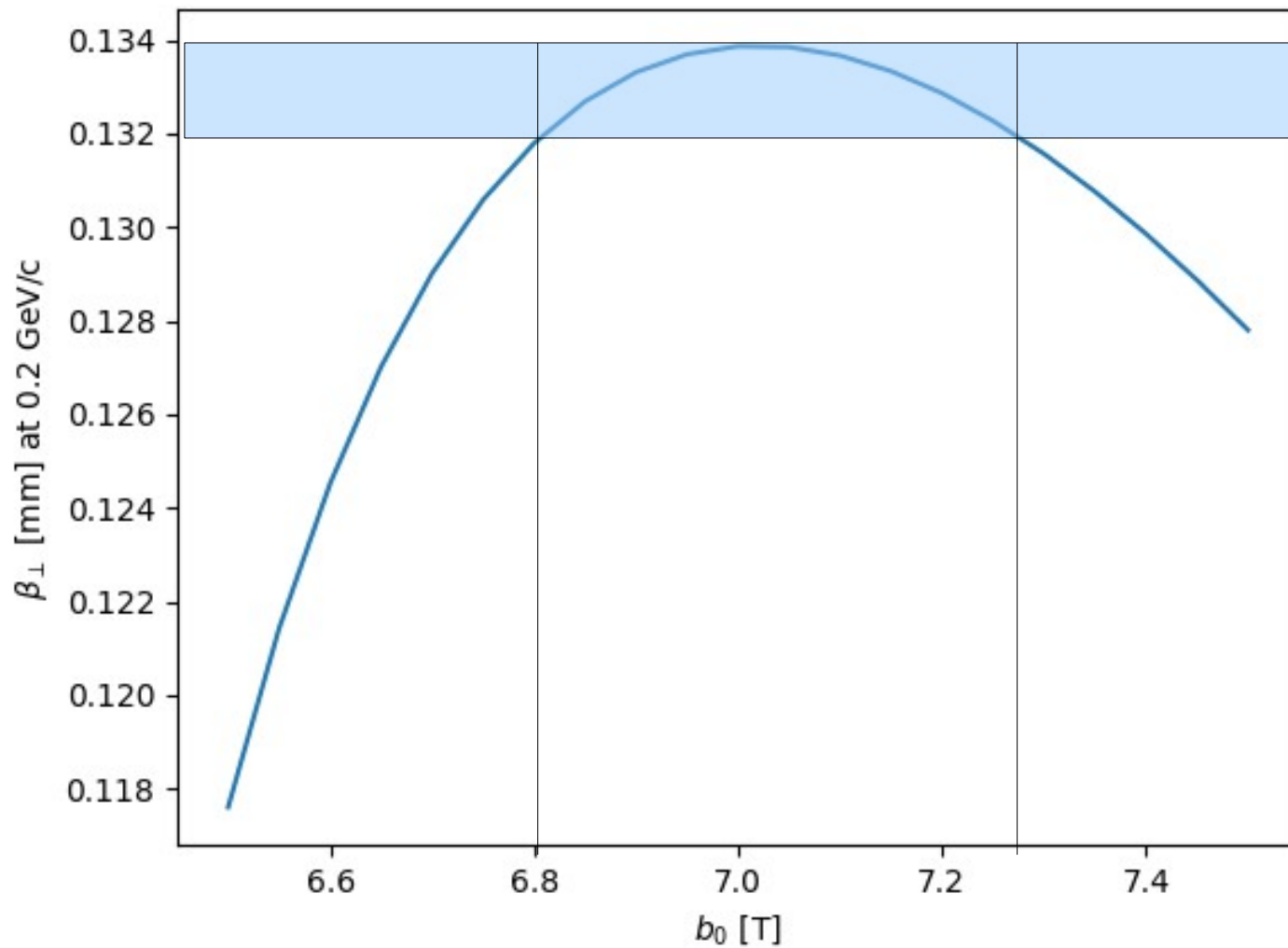


International
UON Collider
Collaboration

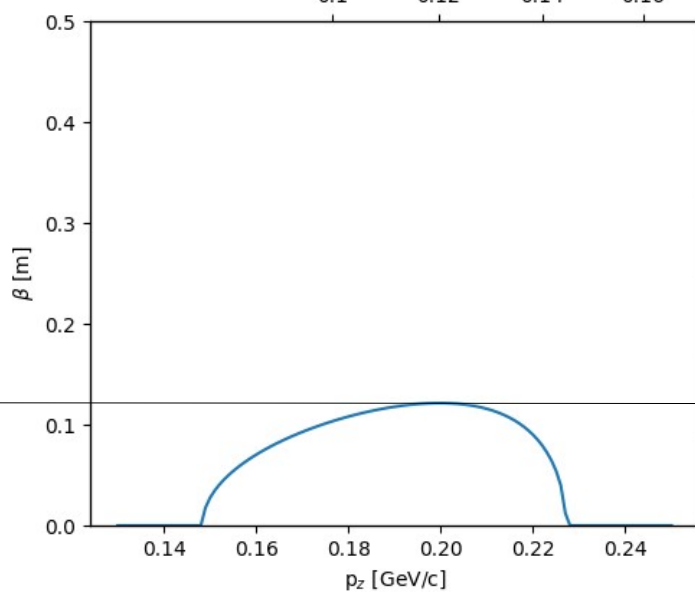
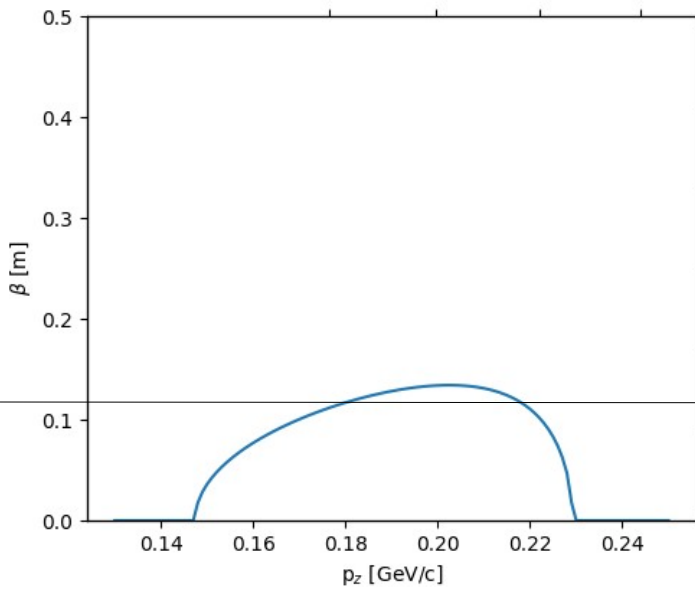
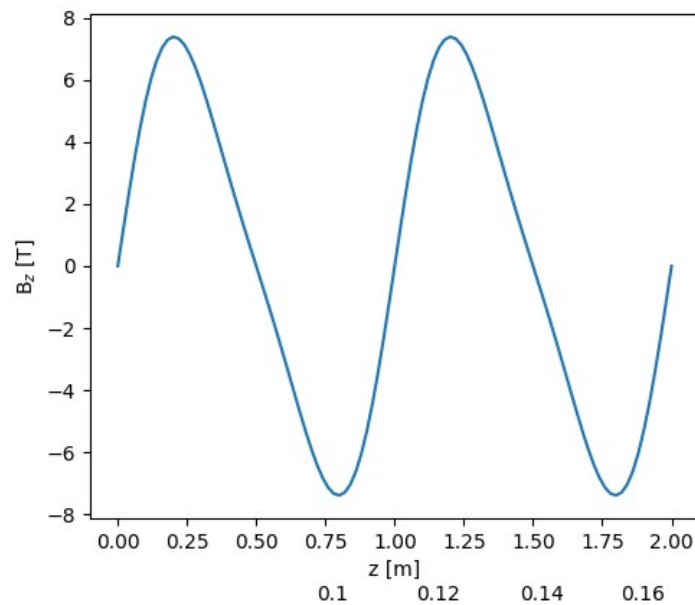
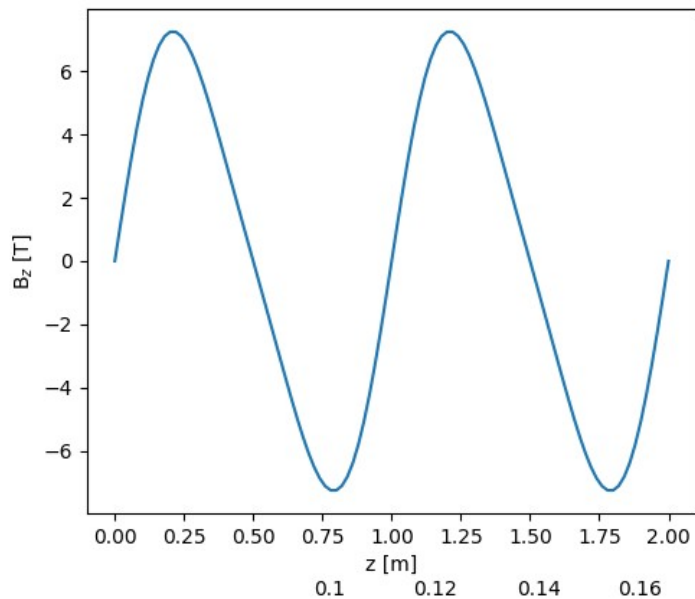


Moving $b1 = 7.0 \text{ T} \rightarrow 7.5 \text{ T}$

K=1 - trend

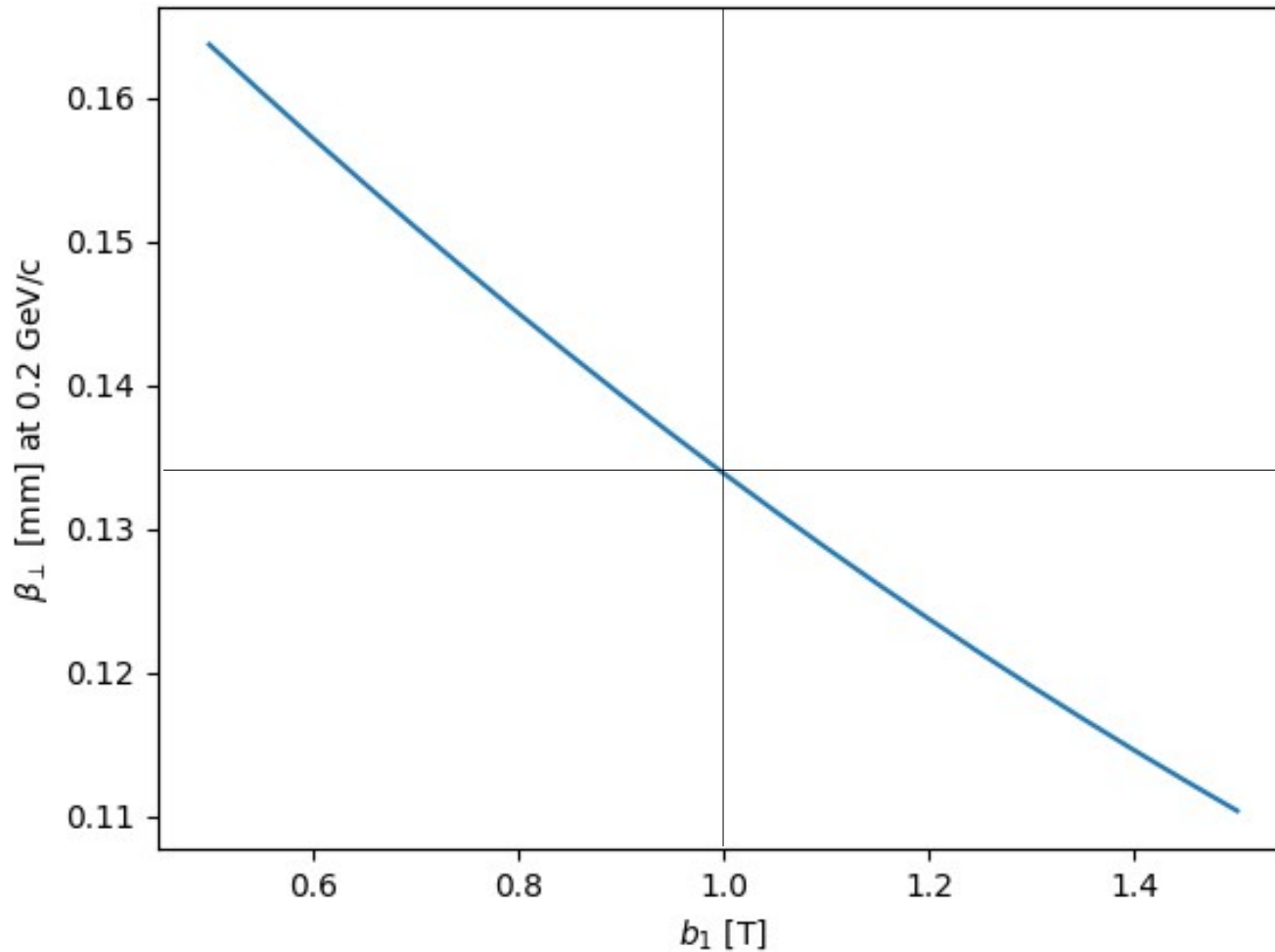


k=2



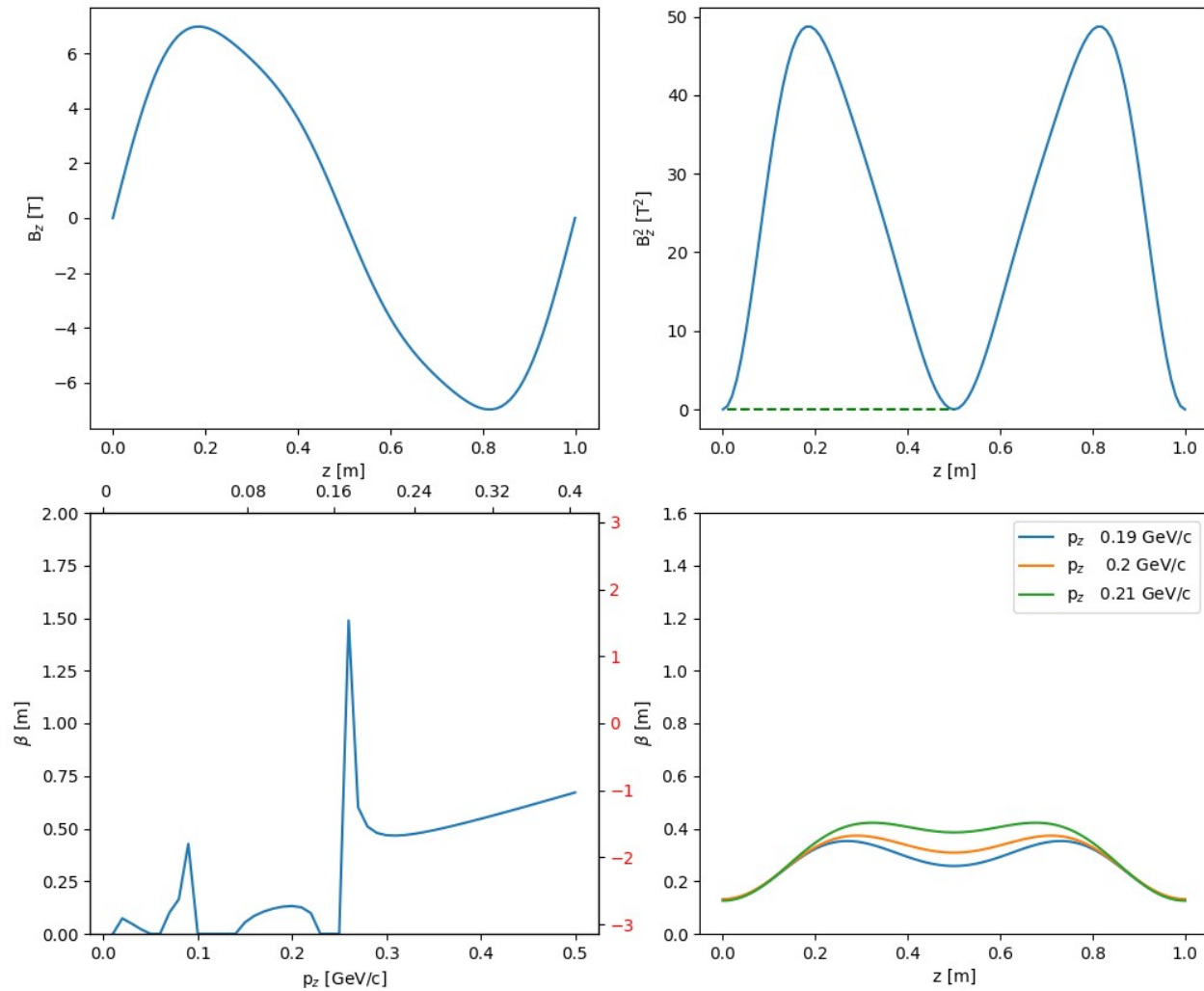
Moving $b_2 = 1.0 \text{ T} \rightarrow 1.25 \text{ T}$

K = 2 - trend



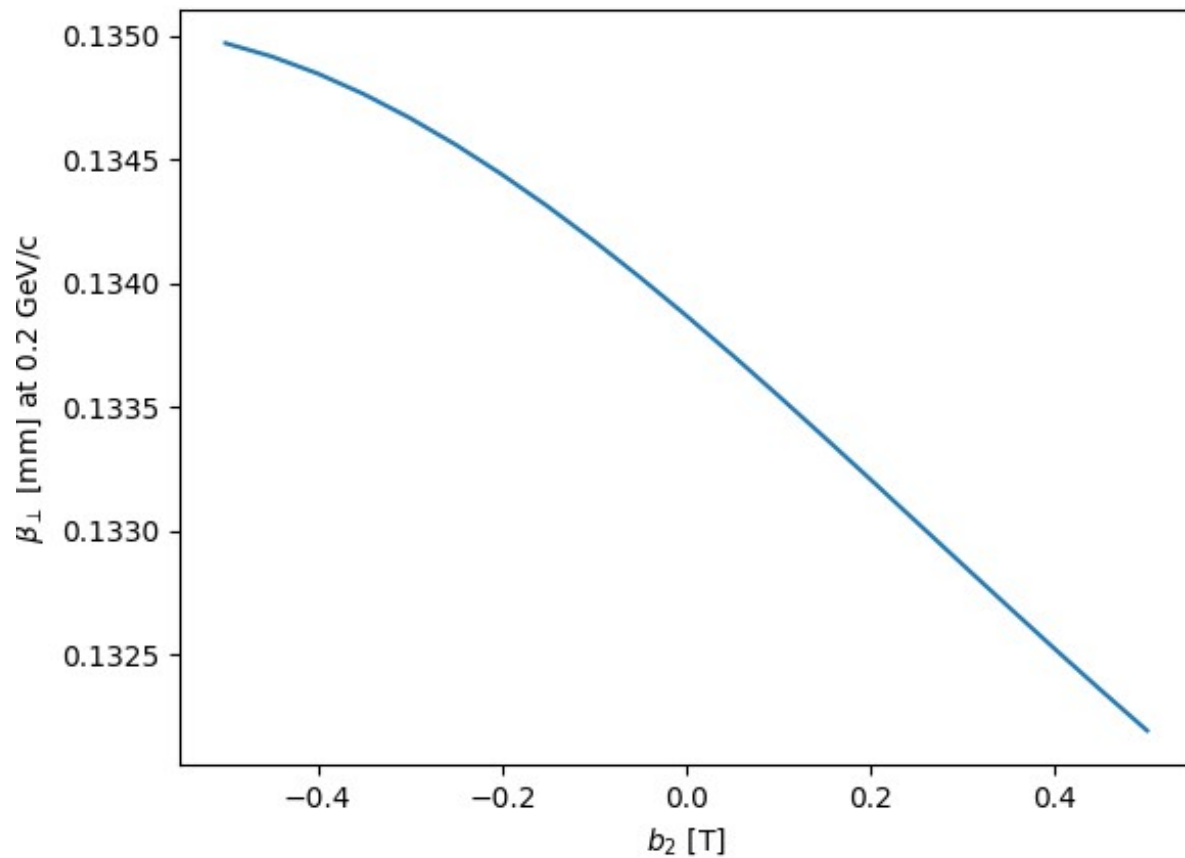
k=3

$$L = 1; b_0 = 0; b_1 = 7; b_2 = 1; b_3 = 0.5; b_4 = 0; b_5 = 0$$
$$\int B^2(z) dz = 25.13 \text{ T}^2 \text{ m}$$



$b_3 = 0 \rightarrow 0.5 \text{ T}$

K=3 - trend



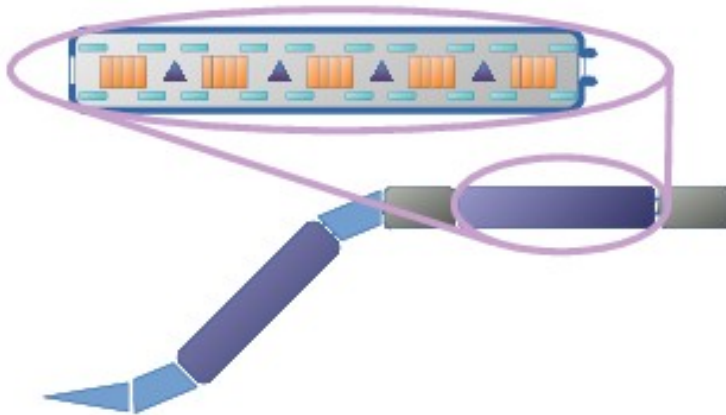
Muon cooling - plan



RF Test programme, with upgradeable magnet configuration, to test novel RF technologies



Prototype of a cooling cryostat to test magnet, absorber and RF integration

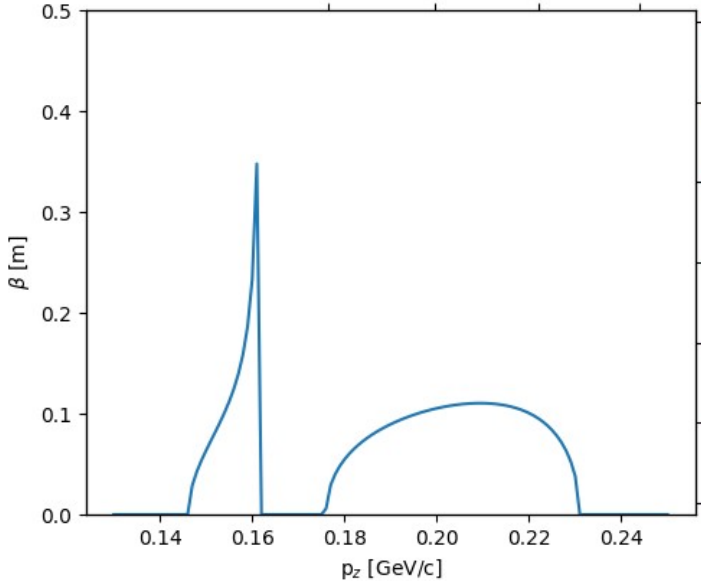
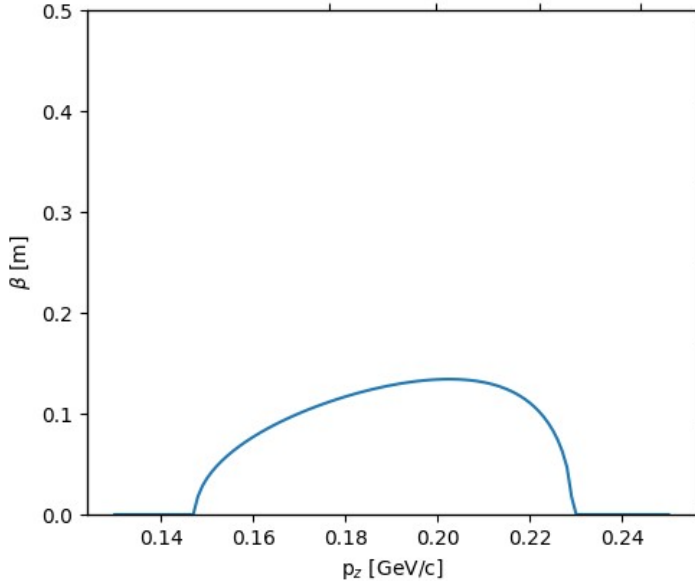
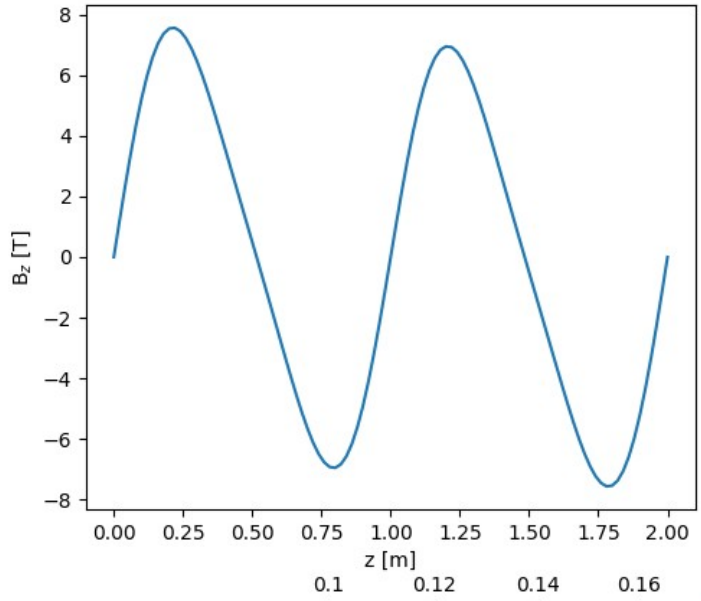
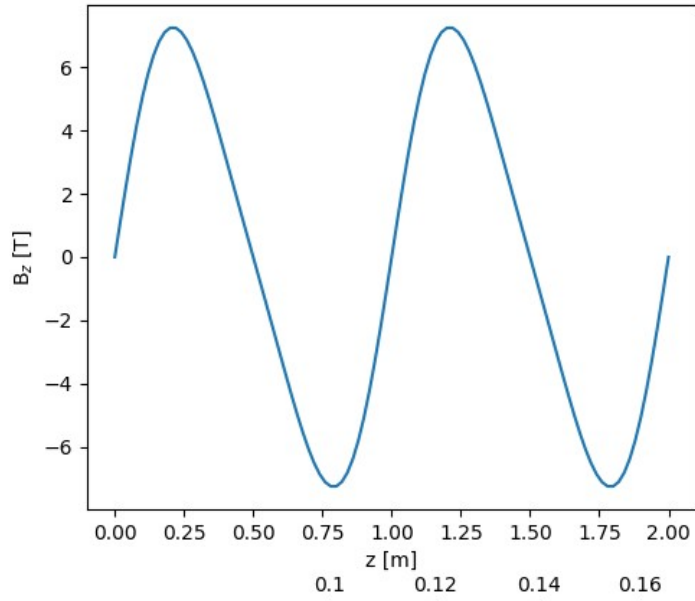


Full cooling cryostat with beam

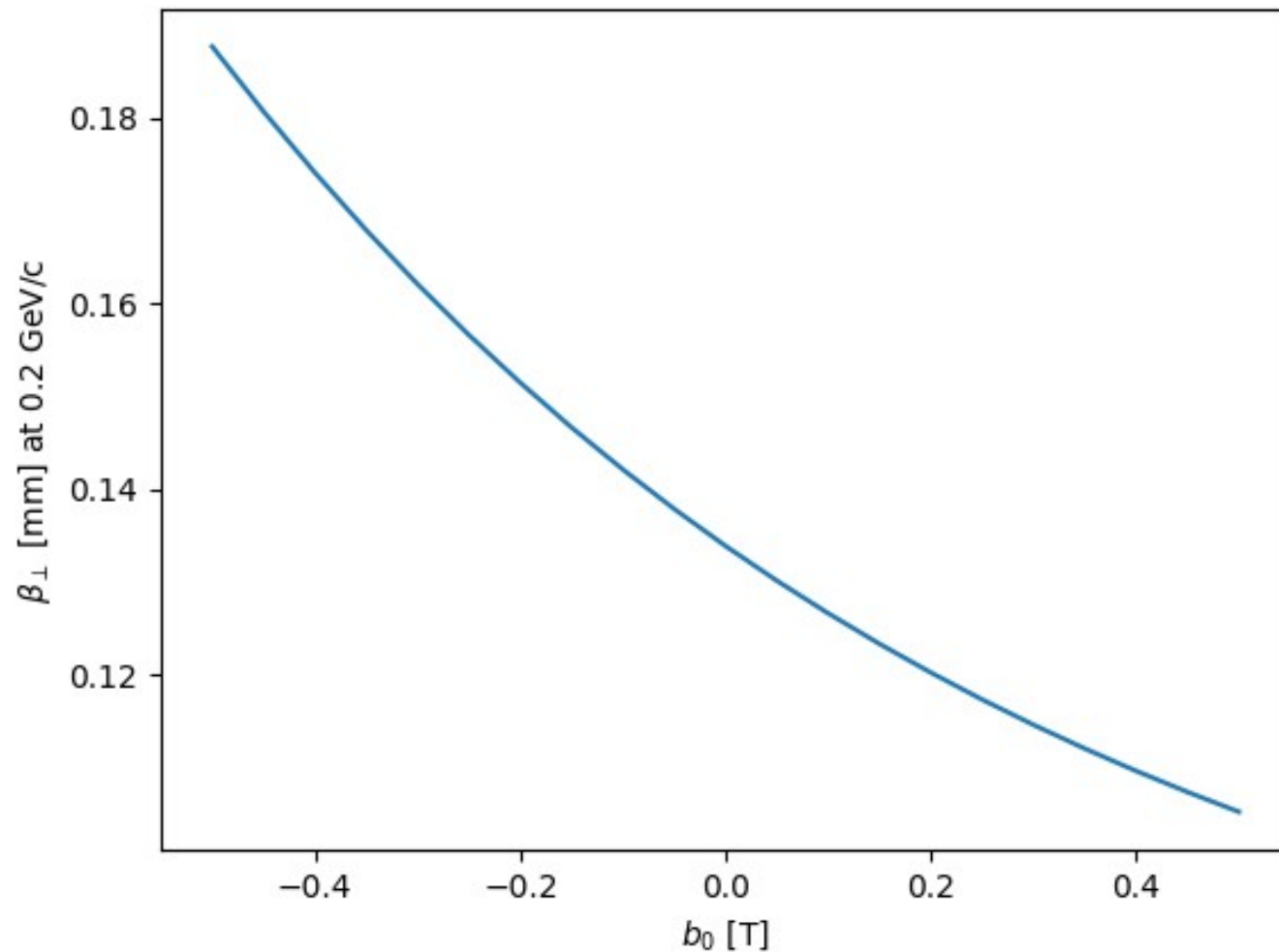


Full cooling lattice with beam

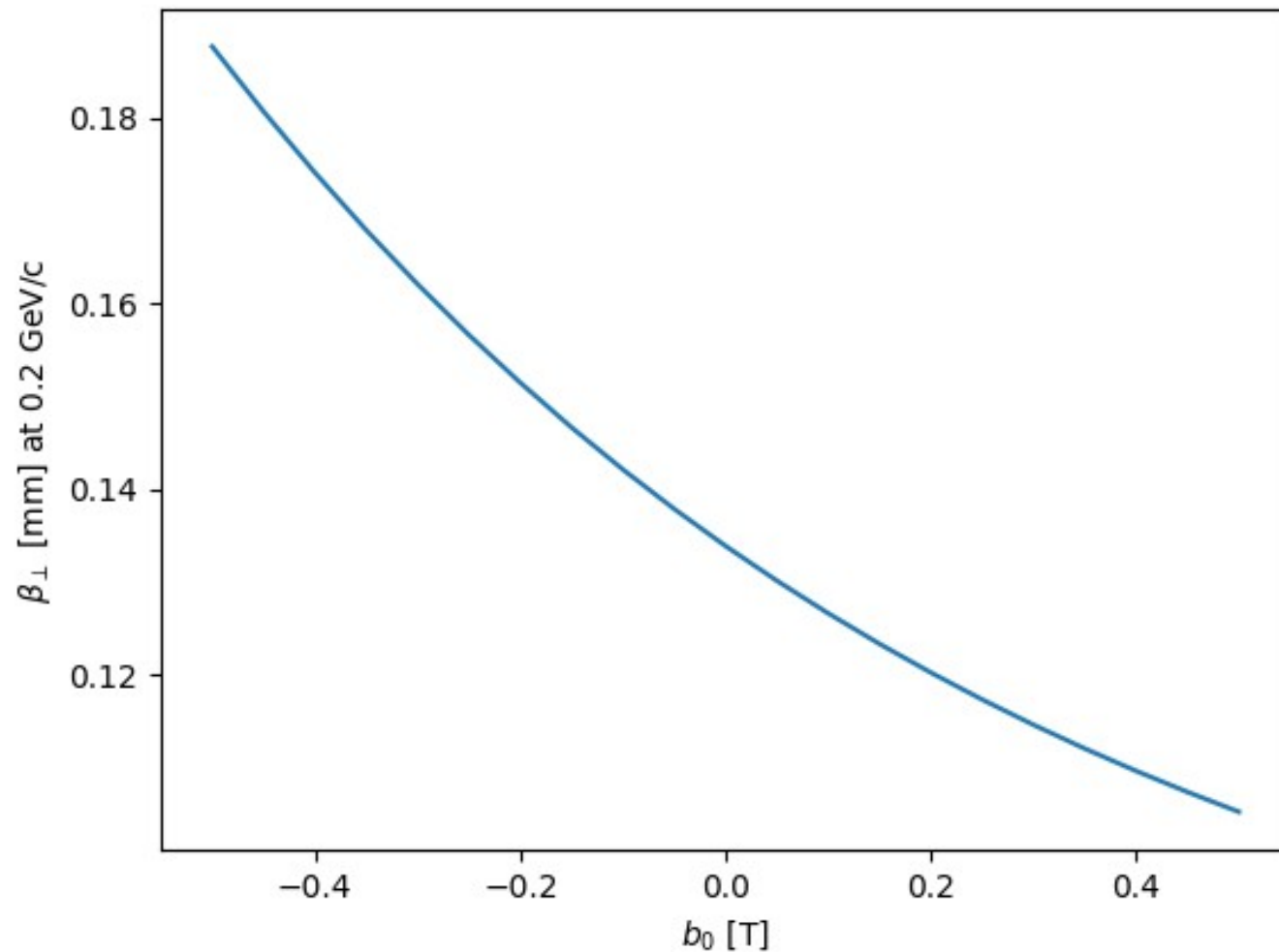
$K = 0.5$



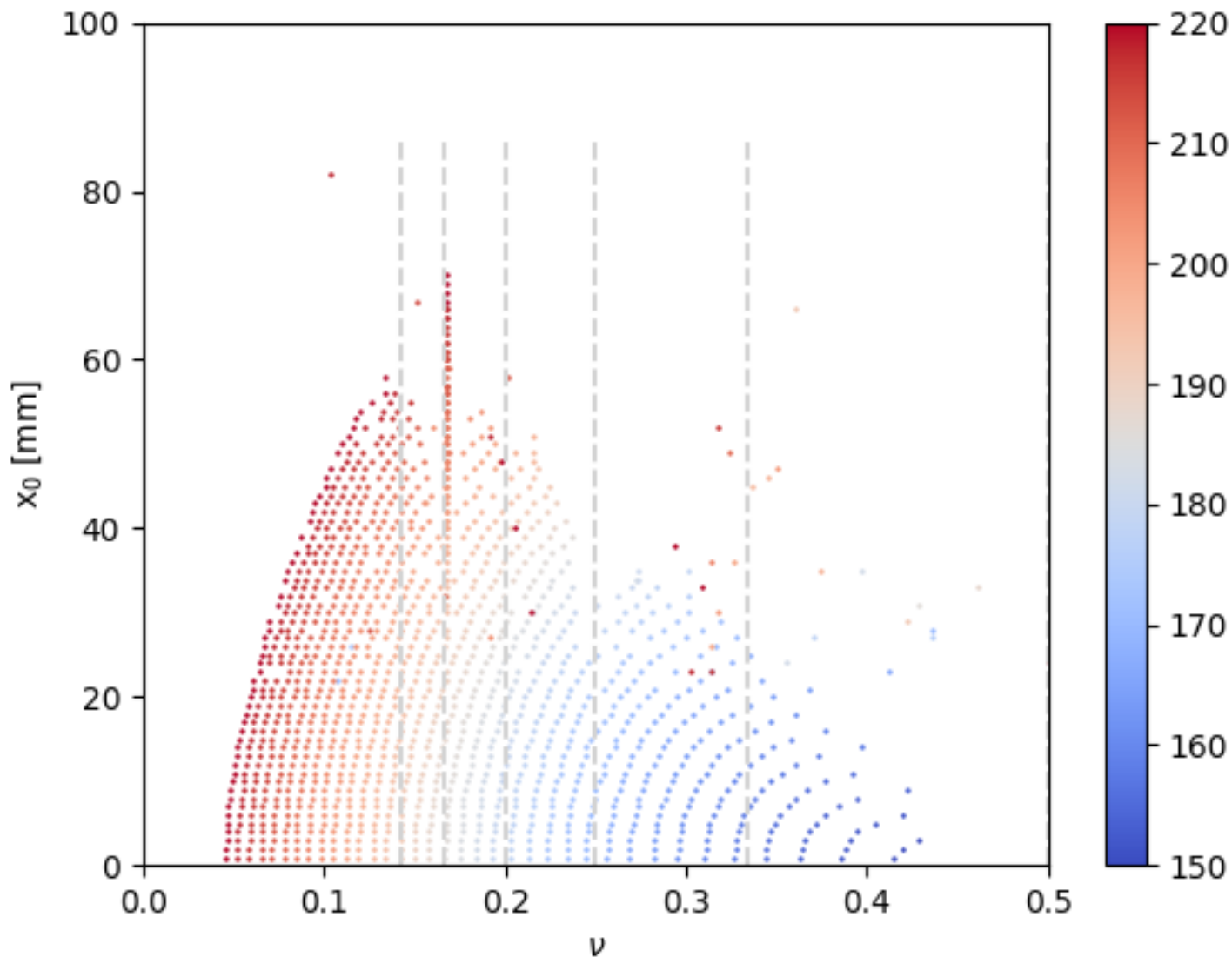

$$K = 0.5$$



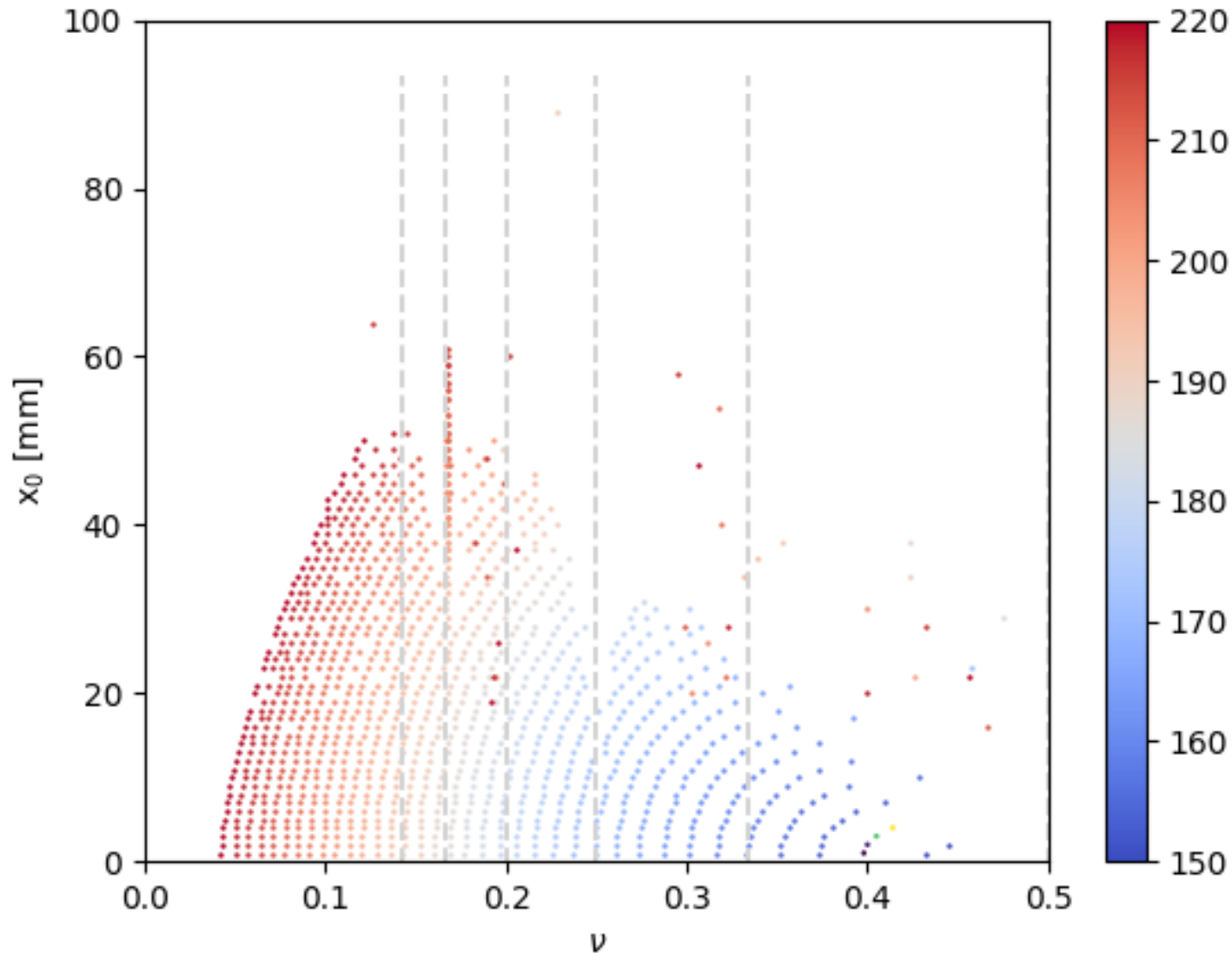

$$K = 0.5$$



Tune distortion/DA - $b_2 = 1$



Tune distortion/DA - $b_2 = 1.25$



Conclusions

- Looked at solenoid errors in demonstrator lattice
- Tolerances, assuming 1 % dilution of beta is tolerable
 - $K=1 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{ T vs } 7 \text{ T nominal}$
 - $K=2 \rightarrow 0.02 \text{ T vs } 1 \text{ T nominal}$
 - $K=3 \rightarrow 0.5 \text{ T vs } 0 \text{ T nominal}$
 - $K=0.5 \rightarrow 0.02 \text{ T vs } 0 \text{ T nominal}$
- May wish to consider structure of vacuum vessels to avoid systematic effects (e.g. $k=0.5$ issue)