

# Exotic Higgs Decays with ATLAS

**Imma Riu (IFAE-BIST Barcelona)**  
on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration  
LHCP conference  
Boston (US)  
6 June 2024



# Introduction

- **Higgs measurements today:**

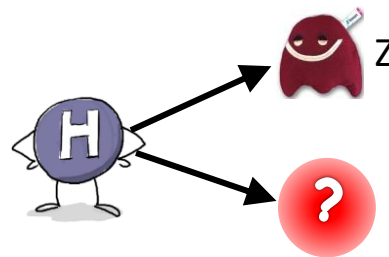
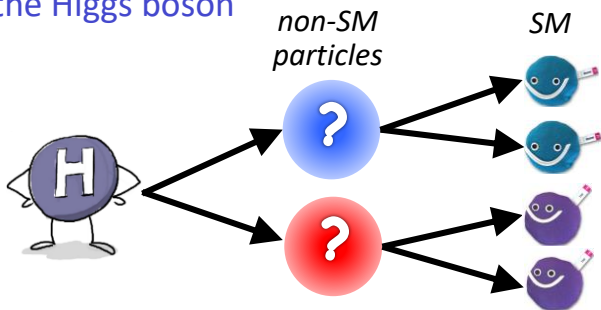
- Main production and decay modes observed
- Excellent agreement with the SM prediction

- **Current constraints:**

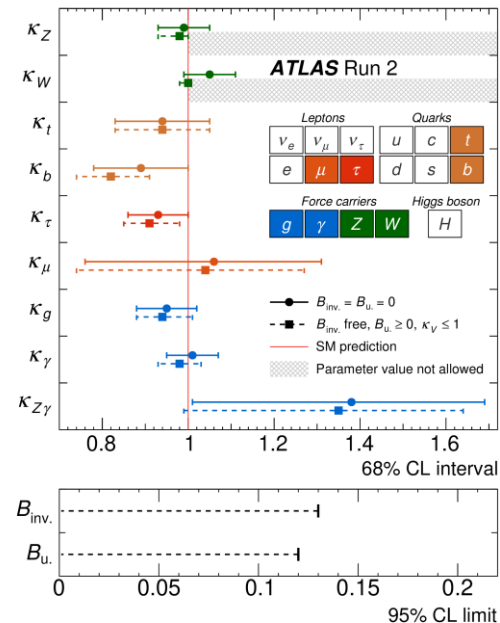
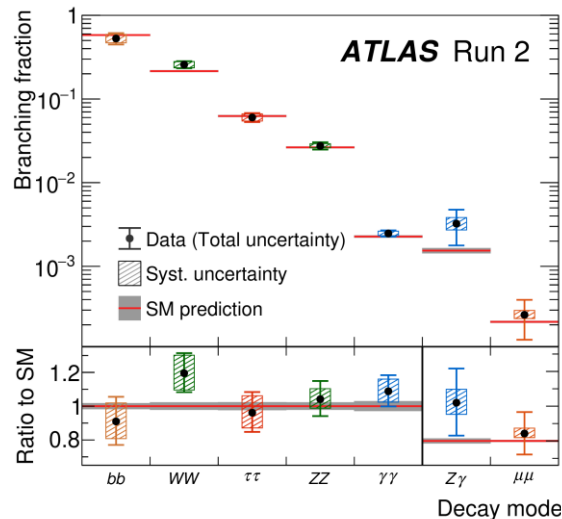
- From combined fits to the SM Higgs coupling:
  - $BR_{inv} (H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 13\%$
  - $BR_u (H \rightarrow \text{undetected}) < 12\%$

- **Higgs as a portal to BSM:**

- New physics could couple to the SM through the Higgs boson

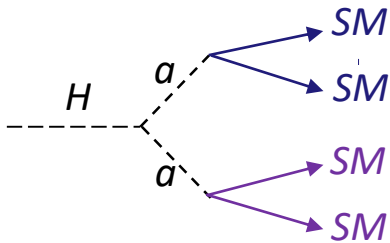


ATLAS, Nature 607, 52 (2022)



# Non-SM decays of the Higgs boson

- Example of non-SM Higgs decays:  $H \rightarrow aa$ :



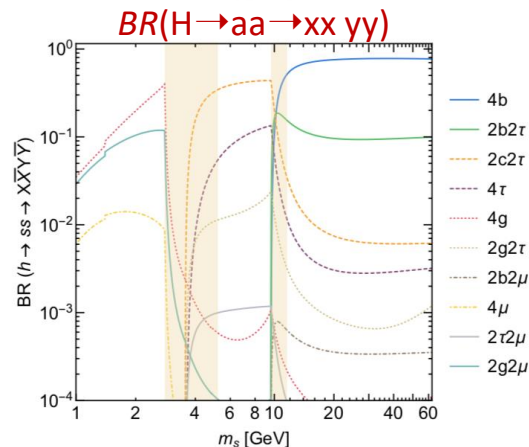
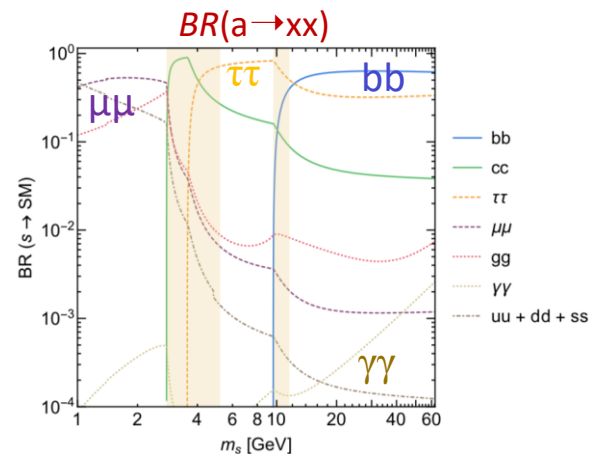
- Inspired by 2HDM+S, which introduces a mediator in a light singlet (pseudo)scalar
- Inherits Yukawa-like couplings from mixing with the Higgs doublets
- Couplings proportional to mass. Large BR to  $b$ 's and  $\tau$ 's
- Many analyses have already been performed (see [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-008](#))

- In this talk, will describe recent analyses of full Run 2:

- $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \gamma\gamma$
- $H \rightarrow Za \rightarrow Z \gamma\gamma$
- $H \rightarrow D^{*0} \gamma$
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d$

See also Shigeki Hirose's  
talk on Monday

arXiv:1312.4992



# Search for $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$ – introduction

arXiv:2312.03306 (Dec 2023)

## • Introduction:

- Probe Higgs decays into 2 axion-like particles (ALP)
- Model could explain the  $(g-2)_\mu$  discrepancy
- **First time long-lived decays are explored**

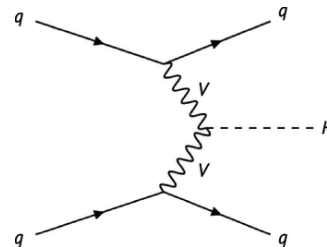
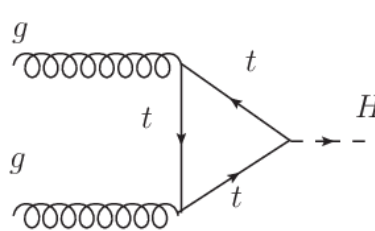
## • Signature kinematics:

- Dependent on  $m(a)$  and  $C_{a\gamma\gamma}$  coupling:
  - Low  $m(a)$  : collimated  $\gamma\gamma$  reconstructed as one  $\gamma$
  - Small  $C_{a\gamma\gamma}$  : displaced vertices

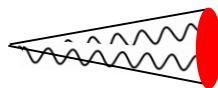
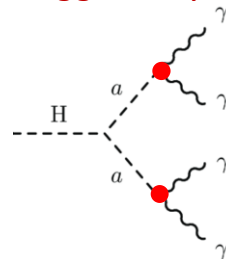
## • Analysis strategy:

- $2\gamma$  triggers and various dedicated NNs used:
  - for rejecting fake photons
  - to classify single and merged  $\gamma$ 's
  - to select the correct  $\gamma$  pairing in 3S, 4S
- Signal regions for single (S) and merged (M)  $\gamma$ 's:
  - $\geq 2\gamma$  : 2S, 1S1M, 2M, 3S, 4S

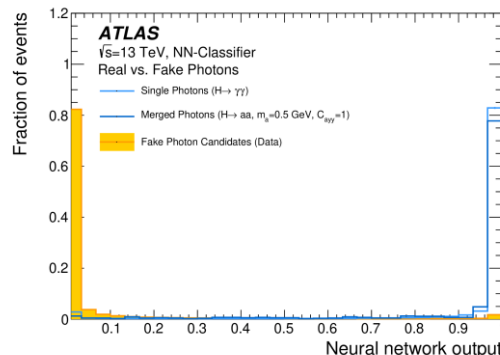
## Higgs-production mechanisms



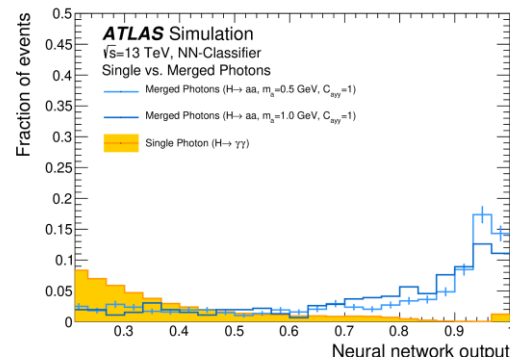
## Higgs decay



## Real vs Fake photons NN output



## Single vs merged $\gamma$ 's NN output



# Search for $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$ – analysis

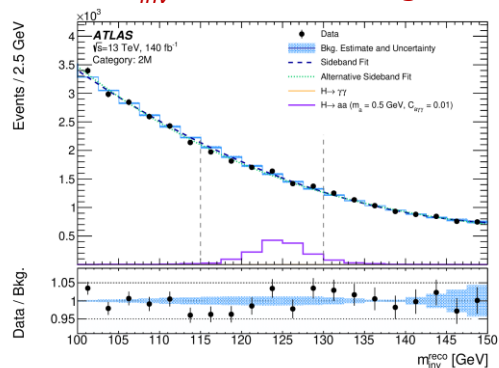
- **Search for long-lived decays:**

- $m(a) < 3.5$  GeV: 2S, 1M1S, 2M are most sensitive
- $m(a) > 3.5$  GeV: 3S, 4S are the most sensitive
- Data-driven background using sideband fits in the SR w/  
 $m(a)$ -dependent sel. in  $m_{inv}^{reco}$  of all  $\gamma$ 's and  $m_a^{reco}$
- Fit of  $m_{inv}^{reco}$

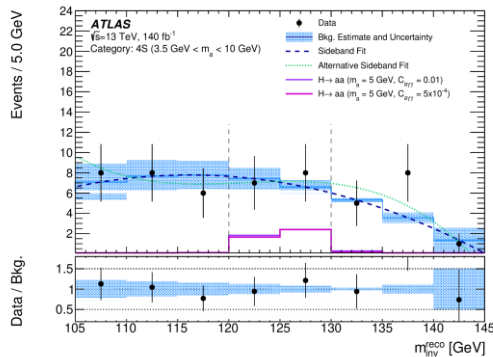
- **Search for prompt decays:**

- Only considered for  $m(a) > 5$  GeV and used only  $4S_p$
- Selection:
  - Strict requirements on PID to reject fake photons
  - Tight selection around  $m_{inv}^{reco}$ ,  $m(a)$ -dep. for  $m_a^{reco}$
- Data-driven background 2D area-scaling sideband yields
- Single bin fit in the  $m_{inv}^{reco}$  versus  $m_a^{reco}$  plane

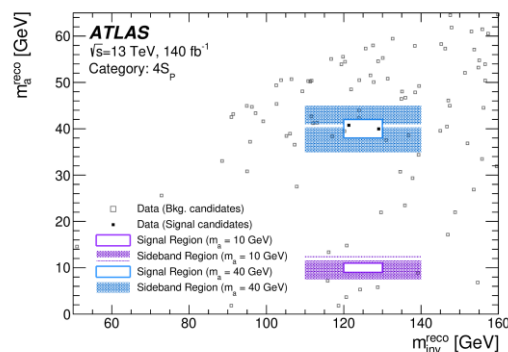
$m_{inv}^{reco}$  in the 2M region



$m_{inv}^{reco}$  in the 4S region  
 $3.5 \text{ GeV} < m(a) < 10 \text{ GeV}$



$m_{inv}^{reco}$  vs  $m_a^{reco}$  in the  $4S_p$  region



# Search for $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$ – analysis

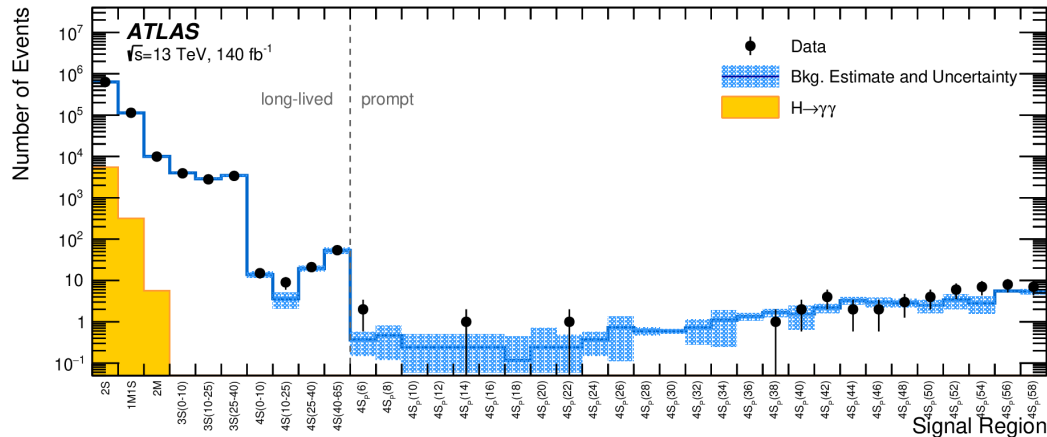
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- Data-driven background using sideband fits in the SR w/  
 $m(a)$ -dependent sel. in  $m_{\text{inv}}^{\text{reco}}$  of all  $\gamma$ 's and  $m_a^{\text{reco}}$
- Fit of  $m_{\text{inv}}^{\text{reco}}$

- **Search for prompt decays:**

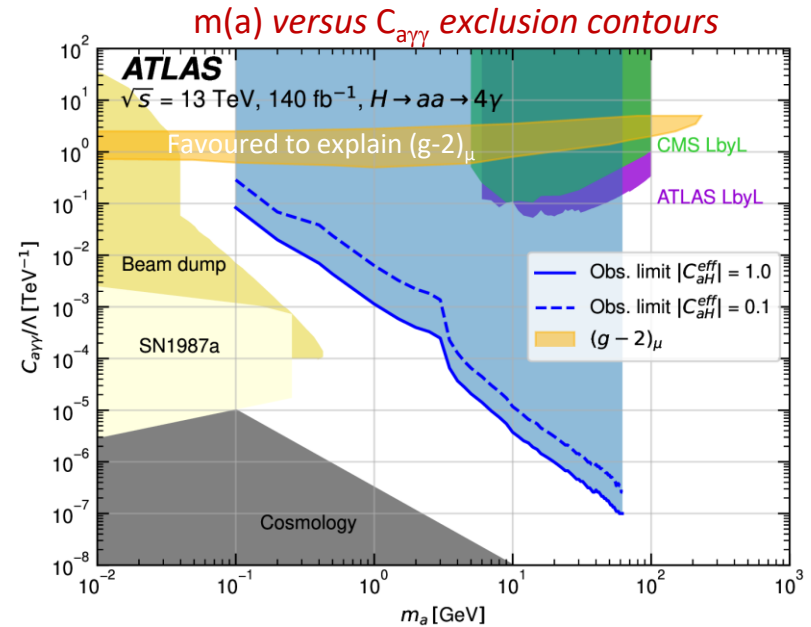
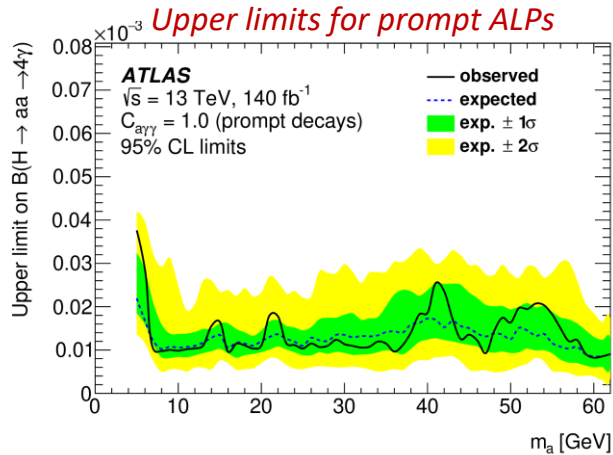
- Only considered for  $m(a) > 5$  GeV and used only  $4S_p$
- Selection:
  - Strict requirements on PID to reject fake photons
  - Tight selection around  $m_{\text{inv}}^{\text{reco}}$ ,  $m(a)$ -dep. for  $m_a^{\text{reco}}$
- Data-driven background 2D area-scaling sideband yields
- Single bin fit in the  $m_{\text{inv}}^{\text{reco}}$  versus  $m_a^{\text{reco}}$  plane

*Number of data and estimated background events in the signal regions*



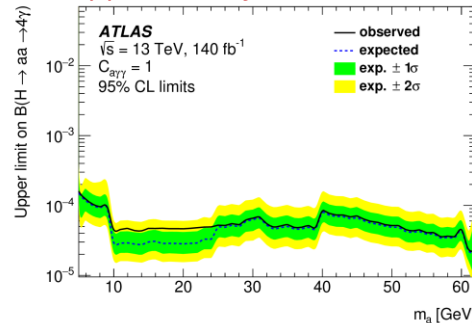
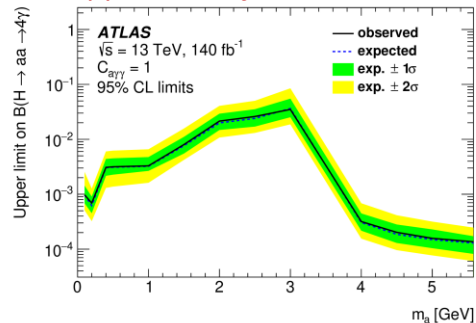
# Search for $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$ – results

Upper limits on  $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma)$  provided depending on  $C_{a\gamma\gamma}$ : more stringent than previous results



*Upper limits for  $m(a) < 5 \text{ GeV}$*

*Upper limits for  $m(a) > 5 \text{ GeV}$*



Excluded much of the remaining parameter space that could explain the  $(g-2)_\mu$  discrepancy

# Search for $H \rightarrow Za$ , $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ – strategy

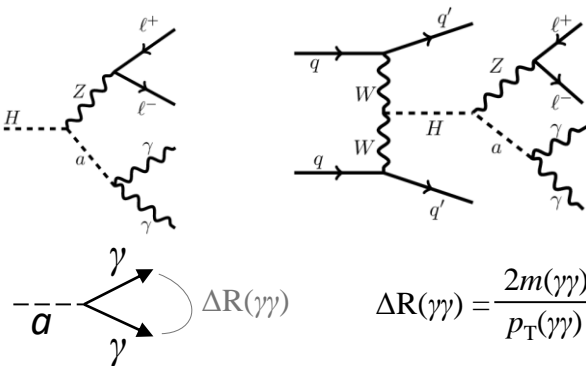
Phys. Lett. B 848 (2024) (Dec 2023)

- Introduction:**

- Studied ggF and VBF production modes (separately)
- Search for new resonances with leptonic Z decay

- Analysis strategy:**

- Split into two regimes, based on the angular separation of the photons



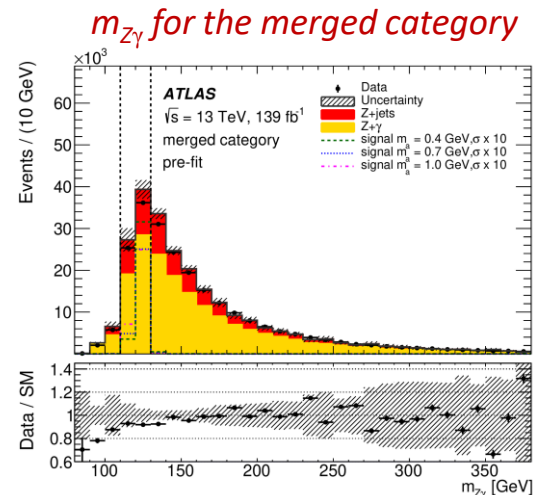
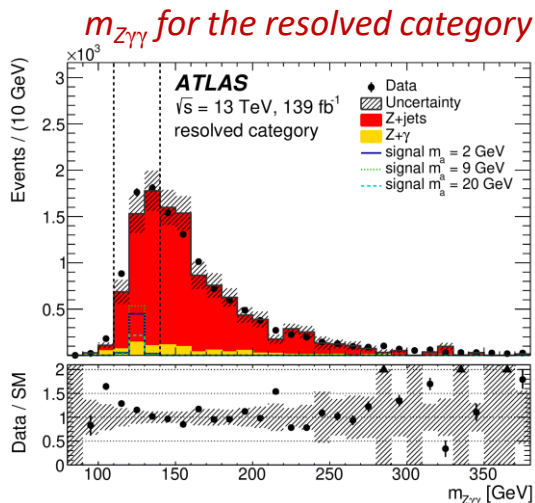
$$\Delta R(\gamma\gamma) = \frac{2m(\gamma\gamma)}{p_T(\gamma\gamma)}$$

- Resolved category –  $m(a) > 2$  GeV:**

- $\geq 2\gamma$
- $0.96 < \Delta R(\gamma\gamma) p_T^{\gamma\gamma} / (2m^{\gamma\gamma}) < 1.2$
- 90% Z+jets, 10% Z+ $\gamma$

- Merged category –  $m(a) < 2$  GeV:**

- Showers reconstructed as a single  $\gamma$
- $110 < m(Z\gamma) < 130$  GeV
- $E_{\text{ratio}} > 0.8$  (discriminates  $\gamma$  and jets)
- 25% Z+jets, 75% Z+ $\gamma$

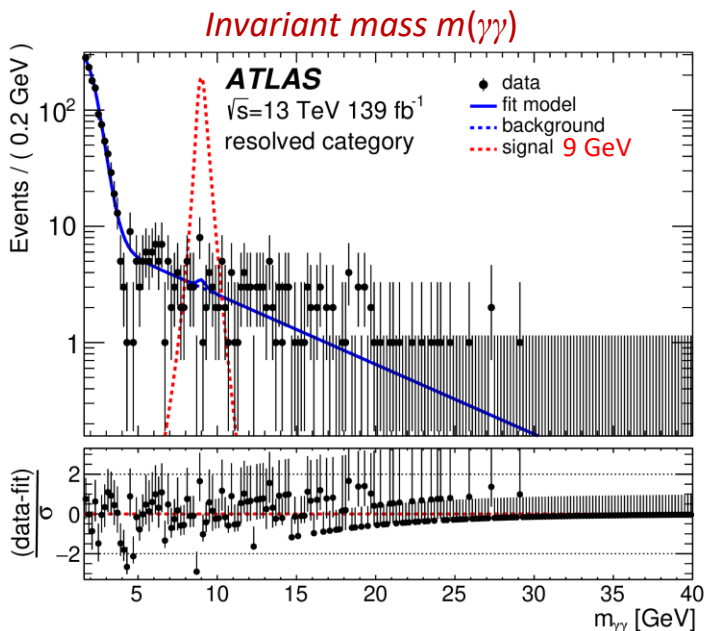




# Search for $H \rightarrow Za$ , $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ – analysis

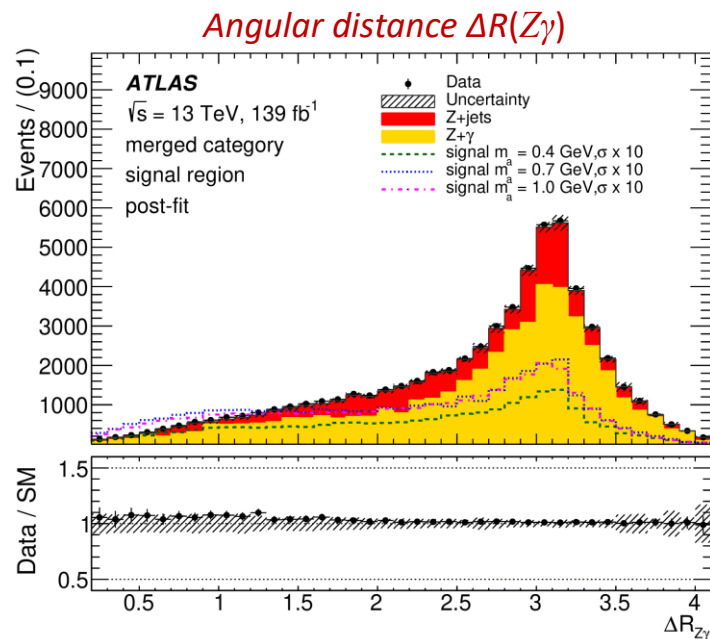
- **Resolved category:**

- Data-driven background parameterized with an analytic function derived in a CR
- Fit of the  $m(\gamma\gamma)$  invariant mass distribution



- **Merged category:**

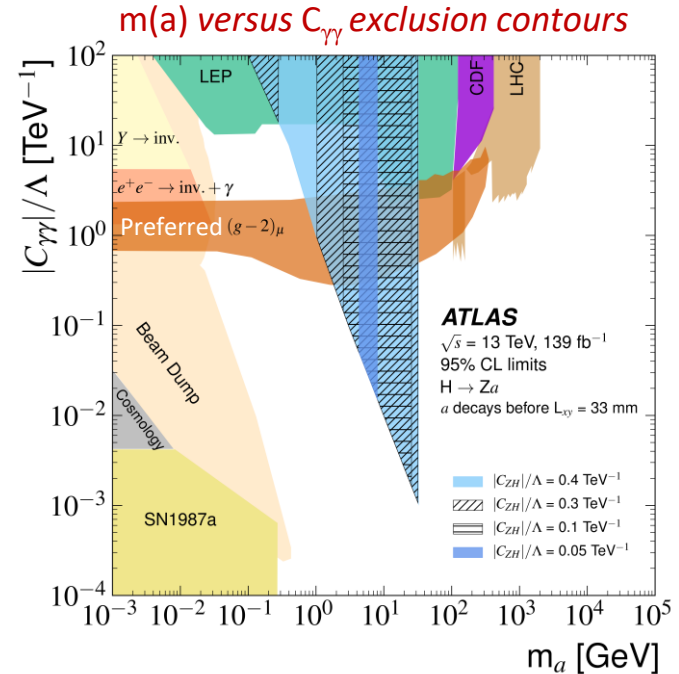
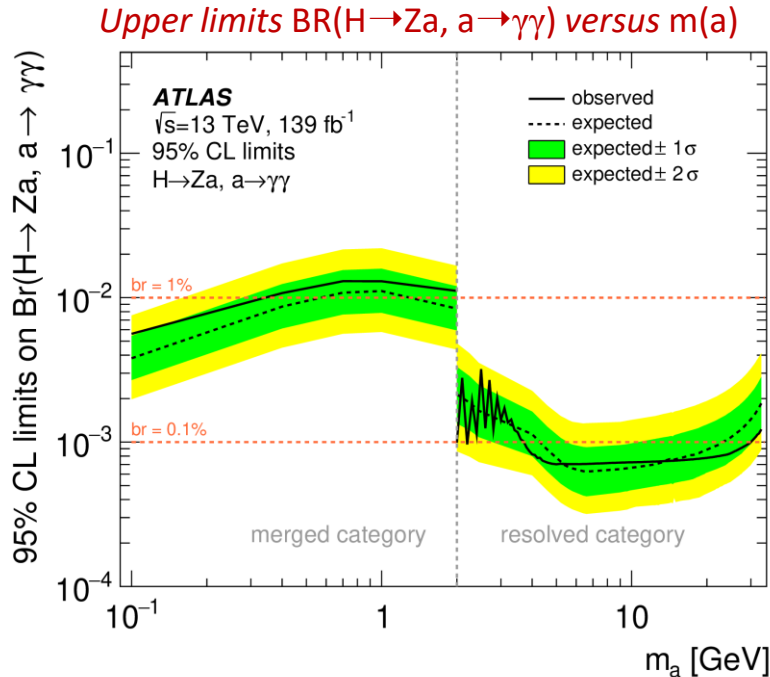
- Background estimated from simulation with shapes corrections derived from a CR
- Fit of the  $\Delta R(Z\gamma)$  in the SR



# Search for $H \rightarrow Za$ , $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ – results

- **Results:**
  - Broad range of  $m(a)$  covered: from 0.1 to 33 GeV
  - Upper Limits on  $BR(H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$  :  $\sim 1\% / < 0.1\%$

- **Interpretation in the context of Axion-Like Particles:**
  - Sensitivity to short-lived axions
  - Very complementary to existing bounds



# Higgs decays to flavoured mesons – introduction

[arXiv:2402.18731](https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.18731) (Feb 2024)

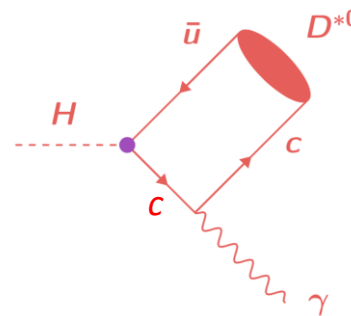
- **Introduction:**

- Radiative Higgs decays to flavoured mesons can probe flavor changing Yukawa interactions
- Examples are  $H \rightarrow (K^{*0}, D^{*0}, B^{*0}, B_s^{*0}) \gamma$
- $H \rightarrow D^{*0} \gamma$  is interesting as  $BR \sim O(10^{-27})$  in the SM
- Almost all  $D^{*0}$  decay to  $D^0 \pi$  or  $D^0 \gamma$ 
  - Target the decay  $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$  ( $BR \sim 4\%$ )

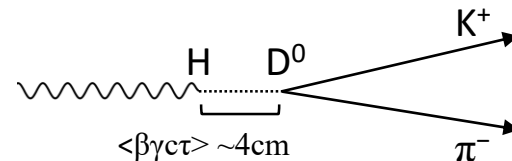
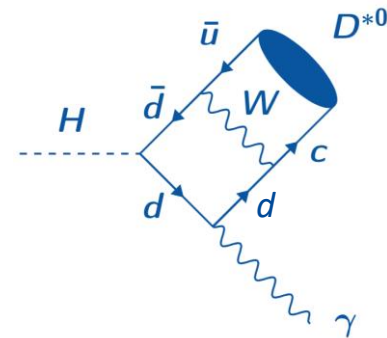
- **Analysis:**

- Full decay chain:  $H \rightarrow D^{*0} \gamma \rightarrow D^0 \gamma \gamma \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \gamma \gamma$
- Two isolated tracks recoiling against an isolation photon
  - No attempt to reconstruct the soft photon
- Used dedicated triggers requiring two tracks and a specific range of its invariant mass
- Exploited displaced meson decay vertex to reduce backgrounds

*Flavour-changing  $H \rightarrow c\bar{u}$  decay*



*SM decay*



# $H \rightarrow D^{*0} \gamma$ analysis – results

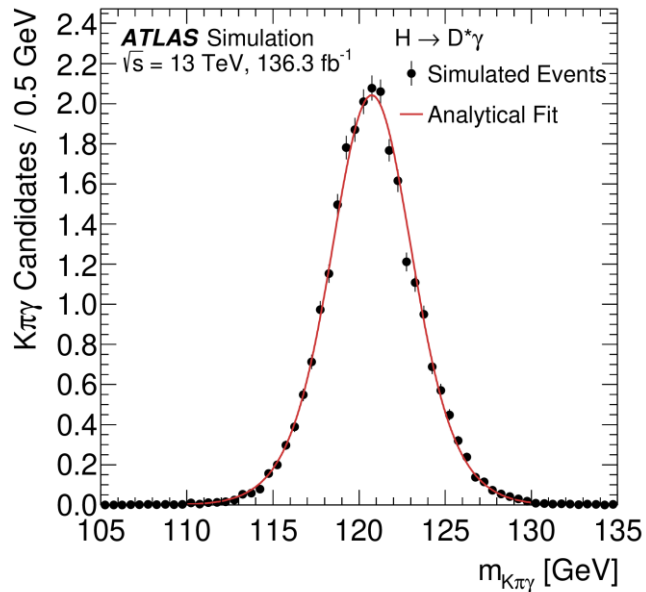
- **Background:**

- Dominated by  $\gamma$ +jet and multi-jet processes
- Used data-driven finely binned Higgs mass templates

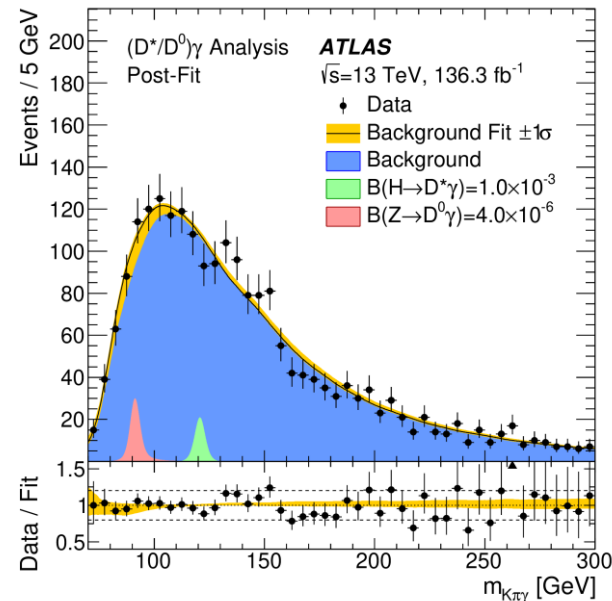
- **Fit:**

- Signal extracted with a likelihood fit to  $m_{K\pi\gamma}$
- Background modelling uncertainties dominant

*Invariant mass of the Higgs,  $m(K\pi\gamma)$ , for signal*



*Post-fit invariant mass of the Higgs*



# H → D\*<sup>0</sup>γ analysis – limits

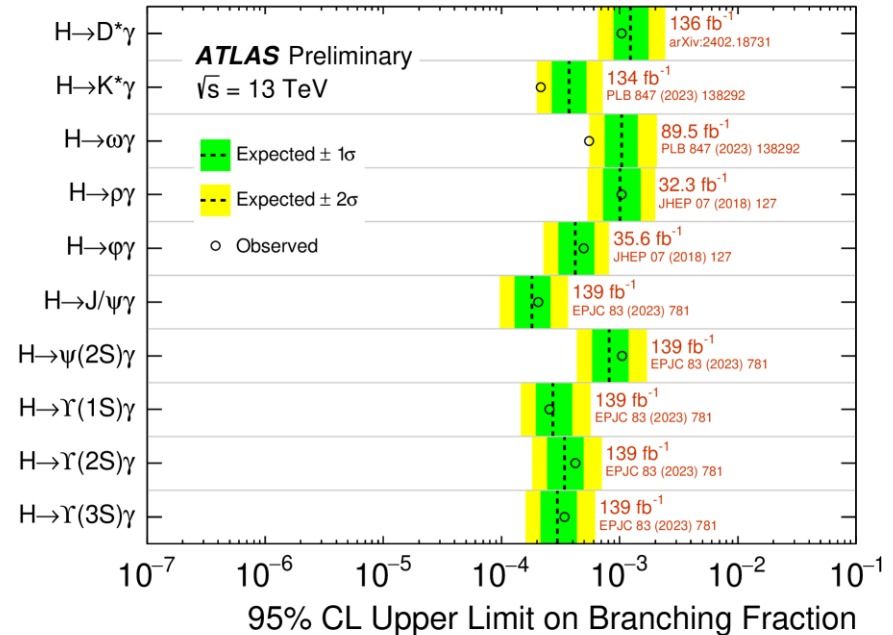
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-004

## Search limited by statistics

Channel	Mass range [GeV]	Observed (Expected) background	H signal $\mathcal{B} = 10^{-3}$
$H \rightarrow D^* \gamma$	116–126	203 (214.8 ± 5.5)	25.4 ± 2.0

	95% CL upper limit	
	Expected	Observed
$\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow D^{*0} \gamma)$	$(1.2^{+0.5}_{-0.3}) \times 10^{-3}$	$1.0 \times 10^{-3}$
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow D^0 \gamma)$	$(3.4^{+1.4}_{-1.0}) \times 10^{-6}$	$4.0 \times 10^{-6}$
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow K_S^0 \gamma)$	$(3.0^{+1.3}_{-0.8}) \times 10^{-6}$	$3.1 \times 10^{-6}$

## Upper limits on BR(H → meson + γ)



The analysis includes a search for  $Z \rightarrow D^0 \gamma$  and  $Z \rightarrow K^0_S \gamma$  decays, improving the LHC-b limit  
 Complementary to an extensive programme of H and W/Z boson exclusive decays in ATLAS

# Search for dark photons : $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma_d$

## • Introduction:

### – Dark Higgs Vector Portal:

- U(1) gauge boson: visible photon,  $\gamma$
- U(1)<sub>D</sub> gauge boson: massive (or massless) dark photon,  $\gamma_d$

### – Search for dark photons $\gamma_d$ from Higgs boson decays in various production modes

## • Analyses:

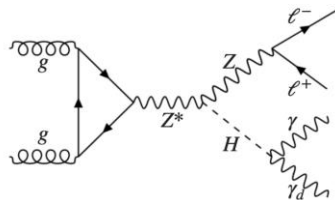
### – ZH production ([JHEP 07 \(2023\) 133](#))

- ee or  $\mu\mu$ , one isolated  $\gamma$  and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- Fake  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  (from data)
- Top,  $e \rightarrow \gamma$ ,  $VV\gamma$  (from CRs in the fit)
- BDT response as discriminant

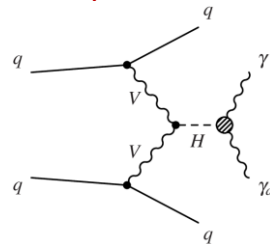
### – VBF production ([EPJ. C 82 \(2022\) 105](#))

- $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ , 2 VBF jets, one isolated  $\gamma$
- $W\gamma$ +jets,  $Z\gamma$ +jets (from CRs in the fit)
- Fit of  $m_T(\gamma, E_T^{\text{miss}})$  as discriminant

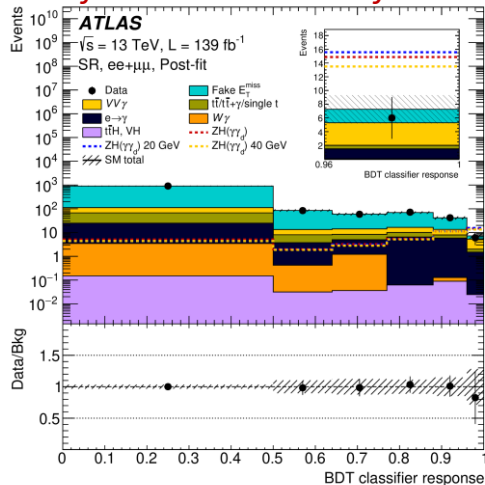
### ZH production



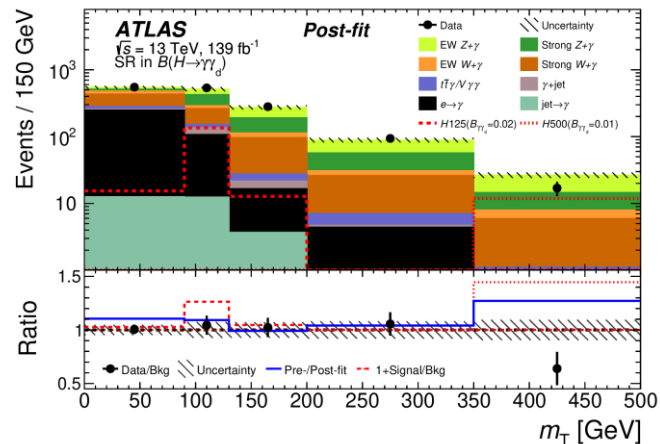
### VBF production



### Post-fit BDT distribution for the SR



### Post-fit $m_T(\gamma, E_T^{\text{miss}})$ distr. for the SR



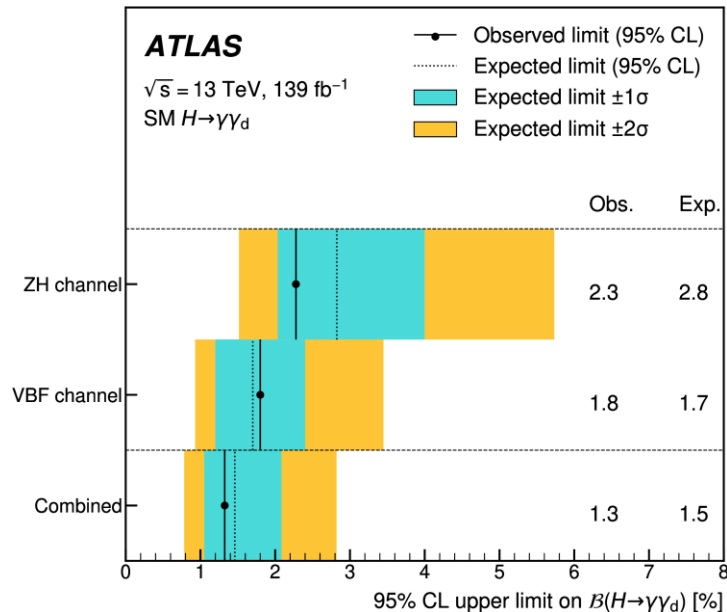
# Combination of ZH and VBF $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d$

NEW

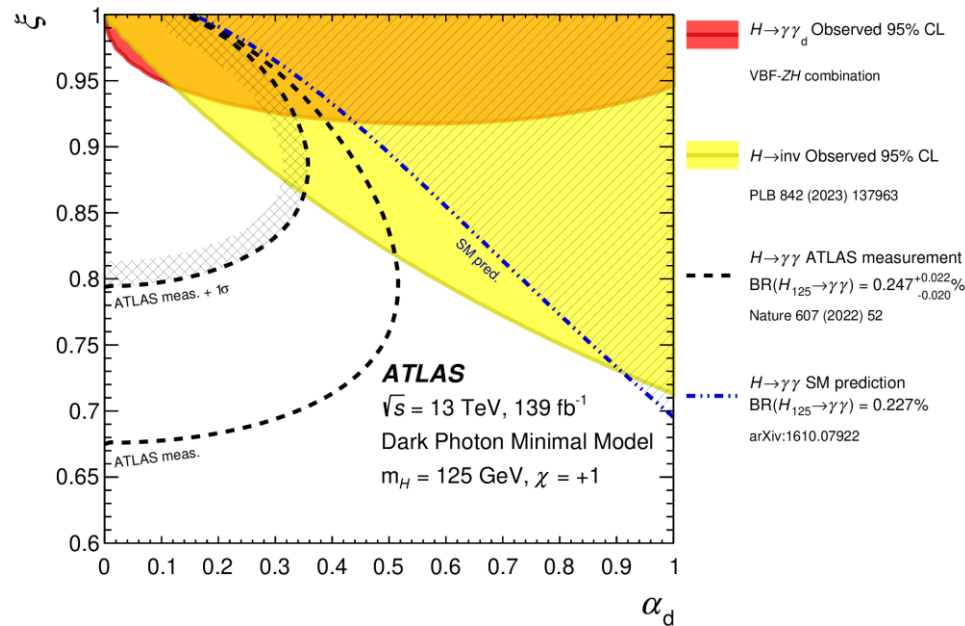
arXiv:2406.01656 (Jun 2024)

Combination of the ZH and VBF channels has been performed and is shown at LHCP for the first time

$BR(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d)$  upper limits per channel & combined



$\alpha_d$  versus  $\xi$  exclusion contours



Interpretation in a minimal simplified model consisting of one left-doublet and one right-singlet of the  $SU(2)_L$   
 Partly excluding phase space in the 2D Plane of the mixing parameter  $\xi$  versus the fine structure  $\alpha_d$

# Summary and conclusions

- Using the full Run 2 data, we continue exploring exotic decays of the Higgs boson probing new phase spaces
- Shown in this talk:
  - Recent searches for Axion-Like-Particles including long-lived decays
  - Recent searches for flavour-changing decays of the Higgs boson
  - Combination of searches for dark photons
- More analyses using the full Run 2 data together with Run 3 data are to be expected in the near future
  - New production and decay channels will become available
- Stay tuned!

**THANK YOU!**



# BACKUP

# H → aa searches – summary plots

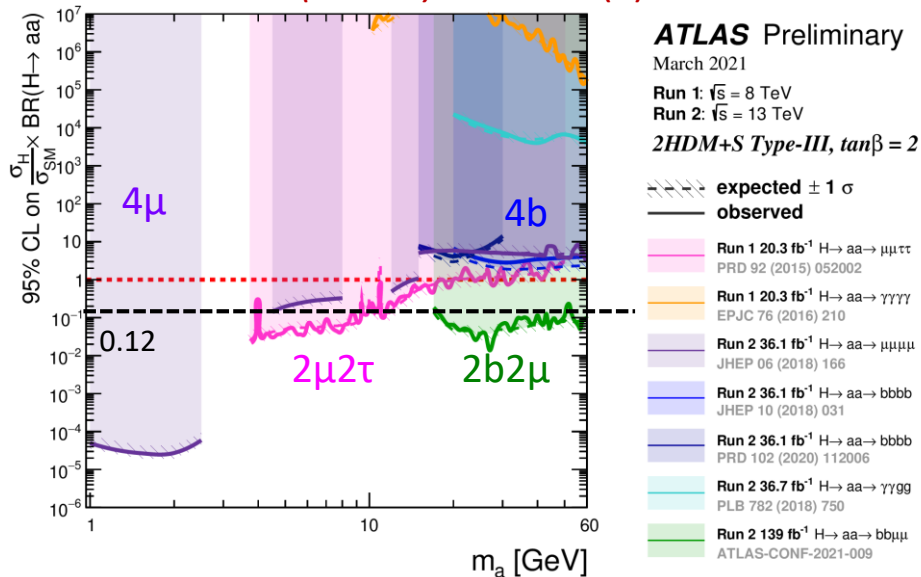
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-008 (Mar 2021)

Limits on BR(H → aa) assuming a particular 2HDM+S model predicting BR(aa → xx yy)

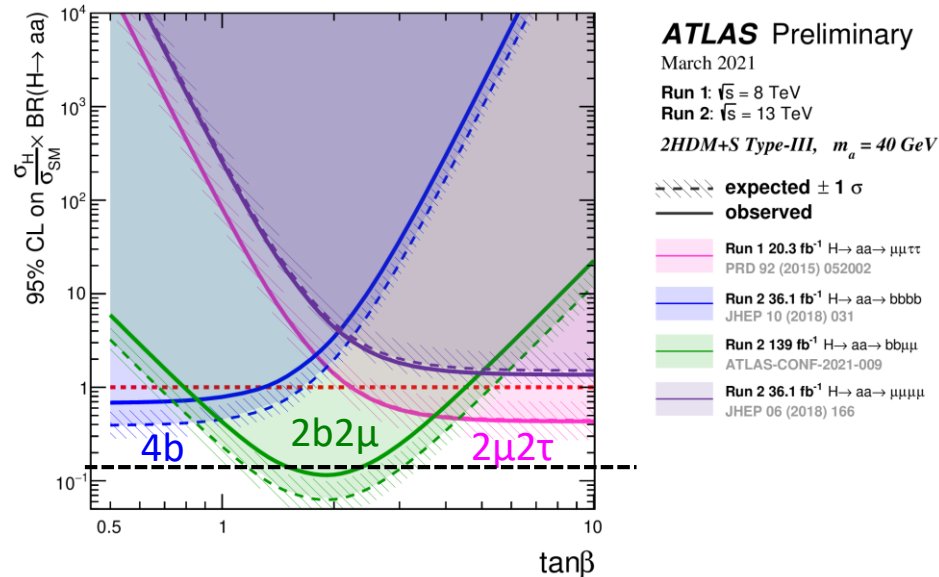
[arXiv:1312.4992](https://arxiv.org/abs/1312.4992)

[arXiv:1802.02156](https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.02156)

Limits on BR(H → aa) versus m(a)



Limits on BR(H → aa) as a function of tanβ



Nice complementarity of searches, probing different tanβ phase space