

# **PRECISION QCD PREDICTIONS FOR THE DRELL-YAN PROCESS**

NNLOJET ⊕ T-Z. Yang, H.X. Zhu ⊕ RadISH

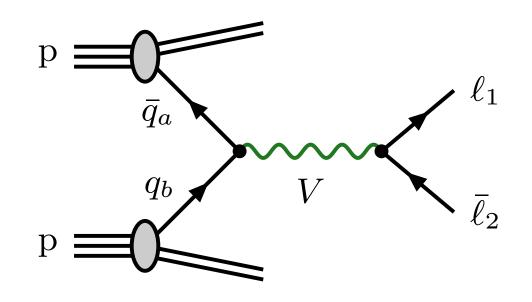
## Alexander Huss



MWDays23 Workshop — CERN, Geneva — April 18th 2023

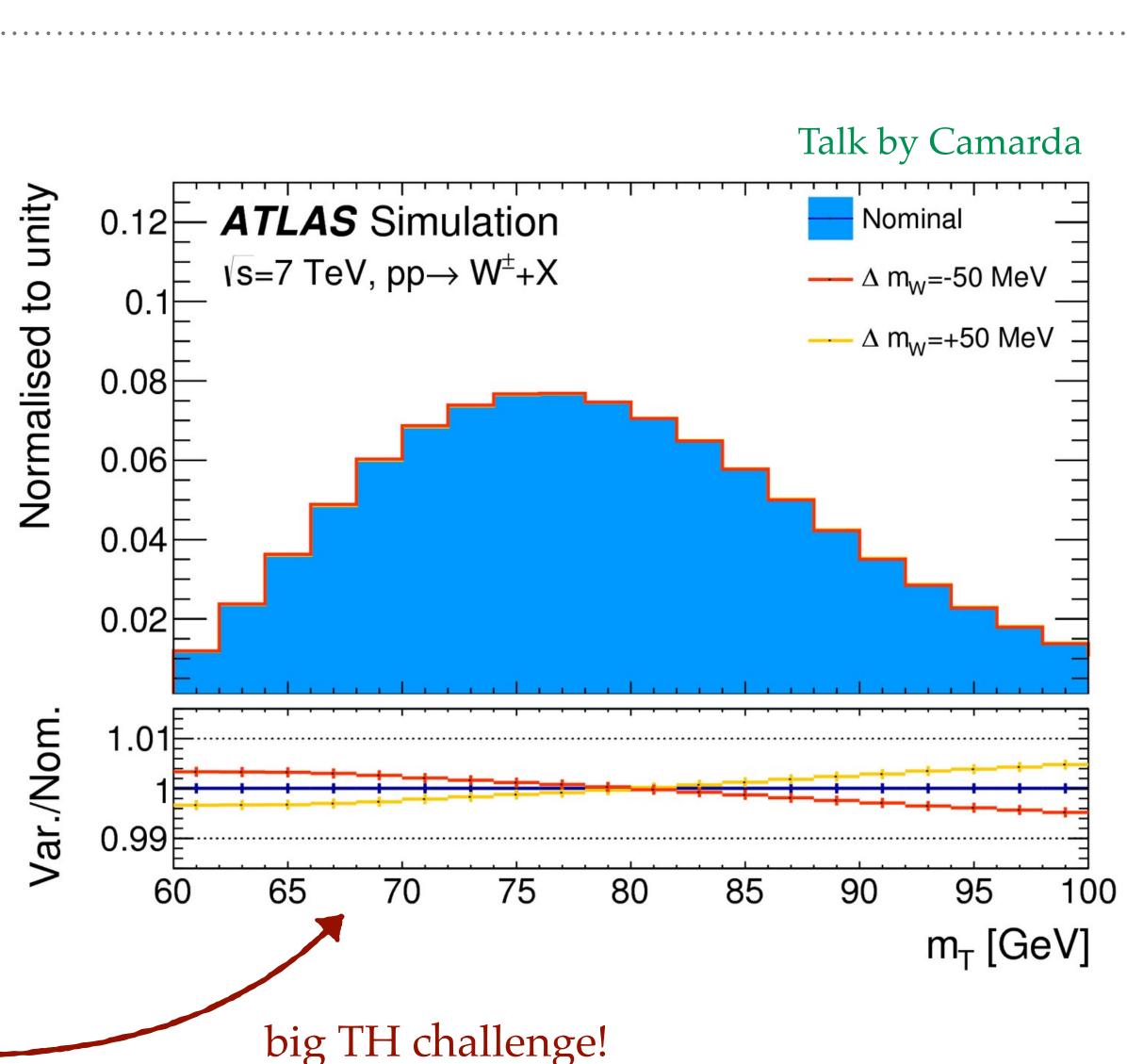


### DRELL YAN – A STANDARD CANDLE



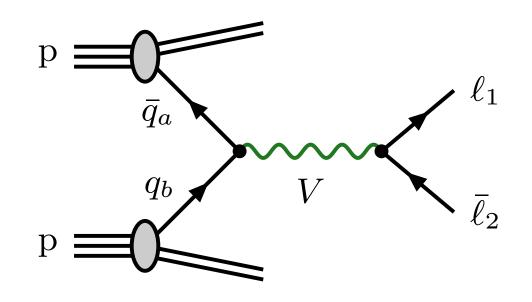
- clean signature ( $\ell^{\pm}, E_{T}^{miss}$ ) & large cross section:  $(\sim 1000 \text{ Z \&} \sim 4000 \text{ W}^{\pm}) / \text{ sec}^{*}$
- In the detector calibration, BSM searches, luminosity monitor, quark PDFs, ...
- precision measurements:  $\sin^2(\theta_w), M_W$  $\hookrightarrow \Delta M_{\rm W} \simeq 10 \,{\rm MeV}$ ↔ control shape at few ‰ •

\*  $\mathscr{L} = 2 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ 



2

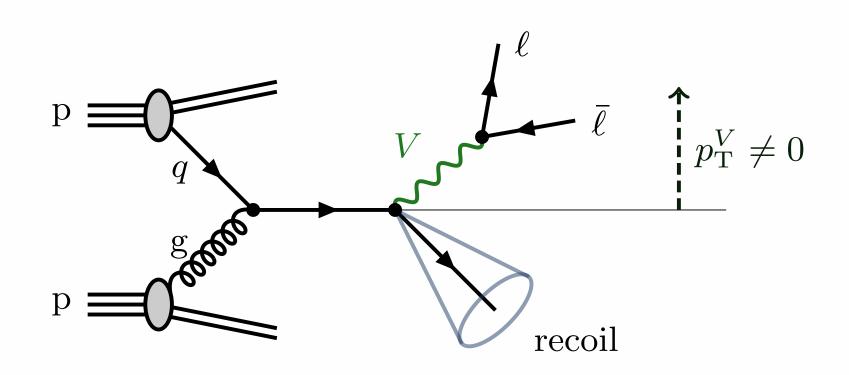
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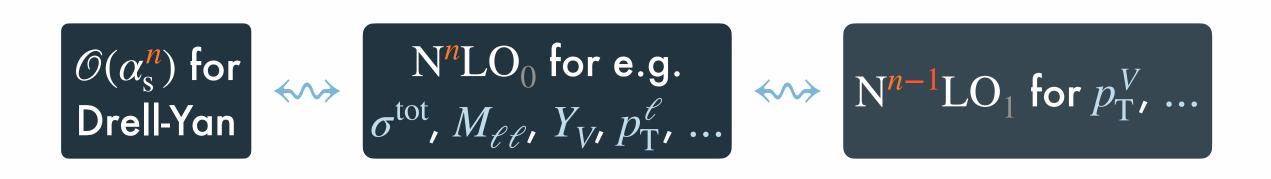
#### THE TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM



• recoil  $\Rightarrow$  direct sensitivity to  $\alpha_s$ & PDFs (high-*x* gluon)

8

#### precision QCD tests $\rightarrow$ non-perturbative QCD, resummation, fixed-order, EW Sudakovs, ...









### OUTLINE.

- fixed-order N<sup>3</sup>LO predictions [NNLOJET + T-Z. Yang, H.X. Zhu]
  - $\rightarrow$  inclusive cross sections
  - $\hookrightarrow$  rapidity distributions
  - $\hookrightarrow$  fiducial W<sup>±</sup> predictions for CDF
  - [NNLOJET + RADISH]  $\hookrightarrow p_{\rm T}^{\rm Z}/p_{\rm T}^{\rm W}$  ratio  $\hookrightarrow$  fiducial cross sections
    - $\hookrightarrow$  fiducial distributions

Itransverse momentum resummation

& linear power corrections

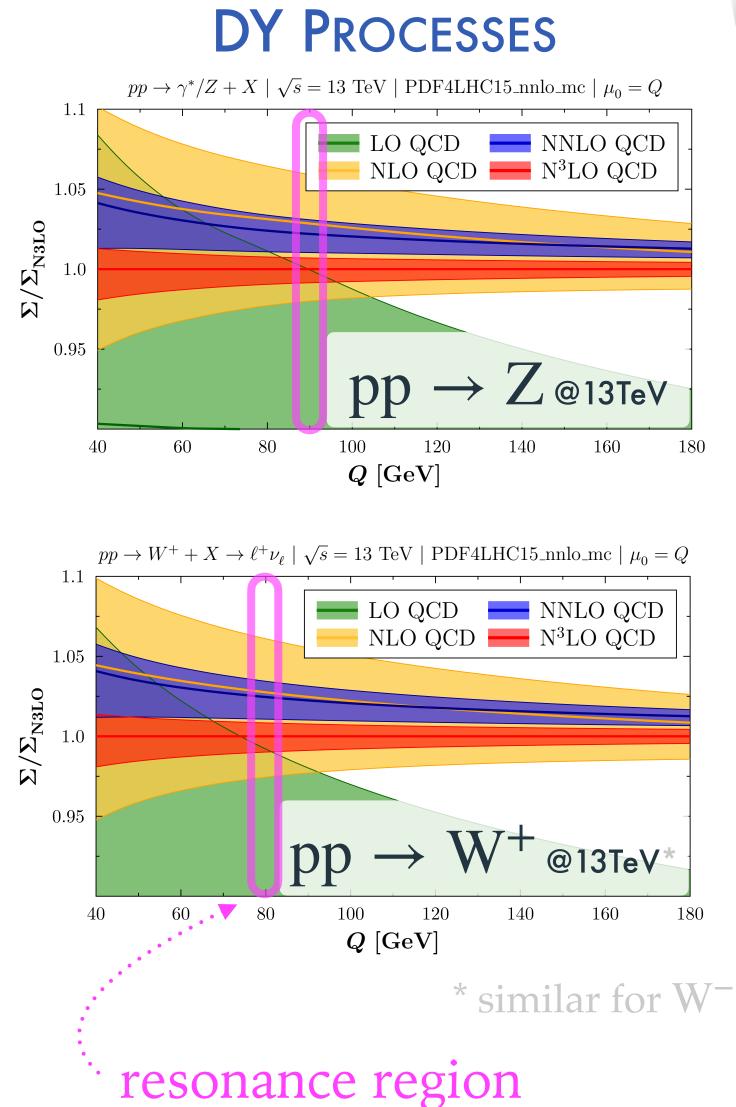
[CuTe + MCFM]  $\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$  Tobias [DYTURBO]

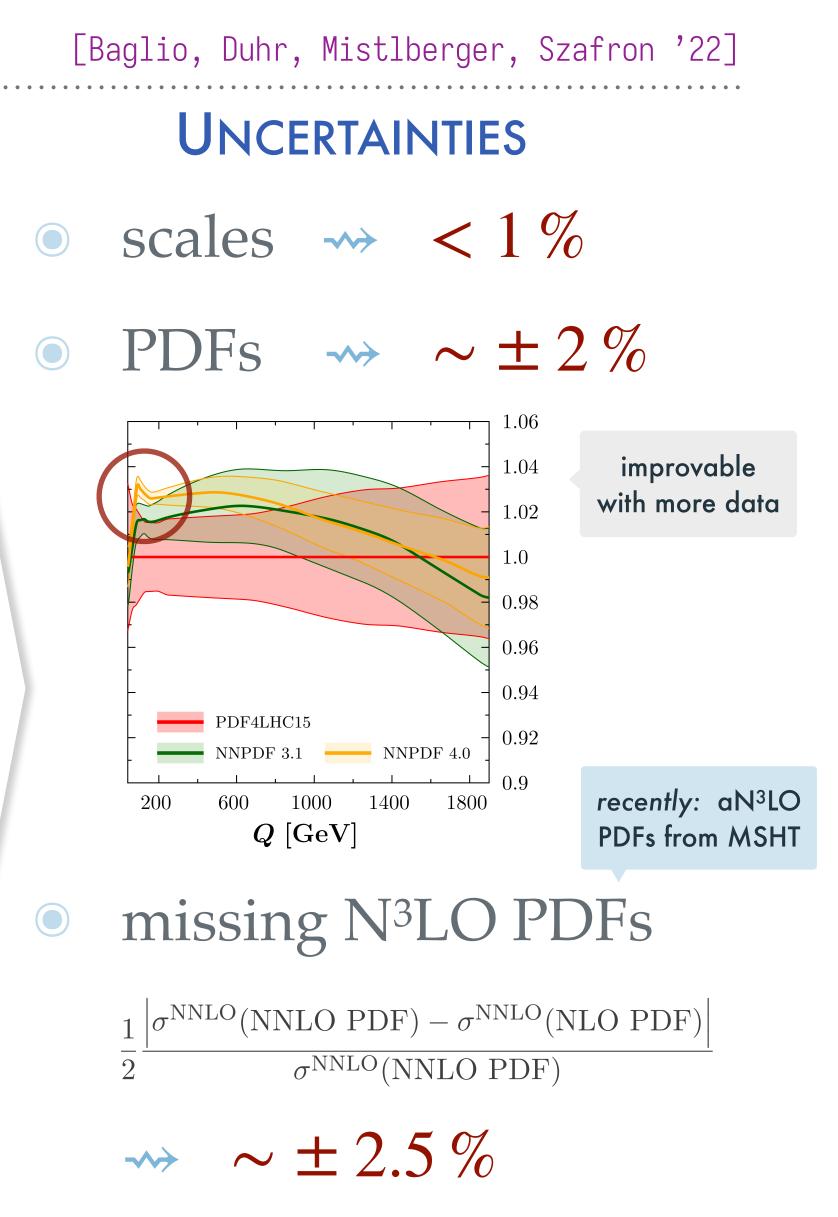


## INCLUSIVE DRELL – YAN @ N<sup>3</sup>LO

- all  $\sigma_{DV}^{tot}$  known to N<sup>3</sup>LO
  - $pp \rightarrow \gamma^*$ ,  $pp \rightarrow W^{\pm}$ [C. Duhr, F. Dulat, B. Mistlberger '20]
  - $pp \rightarrow \gamma^*/Z$ [C. Duhr, B. Mistlberger '21]
  - public code: n3loxs
- similar features  $\forall DY_{procs} @ LHC$  $\hookrightarrow K_{N^3LO} \sim -2\%$  $\hookrightarrow$  non-overlapping bands  $\hookrightarrow \Delta_{\rm scl}^{\rm NNLO} \simeq \Delta_{\rm scl}^{\rm N^3LO}$
- origin: NNLO likely underestimated (qq vs. qg)

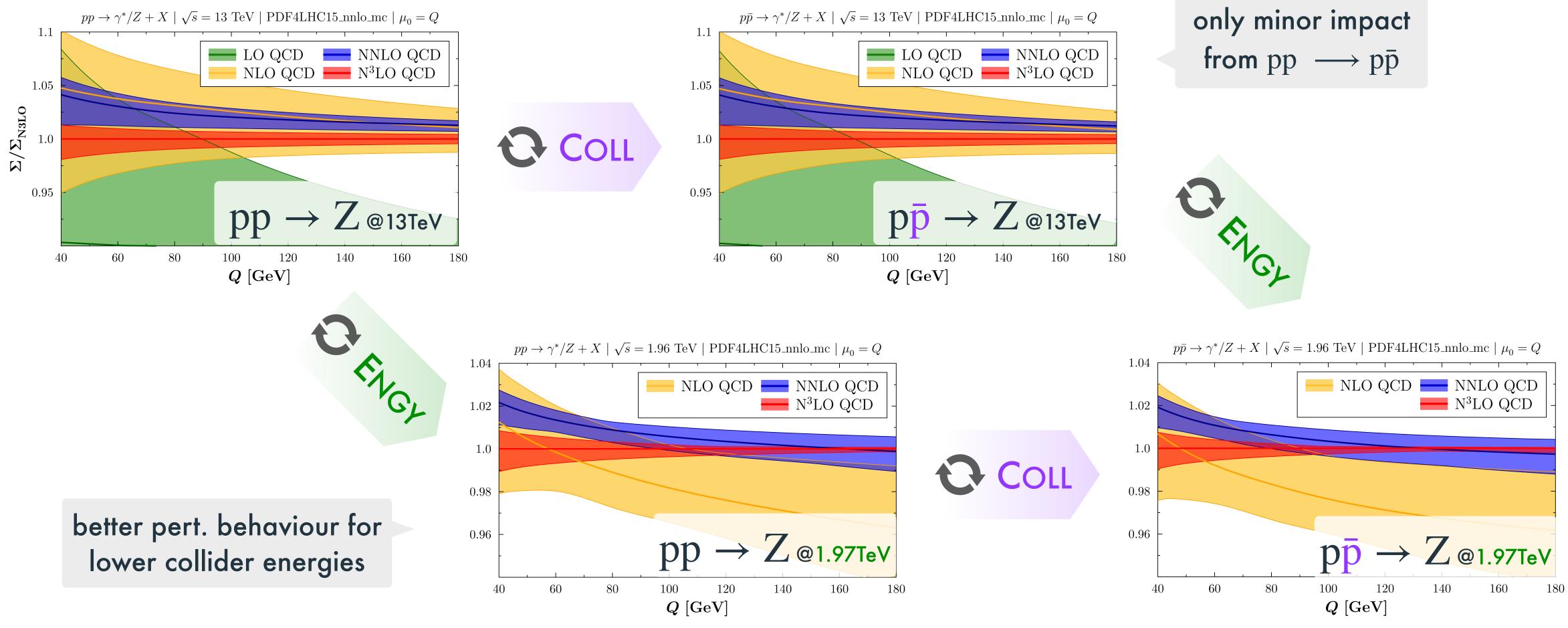
#### 1.11.05 $\Sigma/\Sigma_{\rm N3LO}$ 0.9540 60 80







## INCLUSIVE DRELL YAN @ N<sup>3</sup>LO – COLLIDER VS. ENERGY



\* similar for  $W^{\pm}$ 







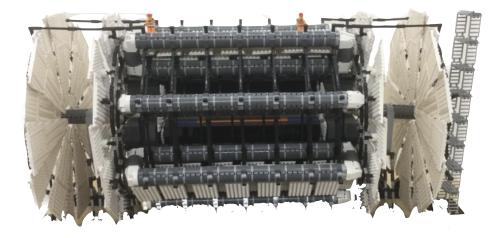


## GOING DIFFERENTIAL @ N<sup>3</sup>LO – q<sub>T</sub> SUBTRACTION

#### **FULLY INCLUSIVE**

- $\checkmark$  limited to  $\sigma^{\text{tot}}$
- $\checkmark$  very efficient  $\mathcal{O}(sec)$

#### **FULLY DIFFERENTIAL**



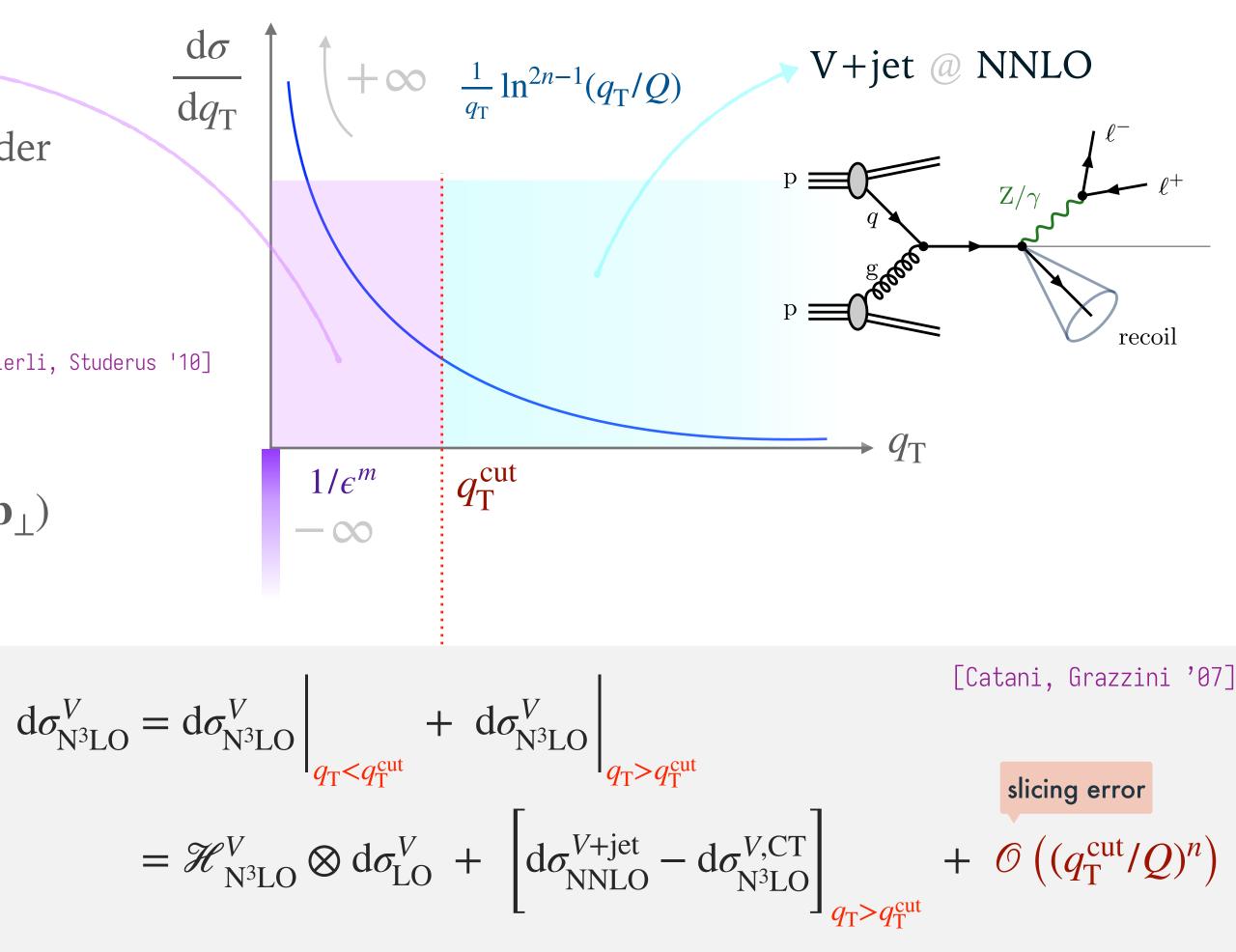
- $\checkmark d\sigma \rightsquigarrow$  fiducial cuts, arbitrary distributions, ...
- × computationally expensive  $\mathcal{O}(10^5 - 10^6)$  h

#### $q_{\rm T}$ resummation

- expand to fixed order
- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$  ingredients:
- hard function  $H_{q\bar{q}}$ [Gehrmann, Glover, Huber, Ikizlerli, Studerus '10]
- soft function  $S(\mathbf{b}_{\perp})$ [Li, Zhu '16]
- beam function  $B_q(\mathbf{b}_{\perp})$

[Luo, Yang, Zhu, Zhu '19] [Ebert, Mistlberger, Vita '20]





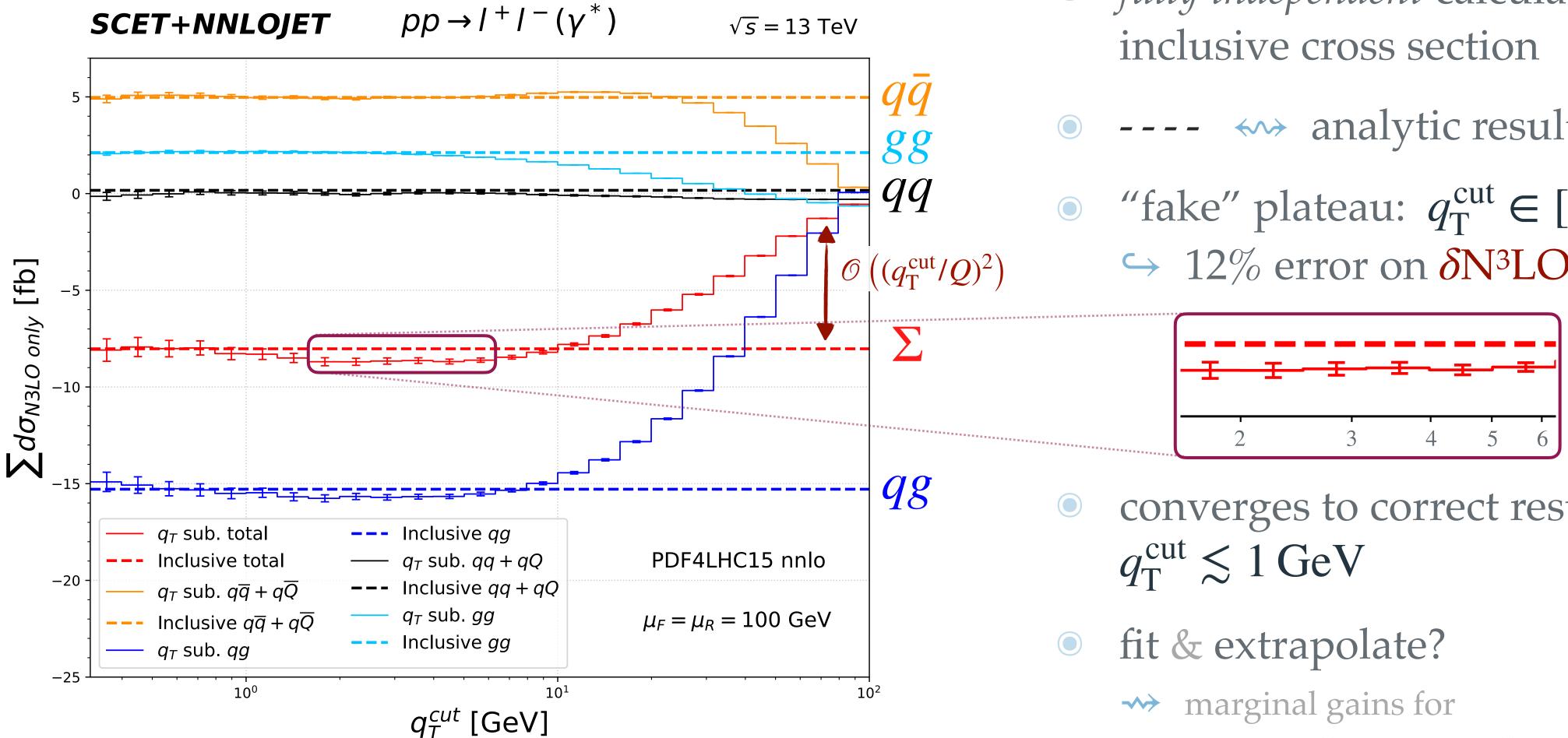
 $q_{\rm T}^{\rm cut}$  as small as possible  $\iff q_{\rm T}^{\rm cut}$  as large as possible  $\hookrightarrow$  suppress power corrections

 $\hookrightarrow$  numerical stability & efficiency



7

### STEP 0 – VALIDATION



[Chen, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Yang Zhu '21, '22]

- *fully independent* calculation of the
  - ---- (Intersection of the second state of the
- "fake" plateau:  $q_T^{cut} \in [2, 5] \text{ GeV}$  $\rightarrow$  12% error on  $\delta N^{3}LO!$

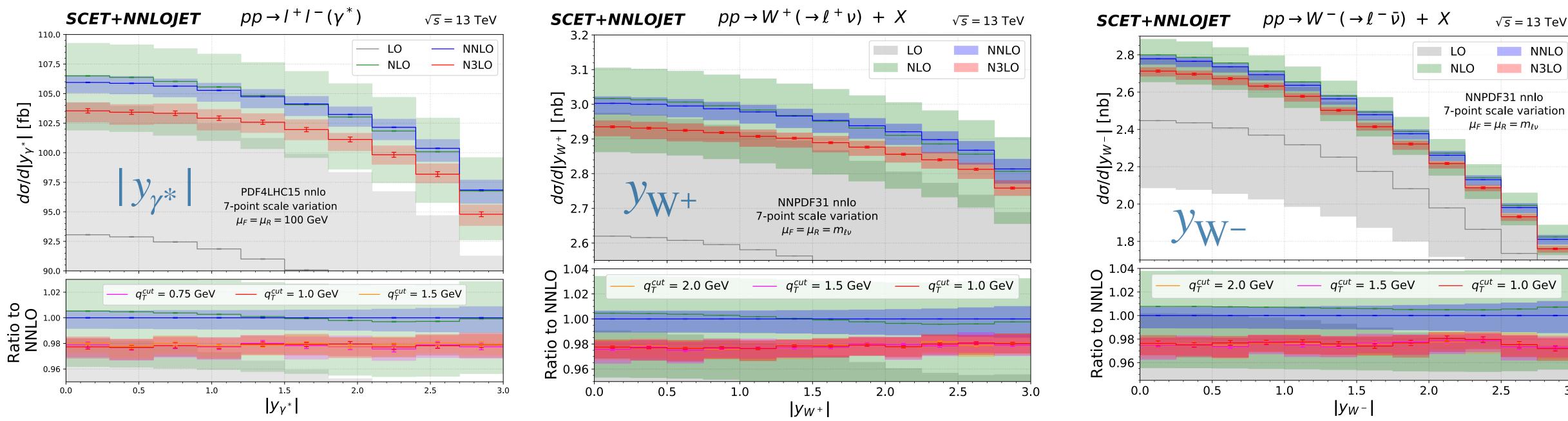
- converges to correct result for
- - potentially uncontrolled systematics







### DRELL YAN @ N<sup>3</sup>LO - $Y_V$ DISTRIBUTIONS



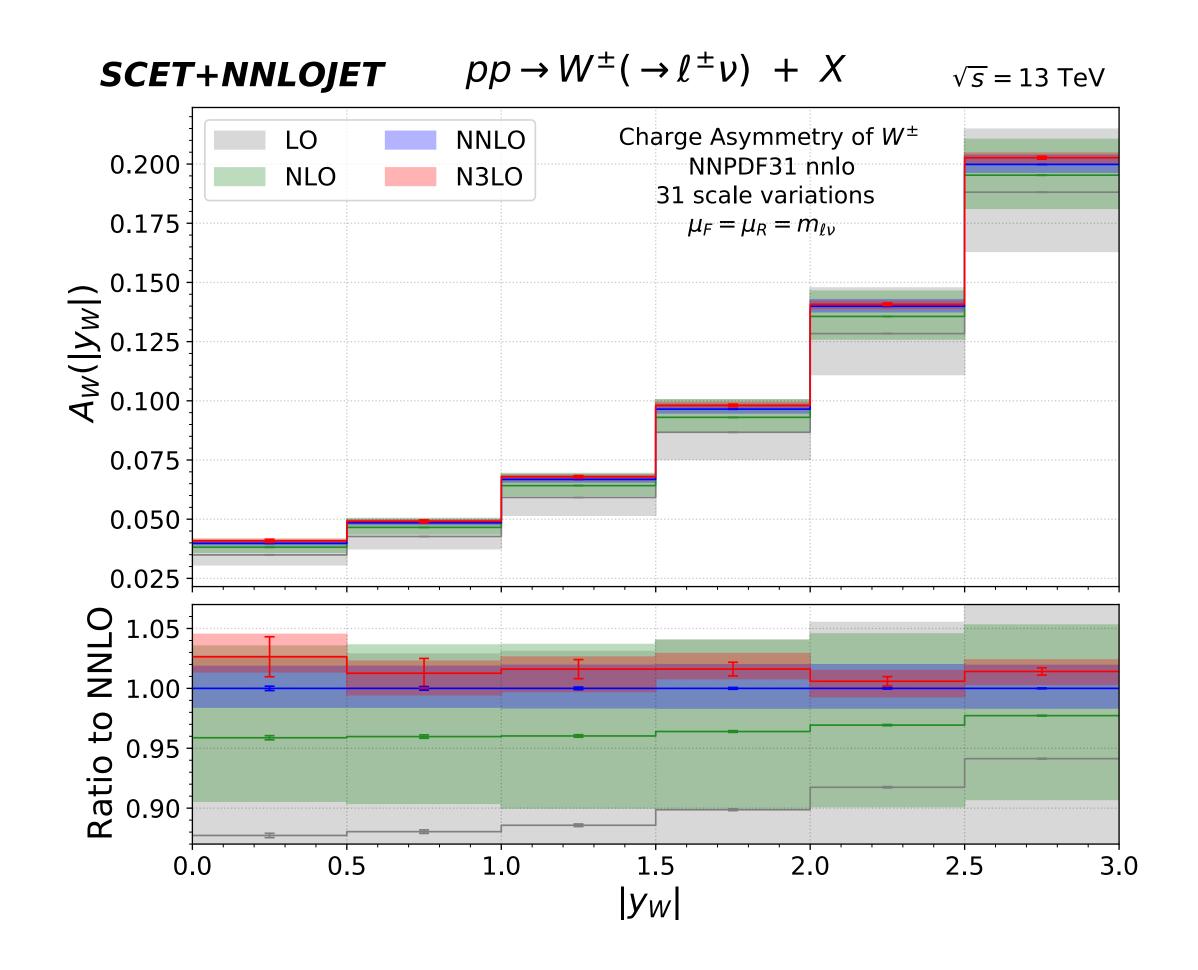
same collider @ 13 TeV  $\rightarrow$  almost universal/flat NNLO  $\rightarrow$  N<sup>3</sup>LO corrections! (disparate  $x_i$ )

• NC & CC<sup>±</sup> processes probe different parton content across  $Y_V$  (valence u vs. d, ...)





### W CHARGE ASYMMETRY @ N<sup>3</sup>LO

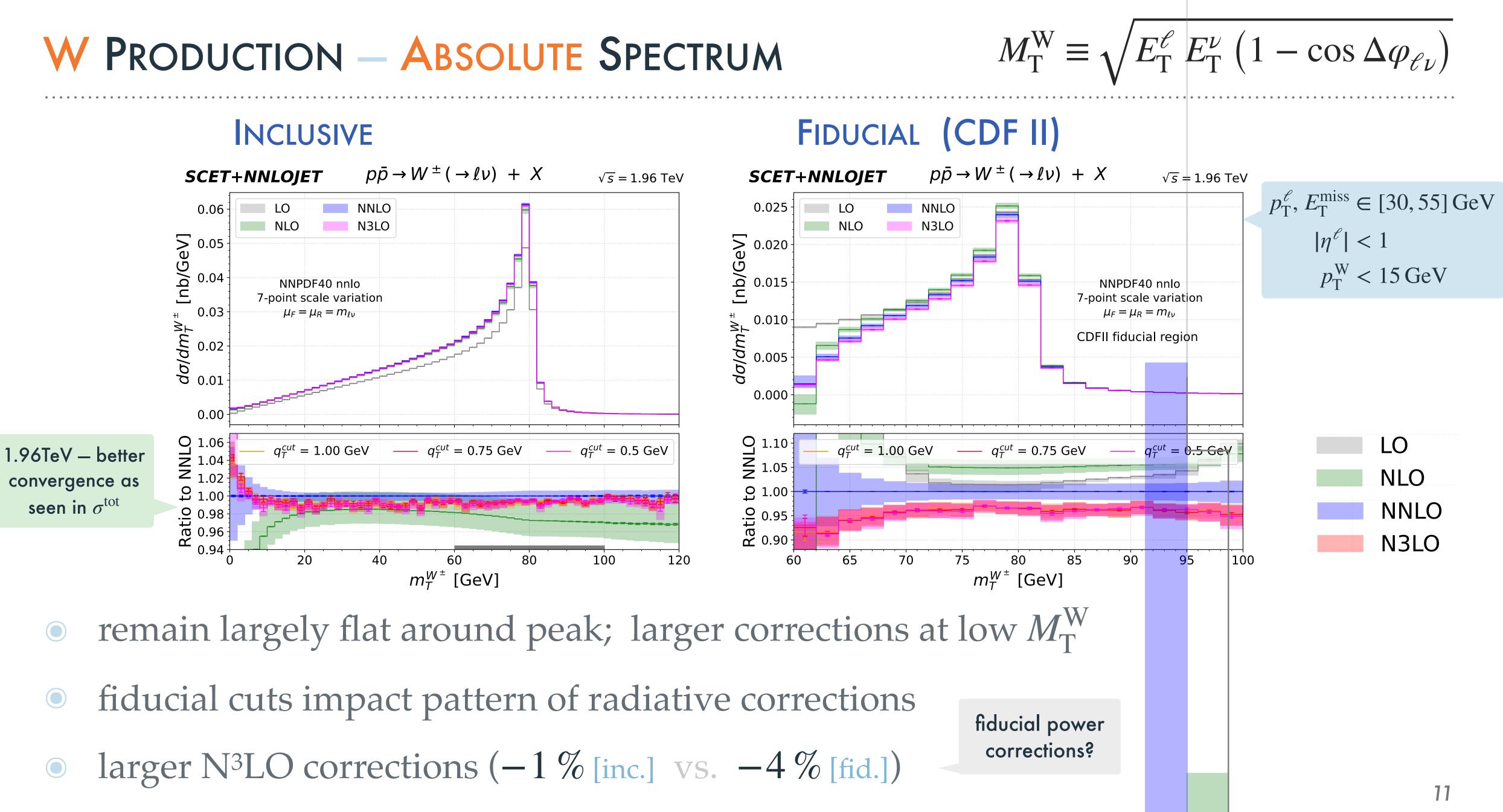


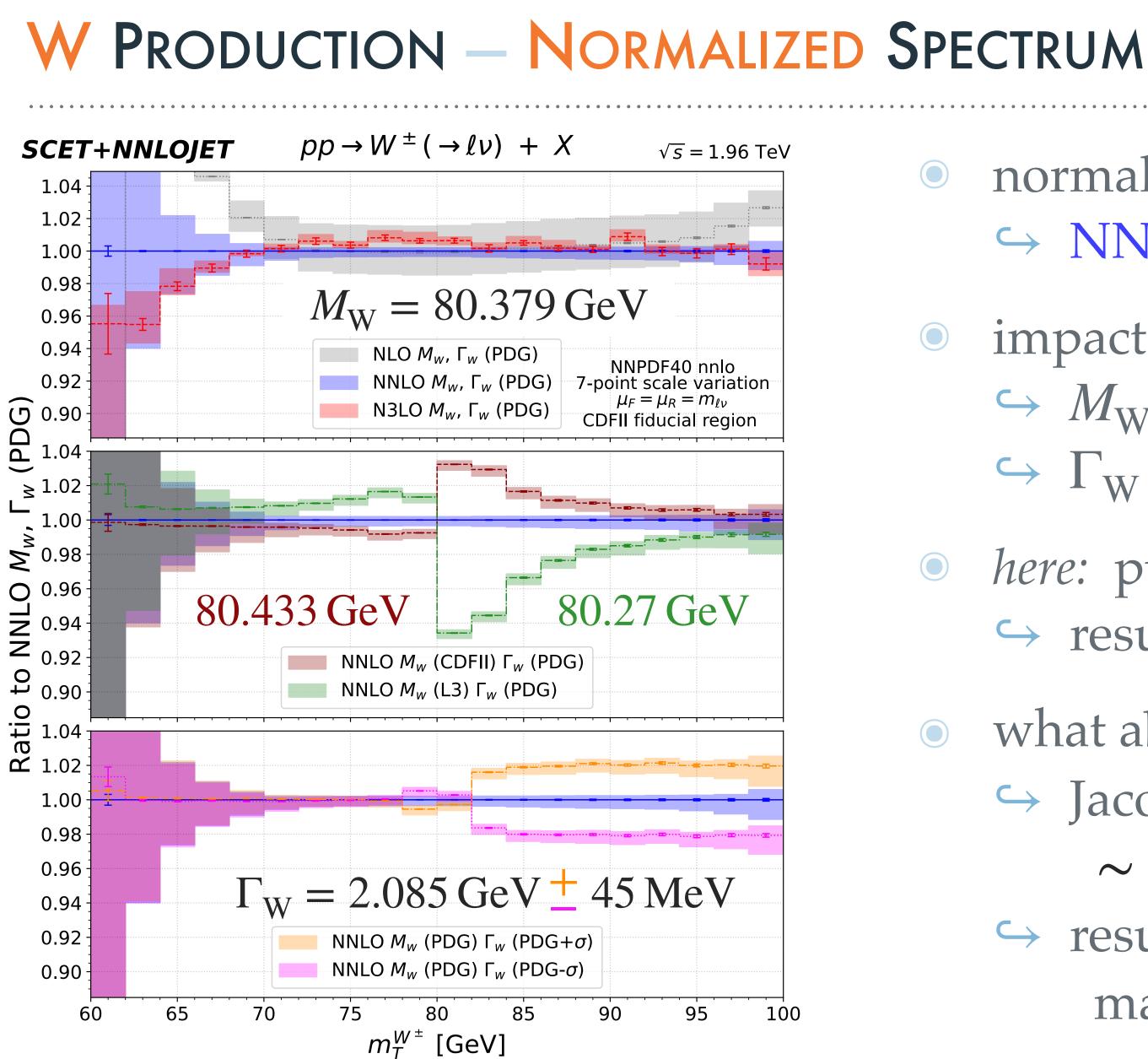
$$A_{\rm W}(|y_{\rm W}|) \equiv \frac{d\sigma^{\rm W^+}/d|y_{\rm W^+}| - d\sigma^{\rm W^-}/d|y_{\rm W^-}|}{d\sigma^{\rm W^+}/d|y_{\rm W^+}| + d\sigma^{\rm W^-}/d|y_{\rm W^-}|}$$

- $\hookrightarrow$  *scales:* uncorrelated 31-point var.
- N<sup>3</sup>LO corrections of about +2%
- good perturbative convergence ( $\Delta_{scl}^{N^3LO} \sim \pm 1.5\%$ )
- direct sensitivity to u(x)/d(x') ratio  $\hookrightarrow$  extend to  $\mathcal{C}^{\pm}$  (measured)



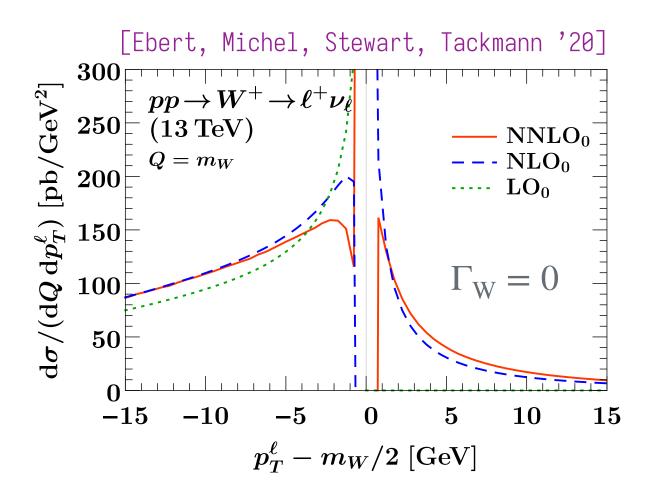






### $(1/\sigma) (d\sigma/dM_{\rm T}^{\rm W})$

- normalisation compensates h.o. corrections  $\rightarrow$  NNLO  $\rightarrow$  N<sup>3</sup>LO:  $\leq 1\%$  (peak region)
- impact of N<sup>3</sup>LO *smaller* than  $\hookrightarrow M_{\rm W}$  variation (CDF, L3) 3–6%  $\hookrightarrow \Gamma_{W}$  variation (PDG error) 2%
  - *here*: pure fixed-order  $\hookrightarrow$  resummation? ( $M_{\rm T}$  rather insensitive to ISR)
- what about  $p_{\rm T}^{\ell}$ ? → Jacobian peak  $\sim M_{\rm W}/2$ resummation mandatory





12

### OUTLINE.

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- [NNLOJET + RADISH]  $\hookrightarrow p_{\rm T}^{\rm Z}/p_{\rm T}^{\rm W}$  ratio  $\hookrightarrow$  fiducial cross sections
  - $\hookrightarrow$  fiducial distributions

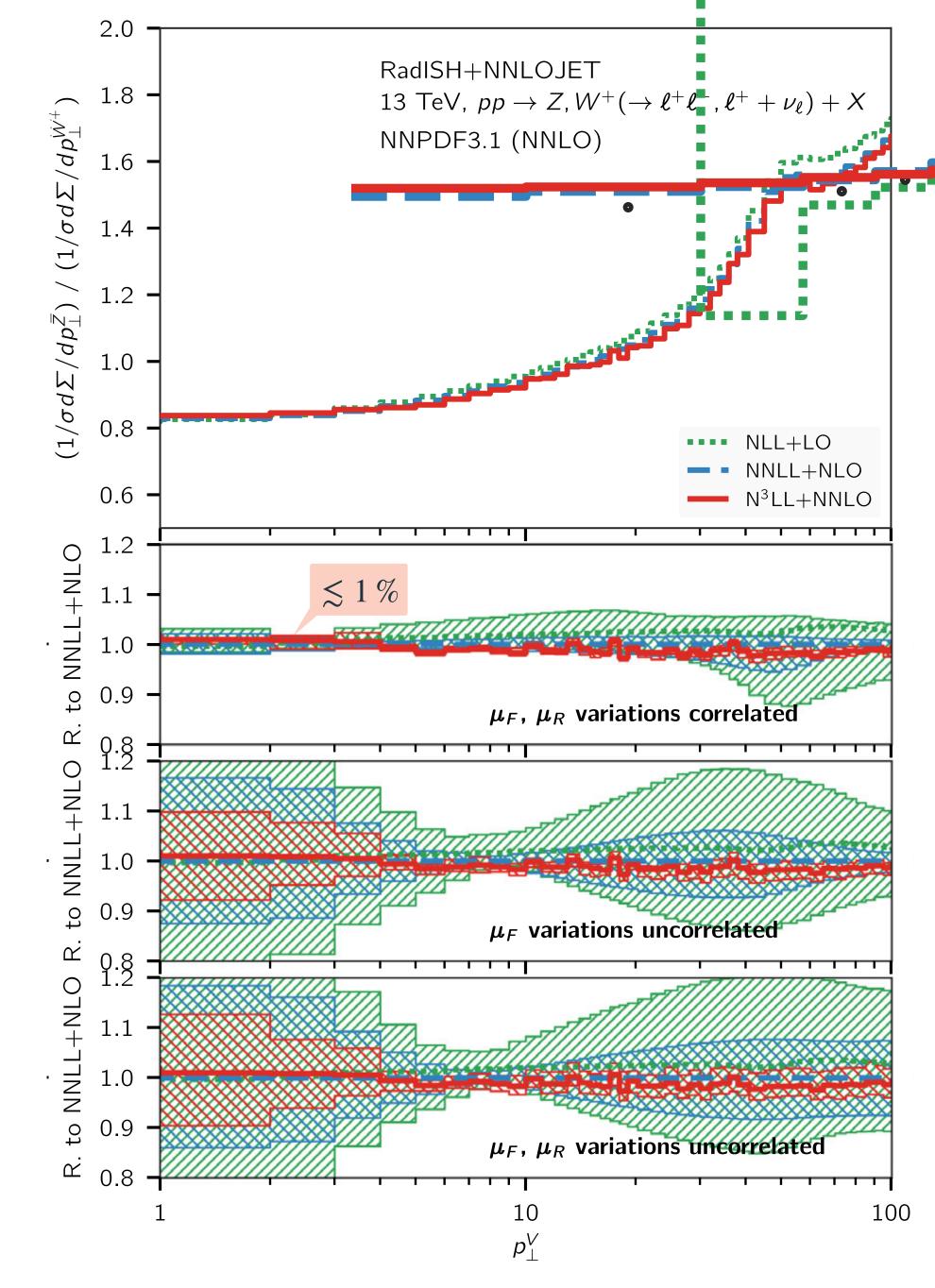
 $\hookrightarrow$  fiducial W<sup>±</sup> predictions for CDF

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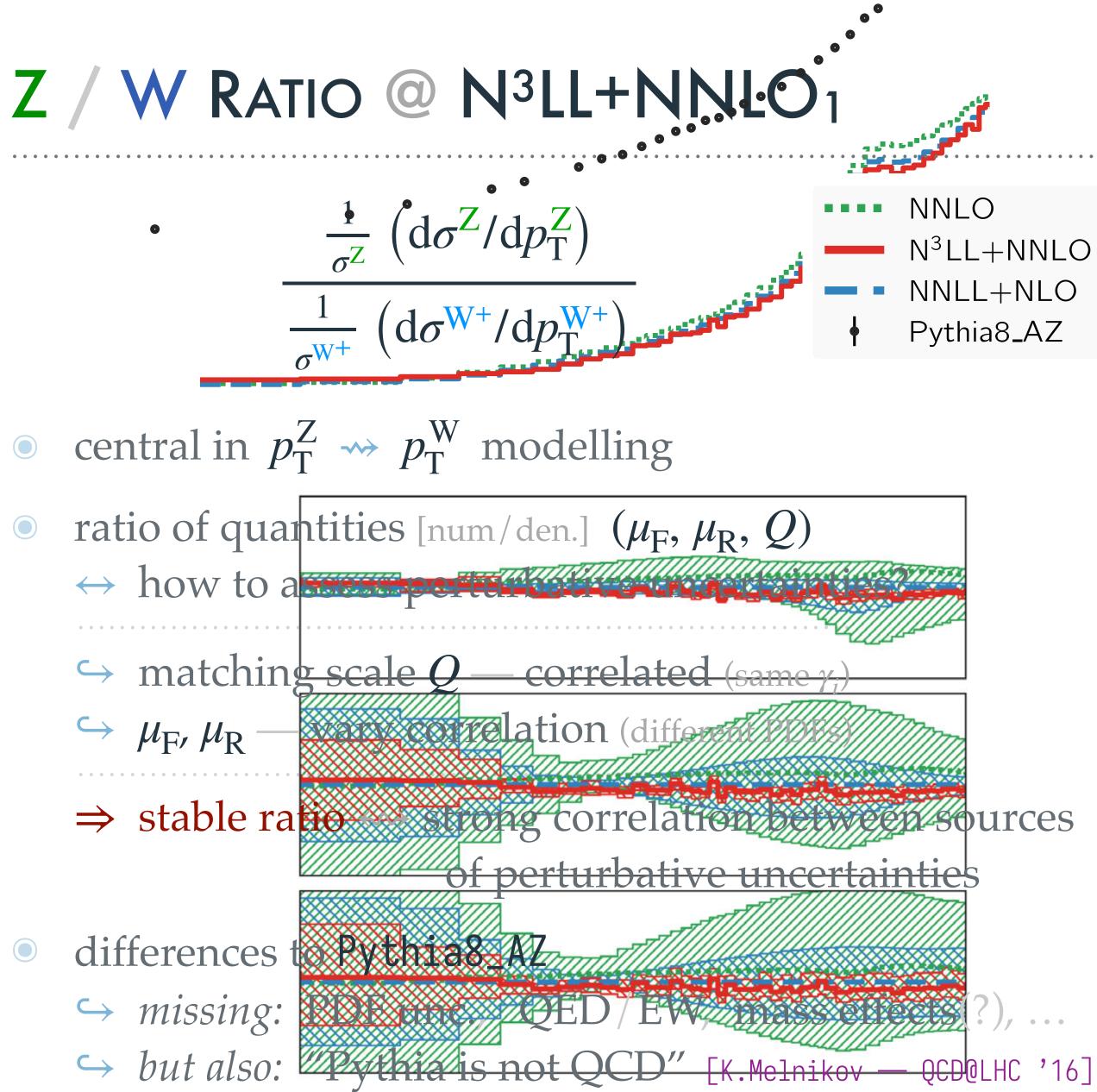
#### Z / W RATIO @ N<sup>3</sup>LL+NNLO<sub>1</sub> $\frac{1}{\sigma^{Z}} \left( d\sigma^{Z}/dp_{T}^{Z} \right)$ $\frac{1}{\sigma^{W^{+}}} \left( d\sigma^{W^{+}}/dp_{T}^{W^{+}} \right)$ NLL+LO NNLL+NLO N<sup>3</sup>LL+NNLO central in $p_T^Z \rightsquigarrow p_T^W$ modelling ratio of quantities [num/den.] ( $\mu_{\rm F}, \mu_{\rm R}, Q$ ) $\leftrightarrow$ how to a second for the second s $\hookrightarrow$ matching scale Q - correlated (same $\hookrightarrow \mu_{\mathrm{F'}} \mu_{\mathrm{R}}$ difference ⇒ stable ration for the sources of perturbative uncertainties

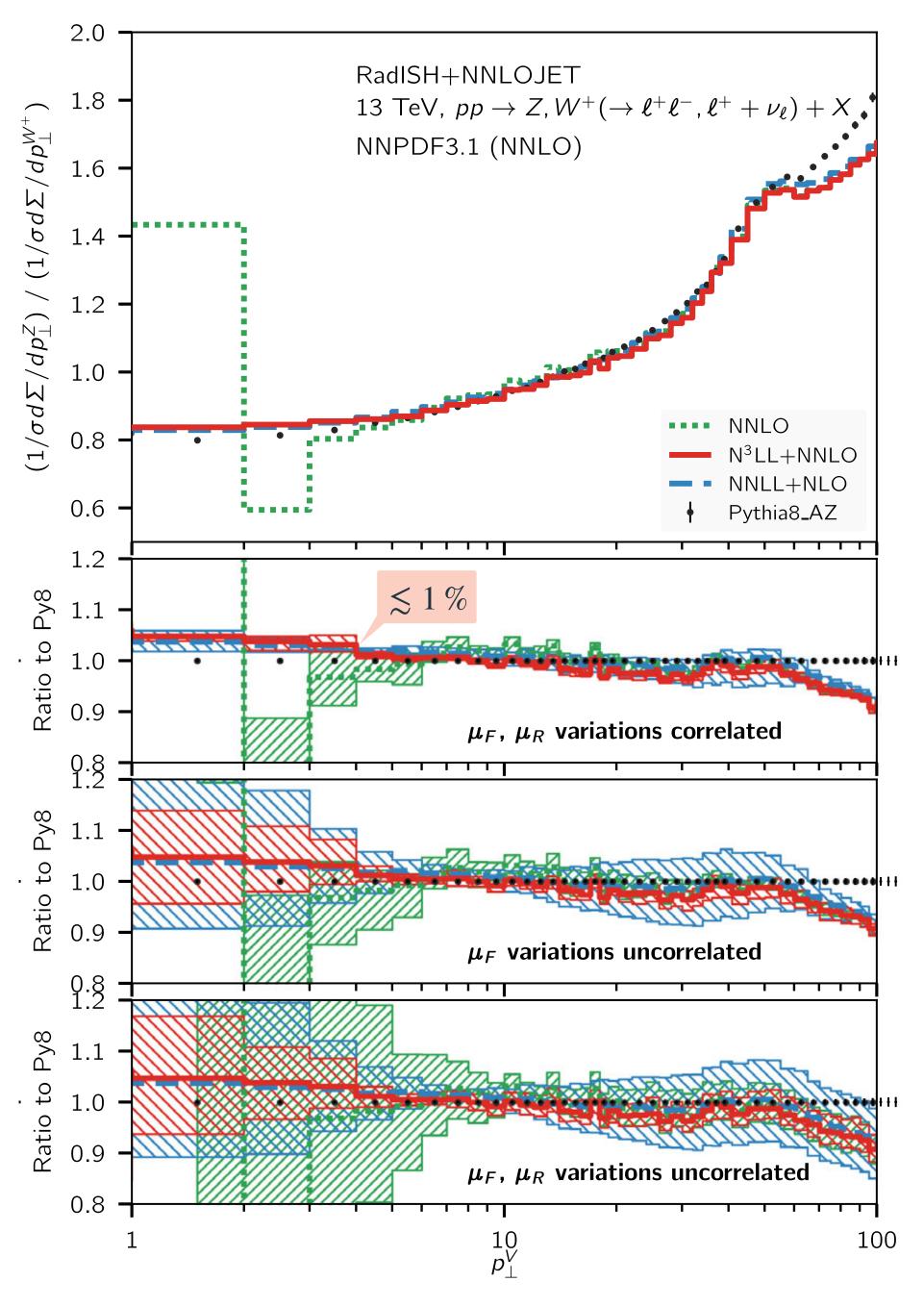




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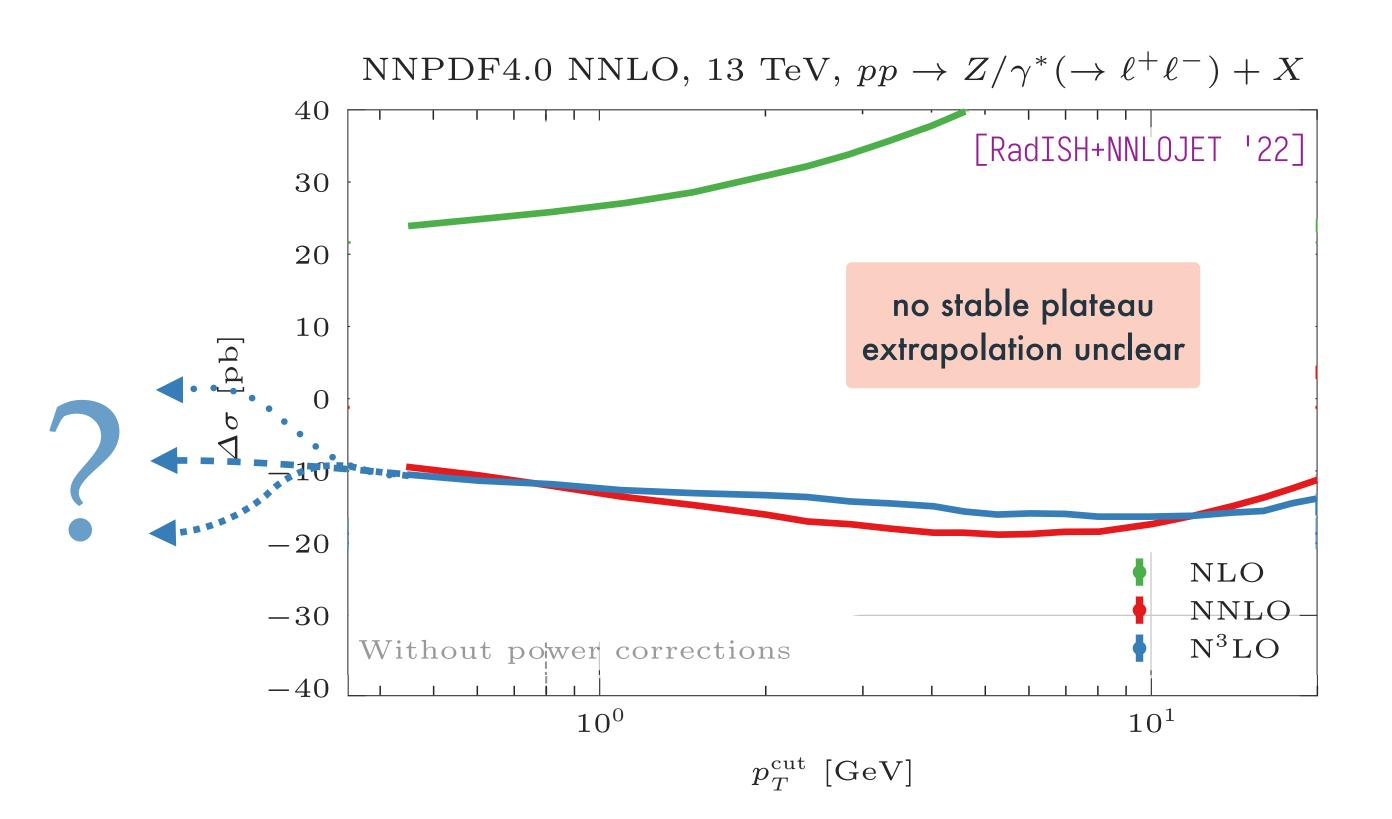
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## FIDUCIAL CUTS AND LINEAR POWER CORRECTIONS – N<sup>3</sup>LO SLICING

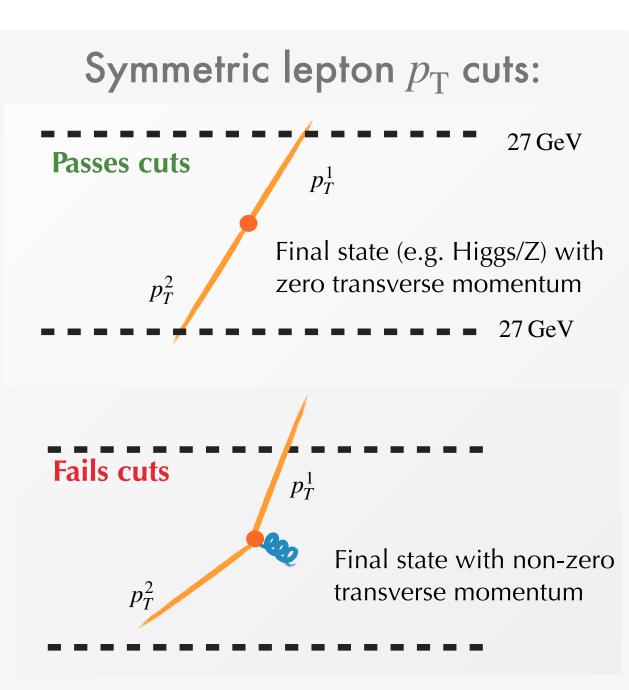
fiducial cuts  $\rightsquigarrow$  can induce linear power corrections [Tackmann, Ebert '19][Alekhin, Kardos, Moch, Trócsányi '21][Salam, Slade '21]

can jeopardise  $q_{\rm T}$  slicing  $\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{q_{\rm T}^{\rm cut}}{Q}\right)$  $[q_{\rm T}^{\rm cut} \lesssim 1 \,{\rm GeV}]$ 



$$(Q)^2) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{O}\left(q_{\rm T}^{\rm cut}/Q\right)$$

 $[q_{\rm T}^{\rm cut} \lesssim 10^{-2} \,{\rm GeV}\,?!]$ 



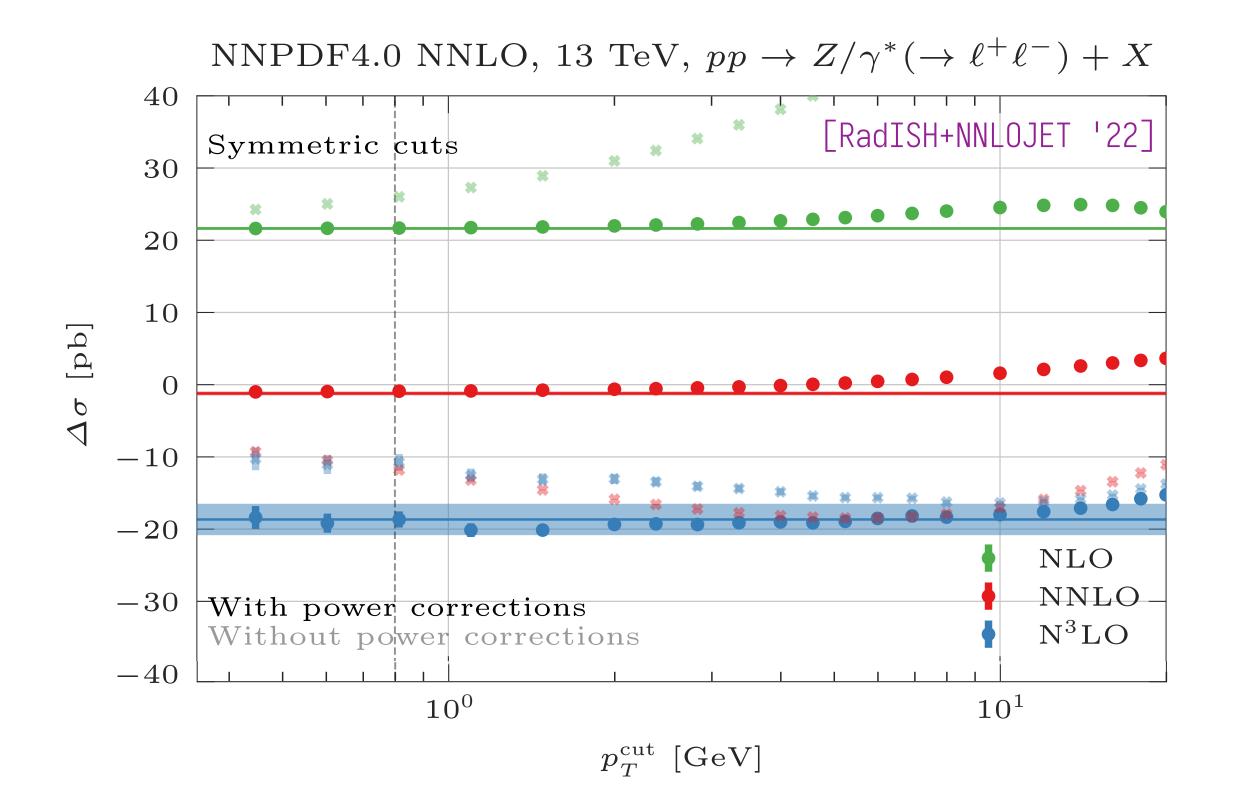




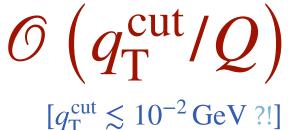
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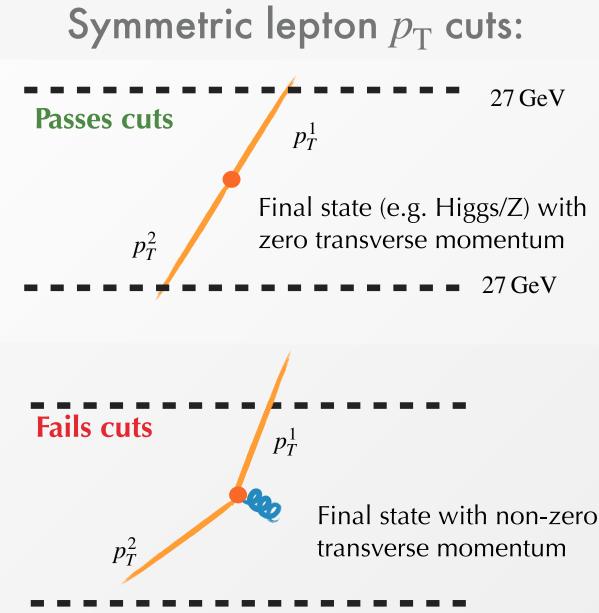
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#### can *compute* & *subtract* the linear term: $\hookrightarrow$ simple boost of $V \to \ell \bar{\ell}$ system

(pure kinematics & acceptance effect)

[Catani, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini '15] [Ebert, Michel, Stewart, Tackmann '21]





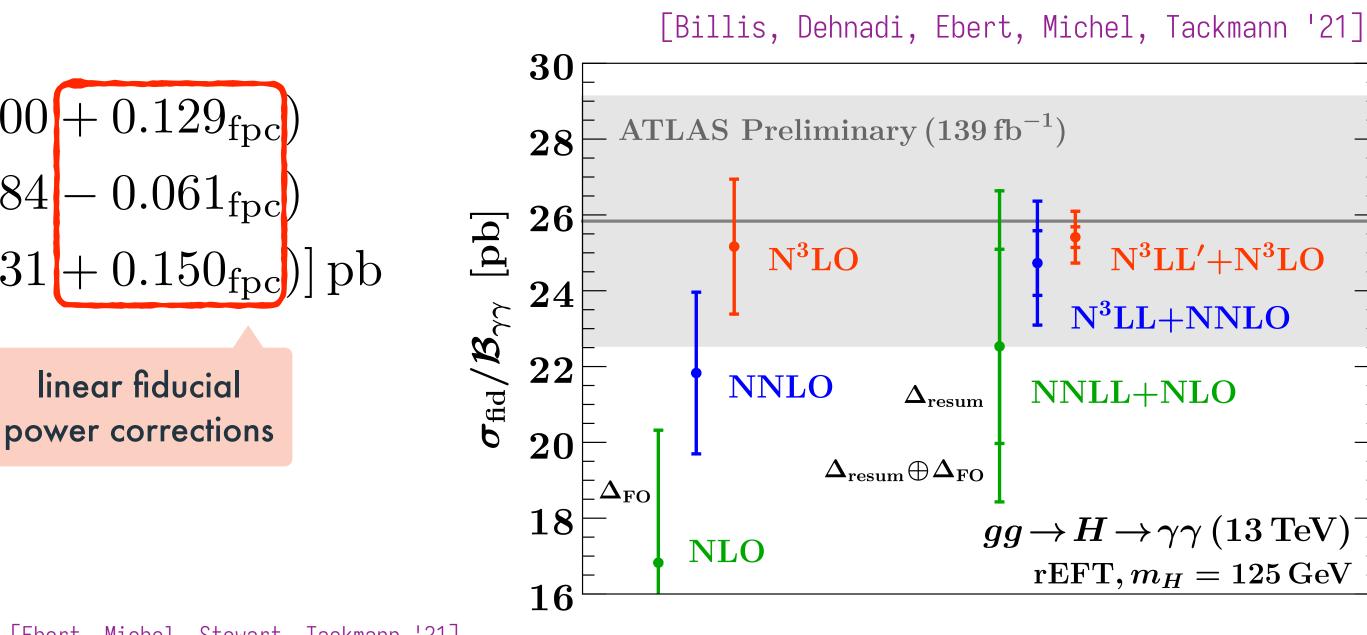


### FIDUCIAL CUTS AND LINEAR POWER CORRECTIONS – INCLUSIVE QUANTITIES

can compute the N3LO cross section reliably  $\checkmark$ *but:* potential sensitivity on soft physics in inclusive quantities ? c.f.  $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ 

$$\sigma_{\rm fid}^{\rm FO} / \mathcal{B}_{\gamma\gamma} = 6.928 \left[ 1 + (1.300 + (0.784 - (0.784 + (0.331 + (0$$

- can be resummed to all orders with the same recoil prescription [Ebert, Michel, Stewart, Tackmann '21]
- How strongly is the Drell-Yan fiducial cross section impacted by this?







## FIDUCIAL Z CROSS SECTION @ N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL

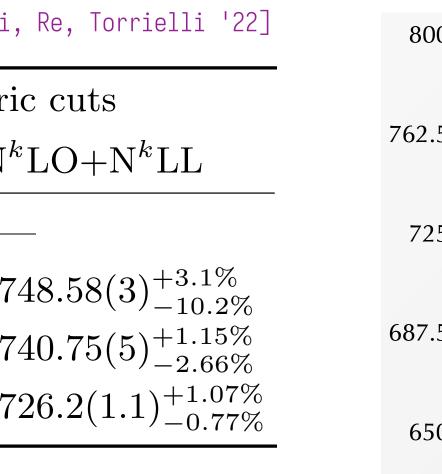
[Chen, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Monni, Rottoli, Re, Torrielli '22]

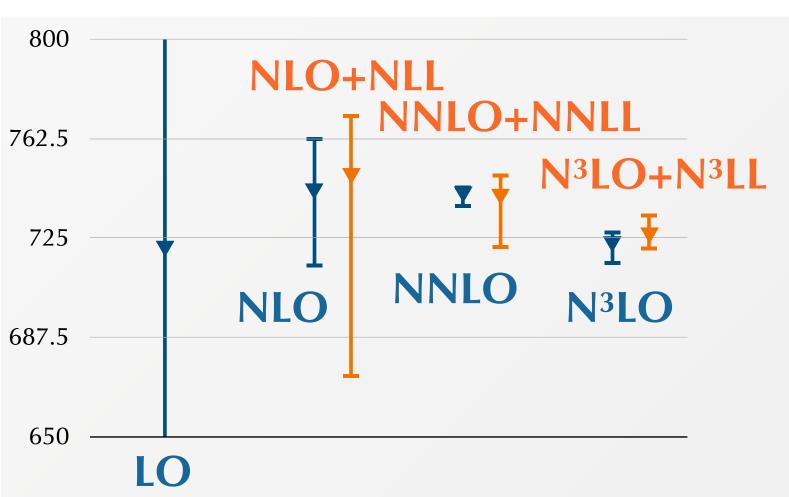
#### Symmetric cuts:

 $p_{\rm T}^{\ell^{\pm}} > 27 \, {\rm GeV}$ 

Order	$\sigma$ [pb] Symme	etri
k	$N^k LO$	$\mathrm{N}^k$
0	$721.16^{+12.2\%}_{-13.2\%}$	
1	$742.80(1)^{+2.7\%}_{-3.9\%}$	74
2	$741.59(8)^{+0.42\%}_{-0.71\%}$	74
3	$722.9(1.1)^{+0.68\%}_{-1.09\%}\pm0.9$	72

- $K_{N^{3}LO} \sim -2.5\%$ ; outside scale bands (fixed order)
- fixed order vs. +resummation similar central values  $\rightsquigarrow$  smaller fiducial power corrections than  $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ; nonetheless, not negligible
- N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL more robust error estimate (matching scale *Q*)





 $\Gamma_V \leftrightarrow regulator?$ 

get rid of these completely by solving the problem at its core



## FIDUCIAL Z CROSS SECTION @ N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL

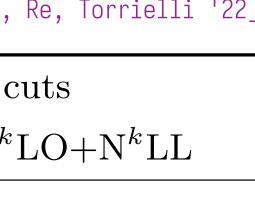
[Chen, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Monni, Rottoli, Re, Torrielli '22]

#### **Product cuts:**

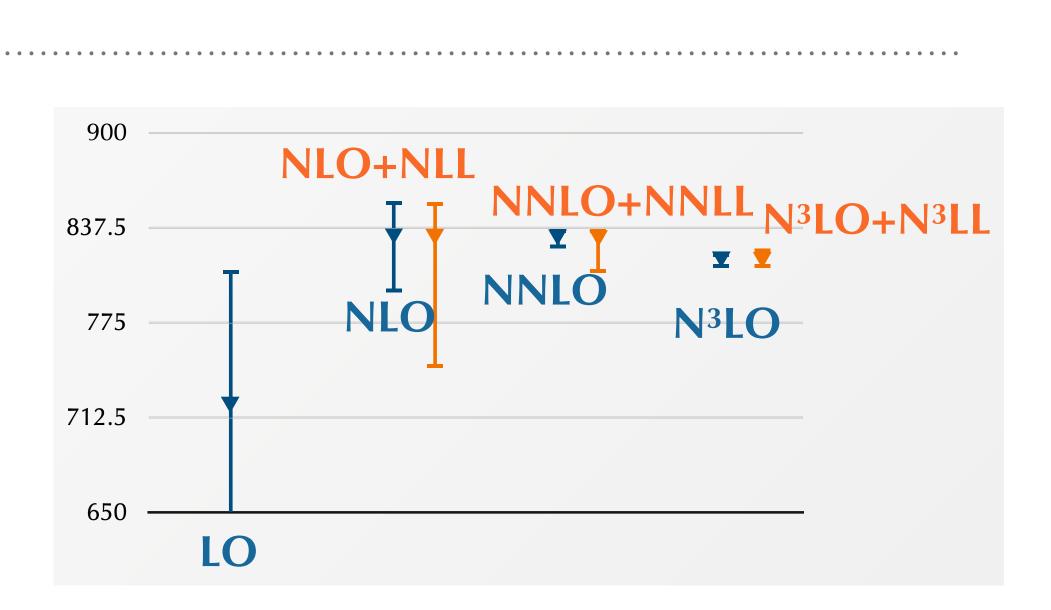
[Salam, Slade	<b>'</b> 21]
$\sqrt{p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell^+}p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell^-}}$	> 27 GeV
$\min\left\{p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell^{\pm}}\right\}$	> 20 GeV

Order	$\sigma$ [pb] Produ	ct o
k	$N^k LO$	$\mathrm{N}^k$
0	$721.16^{+12.2\%}_{-13.2\%}$	
1	$832.22(1)^{+2.7\%}_{-4.5\%}$	8
2	$831.32(3)^{+0.59\%}_{-0.96\%}$	8
3	$816.8(1.1)^{+0.45\%}_{-0.73\%} \pm 0.8$	8

- $K_{N^3LO} \sim -2\%$ ; outside scale bands (fixed order)
- fixed order vs. +resummation virtually identical central values → basically no linear fiducial power corrections; very robust
- N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL more robust error estimate (matching scale Q)



 $331.91(2)^{+2.7\%}_{-10.4\%}$  $330.98(4)^{+0.74\%}_{-2.73\%}$  $816.6(1.1)^{+0.87\%}_{-0.69\%}$ 

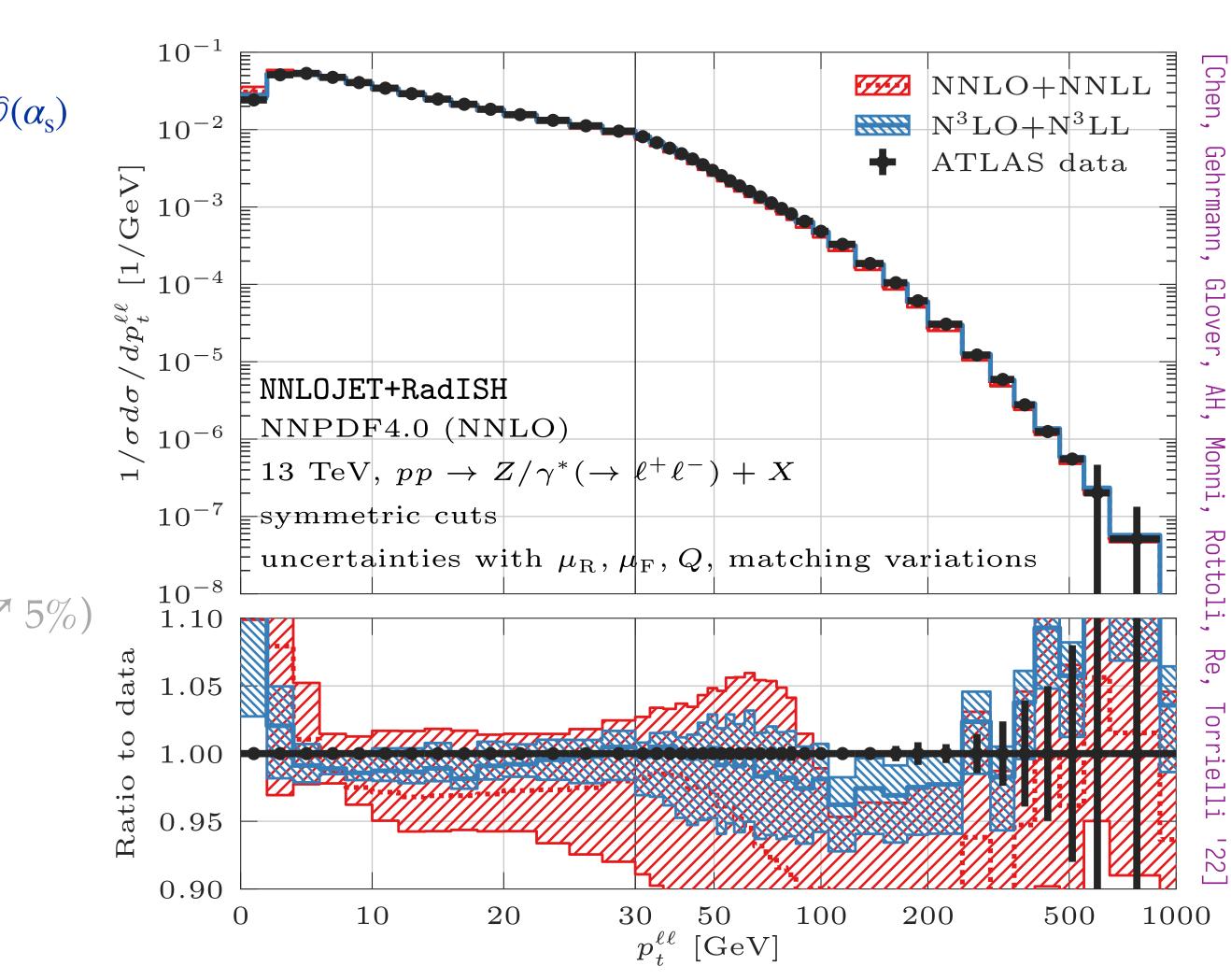




### Z-BOSON TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM DISTRIBUTION @ N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL

 $d\sigma_V^{N^3LO+N^3LL} \equiv d\sigma_V^{N^3LL} + d\sigma_{V+jet}^{NNLO} - \left[d\sigma_V^{N^3LL}\right]_{\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)}$ 

- excellent agreement with data across p<sup>Z</sup><sub>T</sub> spectrum
   → lowest bin susceptible to non-perturbative effects
   → high-p<sub>T</sub>: missing EW corrections
- uncertainties *few percent* ( $p_T \gtrsim 50 \text{ GeV} \nearrow 5\%$ )
  - $\hookrightarrow \mu_{R'} \mu_{F'}$ : 7-point variation
  - $\rightarrow$  matching scale *Q*: +2 variation
  - $\rightarrow$  matching scheme:  $+3 \times 9 = 27$
  - $\Rightarrow$  envelope of 36 variations



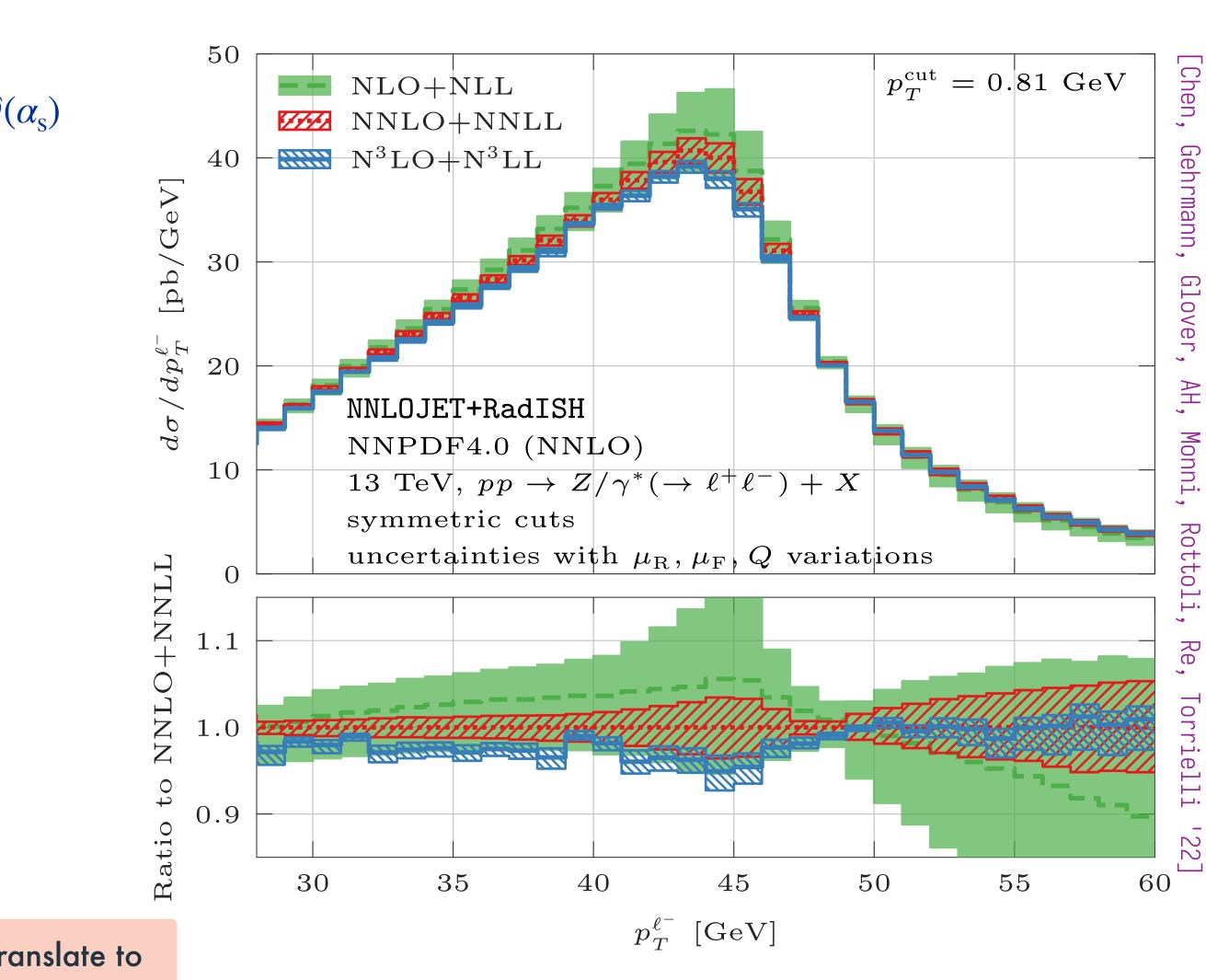


### LEPTON TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM DISTRIBUTION @ N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL

 $d\sigma_V^{N^3LO+N^3LL} \equiv d\sigma_V^{N^3LL} + d\sigma_{V+jet}^{NNLO} - \left[d\sigma_V^{N^3LL}\right]_{\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)}$ 

- fully differential calculation
  ← access to fiducial observables
  & decay kinematics
- lepton transverse momentum
  → important in M<sub>W</sub> extraction
  → challenging due to Jacobian peak
  @ p<sup>ℓ</sup><sub>T</sub> ~ M<sub>V</sub>/2 (integrable singularity)
  → resummation mandatory
  reduced uncertainties
  - & some impact on shape

how would it translate to  $M_{\rm W}$  shift in  ${\rm W}^{\pm}$  production?



21

### CONCLUSIONS & OUTLOOK

- N<sup>3</sup>LO predictions for Drell-Yan processes:  $\rightarrow \Delta_{scl} < 1\%$  (non-overlapping),  $\Delta_{PDF} \sim \pm 2\%$  (improvable),  $\Delta_{PDF-TH} \sim \pm 2.5\%$ <u>but</u>: corrections rather *flat*; compensate to a large extent in ratios (shape)
- Fiducial cuts *w* linear power corrections [1] can jeopardise N<sup>3</sup>LO slicing calculation [2] can introduce soft sensitivity to inclusive quantities  $\hookrightarrow$  solutions: [1] compute & subtract resummation of fiducial power corrections [2] [1+2] adjust fiducial cuts ---> more robust predictions
- N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL  $\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$  distributions at *few-percent level*  $\hookrightarrow$  *next*: fiducial W<sup>±</sup> @ N<sup>3</sup>LO+N<sup>3</sup>LL



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# Thank you!

