

M_W in the Context of Global Fits in the SM and Beyond

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- Introduction
- HEPfit
- M_W and the fit to EWPO in the SM
- M_W and the fit to EWPO beyond the SM:
 - Oblique NP
 - SMEFT
- Summary and outlook

Based on J. de Blas, M. Pierini, L. Reina & L.S., arXiv:2204.04204



INTRODUCTION

- $SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$ symmetry hidden at low energies, but restored in the UV
 - tree-level relations among weak couplings and masses corrected by finite and calculable loop corrections
- Accidental custodial symmetry of the SM Higgs potential ensures $\rho \equiv \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2 \cos^2 \theta_W} = 1$ at tree level, dominant corrections of $O(G_F m_t^2)$
- precision measurements of masses and couplings
 - test the quantum structure of the SM
 - probe NP through its virtual effects

THE HEPfit FRAMEWORK

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THE EUROPEAN
PHYSICAL JOURNAL C

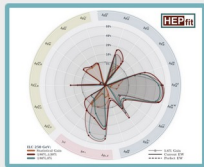


Special Article - Tools for Experiment and Theory

HEPfit

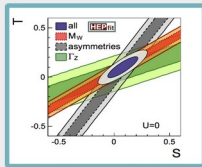
home developers physics documentation

HEPfit: a Code for the Combination of Indirect and Direct Constraints on High Energy Physics Models



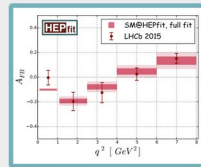
Higgs Physics

HEPfit can be used to study Higgs couplings and analyze data on signal strengths.



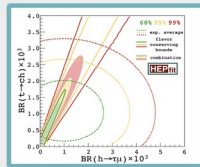
Precision Electroweak

Electroweak precision observables are included in HEPfit



Flavour Physics

The Flavour Physics menu in HEPfit includes both quark and lepton flavour dynamics.



BSM Physics

Dynamics beyond the Standard Model can be studied by adding models in HEPfit.

HEPfit: a code for the combination of indirect and direct constraints on high energy physics models

J. de Blas^{1,2}, D. Chowdhury^{3,4}, M. Ciuchini⁵, A. M. Coutinho⁶, O. Eberhardt⁷, M. Fedele⁸, E. Franco⁹, G. Grilli di Cortona¹⁰, V. Miralles⁷, S. Mishima¹¹, A. Paul^{12,13,a}, A. Peñuelas⁷, M. Pierini¹⁴, L. Reina¹⁵, L. Silvestrini^{9,16}, M. Valli¹⁷, R. Watanabe⁵, N. Yokozaki¹⁸

- HEPfit web page
- HEPfit documentation
- GitHub repository

GENERAL STRUCTURE

- Basic building blocks:
 - Models, defined by a set of parameters (possibly correlated) and complemented by model-specific contributions to observables;
 - Observables, defined by a theoretical prediction and possibly by an experimental likelihood which can be binned, multi-dimensional w. correlation, numerical...
 - A parallel MCMC engine based on BAT and ROOT
 - Everything coded from scratch and validated against other public codes

Terminology

- **Full Fit/Posterior:** use all available information on both SM parameters and EWPOs. Gives our current best knowledge.
- **Prediction/Indirect:** remove experimental information on one EWPO (**prediction**) or on one SM parameter (**indirect determination**). Allows to compute pulls and local compatibility, using the output predictive pdf for the observable/parameter removed from the fit.

Terminology

- **Full Prediction:** use **only** exp info on SM parameters. Using the output pdf (including correlations) for EWPOs and the exp results allows to compute global p-value.
- **Full Indirect:** use **only** exp info on EWPO. Useful to identify tensions in data that cannot be relaxed in the SM irrespective of the values of SM parameters.

EXPERIMENTAL INPUTS

- SM input parameters:
 - $G_F, \alpha, M_Z, M_H, m_t, \alpha_s(M_Z), \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$
- For $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$ we use lattice QCD in the Euclidean + perturbative running
- For m_t , "standard" average completely dominated by very recent CMS l+jets measurement: $m_t=171.77\pm 0.38 \text{ GeV}$. However, there is a 3.5σ tension with the Tevatron average $m_t=174.34\pm 0.64 \text{ GeV}$, so consider also "conservative" average with error inflated to 1 GeV . Notice: PDG recipe would give a "ultra-conservative" 1.7 GeV error.

M_W : New Exp. Average

- Also for M_W , "standard" average completely dominated by recent CDF measurement.
- Updating the ATLAS measurement, and taking QED and PDF uncertainties fully correlated between TeVatron and LHC experiments, we obtain $M_W=80409.3\pm 7.9$ MeV (previous average was $M_W=80413.3\pm 8.0$ MeV.) Assuming no correlation moves the central value by half σ to $M_W=80406.4\pm 7.3$ MeV; I will not present results for this choice.
- Also in this case there are tensions between LHC, TeVatron and LEP measurements, so consider also "conservative" average with error inflated à la PDG to 18 MeV

M_W : SM vs EXPERIMENT

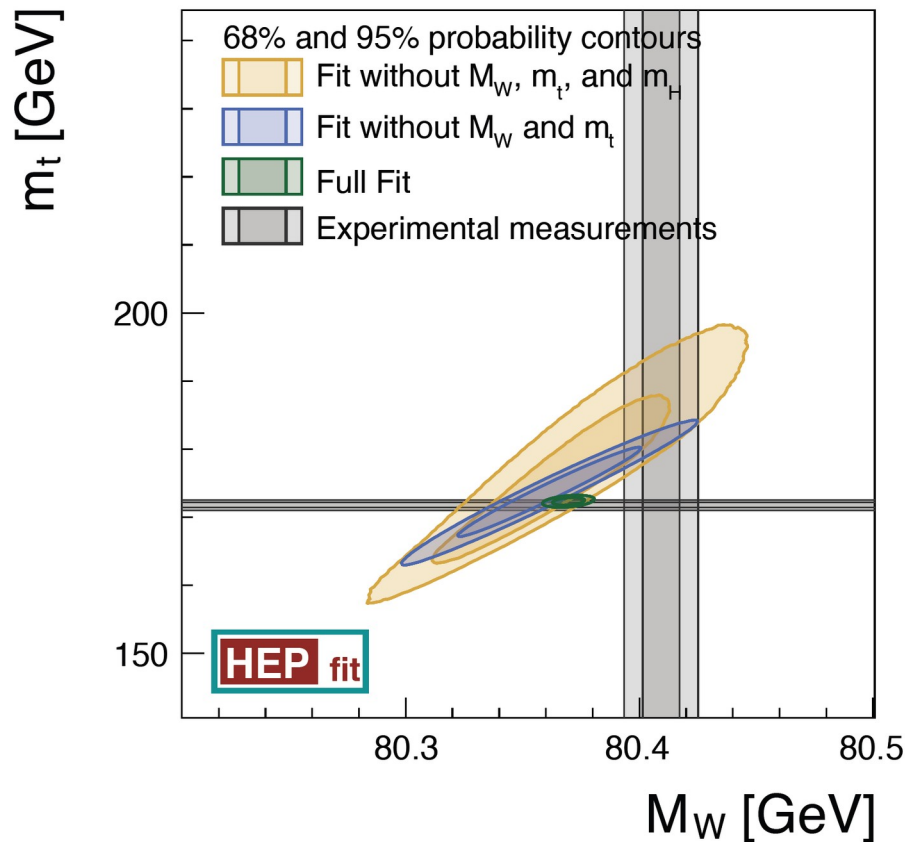
Model	Pred. M_W [GeV] <i>standard average</i>	Pull	Pred. M_W [GeV] <i>conservative average</i>	Pull
SM	80.3499 ± 0.0056	6.1σ	80.3505 ± 0.0077	3.0σ

- The SM prediction is obtained omitting the experimental information on M_W . Before the CDF update, the tension was 1.8σ . Current theory error on M_W in the SM is 4 MeV.

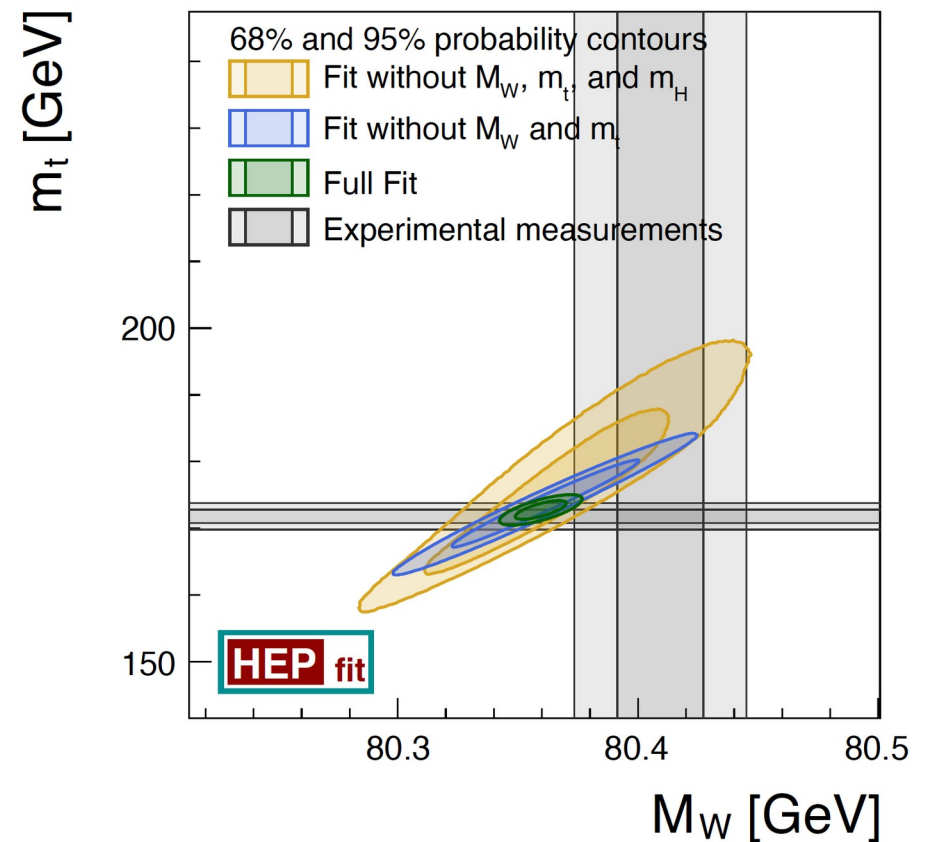
Awramik et al, '03

INTERPLAY OF M_W WITH OTHER OBSERVABLES

standard

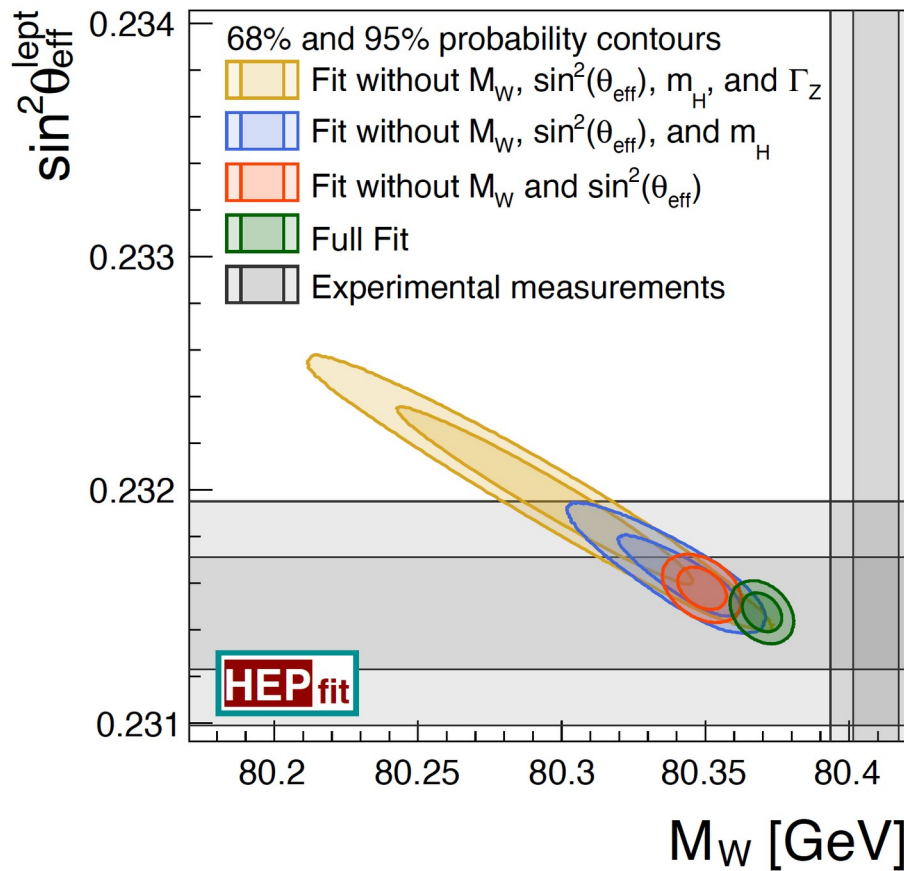


conservative

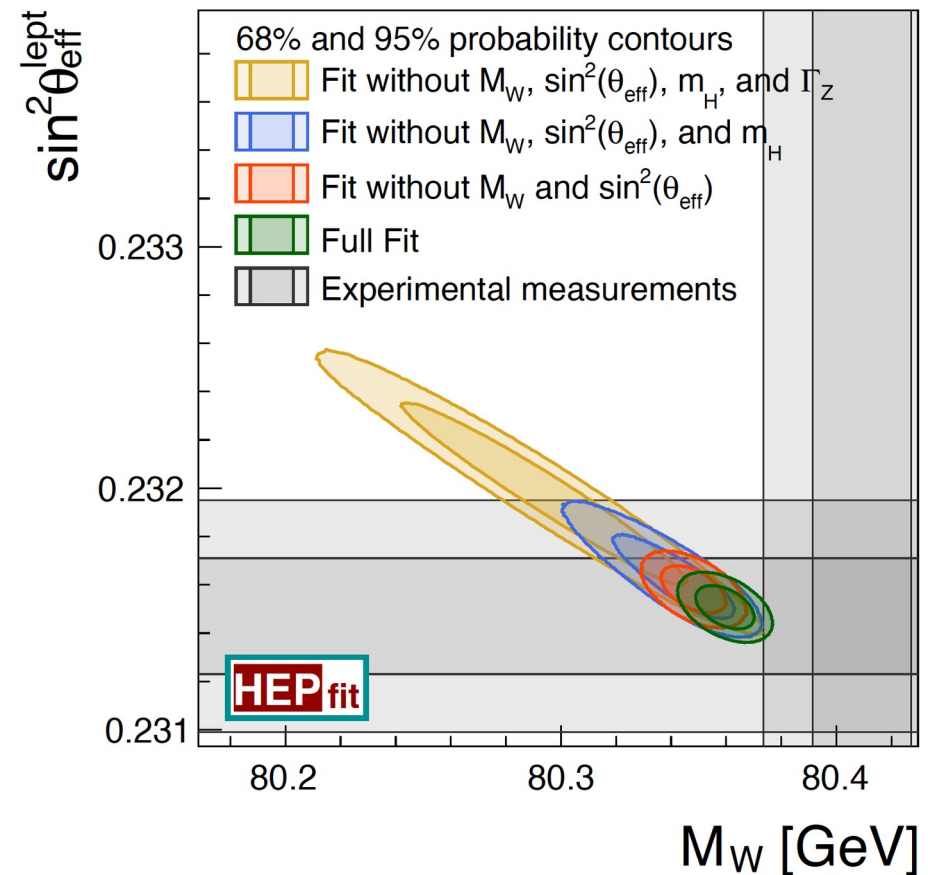


INTERPLAY OF M_W WITH OTHER OBSERVABLES

standard



conservative



	Measurement	Posterior	Indirect/Prediction	Pull	Full Indirect	Pull	Full Prediction	Pull
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	0.1177 ± 0.0010	0.11763 ± 0.00095 [0.11577, 0.11946]	0.1170 ± 0.0028 [0.1116, 0.1225]	0.2	0.1217 ± 0.0047 [0.1126, 0.1310]	-0.8	0.1177 ± 0.0010 [0.1157, 0.1197]	0.0
$\delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^5$	0.02766 ± 0.00010	0.027541 ± 0.000096 [0.027352, 0.027730]	0.02624 ± 0.00033 [0.02559, 0.02689]	4.1	0.02793 ± 0.00068 [0.02661, 0.02926]	-0.4	0.02766 ± 0.00010 [0.02746, 0.02786]	0.0
M_Z [GeV]	91.1875 ± 0.0021	91.1910 ± 0.0020 [91.1870, 91.1949]	91.2287 ± 0.0068 [91.2154, 91.2421]	-5.8	91.210 ± 0.039 [91.134, 91.287]	-0.6	91.1875 ± 0.0021 [91.1834, 91.1916]	0.0
m_t [GeV]	171.79 ± 0.38	172.34 ± 0.37 [171.61, 173.06]	180.9 ± 1.5 [178.0, 183.8]	-5.9	186.7 ± 9.5 [168.0, 205.1]	-1.6	171.80 ± 0.38 [171.05, 172.54]	0.0
m_H [GeV]	125.21 ± 0.12	125.21 ± 0.12 [124.97, 125.44]	94.0 ± 5.0 [83.3, 104.3]	4.1	241.2 ± 121.3 [100.8, 626.8]	-0.8	125.21 ± 0.12 [124.97, 125.45]	0.0
M_W [GeV]	80.4093 ± 0.0079	80.3696 ± 0.0045 [80.3608, 80.3786]	80.3499 ± 0.0056 [80.3390, 80.3609]	6.1	80.4089 ± 0.0078 [80.3934, 80.4241]	0.0	80.3496 ± 0.0057 [80.3386, 80.3608]	6.1
Γ_W [GeV]	2.085 ± 0.042	2.08896 ± 0.00052 [2.08793, 2.08999]	2.08896 ± 0.00052 [2.08793, 2.08998]	-0.1	2.0940 ± 0.0023 [2.0896, 2.0984]	-0.2	2.08744 ± 0.00059 [2.08627, 2.08859]	0.0
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}(Q_{\text{FB}}^{\text{had}})$	0.2324 ± 0.0012	0.231474 ± 0.000055 [0.231366, 0.231583]	0.231473 ± 0.000055 [0.231364, 0.231581]	0.8	0.23146 ± 0.00014 [0.23119, 0.23173]	0.8	0.231558 ± 0.000062 [0.231436, 0.231679]	0.7
$P_\tau^{\text{pol}} = \mathcal{A}_\ell$	0.1465 ± 0.0033	0.14739 ± 0.00044 [0.14654, 0.14825]	0.14741 ± 0.00044 [0.14655, 0.14827]	-0.3	0.1475 ± 0.0011 [0.1454, 0.1496]	-0.3	0.14675 ± 0.00049 [0.14580, 0.14770]	-0.1
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4955 ± 0.0023	2.49454 ± 0.00064 [2.49328, 2.49580]	2.49434 ± 0.00068 [2.49300, 2.49567]	0.5	2.4953 ± 0.0020 [2.4912, 2.4993]	0.1	2.49397 ± 0.00068 [2.49262, 2.49531]	0.6
σ_h^0 [nb]	41.480 ± 0.033	41.4892 ± 0.0077 [41.4742, 41.5042]	41.4914 ± 0.0080 [41.4758, 41.5072]	-0.3	41.462 ± 0.030 [41.403, 41.522]	0.4	41.4923 ± 0.0080 [41.4766, 41.5081]	-0.4
R_ℓ^0	20.767 ± 0.025	20.7487 ± 0.0080 [20.7329, 20.7645]	20.7451 ± 0.0086 [20.7281, 20.7621]	0.8	20.760 ± 0.022 [20.717, 20.802]	0.2	20.7468 ± 0.0087 [20.7298, 20.7637]	0.7
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$	0.0171 ± 0.0010	0.016293 ± 0.000096 [0.016106, 0.016482]	0.016284 ± 0.000096 [0.016097, 0.016476]	0.8	0.01631 ± 0.00024 [0.01585, 0.01679]	0.8	0.01615 ± 0.00011 [0.01594, 0.01636]	1.0
\mathcal{A}_ℓ (SLD)	0.1513 ± 0.0021	0.14739 ± 0.00044 [0.14654, 0.14825]	0.14742 ± 0.00045 [0.14654, 0.14832]	1.8	0.1475 ± 0.0011 [0.1454, 0.1496]	1.6	0.14675 ± 0.00049 [0.14580, 0.14770]	2.1
R_b^0	0.21629 ± 0.00066	0.215894 ± 0.000100 [0.215697, 0.216090]	0.21589 ± 0.00010 [0.21569, 0.21609]	0.6	0.21543 ± 0.00036 [0.21472, 0.21614]	1.1	0.21591 ± 0.00010 [0.21571, 0.21611]	0.6
R_c^0	0.1721 ± 0.0030	0.172198 ± 0.000054 [0.172093, 0.172302]	0.172199 ± 0.000054 [0.172094, 0.172304]	-0.1	0.17240 ± 0.00018 [0.17205, 0.17277]	-0.1	0.172189 ± 0.000054 [0.172084, 0.172295]	-0.1
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}$	0.0996 ± 0.0016	0.10334 ± 0.00031 [0.10273, 0.10393]	0.10335 ± 0.00032 [0.10273, 0.10398]	-2.3	0.10338 ± 0.00077 [0.10189, 0.10489]	-2.1	0.10288 ± 0.00034 [0.10220, 0.10354]	-2.0
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	0.07384 ± 0.00023 [0.07339, 0.07428]	0.07385 ± 0.00024 [0.07339, 0.07432]	-0.9	0.07391 ± 0.00059 [0.07275, 0.07507]	-0.9	0.07348 ± 0.00025 [0.07298, 0.07398]	-0.8
\mathcal{A}_b	0.923 ± 0.020	0.934768 ± 0.000040 [0.934690, 0.934845]	0.934769 ± 0.000040 [0.934691, 0.934846]	-0.6	0.93460 ± 0.00016 [0.93428, 0.93492]	-0.6	0.934721 ± 0.000041 [0.934642, 0.934801]	-0.6
\mathcal{A}_c	0.670 ± 0.027	0.66795 ± 0.00021 [0.66753, 0.66837]	0.66795 ± 0.00022 [0.66753, 0.66838]	0.1	0.66817 ± 0.00054 [0.66711, 0.66921]	0.1	0.66766 ± 0.00022 [0.66722, 0.66810]	0.1
\mathcal{A}_s	0.895 ± 0.091	0.935675 ± 0.000039 [0.935597, 0.935752]	0.935674 ± 0.000040 [0.935597, 0.935752]	-0.4	0.935714 ± 0.000099 [0.935523, 0.935907]	-0.5	0.935621 ± 0.000041 [0.935541, 0.935702]	-0.5
$\text{BR}_{W\ell\bar{\nu}_\ell}$	0.10860 ± 0.00090	0.108388 ± 0.000022 [0.108345, 0.108431]	0.108388 ± 0.000022 [0.108344, 0.108431]	0.2	0.10829 ± 0.00011 [0.10807, 0.10850]	0.3	0.108386 ± 0.000023 [0.108340, 0.108432]	0.2
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{ll}}(\text{HC})$	0.23143 ± 0.00025	0.231474 ± 0.000055 [0.231366, 0.231583]	0.231477 ± 0.000056 [0.231366, 0.231588]	-0.2	0.23146 ± 0.00014 [0.23119, 0.23173]	-0.1	0.231558 ± 0.000062 [0.231436, 0.231679]	-0.5
R_{uc}	0.1660 ± 0.0090	0.172220 ± 0.000031 [0.172158, 0.172282]	0.172220 ± 0.000031 [0.172158, 0.172281]	-0.7	0.17242 ± 0.00018 [0.17208, 0.17278]	-0.7	0.172212 ± 0.000032 [0.172149, 0.172275]	-0.7

	Measurement	Posterior	Indirect/Prediction	Pull	Full Indirect	Pull	Full Prediction	Pull
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	0.1177 ± 0.0010	0.11791 ± 0.00094 [0.11606, 0.11976]	0.1197 ± 0.0028 [0.1142, 0.1253]	-0.7	0.1218 ± 0.0047 [0.1126, 0.1310]	-0.8	0.1177 ± 0.0010 [0.1157, 0.1197]	0.0
$\delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^5$	0.02766 ± 0.00010	0.027624 ± 0.000097 [0.027432, 0.027814]	0.02703 ± 0.00040 [0.02624, 0.02781]	1.5	0.02792 ± 0.00071 [0.02653, 0.02932]	-0.4	0.02766 ± 0.00010 [0.02747, 0.02786]	-0.1
M_Z [GeV]	91.1875 ± 0.0021	91.1883 ± 0.0021 [91.1843, 91.1924]	91.218 ± 0.011 [91.196, 91.240]	-2.7	91.209 ± 0.039 [91.134, 91.287]	-0.5	91.1875 ± 0.0021 [91.1834, 91.1916]	-0.1
m_t [GeV]	171.8 ± 1.0	172.75 ± 0.93 [170.92, 174.59]	179.1 ± 2.5 [174.0, 184.0]	-2.6	186.5 ± 10.1 [166.7, 205.8]	-1.4	171.8 ± 1.0 [169.8, 173.8]	0.0
m_H [GeV]	125.21 ± 0.12	125.21 ± 0.12 [124.97, 125.44]	105.0 ± 11.3 [87.7, 134.1]	1.5	238.4 ± 121.3 [98.1, 629.5]	-0.8	125.21 ± 0.12 [124.97, 125.45]	0.1
M_W [GeV]	80.409 ± 0.018	80.3595 ± 0.0070 [80.3456, 80.3733]	80.3505 ± 0.0077 [80.3355, 80.3656]	3.0	80.407 ± 0.017 [80.373, 80.441]	0.1	80.3497 ± 0.0079 [80.3342, 80.3653]	3.1
Γ_W [GeV]	2.085 ± 0.042	2.08831 ± 0.00067 [2.08700, 2.08963]	2.08830 ± 0.00067 [2.08700, 2.08961]	-0.1	2.0939 ± 0.0026 [2.0888, 2.0989]	-0.2	2.08743 ± 0.00073 [2.08601, 2.08889]	0.0
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}(Q_{\text{FB}}^{\text{had}})$	0.2324 ± 0.0012	0.231507 ± 0.000060 [0.231389, 0.231623]	0.231505 ± 0.000059 [0.231388, 0.231622]	0.7	0.23146 ± 0.00014 [0.23119, 0.23173]	0.8	0.231558 ± 0.000068 [0.231426, 0.231691]	0.7
$P_{\tau}^{\text{pol}} = \mathcal{A}_{\ell}$	0.1465 ± 0.0033	0.14713 ± 0.00047 [0.14622, 0.14806]	0.14716 ± 0.00047 [0.14622, 0.14808]	-0.2	0.1475 ± 0.0011 [0.1454, 0.1496]	-0.3	0.14674 ± 0.00053 [0.14570, 0.14779]	-0.1
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4955 ± 0.0023	2.49444 ± 0.00067 [2.49313, 2.49574]	2.49423 ± 0.00071 [2.49285, 2.49562]	0.5	2.4952 ± 0.0021 [2.4911, 2.4993]	0.1	2.49396 ± 0.00072 [2.49257, 2.49538]	0.6
σ_h^0 [nb]	41.480 ± 0.033	41.4907 ± 0.0076 [41.4756, 41.5057]	41.4928 ± 0.0080 [41.4771, 41.5086]	-0.4	41.462 ± 0.030 [41.403, 41.522]	0.4	41.4924 ± 0.0080 [41.4767, 41.5083]	-0.4
R_{ℓ}^0	20.767 ± 0.025	20.7495 ± 0.0080 [20.7337, 20.7652]	20.7460 ± 0.0087 [20.7291, 20.7630]	0.8	20.760 ± 0.022 [20.717, 20.803]	0.2	20.7470 ± 0.0087 [20.7297, 20.7638]	0.8
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$	0.0171 ± 0.0010	0.01624 ± 0.00010 [0.01604, 0.01644]	0.01623 ± 0.00010 [0.01602, 0.01643]	0.9	0.01631 ± 0.00024 [0.01585, 0.01679]	0.8	0.01615 ± 0.00012 [0.01592, 0.01638]	1.0
\mathcal{A}_{ℓ} (SLD)	0.1513 ± 0.0021	0.14713 ± 0.00047 [0.14622, 0.14806]	0.14715 ± 0.00049 [0.14619, 0.14811]	1.9	0.1475 ± 0.0011 [0.1454, 0.1496]	1.6	0.14674 ± 0.00053 [0.14570, 0.14779]	2.1
R_b^0	0.21629 ± 0.00066	0.21588 ± 0.00010 [0.21567, 0.21608]	0.21587 ± 0.00011 [0.21566, 0.21608]	0.6	0.21545 ± 0.00038 [0.21470, 0.21617]	1.1	0.21591 ± 0.00011 [0.21570, 0.21611]	0.6
R_c^0	0.1721 ± 0.0030	0.172206 ± 0.000054 [0.172100, 0.172313]	0.172206 ± 0.000054 [0.172099, 0.172312]	0.0	0.17239 ± 0.00019 [0.17204, 0.17277]	-0.1	0.172190 ± 0.000055 [0.172082, 0.172297]	-0.1
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}$	0.0996 ± 0.0016	0.10315 ± 0.00033 [0.10250, 0.10380]	0.10316 ± 0.00034 [0.10248, 0.10384]	-2.2	0.10338 ± 0.00076 [0.10187, 0.10488]	-2.1	0.10287 ± 0.00037 [0.10214, 0.10361]	-2.0
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	0.07370 ± 0.00025 [0.07321, 0.07418]	0.07370 ± 0.00026 [0.07319, 0.07421]	-0.9	0.07391 ± 0.00059 [0.07275, 0.07507]	-0.9	0.07348 ± 0.00028 [0.07293, 0.07403]	-0.8
\mathcal{A}_b	0.923 ± 0.020	0.934739 ± 0.000040 [0.934661, 0.934819]	0.934740 ± 0.000040 [0.934661, 0.934820]	-0.6	0.93461 ± 0.00017 [0.93427, 0.93494]	-0.6	0.934721 ± 0.000041 [0.934640, 0.934802]	-0.6
\mathcal{A}_c	0.670 ± 0.027	0.66783 ± 0.00023 [0.66737, 0.66828]	0.66783 ± 0.00023 [0.66737, 0.66829]	0.1	0.66815 ± 0.00054 [0.66711, 0.66922]	0.1	0.66766 ± 0.00024 [0.66718, 0.66814]	0.1
\mathcal{A}_s	0.895 ± 0.091	0.935652 ± 0.000043 [0.935568, 0.935736]	0.935653 ± 0.000043 [0.935568, 0.935736]	-0.4	0.935713 ± 0.000099 [0.935518, 0.935906]	-0.5	0.935622 ± 0.000045 [0.935533, 0.935709]	-0.5
$\text{BR}_{W\ell\bar{\nu}_{\ell}}$	0.10860 ± 0.00090	0.108381 ± 0.000022 [0.108338, 0.108424]	0.108381 ± 0.000022 [0.108338, 0.108424]	0.2	0.10829 ± 0.00011 [0.10808, 0.10851]	0.3	0.108386 ± 0.000023 [0.108340, 0.108432]	0.2
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{ll}}(\text{HC})$	0.23143 ± 0.00025	0.231507 ± 0.000060 [0.231389, 0.231623]	0.231511 ± 0.000061 [0.231392, 0.231632]	-0.3	0.23146 ± 0.00014 [0.23119, 0.23173]	-0.1	0.231558 ± 0.000068 [0.231426, 0.231691]	-0.5
R_{uc}	0.1660 ± 0.0090	0.172227 ± 0.000033 [0.172163, 0.172292]	0.172227 ± 0.000033 [0.172164, 0.172292]	-0.7	0.17242 ± 0.00018 [0.17207, 0.17278]	-0.7	0.172211 ± 0.000034 [0.172145, 0.172277]	-0.7

LOCAL vs GLOBAL SIGNIFICANCE

- Considering the whole set of EWPO, what is the global agreement with the SM?
- Compute global p-value of the “full prediction”, taking into account experimental and theoretical correlations:
 - $p=1.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$, i.e. 3.9σ (standard scenario)
 - $p=0.27$, i.e. 1.1σ (conservative scenario)

M_W BEYOND THE SM

- Add heavy NP that decouples, leaving its virtual footprints:
 - dominantly in gauge Boson propagators: “oblique” NP
 - in the complete set of gauge-invariant dimension six operators (SMEFT)
- For explicit models (Z' , composite Higgs, etc.) see e.g. Strumia '22

OBLIQUE NP

- Assume NP dominant contribution is in gauge Boson propagators:

$$S = -16\pi\Pi_{30}^{\text{NP}'}(0) = 16\pi [\Pi_{33}^{\text{NP}'}(0) - \Pi_{3Q}^{\text{NP}'}(0)],$$

$$T = \frac{4\pi}{s_W^2 c_W^2 M_Z^2} [\Pi_{11}^{\text{NP}}(0) - \Pi_{33}^{\text{NP}}(0)],$$

$$U = 16\pi [\Pi_{11}^{\text{NP}'}(0) - \Pi_{33}^{\text{NP}'}(0)]$$

- EWPO are modified as follows:

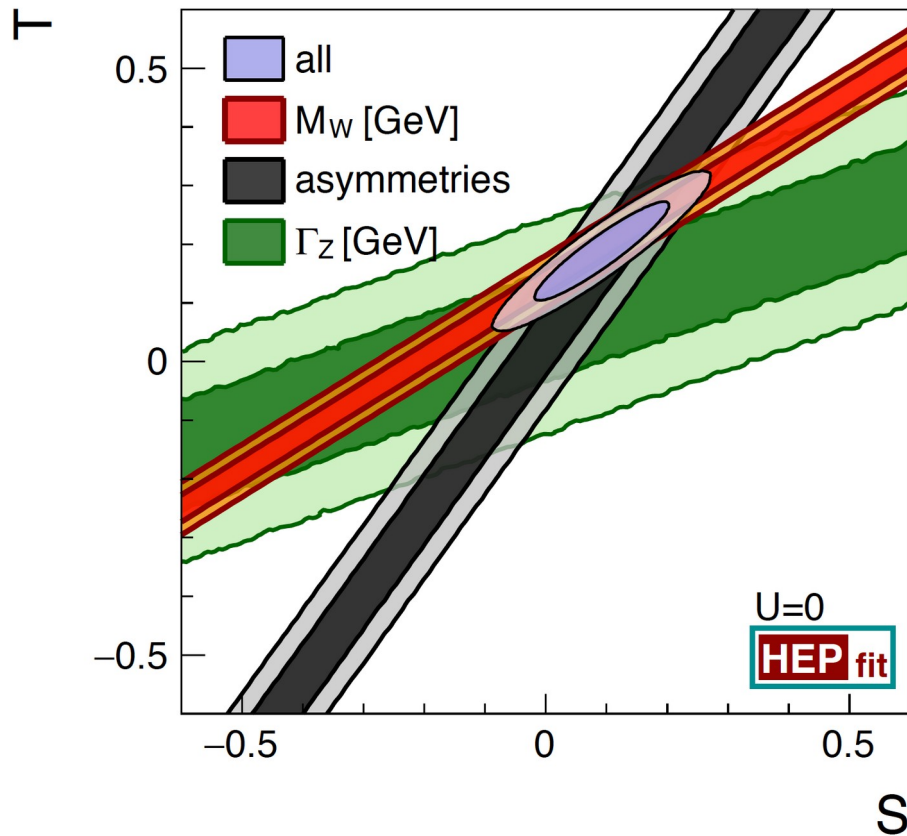
$$- \delta\Gamma_Z \propto -10(3 - 8s_W^2) S + (63 - 126s_W^2 - 40s_W^4) T$$

$$- \delta M_W, \delta\Gamma_W \propto S - 2c_W^2 T - \frac{(c_W^2 - s_W^2) U}{2s_W^2}$$

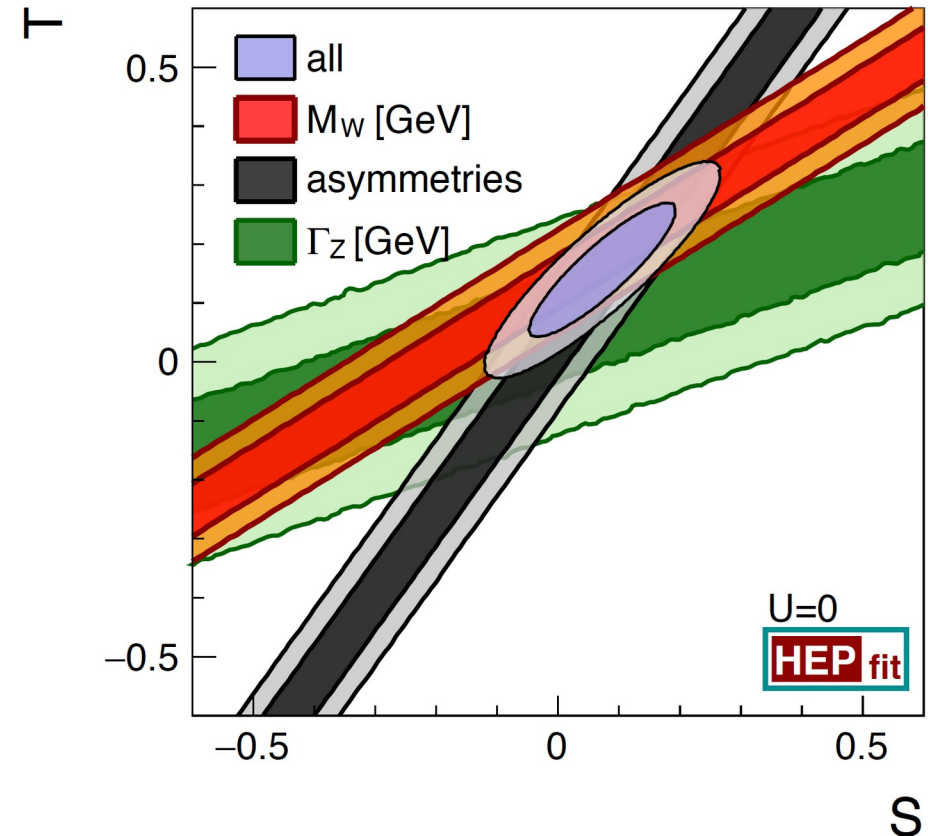
$$- \text{all other observables: } S - 4c_W^2 s_W^2 T$$

OBLIQUE NP: $U=0$

standard



conservative



OBLIQUE NP: RESULTS

- Compare models using the Information Criterion:

$$IC \equiv -2\overline{\log \mathcal{L}} + 4\sigma_{\log \mathcal{L}}^2$$

	Result	Correlation		Result	Correlation		
	(IC _{ST} /IC _{SM} = 24.5/73.9)			(IC _{STU} /IC _{SM} = 25.3/73.9)			
<i>S</i>	0.092 ± 0.073	1.00		0.004 ± 0.096	1.00		
<i>T</i>	0.188 ± 0.056	0.93	1.00	0.04 ± 0.12	0.91	1.00	
<i>U</i>	—	—	—	0.122 ± 0.087	-0.65	-0.88	1.00

- No significant gain in IC for U≠0

Model	Pred. M_W [GeV]	Pull	Pred. M_W [GeV]	Pull
	<i>standard average</i>		<i>conservative average</i>	
SM	80.3499 ± 0.0056	6.1 σ	80.3505 ± 0.0077	3.0 σ
ST	80.366 ± 0.029	1.4 σ	80.367 ± 0.029	1.2 σ
STU	80.32 ± 0.54	0.2 σ	80.32 ± 0.54	0.2 σ

THE SMEFT

- Most general gauge-invariant Lagrangian built with SM fields up to dimension d (here $d=6$)
- Some relevant operators in the "Warsaw basis":

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{\phi WB} &= (\phi^\dagger \sigma_i \phi) W_{\mu\nu}^i B^{\mu\nu}, \quad \rightarrow \mathbf{S} \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi D} &= (\phi^\dagger D^\mu \phi)^* (\phi^\dagger D_\mu \phi), \quad \rightarrow \mathbf{T} \\ \mathcal{O}_{ll} &= (\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu l_L)(\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu l_L)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{\phi l}^{(1)} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu l_L), \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi l}^{(3)} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^i \phi)(\bar{l}_L \sigma_i \gamma^\mu l_L), \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi e} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R), \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi q}^{(1)} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L), \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi q}^{(3)} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^i \phi)(\bar{q}_L \sigma_i \gamma^\mu q_L), \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi u} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R), \\ \mathcal{O}_{\phi d} &= (\phi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R),\end{aligned}$$

M_W IN THE SMEFT

- Eight independent combinations of dim. 6 operators contribute to EWPO. In the

Warsaw basis:

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi f}^{(1)} = C_{\varphi f}^{(1)} - \frac{Y_f}{2} C_{\varphi D}, \quad f = l, q, e, u, d, \quad (6)$$

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi f}^{(3)} = C_{\varphi f}^{(3)} + \frac{c_w^2}{4s_w^2} C_{\varphi D} + \frac{c_w}{s_w} C_{\varphi WB}, \quad f = l, q, \quad (7)$$

$$\hat{C}_{ll} = \frac{1}{2}((C_{ll})_{1221} + (C_{ll})_{2112}) = (C_{ll})_{1221}, \quad (8)$$

- Again, one independent combination enters only M_W and Γ_w , namely: $\hat{C}_{\varphi l}^{(3)} - \hat{C}_{ll}/2$; very loose prediction for M_W from Γ_w

Model	Pred. M_W [GeV]	Pull	Pred. M_W [GeV]	Pull
	<i>standard average</i>		<i>conservative average</i>	
SMEFT	80.66 ± 1.68	-0.1σ	80.66 ± 1.68	-0.1σ

SMEFT: FIT RESULTS

		(IC _{SMEFT} /IC _{SM} = 31.8/73.9)							
TeV ⁻²	$\hat{C}_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	-0.007 ± 0.011	1.00						
	$\hat{C}_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	-0.039 ± 0.015	-0.68	1.00					
	$\hat{C}_{\varphi e}$	-0.015 ± 0.009	0.48	0.04	1.00				
	$\hat{C}_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	-0.018 ± 0.044	-0.02	-0.06	-0.13	1.00			
	$\hat{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	-0.111 ± 0.043	-0.03	0.04	-0.16	-0.37	1.00		
	$\hat{C}_{\varphi u}$	0.08 ± 0.15	0.06	-0.04	0.04	0.61	-0.77	1.00	
	$\hat{C}_{\varphi d}$	-0.63 ± 0.25	-0.13	-0.05	-0.30	0.40	0.59	-0.05	1.00
	\hat{C}_{ll}	-0.021 ± 0.028	-0.80	0.95	-0.10	-0.06	-0.01	-0.04	-0.05

standard
averages

- Cirigliano et al. noted that a combination of these operators also contributes to first-row CKM unitarity violation. This effect can be compensated by $C^{(3)}_{lq}$ which does not enter EWPO. However, $C^{(3)}_{lq}$ can be constrained by LHC e.g. in $pp \rightarrow ll$.

EWPO BEYOND THE SM

	Measurement	ST	STU	SMEFT
M_W [GeV]	80.4093 ± 0.0079	80.4065 ± 0.0075	80.4090 ± 0.0080	80.4090 ± 0.0080
Γ_W [GeV]	2.085 ± 0.042	2.09190 ± 0.00070	2.09215 ± 0.00075	2.0779 ± 0.0070
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}} (Q_{\text{FB}}^{\text{had}})$	0.2324 ± 0.0012	0.23143 ± 0.00014	0.23147 ± 0.00014	
$P_{\tau}^{\text{pol}} = \mathcal{A}_{\ell}$	0.1465 ± 0.0033	0.1478 ± 0.0011	0.1474 ± 0.0011	0.1488 ± 0.0015
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4955 ± 0.0023	2.4979 ± 0.0011	2.4951 ± 0.0022	2.4955 ± 0.0023
σ_h^0 [nb]	41.480 ± 0.033	41.4910 ± 0.0080	41.4905 ± 0.0075	41.482 ± 0.033
R_{ℓ}^0	20.767 ± 0.025	20.7505 ± 0.0085	20.7510 ± 0.0080	20.769 ± 0.025
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$	0.0171 ± 0.0010	0.01638 ± 0.00023	0.01631 ± 0.00024	0.01660 ± 0.00032
\mathcal{A}_{ℓ} (SLD)	0.1513 ± 0.0021	0.1478 ± 0.0011	0.1474 ± 0.0011	0.1488 ± 0.0015
R_b^0	0.21629 ± 0.00066	0.21591 ± 0.00011	0.21591 ± 0.00011	0.21632 ± 0.00066
R_c^0	0.1721 ± 0.0030	0.172195 ± 0.000055	0.172200 ± 0.000050	0.17159 ± 0.00099
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}$	0.0996 ± 0.0016	0.10361 ± 0.00076	0.10337 ± 0.00078	0.1009 ± 0.0014
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	0.07405 ± 0.00058	0.07387 ± 0.00060	0.0734 ± 0.0023
\mathcal{A}_b	0.923 ± 0.020	0.934810 ± 0.000100	0.93478 ± 0.00010	0.903 ± 0.013
\mathcal{A}_c	0.670 ± 0.027	0.66813 ± 0.00053	0.66797 ± 0.00054	0.658 ± 0.020
\mathcal{A}_s	0.895 ± 0.091	0.935705 ± 0.000095	0.935680 ± 0.000100	0.905 ± 0.013
$\text{BR}_{W\ell\bar{\nu}_{\ell}}$	0.10860 ± 0.00090	0.108385 ± 0.000025	0.108380 ± 0.000020	0.10900 ± 0.00039
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{ll}} (\text{HC})$	0.23143 ± 0.00025	0.23143 ± 0.00014	0.23147 ± 0.00014	
R_{uc}	0.1660 ± 0.0090	0.172220 ± 0.000030	0.172220 ± 0.000030	0.17162 ± 0.00099

standard averages

Conclusions

- Remarkable experimental progress in m_t and M_W , but tensions among measurements present in both cases: outcome of M_W and m_t averaging group badly needed!
- Taken at face value, M_W implies a local (global) discrepancy at the 6.1σ (3.9σ) level, calling for NP
- Oblique/decoupling NP can accommodate the tension for scales close to the EW scale if loop-mediated, or at the TeV scale if tree-level/strongly interacting.
- If a more conservative averaging procedure is followed, the tension becomes much milder and the implications on NP much softer.
- More measurements of M_W (and m_t) crucial!

BACKUP

NP fits in the conservative scenario

	Result	Correlation		Result	Correlation	
	(IC _{ST} /IC _{SM} = 24.0/29.7)			(IC _{STU} /IC _{SM} = 25.3/29.7)		
<i>S</i>	0.073 ± 0.079	1.00		0.004 ± 0.096	1.00	
<i>T</i>	0.156 ± 0.075	0.88	1.00	0.04 ± 0.12	0.90	1.00
<i>U</i>	—	—	—	0.122 ± 0.098	−0.57	−0.77 1.00

	Result	Correlation Matrix								
	(IC _{SMEFT} /IC _{SM} = 31.8/29.7)									
$\hat{C}_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	−0.007 ± 0.011	1.00								
$\hat{C}_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	−0.039 ± 0.018	−0.34	1.00							
$\hat{C}_{\varphi e}$	−0.015 ± 0.011	0.54	0.40	1.00						
$\hat{C}_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	−0.019 ± 0.044	−0.02	−0.06	−0.11	1.00					
$\hat{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	−0.111 ± 0.044	0.04	0.18	0.04	−0.36	1.00				
$\hat{C}_{\varphi u}$	0.08 ± 0.15	0.05	−0.05	0.01	0.61	−0.76	1.00			
$\hat{C}_{\varphi d}$	−0.63 ± 0.25	−0.12	−0.04	−0.23	0.40	0.57	−0.05	1.00		
\hat{C}_U	−0.021 ± 0.028	−0.67	0.88	0.06	−0.06	0.05	−0.04	−0.05	1.00	

TeV⁻²

NP fits in the conservative scenario

	Measurement	ST	STU	SMEFT
M_W [GeV]	80.409 ± 0.018	80.398 ± 0.016	80.409 ± 0.018	80.409 ± 0.018
Γ_W [GeV]	2.085 ± 0.042	2.0912 ± 0.0012	2.0922 ± 0.0015	2.0778 ± 0.0070
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}(Q_{\text{FB}}^{\text{had}})$	0.2324 ± 0.0012	0.23144 ± 0.00014	0.23147 ± 0.00014	
$P_{\tau}^{\text{pol}} = \mathcal{A}_{\ell}$	0.1465 ± 0.0033	0.1477 ± 0.0011	0.1474 ± 0.0011	0.1488 ± 0.0015
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4955 ± 0.0023	2.4973 ± 0.0014	2.4951 ± 0.0022	2.4955 ± 0.0023
σ_h^0 [nb]	41.480 ± 0.033	41.4910 ± 0.0080	41.4905 ± 0.0075	41.482 ± 0.033
R_{ℓ}^0	20.767 ± 0.025	20.7505 ± 0.0085	20.7515 ± 0.0085	20.769 ± 0.025
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$	0.0171 ± 0.0010	0.01636 ± 0.00024	0.01630 ± 0.00024	0.01660 ± 0.00032
\mathcal{A}_{ℓ} (SLD)	0.1513 ± 0.0021	0.1477 ± 0.0011	0.1474 ± 0.0011	0.1488 ± 0.0015
R_b^0	0.21629 ± 0.00066	0.21591 ± 0.00011	0.21591 ± 0.00011	0.21633 ± 0.00066
R_c^0	0.1721 ± 0.0030	0.172195 ± 0.000055	0.172195 ± 0.000055	0.17160 ± 0.00100
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}$	0.0996 ± 0.0016	0.10355 ± 0.00076	0.10336 ± 0.00078	0.1009 ± 0.0014
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	0.07400 ± 0.00059	0.07387 ± 0.00060	0.0735 ± 0.0023
\mathcal{A}_b	0.923 ± 0.020	0.934800 ± 0.000100	0.93478 ± 0.00010	0.903 ± 0.013
\mathcal{A}_c	0.670 ± 0.027	0.66810 ± 0.00053	0.66797 ± 0.00053	0.658 ± 0.020
\mathcal{A}_s	0.895 ± 0.091	0.935700 ± 0.000100	0.935680 ± 0.000100	0.905 ± 0.013
$\text{BR}_{W\ell\bar{\nu}_{\ell}}$	0.10860 ± 0.00090	0.108385 ± 0.000025	0.108380 ± 0.000020	0.10900 ± 0.00039
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{ll}}(\text{HC})$	0.23143 ± 0.00025	0.23144 ± 0.00014	0.23147 ± 0.00014	
R_{uc}	0.1660 ± 0.0090	0.172220 ± 0.000030	0.172220 ± 0.000030	0.17161 ± 0.00099

Theory Errors in the Fit

$$\delta_{\text{th}} M_W = 4 \text{ MeV}, \quad \delta_{\text{th}} \sin^2 \theta_W = 5 \times 10^{-5},$$

$$\delta_{\text{th}} \Gamma_Z = 0.4 \text{ MeV}, \quad \delta_{\text{th}} \sigma_{\text{had}}^0 = 6 \text{ pb},$$

$$\delta_{\text{th}} R_\ell^0 = 0.006, \quad \delta_{\text{th}} R_c^0 = 0.00005, \quad \delta_{\text{th}} R_b^0 = 0.0001.$$

SYMMETRIES OF THE SM HIGGS SECTOR

In the SM, one Higgs doublet φ w. potential

$$V(\varphi) = -\frac{\mu^2}{2} |\varphi|^2 + \frac{\lambda}{4} |\varphi|^4 = -\frac{\mu^2}{2} \text{Tr}(\Phi^\dagger \Phi) + \frac{\lambda}{4} \text{Tr}(\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2$$

with $\Phi \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \varphi_0^* & \varphi_+ \\ -\varphi_+^* & \varphi_0 \end{pmatrix}$, invariant under $\Phi \rightarrow U_L \Phi U_R^\dagger$

where $SU(2)_L$ coincides with gauge $SU(2)$, while Y with the third component of $SU(2)_R$. The charge-conserving

$\langle \Phi \rangle \equiv \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} v & 0 \\ 0 & v \end{pmatrix}$ leaves the diagonal $SU(2)_V$ unbroken,

ensuring $M_{W_1} = M_{W_2} = M_{W_3}$ and $\rho \equiv \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2 \cos^2 \theta_W} = 1$

SYMMETRIES OF THE SM HIGGS SECTOR

- Promoting right-handed quarks to $SU(2)_R$ doublets, one can write Yukawa couplings in the form

$$\bar{Q}_L \Phi \begin{pmatrix} Y_u & 0 \\ 0 & Y_d \end{pmatrix} Q_R$$

which would be $SU(2)_R$ -invariant for $Y_u=Y_d$.

Therefore, the tree-level prediction $\rho=1$ gets loop corrections proportional to $G_F m_t^2$.