HNLs at CMS

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Motivations



Figure from Search for GeV-scale sterile neutrinos responsible for active neutrino oscillations and baryon asymmetry of the Universe arXiv:1301.5516v1

A sterile righthanded neutrino or heavy neutral lepton (HNL) could



Be responsible for the baryon asymmetry

Provide a dark

matter candidate

Explain the smallness of left-handed neutrino masses



HNLs can interact with SM via mixing with active left-handed neutrinos

HNL hunting @ CMS

HNL lifetime depends on its mass and mixing matrix

$$\tau \sim \frac{1}{m_N^5 |V_{\ell N}|^2}$$

• CMS can measure the active-sterile neutrino mixing for HNL masses from GeV to TeV scale

$$f_{\ell} = \frac{|V_{\ell N}|^2}{|V_{eN}|^2 + |V_{\mu N}|^2 + |V_{\tau N}|^2}$$

• Exclusive coupling scenario:

 $f_e: f_\mu: f_\tau = 1: 0: 0, 0: 1: 0, 0: 0: 1$

• "Democratic" mixing scenario:

$$f_e: f_{\mu}: f_{\tau} = x_e: x_{\mu}: x_{\tau}$$



In this talk

Prompt $1\ell +\geq 1$ displaced jet

- Prompt HNL production
- Displaced $N \rightarrow \ell q q'$ decay



Prompt 1 ℓ + MSD

- Prompt HNL production
- HNL decay within muon system



Prompt 3 $\ell = (e, \mu, \tau)$

- Prompt HNL production
- Prompt $N \to \ell \ell \nu_{\ell}$ decay



Prompt $2\ell + \pi$

- HNL from *B* decays
- Displaced $N \rightarrow \ell \pi$ decay



Prompt $1\ell +\geq 1$ displaced jet



- Single HNL scenario
- Probing exclusive $|V_e|^2$ and $|V_{\mu}|^2$ couplings
- Probing $|V_e V_\mu|^2 / (|V_e|^2 + |V_\mu|^2)$ mixed coupling
- Focused on long HNL lifetimes → sensitive to HNL masses down to few GeV
- Multivariate classifier dedicated to displaced vertex identification in lowand high-mass regions

 $m(\ell_1, SV)$ [GeV]

HNL+ ℓ_1 invariant mass

Prompt 1 ℓ + \geq **1** displaced jet results



- Data-based background estimation
- Events are categorized based on
 - $\circ \ell_1 \ell_2$ flavor
 - $\circ~\ell_1\ell_2~$ relative sign
 - o HNL decay vertex distance
- Limits on $|V_{\mu}|^2$ extended in 10-17 GeV region w.r.t. previous $N \rightarrow \ell q q'$ analysis (next slide)
- Limits on $|V_e|^2$ and $|V_{\mu}|^2$ in the 10-17 GeV extended by more than an order of magnitude w.r.t. previous CMS prompt lepton search (later in this talk)



Event counting over each analysis category

Prompt $1\ell +\geq 1$ displaced jet w/ novel jet tagger

Triggering prompt lepton



- Final state leptons: e, μ, τ
- Single HNL scenario
- Probing exclusive and democratic coupling scenarios
- Novel jet tagger technique
 - identification of displaced jets using DNN that does not explicitly require the reconstruction of displaced vertices
 - Good performances for both short- and long-lived HNL



Results

Best results on $|V_{\mu}|^2$ limit thanks to excellent

- Data-based background estimation
- Events are categorized based on
 - $\circ \ \ell_1 \ell_2$ flavor
 - $\circ~\ell_1\ell_2~$ relative sign
 - $\circ~$ HNL decay vertex distance
 - "Boosted" or "resolved"
 DNN optimization region
 based on lepton-jet overlap



- muon identification performances
 Sensitivity comparable with latest results from CMS, ATLAS and LHCb on orthogonal final states
 - First HNL search at LHC targeting long-lived and hadronically decaying HNLs in the 2–20GeV mass, with inclusive coupling to all three lepton generations







Prompt 3 $\ell = (e, \mu, \tau)$



- Final state leptons: e, μ, τ
- Single HNL scenario
- Probing exclusive coupling scenarios
- Focused on short HNL lifetimes → large HNL mass (>10 GeV)
- BDT dedicated to signal-background
 separation

3 leptons compatible with interaction vertex

- HNL presence would result in:
 - Excess of event
 yield in search
 region
 - Excess of events in BDT score
 - Combining both to achieve best sensitivity

Accepted by JHEP

arXiv:2403.00100



Prompt 3 $\ell = (e, \mu, \tau)$ results

- Improve x10 limits for exclusive coupling to ν_e and ν_μ w.r.t. previous CMS search from prompt HNL (Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 221801)
- Complementary to current results on the <20 GeV mass range
- Exclusive coupling to v_{τ} probed for the first time above W mass



Prompt 1 ℓ + MDS



- Background suppression of 10^7 and retaining 25-35% of signal
- **Background** contributions
 - **Non muon-induced** (e.g. prompt lepton from W + soft hadron from PU)
 - **Muon-induced** (e.g. $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ event + μ bremsstrahlung)

Event counting in

each category

Prompt 1 ℓ + MDS results

Muon detector shower-based analysis allow to have **good** sensitivity on long lived HNL \rightarrow excellent results on $|V_{\ell N}|^2$ limit for light HNL

- Most stringent limits to date in $|V_e|^2$ in the 2.1-3.0 GeV mass range
- Most stringent limits to date in $\left|V_{\mu}\right|^2$ in the 1.9-3.3 GeV mass range





B-Parking 2 $\ell + \pi$



13

peak in the $\ell\pi$ invariant mass

Clear HNL displaced signature over combinatorial background

B-Parking $2\ell + \pi$ results

- Most stringent limits on $|V_N|^2$ in the 1-1.7 GeV mass range at collider experiments
- Best sensitivity reached for $\left|V_{\mu}\right|^2$ thanks to excellent muon identification efficiency
- Extended previous CMS limits up to a factor 2 in the 1-2 GeV mass region





HNL review paper

arXiv:2405.17605

Submitted to Phys. Rept.

Soon to be published paper will contain a **review of HNL searches @ CMS**:

- All results on type-I seesaw HNL searches
- All searches involving:
 - Type-III seesaw HNL
 - Left-right symmetric model HNL
 - Majorana neutrinos in composite model scenario



Conclusion

<u>Review of most recent results on HNL searches has been presented:</u>

- CMS shows good performances over a large part of the HNL mass-lifetime phase space
- Thanks to novel analysis techniques and to new data-taking conditions CMS was able to obtain competitive results down to 1 GeV HNL masses

Prospects for HNL searches @ CMS:

- Exploit new displaced lepton trigger in Run3 data-taking
- Run2+Run3 combination
- Exploit Z boson production channel
 - $\circ~$ Prompt topology only explored for the LRSM for masses above 400 GeV
 - Cleaner signature than W-channel in the displaced topology
- Profiting from large B-Parking dataset also to search for HNL from charmed meson decays
- Probe the **inverse seesaw mechanism model** (predicting O(1) Yukawa coupling)

Summary

Most recent results from CMS on type-I seesaw HNL searches

- Search for long-lived heavy neutral leptons in proton-proton collision events with a lepton and a jet from a secondary vertex at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
- Search for long-lived heavy neutral leptons with lepton flavour conserving or violating decays to a jet and a charged lepton JHEP03(2024)105 arXiv:2312.07484
- Search for heavy neutral leptons in final states with electrons, muons, and hadronically decaying tau leptons in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 TeV$ Submitted to JHEP arXiv:2403.00100v1
- Search for long-lived heavy neutral leptons decaying in the CMS muon detectors in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 TeV Submitted to PRD arXiv:2402.18658v1$
- Search for long-lived heavy neutrinos in the decays of B mesons produced in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ - Submitted to JHEP arXiv:2403.04584v1

Soon to be published HNL-dedicated review paper w/ comprehensive CMS results

• Review of searches for vector-like quarks, vector-like leptons, and heavy neutral leptons in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ at the CMS experiment – <u>Submitted to Phys. Rept.</u> - <u>arXiv:2405.17605</u>

Stay tuned for new results!