

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



Swiss Accelerator
Research and
Technology



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1 PSI, 2 CERN

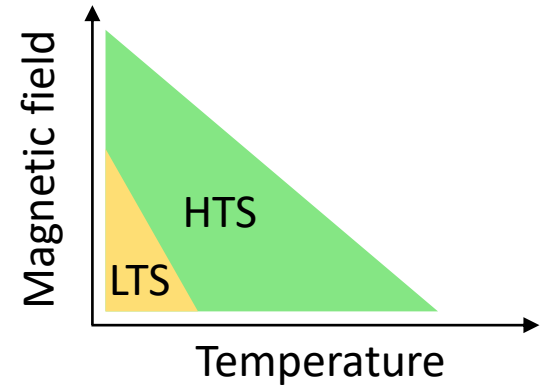
High temperature superconducting magnets for FCC-ee

Sep 7 2023, Basel

This work was performed under the auspices of and with support from the Swiss Accelerator Research and Technology (CHART) program www.chart.ch

High temperature superconductors (HTS)

- Superconducting devices *can**
 - Provide otherwise not achievable functionality
 - Reduce operation costs
 - Make operation more energy efficient
- HTS compared to LTS opens up the design space, both in terms of field and temperature



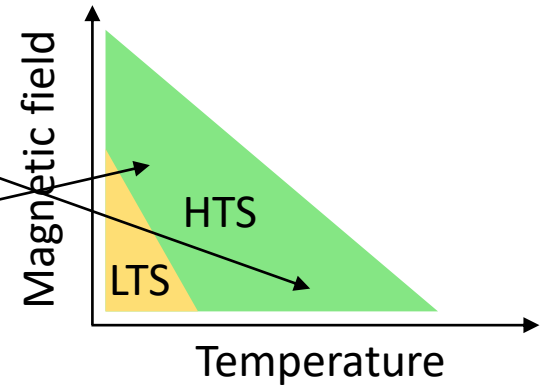
*Not always...

High temperature superconductors (HTS)

Within several CHART projects, we aim to demonstrate the potential added value of HTS for FCC-ee

FCC-ee HTS short straight sections
2 T, 40 K

FCC-ee HTS positron
production capture solenoid
15 T, 15 K



HTS4: HTS short straight sections

Baseline FCC-ee main ring:

normal conducting (NC)

NC sext NC quad



short straight section

Dissipation

79 MW peak [1]

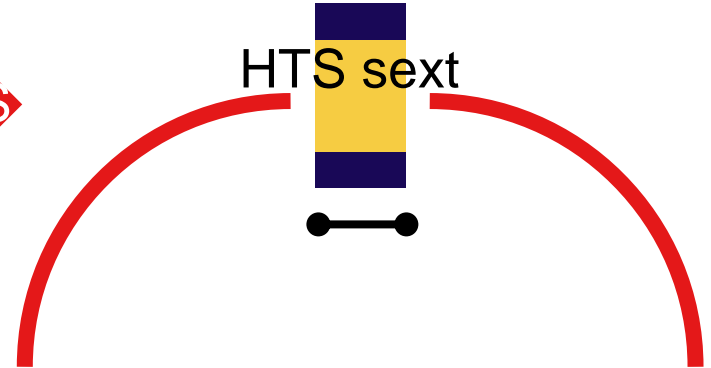
39 MW avg over 14 y

nested HTS

HTS4

HTS quad

HTS sext

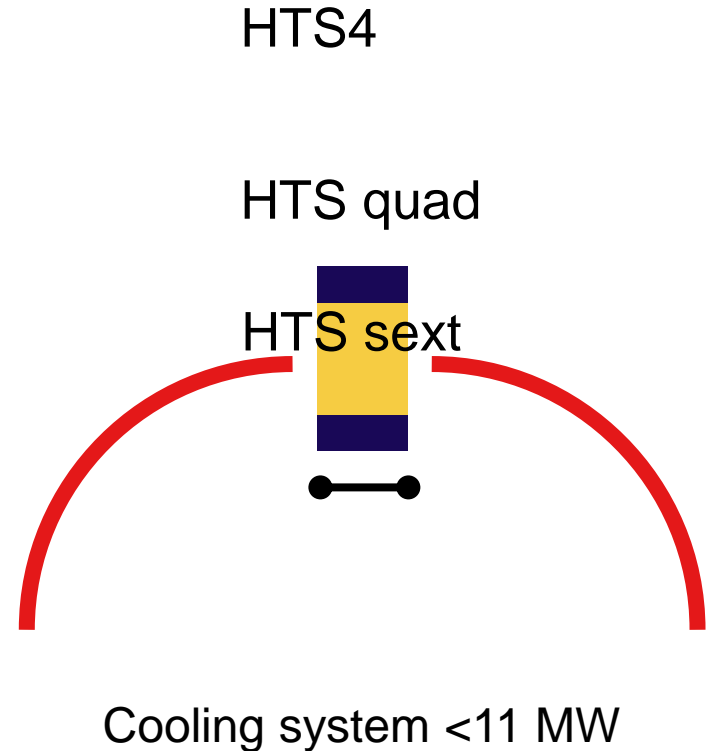


Cooling system <11 MW

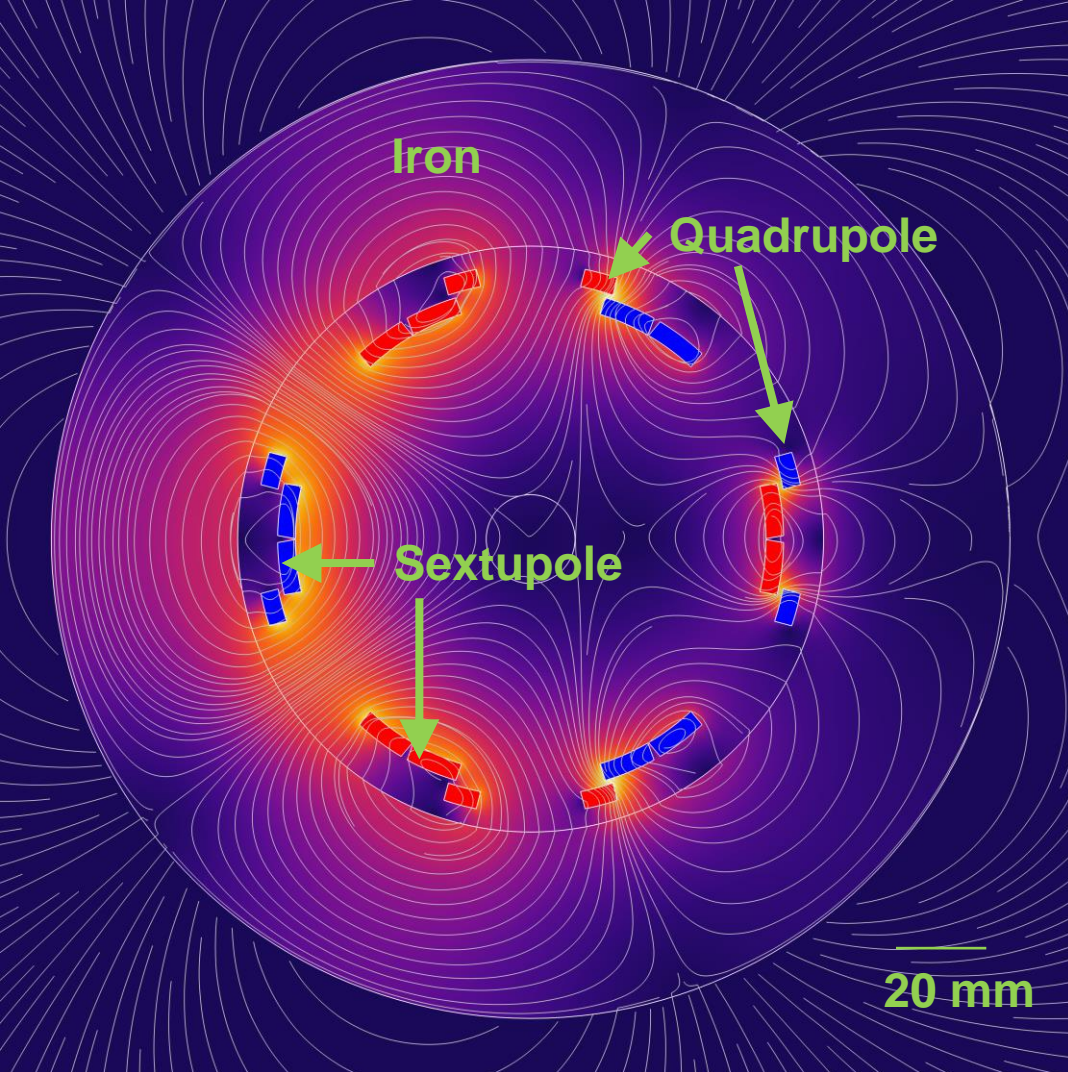
[1] J.P. Burnet, *update of the power demand energy consumption. grid connection for FCC-ee*, FCC Week 2023

(we also consider 100% dipole filling)

- **Increase dipole filling factor [1]**
- **Enhance optics flexibility [1]**
- **Save costs**



[1] C. Garcia, <https://www.ipac23.org/preproc/pdf/MOPL066.pdf>



Via a 1-m prototype by 2025,
we address :

- Windability
- Magnetic field quality
- Thermal aspects
- Protection

The optimum operating temperature

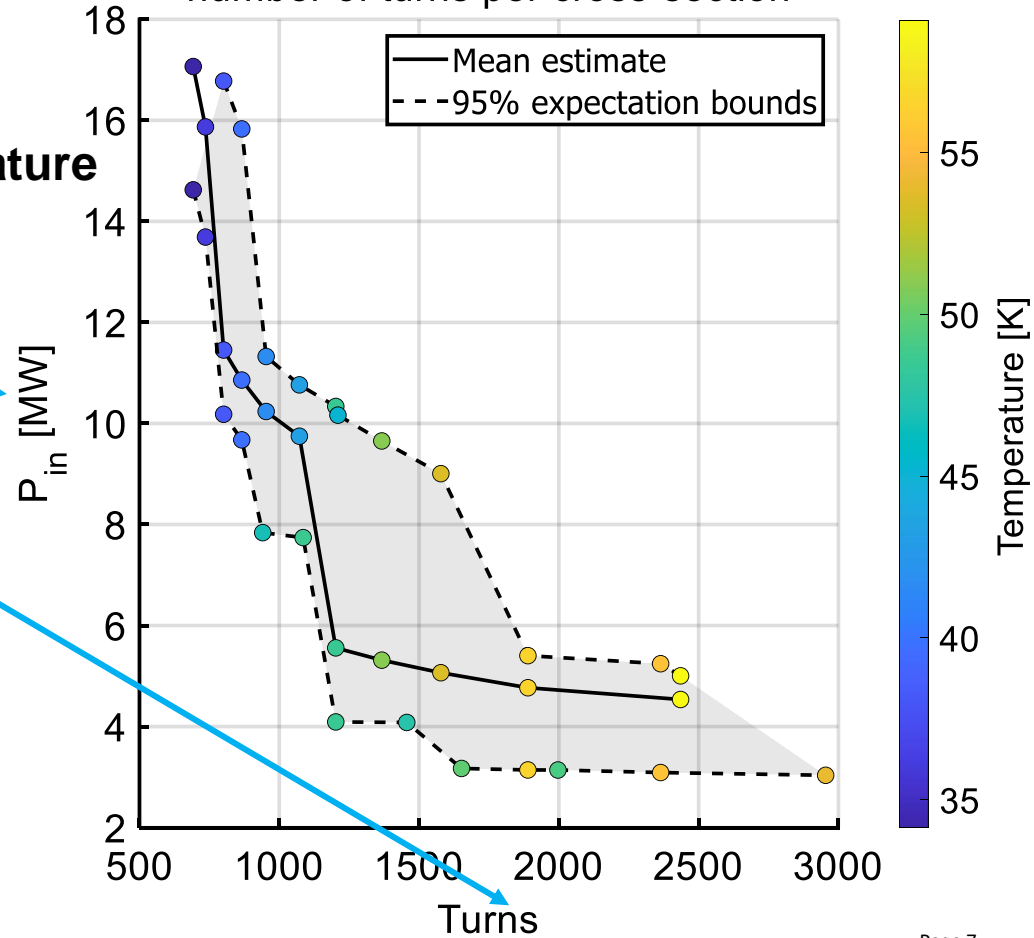
depends on the price of

- electricity
- HTS conductor

The sweet spot is around **40 K**

across a wide range of costs

Power consumption versus
number of turns per cross-section

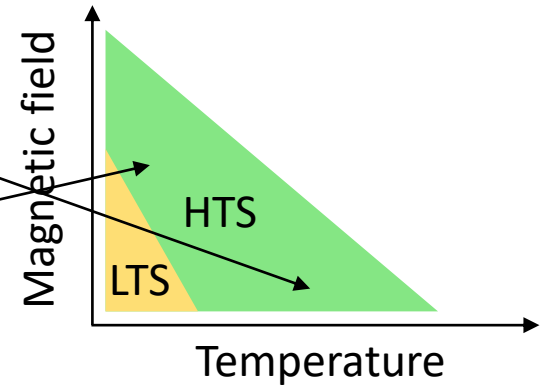


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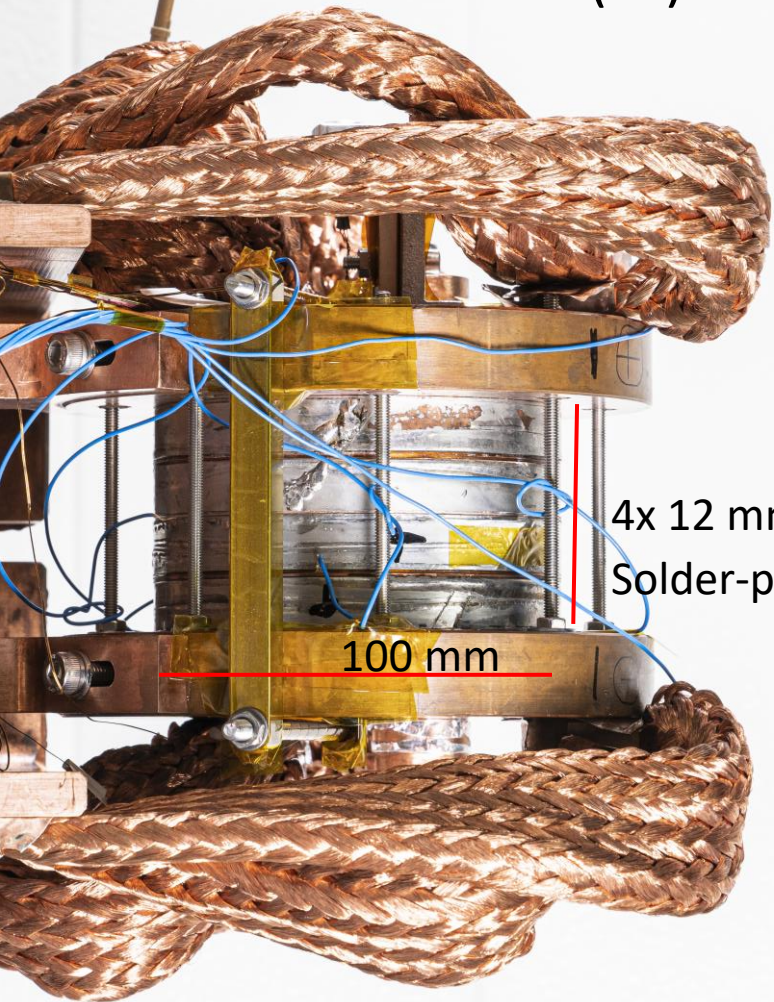
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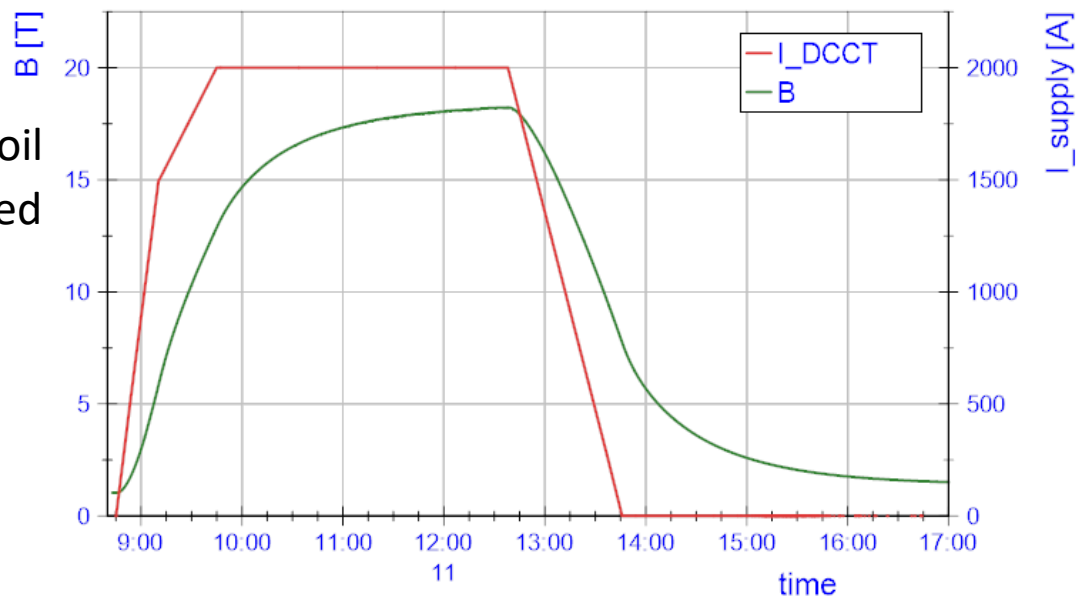
Non-insulated (NI) HTS Technology Solenoid



Rapidly develop infrastructure via license agreement with Tokamak Energy



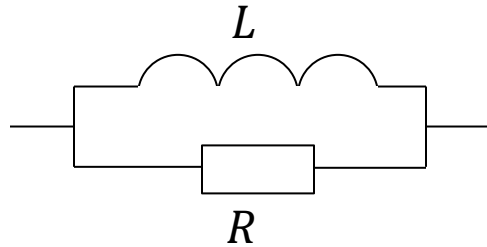
18 T by PSI 4 stack at 2 kA, 12 K



Non-insulated (NI) HTS Technology Solenoid

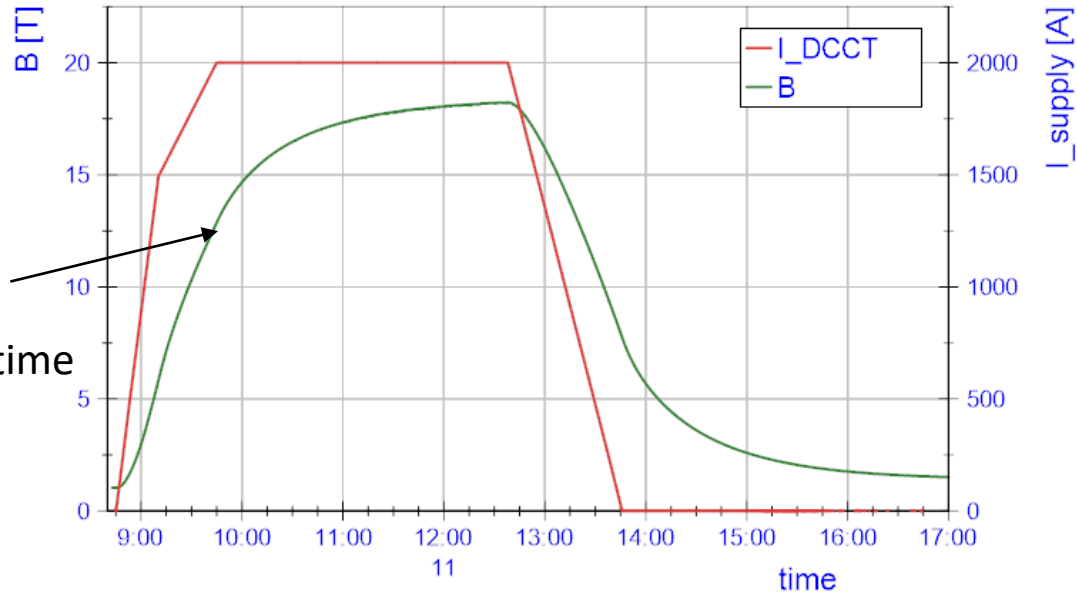
NI coil electrical representation:

- Inductor (HTS spiral path)
- Resistor (turn-turn contact)



Charging time constant $\tau = L/R$
 Large NI magnets (large L) take a long time

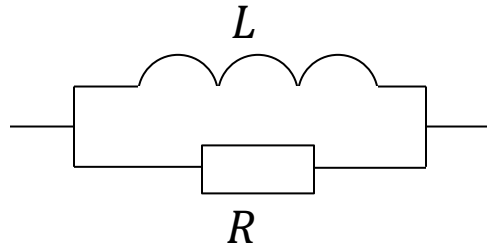
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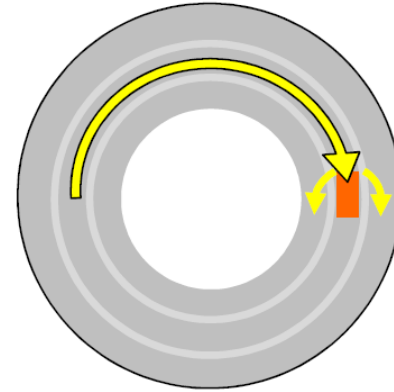
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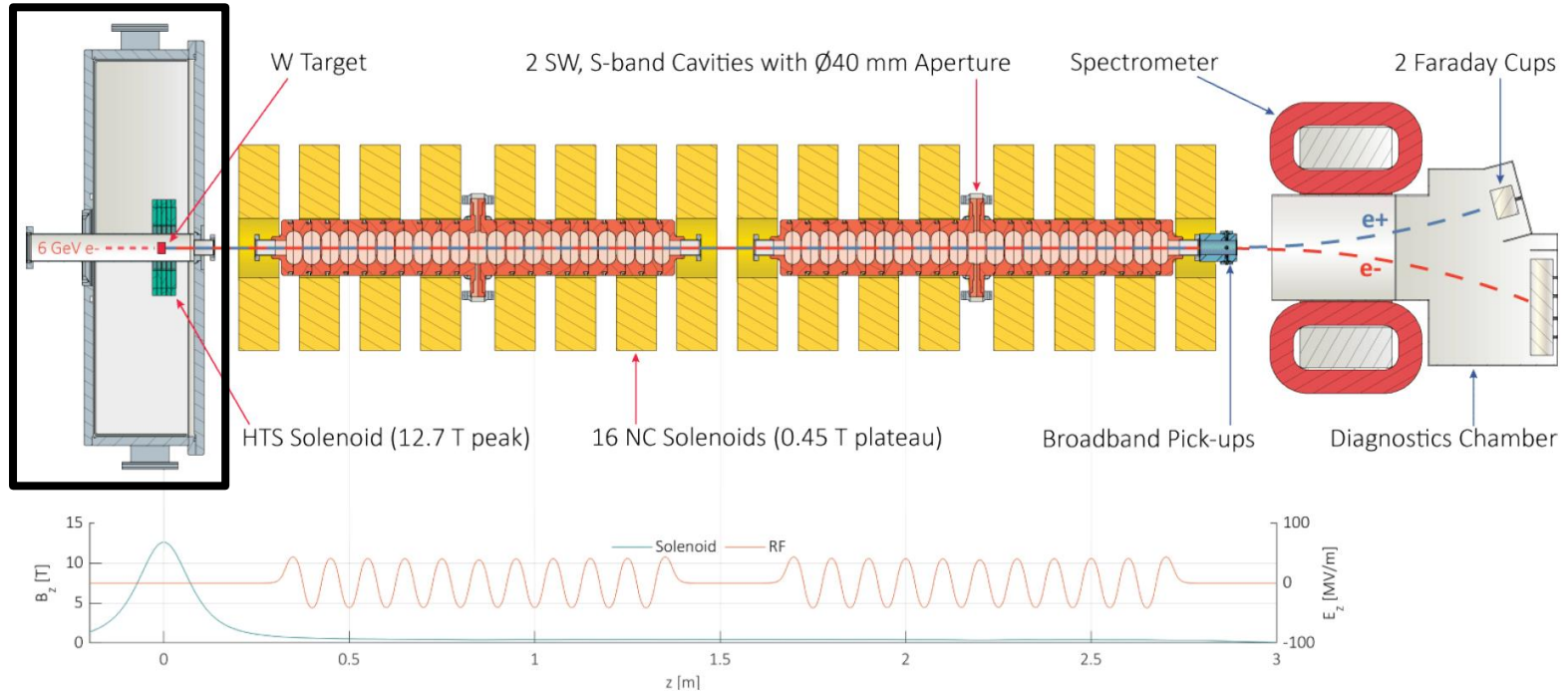


- *Very high current density* magnet
→ compact winding, lower cost
- *Key benefits*: compactness, operation reliability, mechanical robustness

S. Hahn, D. Park, J. Bascuñán, and Y. Iwasa,

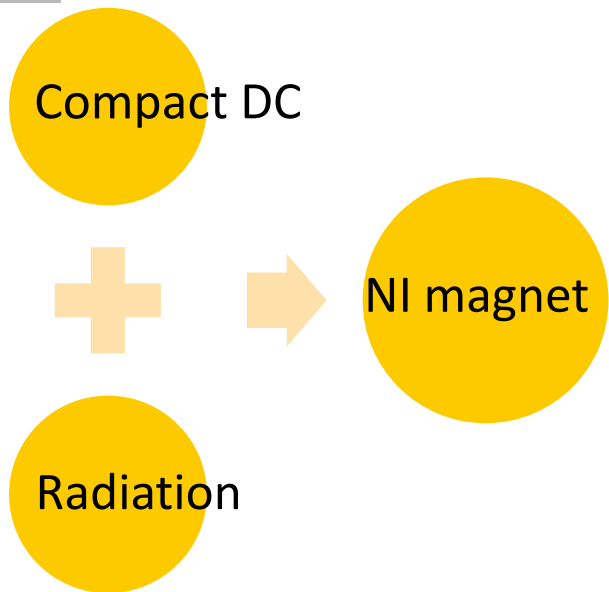
“HTS Pancake Coil without Turn-to-Turn Insulation,” IEEE TAS, 2011.

PSI Positron Production (P^3) Experiment



See: N. Vallis, *The P^3 Experiment: A Positron Source Demonstrator at PSI in 2025*
7 Sept 2023, 14:00

NI HTS solenoid for Positron Production



Installation in P3 experiment planned in 2025

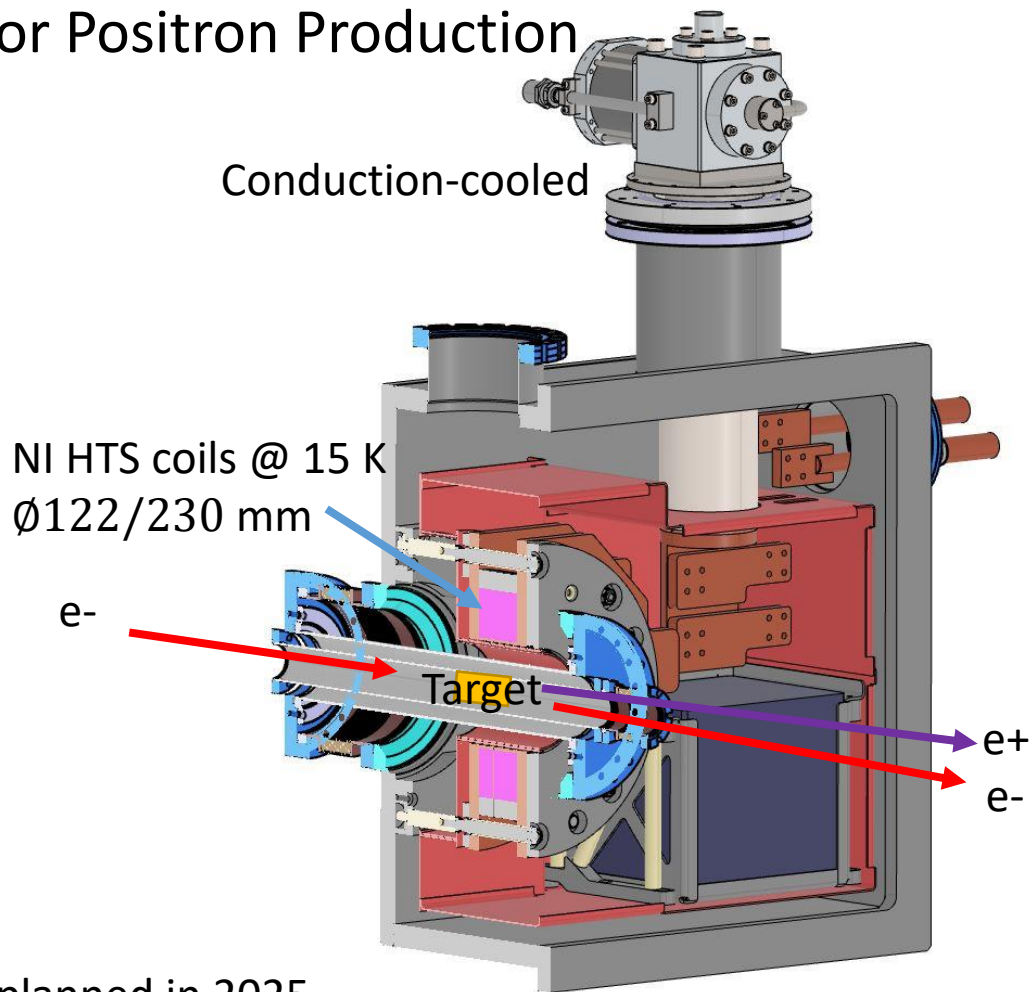


CHART projects

- HTS4 2 T, 40 K
- FCC-ee injector design 15 T, 15 K

plan to demonstrate the potential added value of HTS for FCC-ee

Nested HTS sextupoles & quadrupoles

- Save energy
- Increase dipole filling factor
- Enhance optics flexibility
- Save costs

Non-insulated HTS solenoid

- Enables high-yield positron source
- Robust compact magnet technology perfectly suited for small DC applications

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