Science Education in an International Context

Dr. Sascha Marc Schmeling



Head of Teacher and Student Programmes, CERN, Geneva Chairperson of the Physics Education Division Board, EPS



Joint Annual Meeting of the Austrian and Swiss Physical Societies Basel, 08.09.2023





Science for peace CERN was founded in 1954 with 12 European Member States

.... 11.

23 Member States

Austria – Belgium – Bulgaria – Czech Republic Denmark – Finland – France – Germany – Greece Hungary – Israel – Italy – Netherlands – Norway Poland – Portugal – Romania – Serbia – Slovakia Spain – Sweden – Switzerland – United Kingdom

3 Associate Member States in the pre-stage to membership Cyprus – Estonia – Slovenia

7 Associate Member States Croatia – India – Latvia – Lithuania – Pakistan Türkiye – Ukraine

6 Observers

Japan – Russia (suspended) – USA European Union – JINR (suspended) – UNESCO

Around 50 Cooperation Agreements with non-Member States and Territories





CERN's annual budget is 1200 MCHF (equivalent to a medium-sized European university)

As of 31 December 2022 Employees: 2658 staff, 900 fellows Associates: 11 860 users, 1516 others

A laboratory for people around the world

Distribution of all CERN Users by the country of their home institutes as of 31 December 2022

Geographical & cultural diversity Users of **110 nationalities 19.4% women**

Member States 7147

Austria 85 - Belgium 129 - Bulgaria 43 - Czech Republic 244Denmark 49 - Finland 90 - France 844 - Germany 1225 Greece 119 - Hungary 73 - Israel 64 - Italy 1527 Netherlands 169 - Norway 79 - Poland 305 - Portugal 100 Romania 109 - Serbia 33 - Slovakia 70 - Spain 383 Sweden 103 - Switzerland 406 - United Kingdom 898

Associate Member States in the pre-stage to membership **69** Cyprus 15 – Estonia 30 – Slovenia 24

Associate Member States **382** Croatia 38 – India 132 – Latvia 16 – Lithuania 14 – Pakistan 35 Türkiye 122 – Ukraine 25

Observers 2991

Japan 216 - Russia (suspended) 873 - United States of America 1902



Non-Member States and Territories 1271

Algeria 2 – Argentina 13 – Armenia 8 – Australia 21 – Azerbaijan 2 – Bahrain 4 – Belarus 18 – Brazil 122 Canada 199 – Chile 34 – Colombia 21 – Costa Rica 2 – Cuba 3 – Ecuador 4 – Egypt 20 – Georgia 32 Hong Kong 15 – Iceland 3 – Indonesia 5 – Iran 11 – Ireland 5 – Jordan 5 – Kuwait 4 – Lebanon 13 – Madagascar 1 Malaysia 4 – Malta 1 – Mexico 49 – Montenegro 4 – Morocco 19 – New Zealand 5 – Nigeria 1 – Oman 1 Palestine 1 – People's Republic of China 333 – Peru 2 – Philippines 1 – Republic of Korea 147 – Singapore 2 South Africa 52 – Sri Lanka 10 – Taiwan 45 – Thailand 17 – Tunisia 2 – United Arab Emirates 7 – Viet Nam 1 La sixième session du Conscil fut organisée à Paris du 29 juin au j^{er} juillet 1953. C'est à cette occasion que la Convention établissant l'Organisation fut signée, sous réserve de ratification, par douze Etats membres.

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Fundamental Research at the frontier of human knowledge



Innovative Technologies for fundamental research

The Mission



The Sixth Session of the CERN Council took place in Paris on 29 June-1 July 1953. It was here that the Convention establishing the Organization was signed, subject to ratification, by twelve States.



Collaboration for the good of humanity



Education & Inspiration training of future generations



What we do at CERN ...



Administrative

Doctoral

Technical

Constant and a second

CERN

Summer Student Programme

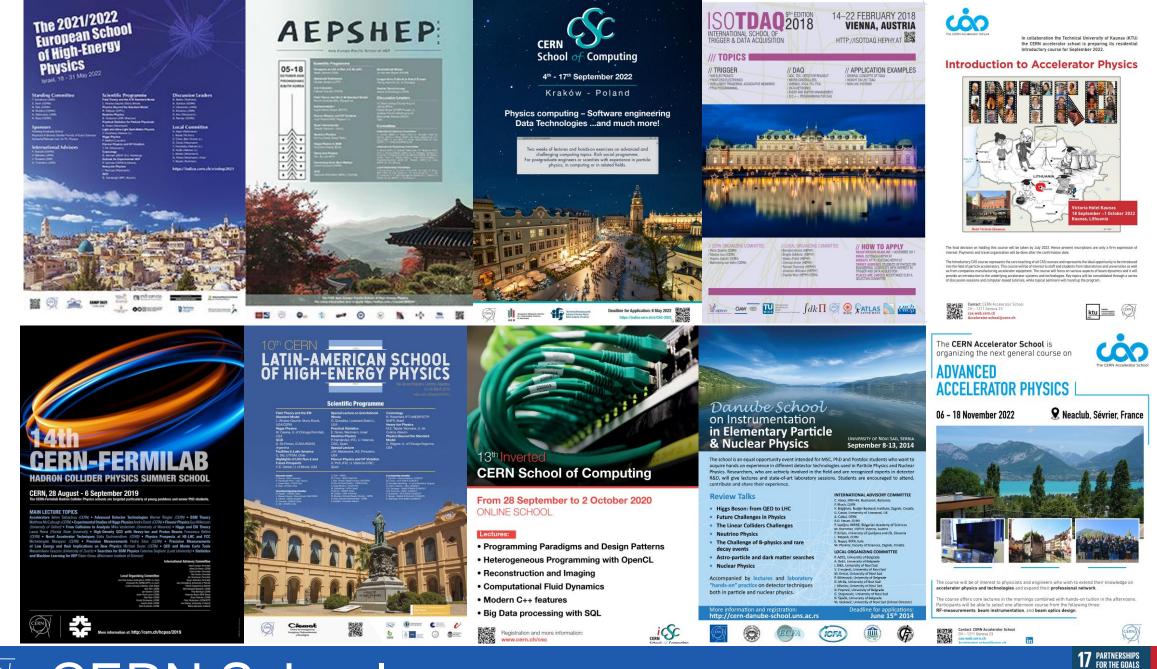
Opportunities for Students

QUEST CRIGIN

Research Fellowships



Training Opportunities – Tertiary and Beyond



OUALITY

4 EDUCATION

X



CERN

Is that "Education"?



Formulated by Ernst Mach firstly in 1886, what needs to be "educated" is the

Nature of Science

I have no doubt that if, somewhere in the universe a creature organized like ourselves could make observations

... it would perceive a universe working similarly to that we ourselves describe ...

Ernst Mach, "The Guiding Principles of My Scientific Theory of Knowledge and Its Reception by My Contemporaries", 1910





Who to reach, who to educate? students? Which age? reachers ? Multipliers?



"Magic is not happening at CERN, magic is being explained at CERN."

Tom Hanks





European Organization for Particle Physics Organisation européenne pour la physique des particules





Education spaces

Globe auditorium

in.

00







RPBW

Lab workshops





Lab workshops







SCIENCE SHOWS

Discover the science and technology of CERN in a theatre setting

See science happening on stage

Take part in fun activities, facilitated by CERN scientists

For ages 5 and up







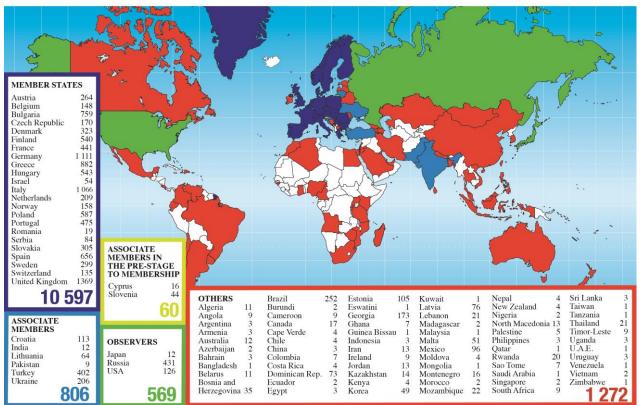
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Reaching next generations · Multiplying through teachers

Teacher Programme Participants 1998 - 2020 (Total: 13 304)



35 national teacher programmes & 2 international teacher programmes per year, reaching ~1000 teachers from >65+ countries.

Teacher Approach

- In the International Teacher Programmes, usually 25-30% from non-Member States, with specific effort made to ensure **geographical reach & diversit**y.
- With new online programmes, developed during global pandemic, programmes reach further => 2021: 15 online programmes, 1900 participants, 82 countries, including:
 - Online Spanish Language Teacher Programme => 23 countries
 - Online French Language Teacher Programme
 2021-2022 => 27 countries
 - Online Portuguese Language Teacher Programme => 6 countries



South Asia Science Education Programme









What about those who cannot come?



Live interactive demonstrations of scientific phenomena

Links to CERN research

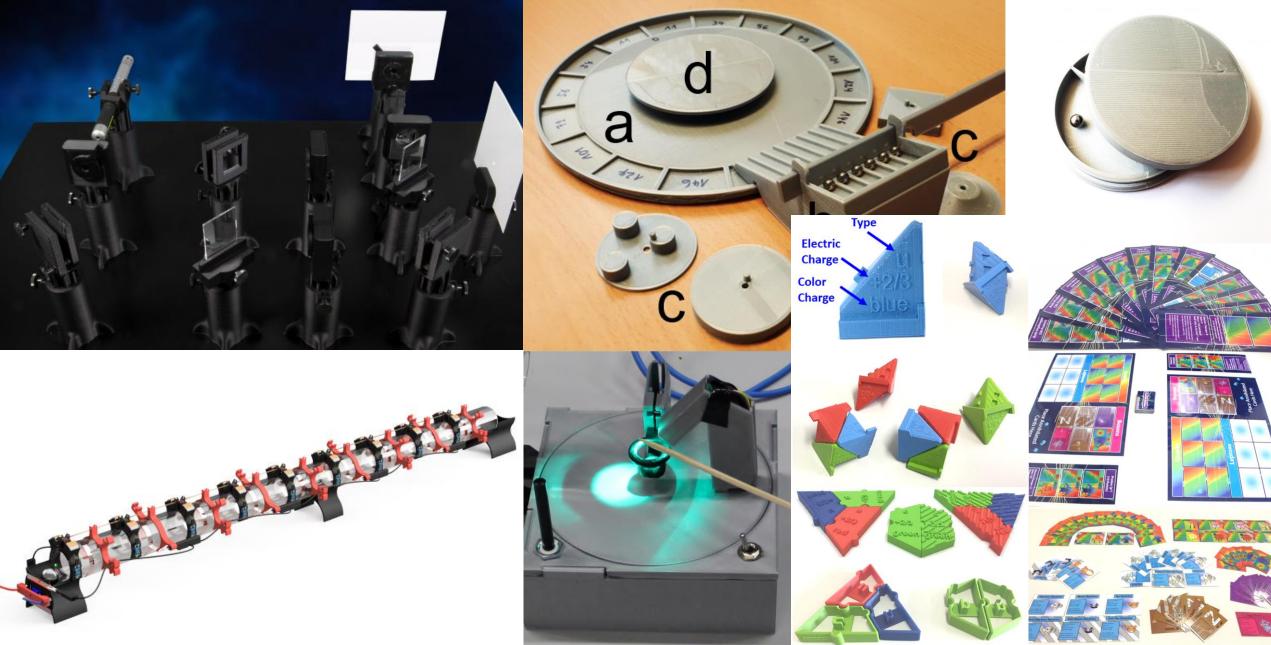
Questions and answers

Various languages



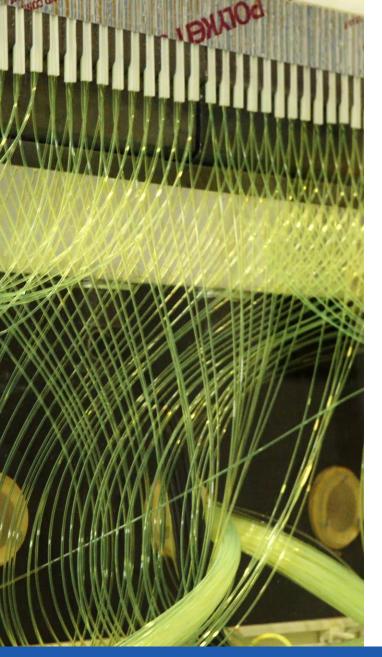






Low-Cost Material for the Classroom







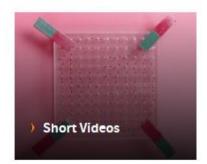


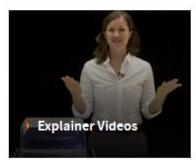
CERN-Solvay Education Programme

The CERN-Solvay Education Programme is designed to engage high-school students from around the world with exciting education content related to the scientific activities conducted at <u>CERN</u>. Funded by the Belgian science company <u>Solvay</u>, this programme combines the unique advantages of both online and on-site learning at CERN. It aims at triggering, fostering and building up the interest in STEM (science, technology, engineering, and mathematics) and in STEM careers among high-school students. On this website, you can find detailed information about each of the three levels which structure the programme:

- · A collection of short videos for social media showcasing do-it-yourself STEM experiments aimed at a broad audience
- · A series of explainer videos for 14 to 19-year-olds going beyond high-school physics to understand CERN physics
- A yearly student camp gathering 30 participants aged 16-19 from around the world for a week-long immersion at CERN

Happy browsing!







CERN-Solvay Education Programme



In addition to the programmes at CERN, the Education Team takes part in fairs, exhibitions, participates in research organisations and conferences, and international and national education programmes and projects.

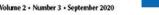


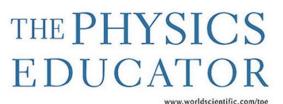
Coordination with Member States is assured through the CH Member Council's Thematic Forum on Teachers and Students. CERN TSF

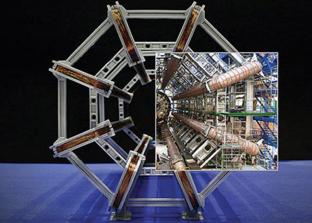
Open Engagement of Social Actors

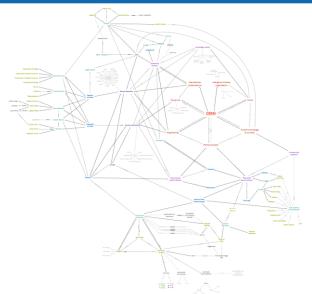


- **Empirical Evaluation**
 - **Design-Based Research**
 - Facilities at CERN
 - Material for Education
 - Education Programmes

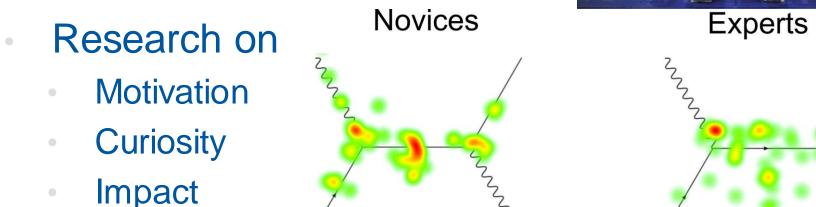








What would you like high-school students to know about CERN and particle physics?







How many Vertices is the diagram composed of?

Accompanied by Research



Particle Physics in High-School Education:

What should students and teachers learn?

Anja Kranjc Horvat University of Potsdam and CERN

PhD thesis defence, 27 June 2022

- example of an international science education research project
- thorough analysis of needs, existing competences, and goals
- the goals were collected through a Delphi analysis – go have a look!
- slide content courtesy of Dr. Anja Kranjc Horvat (from her thesis defence)

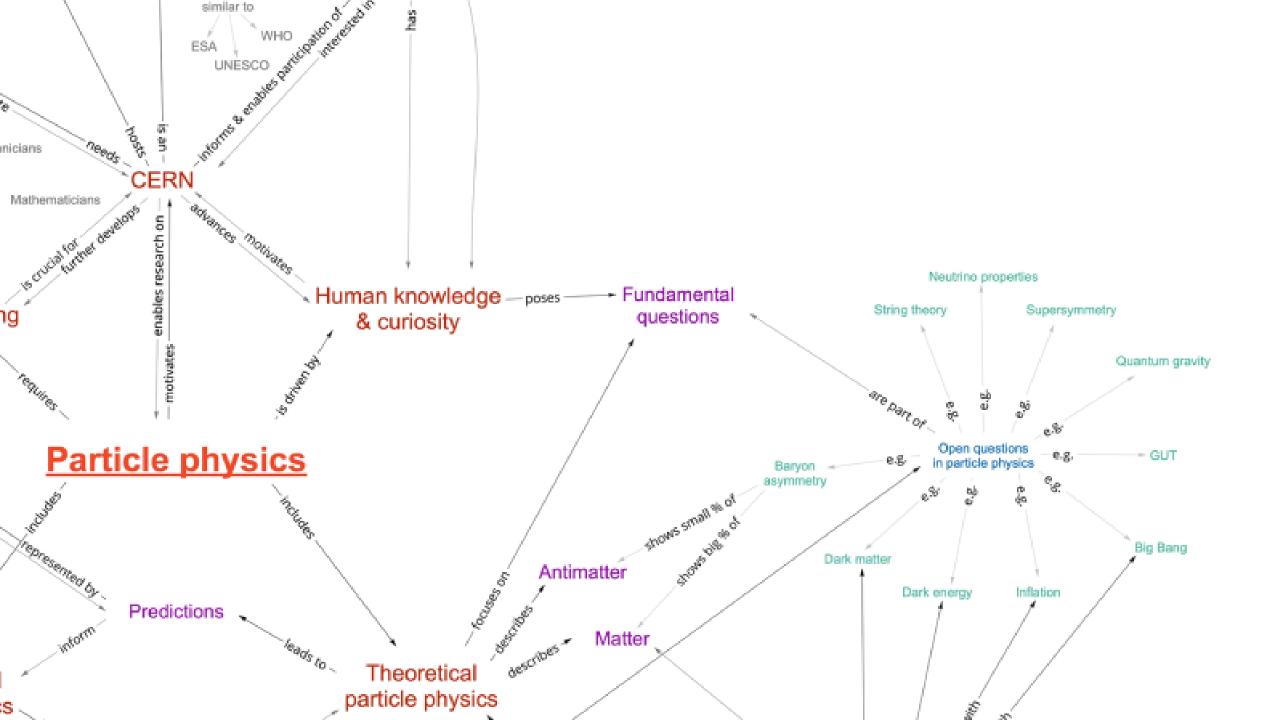
Methodology: Overview

Expert Concept Map

Experts' expectations on what high-school students should learn **Curricular Review**

Content of international high-school physics curricula

One research example

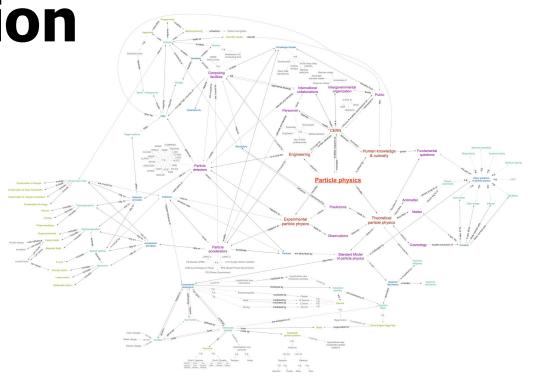




Expert concept map

Conclusion

- Particle physics is a broad and well inter-connected topic
- Particle physics can be connected to various curricular topics (e.g., mechanics)



How extensively is particle physics featured in high-school physics curricula?

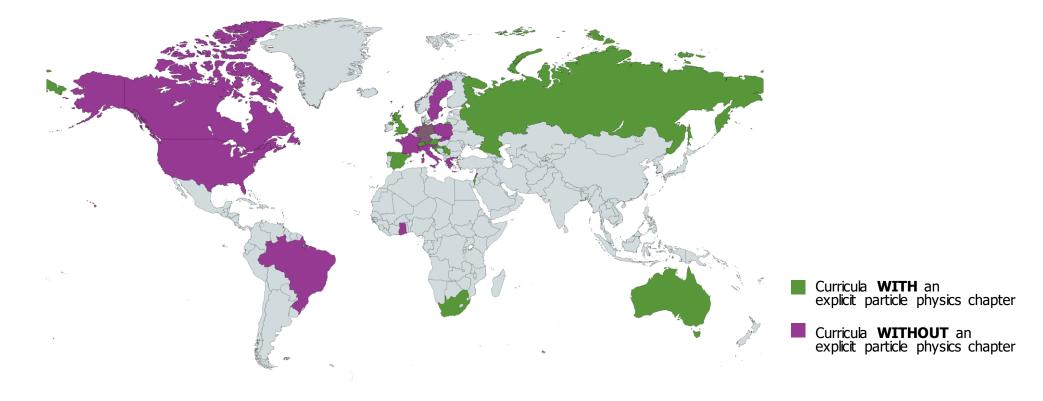






Curricular review Methodology

27 high-school physics curricula2 independent reviewers per curriculum





Particle Physics in High-School Education

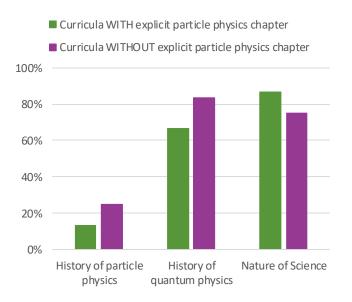




Curricular review

Overview

- Concepts in particle physics explicitly or implicitly present in all reviewed curricula
- Few differences when discussing the reviewed other curricular topics
- History of Physics more often in curricula with no explicit particle physics chapter
- Nature of Science implicit in most curricula





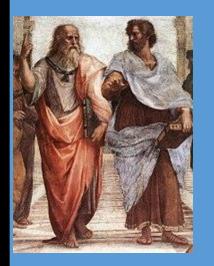


Some personal remarks

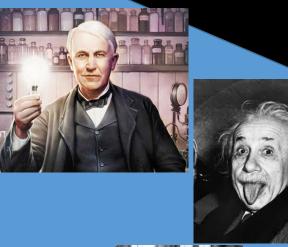


Does Education have A Future?

broadness









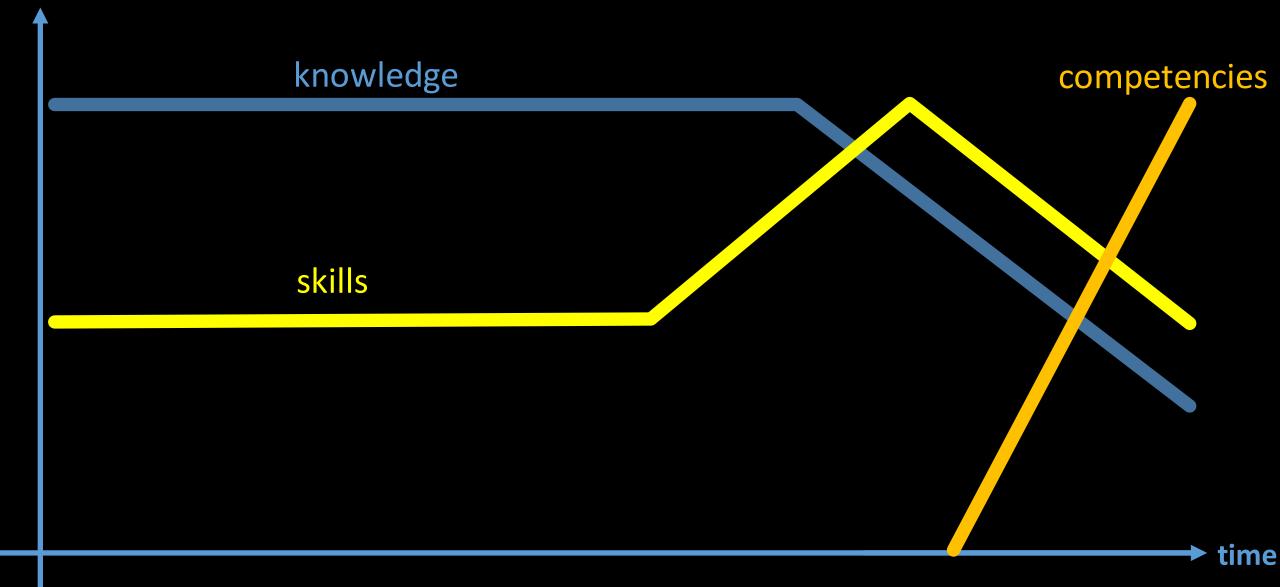
fachidiot /fuk.id.ē.ut/

n. (German) Someone who knows a lot about a particular field, but very little about anything else. Literally "subject idiot".

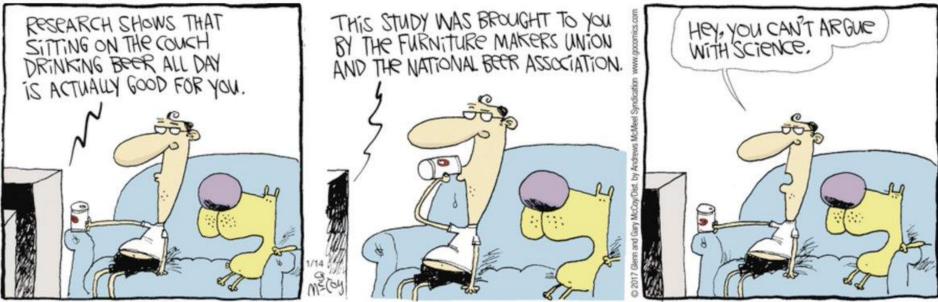


Does Education have A Future?

content



The Duplex by Glenn McCoy and Gary McCoy





WIKIPEDIA The Free Encyclopedia

Competencies

e.g. search for relevant information and data from different sources, also in scientific publications, evaluate the results and compare them



Thinking is like googling ...



- What are the key topics in Science Education?
- Education for Sustainable Development
- Quantum Physics, Quantum Applications
- Radiation

• Artificial Intelligence

How should we educate?

How can we work together?

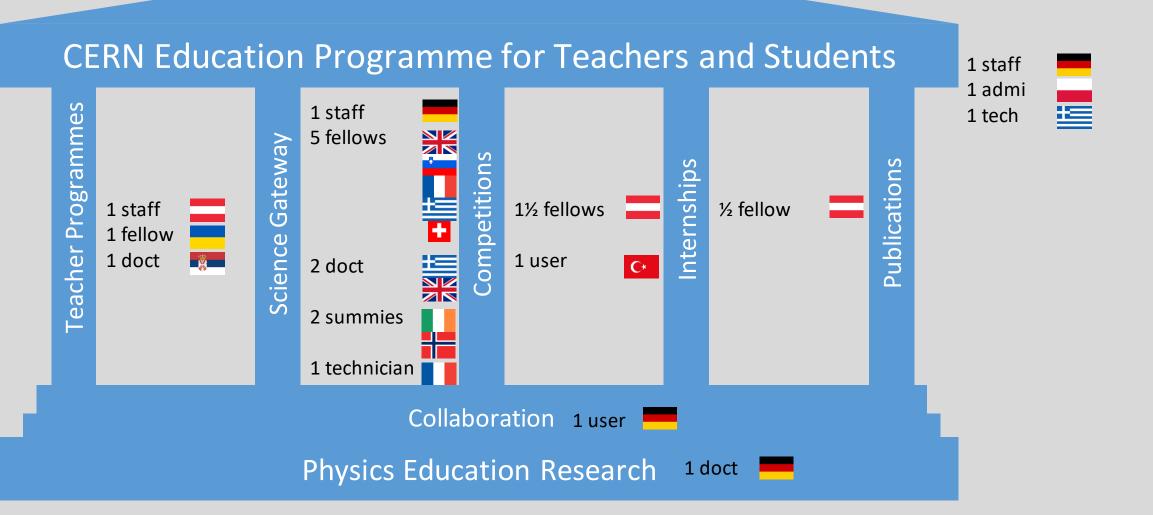
Some Personal Thoughts Questions



Your Time, Your Questions!

... maybe my answers ...





Education Team Summer 2023

Sustainable Development Goals Transforming our world









CERN Director-General Rolf Heuer addressing the Open Working Group on Sustainable Development Goals in December 2013.

The CERN input may be found at https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/4628cern.pdf



Mapping CERN Contributions to the SDGs

SDG 3 - HEALTH CERN helps to develop technologies that contribute to better healthcare for all, such as medical imaging and hadron therapy.

SDG 4 - EDUCATION Education is one of

CERN's core missions. We offer high quality programmes that inspire thousands of students, teachers and young researchers each year.

SDG 5 - GENDER

Diversity is a core value for CERN. Our diversity policy aims at leveraging the added value that comes from bringing together people of different nationalities, genders, professions and ages.

SDG 7 - ENERGY

CERN develops strategies for minimise the increase of energy consumed by the installations, increase energy efficiency and implement energy recovery.

SDG 9 - INNOVATION

CERN inventions are brought to industry through knowledge transfer, to have a positive impact on society and innovation.

SDG 16 & 17 -INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION CERN is a successful model for international collaboration. CERN gathers researchers from all over the world, contributing to human knowledge and peace, for the benefit of all.



THERAPY Accelerators provide particle beams for more targeted cancer treatment.



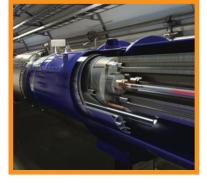
BEAMLINE FOR SCHOOLS COMPETITION Students from the twowinning teams spend a week at CERN to carry out their experiment using a CERN accelerator.



25 BY 25 DIVERSITY & INCLUSION INITIATIVE First ever targets-based strategy to boost the nationality and gender diversity within the Staff and Fellow s population.



HEATING LOCAL HOUSING Heat recovered from CERNs accelerator cooling systems to heat a new residential area in the tow n of Ferney-Voltaire, benefiting up to 8000 people.



A MAGNET IN THE LHC TUNNEL Exploring the universe requires new technologies and ingenious engineering to build the machines that explore physics at a new frontier.



SESAME

This new synchrotron light source in Jordan started operation in 2017. It is a unique collaboration between eight Middle East members, modelled on CERN's governance structure.

