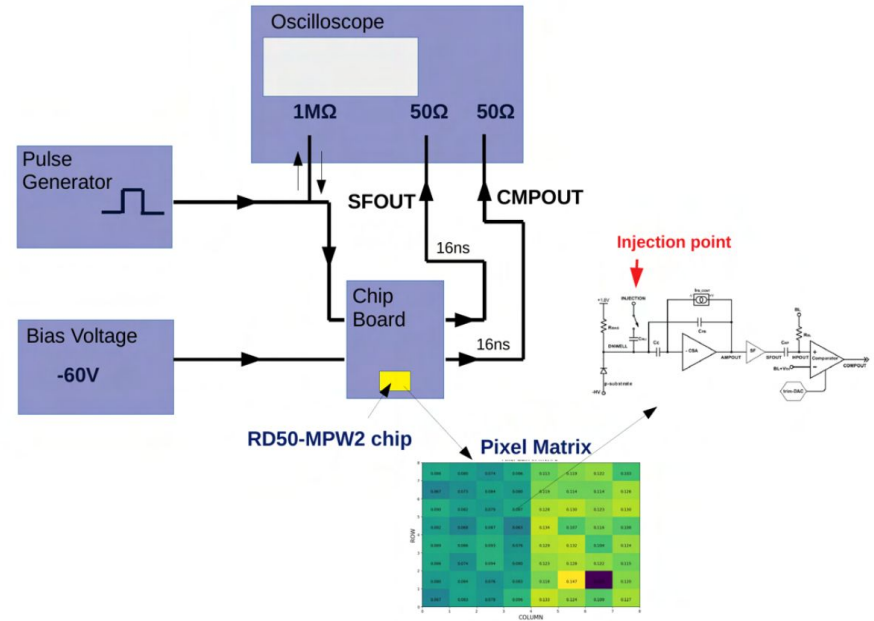


# Timing Results MPW2

Douwe Nobels

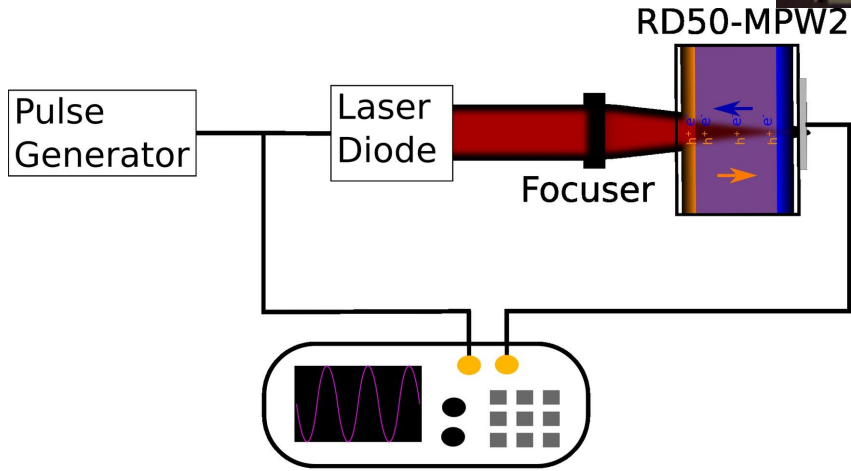
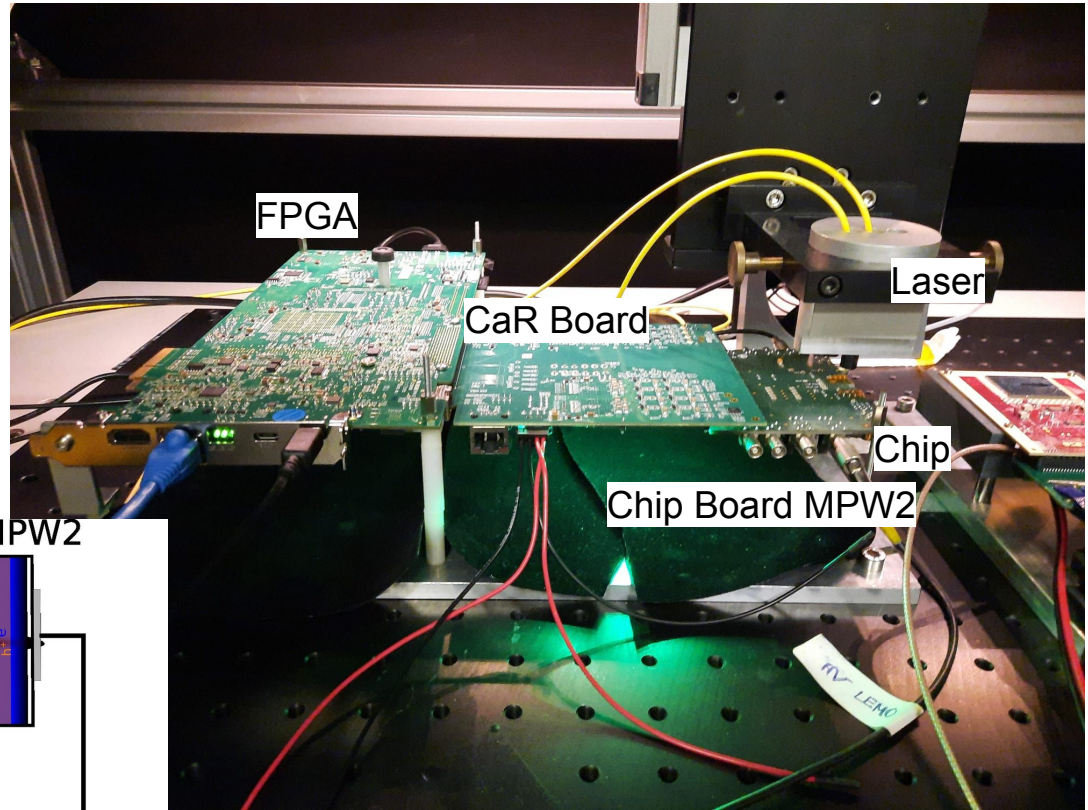
# The Setup

- Keysight 81110A Pulse Pattern Generator
- Pulse frequency 60 Hz
- Pulse width 50  $\mu$ s
- HV bias 100 V
- Threshold 970 mV(at this level the trimDACs show no signal but still some noise hits without being the highest trimDAC)
- Baseline 900 mV
- Infrared laser 980 nm
- Attenuator
- 1.9 k $\Omega$ cm



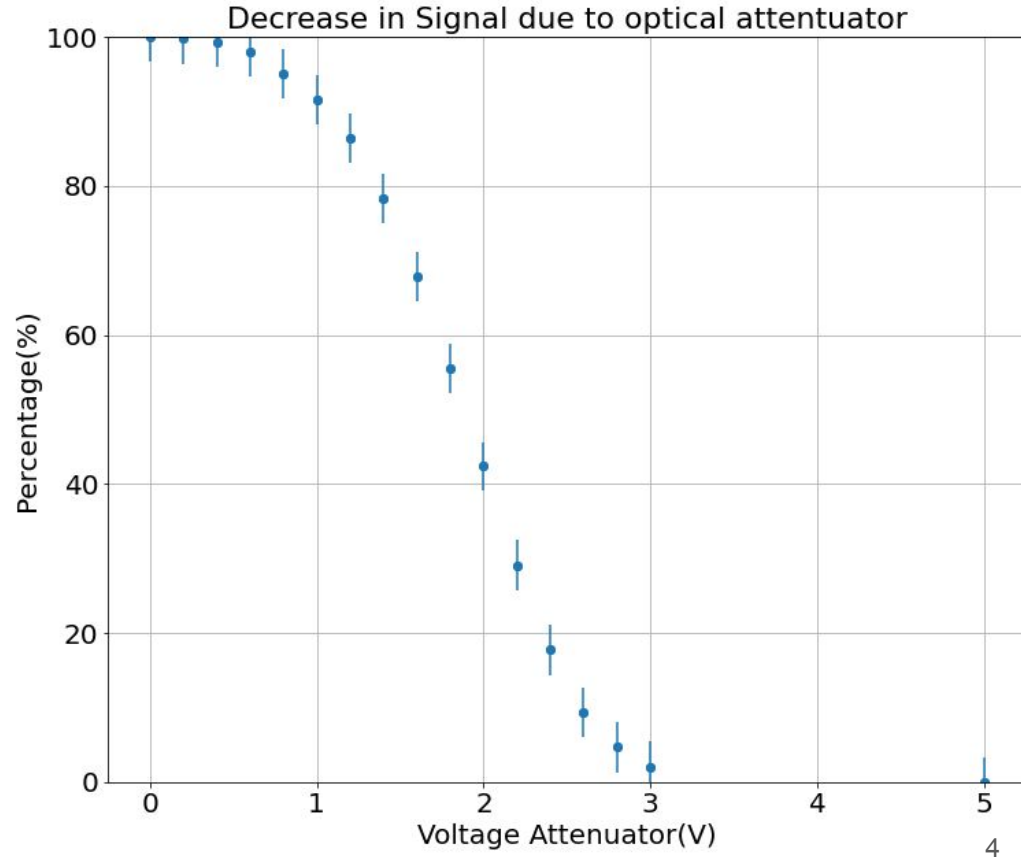
# The Setup

- Laser is shot in from the backside



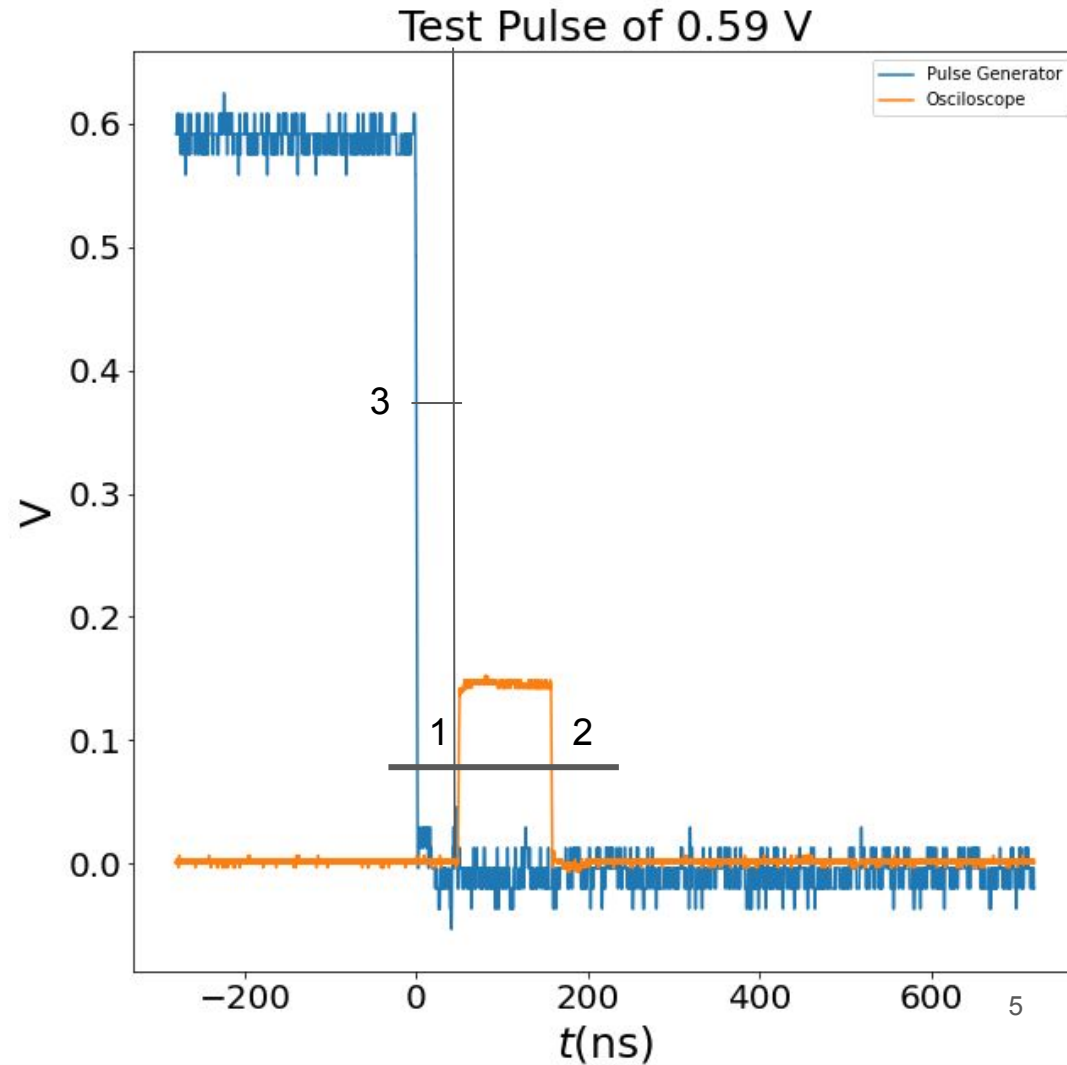
# Attenuator

- An Attenuator was added to the setup to lower the laser amplitude and retain a stable signal.
- Higher voltage attenuator → Lower signal amplitude



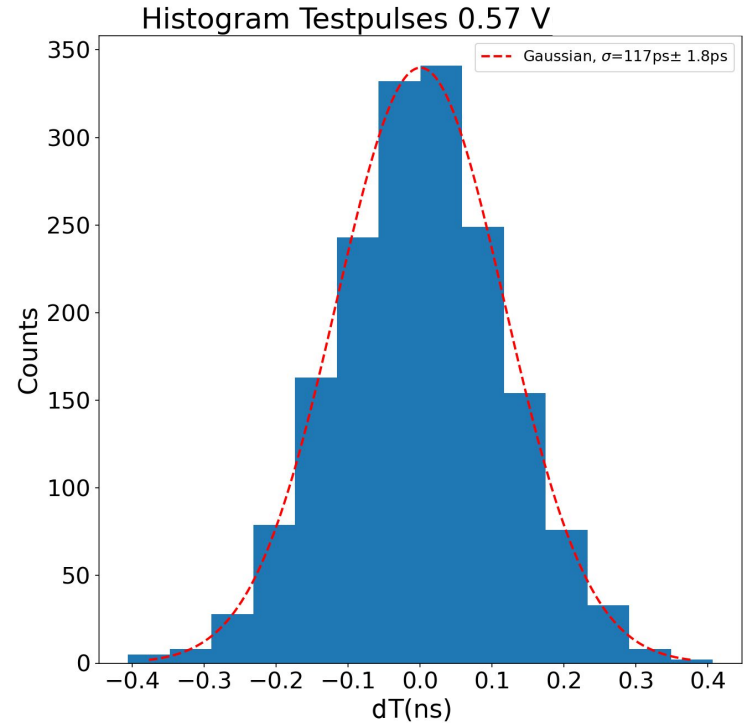
# What we Measure

- Time over Threshold:
  - $T_{oT} = \Delta t = t_2 - t_1$
  - Where 1 is the time of 50% of the rising edge
  - 2 is the time of 50% of the falling edge
- Time resolution:
  - Is the spread in the time difference where the the time difference is:  $\Delta t = t_1 - t_3$
  - Where 3 is the time of 50% falling edge if the pulse generator



# Determining the Time Resolution

- Plot a Histogram of the spread of the time difference
- Fit a normal distribution and determine the spread of the distribution.
- The time resolution is equal to the spread

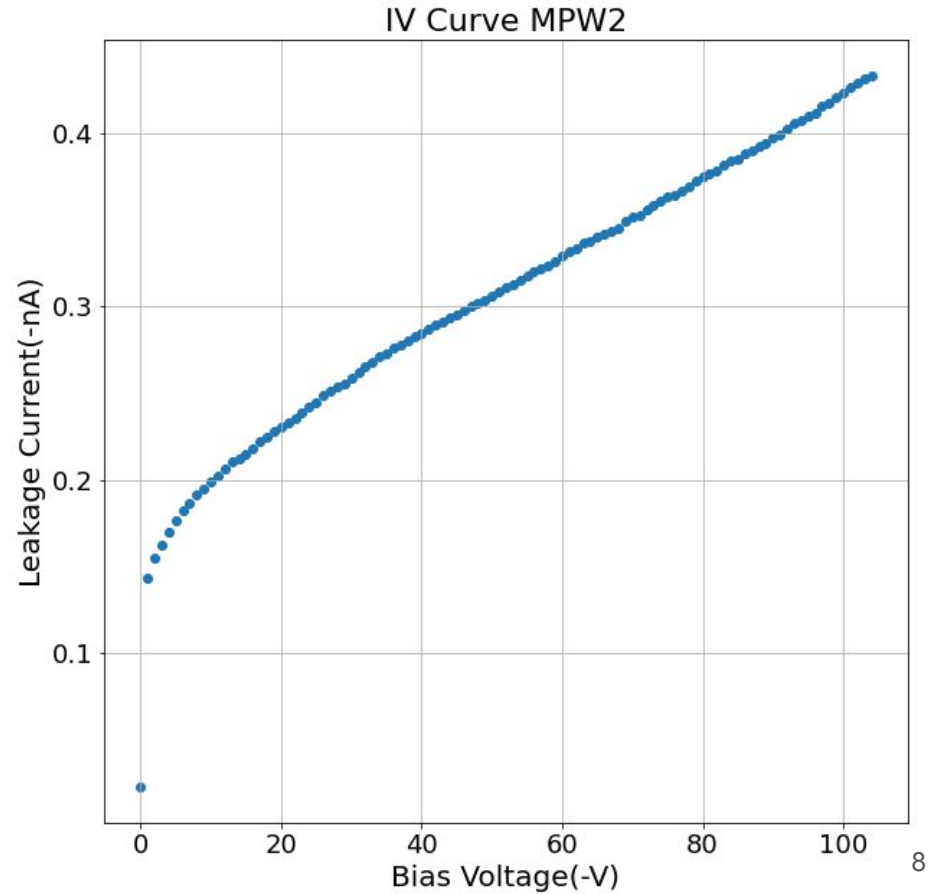


# Measurements

- IV-Curve
- Calibration with Test Pulses 0.43 V to 1.79 (with steps of 0.20 V)
- Laser scans 200 waveforms per pixel with Laser amplitude of 2.4 V and a varying attenuator amplitude from 1.6 V to 2.6 V with steps of 0.2 V

# Measurements: IV-Curve

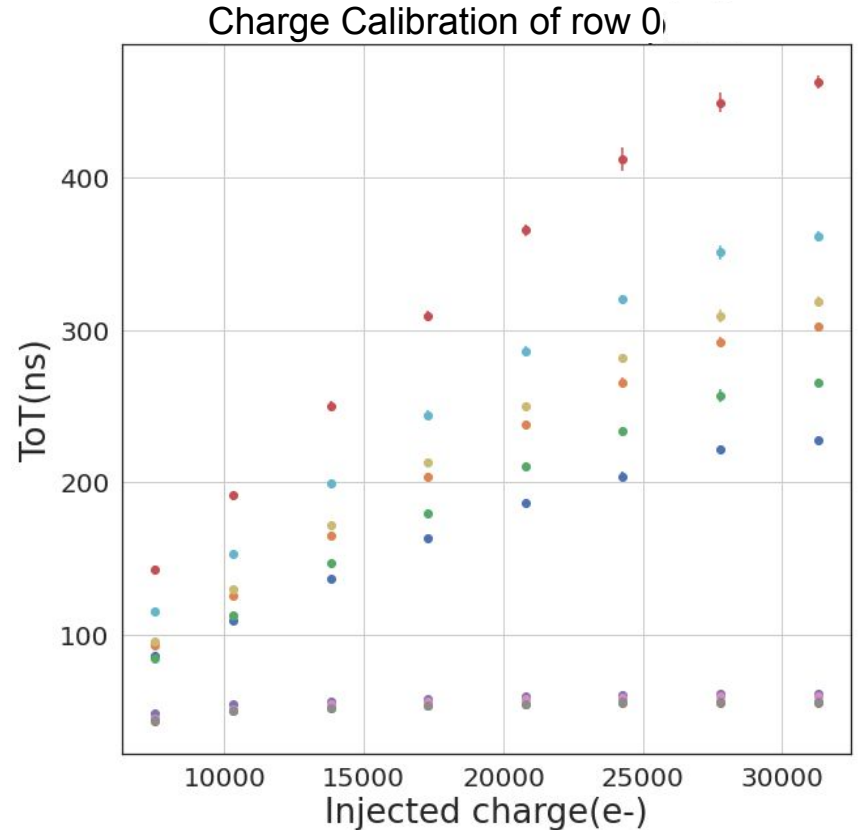
- From -1.0 V to -104 V with steps of -1.0 V





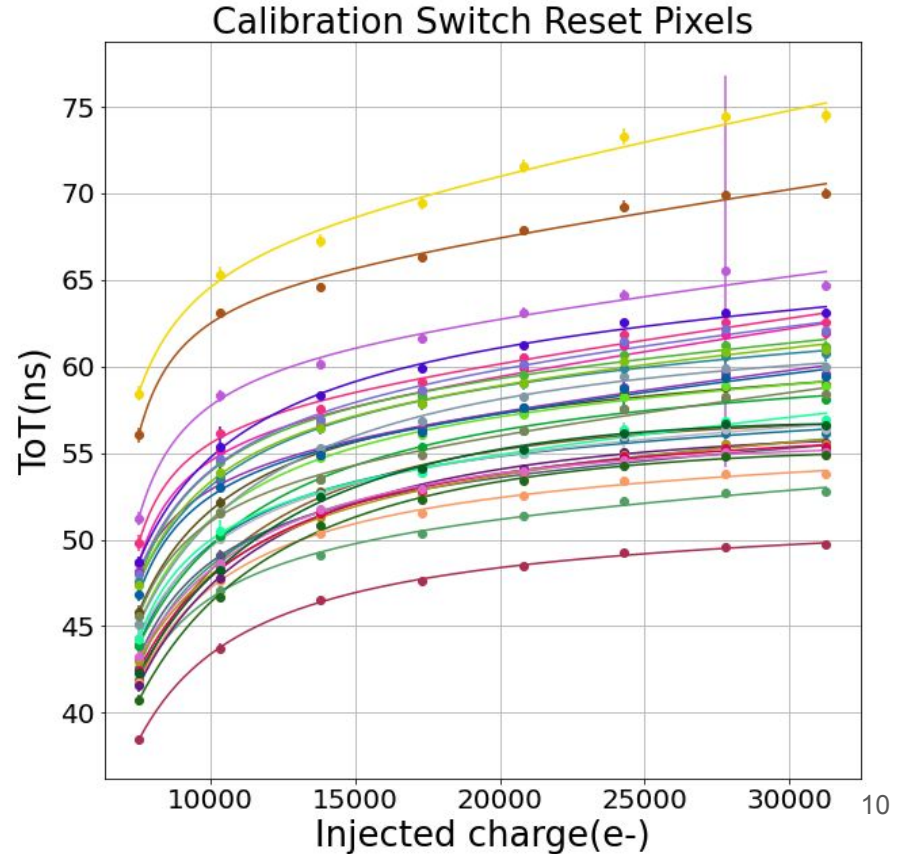
# Charge calibration with test pulses

- Test pulses injected by the injection circuit
- Clear difference between Continuous and switch reset pixels



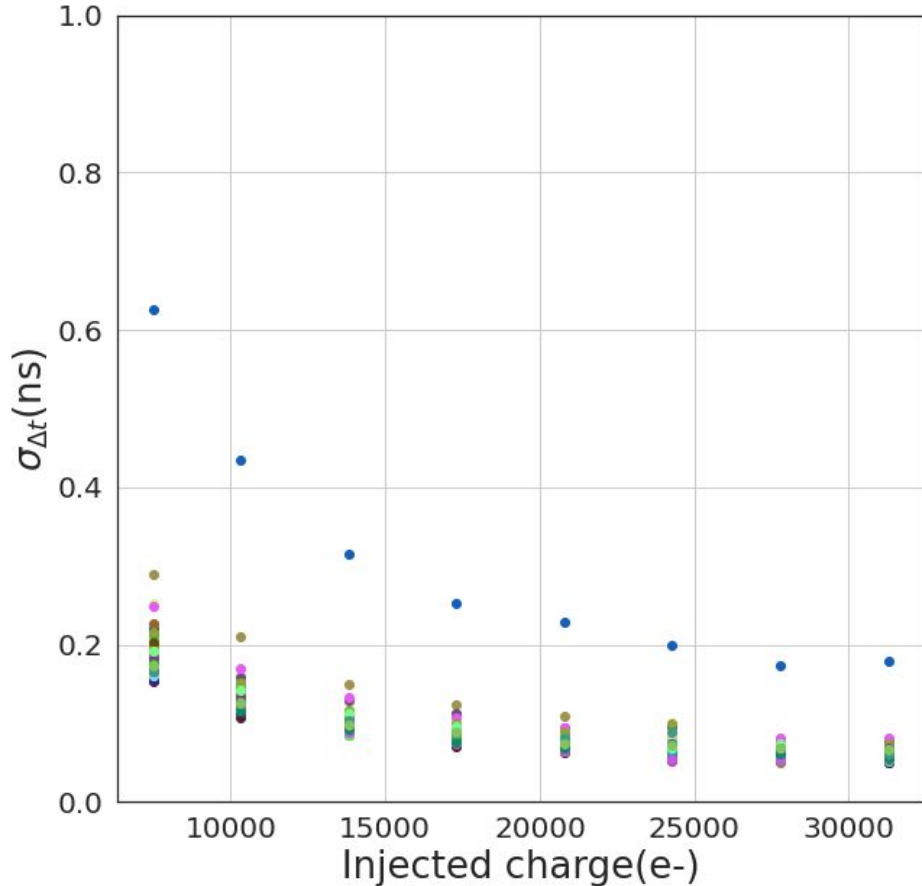
# Zoomed in on the Switch reset pixels

- Charge Calibration of all Switch reset pixels
- Fit function:
  - $Q = a \cdot \text{ToT} + b + c / (\text{ToT} - d)$
- The Switch reset pixel's ToT should not be affected by charge but it has a small effect



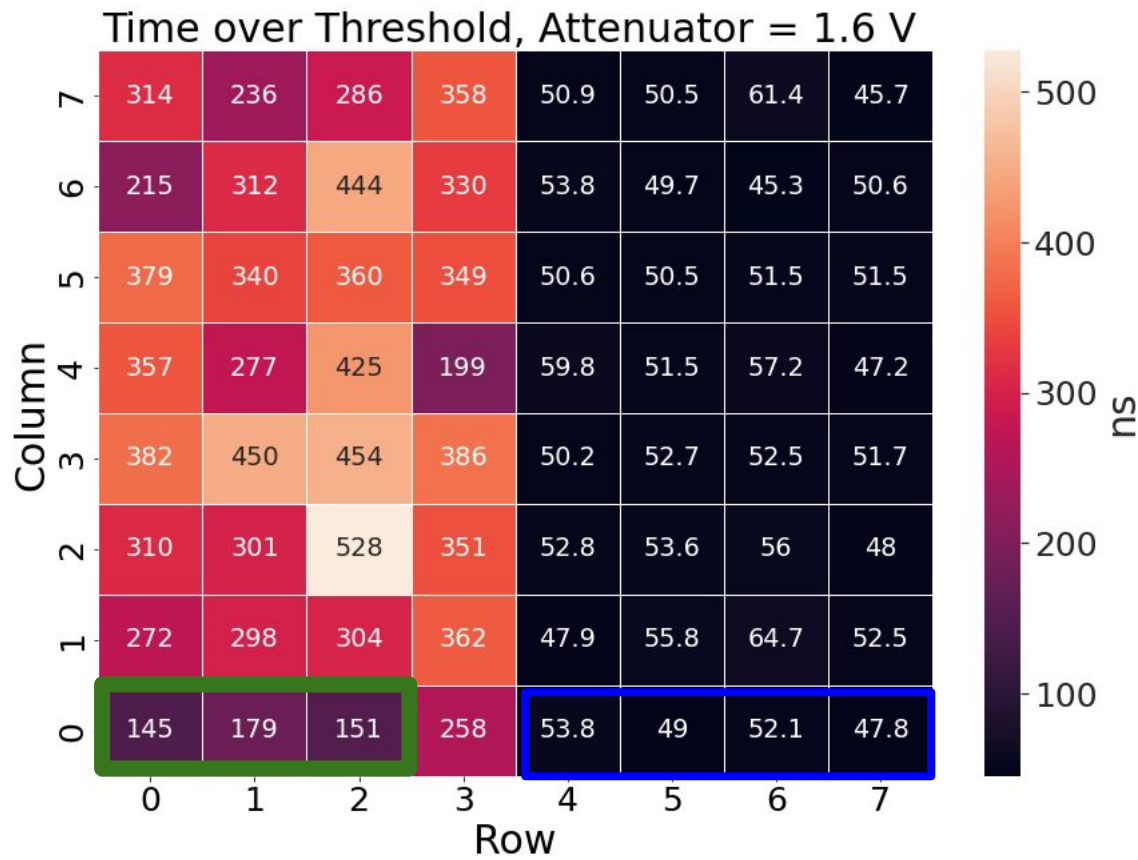
# Time Resolution Test Pulses

- Time resolution of all pixels injected with test pulses
- No clear distinction between the 2 types of pixels
- Highest injected charge gives a mean of 64ps for the time resolution



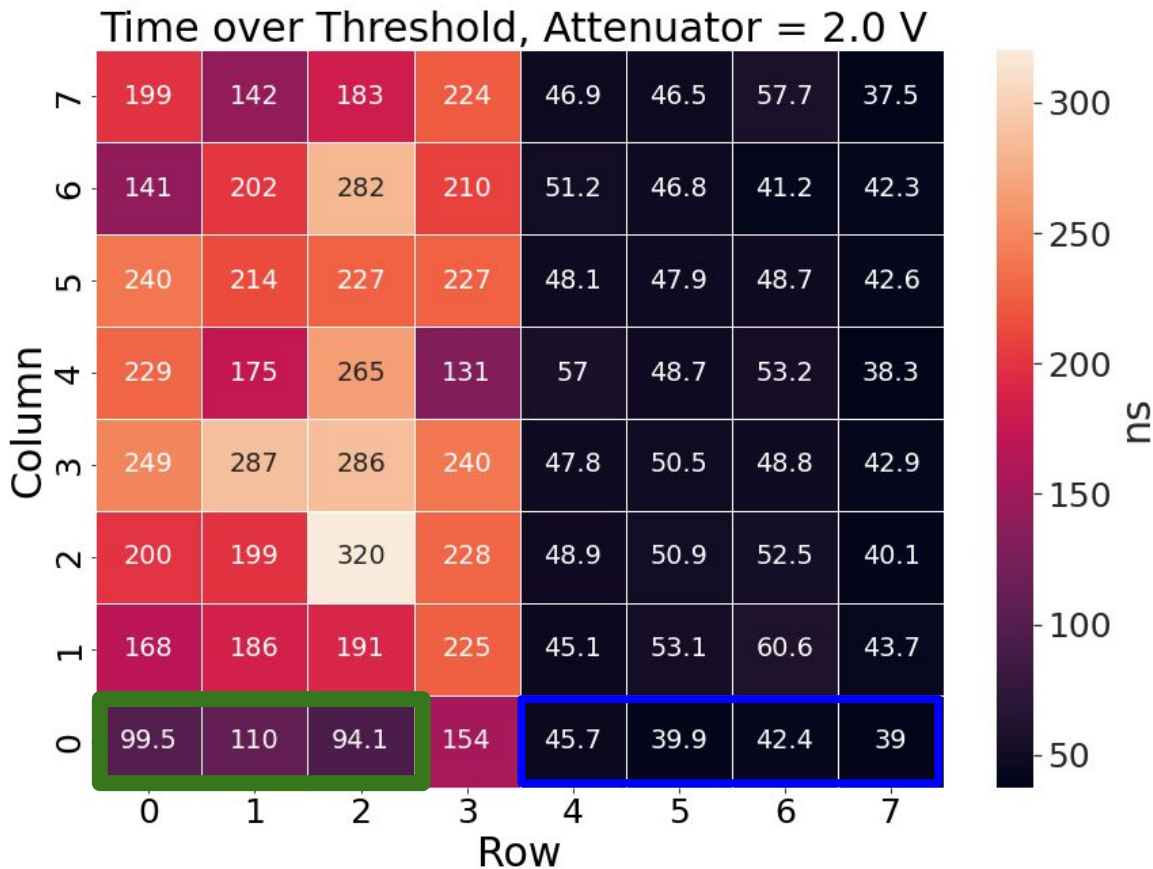
# Measurements: ToT scans 1.6-2.8 V

- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- Clear Difference between Continuous and switch reset pixels



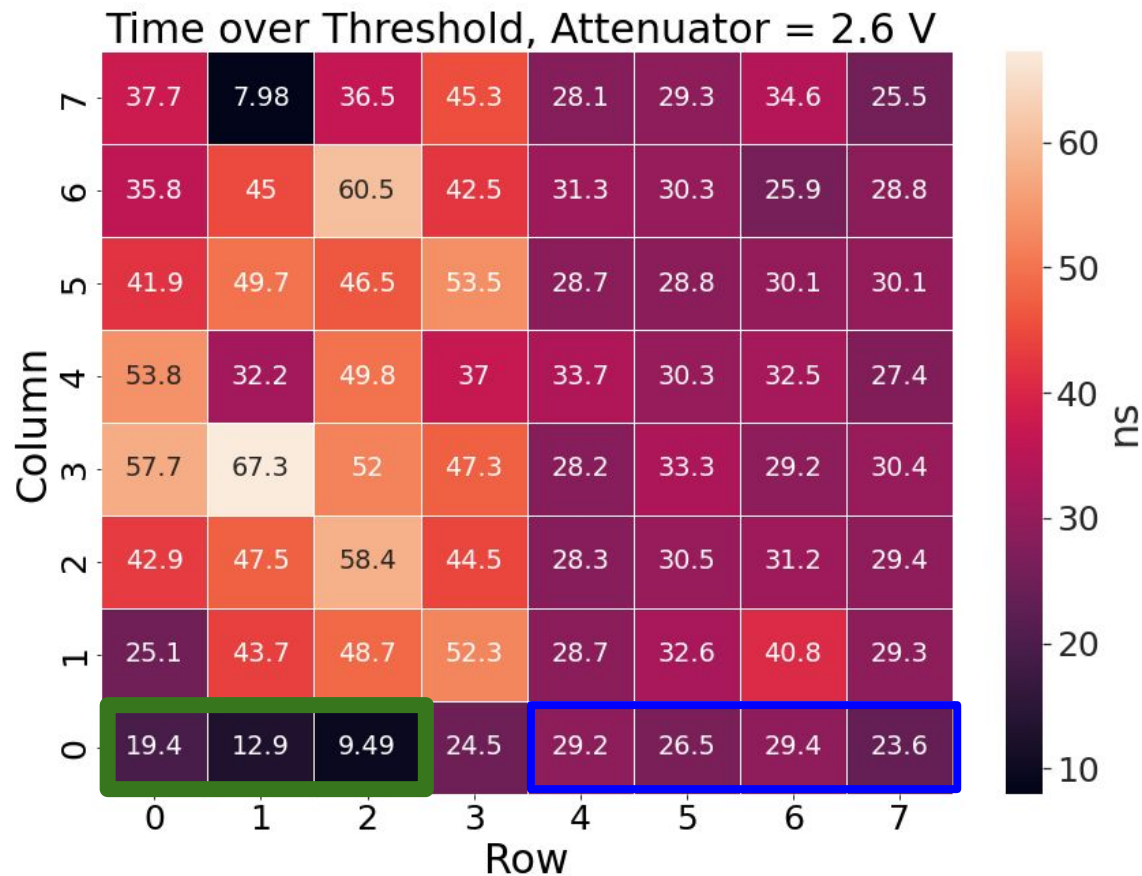
# Measurements: ToT scans 1.6-2.8 V

- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- Clear Difference between Continuous and switch reset pixels



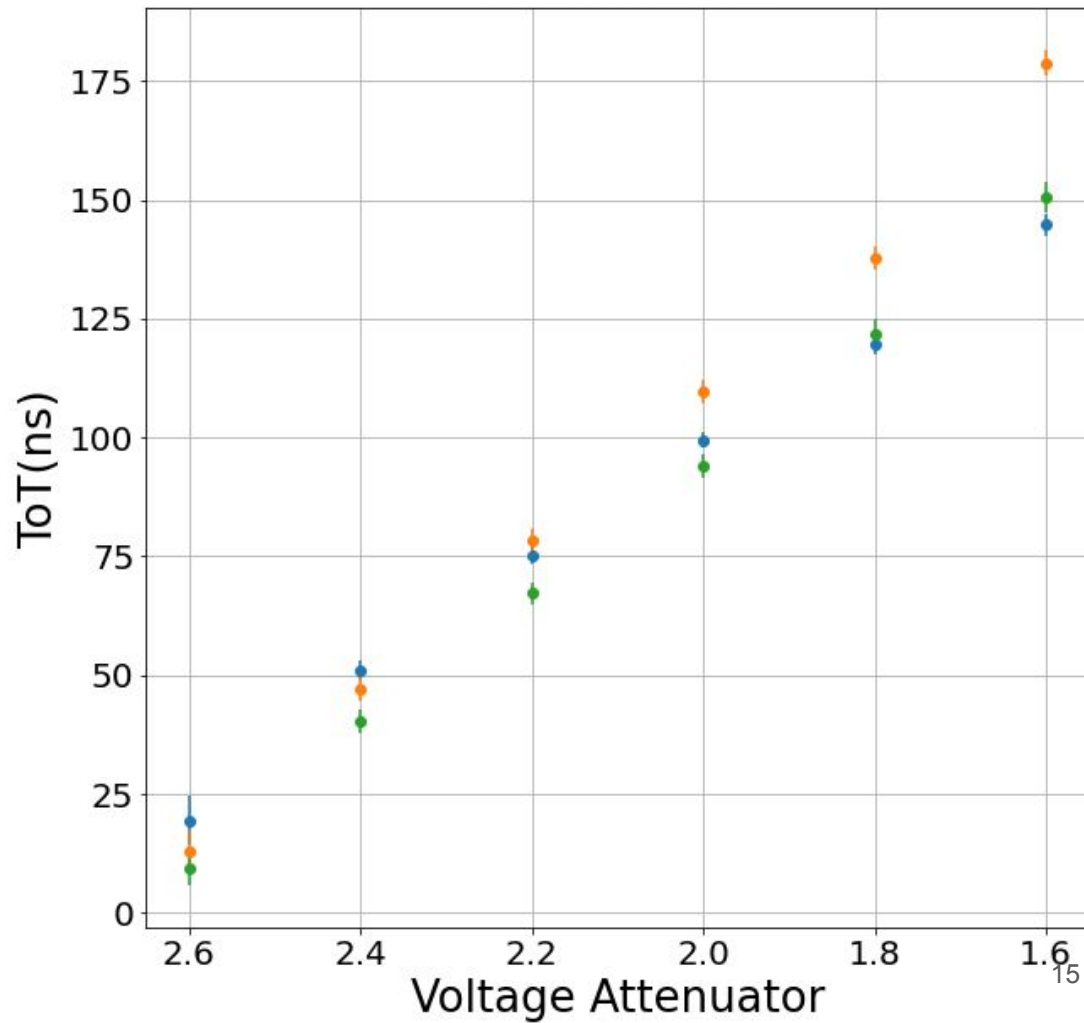
# Measurements: ToT scans 1.6-2.8 V

- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- Clear Difference between Continuous and switch reset pixels



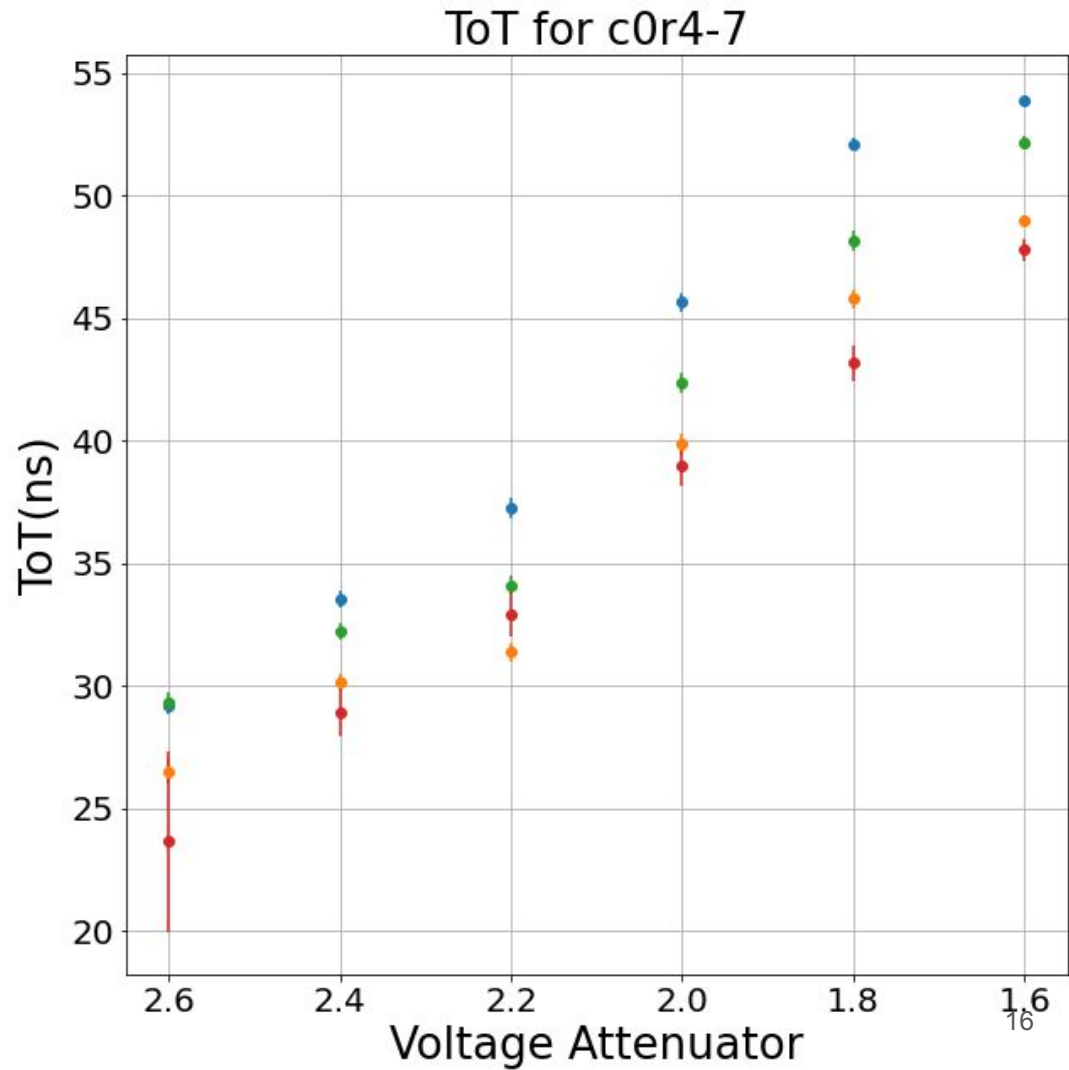
# Change in ToT(green)

- Continuous reset pixels behave linear



# Change ToT(Blue)

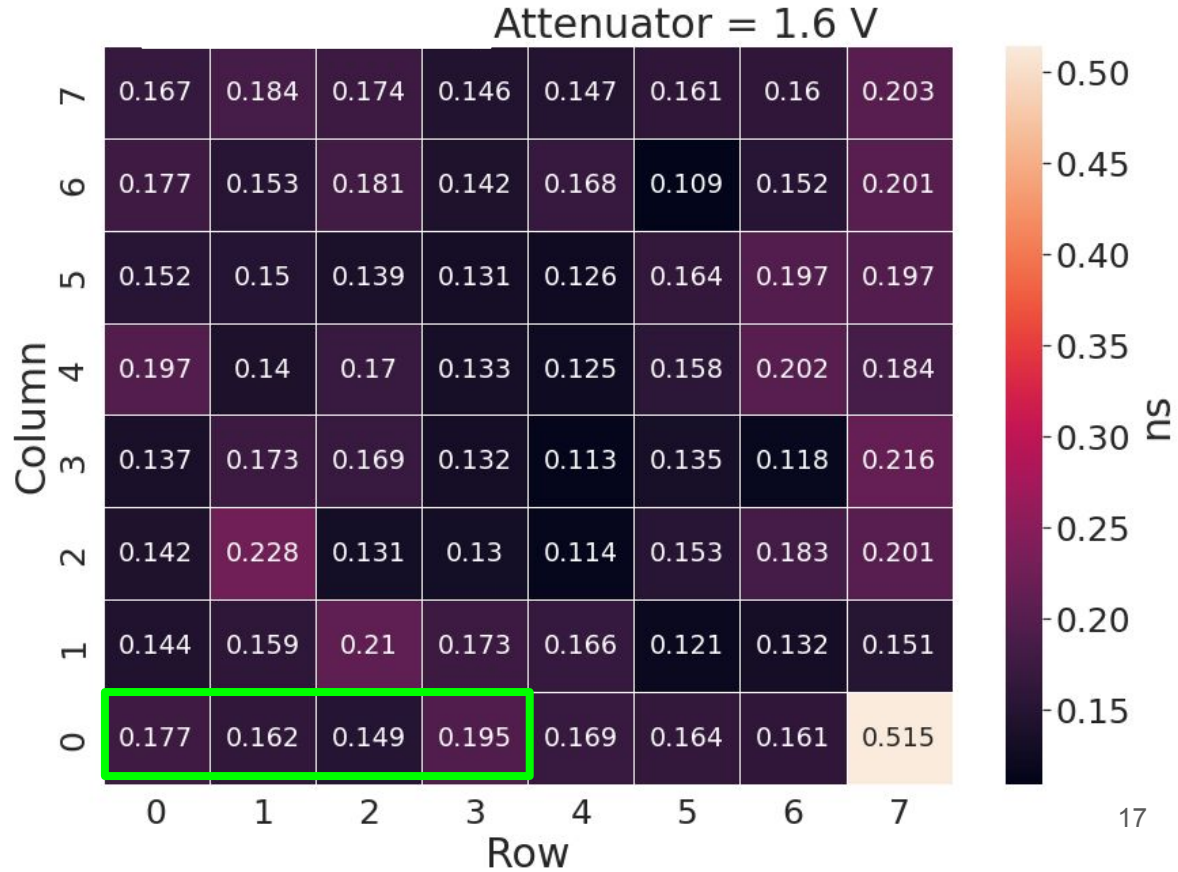
- Switched reset pixels smaller ToT





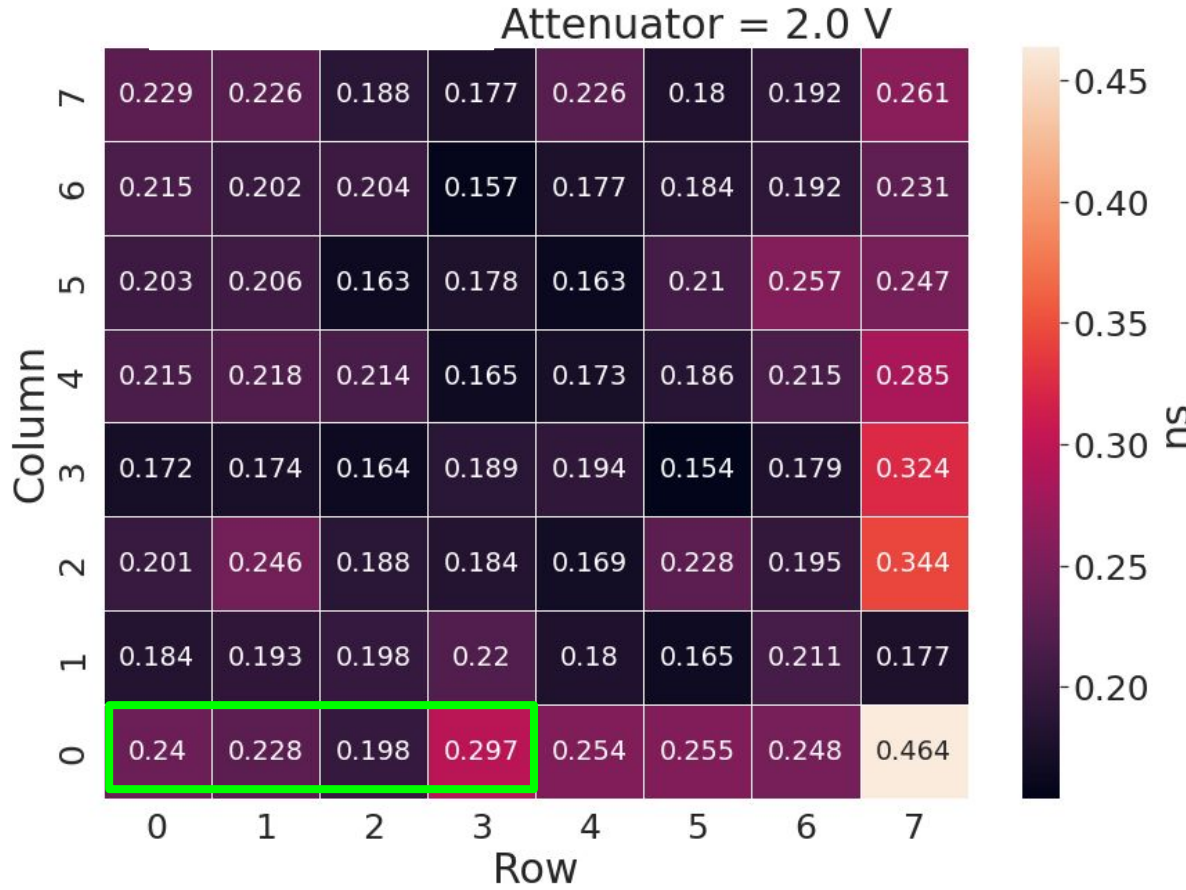
# Measurements: Time resolution scans 1.6-2.8 V

- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- No clear difference between the two types of pixels



# Measurements: Time resolution scans 1.6-2.8 V

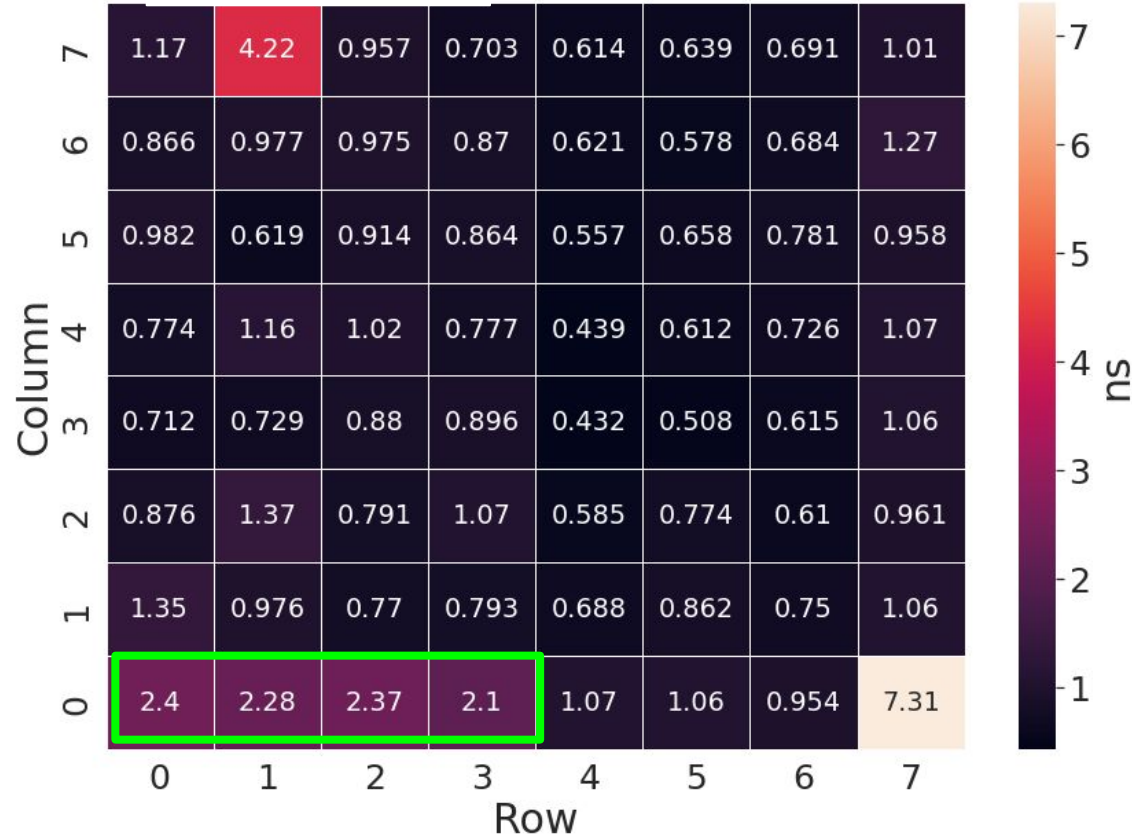
- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- No clear difference between the two types of pixels



# Measurements: Time resolution scans 1.6-2.8 V

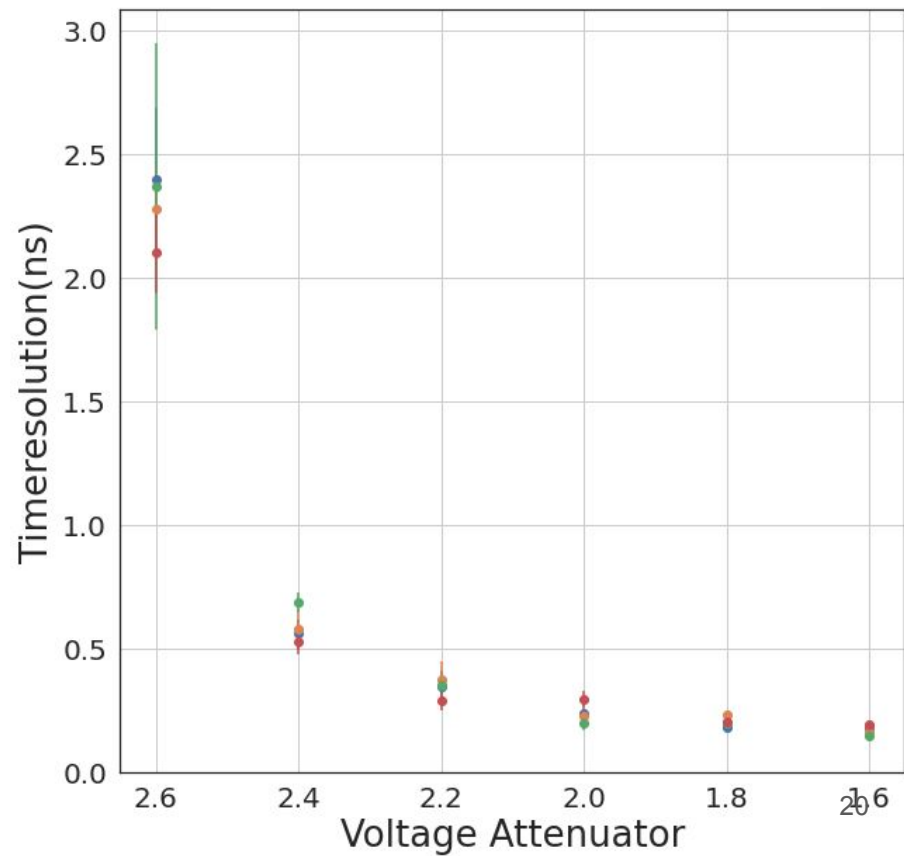
Attenuator = 2.6 V

- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- No clear difference between the two types of pixels



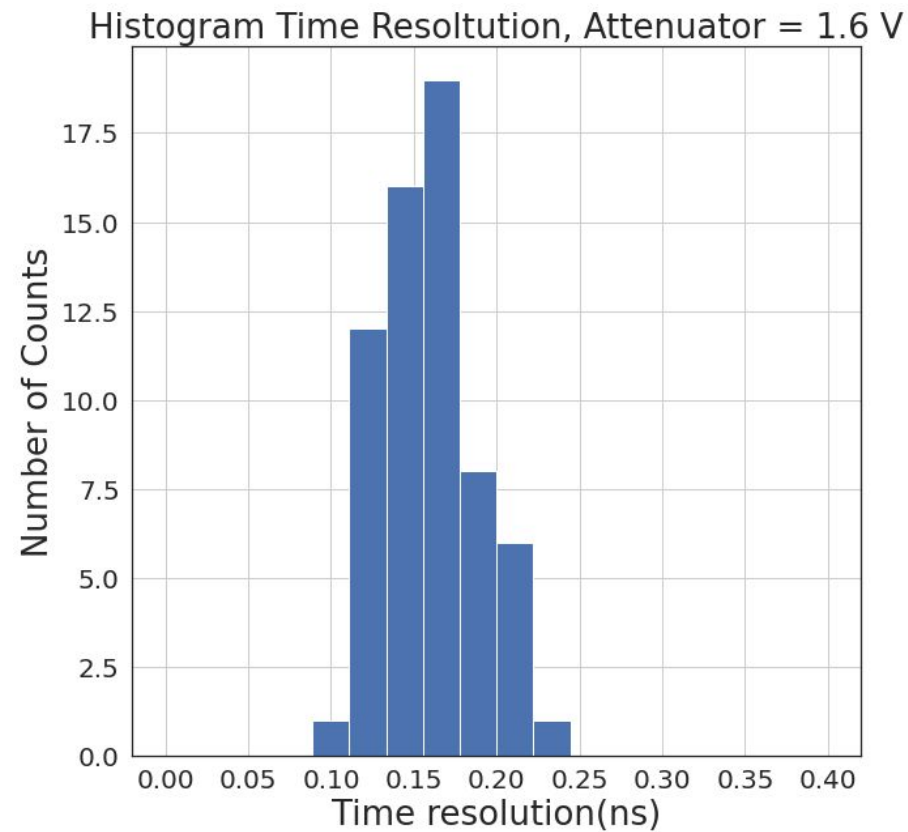
# Time Resolution

- Time resolution improves when the laser intensity goes up
- Bigger error for low intensity



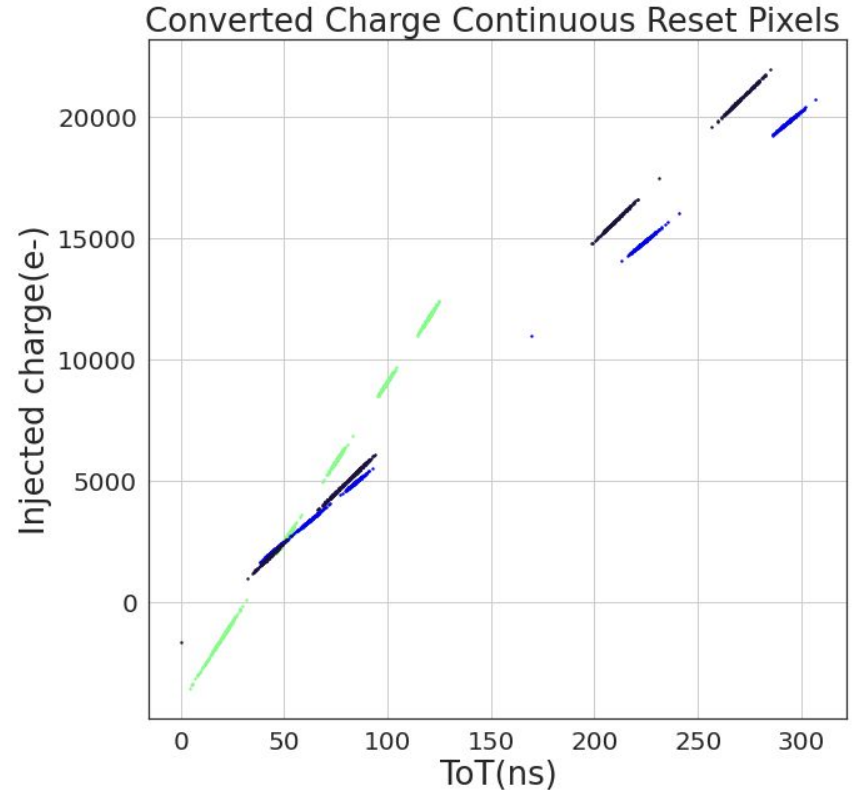
# Histogram of the Time Resolution

- Mean of 165ps
- Standard deviation 52ps



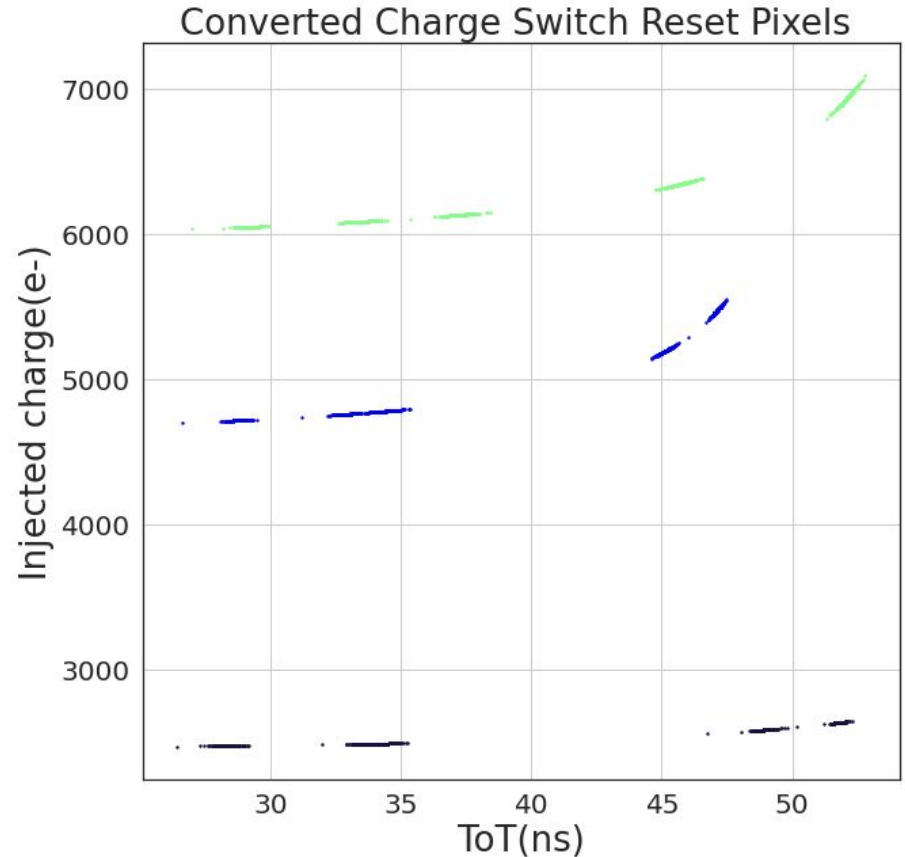
# Laser ToT to charge conversion

- Pixels r0c0-2
- Not enough low test pulses
- Discontinuous laser amplitude
- Lower end not well defined  
→ Results in negative charges
- Unable to bin the data since the binsize differ too much



# Laser ToT to charge conversion Switch Reset Pixels

- Similarly as the previous slide we need more low test pulses to make a good calibration.
- However, we should not that the reset pixels behave like binary pixels and thus the ToT does not get influenced a lot by a change in charge



# Outlook

- More Test pulses for better calibration
- Calibration with radioactive sources
- Back to back laser scans (when our lab is reopened)

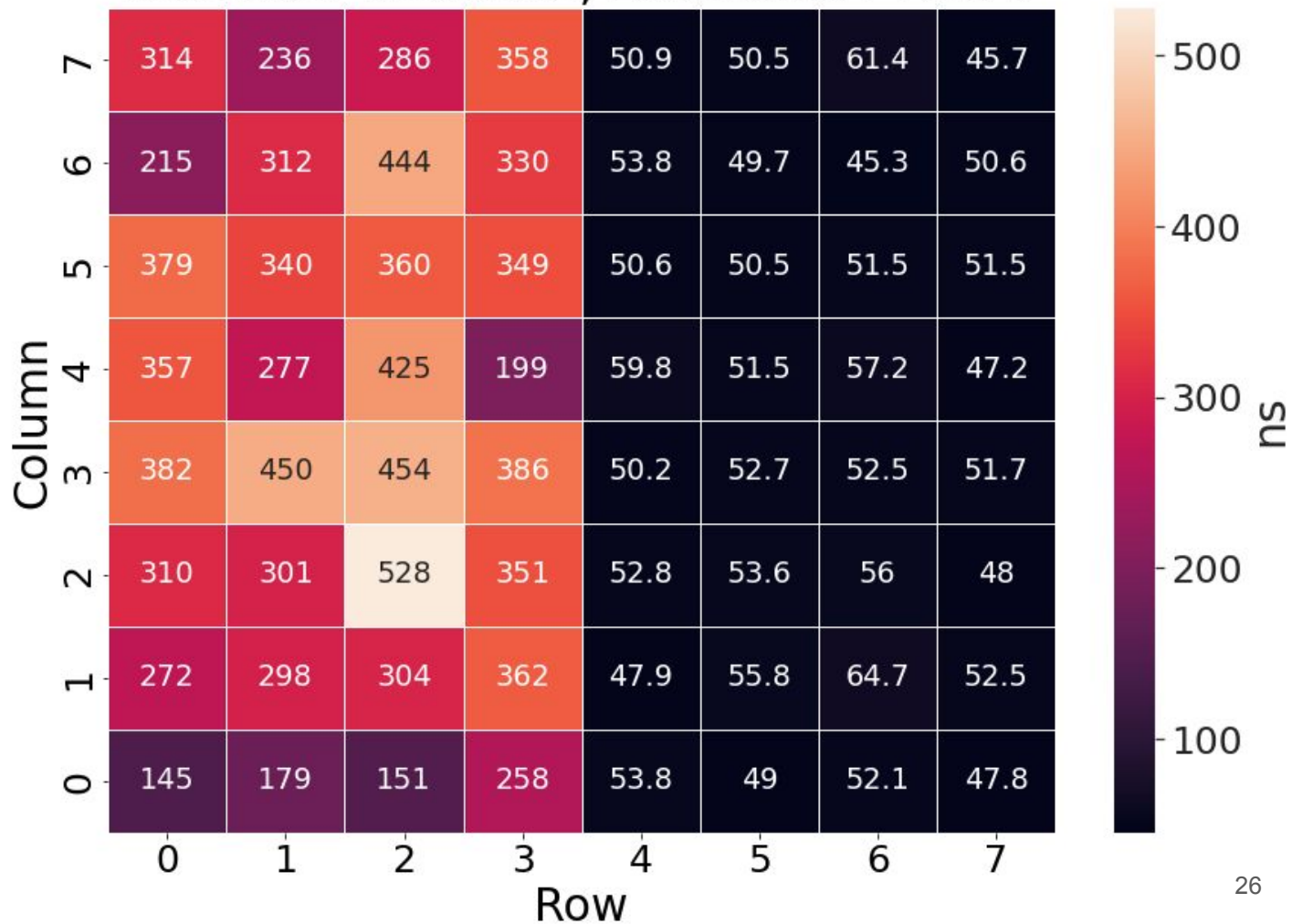


# Backup slides

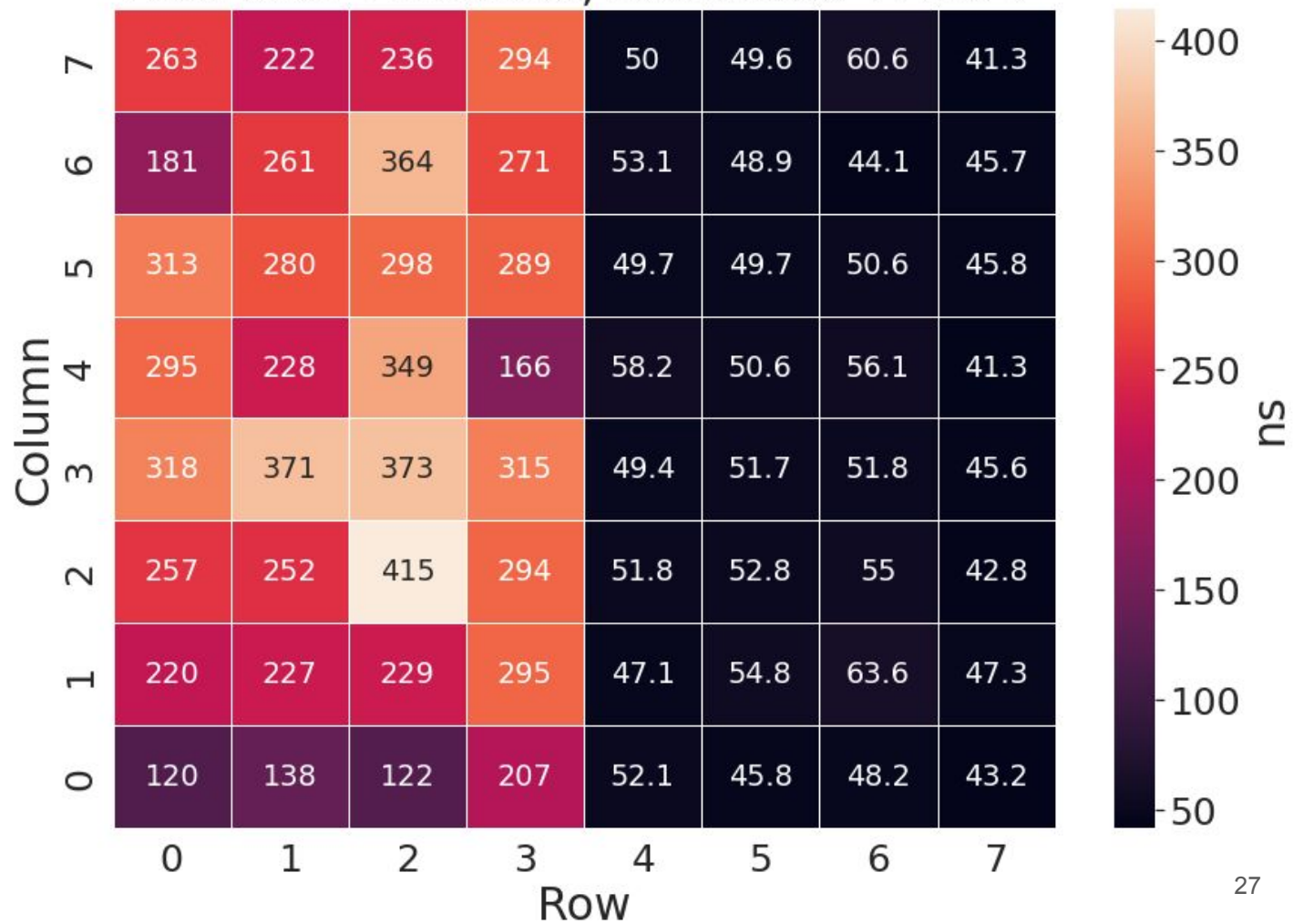
- ToT maps
- Time resolution Maps
- Histograms of ToT of some pixels

# Time over Threshold, Attenuator = 1.6 V

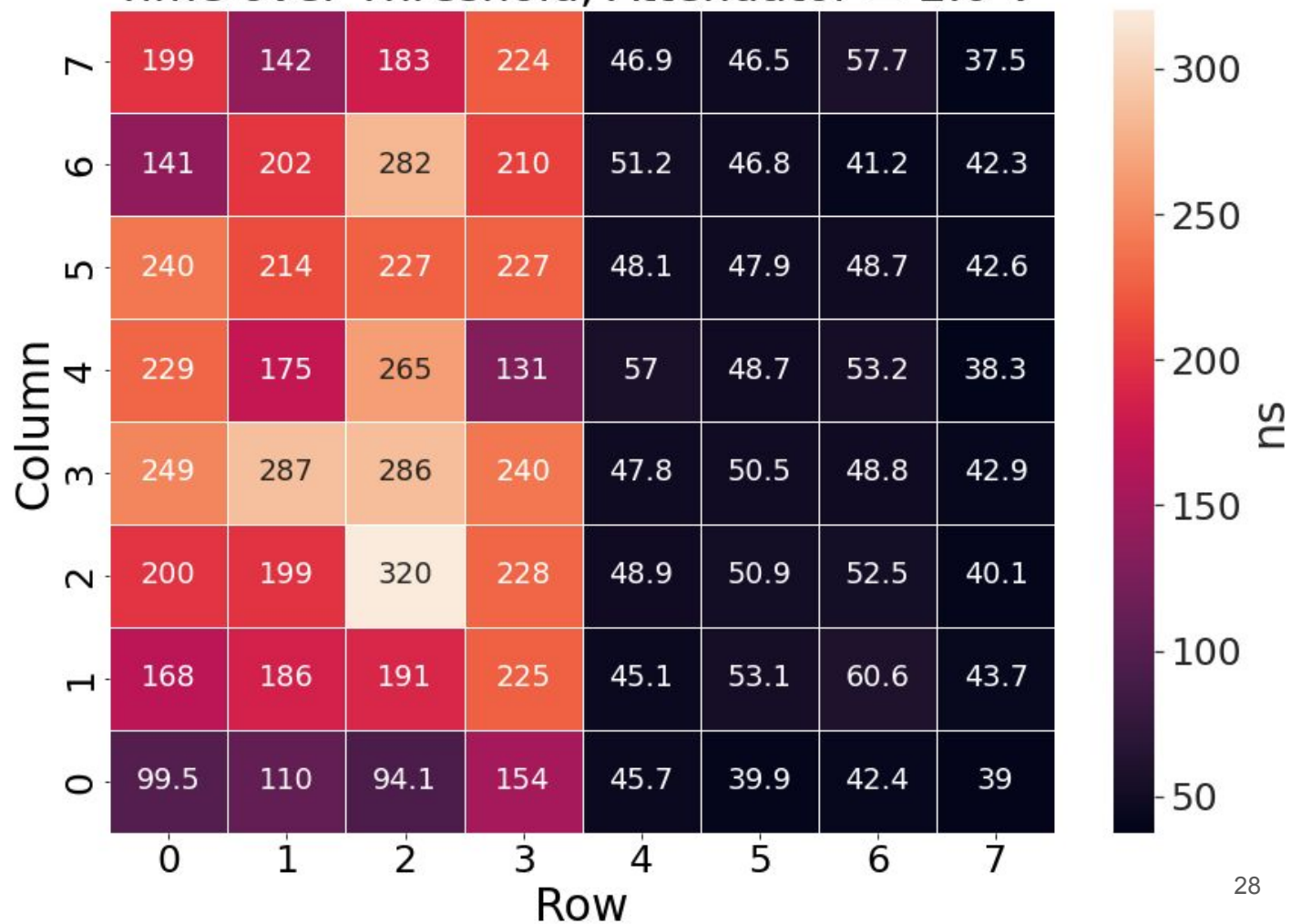
Measurement



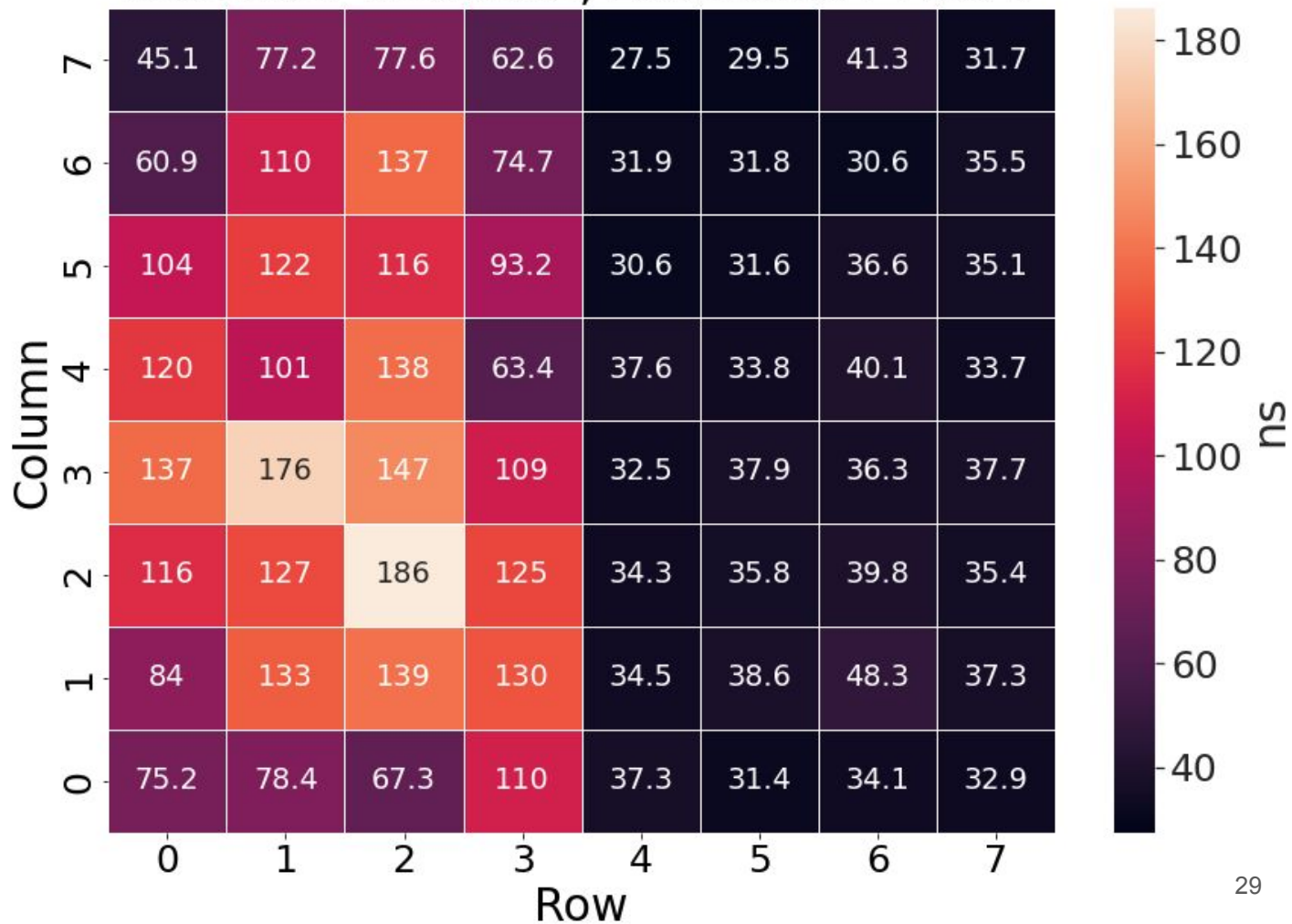
Time over Threshold, Attenuator = 1.8 V



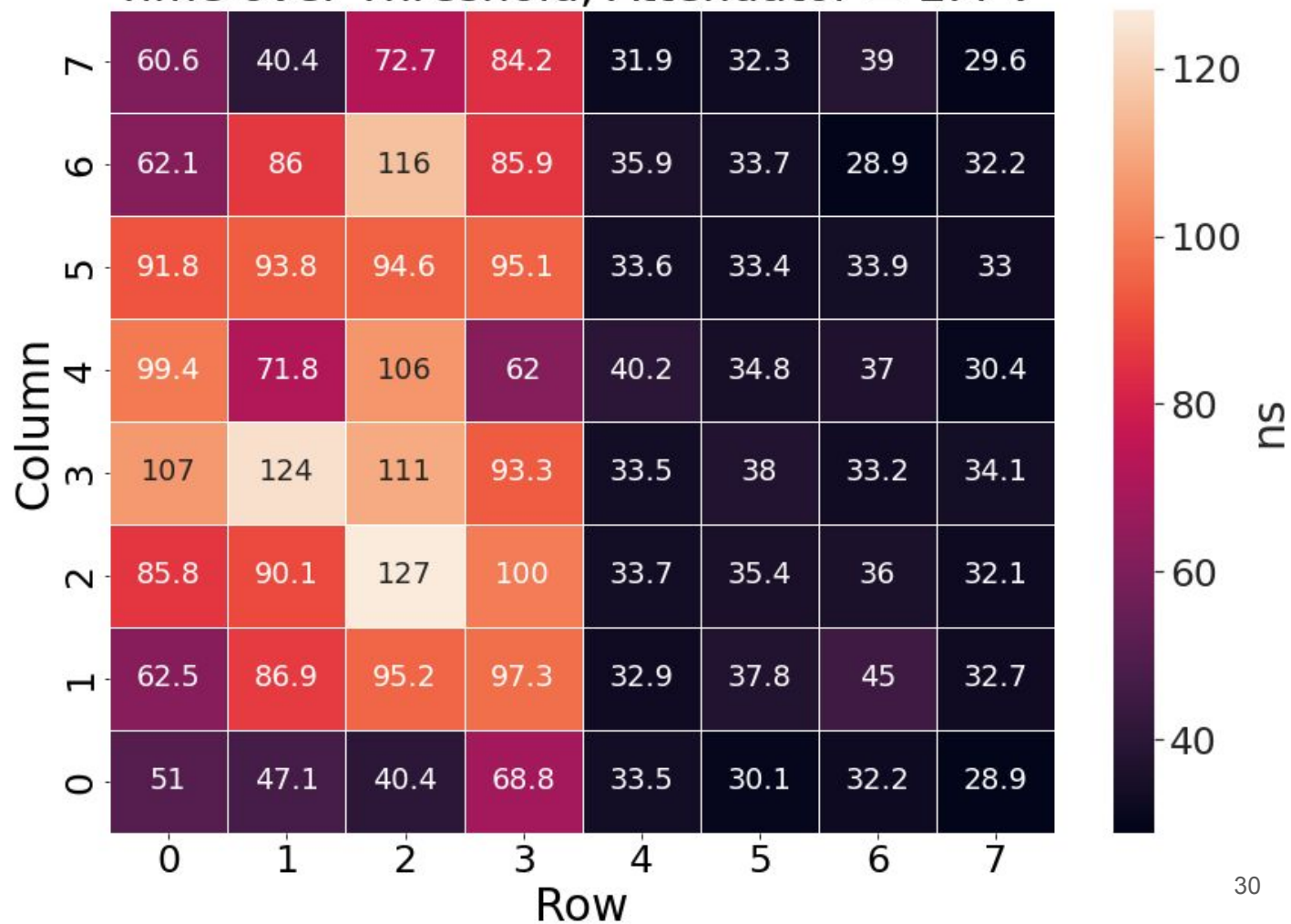
Time over Threshold, Attenuator = 2.0 V



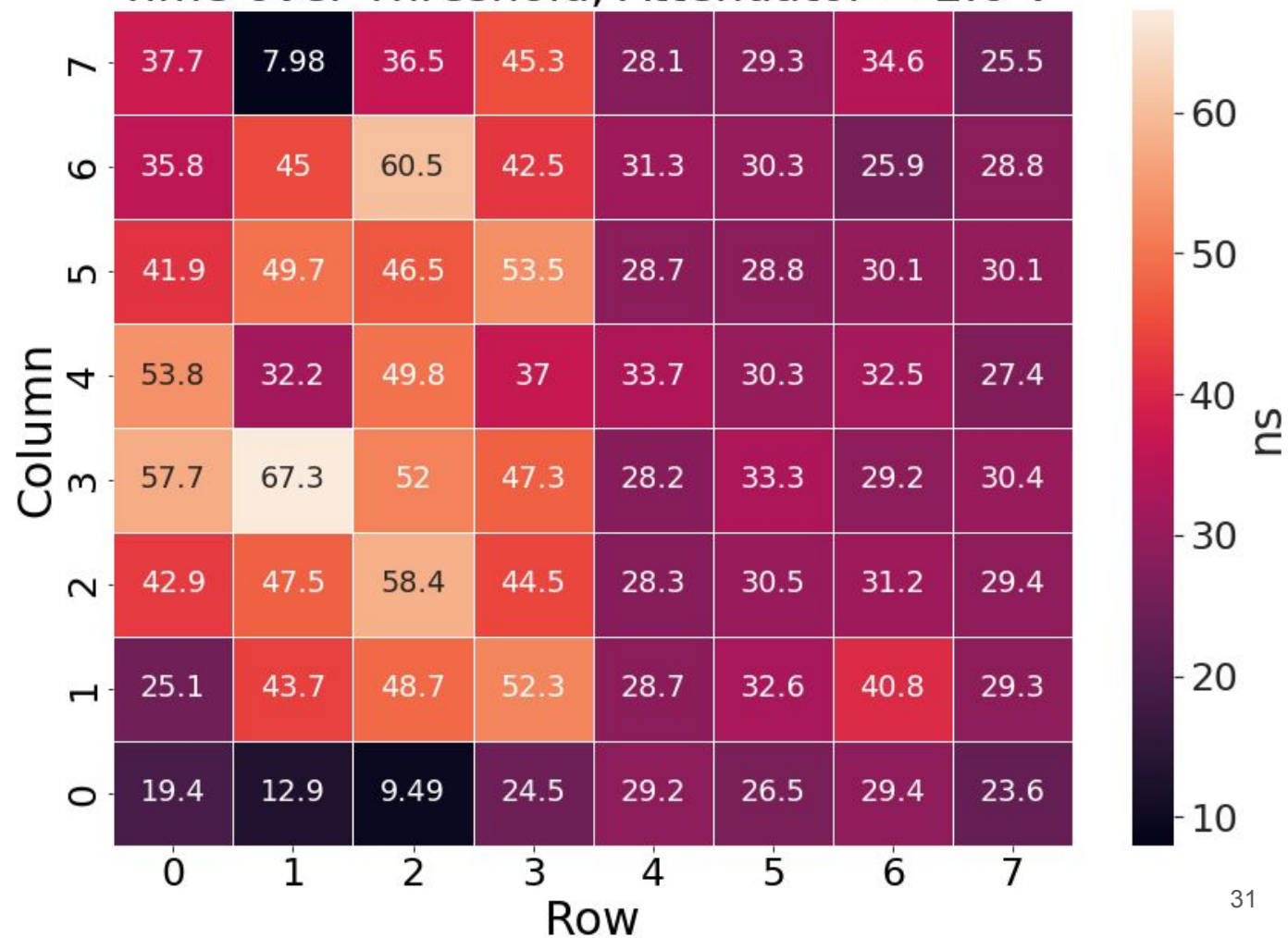
Time over Threshold, Attenuator = 2.2 V



Time over Threshold, Attenuator = 2.4 V

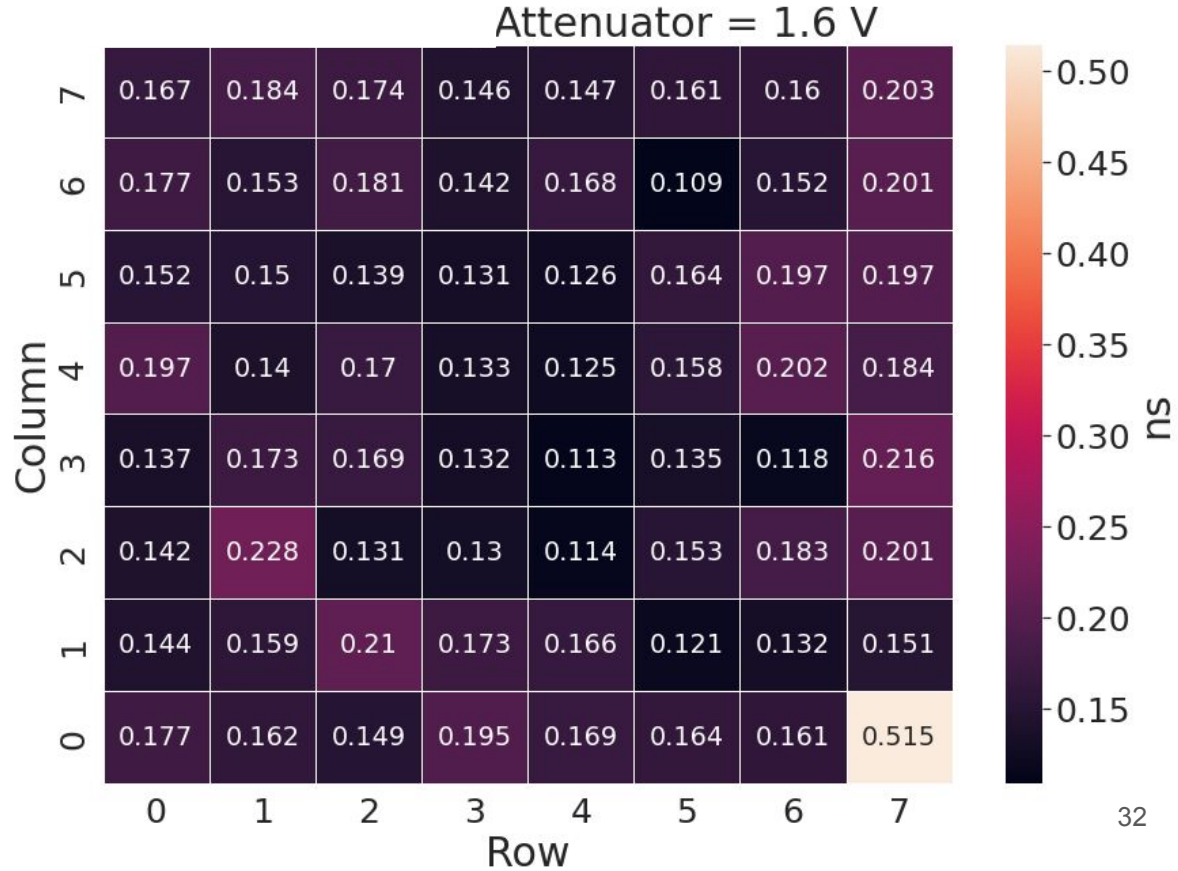


# Time over Threshold, Attenuator = 2.6 V



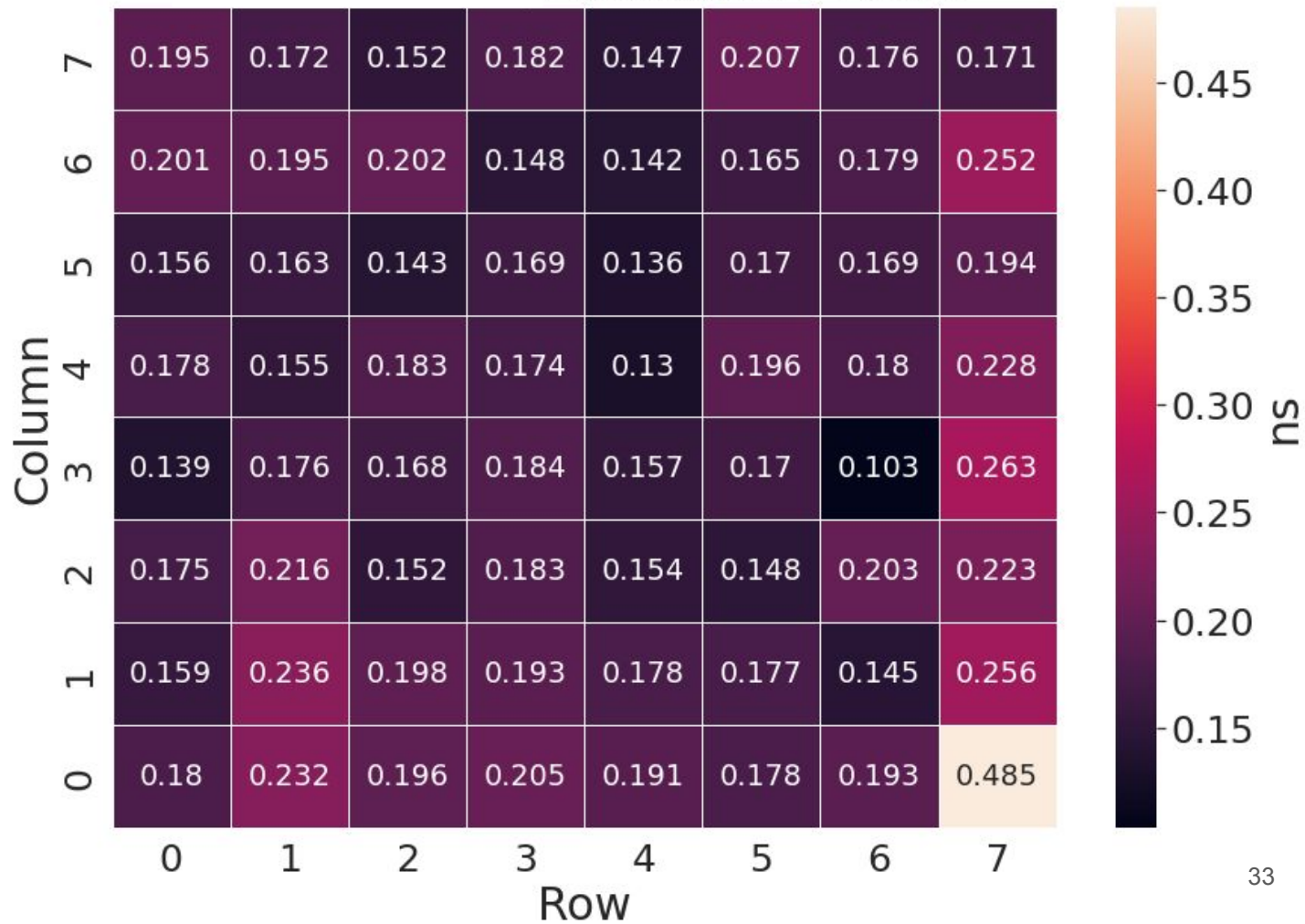
# Measurements: Time resolution scans 1.6-2.8 V

- 200 Waveforms per pixel
- Laser amplitude 2.4 V
- Changing attenuator
- No clear difference between the two types of pixels

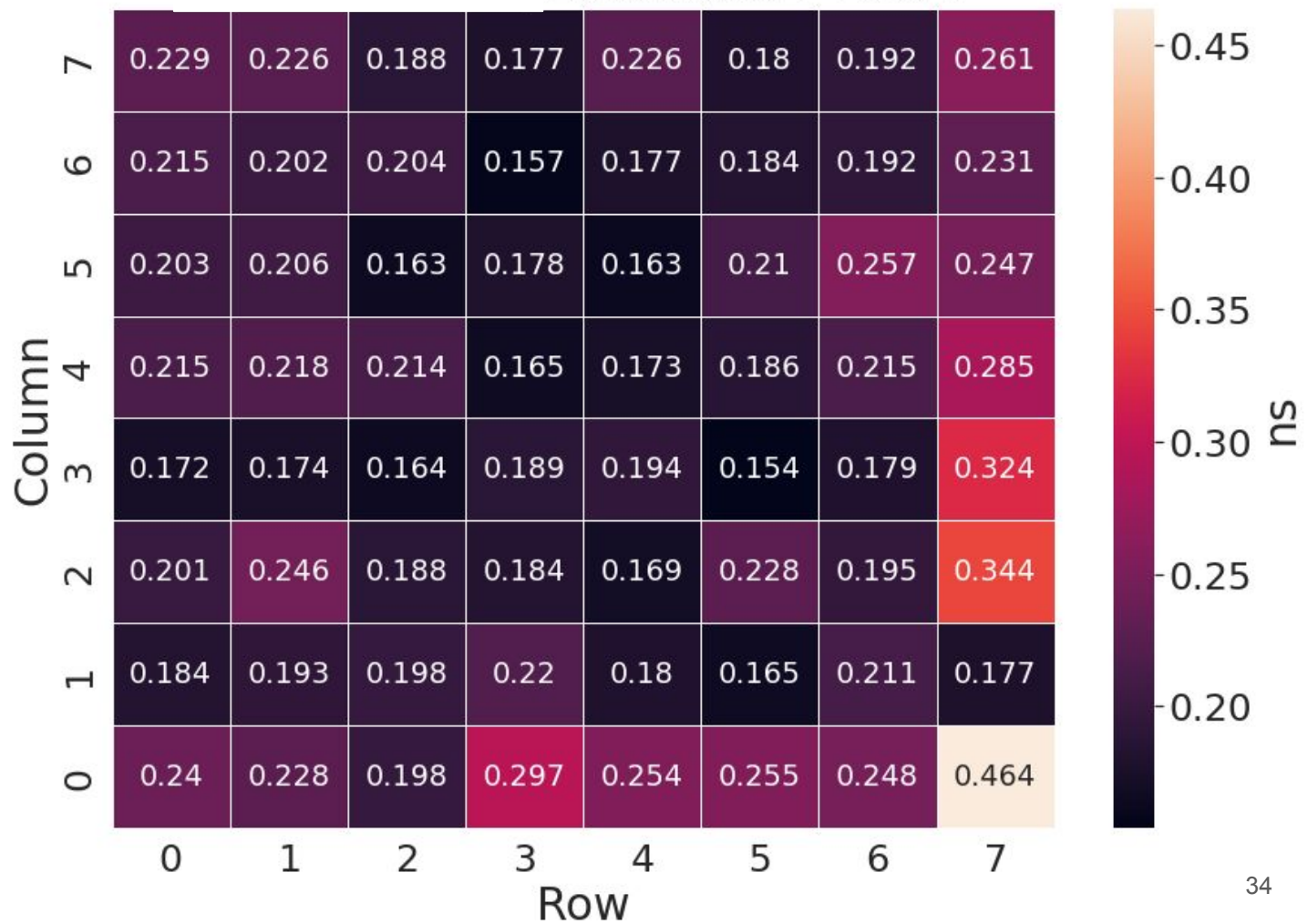




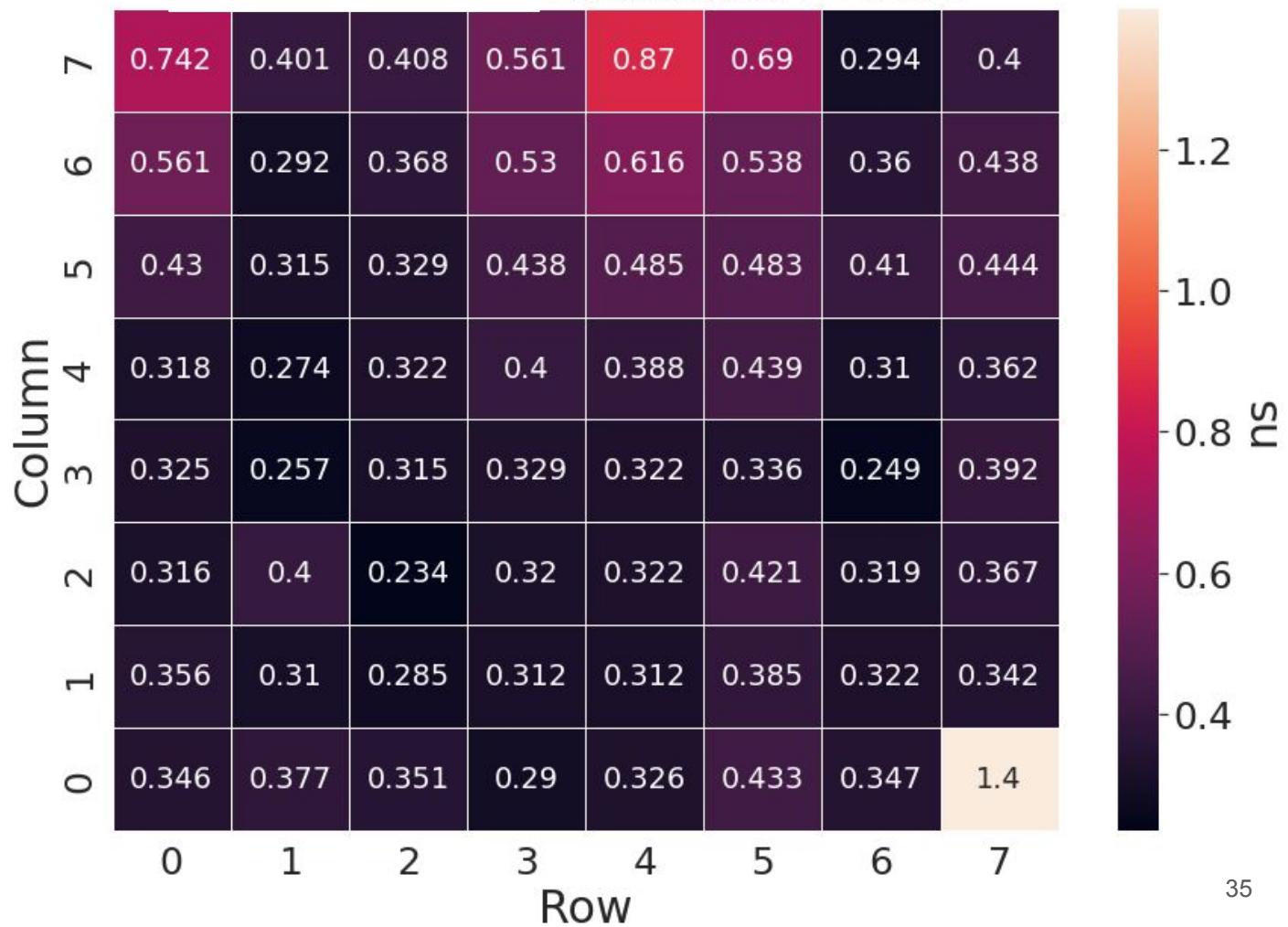
Attenuator = 1.8 V



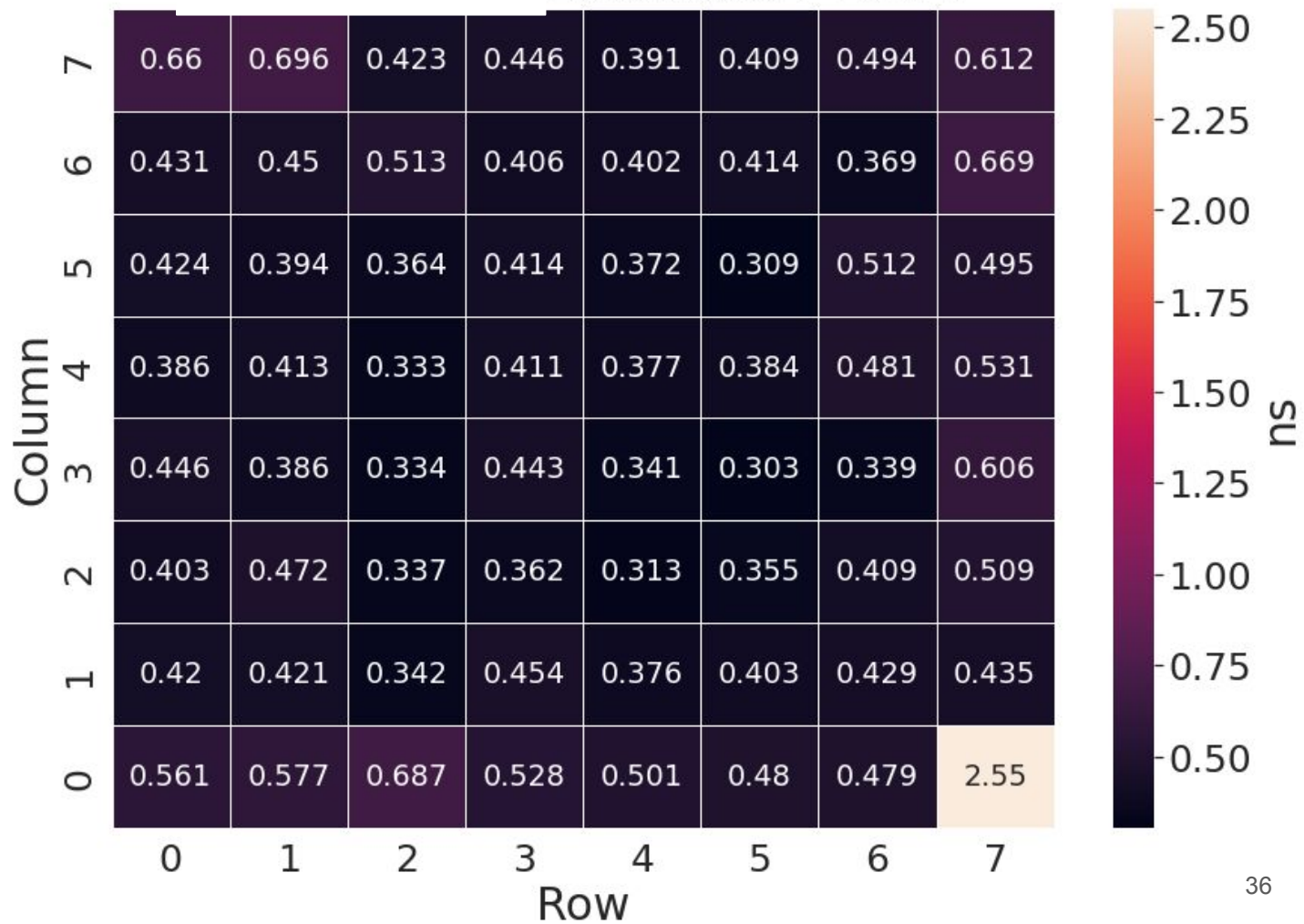
Attenuator = 2.0 V



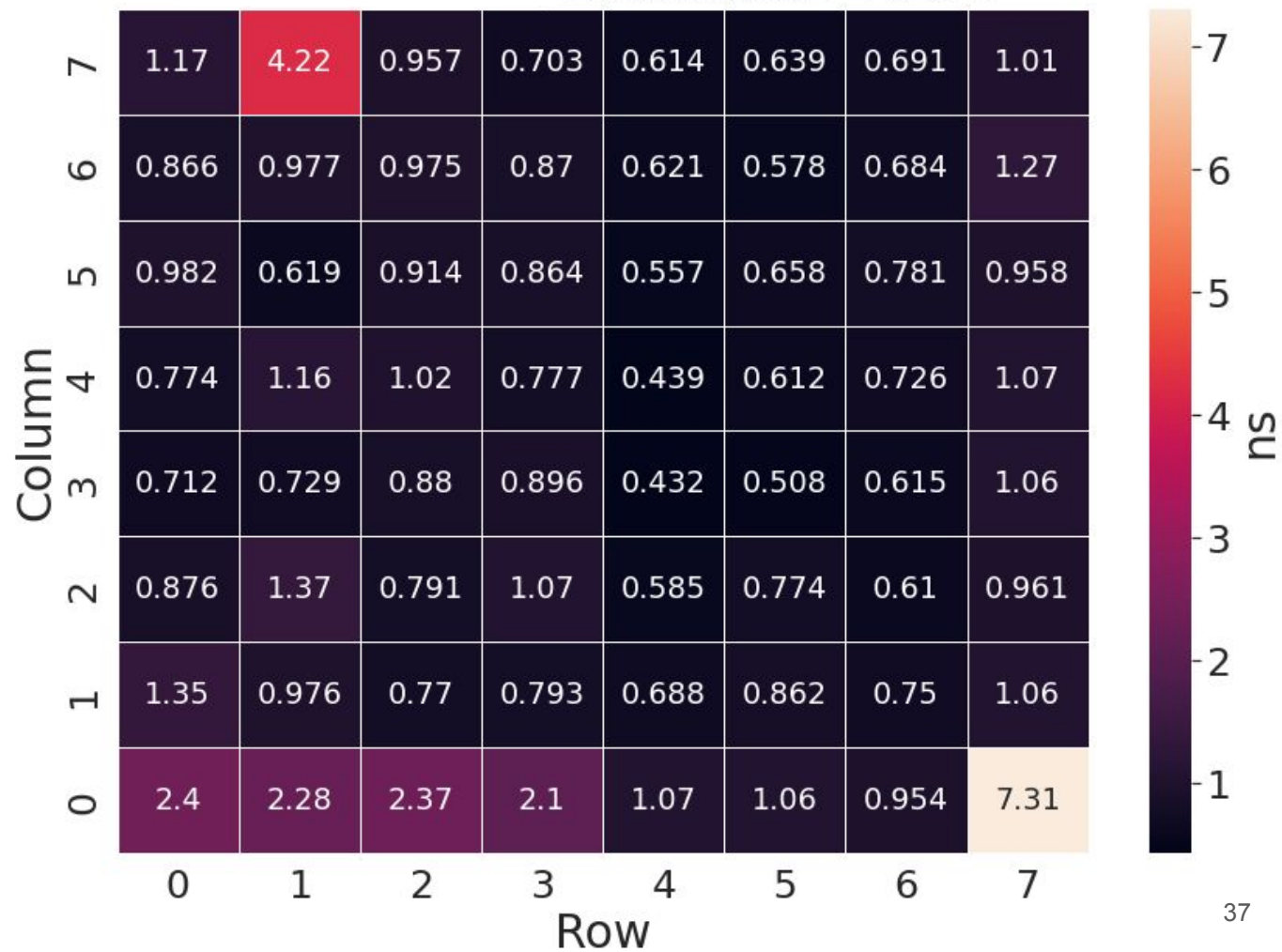
Attenuator = 2.2 V



Attenuator = 2.4 V



Attenuator = 2.6 V

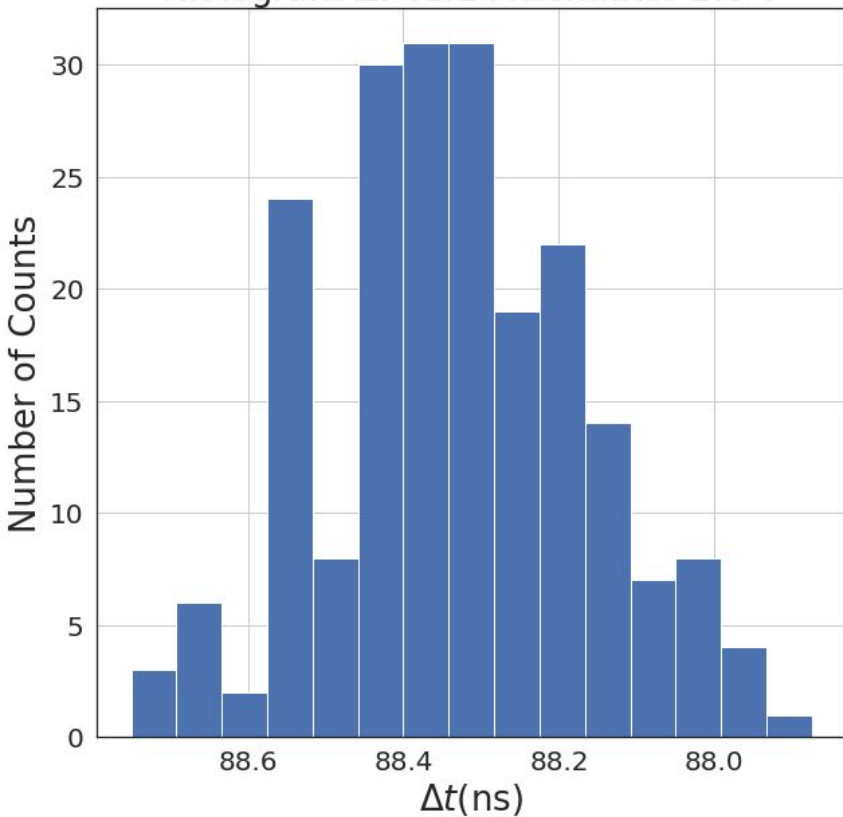


# Time resolution

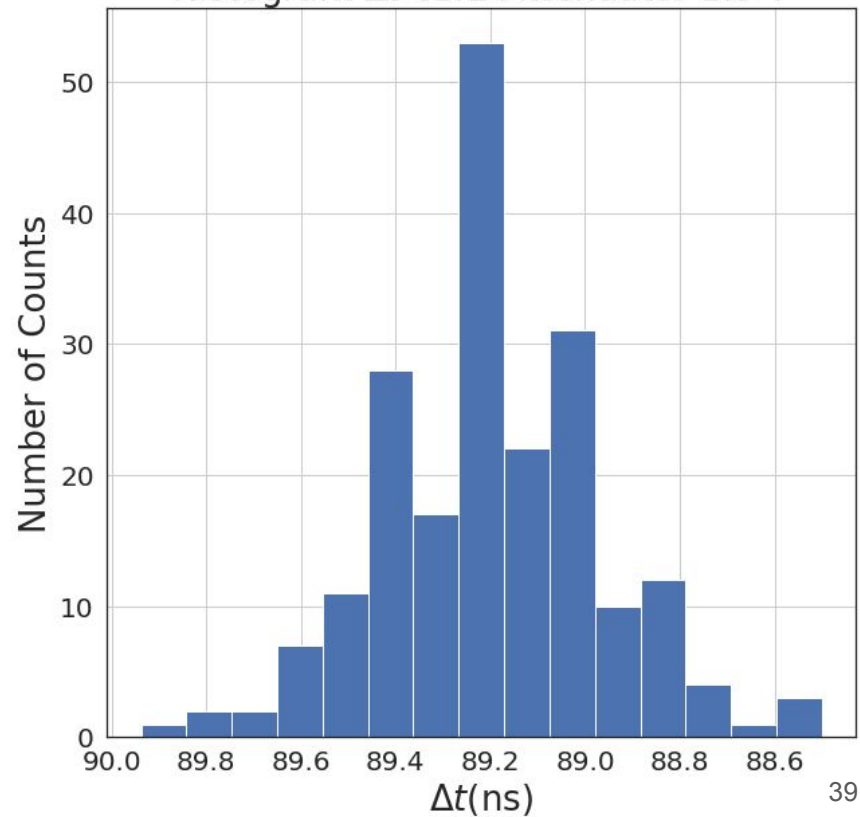
- Due to the fact the laser was used during measurements there are some variations to the maps. Meaning that with a decrease of intensity we saw for some pixels a decrease in time resolution this was the case for the following measurements:
  - 1.6-1.8: c1r2 c2r5 c2r1 c3r6 c4r0 c4r6 c5r5 c5r6 c7r3
  - 1.8-2.0: c0r7 c1r1 c1r5 c1r7 c2r6 c3r1 c3r2 c3r5 c4r3 c4r5 c6r7
  - 2.2-2.4: c2r4 c3r5 c4r4 c4r5 c5r0 c7r0 c7r4
- Some examples of these measurements can be seen at the next 2 slides

# Backup Slides: Histograms delta t

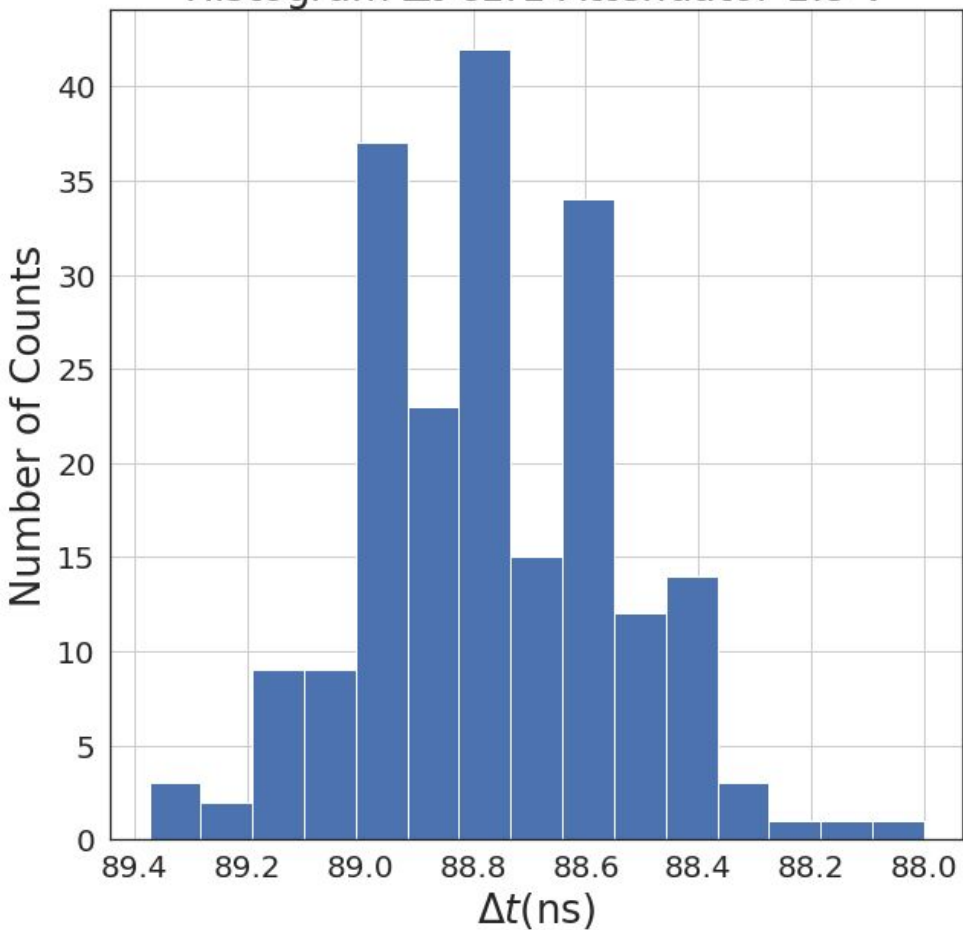
Histogram  $\Delta t$  c1r2 Attenuator 1.6 V



Histogram  $\Delta t$  c1r2 Attenuator 1.8 V



Histogram  $\Delta t$  c1r1 Attenuator 1.8 V



Histogram  $\Delta t$  c1r1 Attenuator 2.0 V

