

Precision Electroweak and top quark measurements

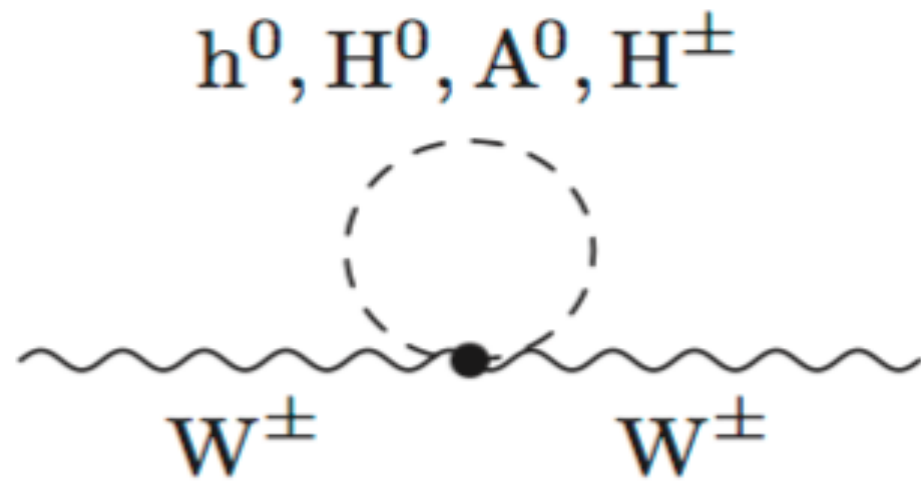
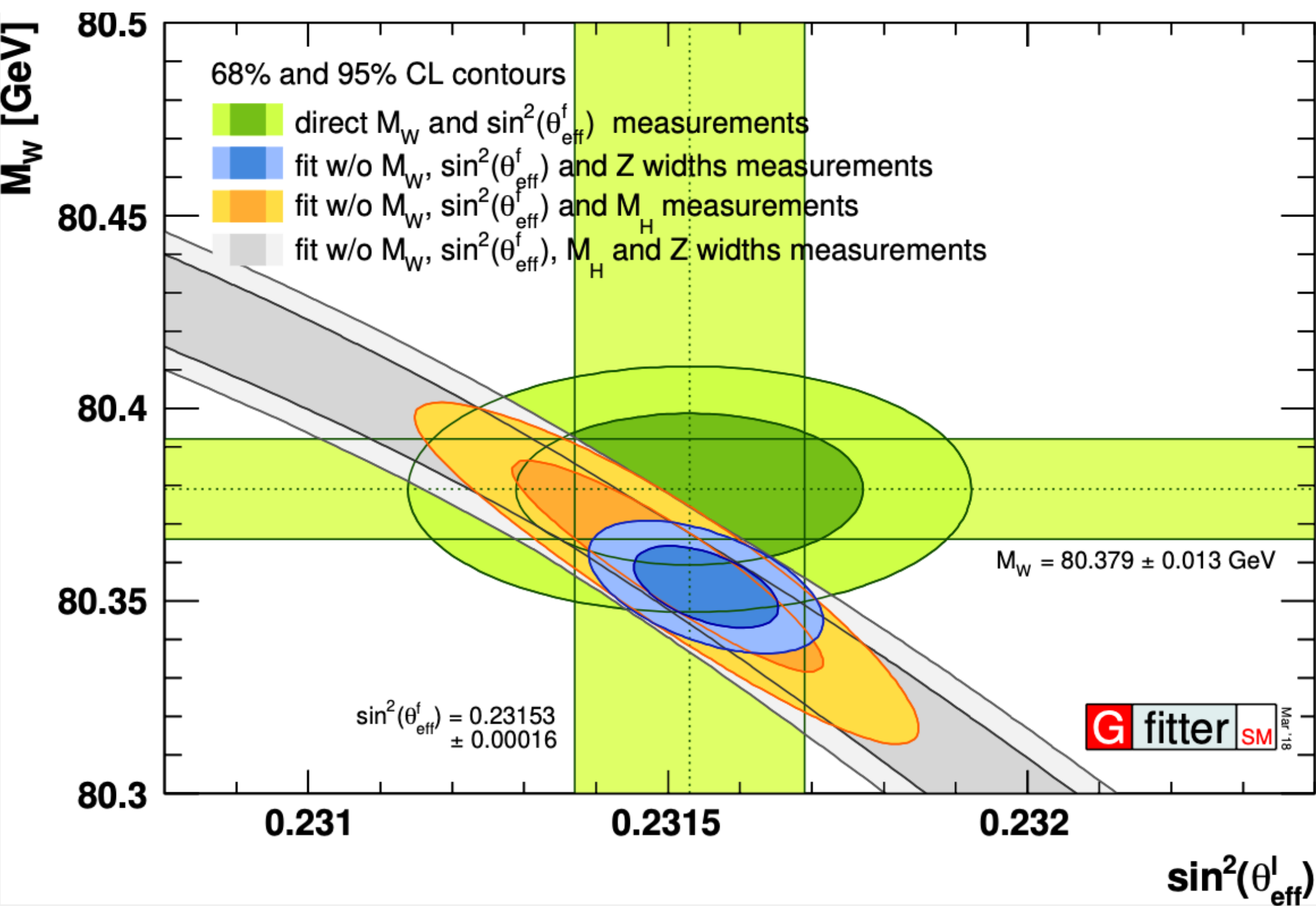
Andrew Gilbert

on behalf of the ATLAS, CMS and LHCb Collaborations

LHCP 2024 Boston | 5 June 2024

Motivation for precision EW & top measurements at the LHC

- Test the self-consistency of the SM
 - Electroweak sector over-constrained \Rightarrow identify tension between direct & indirect constraints on observables
 - Deviations may be due to new physics in higher order virtual corrections



E.g. predict M_W and $\sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}$:

$$M_W = \frac{M_Z^2}{2} \left(1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{8}\pi\alpha(1 + \Delta r)}{G_F M_Z^2}} \right)$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} = \sin^2 \theta_W (1 + \Delta\kappa)$$

$$= (1 - M_W^2/M_Z^2)(1 + \Delta\kappa)$$

\leftarrow and compare to measurements

[1]

W and Z measurements

W and Z cross sections measurements

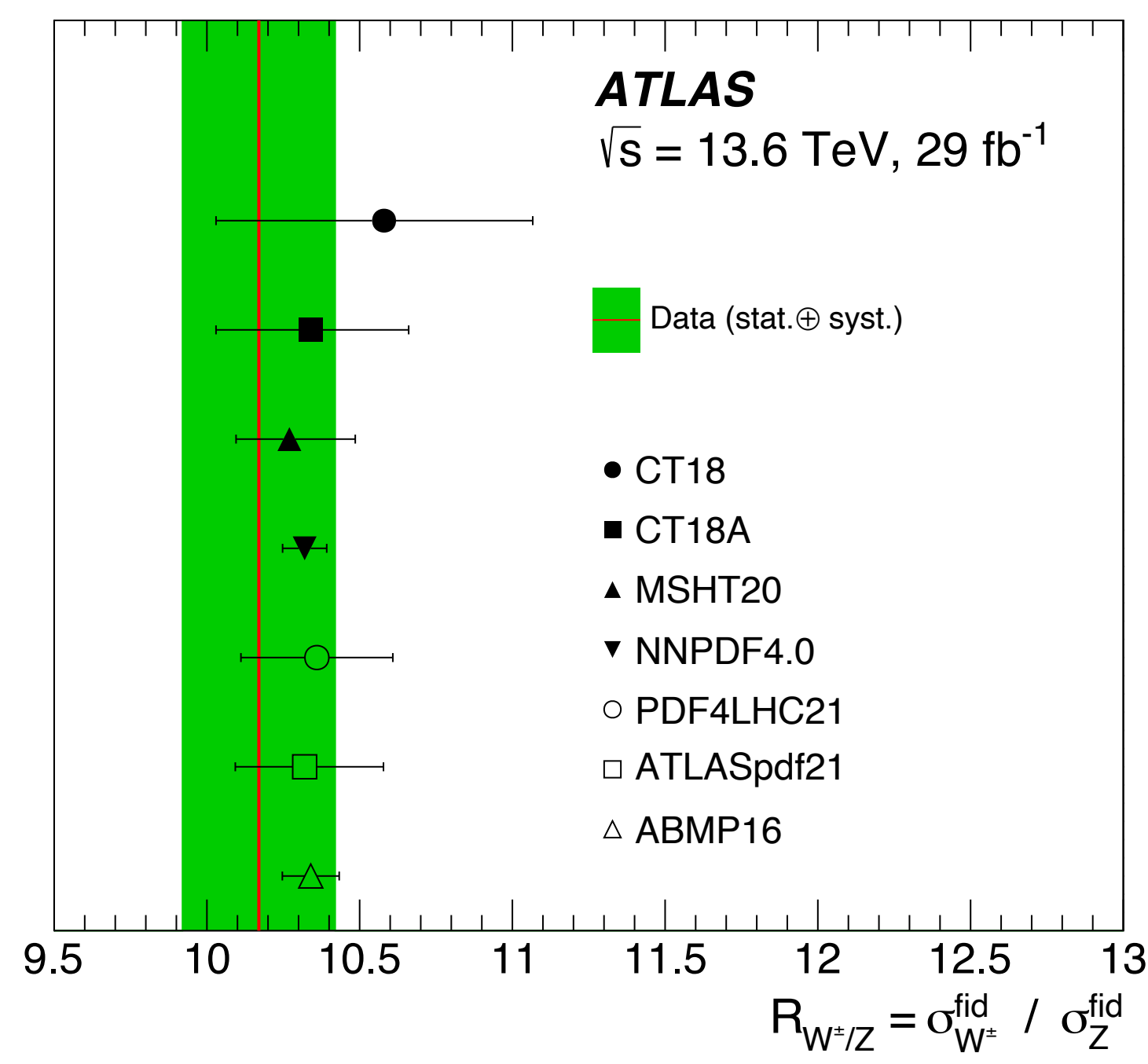
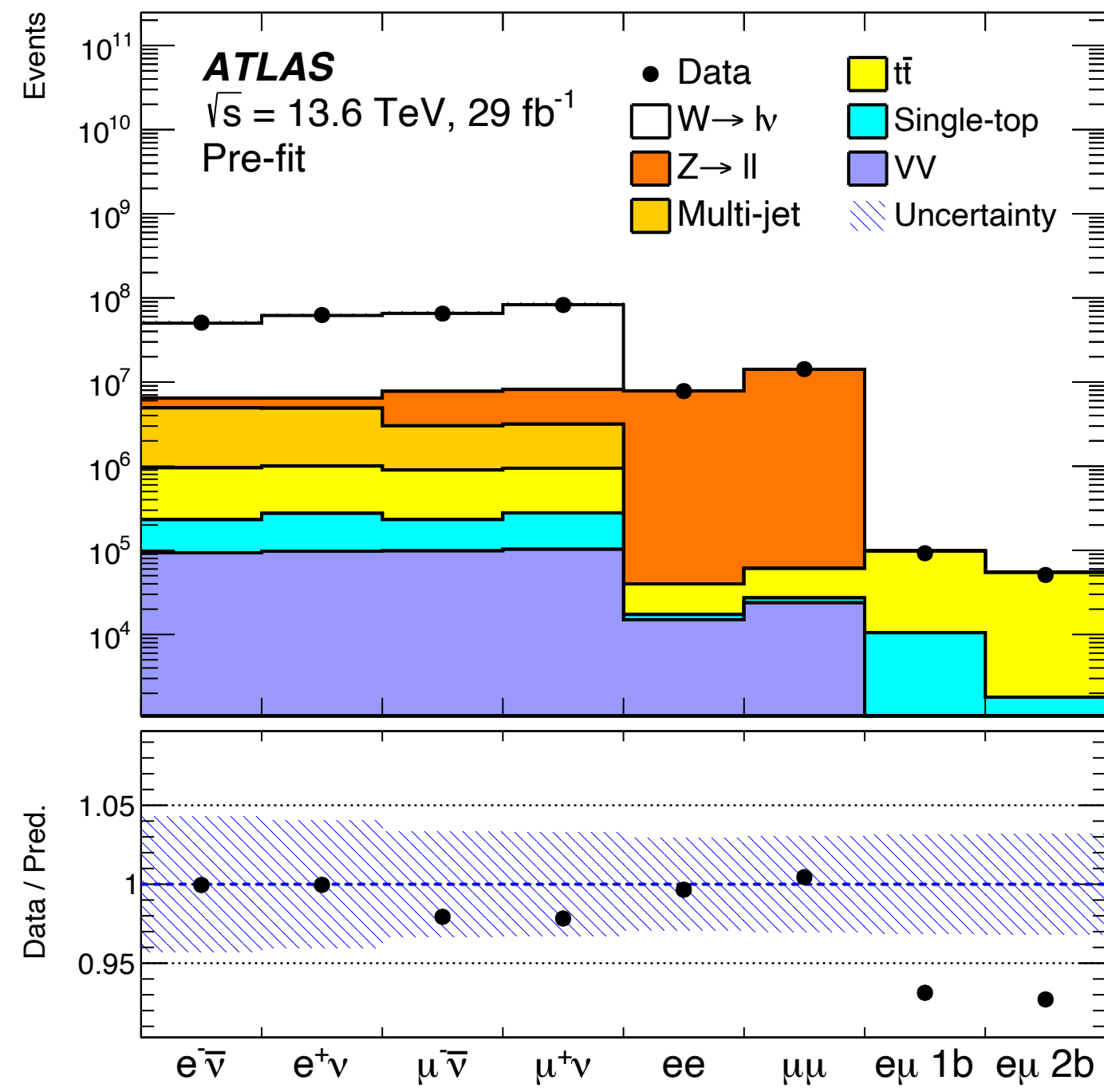
- Fundamental measurements and crucial validation of **Run 3** data

- Recent measurement of σ_W and σ_Z (and their ratio) from ATLAS

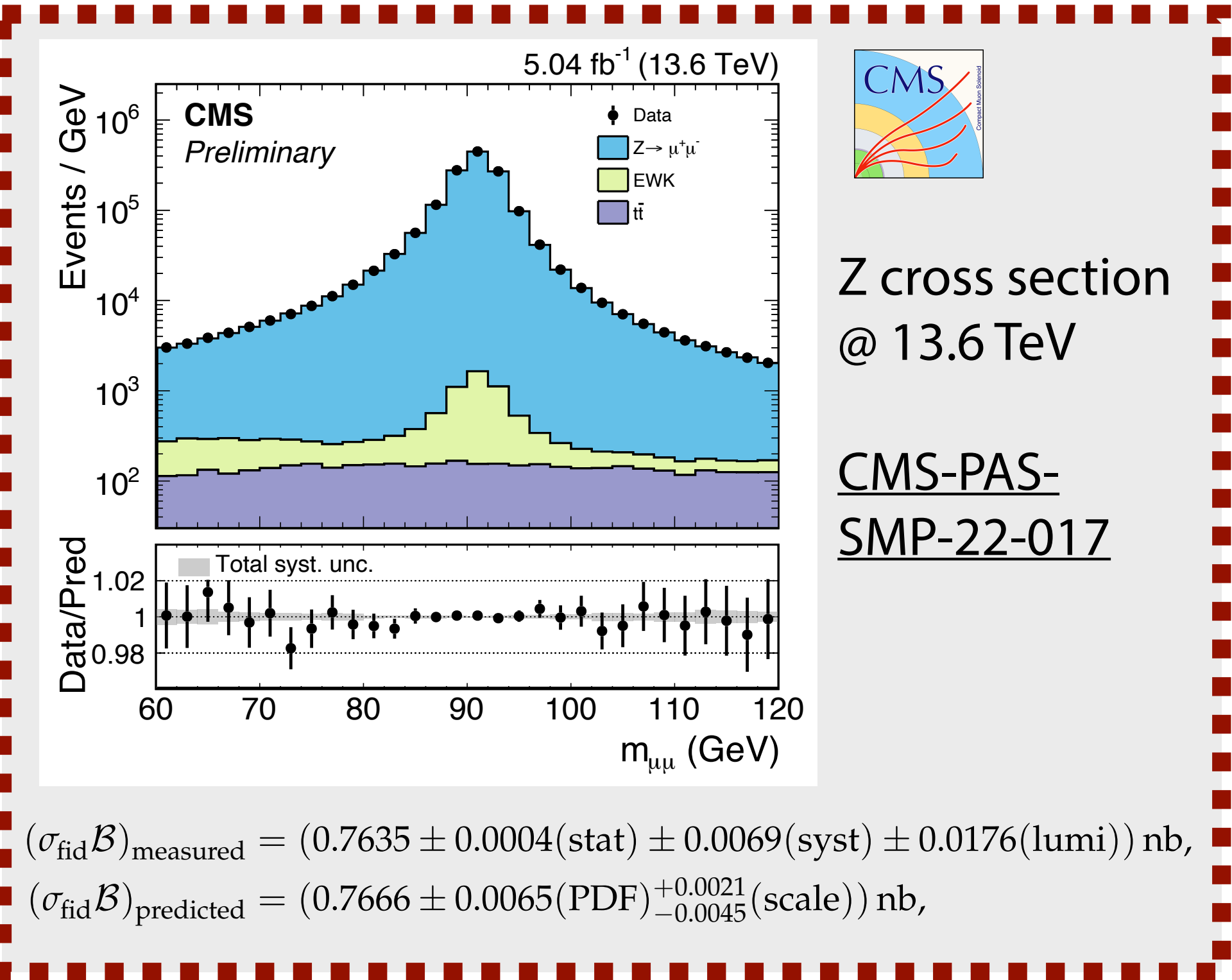


- Extracted from simultaneous fit to W/Z/t \bar{t} regions
- For absolute σ , lumi uncertainty dominates, for ratios: nonprompt & lepton eff.

arXiv:2403.12902 (submitted to PLB)

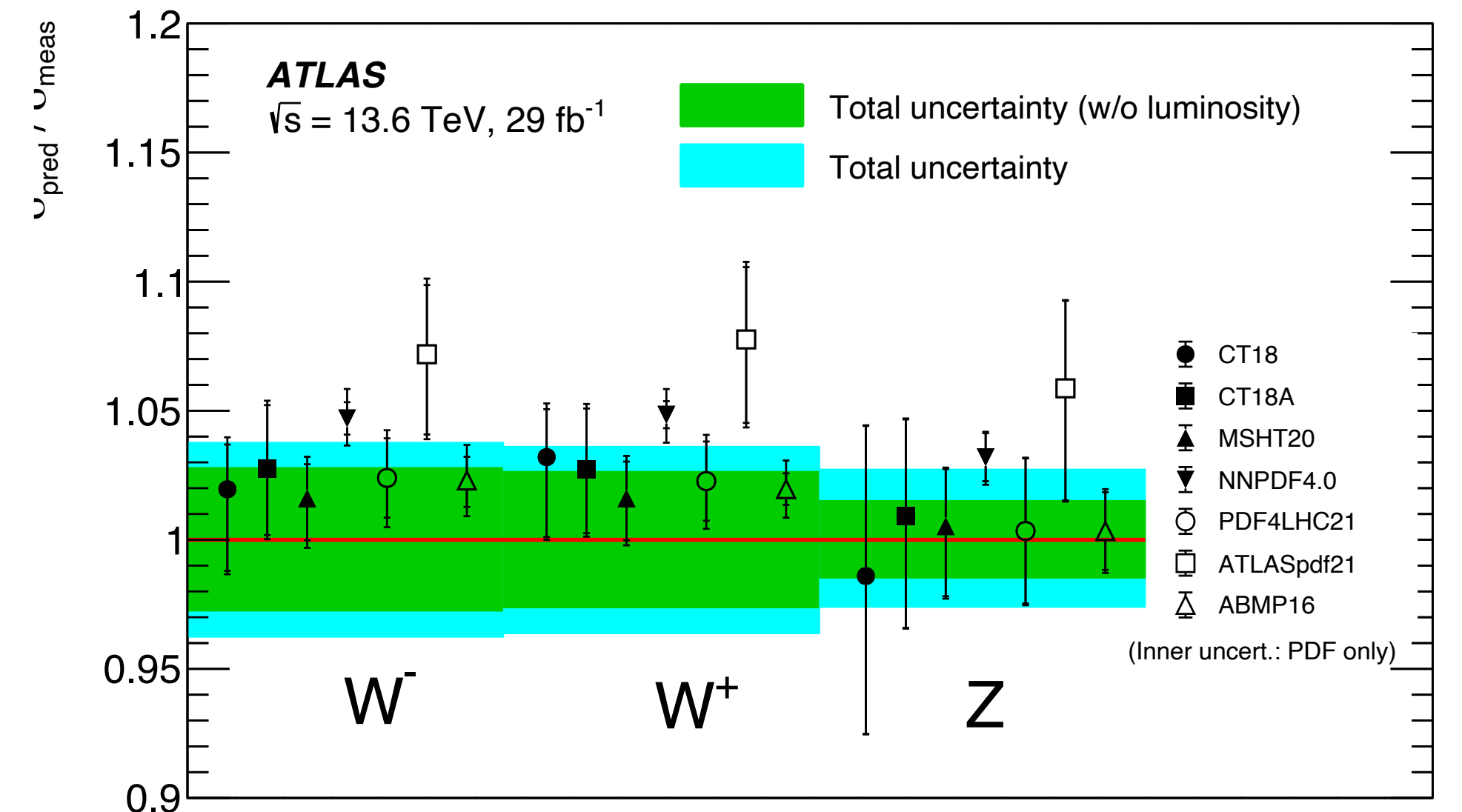


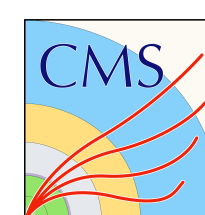
A. Gilbert (LLR)



$$(\sigma_{\text{fid}} \mathcal{B})_{\text{measured}} = (0.7635 \pm 0.0004(\text{stat}) \pm 0.0069(\text{syst}) \pm 0.0176(\text{lumi})) \text{ nb},$$

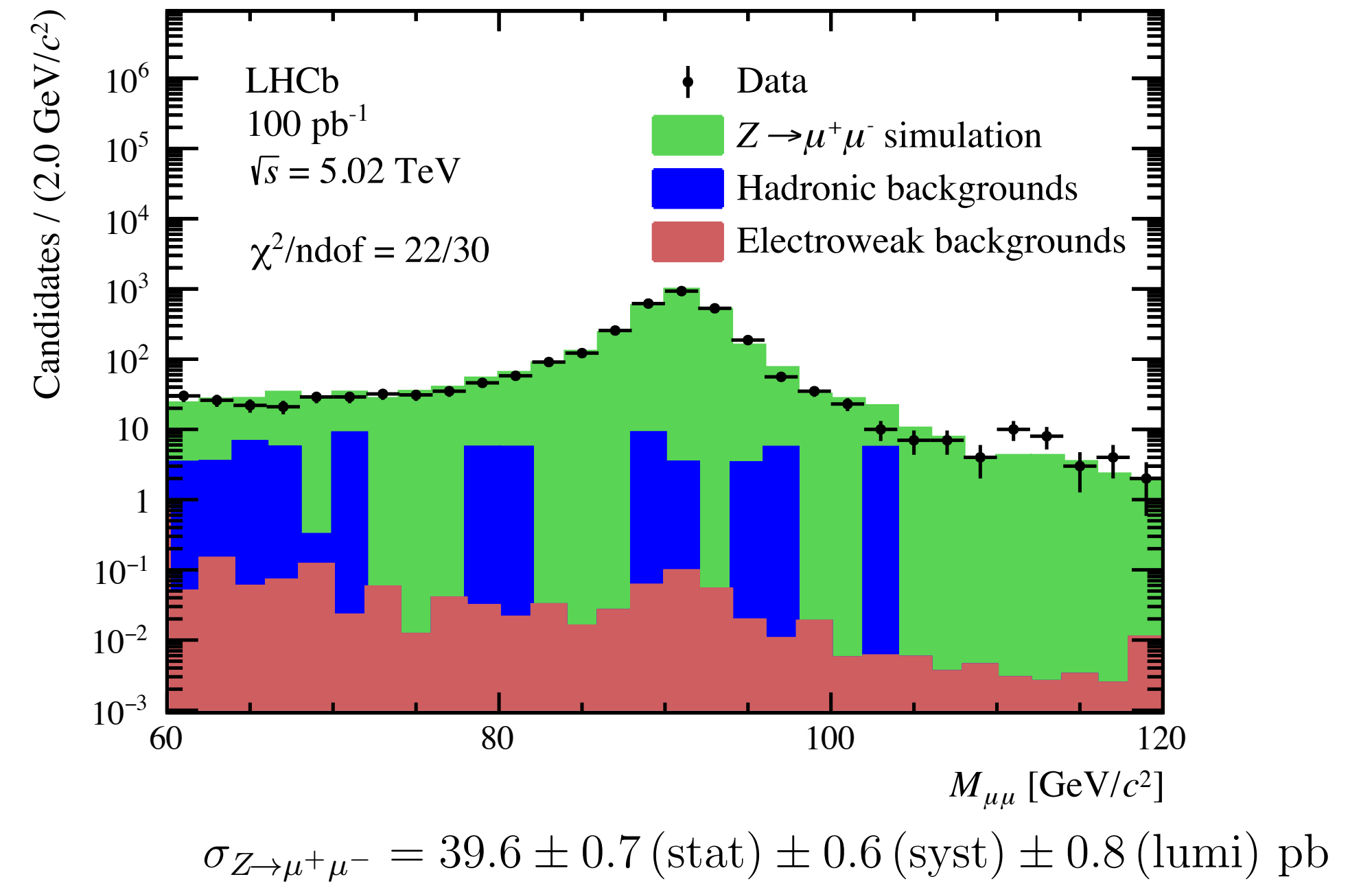
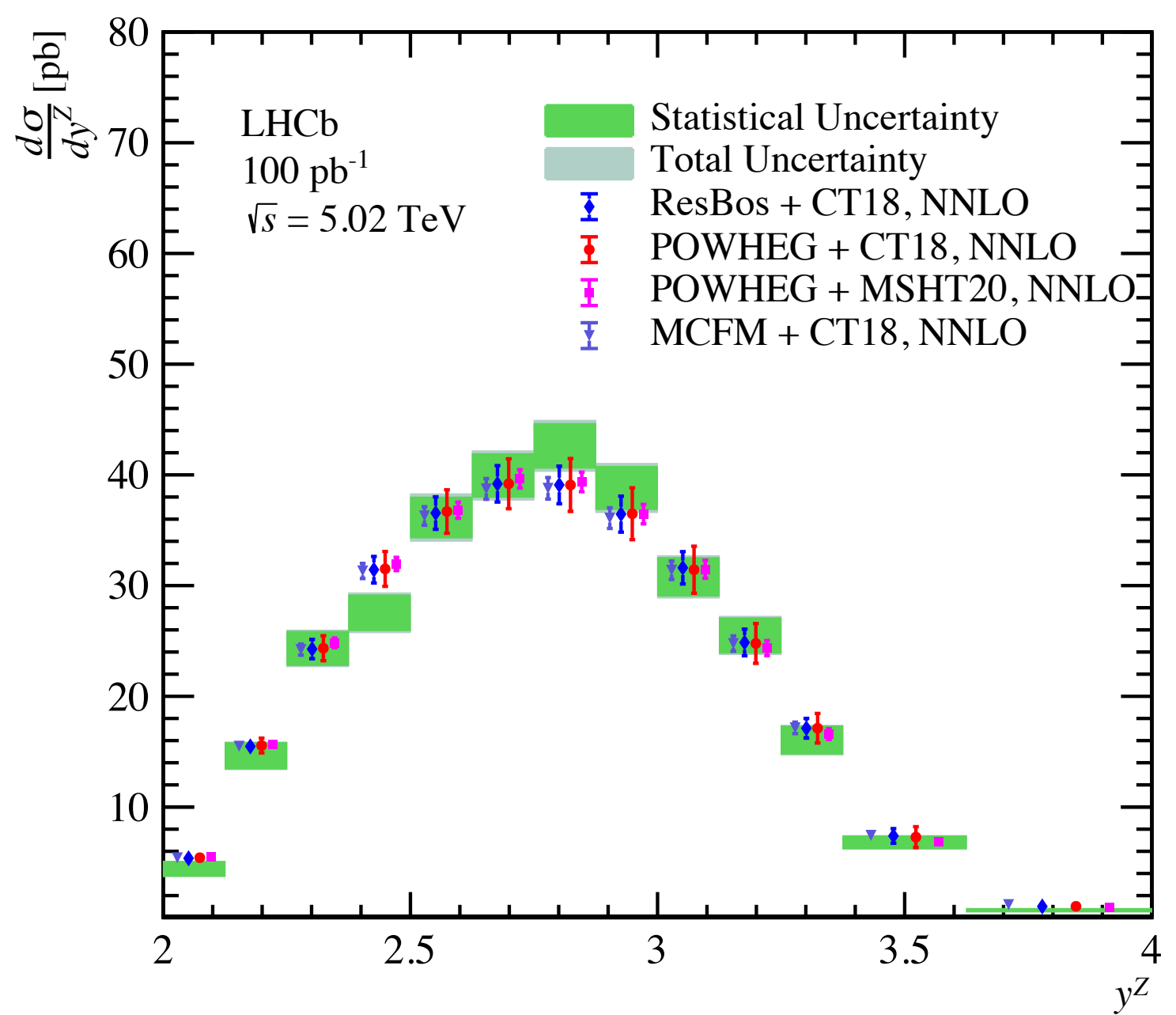
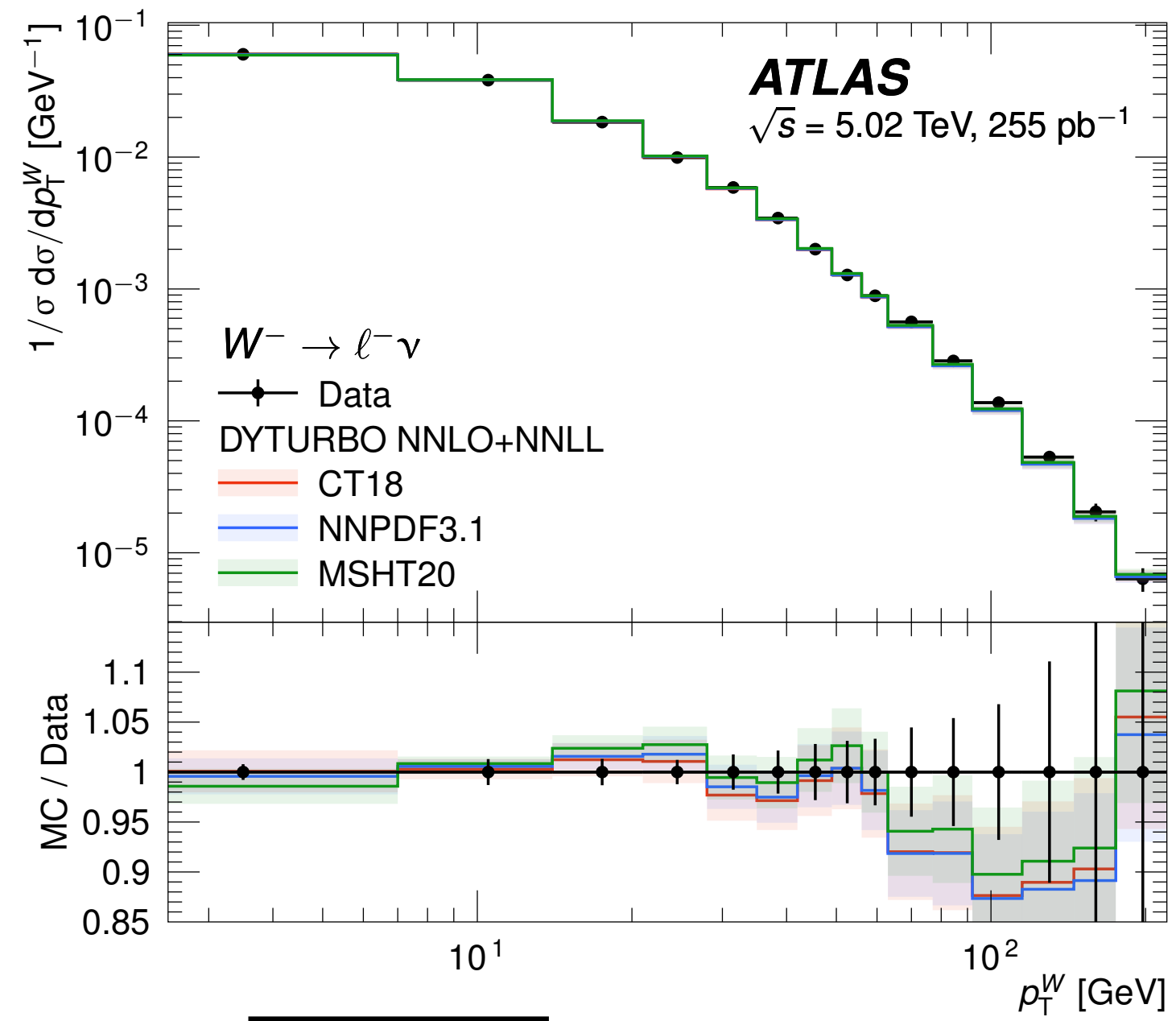
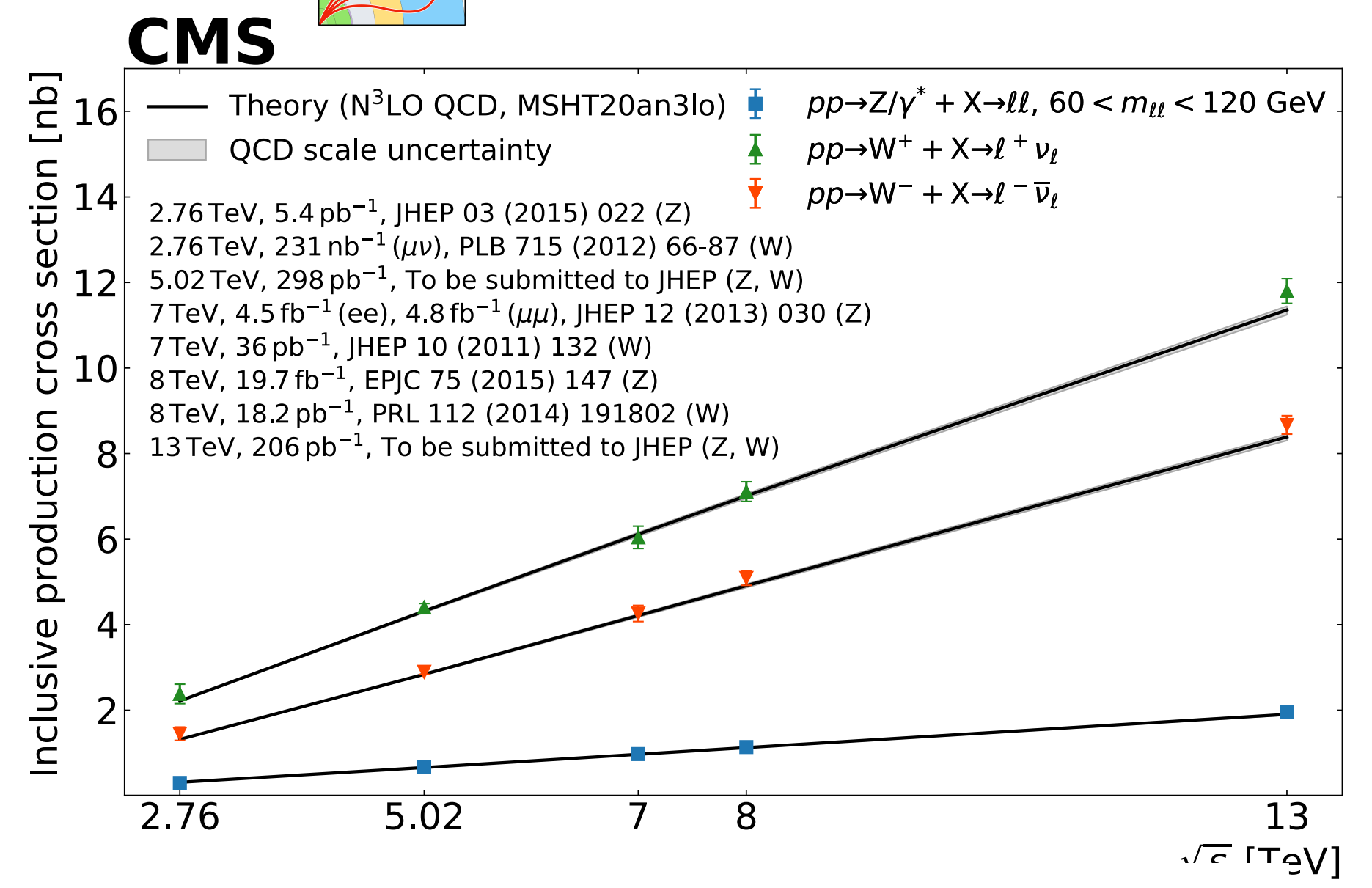
$$(\sigma_{\text{fid}} \mathcal{B})_{\text{predicted}} = (0.7666 \pm 0.0065(\text{PDF})^{+0.0021}_{-0.0045}(\text{scale})) \text{ nb},$$



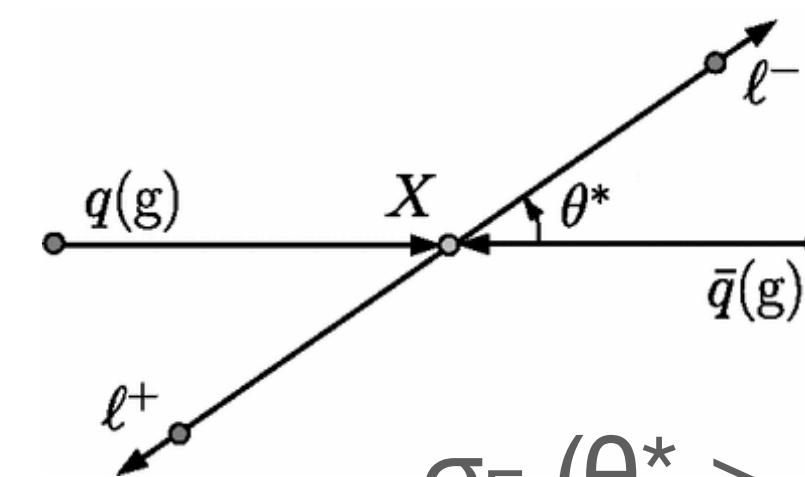
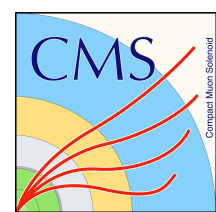


W and Z cross sections measurements

- Also measured in special LHC runs
 - 200-350 pb⁻¹ at 5 and 13 TeV for ATLAS + CMS, 100 pb⁻¹ for LHCb at 5 TeV
- Lower pileup mitigates degradation of certain observables
 - E.g. variables dependent on p_T^{miss}: **p_T^W**, **m_T^W**
- Precise measurements of cross sections, ratios and differential distributions
 - Validation of theory **p_T^W** especially important for m_W



Measurement of $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$



$$\sigma_F (\theta^* > 0)$$

$$\sigma_B (\theta^* < 0)$$

- Fundamental EW parameter: $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell = (1 - m_W^2/m_Z^2)\kappa^\ell$

- Measured via $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ll$, asymmetry in lepton decay angle: $1 + \cos^2 \theta + 0.5A_0(1 - 3 \cos^2 \theta) + A_4 \cos \theta$

- Recent CMS measurement at 13 TeV

- $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ measured via A_{FB} (similar to previous Run 1 approach)

- New: unfolded A_4 (for future reinterpretation)

$$\rightarrow A_{\text{FB}} = 3/8 A_4$$

$$A_{\text{FB}} = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B}$$

- Strong dependence on PDFs

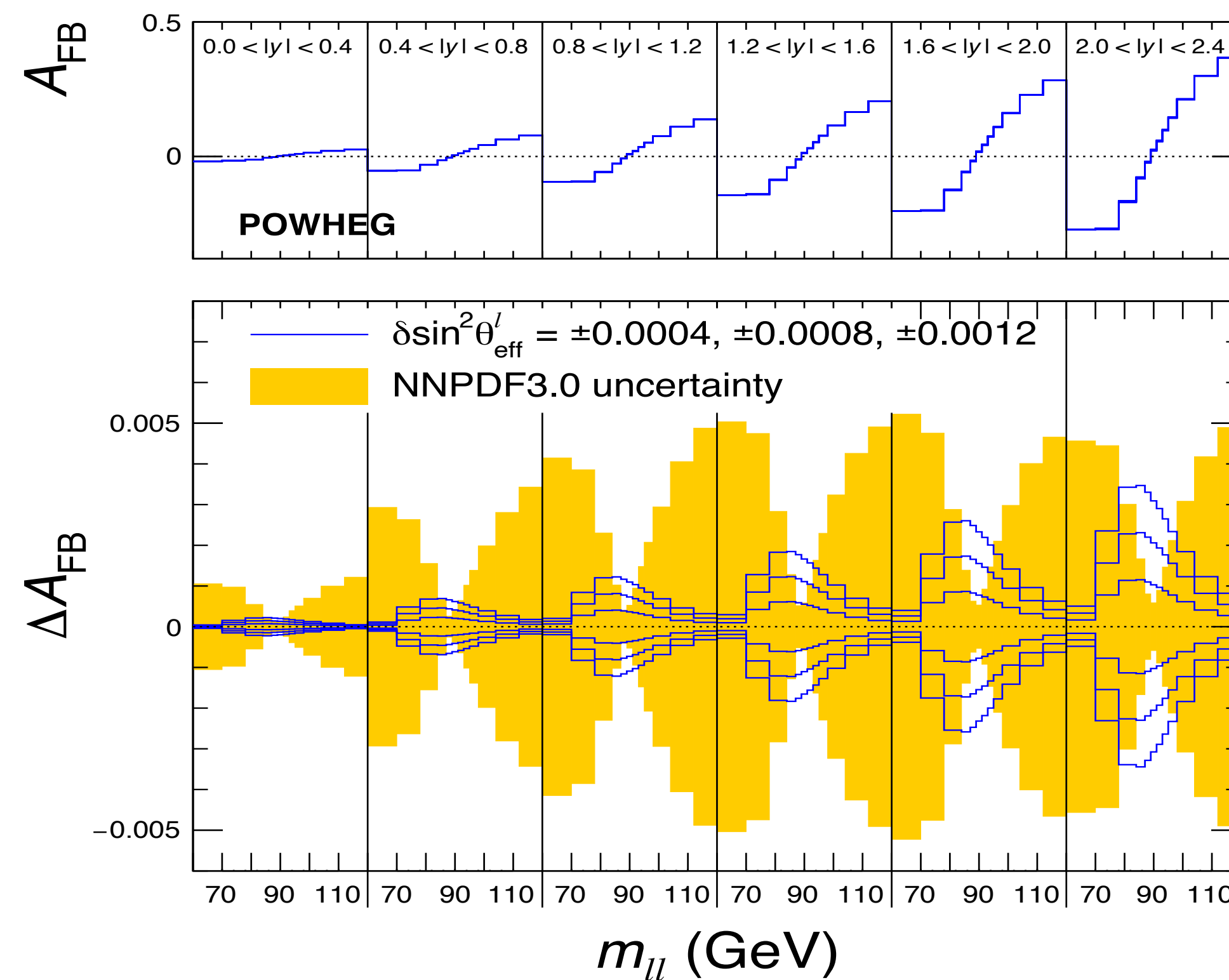
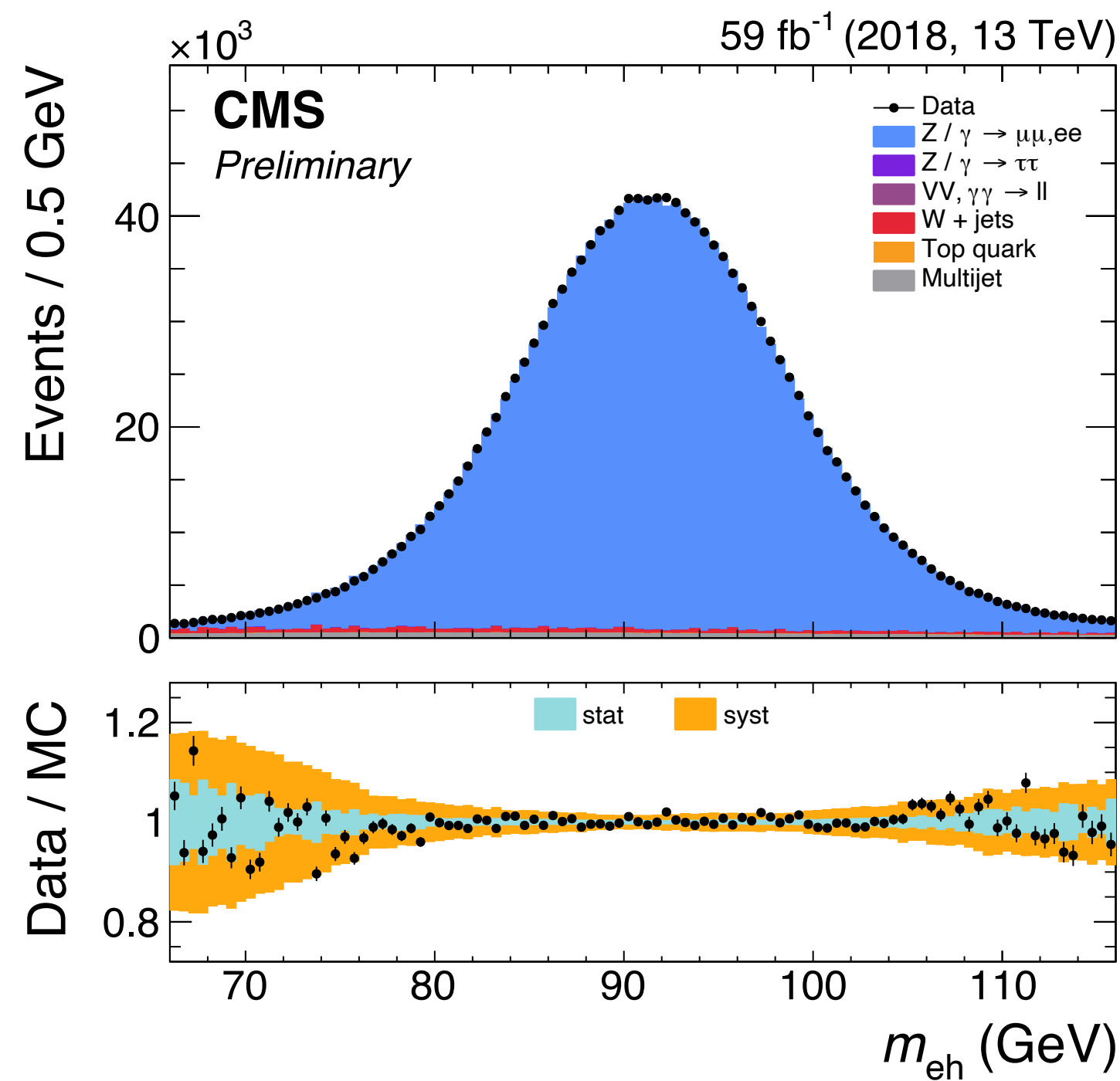
- Profile in $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ fits

- Adds reconstruction of electrons outside tracker acceptance for increased A_{FB} sensitivity

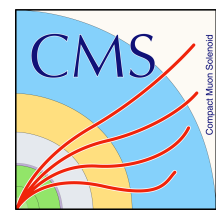
- e: $|\eta| < 2.5$

- g: $2.5 < |\eta| < 2.87$ (fwd. ECAL)

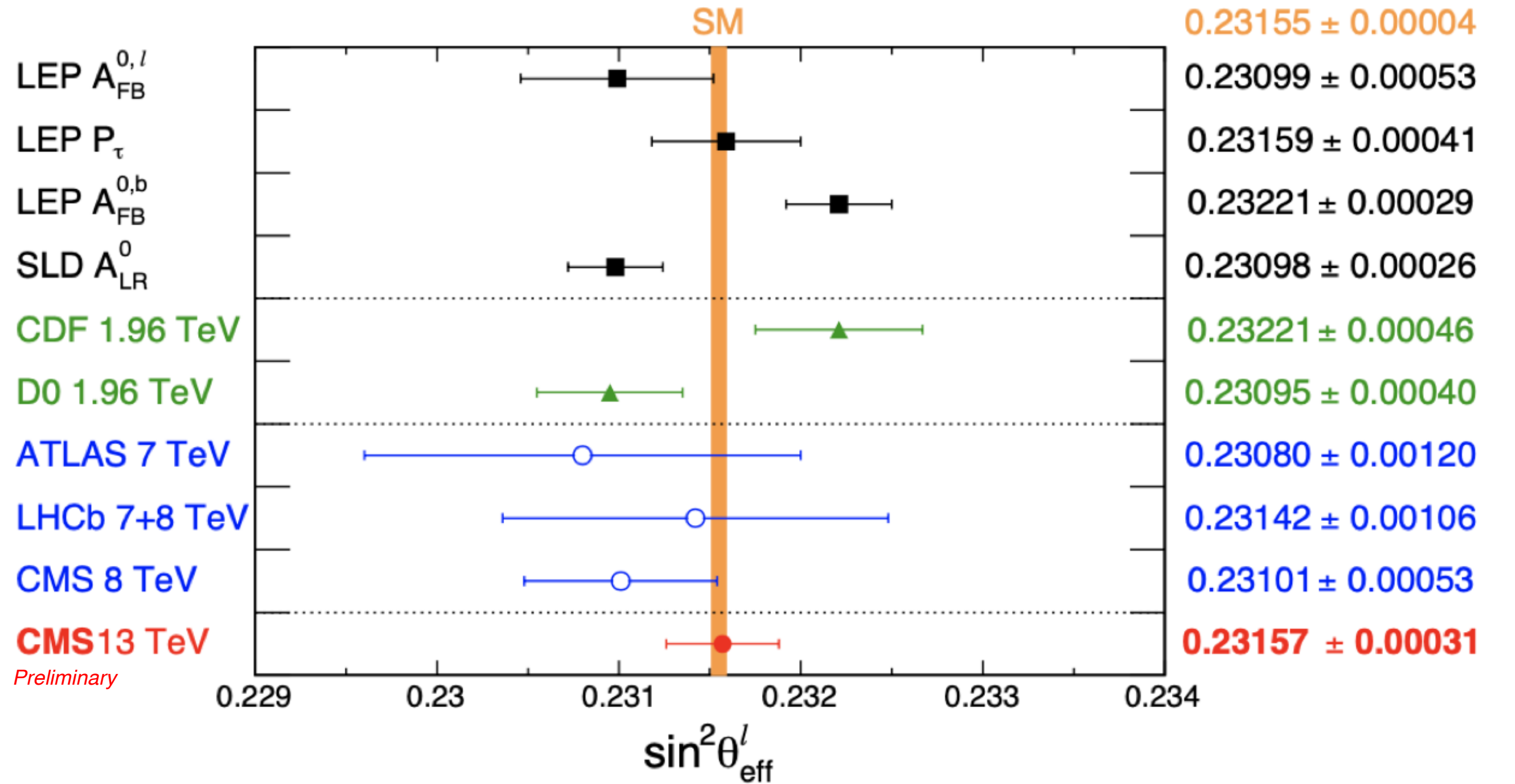
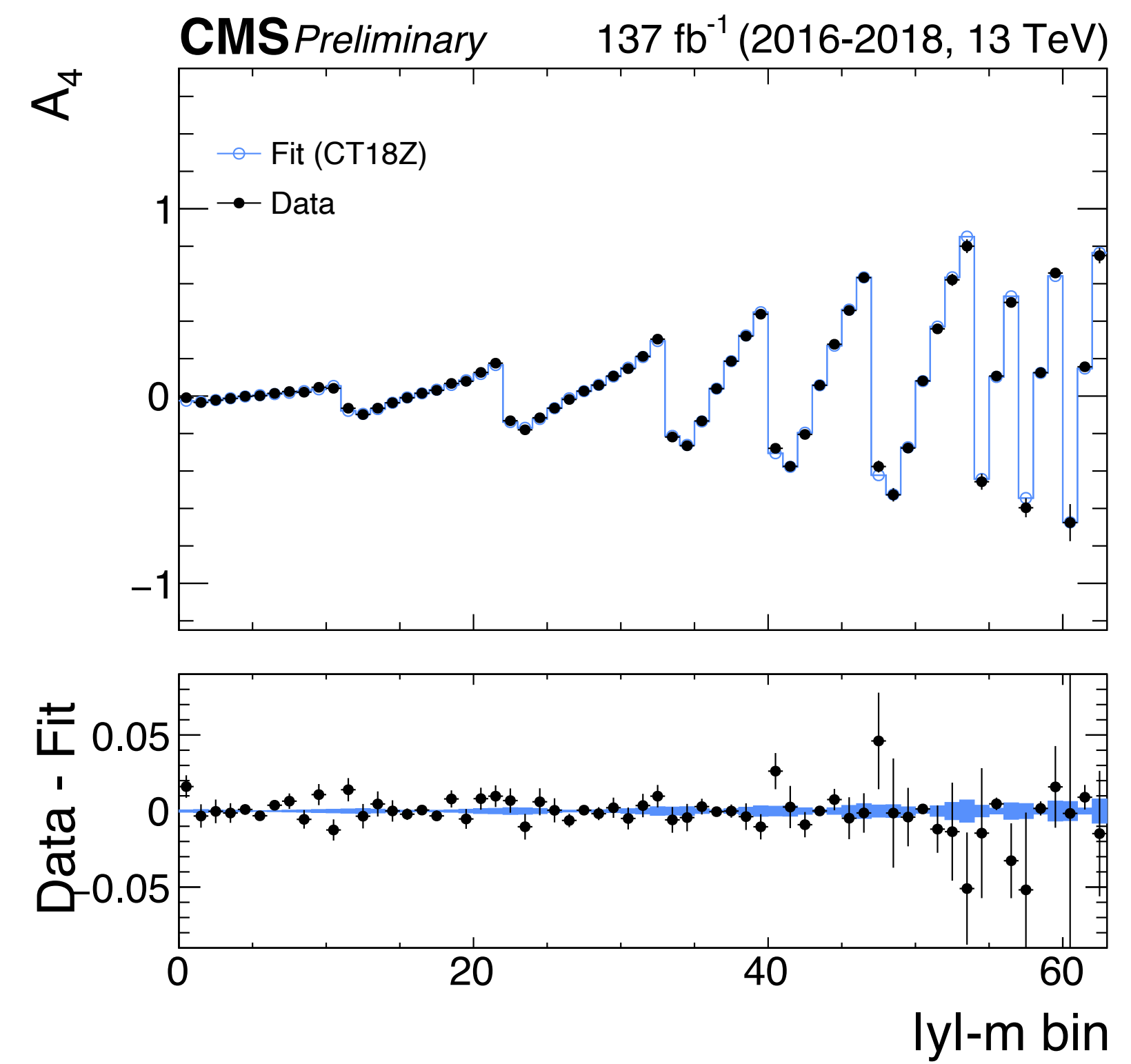
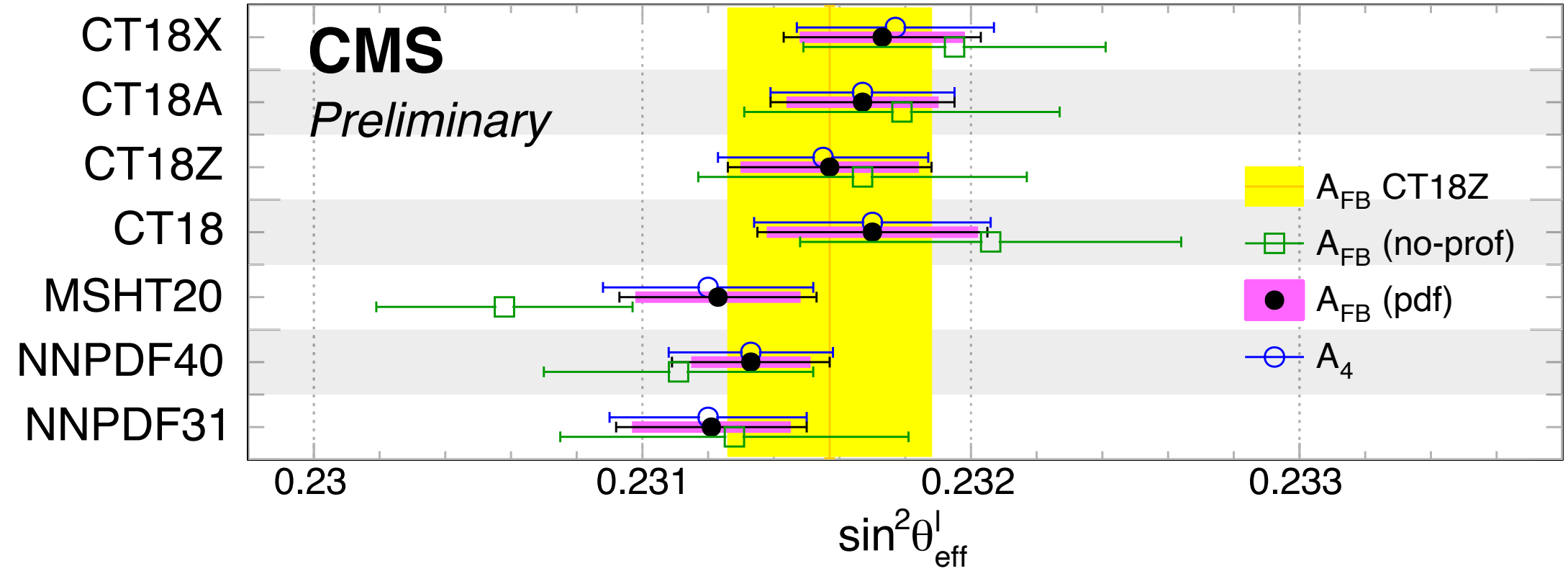
- h: $3.14 < |\eta| < 4.36$ (fwd. HCAL)



Measurement of $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell}$



- Consistent results for A_{FB} , A_4 and direct $\cos\theta$ fits
 - PDF profiling reduces differences between PDF sets
 - CT18Z chosen (pre-unblinding) for nominal result - best coverage of other PDF central values



Best hadron collider measurement, approaching LEP and SLD:

See also: ATLAS 8 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2018-037]
 $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell} = 0.23140 \pm 0.00036$

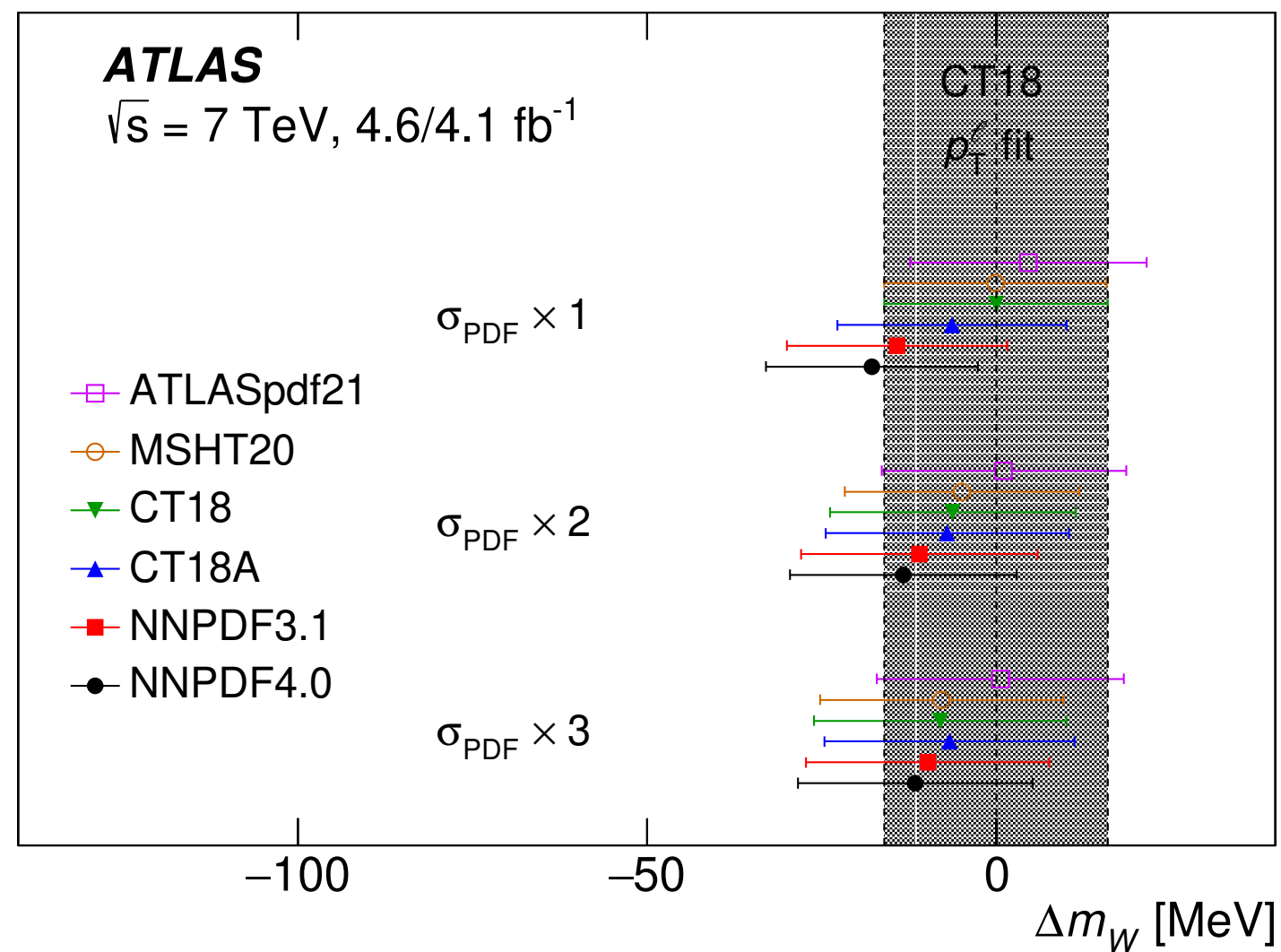
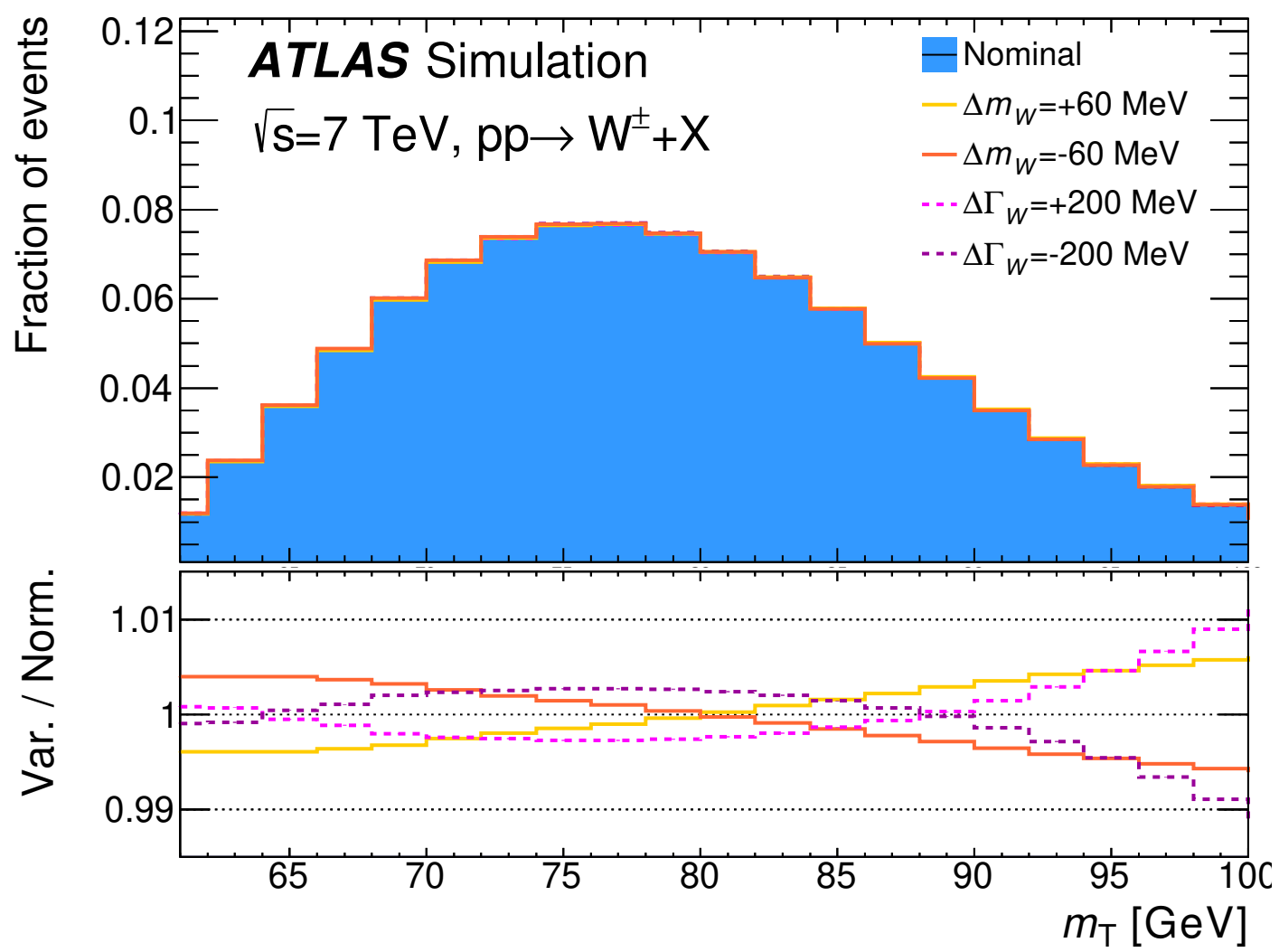
$$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell} = 0.23157 \pm 0.00010(\text{stat}) \pm 0.00015(\text{syst}) \pm 0.00009(\text{theo}) \pm 0.00027(\text{pdf})$$

W boson mass



arXiv:2403.15085 (submitted to EPJC)

- m_W precision of $\Delta m_W = 6$ MeV from global EW fits
- Challenging measurement at hadron colliders
 - Most precise CDF measurement in significant tension with SM prediction and other experimental results
- Update to the ATLAS analysis (wrt. preliminary 2023):
 - Γ_W assumed SM with EW fit uncertainty (+6.5 MeV shift)
 - New PDF approach: inflate external uncertainties
 - \Rightarrow reduced tension between PDF sets

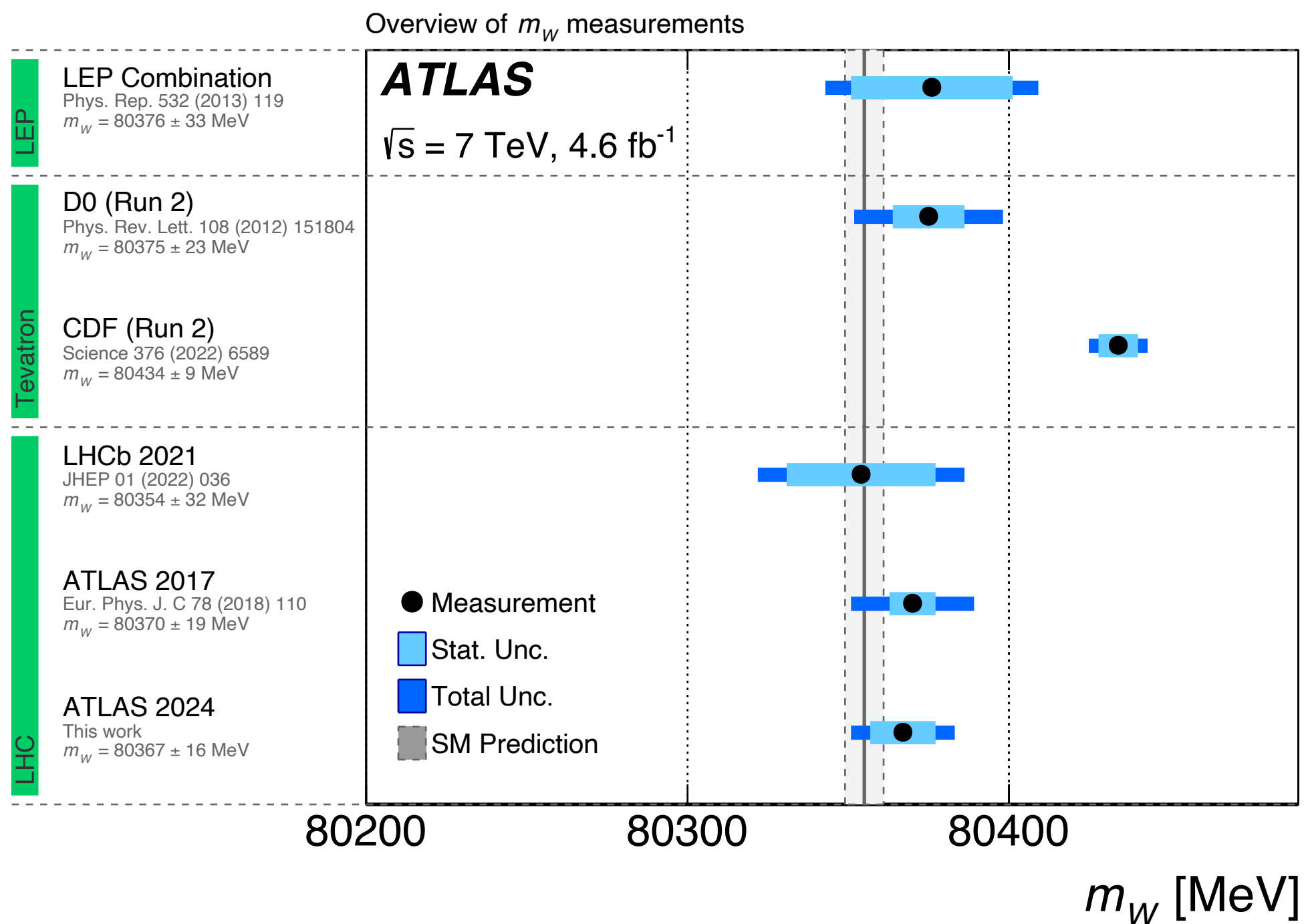


- Profile likelihood fits to p_T^{ℓ} and $m_T \Rightarrow$ also sensitive to Γ_W

m_W uncertainties

Unc. [MeV]	Total	Stat.	Syst.	PDF	A_i	Backg.	EW	e	μ	u_T	Lumi	Γ_W	PS
p_T^{ℓ}	16.2	11.1	11.8	4.9	3.5	1.7	5.6	5.9	5.4	0.9	1.1	0.1	1.5
m_T	24.4	11.4	21.6	11.7	4.7	4.1	4.9	6.7	6.0	11.4	2.5	0.2	7.0
Combined	15.9	9.8	12.5	5.7	3.7	2.0	5.4	6.0	5.4	2.3	1.3	0.1	2.3

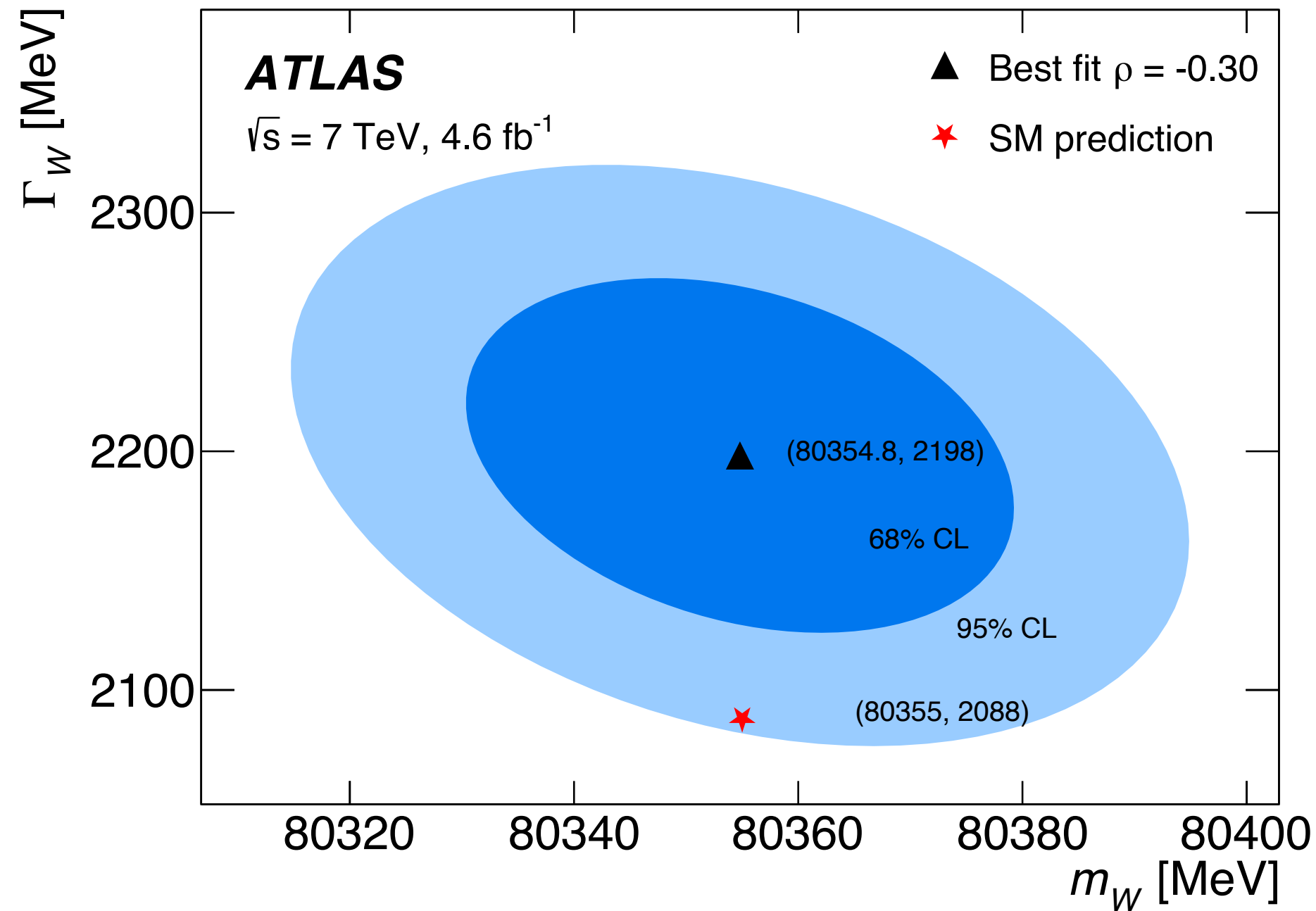
$m_W = 80366.5 \pm 9.8$ (stat.) ± 12.5 (syst.) MeV = 80366.5 ± 15.9 MeV



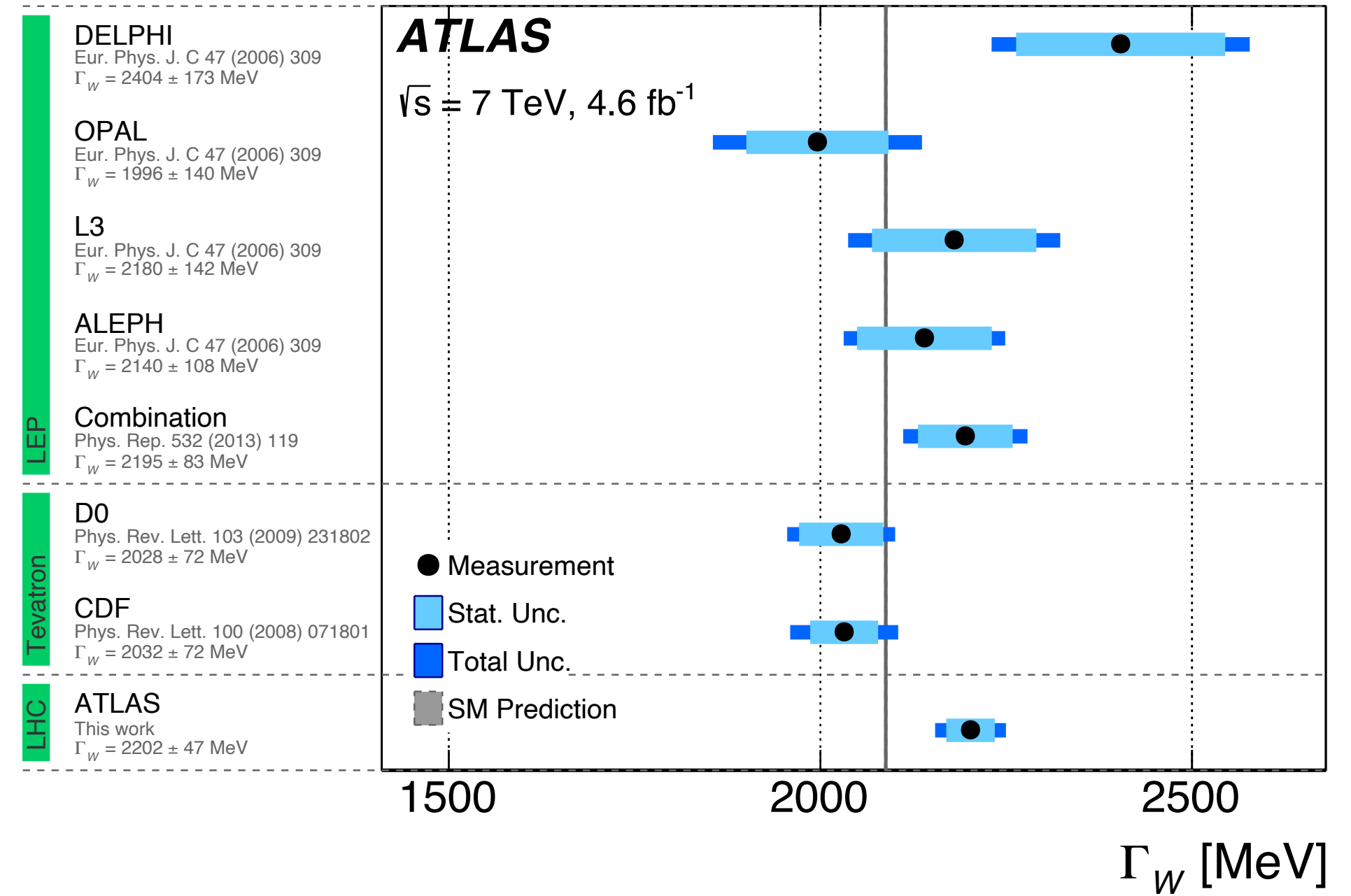
W boson width



- First Γ_W measurement at the LHC and most precise single measurement to date (w/ m_W constrained to prediction)
 - Similar strategy to m_W : fit to p_T^ℓ and m_T (more sensitive)
- Modelling (shower tune variations) and recoil dominate uncertainty
- Simultaneous fit for m_W and Γ_W reveals interplay:

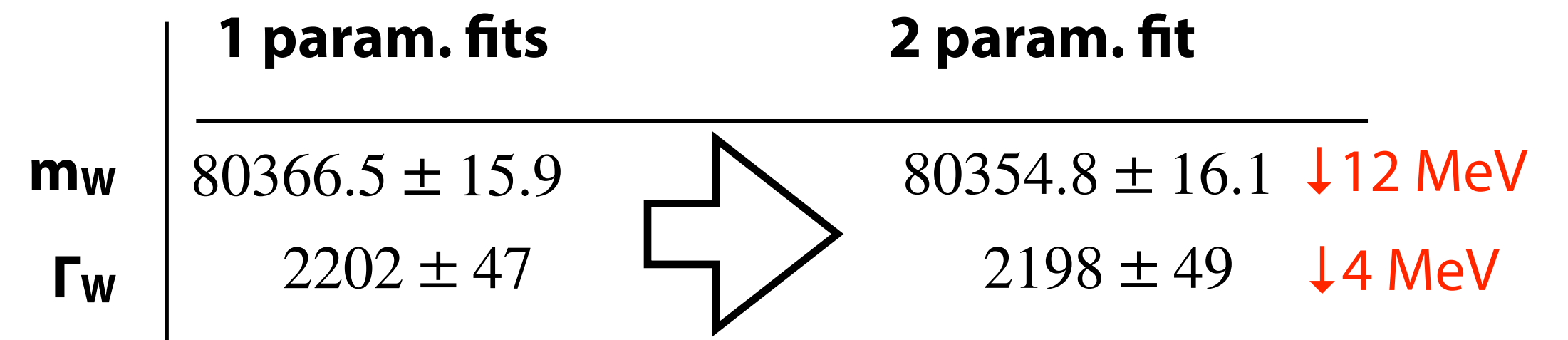


Overview of Γ_W measurements



Γ_W uncertainties

Unc. [MeV]	Total	Stat.	Syst.	PDF	A_i	Backg.	EW	e	μ	u_T	Lumi	m_W	PS
p_T^ℓ	72	27	66	21	14	10	5	13	12	12	10	6	55
m_T	48	36	32	5	7	10	3	13	9	18	9	6	12
Combined	47	32	34	7	8	9	3	13	9	17	9	6	18



Small impact on uncertainties

Momentum calibration



- Crucial to control muon momentum scale to high precision for m_W and other precision EW measurements

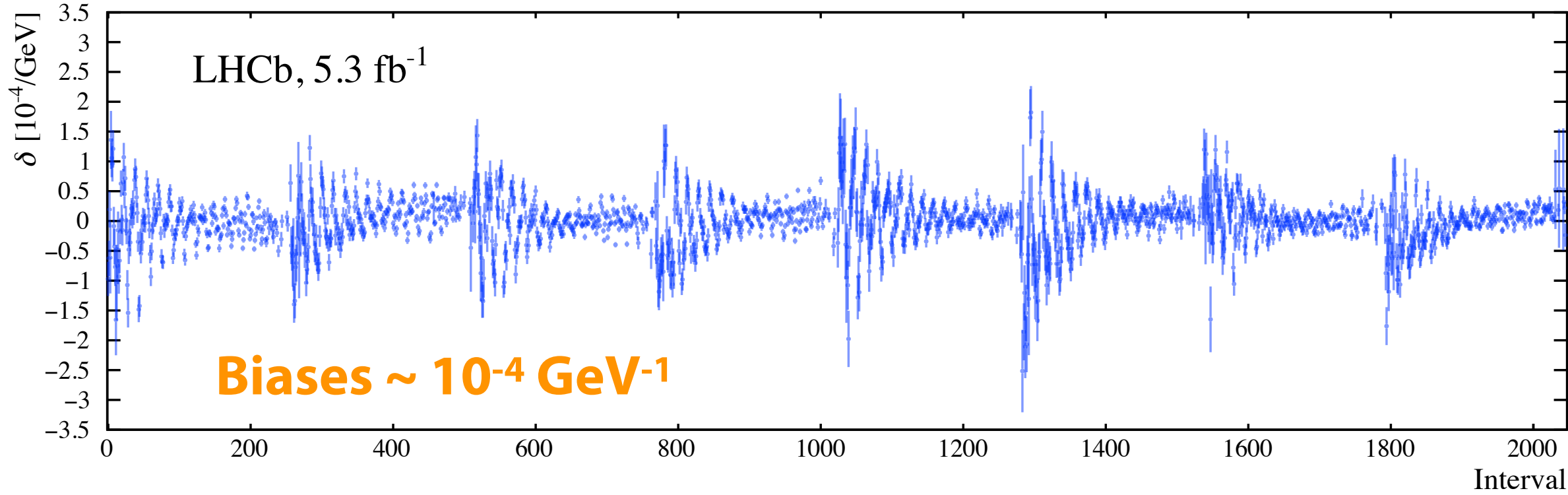
- New calibration from LHCb to correct for charge-dependent curvature biases:

$$\frac{q}{p} \rightarrow \frac{q}{p'} = \frac{q}{\alpha p} + \delta,$$

- Method: measure "pseudomass" variable

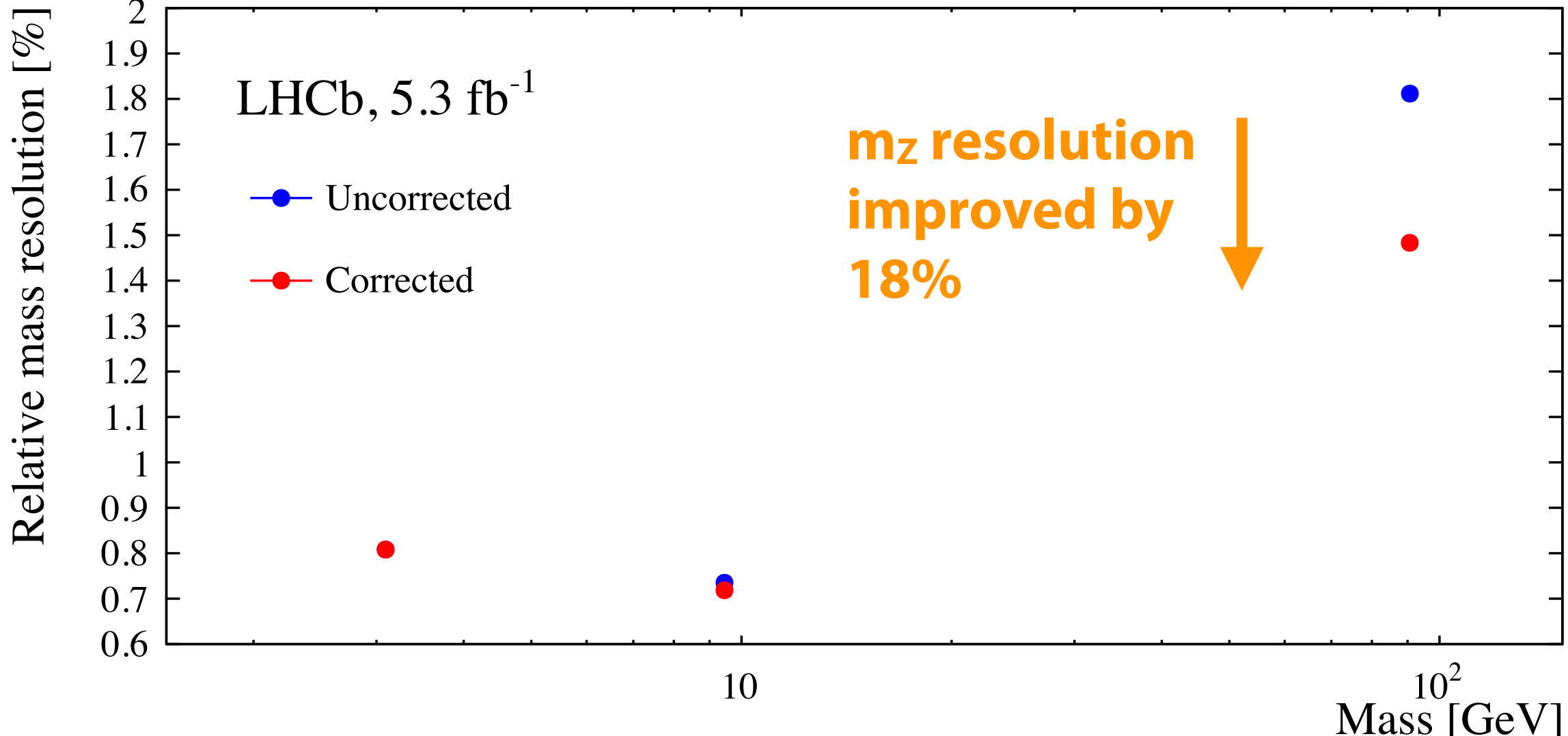
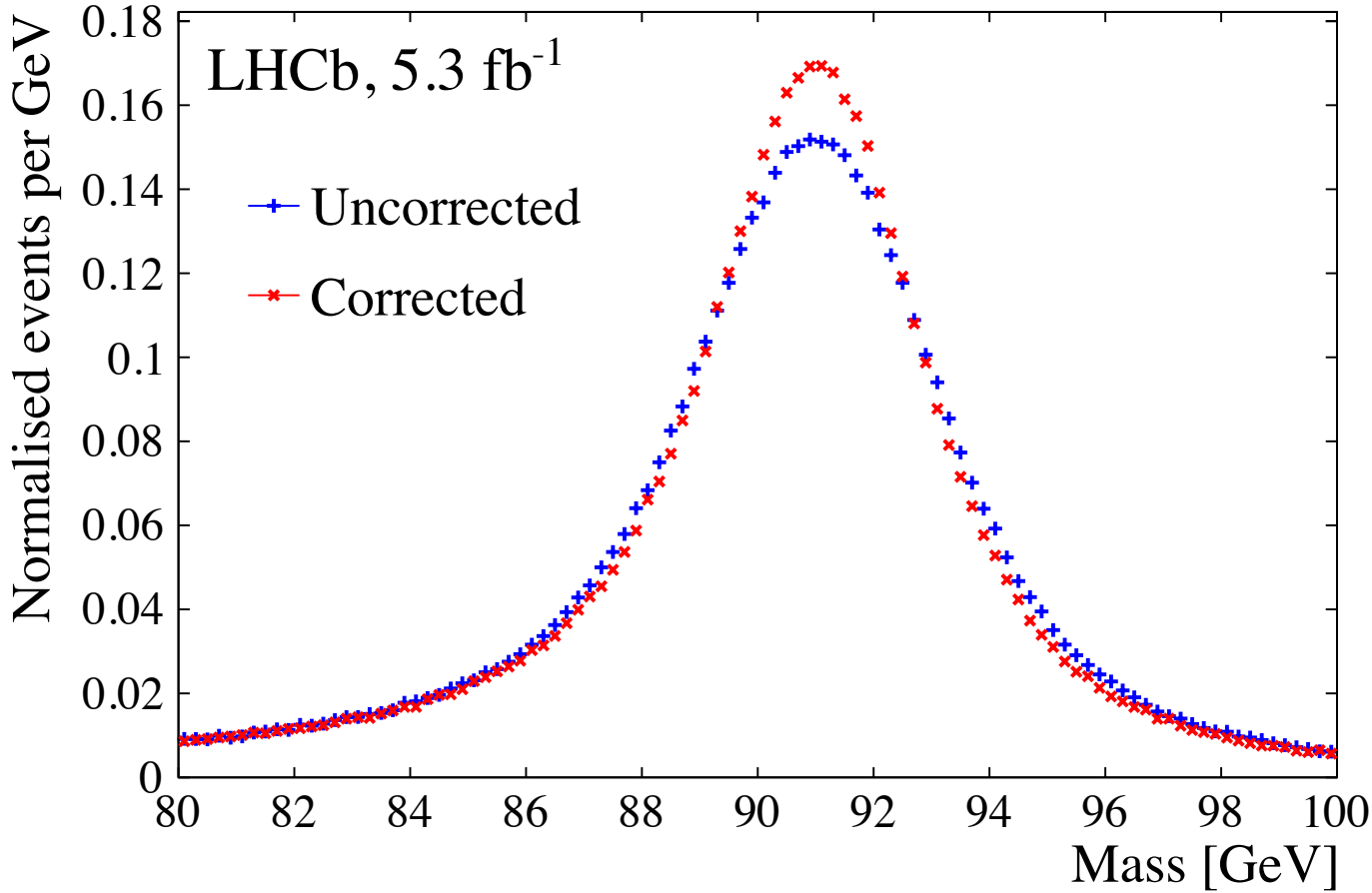
$$\mathcal{M}^\pm \equiv \sqrt{\frac{p_T^\pm}{p_T^\mp}} M = \sqrt{2p^+ p^- \frac{p_T^\pm}{p_T^\mp} (1 - \cos \theta)} = \sqrt{2p^\pm p_T^\pm \frac{p^\mp}{p_T^\mp} (1 - \cos \theta)},$$

- Extract via asymmetry in peak positions



Data biases vs time, φ , η , polarity

$$\delta \approx -\frac{\mathcal{A}}{2} \times \left(\left\langle \frac{1}{p^+} \right\rangle + \left\langle \frac{1}{p^-} \right\rangle \right)$$

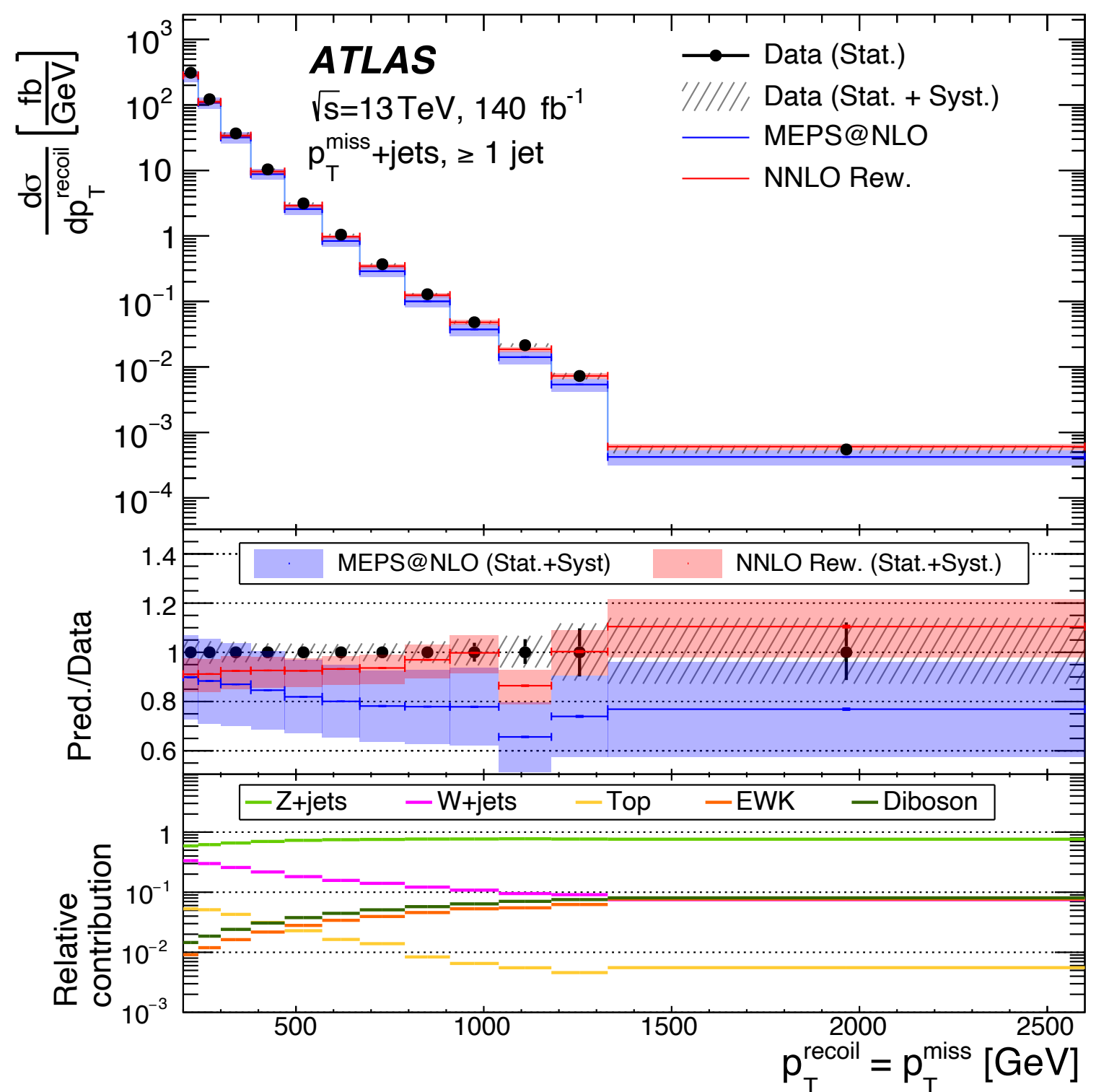
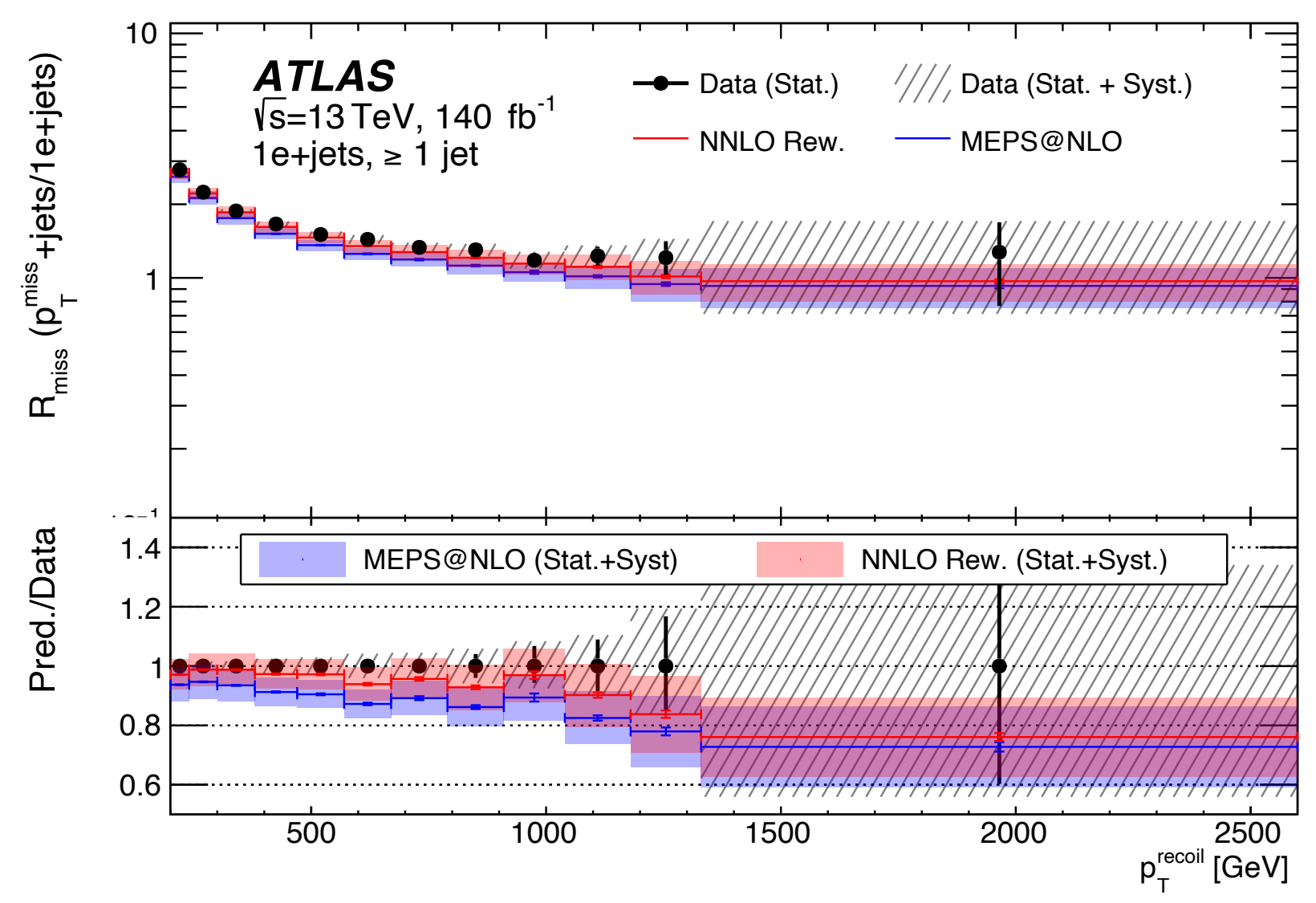


Differential $p_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jets}$



arXiv:2403.02793
Submitted to JHEP

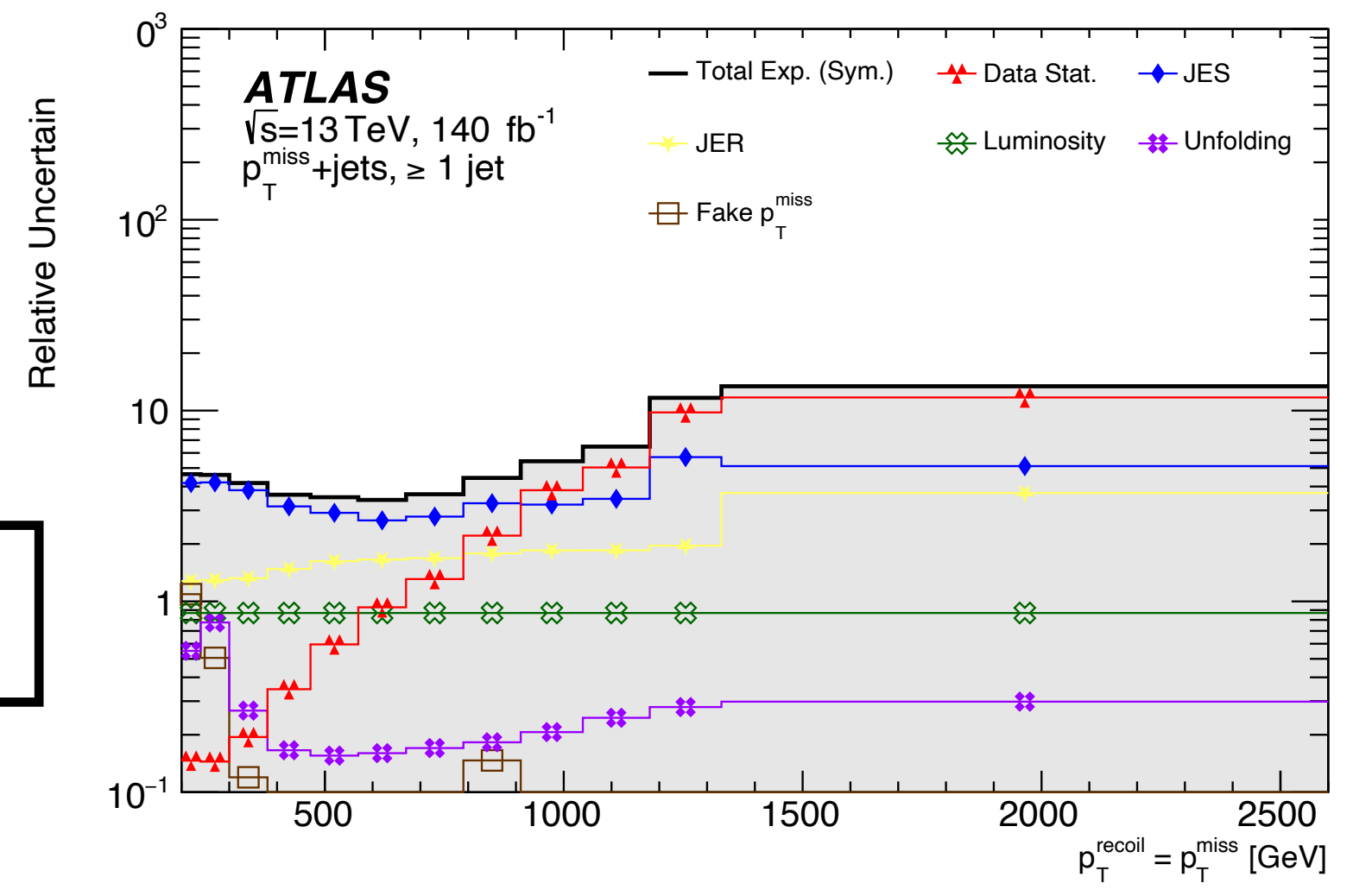
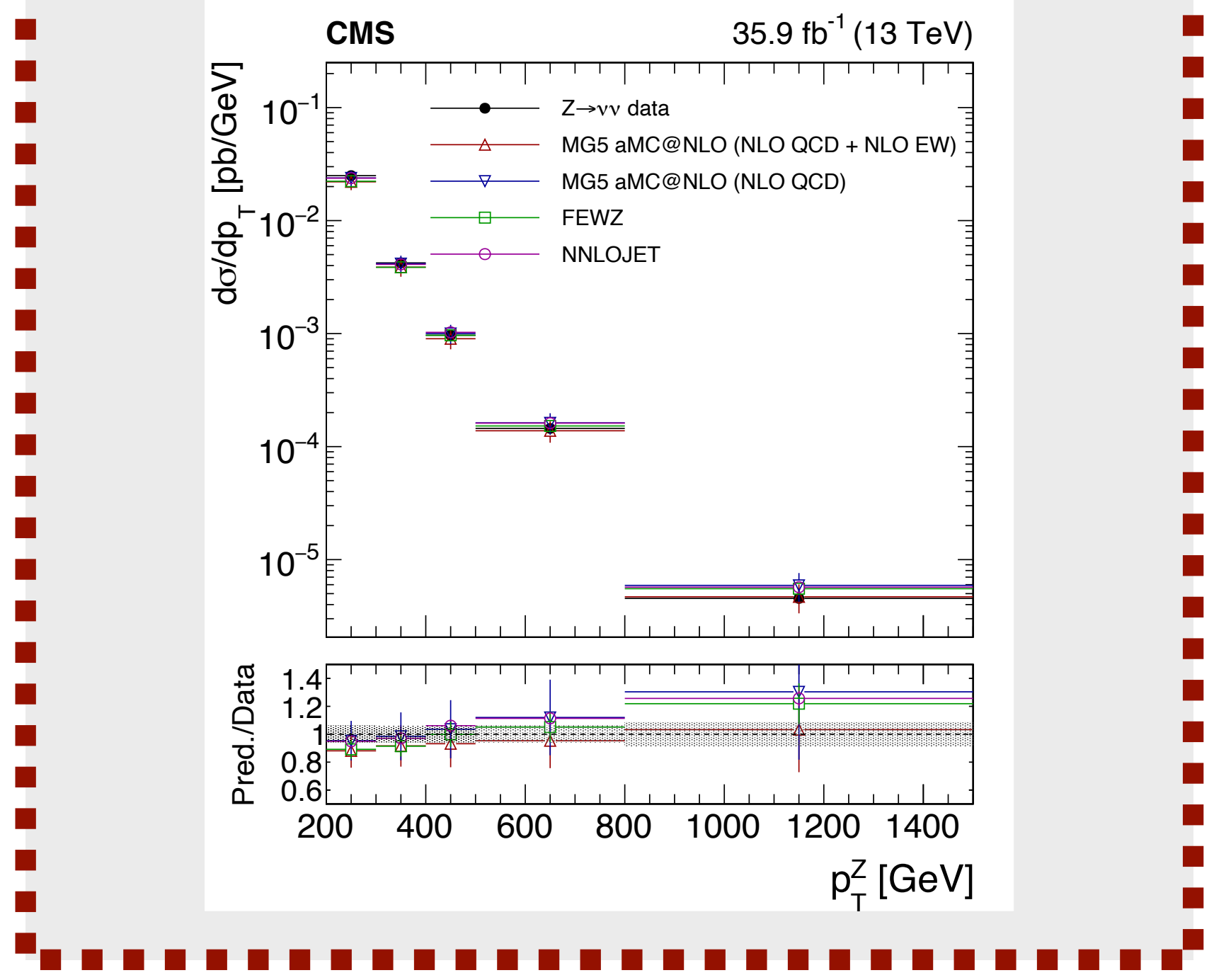
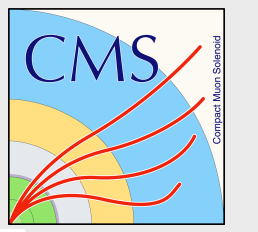
- **Aim:** precise detector-corrected $p_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$ measurement
 - Inclusive, minimize model dependence
- Plus auxiliary p_T^{recoil} in $\ell + \text{jet}$ and $\gamma + \text{jet}$ systems
 - Uncertainties cancel in ratios
 - BSM contributions (e.g. dark matter) would not cancel



All SM processes treated as "signal" for unfolding

Uncertainties: JES + stat. (at high p_T)

See also: JHEP 05 (2021) 205



Z invisible width



$$\Gamma_{inv}^{SM} = 501.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}$$

- Indirect:** from $\Gamma_{tot} - \Gamma_{visible}$ using Z lineshape and m_Z : $\Gamma_{inv}^{LEP} = 499.0 \pm 1.5 \text{ MeV}$

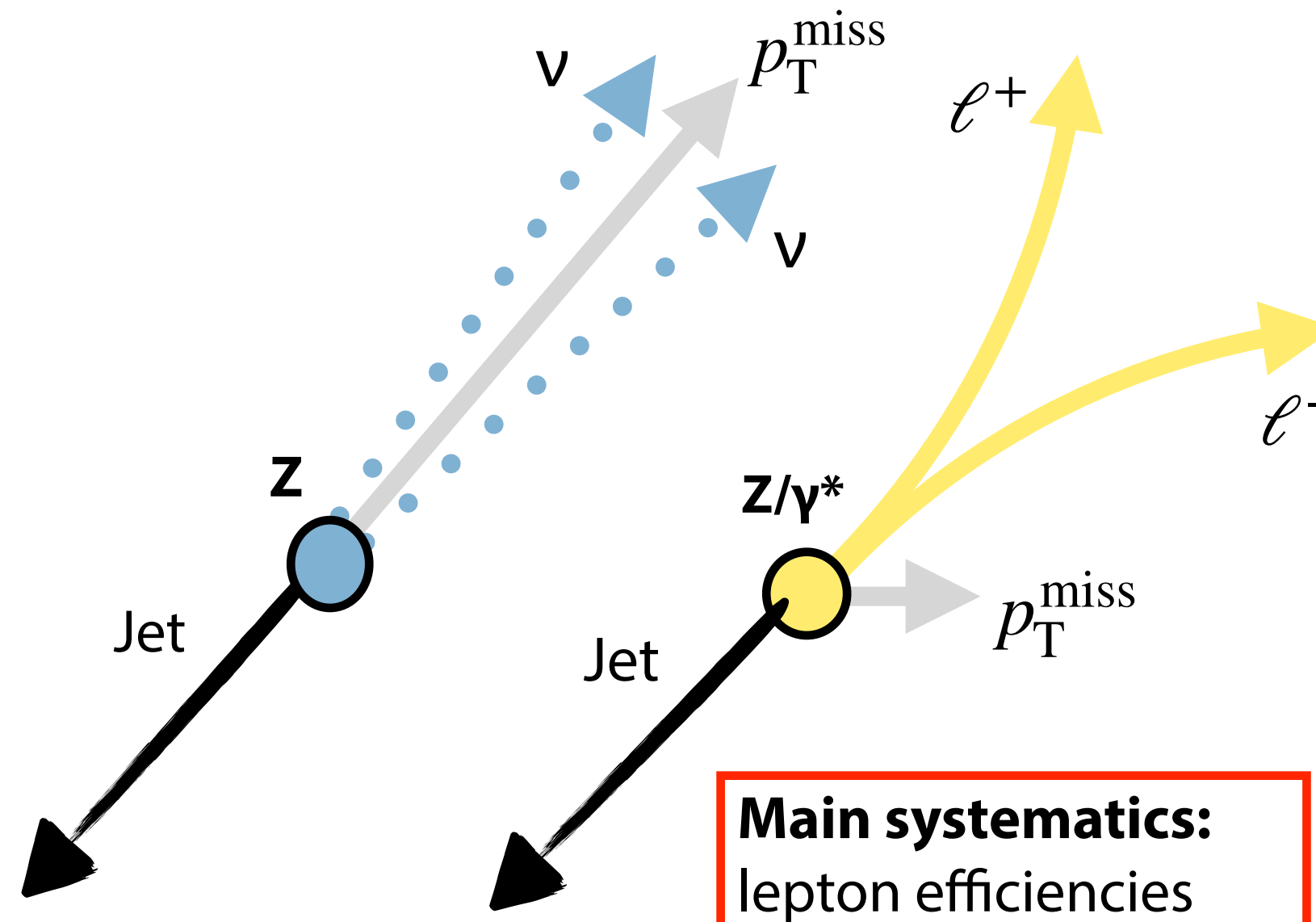
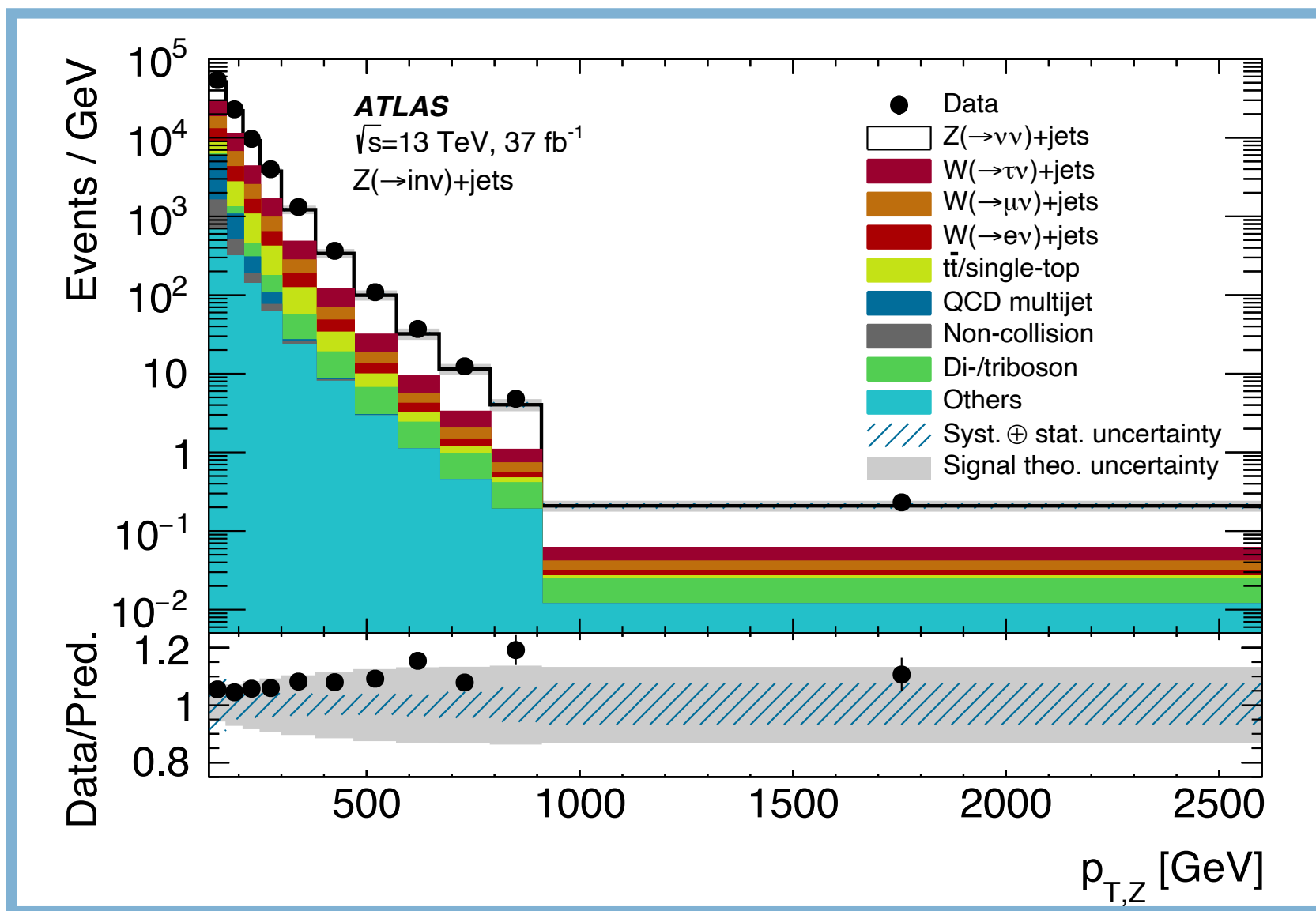
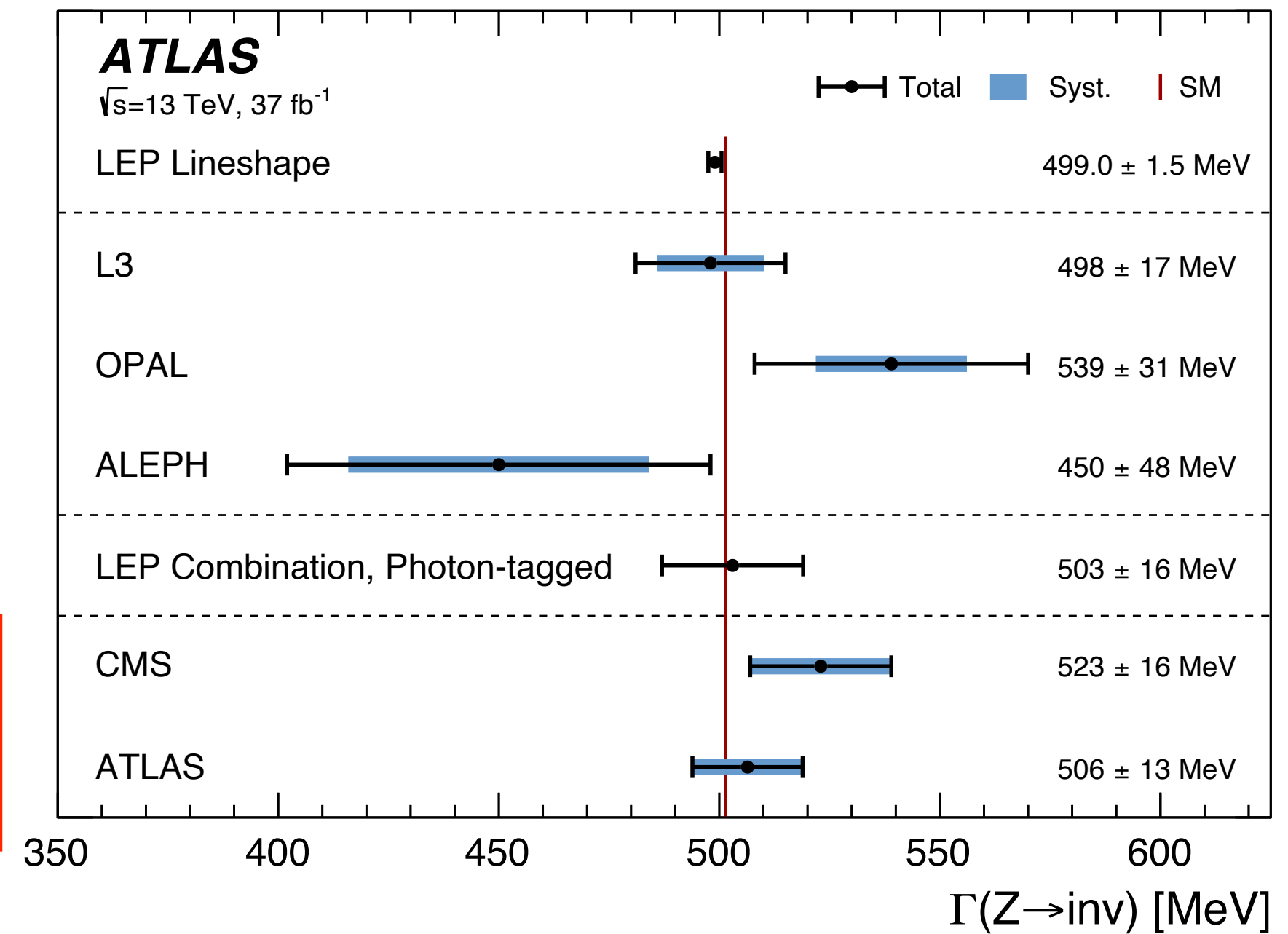
- Direct:** from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma + inv.$ cross section: $\Gamma_{inv}^{LEP} = 503 \pm 16 \text{ MeV}$

- LHC:** via ratio extracted from

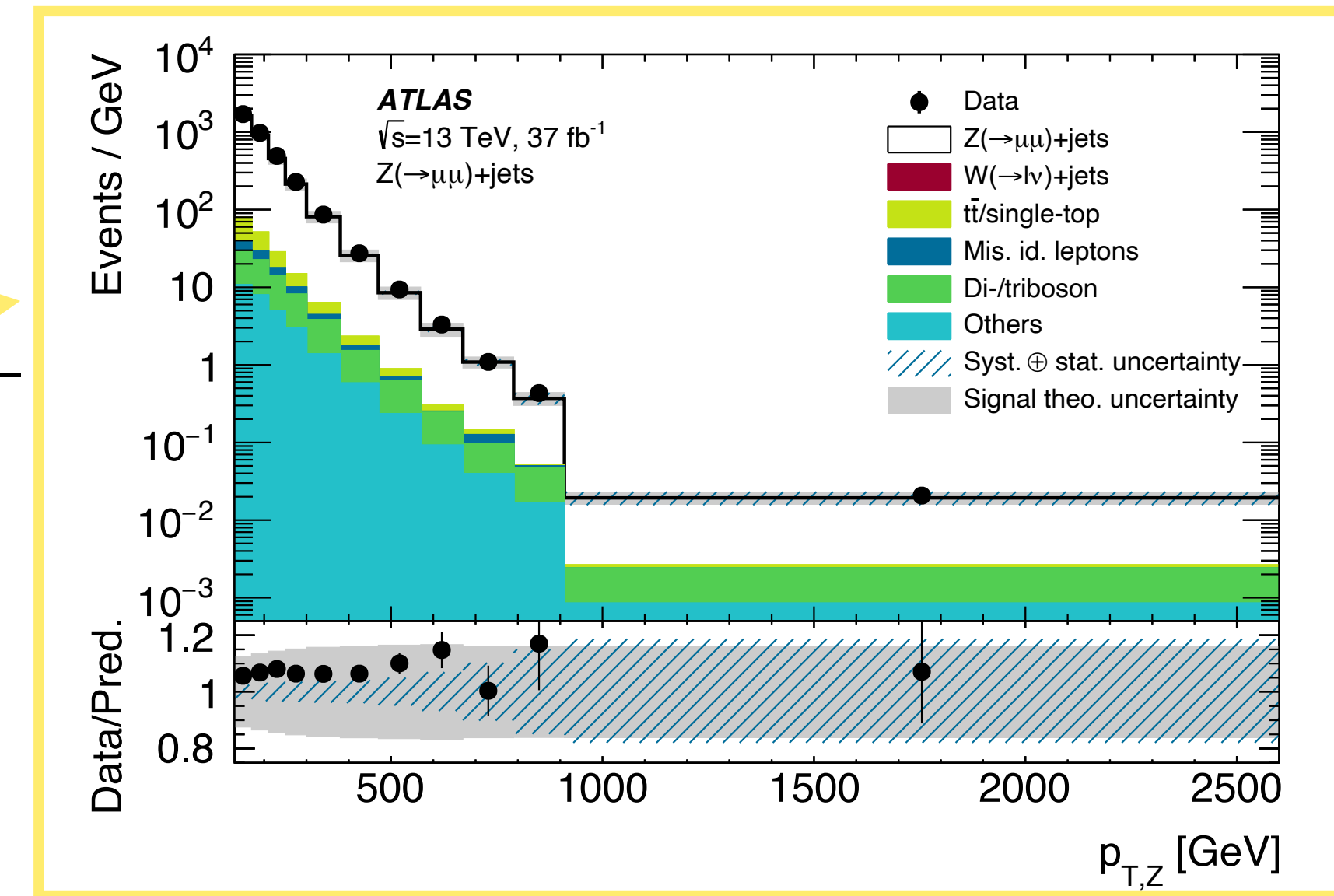
$$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}) = \frac{\sigma(Z+jets)\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})}{\sigma(Z+jets)\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell)} \Gamma(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell)$$

Recent ATLAS result most recoil-based measurement to date:
 $\Gamma = 506 \pm 2(\text{stat}) \pm 12(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$

See also: [PLB 842 \(2023\) 137563](#)



Main systematics:
lepton efficiencies



From vector bosons to quarks to leptons

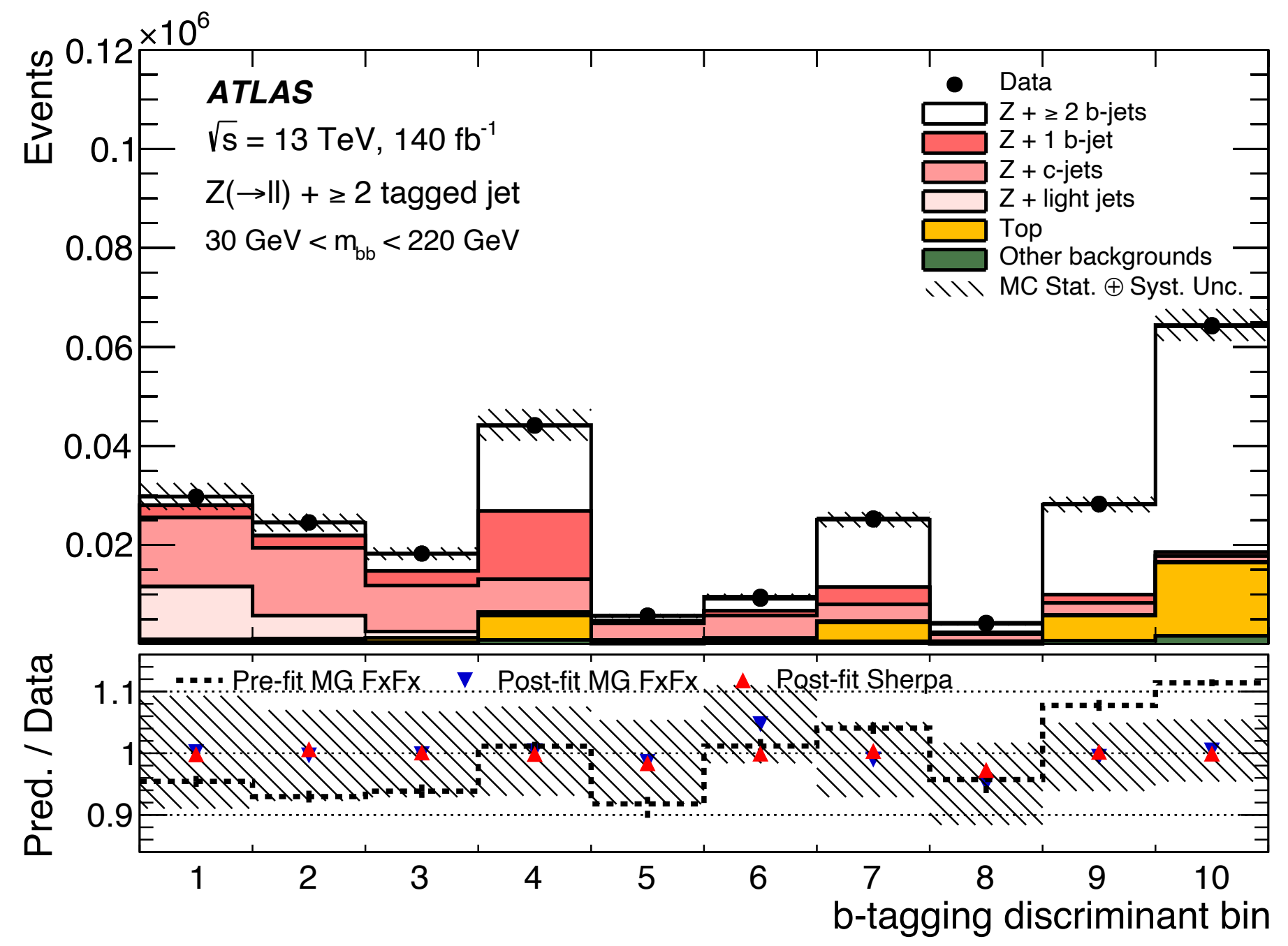
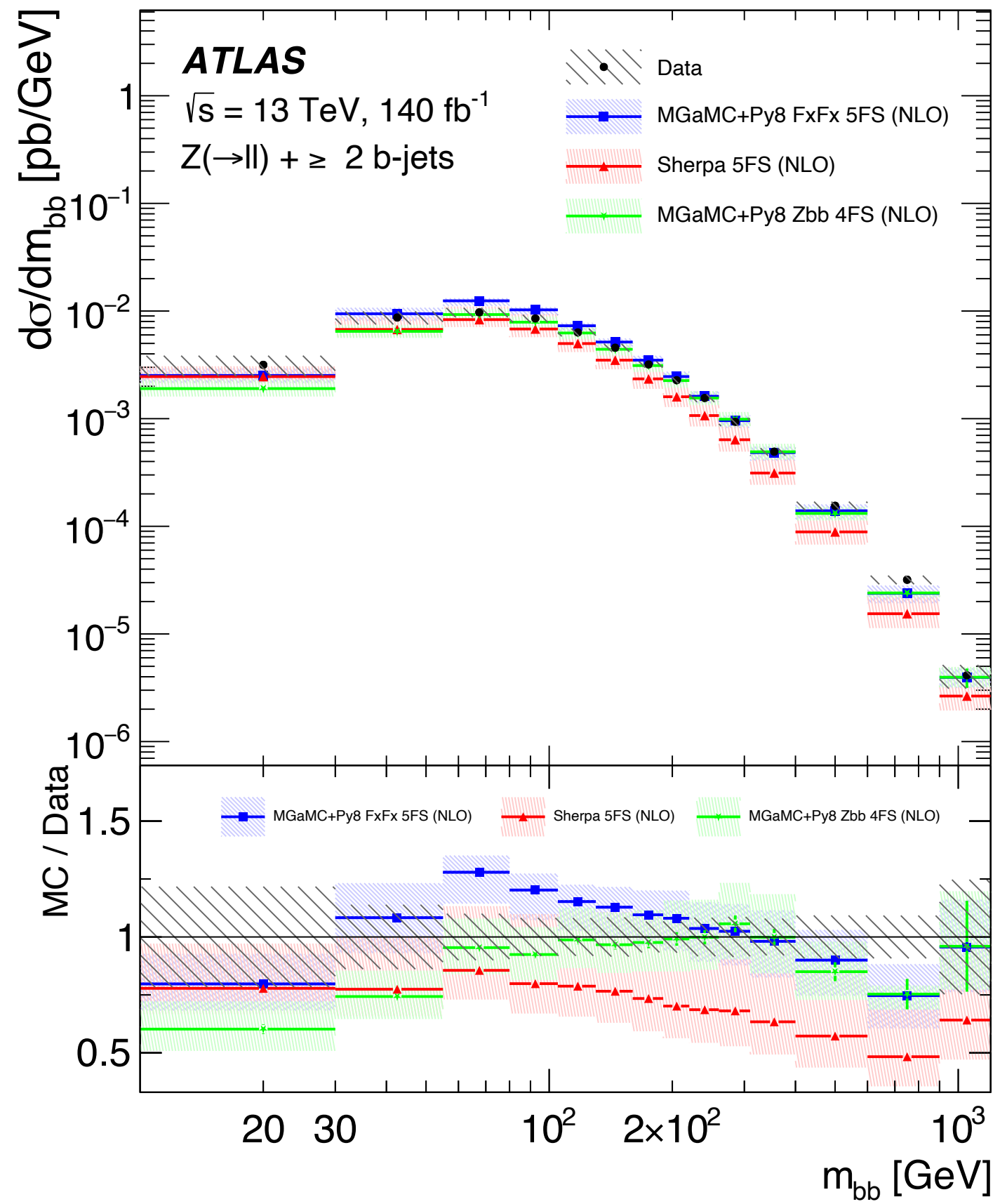
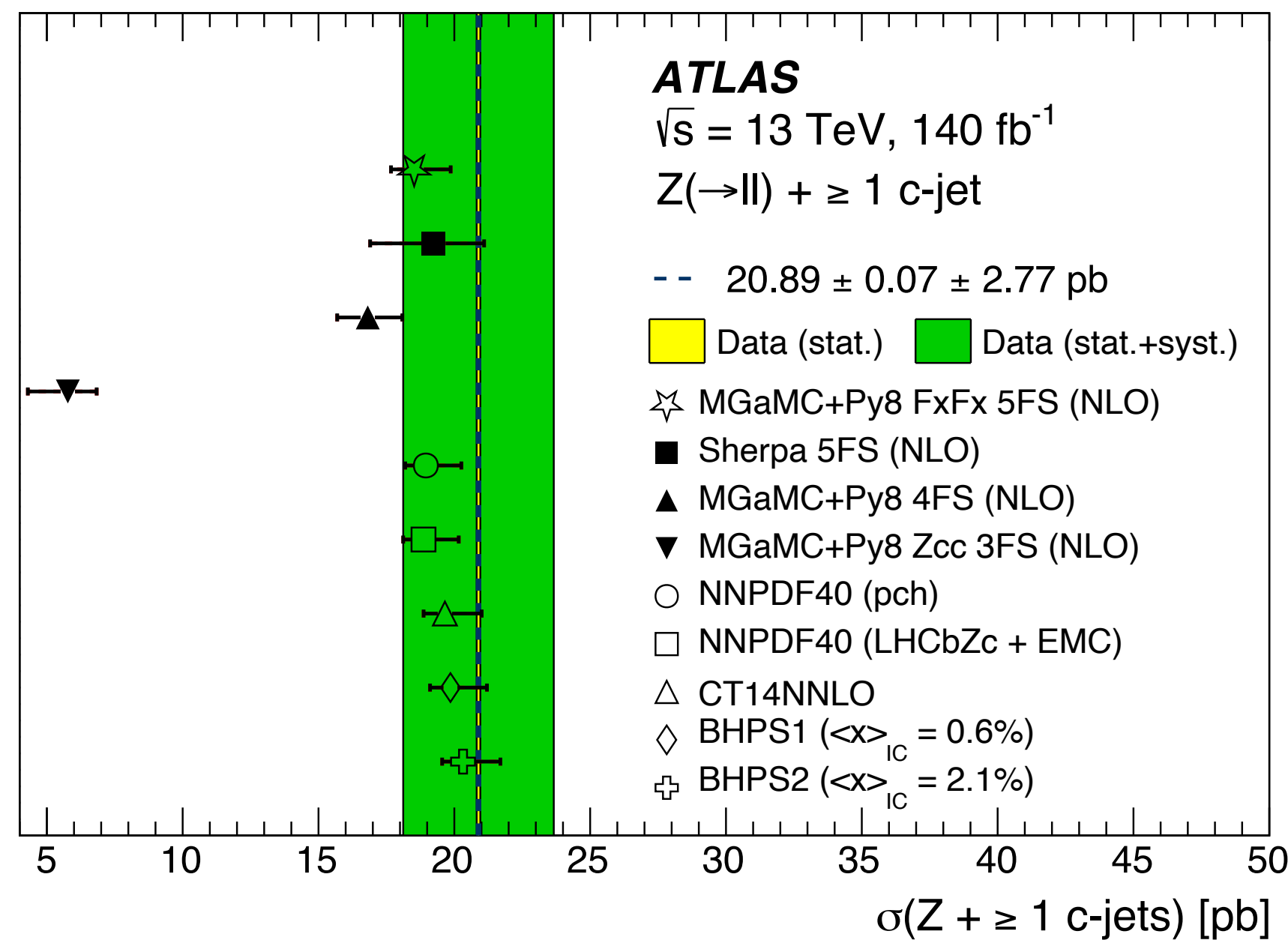
W/Z + heavy flavour



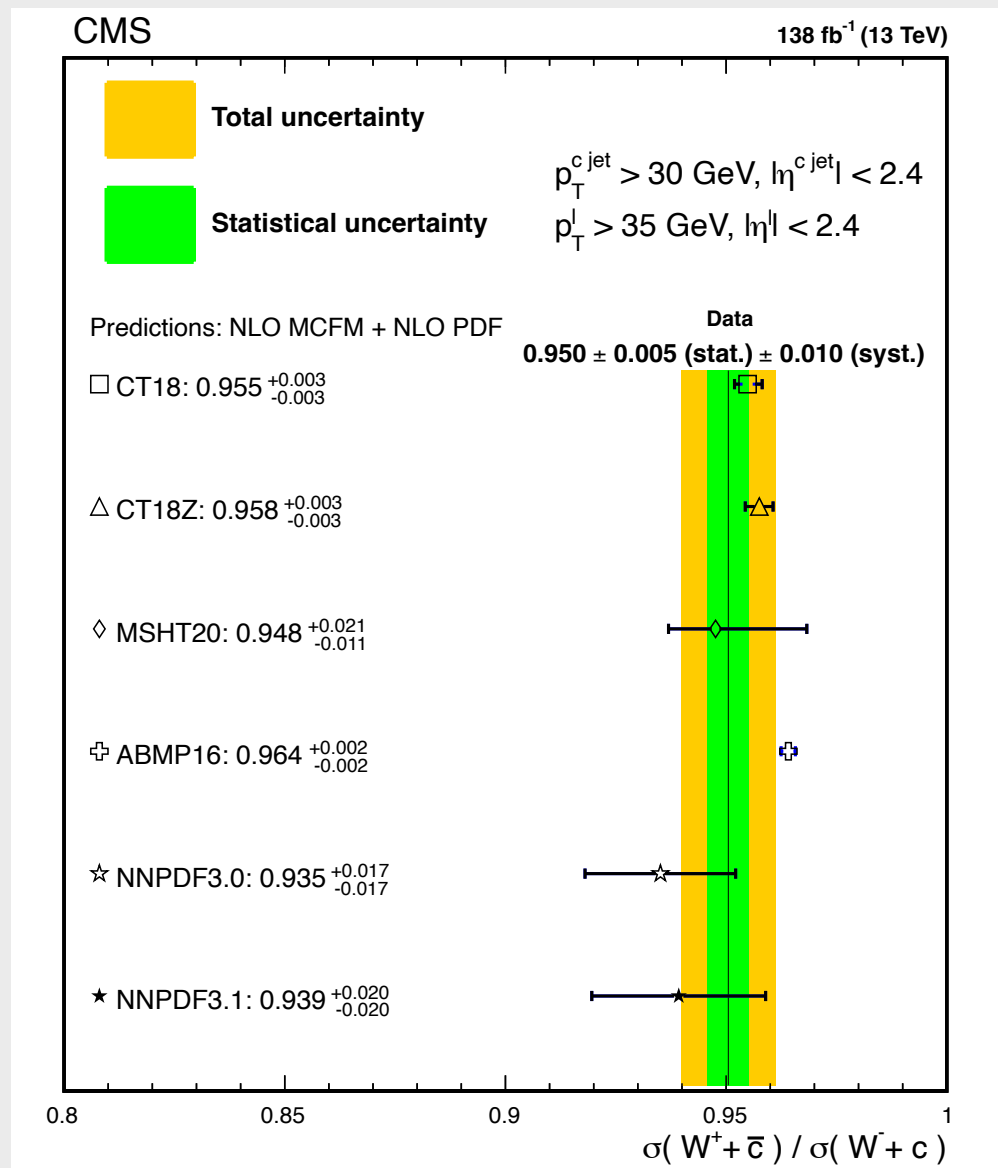
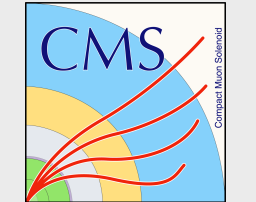
arXiv:2403.15093 (sub. to EPJC)

- ATLAS analysis studies $Z + \geq 1b, \geq 1c, \geq 2b$ jet topologies
- Wide range of differential distributions
 - E.g. m_{bb} useful input for MC modelling for $H(bb)$

- Study of intrinsic charm
 - 3FS significantly underestimates rate
 - Largest improvement with BHPS model (2.1% IC)



See also: W+c 13 TeV
EPJC 84 (2024) 27



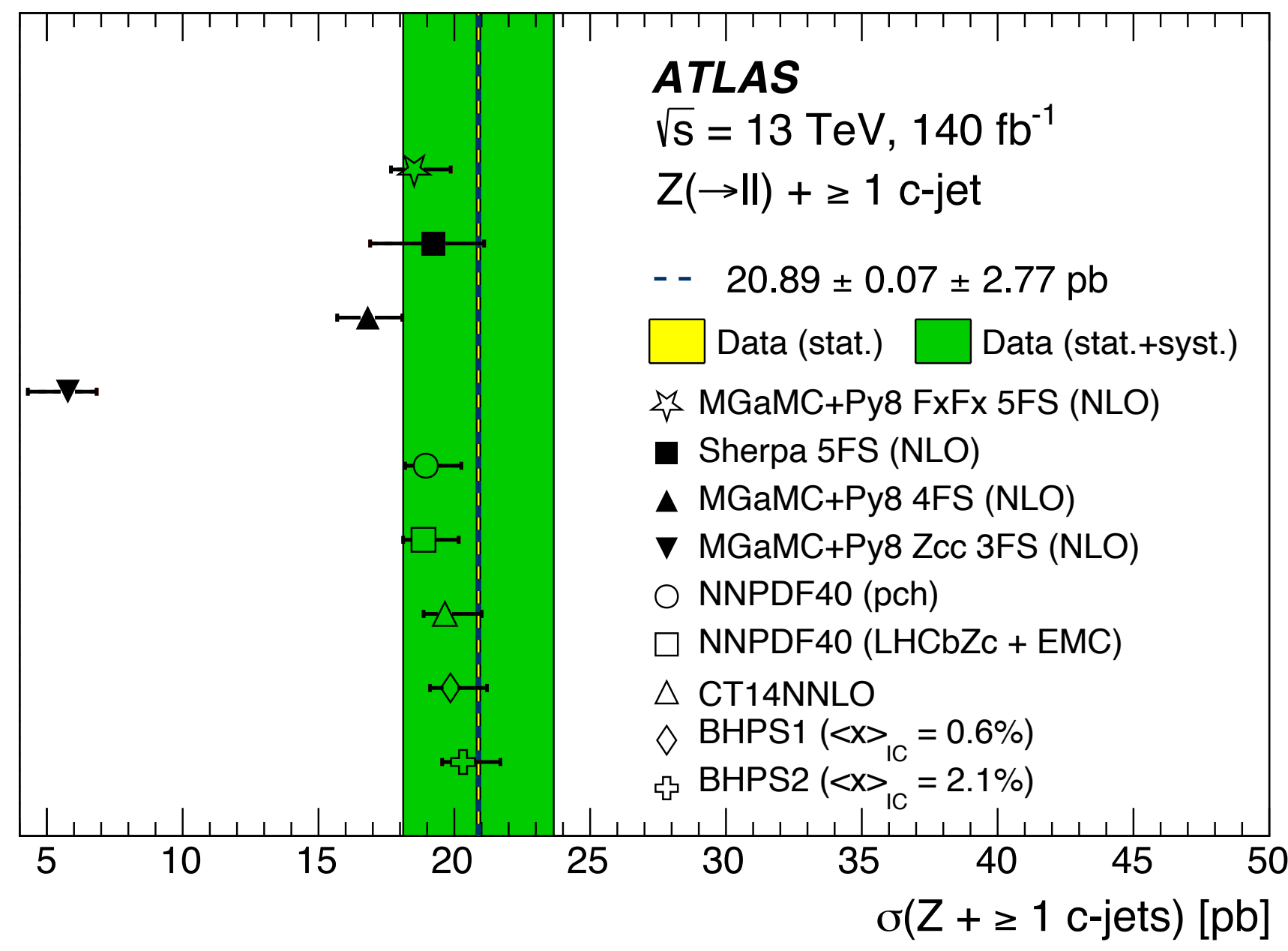
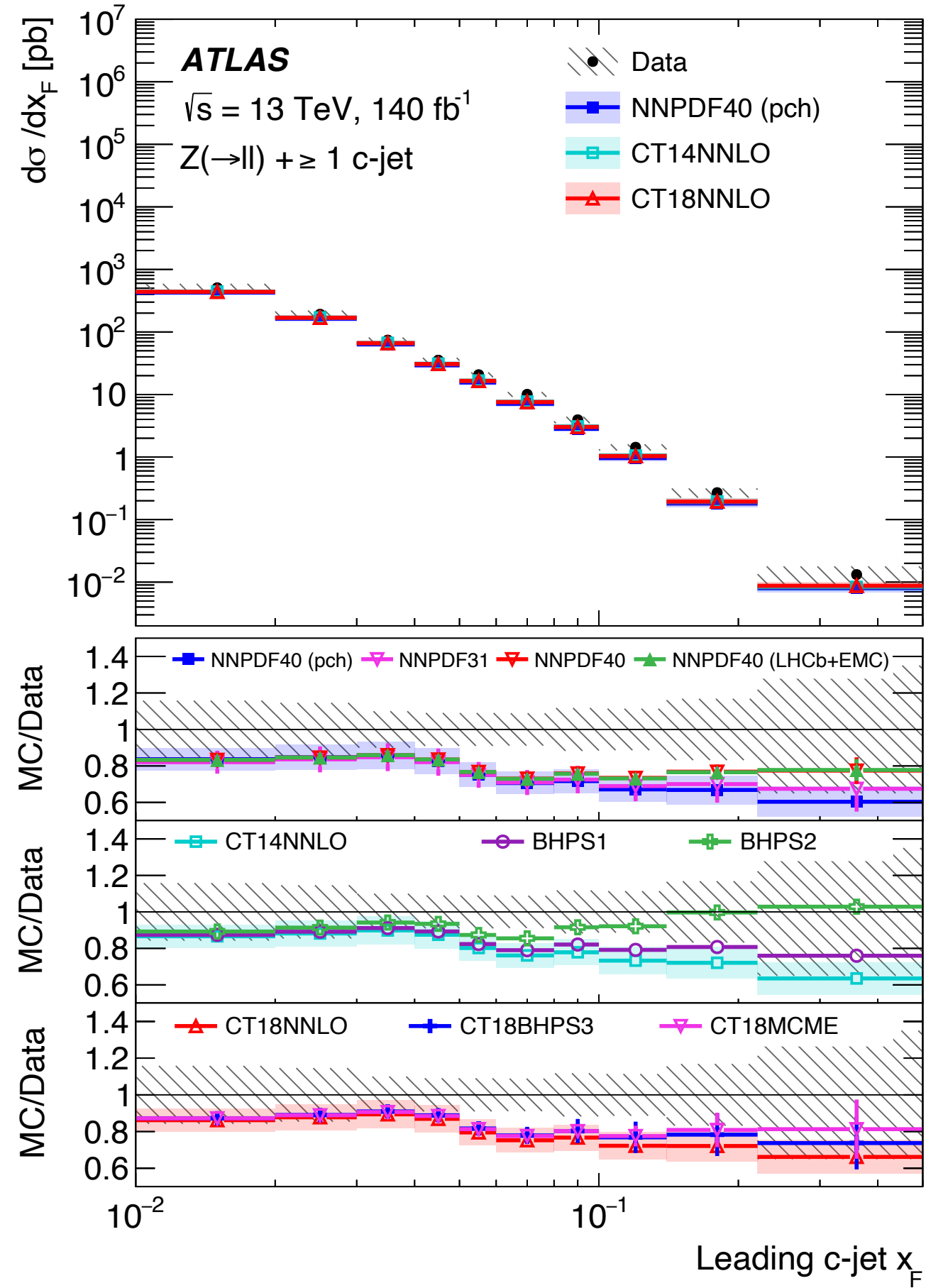
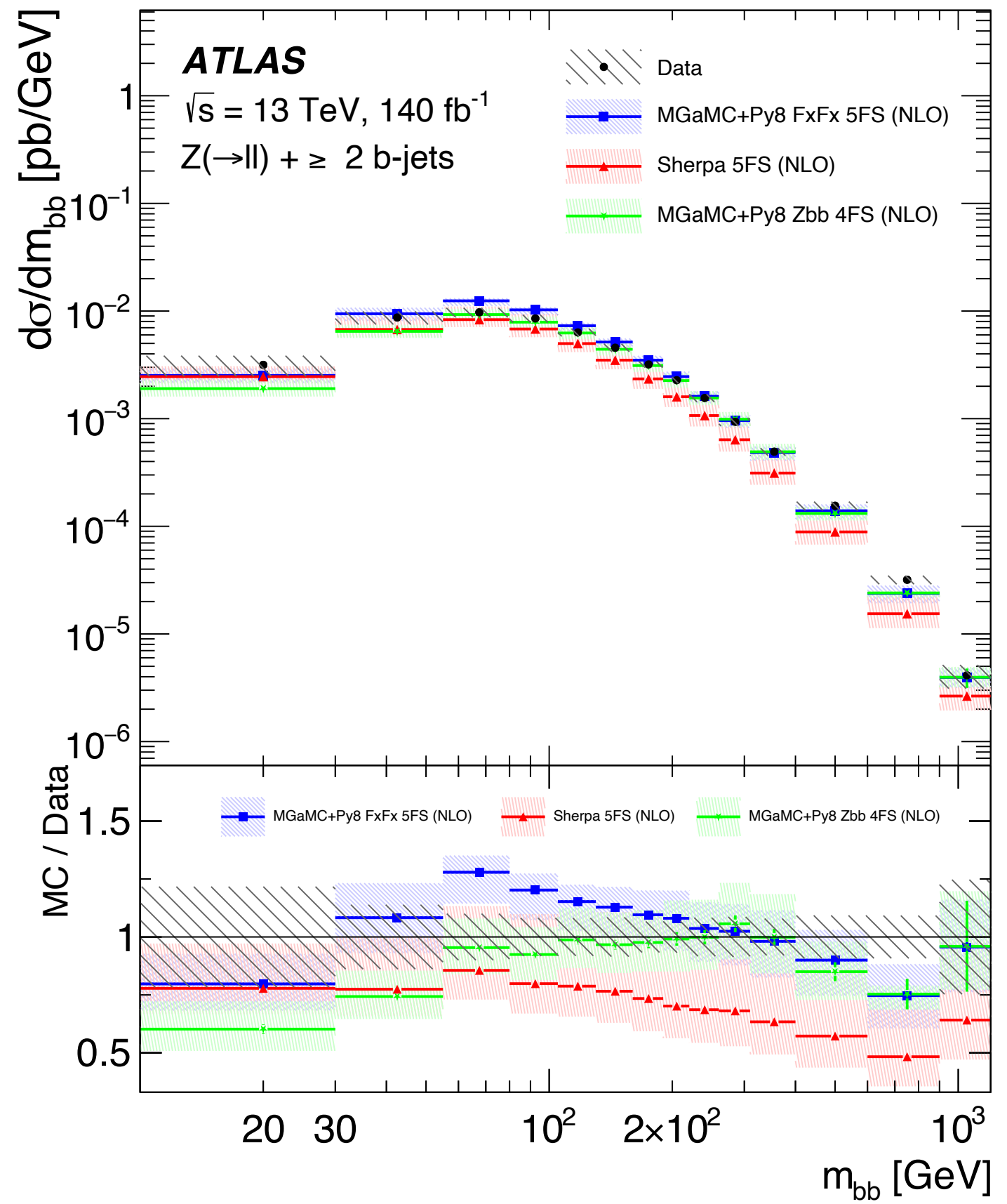
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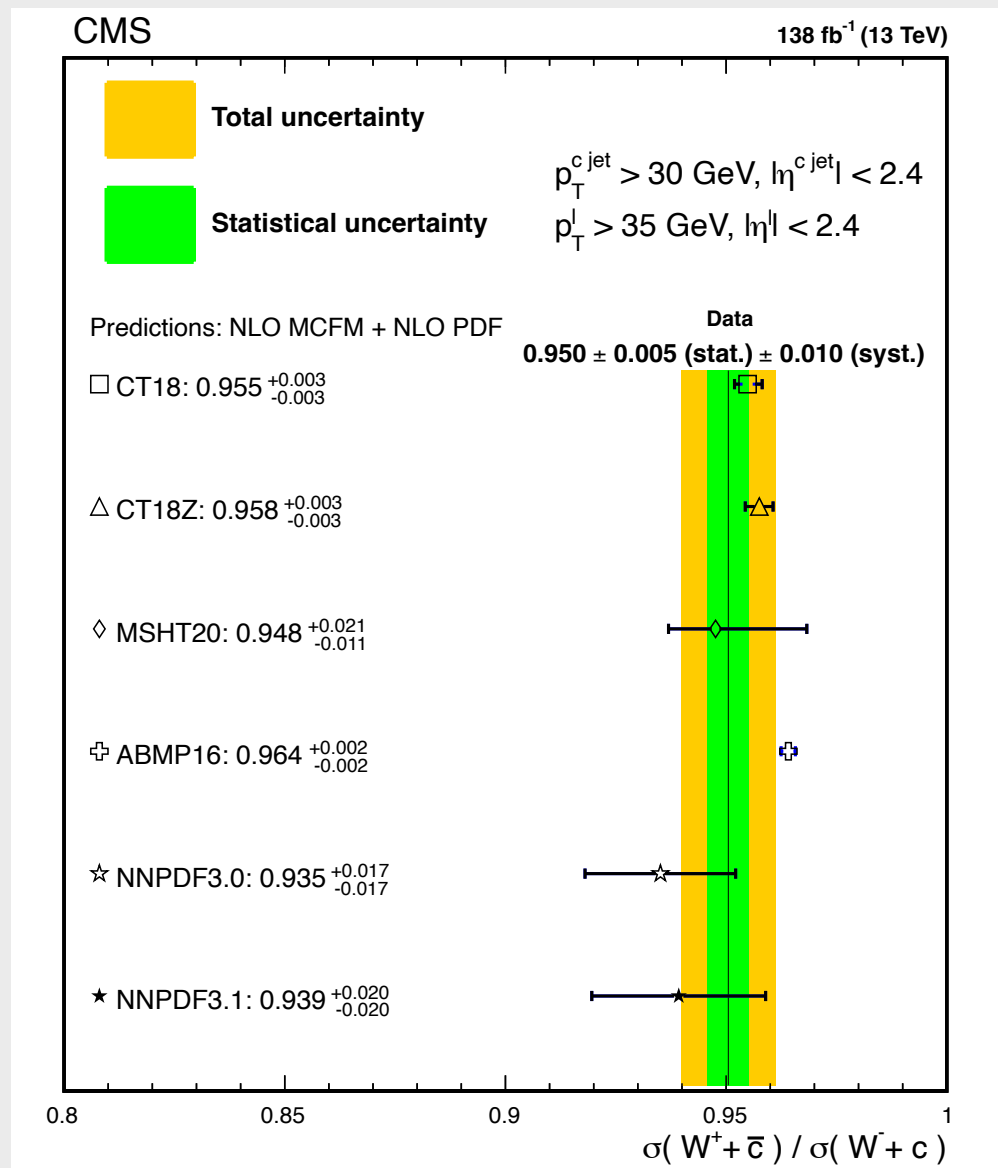
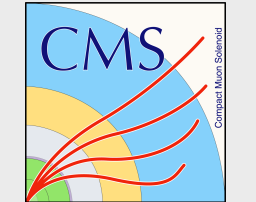
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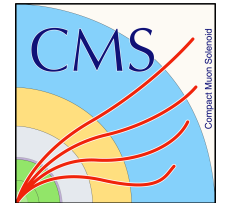
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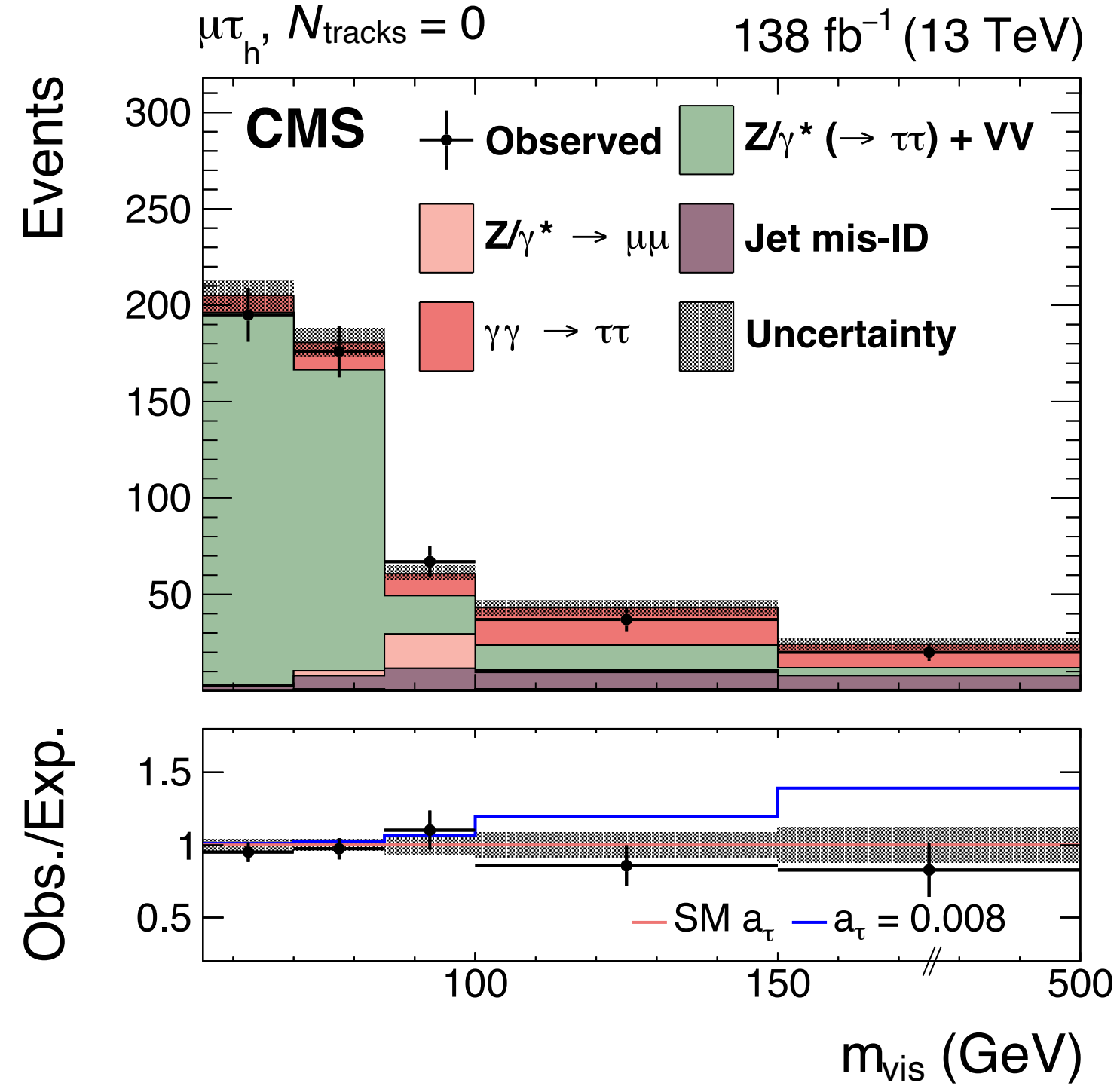
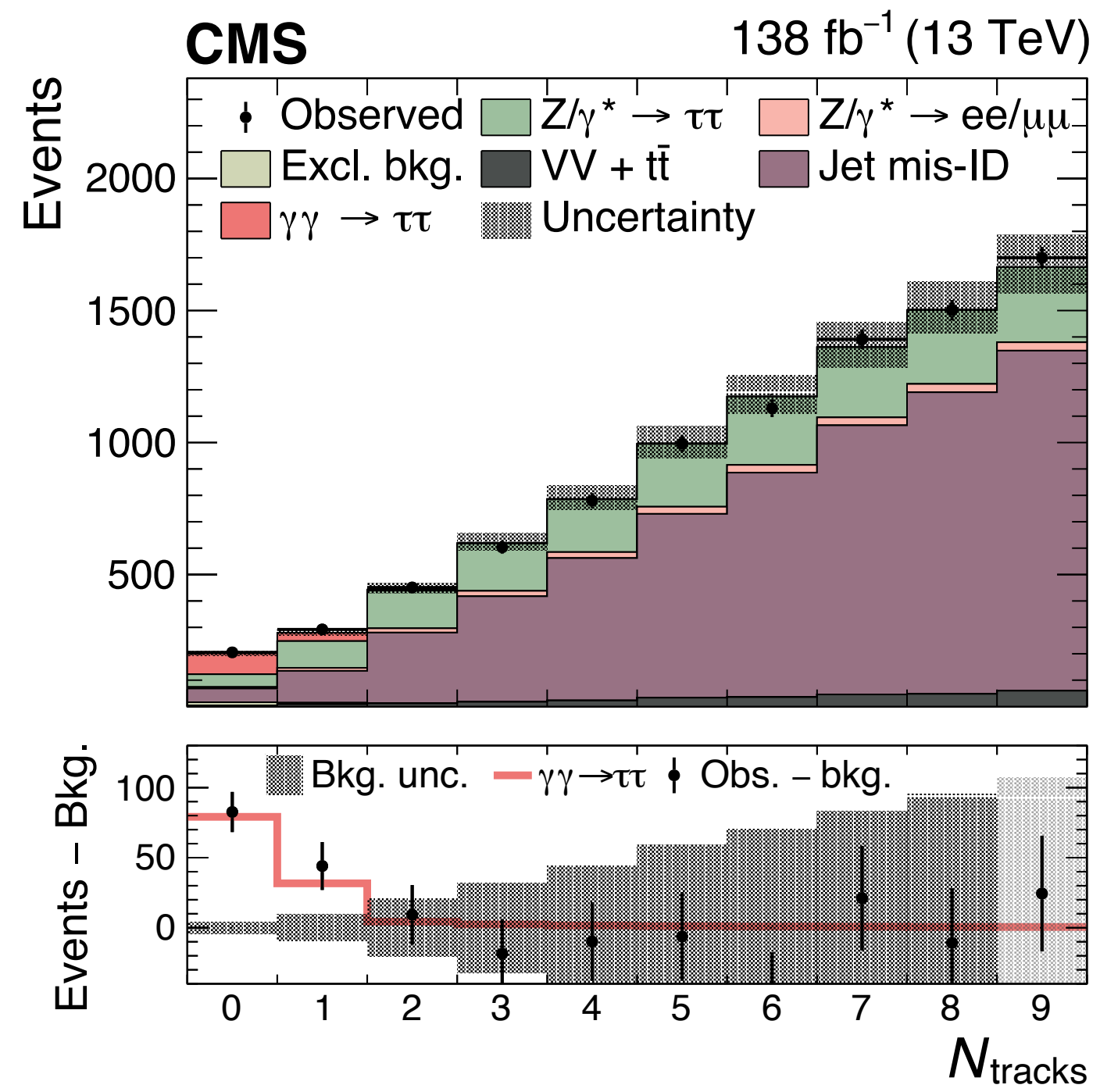
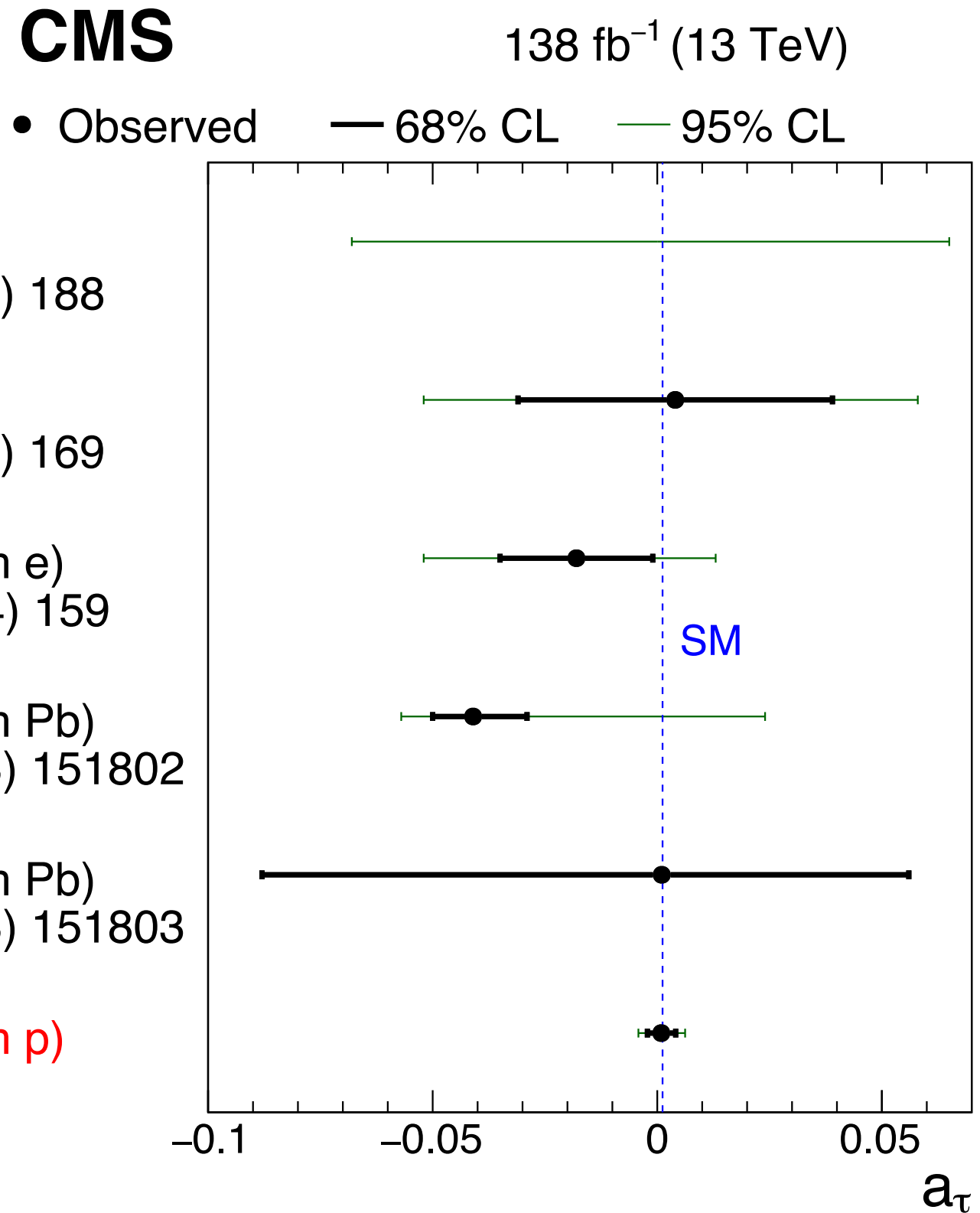
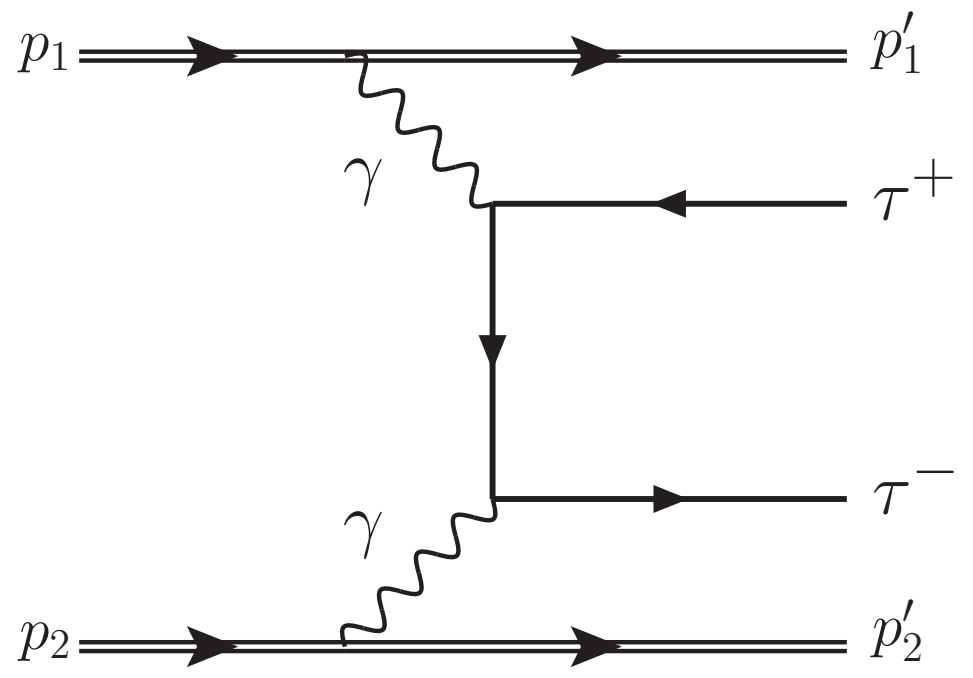
See also: W+c 13 TeV
EPJC 84 (2024) 27





$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \tau\tau$ and constraints on tau g-2

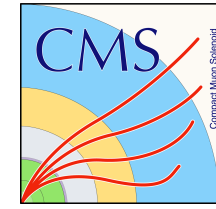
- Select events with $N_{\text{tracks}} \leq 1$
 - Dedicated corrections for num. hard scatter & PU tracks in simulation
- First observation in pp collisions
 - 5.3σ observed (6.5 expected)
- Constraints on a_τ from m_{vis} enhancement



— Obs.: $a_\tau = 9_{-31}^{+32} \times 10^{-4}$ (68% CL)

⋯ Exp.: $a_\tau = 12_{-43}^{+41} \times 10^{-4}$ (68% CL)

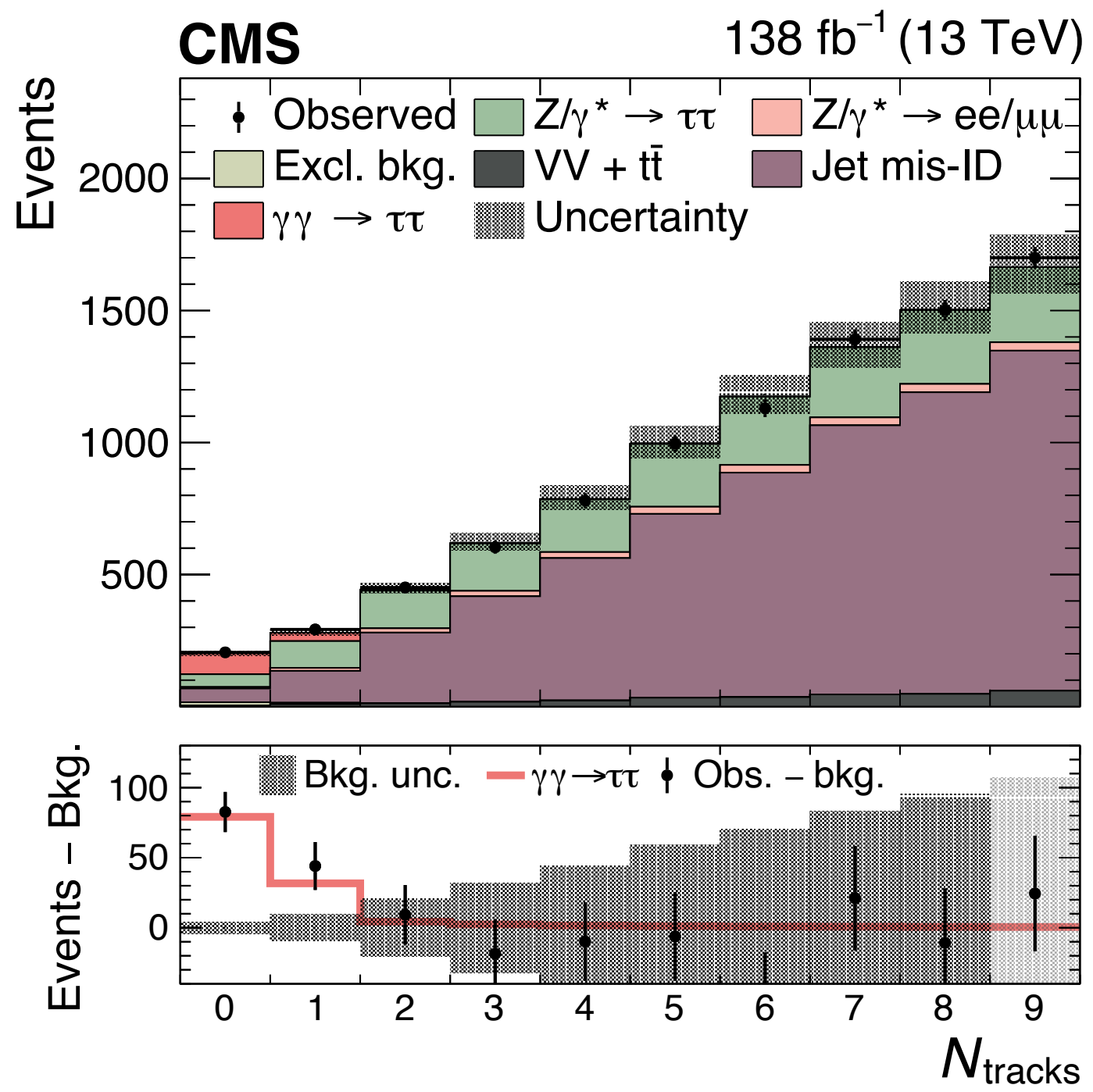
See also: Observation of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$
 Phys. Lett. B 816 (2021) 136190



$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \tau\tau$ and constraints on tau g-2

- Select events with $N_{\text{tracks}} \leq 1$
 - Dedicated corrections for num. hard scatter & PU tracks in simulation
- First observation in pp collisions
 - 5.3σ observed (6.5 expected)
- Constraints on a_τ from m_{vis} enhancement

- Fiducial cross section
 - Matching closely expt. selection ($N_{\text{tracks}} = 0$ only)
- Prediction from gamma-UPC (elastic only) rescaled for dissociative using data CR



$$\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{fid}} = 12.4^{+3.8}_{-3.1} \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{pred}}^{\text{fid}} = 16.5 \pm 1.5 \text{ fb}$$

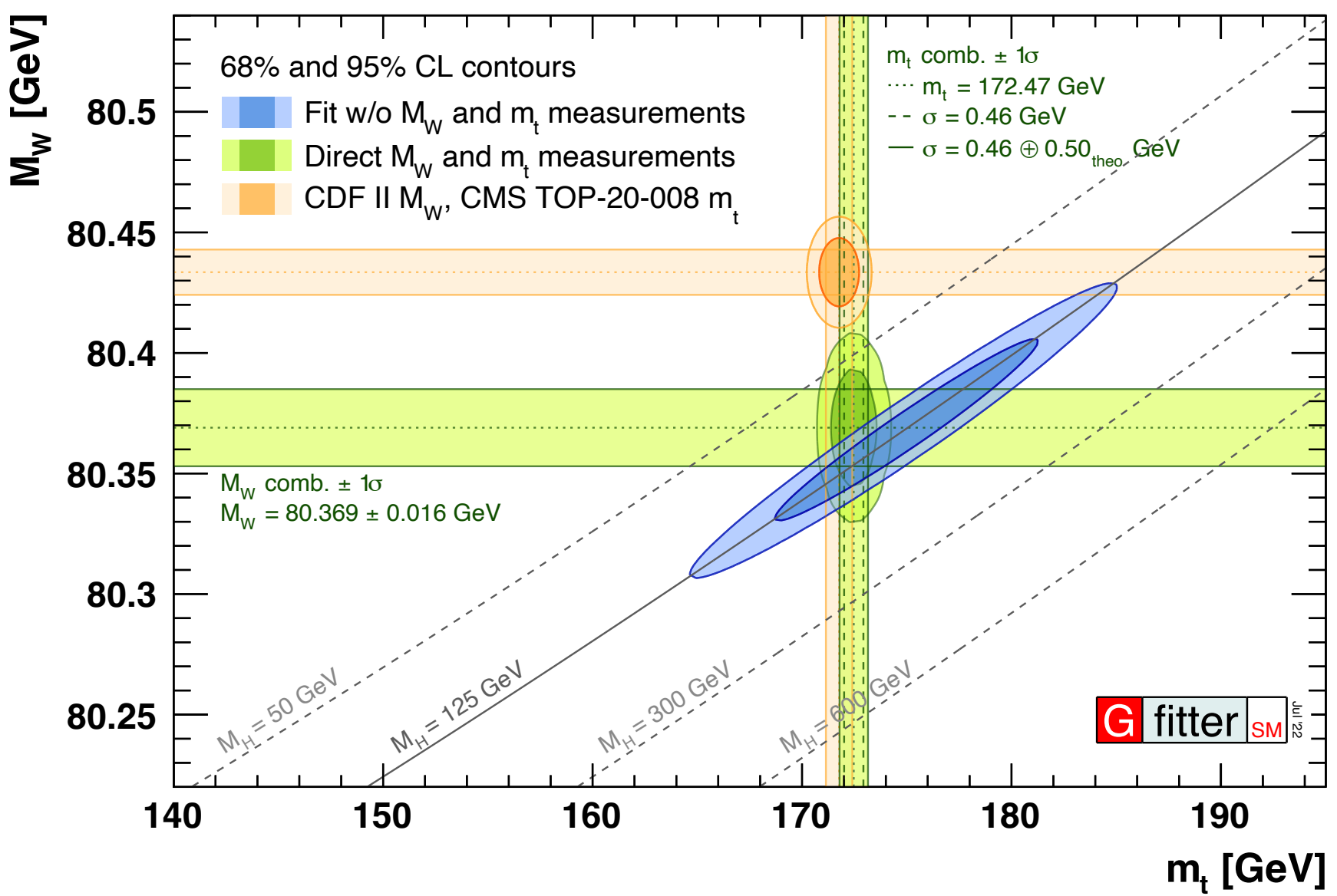
See also: Observation of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$
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Top quark properties

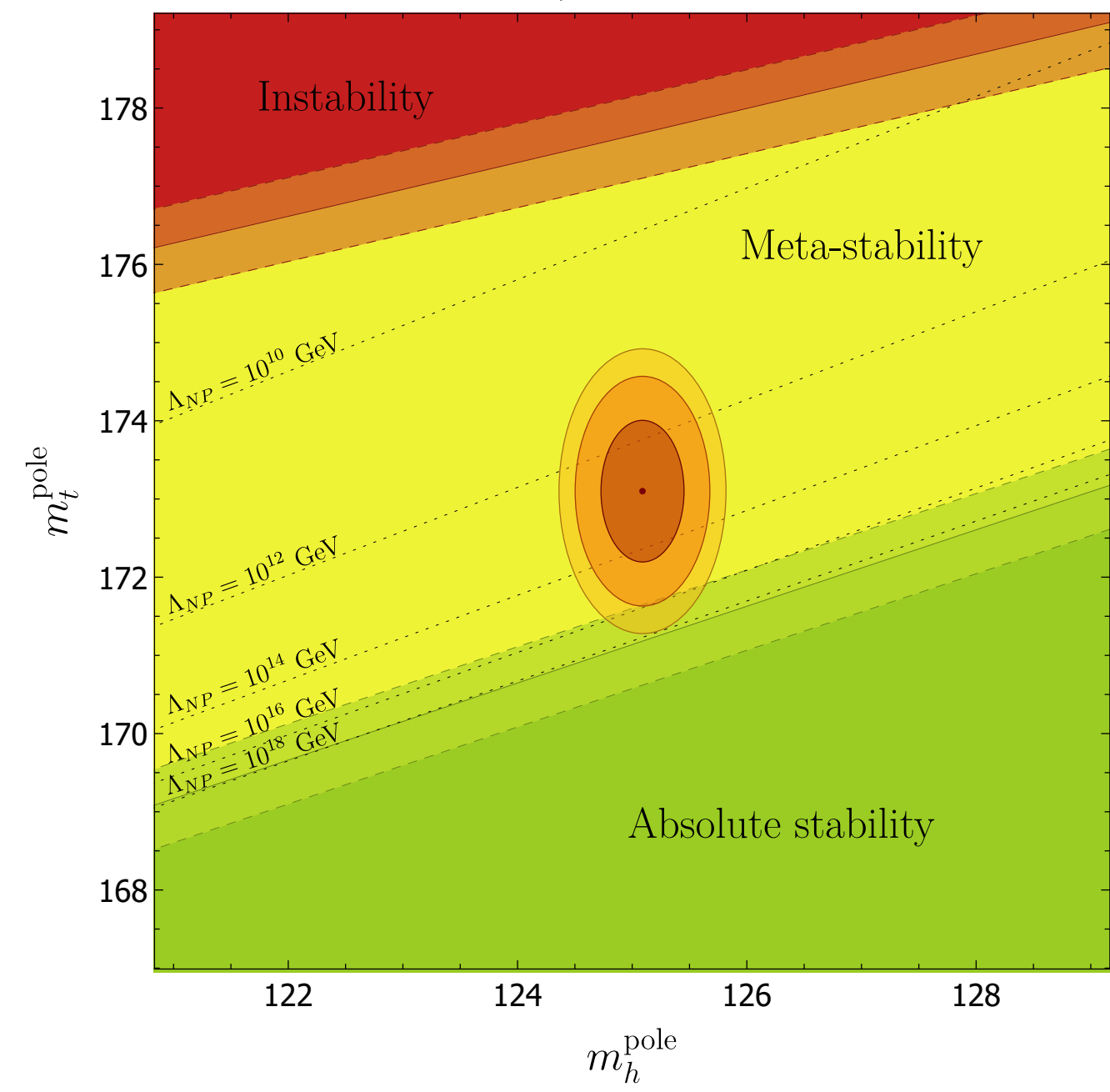
- Deep connection to both EW and QCD sectors
- Large $m_t \Rightarrow$ Higgs Yukawa \sim unity \Rightarrow key parameter for vacuum stability
 - Via loop corrections, uncertainty propagates to other EW parameters
- Measurement approaches:
 - **Indirect:** e.g. cross section dependence [not discussed today]
 - **Direct:** fit to mass (or correlated variable)



Phys. Rev. D 97, 056006 (2018)



arXiv:2211.07665



A. Gilbert (LLR)

ATLAS+CMS Preliminary m_{top} from cross-section measurements November 2023
LHCtopWG

	total	stat	$m_{top} \pm \text{tot (stat} \pm \text{syst} \pm \text{theo) [GeV]}$	$\int L dt$	Ref.	
$\sigma(t\bar{t})$ inclusive, NNLO+NNLL						
ATLAS, 7+8 TeV	[172.9, 172.9]	[172.9, 172.9]	$172.9^{+2.5}_{-2.6}$	$\leq 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	[1]	
CMS, 7+8 TeV	[173.8, 173.8]	[173.8, 173.8]	$173.8^{+1.7}_{-1.8}$	$\leq 19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	[2]	
CMS, 13 TeV	[169.9, 169.9]	[169.9, 169.9]	$169.9^{+1.9}_{-2.1}$ (0.1 ± 1.5 $^{+1.2}_{-1.5}$)	35.9 fb^{-1}	[3]	
ATLAS, 13 TeV	[173.1, 173.1]	[173.1, 173.1]	$173.1^{+2.0}_{-2.1}$	36.1 fb^{-1}	[4]	
LHC comb., 7+8 TeV	[173.4, 173.4]	[173.4, 173.4]	$173.4^{+1.8}_{-2.0}$	$\leq 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	[5]	
$\sigma(t\bar{t}+1j)$ differential, NLO						
ATLAS, 7 TeV	[173.7, 173.7]	[173.7, 173.7]	$173.7^{+2.3}_{-2.1}$ (1.5 ± 1.4 $^{+1.0}_{-0.5}$)	4.6 fb^{-1}	[6]	
ATLAS, 8 TeV	[171.1, 171.1]	[171.1, 171.1]	$171.1^{+1.2}_{-1.0}$ (0.4 ± 0.9 $^{+0.7}_{-0.3}$)	20.2 fb^{-1}	[7]	
CMS, 13 TeV	[172.1, 172.1]	[172.1, 172.1]	$172.1^{+1.4}_{-1.3}$ (1.3 $^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$)	36.3 fb^{-1}	[8]	
$\sigma(t\bar{t})$ n-differential, NLO						
ATLAS, n=1, 8 TeV	[173.2, 173.2]	[173.2, 173.2]	173.2 ± 1.6 ($0.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.2$)	20.2 fb^{-1}	[9]	
CMS, n=3, 13 TeV	[170.5, 170.5]	[170.5, 170.5]	170.5 ± 0.8	35.9 fb^{-1}	[10]	
m_{top} from top quark decay						
				[1] EPJC 74 (2014) 3109	[5] JHEP 2307 (2023) 213	[9] EPJC 77 (2017) 804
				[2] JHEP 08 (2016) 029	[6] JHEP 10 (2015) 121	[10] EPJC 80 (2020) 658
				[3] EPJC 79 (2019) 368	[7] JHEP 11 (2019) 150	[11] PRD 93 (2016) 072004
				[4] EPJC 80 (2020) 528	[8] JHEP 07 (2023) 077	[12] EPJC 79 (2019) 290

Discussed in other plenary talks:

- Lepton flavor violation and rare heavy flavor decays - Monday evening
- Top cross-section measurements and rare ttX processes - tomorrow morning

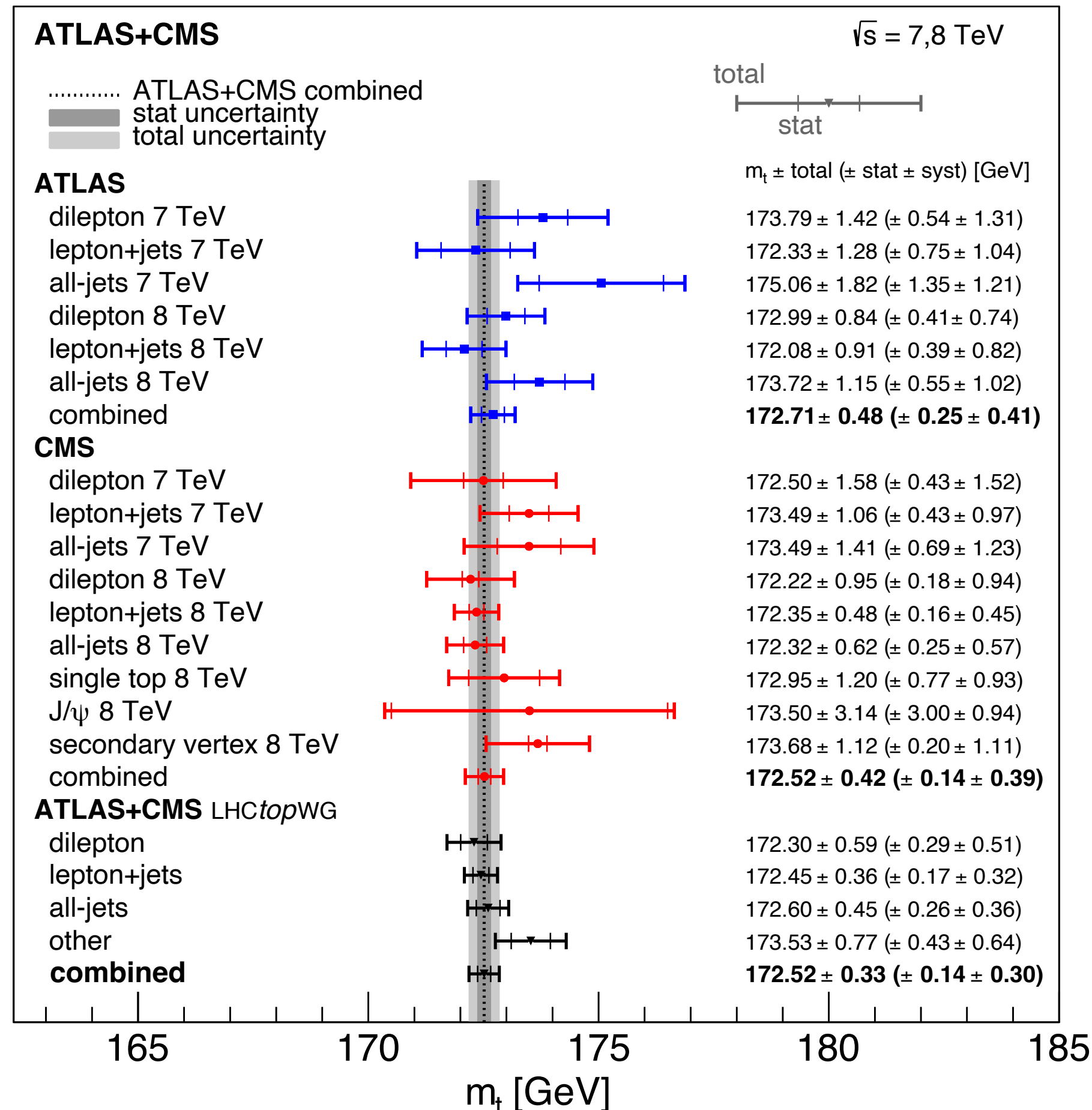
ATLAS + CMS direct m_t combination



- Legacy combination of Run-1:
 - 6 (ATLAS) + 9 (CMS) measurements, detailed study of systematic correlations

• BLUE method: $m_t = \sum w^i m_t^i; \quad \sum w^i = 1$

- Uncertainty in b-jet JES dominates combination
- Requires detailed understanding of correlations



Uncertainty category	ρ	Scan range	$\Delta m_t / 2$ [MeV]	$\Delta \sigma_{m_t} / 2$ [MeV]
JES 1	0	—	—	—
JES 2	0	$[-0.25, +0.25]$	8	7
JES 3	0.5	$[+0.25, +0.75]$	1	<1
b-JES	0.85	$[+0.5, +1]$	26	5
g-JES	0.85	$[+0.5, +1]$	2	<1


$m_t = 172.52 \pm 0.33 \text{ GeV}$
 $(\pm 0.14 \text{ stat})$
 $(\pm 0.30 \text{ syst})$

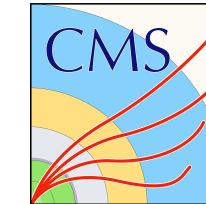
- Most precise to date: < 2 per mille

Uncertainty category	Uncertainty impact [GeV]		
	LHC	ATLAS	CMS
b-JES	0.18	0.17	0.25
b tagging	0.09	0.16	0.03
ME generator	0.08	0.13	0.14
JES 1	0.08	0.18	0.06
JES 2	0.08	0.11	0.10
Method	0.07	0.06	0.09
CMS b hadron \mathcal{B}	0.07	—	0.12
QCD radiation	0.06	0.07	0.10
Leptons	0.05	0.08	0.07
JER	0.05	0.09	0.02
CMS top quark p_T	0.05	—	0.07
Background (data)	0.05	0.04	0.06
Color reconnection	0.04	0.08	0.03
Underlying event	0.04	0.03	0.05
g-JES	0.03	0.02	0.04
Background (MC)	0.03	0.07	0.01
Other	0.03	0.06	0.01
l-JES	0.03	0.01	0.05
CMS JES 1	0.03	—	0.04
Pileup	0.03	0.07	0.03
JES 3	0.02	0.07	0.01
Hadronization	0.02	0.01	0.01
p_T^{miss}	0.02	0.04	0.01
PDF	0.02	0.06	<0.01
Trigger	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total systematic	0.30	0.41	0.39
Statistical	0.14	0.25	0.14
Total	0.33	0.48	0.42

Observation of $t\bar{t}$ entanglement

- Unique probe of entanglement via spin correlations
 - Both experiments analyses dilepton final state
 - \Rightarrow measure angle between ℓ^\pm in $t\bar{t}$ rest frame


2311.07288
 (submitted to Nature)


CMS-PAS-TOP-23-001

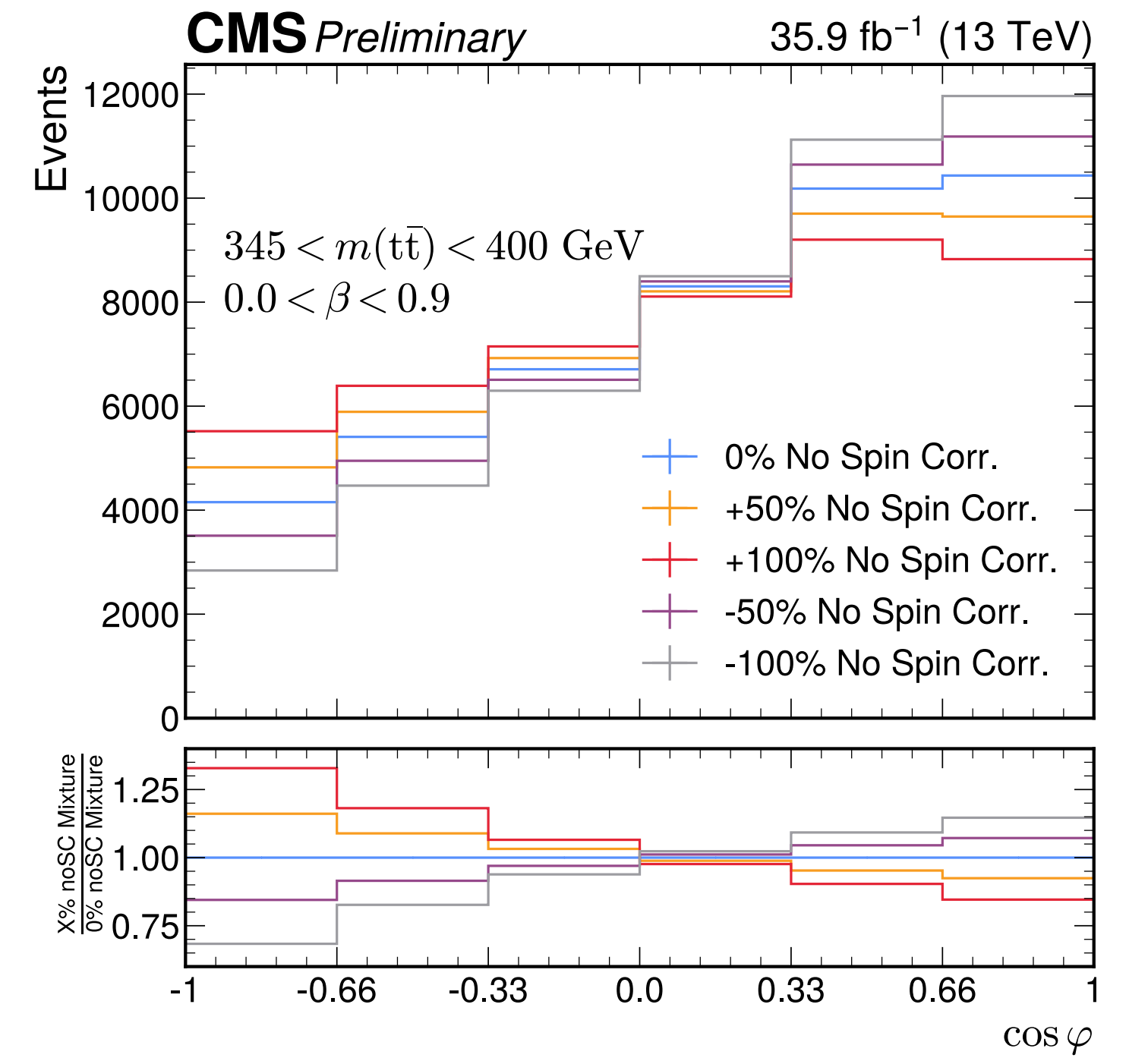
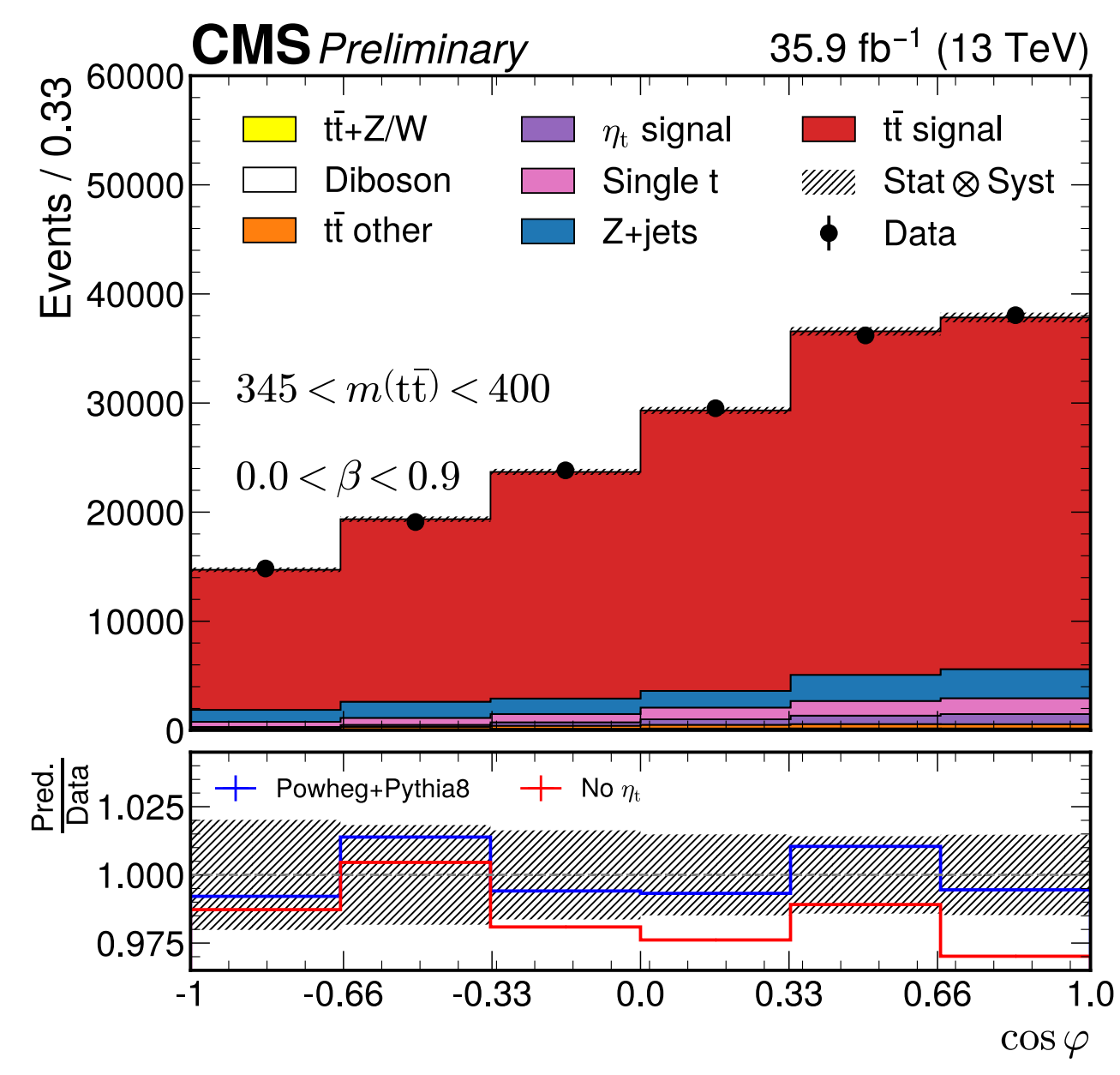
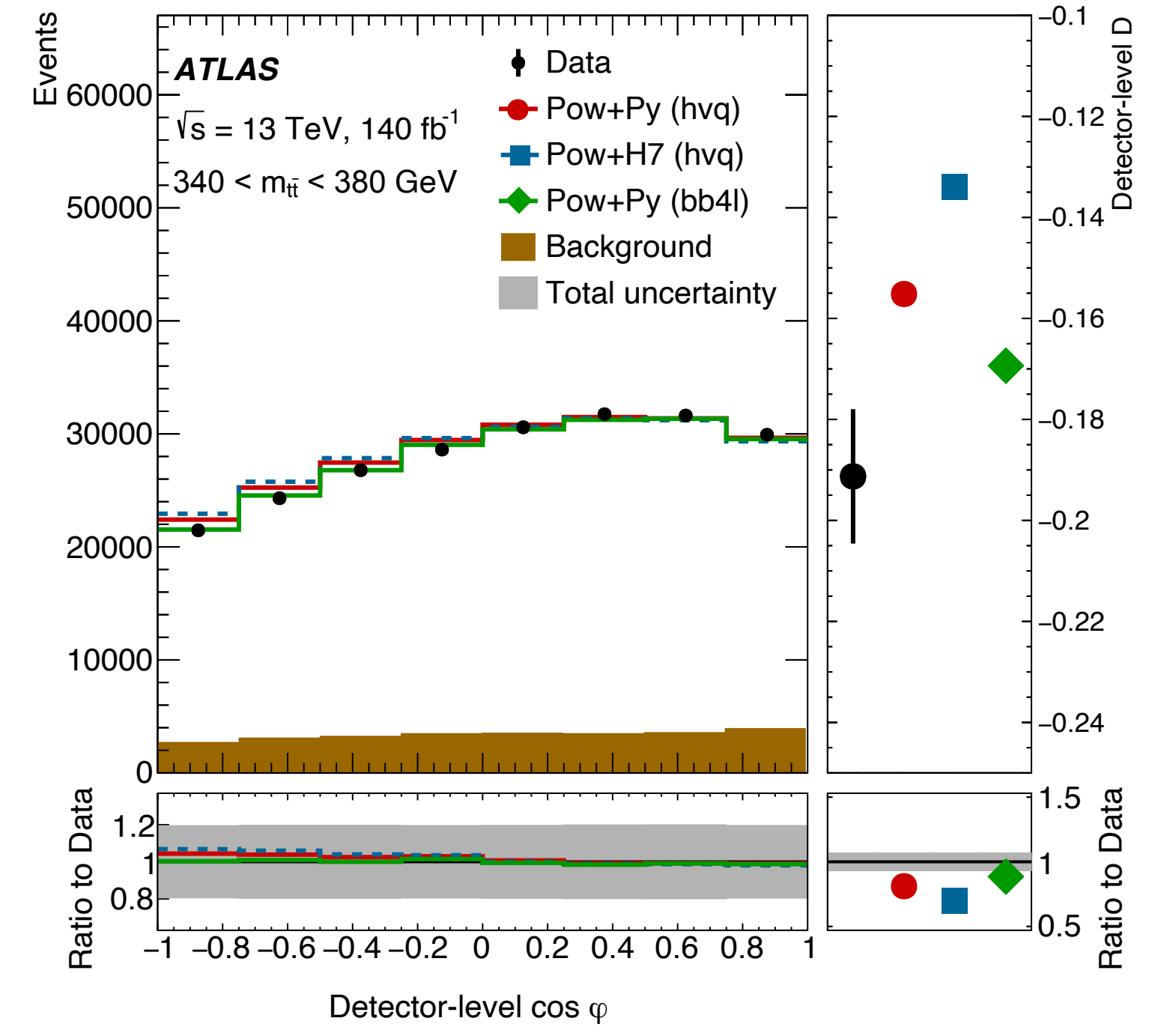
- Focus on narrow range around $t\bar{t}$ production threshold
 - 80% cross section for spin-singlet state (rotational invariance needed for observation)

- Cross section:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega_+ d\Omega_-} = \frac{1 + \mathbf{B}^+ \cdot \hat{\mathbf{q}}_+ - \mathbf{B}^- \cdot \hat{\mathbf{q}}_- - \hat{\mathbf{q}}_+ \cdot \mathbf{C} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{q}}_-}{(4\pi)^2}$$

$$D = \text{tr}[\mathbf{C}]/3 = -3 \cdot \langle \cos \varphi \rangle$$

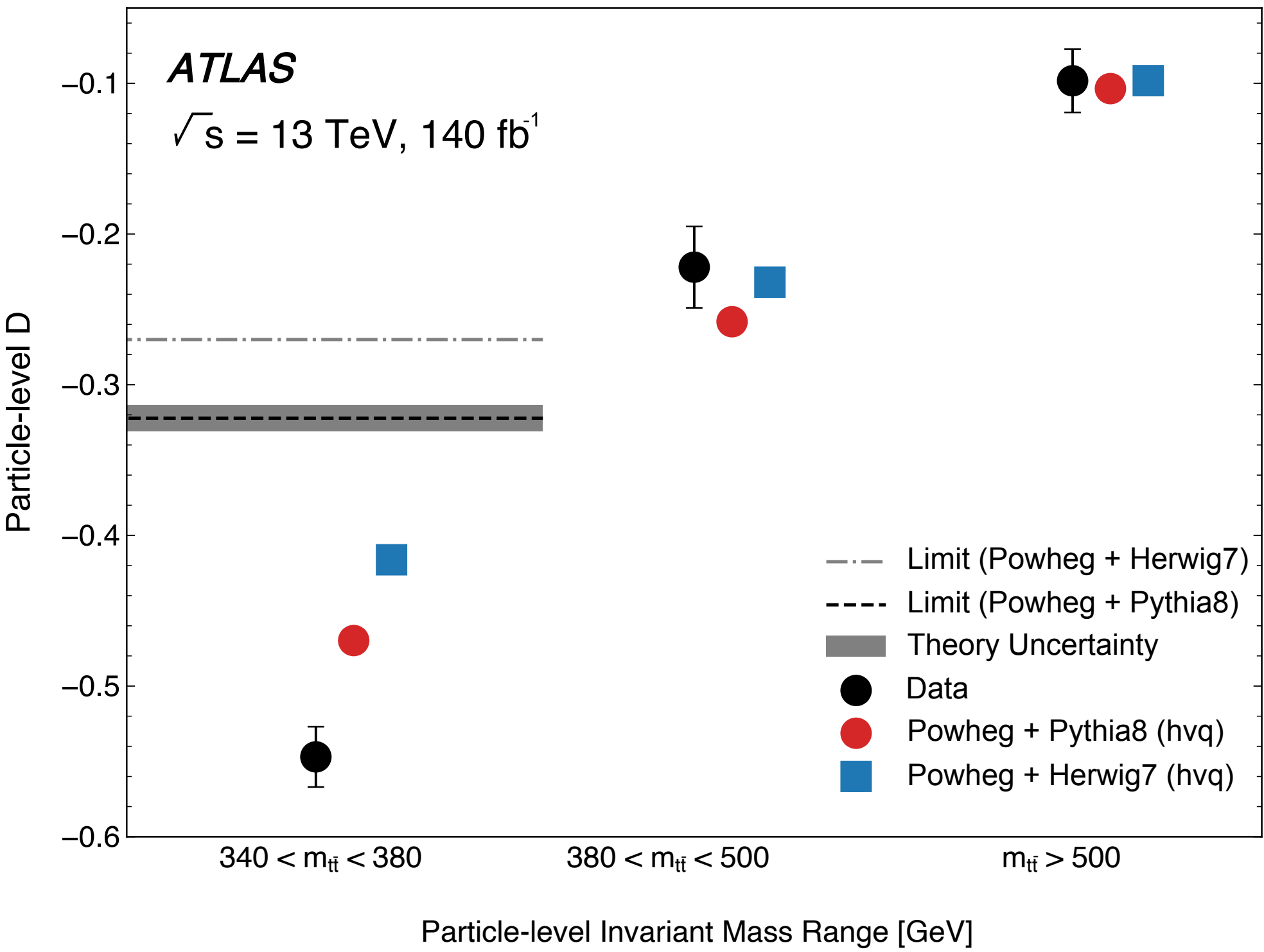
- $D < -1/3$ implies entanglement
- CMS includes Toponium effects
 - Maximally entangled particles
 - Via a colour singlet single pseudoscalar [PRD 104 (2021) 034023]



Observation of $t\bar{t}$ entanglement

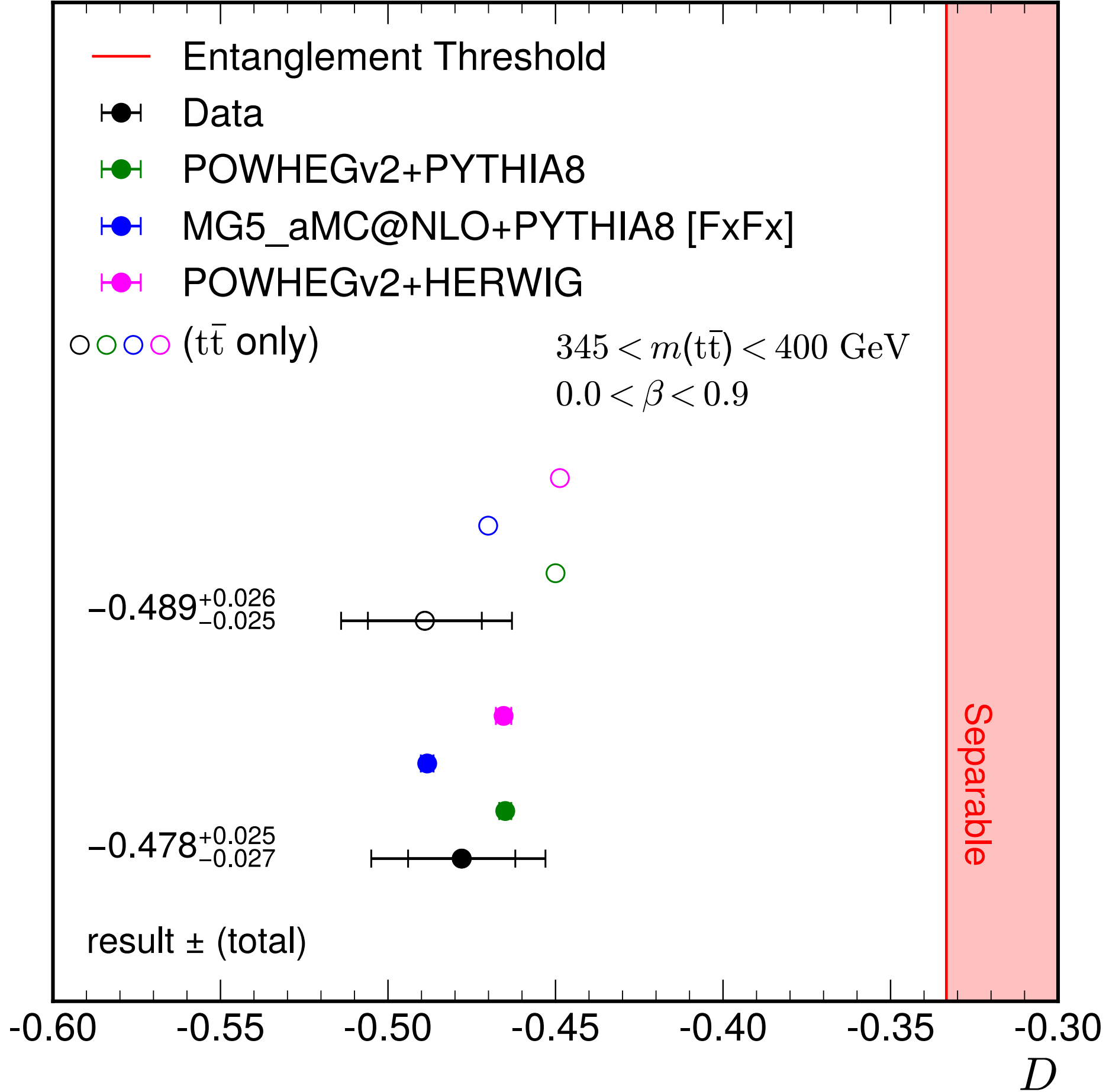


- Both experiments observe entanglement with $> 5\sigma$ significance
 - Good agreement with theory predictions
 - Systematics limited with full Run 2 data set



$$D = -0.547 \pm 0.002(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.021(\text{syst.})$$

CMS Preliminary 35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

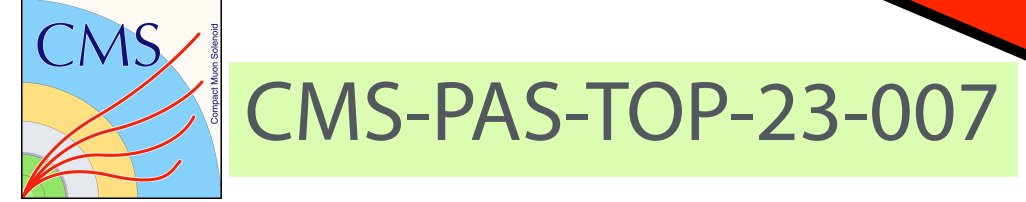


$$D = -0.478 \pm 0.017(\text{stat.})_{-0.021}^{+0.018}(\text{syst.})$$

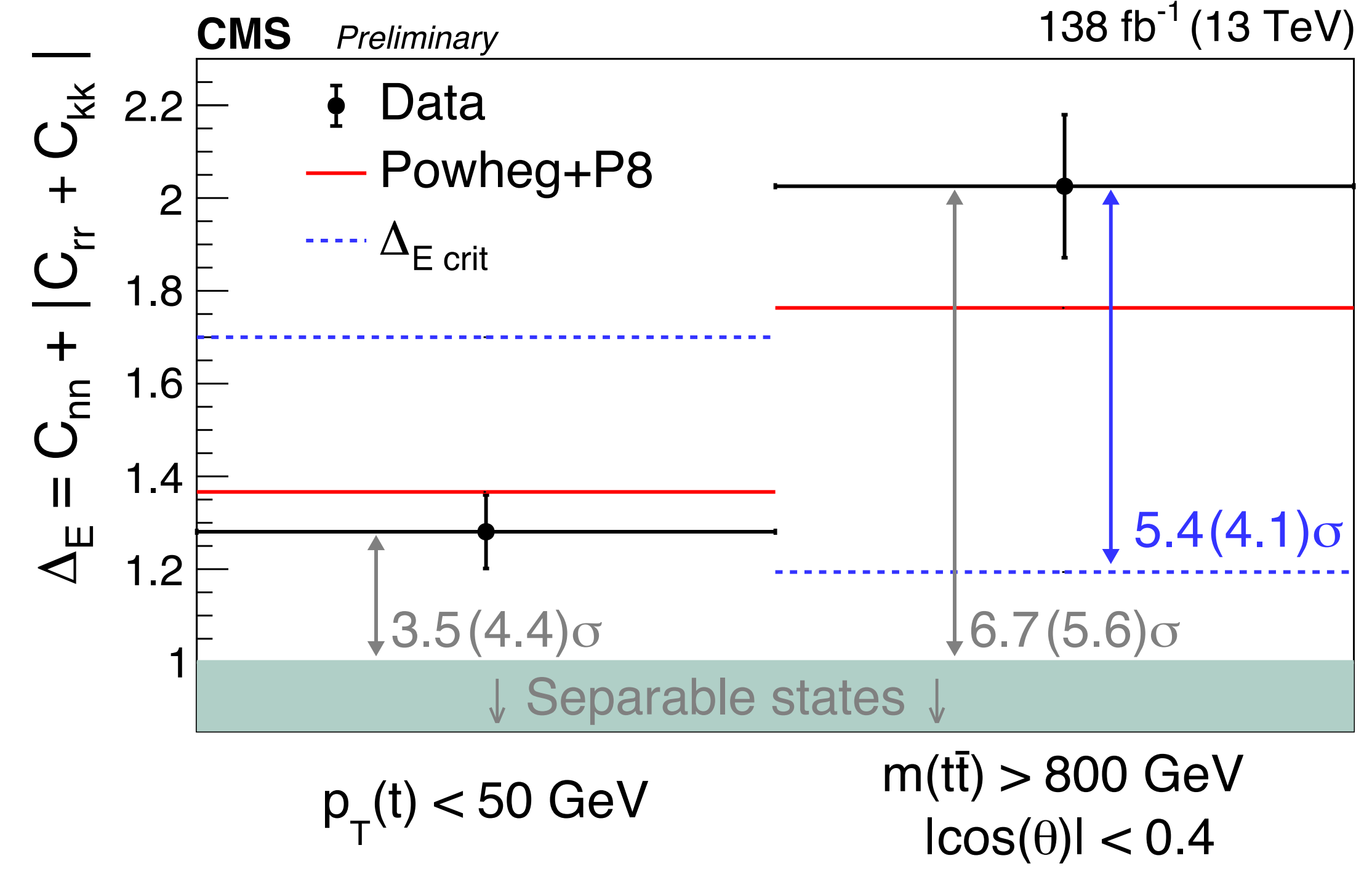
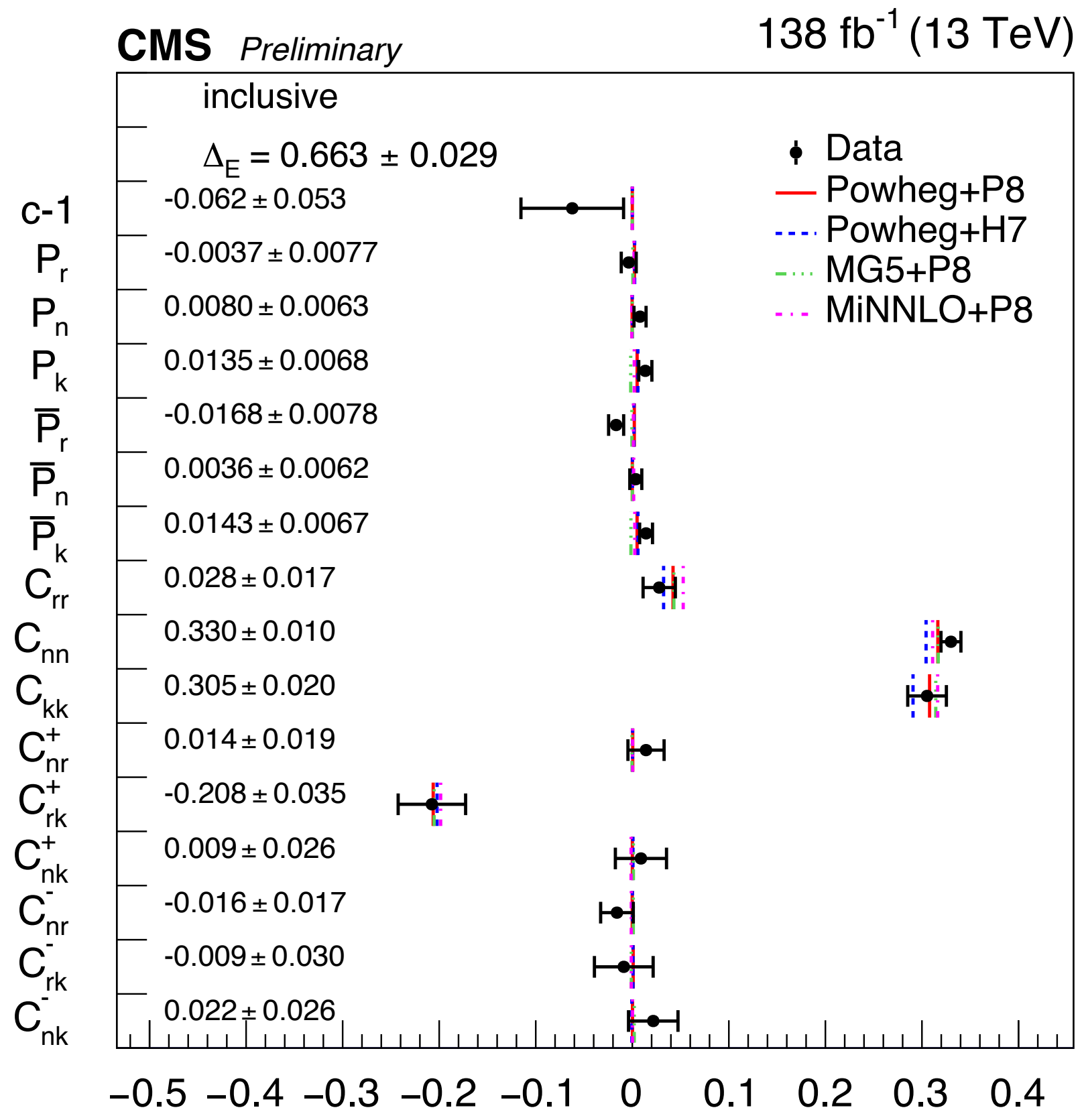
$t\bar{t}$ spin correlation and entanglement in ℓ +jets



- All polarization vector & spin correlation matrix coefficients extracted simultaneously
 - In bins of $m_{t\bar{t}}$, $p_T(t)$, and $|\cos\theta|$
- Entanglement observed for the first time at high $m_{t\bar{t}}$
 - Addition criterion based on classical information exchange at $v \leq c$



Covered in R. Demina's talk in top parallel session today



Reviews

ATLAS: EW, QCD & flavour



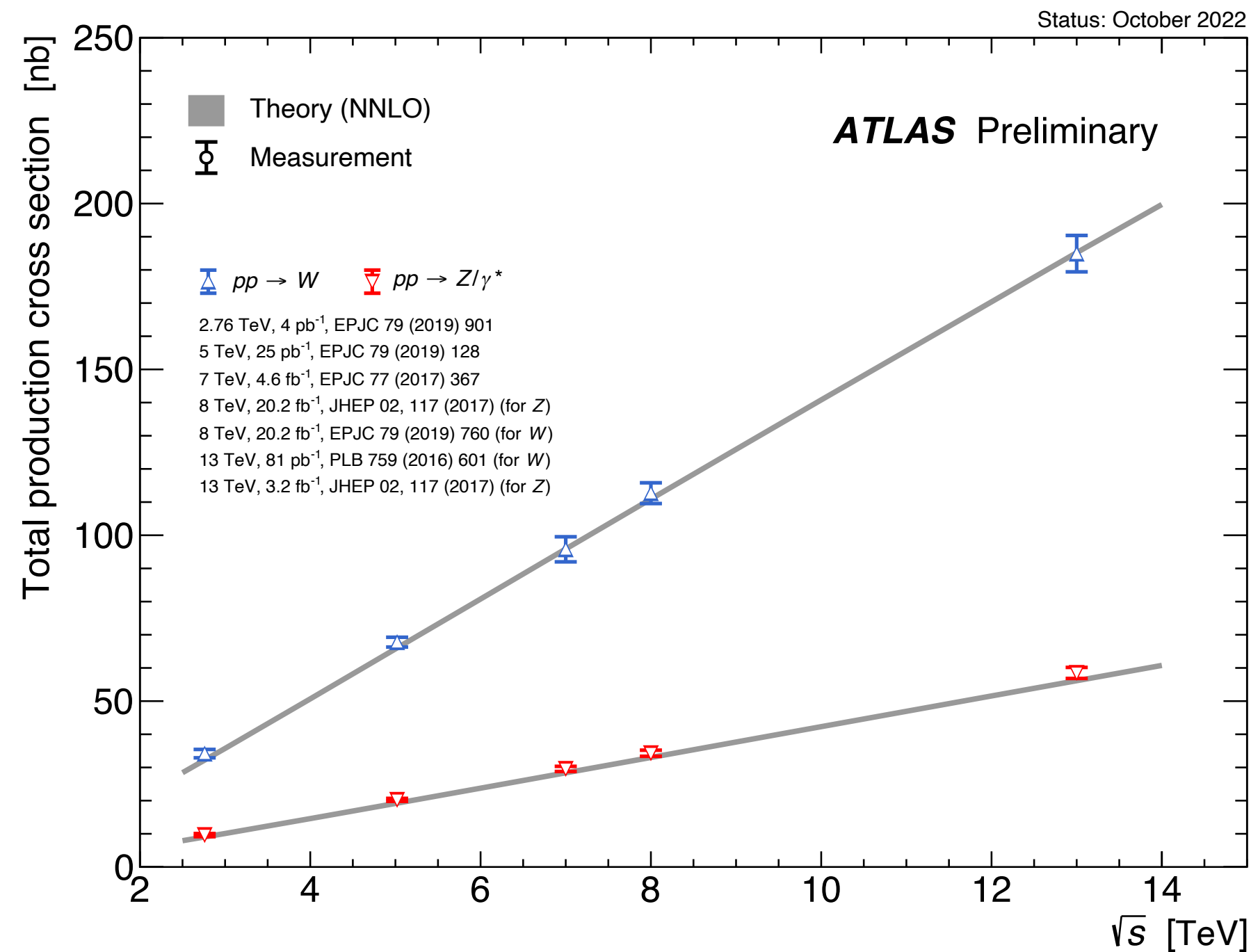
Electroweak, QCD and flavour physics studies with ATLAS data from Run 2 of the LHC

The ATLAS Collaboration

- Extensive summary of precision single & mutiboson measurements using Run 2 13 TeV data

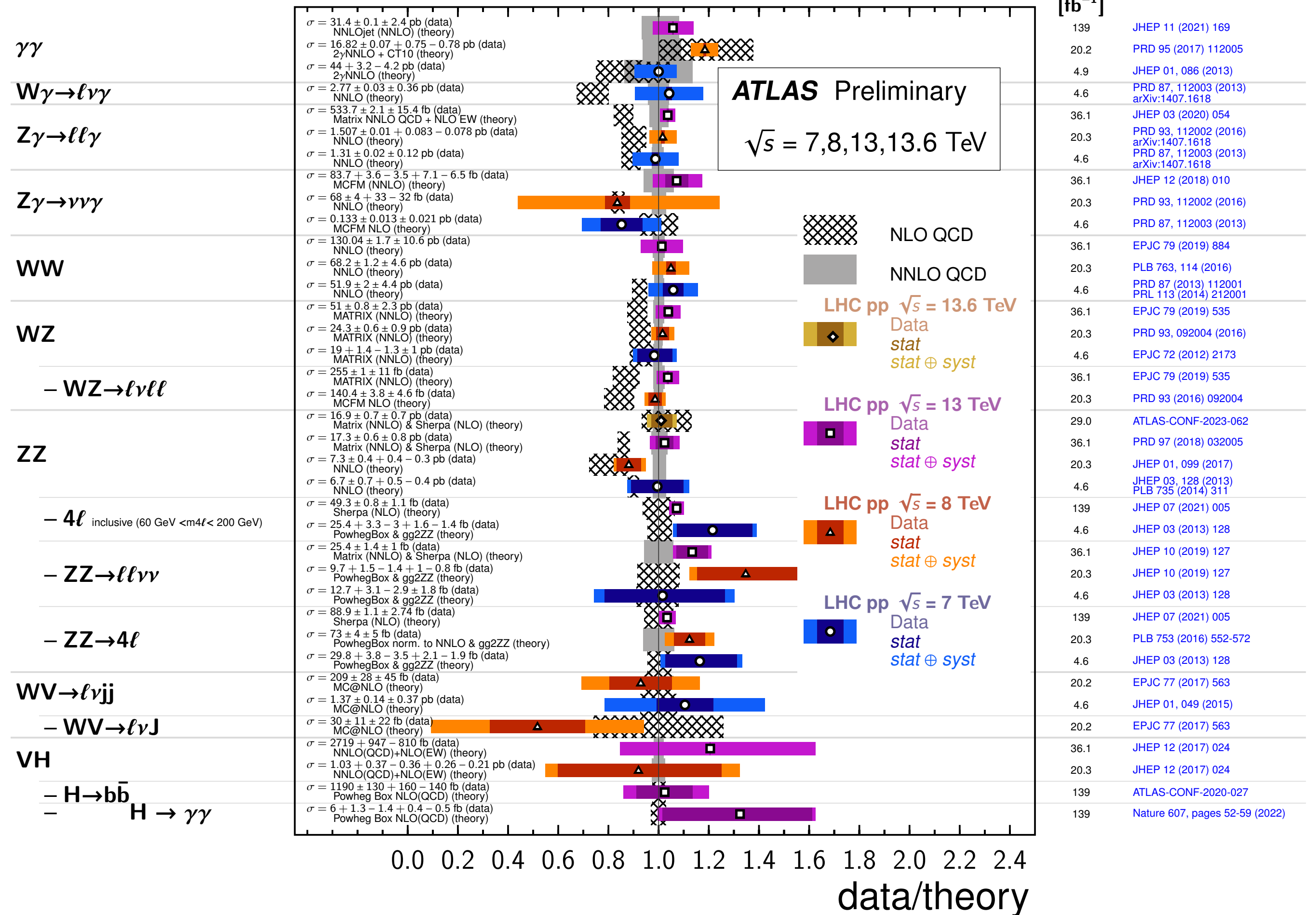
• Also covers:

- Low energy strong particle production
- High pT jet & QCD studies
- EFT constraints on new physics
- + more



Diboson Cross Section Measurements

Status: October 2023



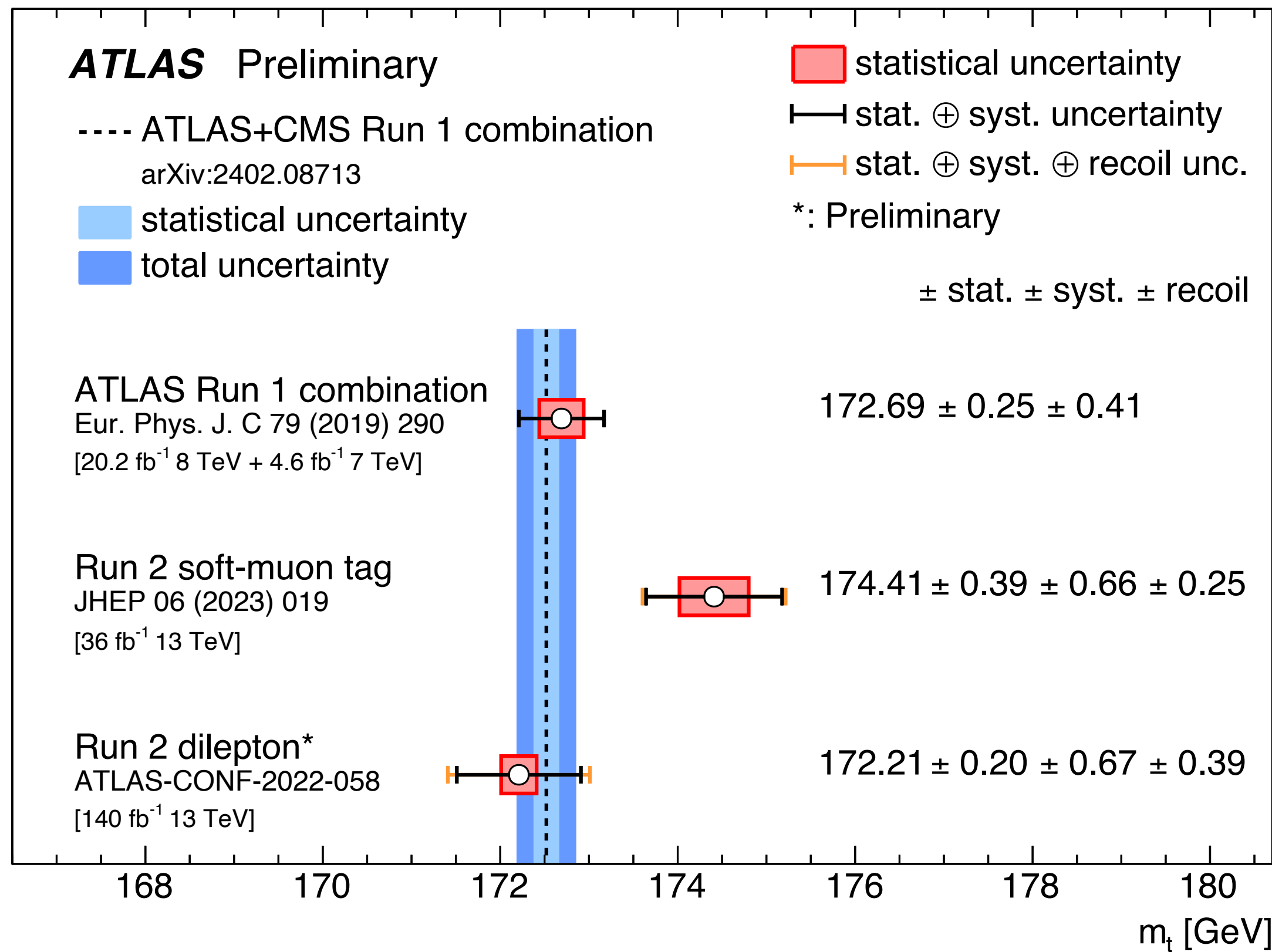
ATLAS top quark review

- Extensive review of top (+X) cross section, m_t measurements, entanglement, LFU tests, and more

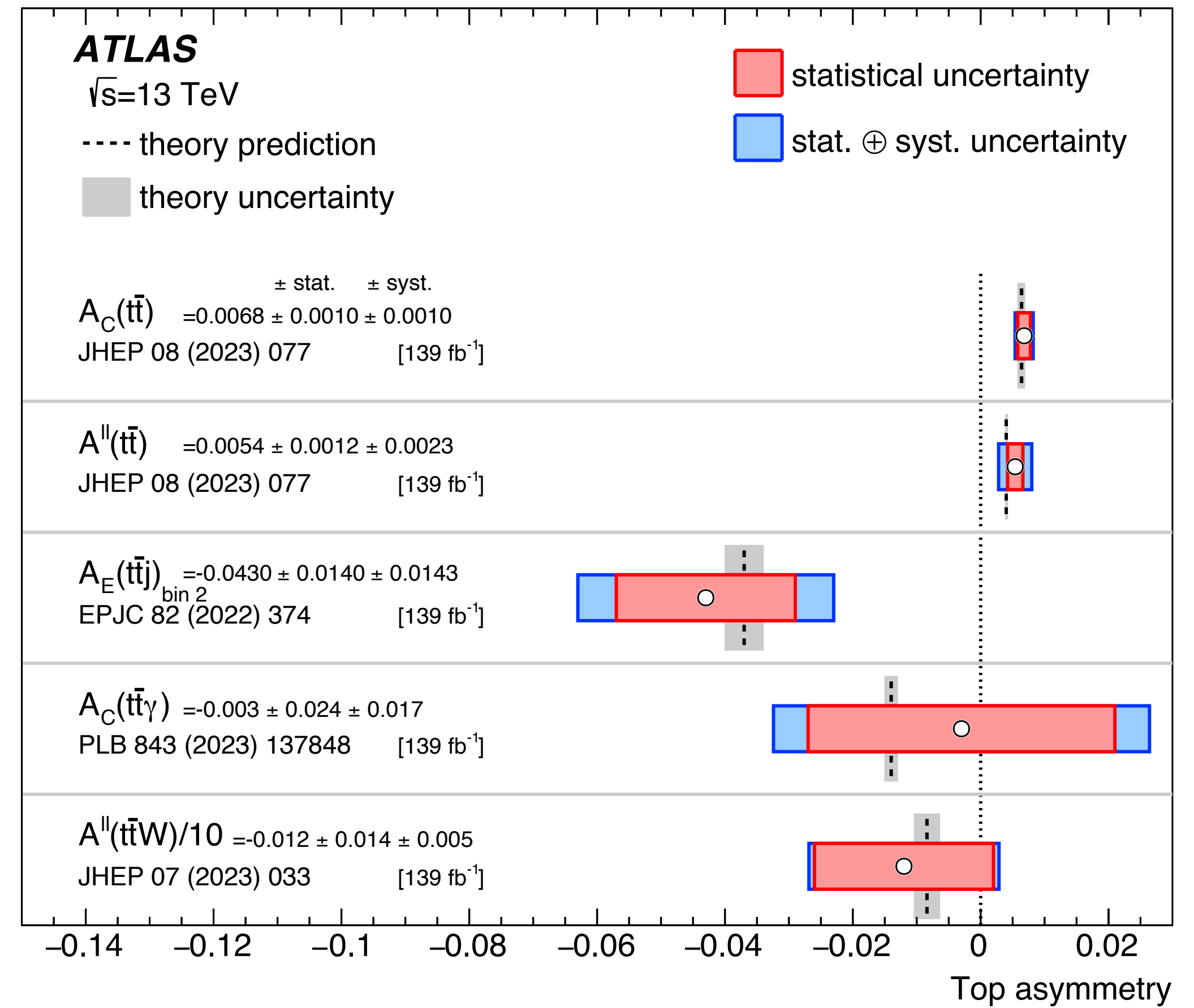
Climbing to the Top of the ATLAS 13 TeV data

The ATLAS Collaboration

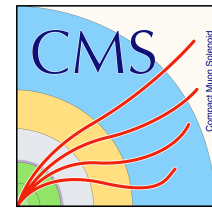
Top mass summary



Top asymmetry summary



CMS top quark mass review



Review of top quark mass measurements in CMS

The CMS Collaboration*

Current status

Overview of all measurement approaches

Past improvements

Consistent reduction in both statistical and systematic uncertainties

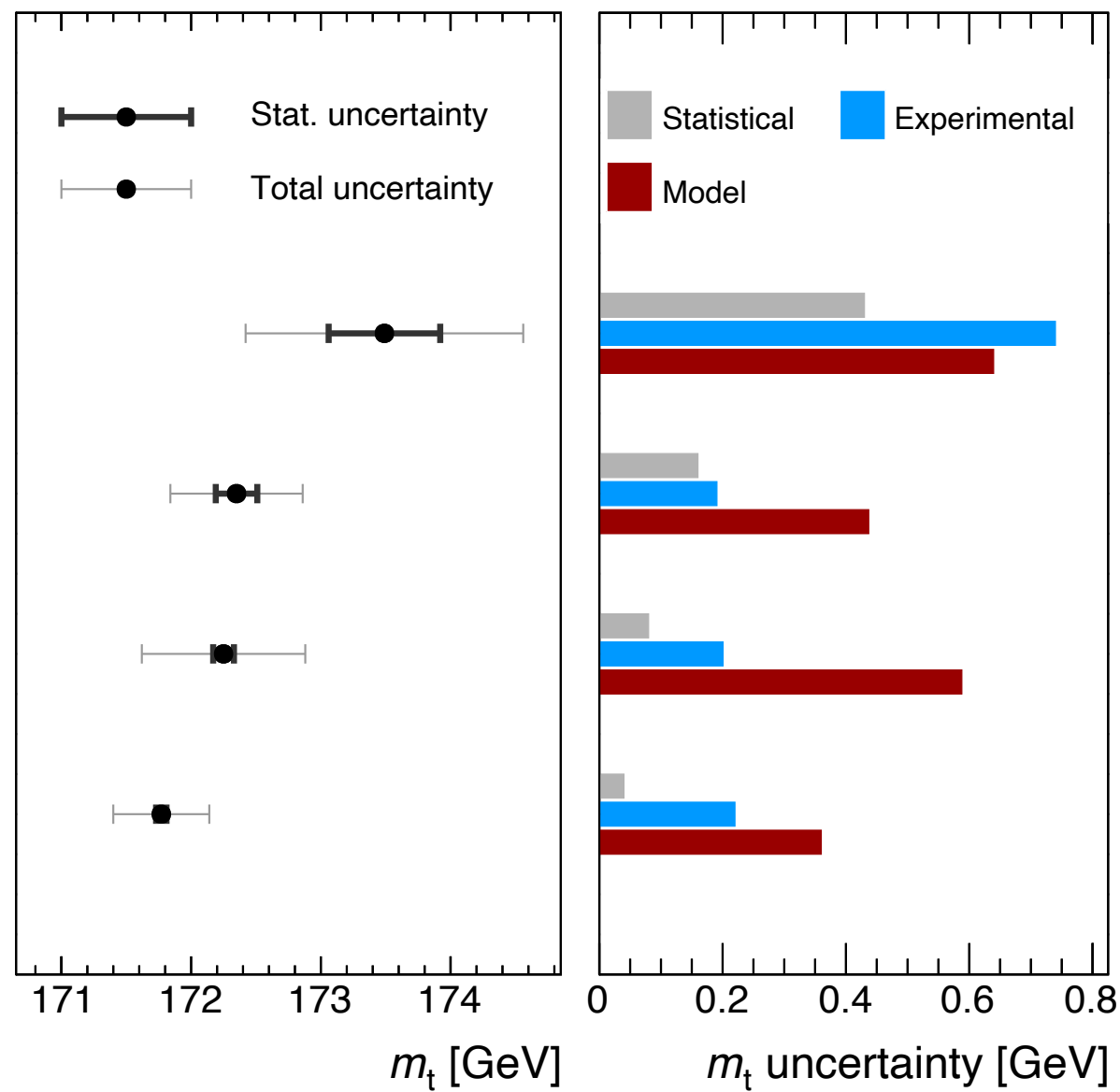
CMS

7 TeV (5.0 fb⁻¹) ideogram
 $m_t = 173.49 \pm 1.07$ GeV
 JHEP 12 (2012) 105

8 TeV (19.7 fb⁻¹) ideogram
 $m_t = 172.35 \pm 0.51$ GeV
 Phys. Rev. D 93 (2016) 072004

13 TeV (35.9 fb⁻¹) ideogram
 $m_t = 172.25 \pm 0.63$ GeV
 Eur. Phys. J. C 78 (2018) 891

13 TeV (36.3 fb⁻¹) profiled
 $m_t = 171.77 \pm 0.37$ GeV
 Eur. Phys. J. C 83 (2023) 963

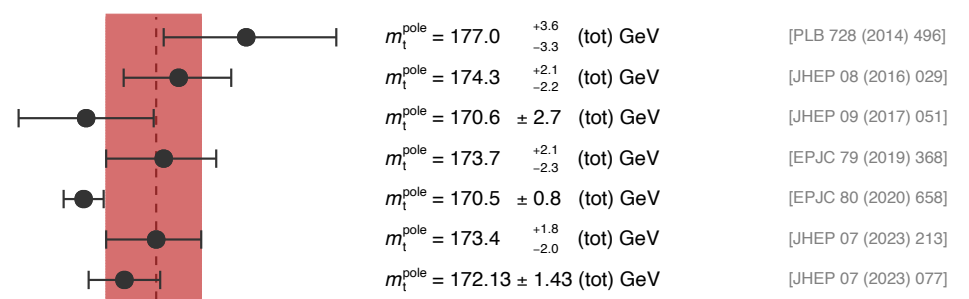


CMS

Lagrangian mass extractions

Pole mass from cross section

- Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ 7 TeV, NNLO @ CT10
- Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ 7+8 TeV, NNLO @ CT14
- Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ 13 TeV, NNLO @ CT14
- Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ 13 TeV, NNLO @ CT14
- Differential $t\bar{t}$ 13 TeV, NLO + 3D fit ($m_t^{\text{pole}}, \alpha_s$ PDF)
- Dilepton 7+8 TeV, ATLAS+CMS cross section
- Differential $t\bar{t}$ +jet 13 TeV, NLO @ CT18



\overline{MS} mass from cross section

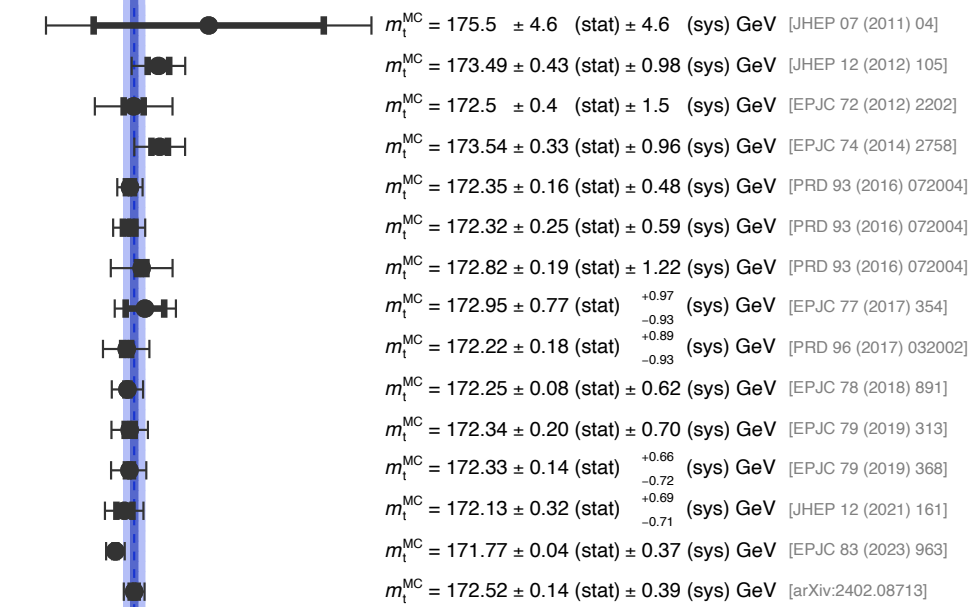
- Inclusive $t\bar{t}$ 13 TeV, NNLO @ CT14

$m_t(m_t) = 165.0^{+1.8}_{-2.0}$ (tot) GeV [EPJJC 79 (2019) 368]

Direct measurements

Full reconstruction

- Dilepton 7 TeV, KINb and AMWT
- Lepton+jets 7 TeV, 2D ideogram
- Dilepton 7 TeV, AMWT
- All-jets 7 TeV, 2D ideogram
- Lepton+jets 8 TeV, Hybrid ideogram
- All-jets 8 TeV, Hybrid ideogram
- Dilepton 8 TeV, AMWT
- Single top quark 8 TeV, Template fit
- Dilepton 8 TeV, $M_{b1}+M_{T2}^{\text{bb}}$ Hybrid fit
- Lepton+jets 13 TeV, Hybrid ideogram
- All-jets 13 TeV, Hybrid ideogram
- Dilepton 13 TeV, m_{b1} fit
- Single top quark 13 TeV, $\ln(m_t/1 \text{ GeV})$ fit
- Lepton+jets 13 TeV, Profile likelihood
- Combination 7+8 TeV



Boosted measurements

- Boosted 8 TeV, C/A jet mass unfolded
- Boosted 13 TeV, X Cone jet mass unfolded
- Boosted 13 TeV, X Cone jet mass unfolded

$m_t^{\text{MC}} = 170.9 \pm 6.0$ (stat) ± 6.7 (sys) GeV [EPJJC 77 (2017) 467]
 $m_t^{\text{MC}} = 172.6 \pm 0.4$ (stat) ± 2.4 (sys) GeV [PRL 124 (2020) 202001]
 $m_t^{\text{MC}} = 173.06 \pm 0.24$ (stat) ± 0.80 (sys) GeV [EPJJC 83 (2023) 560]

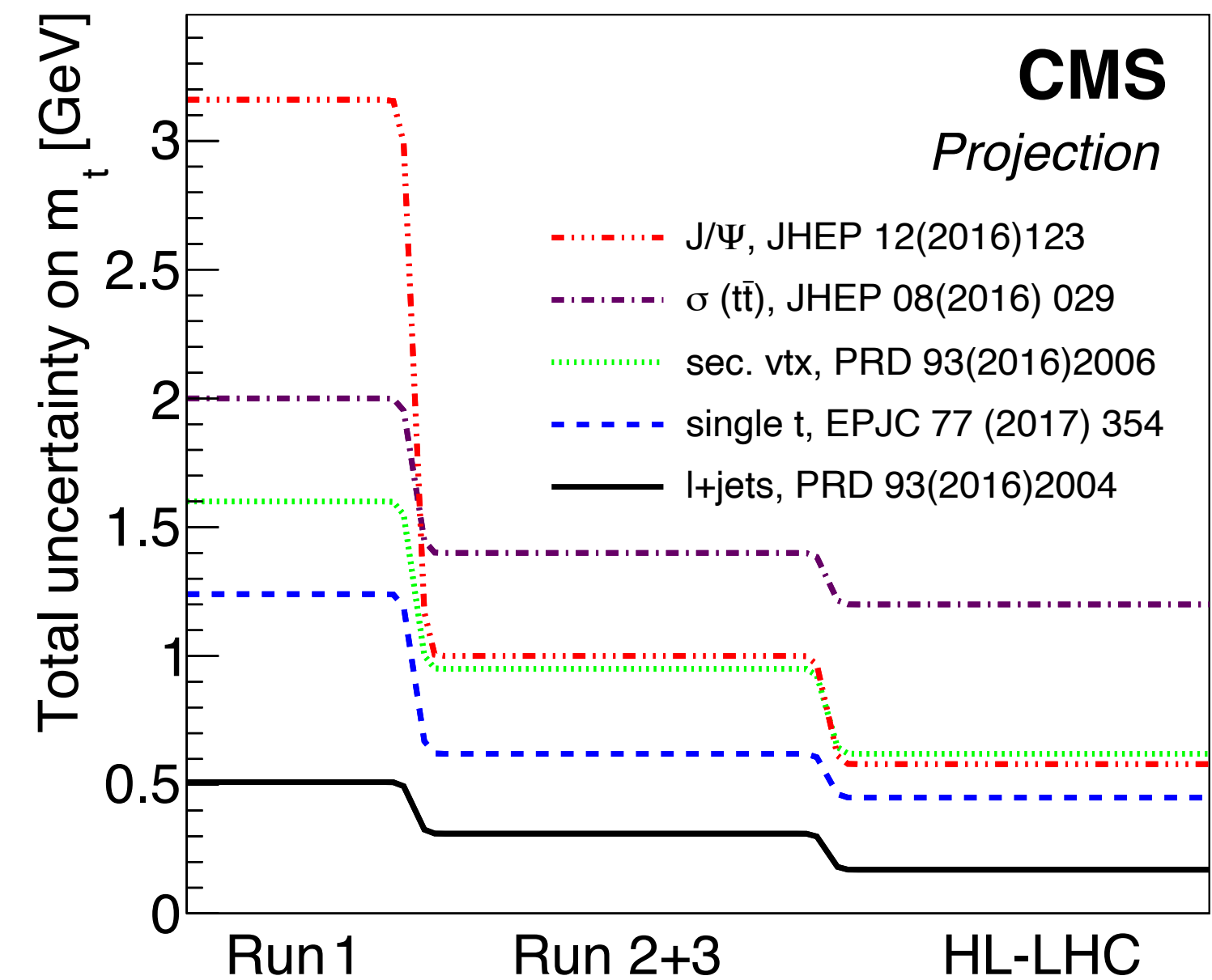
Alternative measurements

- Dilepton 7 TeV, Kinematic endpoints
- 1+2 leptons 8 TeV, Lepton + secondary vertex
- 1+2 leptons 8 TeV, Lepton + J/ψ

$m_t = 173.9 \pm 0.9$ (stat) $^{+1.7}_{-2.1}$ (sys) GeV [EPJJC 73 (2013) 2494]
 $m_t^{\text{MC}} = 173.68 \pm 0.20$ (stat) $^{+1.58}_{-0.97}$ (sys) GeV [PRL 93 (2016) 092006]
 $m_t^{\text{MC}} = 173.5 \pm 3.0$ (stat) ± 0.9 (sys) GeV [JHEP 12 (2016) 123]

Review of projection studies

NB: not always taking into account detector improvements!



Summary

- The LHC has proved more than capable as a precision physics machine
 - In many cases challenging or exceeding e^+e^- collider constraints
- Future improvements may come from:
 - Better understanding / in-situ constraint of PDFs
 - Improved signal & background modelling
 - Refined detector calibrations
 - Dedicated low pileup LHC runs
 - Inter-experiment combinations

See parallel talks for more detail on these expt. topics:

Precision electroweak measurements in CMS	Yongbin Feng	Tuesday AM
Precision electroweak measurements in ATLAS	Alexander Bachiu	Tuesday AM
Recent electroweak precision measurements in LHCb	Miguel Ramos Pernas	Tuesday AM
Rare decays of electroweak bosons at CMS and ATLAS	Keith Ulmer	Tuesday PM
ATLAS results on top spin and entanglement	Baptiste Ravina	Wednesday AM
CMS results on top spin correlations and entanglement	Regina Demina	Wednesday AM
ATLAS top quark mass measurements	Thomas Mclachlan	Friday PM