

Medium response to jet propagation in the QGP



Yeonju Go

(Brookhaven National Laboratory)

On behalf of the
ALICE, ATLAS, and CMS collaborations

LHCP2024: 12th Large Hadron Collider

Physics Conference

3-7 June 2024

Northeastern Univ., Boston, USA



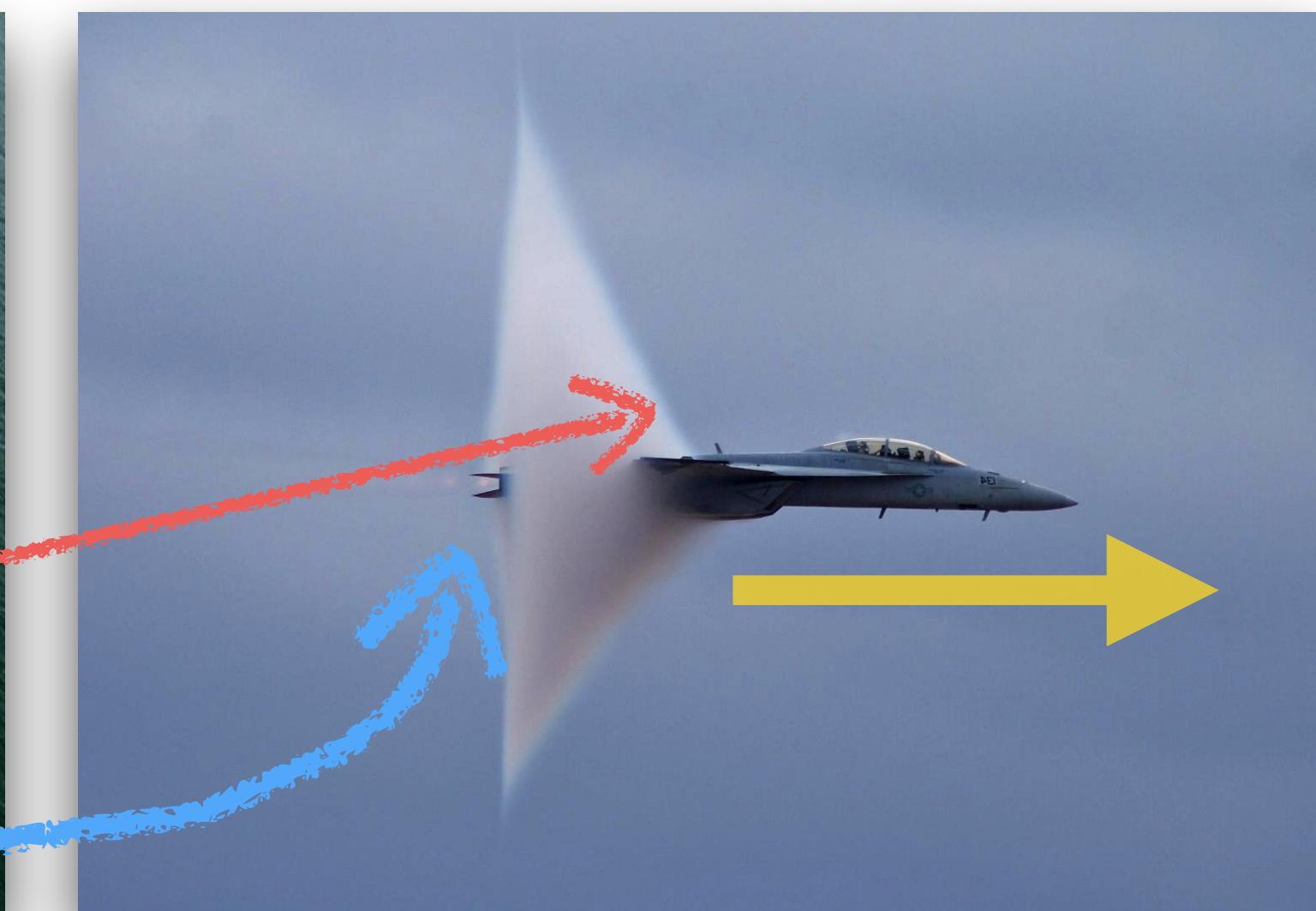
Brookhaven
National Laboratory



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

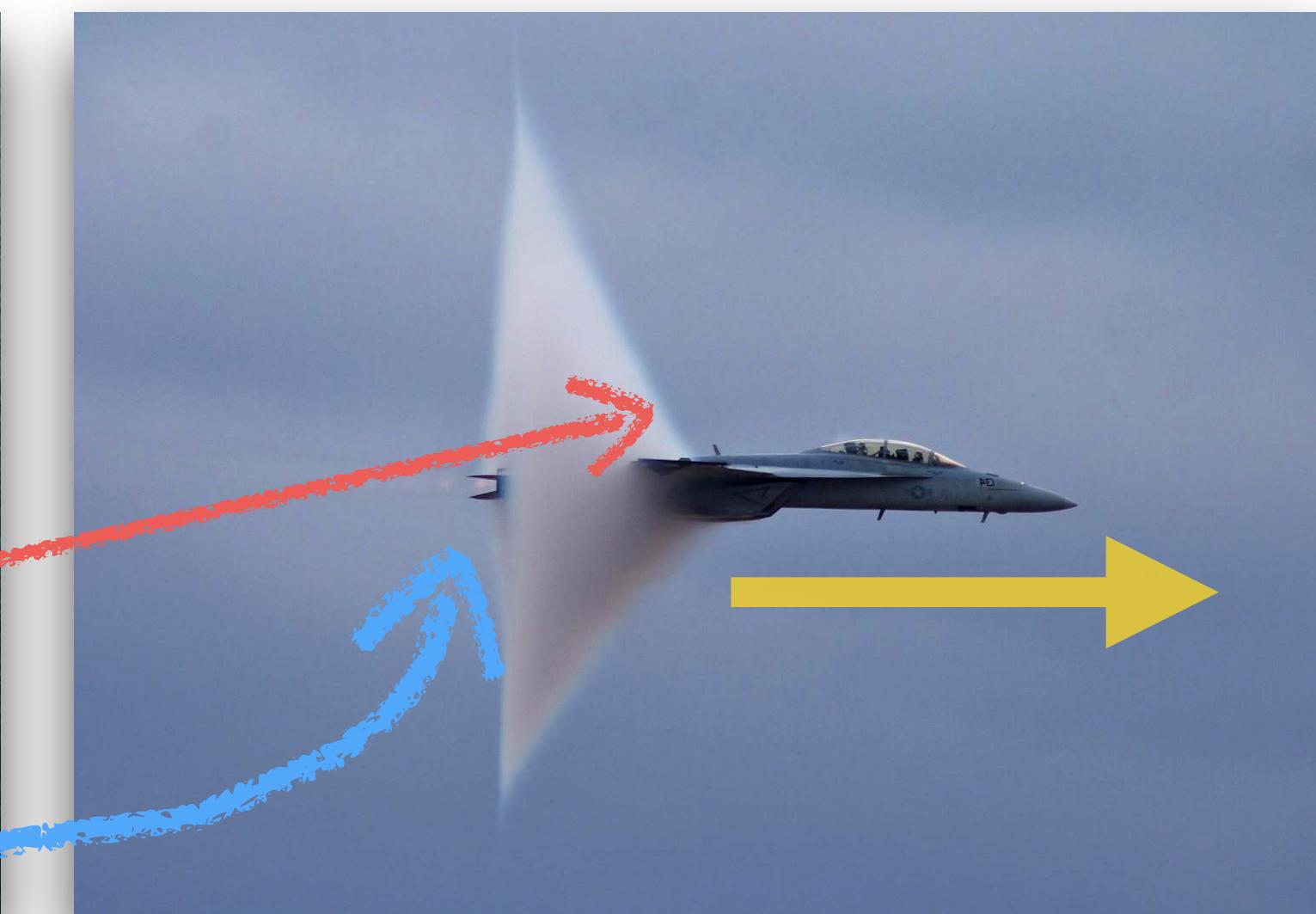
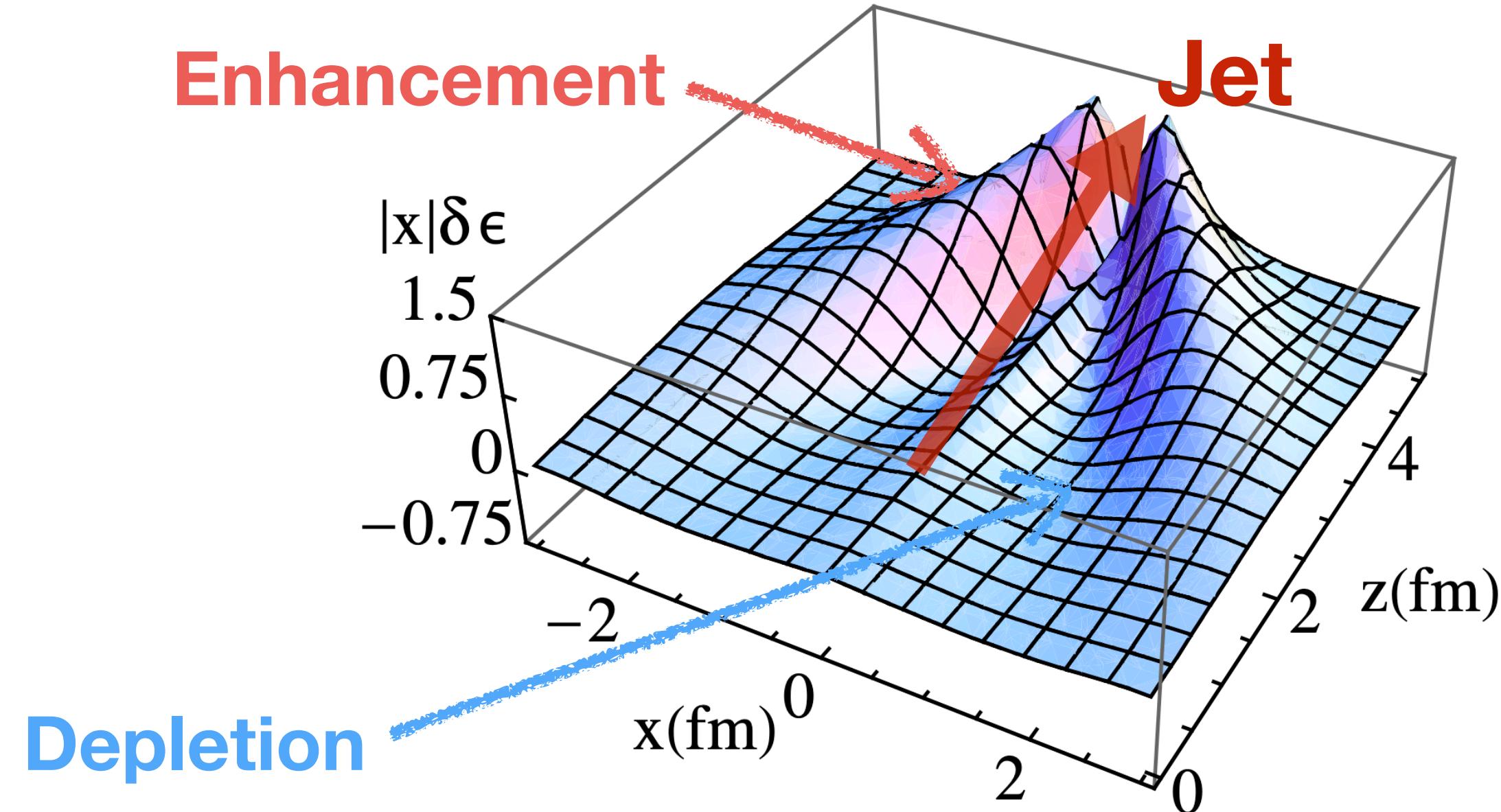
Medium Response to Jet Propagation

- By energy and momentum conservation, lost jet energy goes into medium
- Typical form of medium response to jets
 - **enhancement** in the jet direction
 - **depletion** in the opposite direction



Medium Response to Jet Propagation

- By energy and momentum conservation, lost jet energy goes into medium
- Typical form of medium response to jets
 - enhancement in the jet direction
 - depletion in the opposite direction

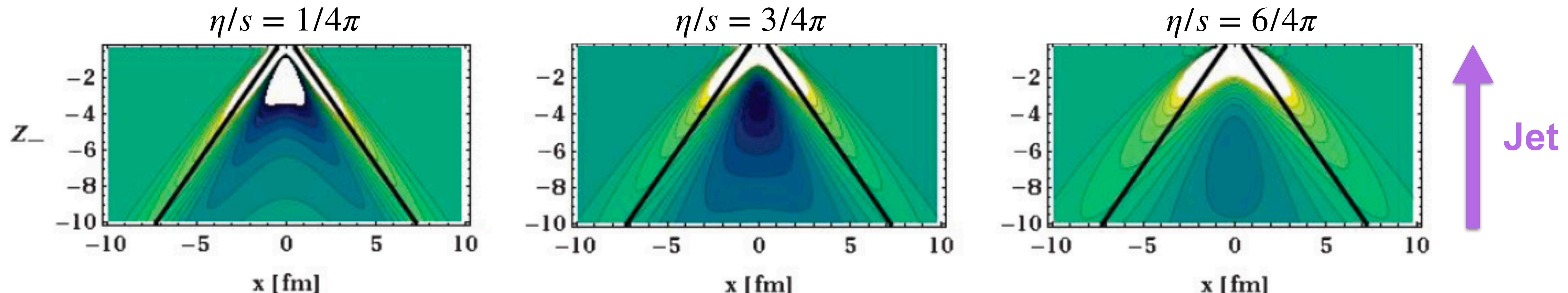


G.-Y. Qin et al,
PRL 103, 152303 (2009)

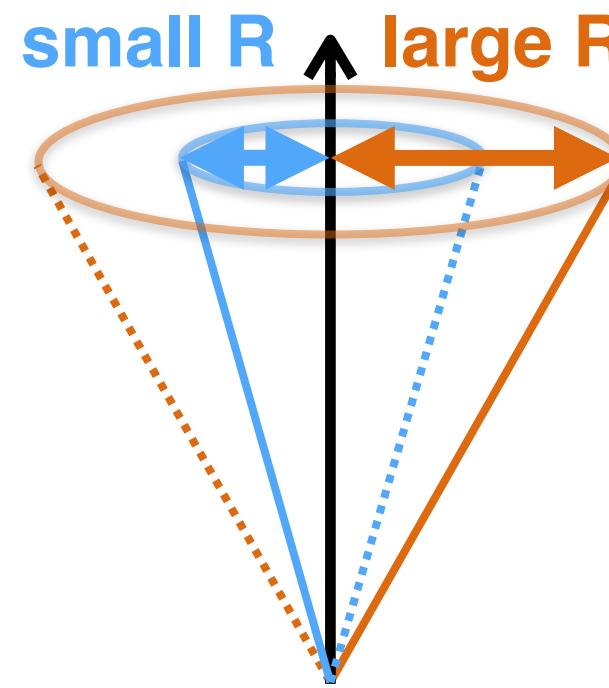
Why is medium response important to understand?

- Medium response changes the internal structure of jets
 - e.g. jet shape, fragmentation function
 - Essential to describe the jet (sub)structure precisely
- Medium excitation is directly related to the QGP properties
 - e.g. η/s , jet transport coefficient, jet thermalization dynamics

R. B. Neufeld, PRC 79 (2009) 054909



Radius-dependent Jet R_{AA} at high- p_T



$$R_{AA}^R / R_{AA}^{R=0.2}$$

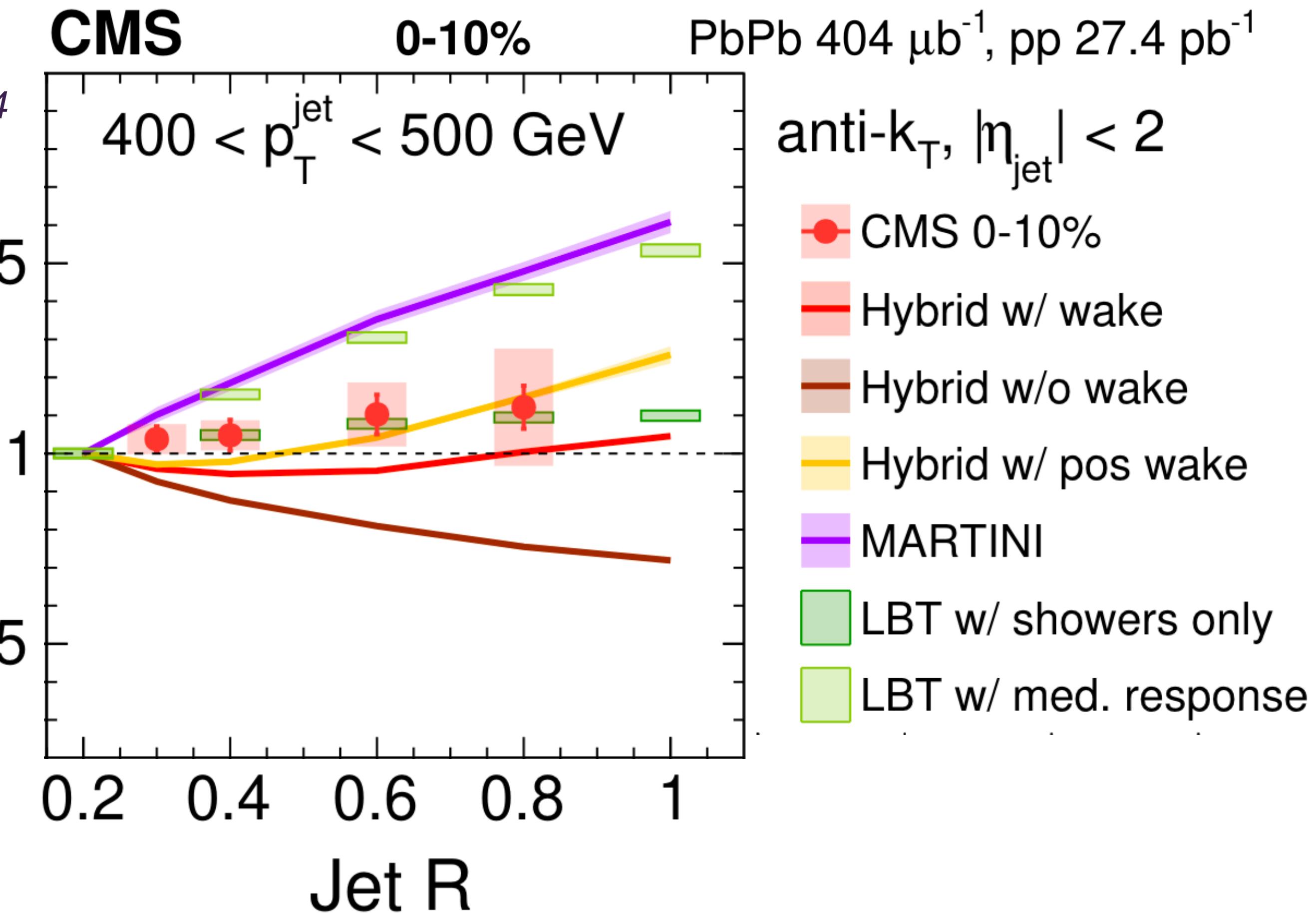
↑ medium response?

↑ recovery of out-of-cone soft radiation?

↓ larger suppression at large angle?

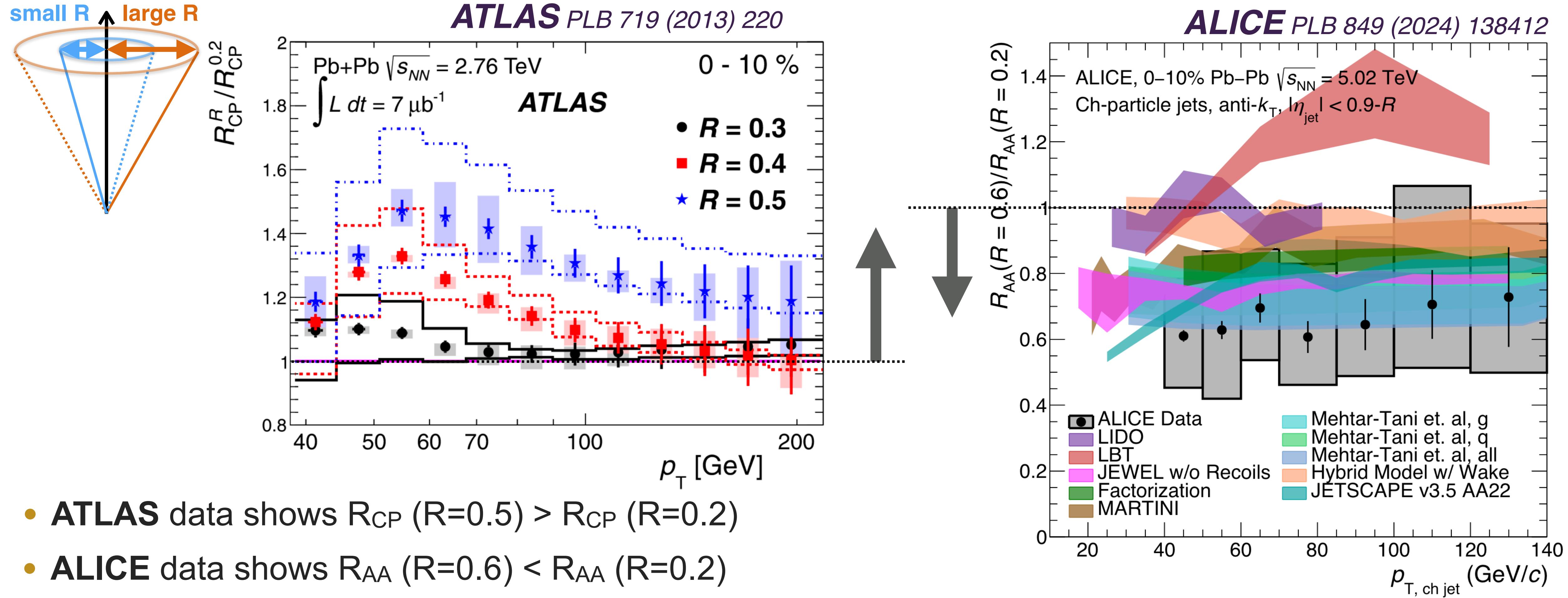
⋮

CMS JHEP 05 (2021) 284



- At high jet p_T (400-500 GeV), relatively **small R-dependence** in data
- The trend between prediction w/ and w/o medium response for different models is the same; higher $R_{AA}^R / R_{AA}^{R=0.2}$ for **models w/ medium response**

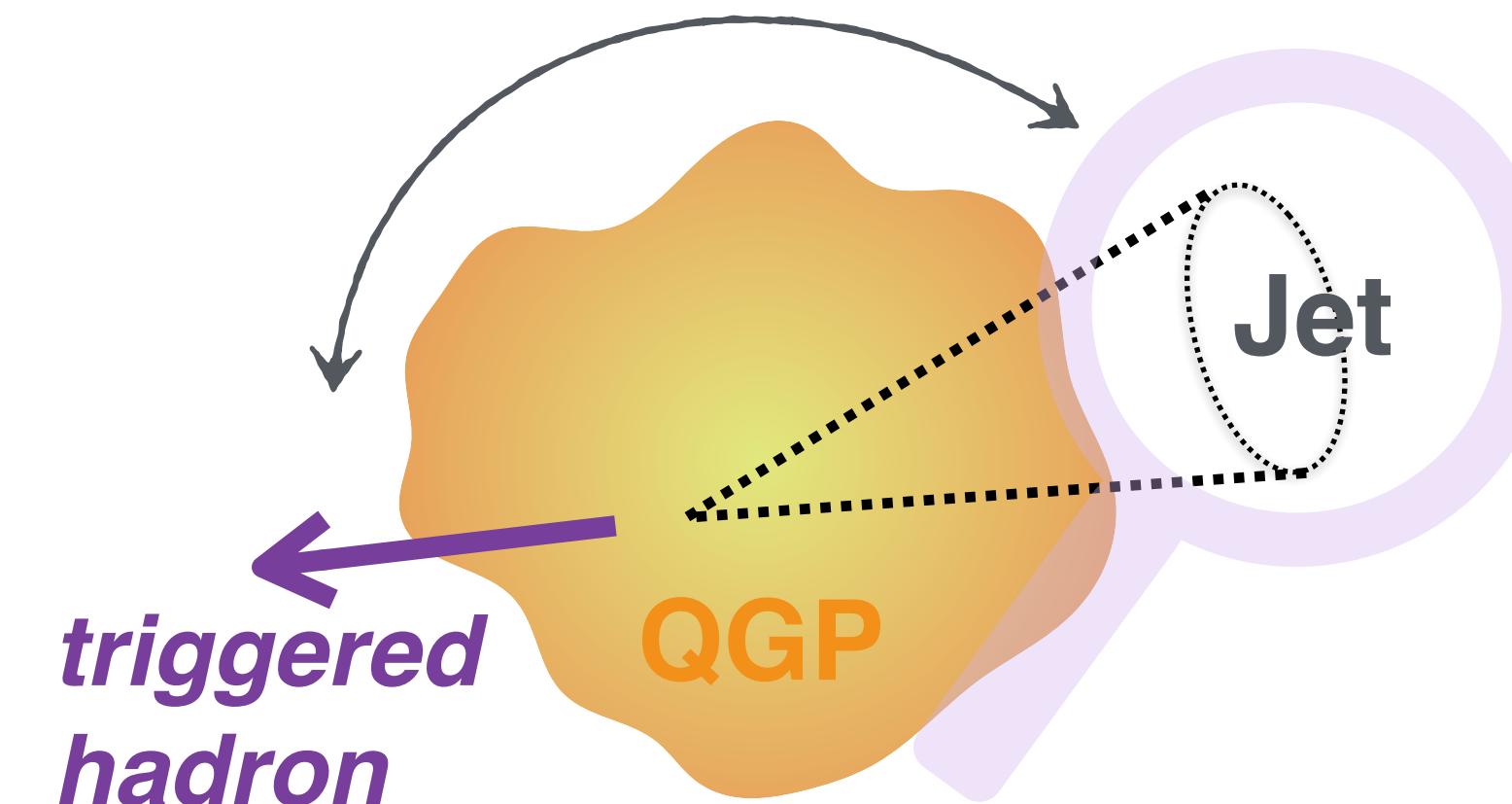
Radius-dependent Jet R_{AA} at low- p_T



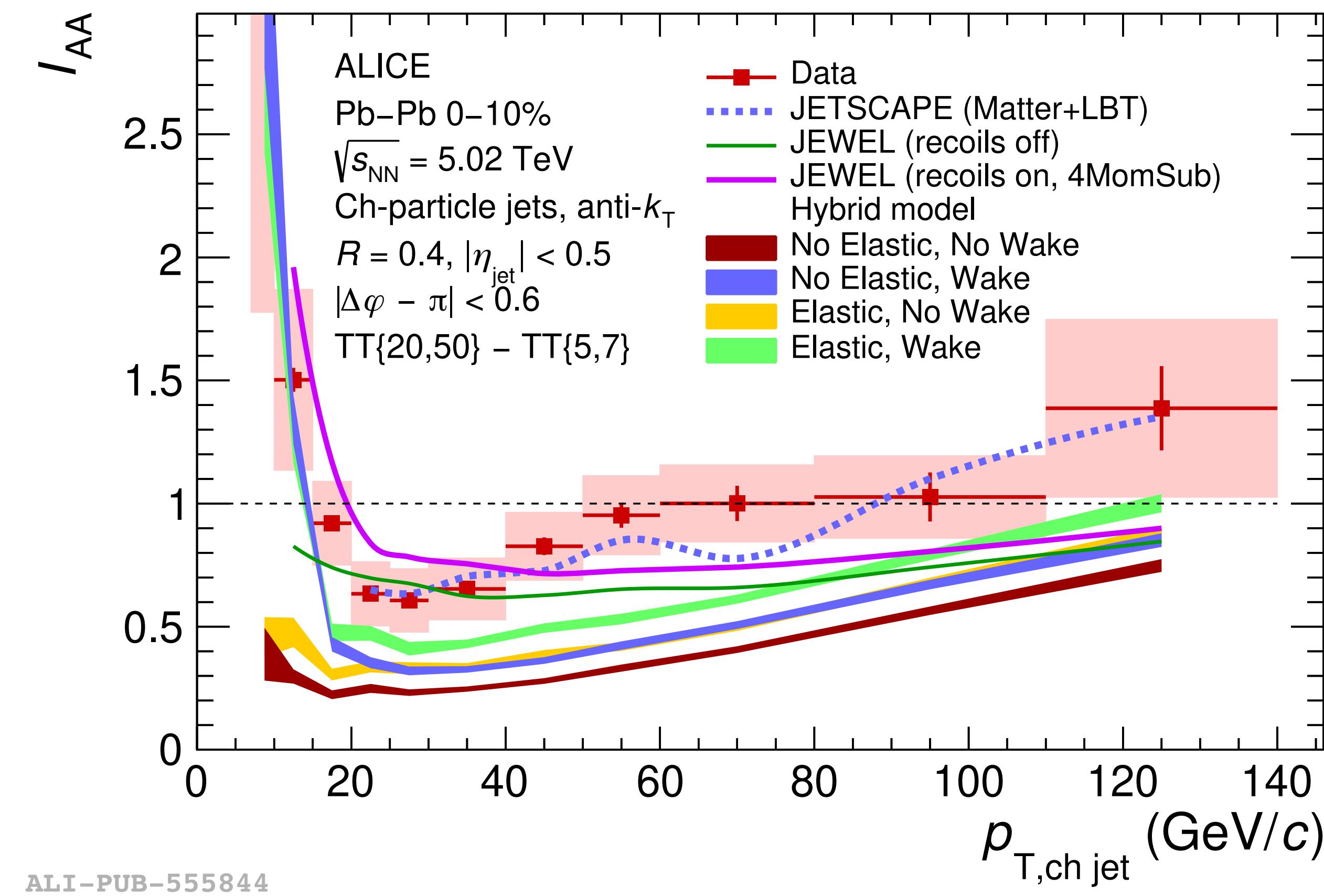
- ATLAS data shows R_{CP} ($R=0.5$) $>$ R_{CP} ($R=0.2$)
- ALICE data shows R_{AA} ($R=0.6$) $<$ R_{AA} ($R=0.2$)
- Tension between ATLAS and ALICE, but there are differences
 - full jet vs. charged-particle jet
 - η range \rightarrow quark-jet fraction difference, p_T spectrum difference in pp

Hadron-triggered Jets: p_T dependence

$$\Delta\phi(\text{trig. hadron, jet}) > \pi - 0.6$$



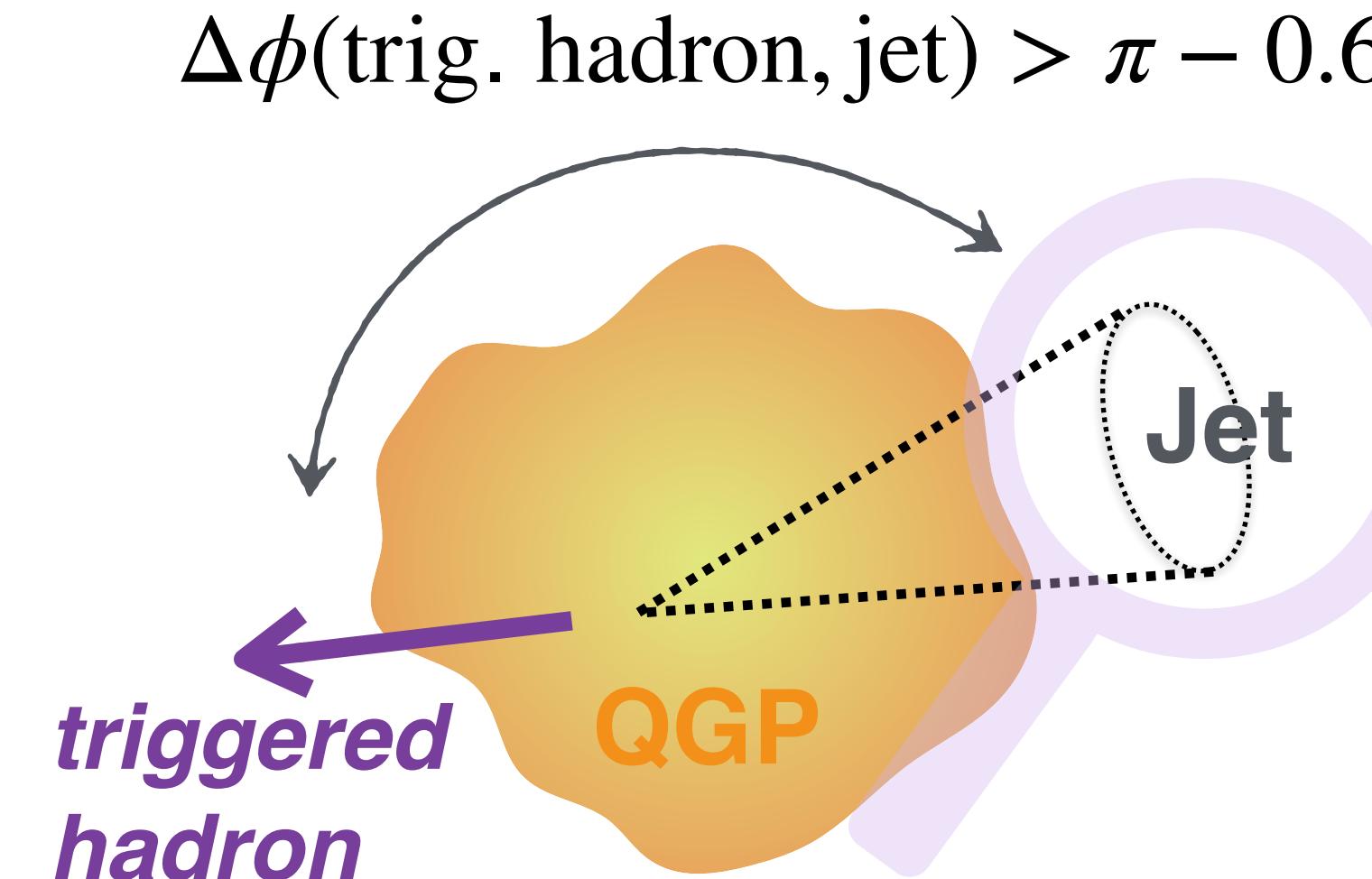
$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{jet}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{jet}} / N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$



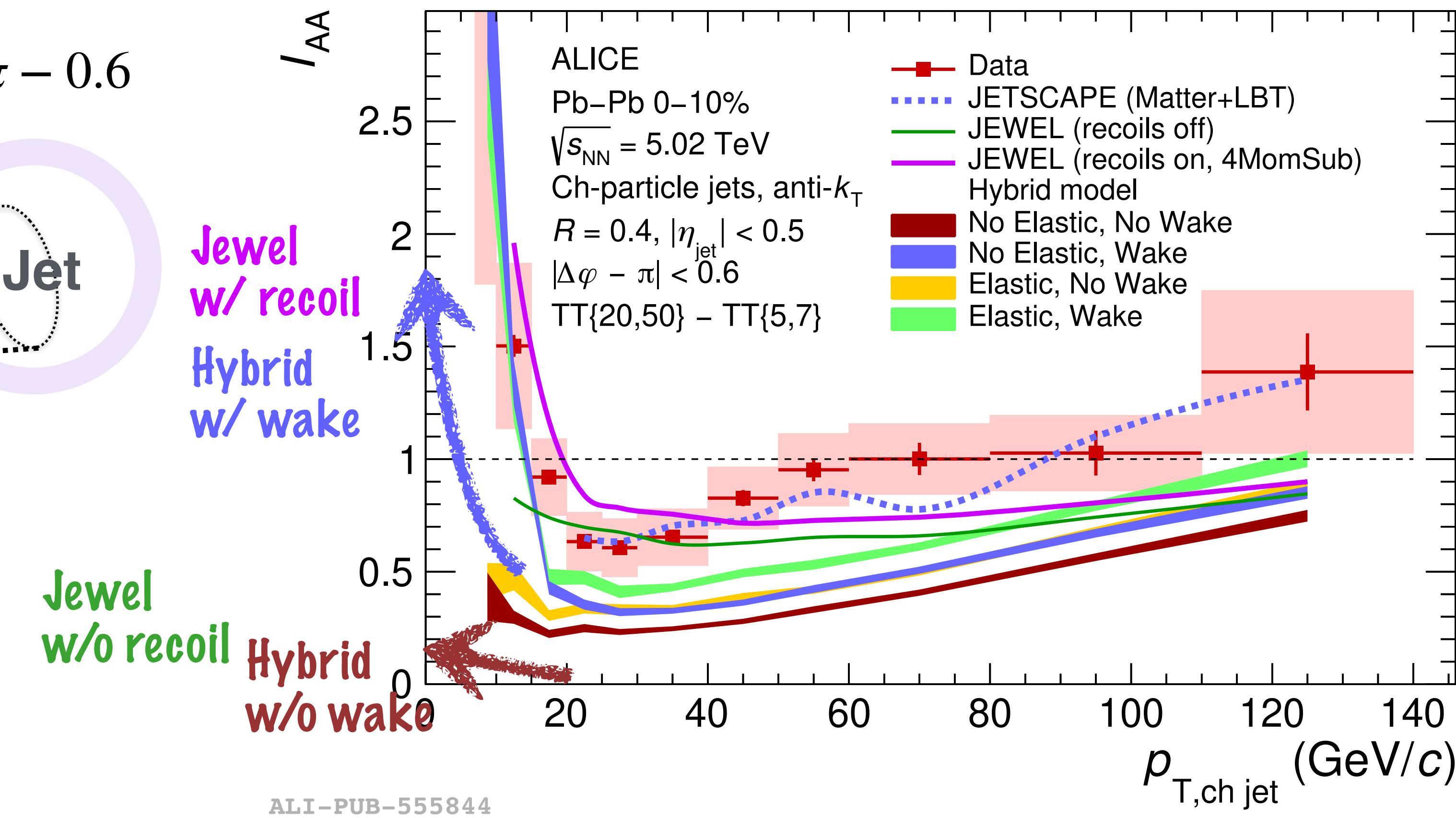
- Low- p_T jet (10-20 GeV) enhancement
 - significant difference between models w/ and w/o medium response
 - data described by models w/ medium response (**Hybrid w/ wake, JEWEL w/ recoil**)

ALICE
arXiv:2308.16128
(accepted to PRC)

Hadron-triggered Jets: p_T dependence



$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{jet}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{jet}} / N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$

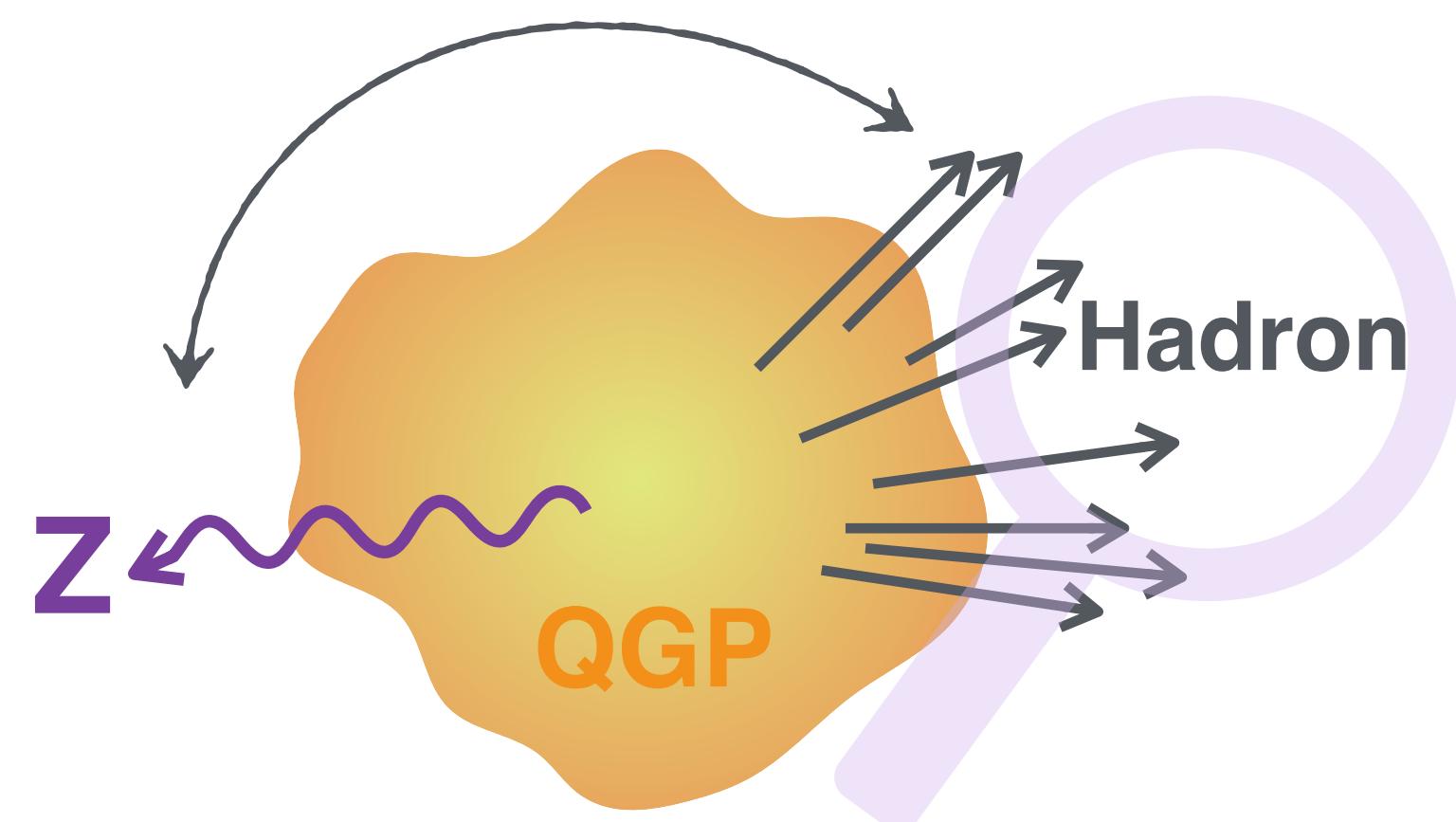


ALICE
arXiv:2308.16128
(accepted to PRC)

- Low- p_T jet (10-20 GeV) enhancement
 - significant difference between models w/ and w/o medium response
 - data described by models w/ medium response (**Hybrid w/ wake, JEWEL w/ recoil**)

Z-triggered Hadrons: p_T dependence

$$\Delta\phi(Z, \text{hadron}) > 3\pi/4 \text{ or } 7\pi/8$$

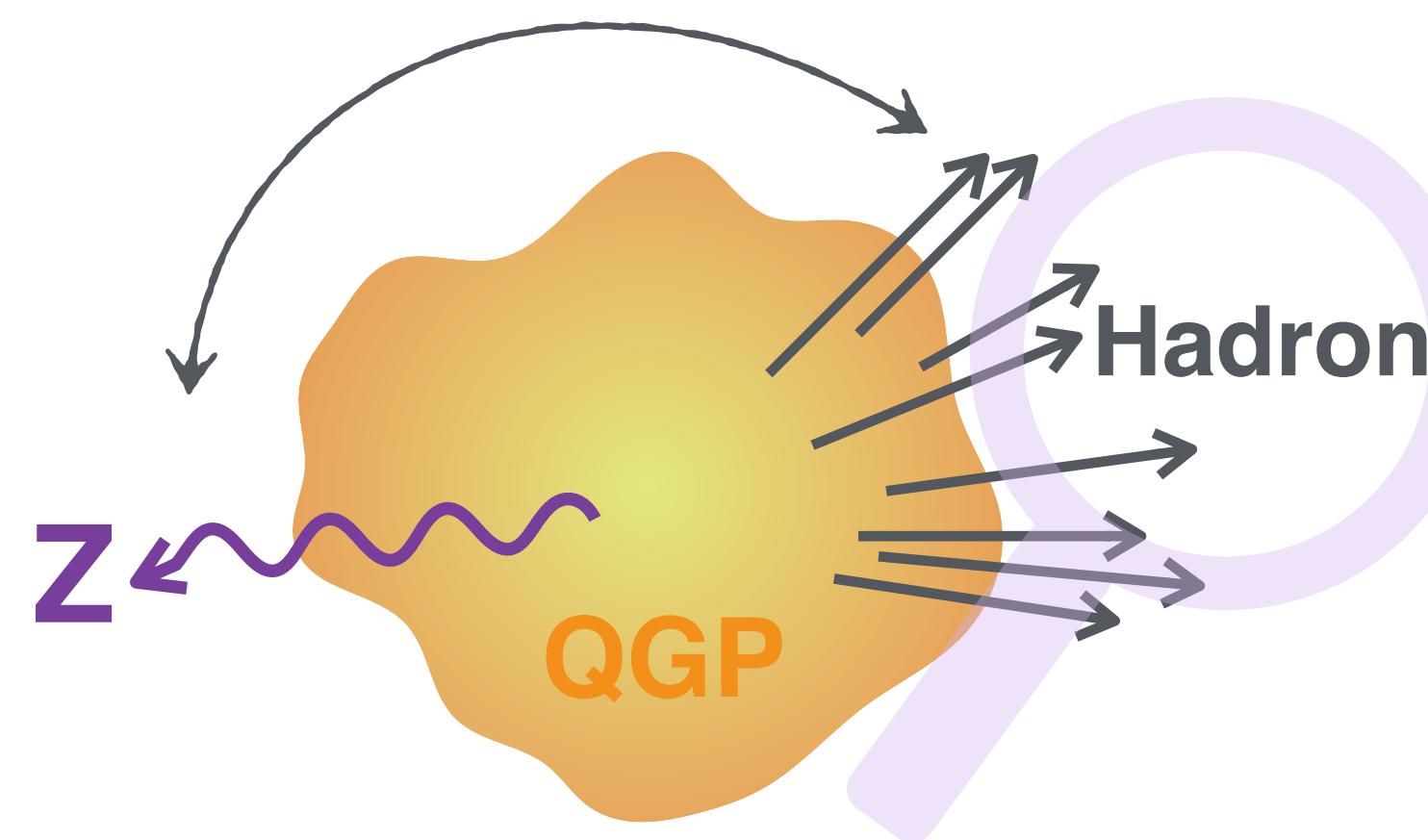


$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}}/N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^Z}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}}/N_{pp}^Z}$$

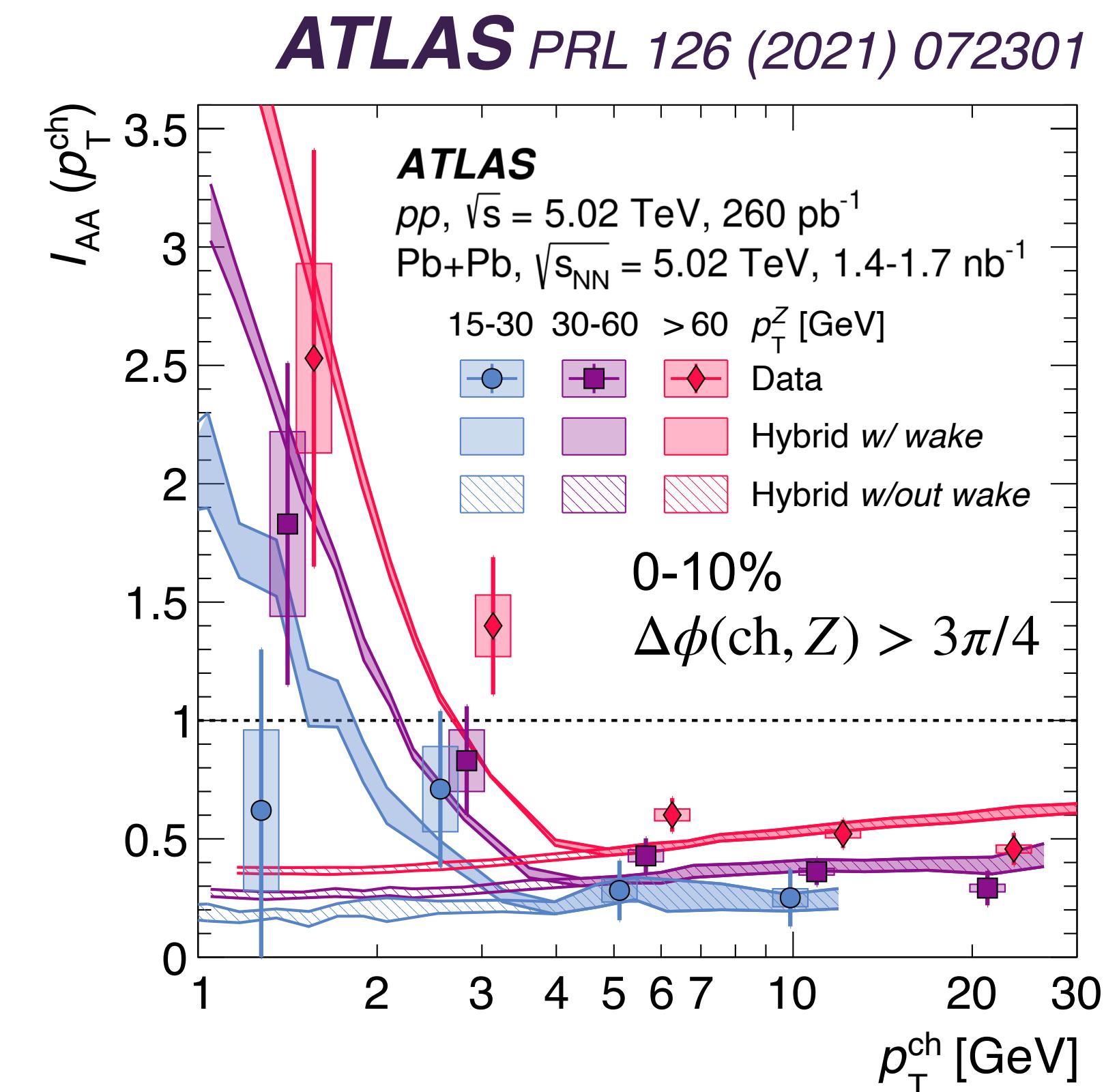
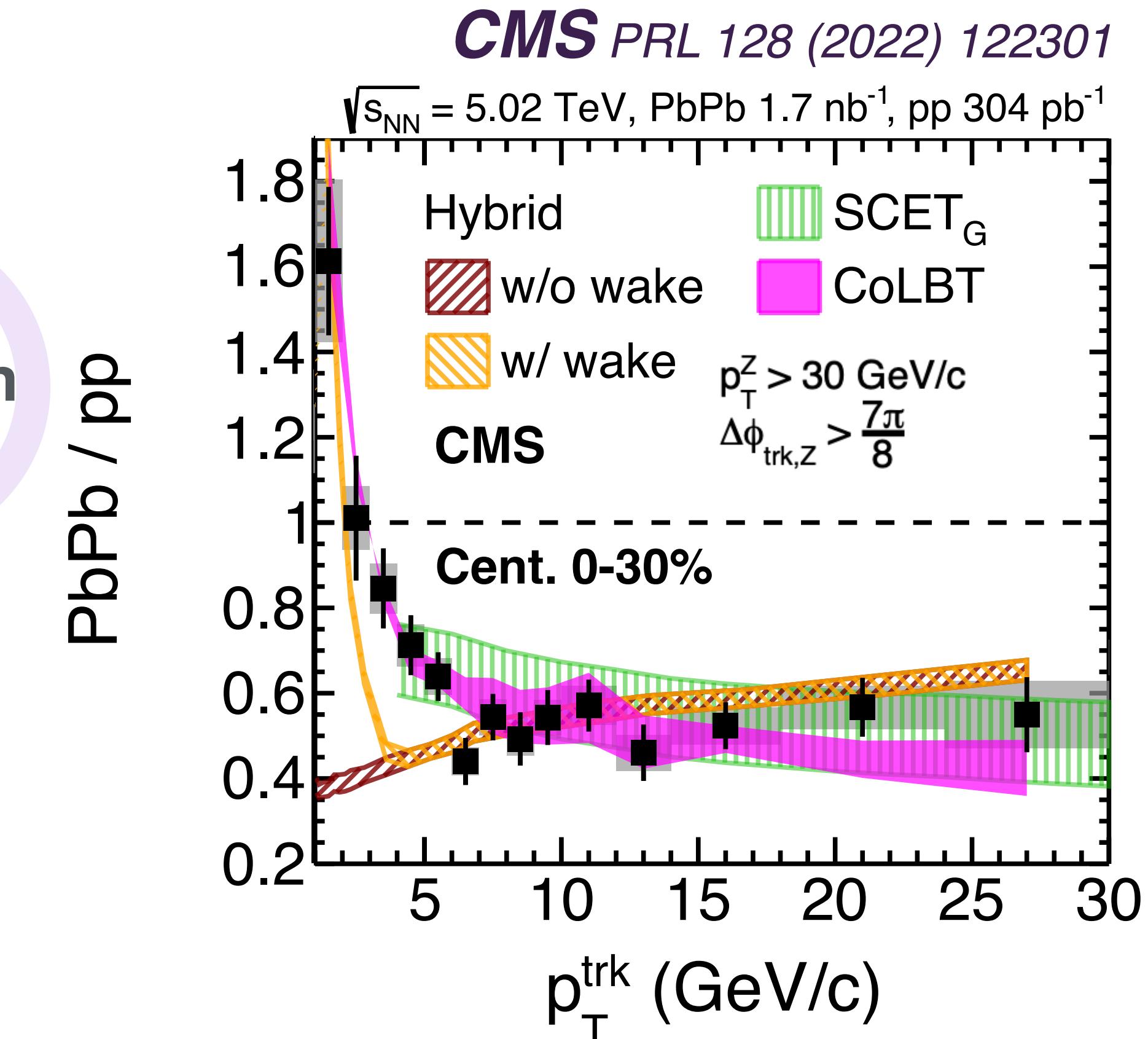
- Access to initial hard-scattering using electroweak bosons, e.g. Z

Z-triggered Hadrons: p_T dependence

$$\Delta\phi(Z, \text{hadron}) > 3\pi/4 \text{ or } 7\pi/8$$

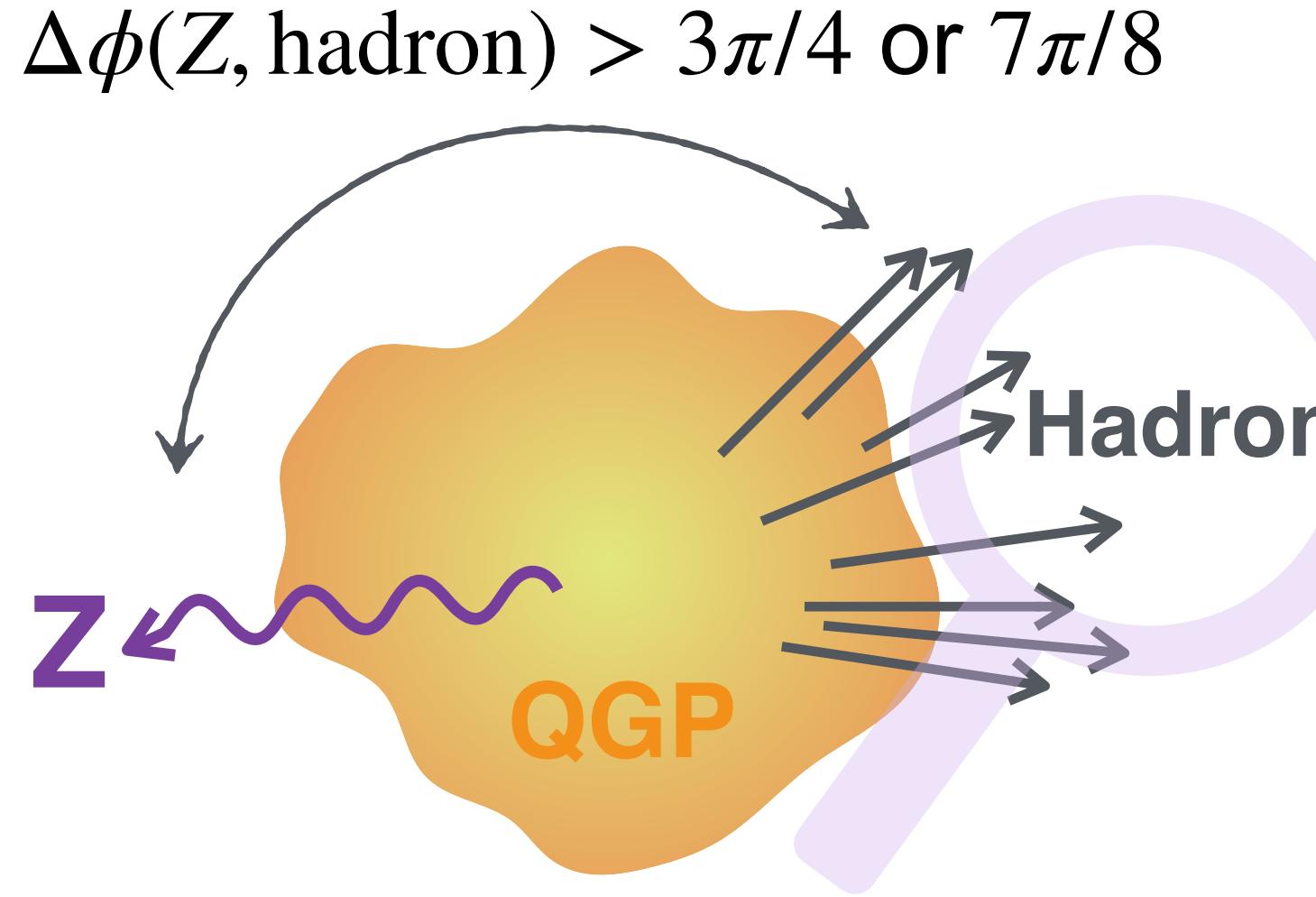


$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^Z}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{pp}^Z}$$

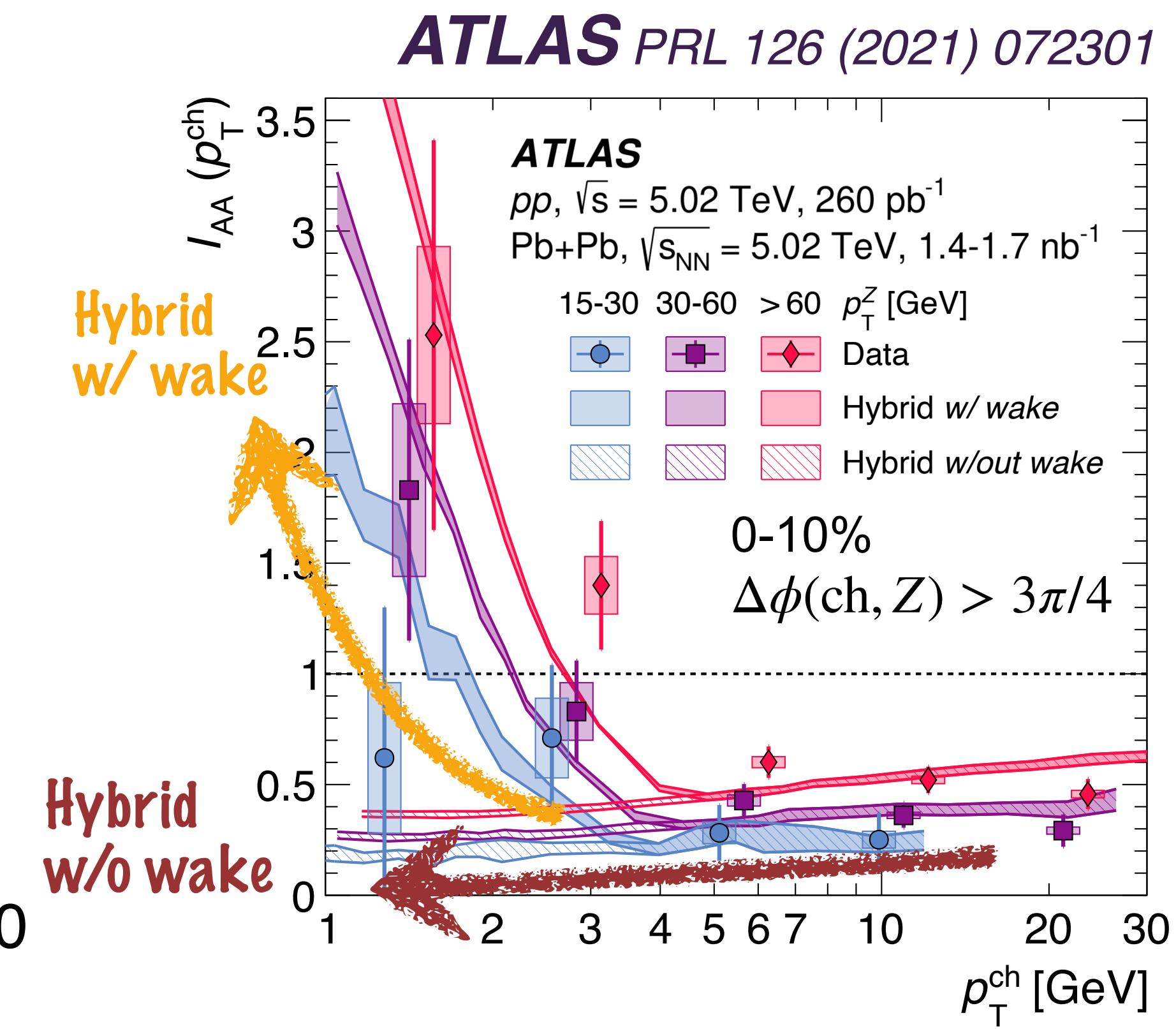
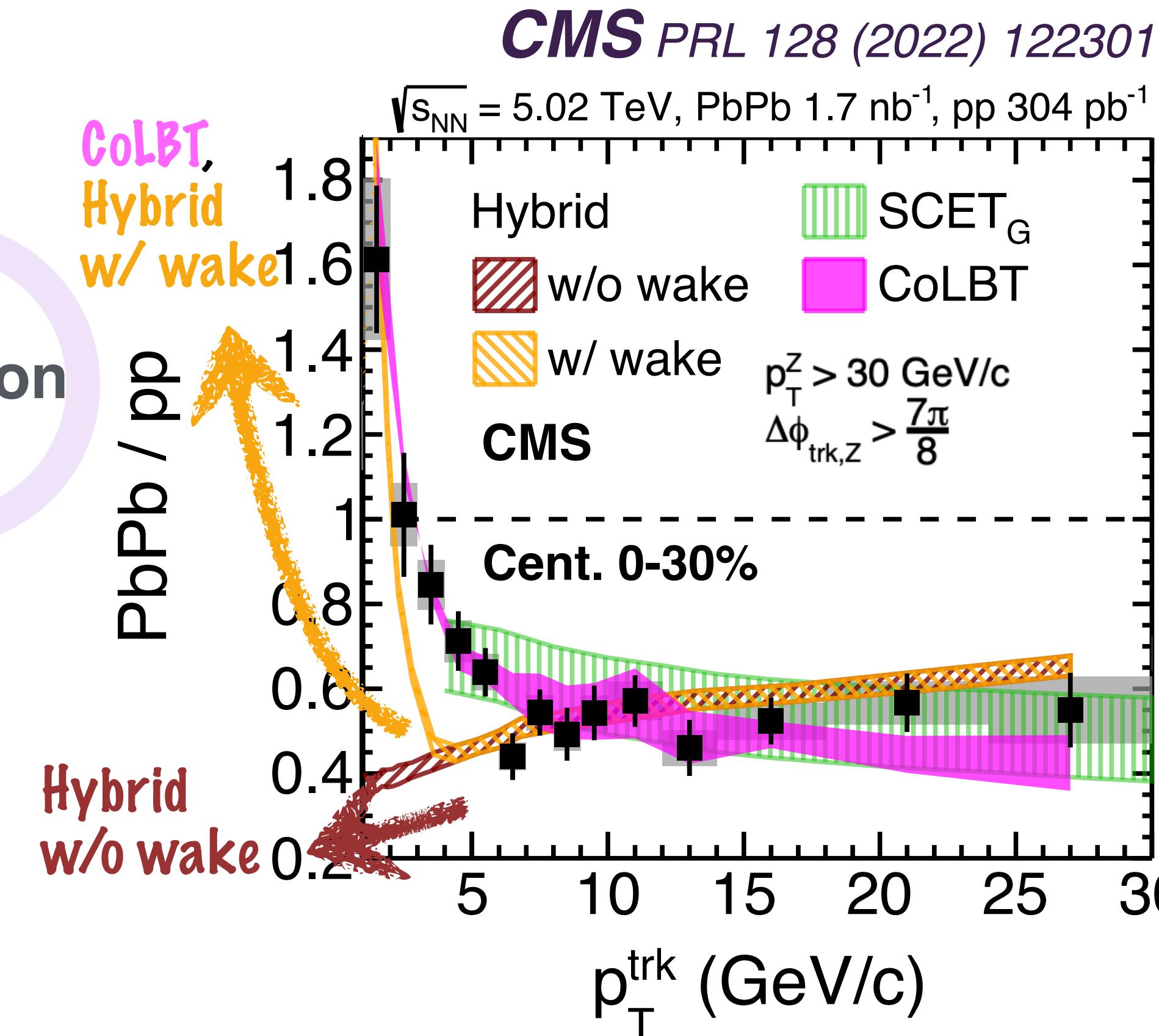


- Access to initial hard-scattering using electroweak bosons, e.g. Z
- **Low- p_T hadron enhancement**

Z-triggered Hadrons: p_T dependence

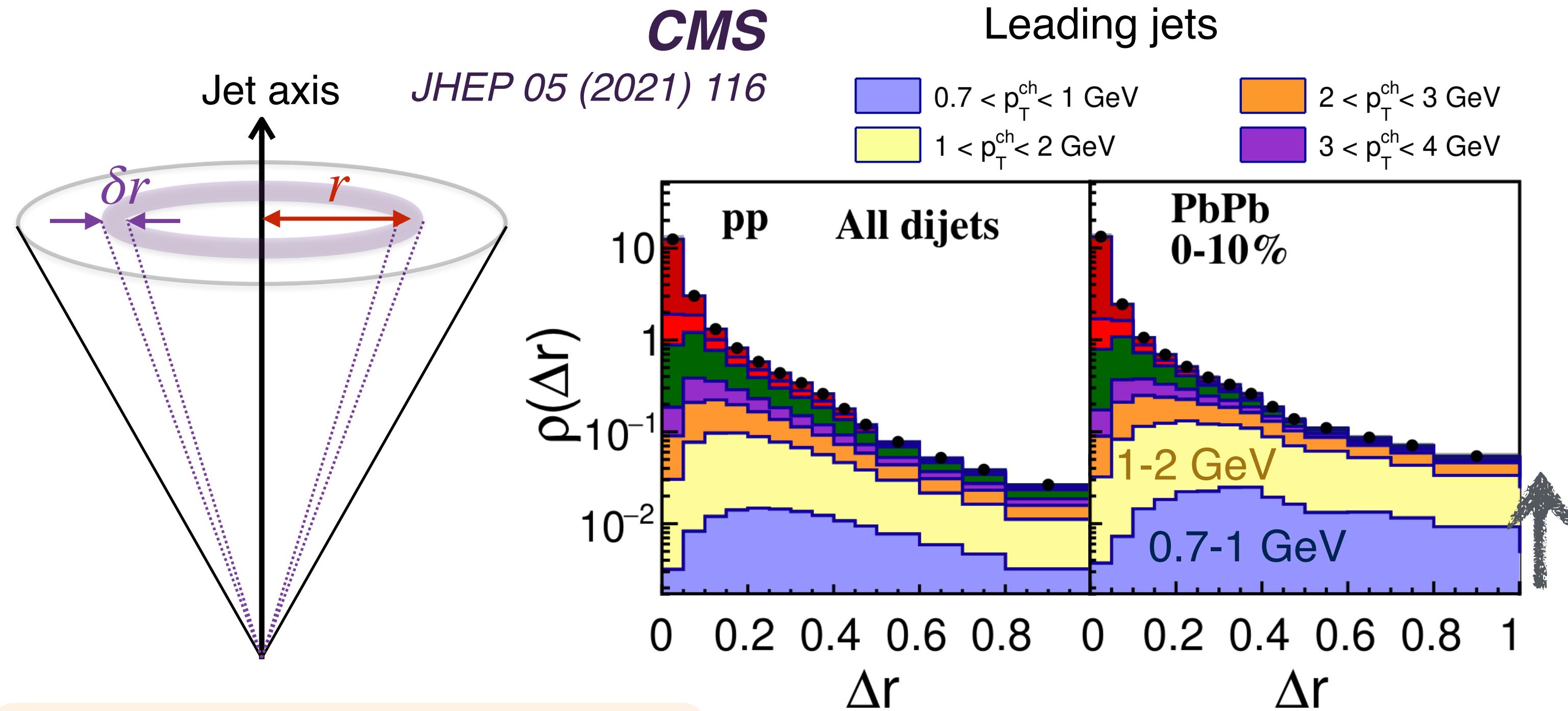


$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^Z}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{pp}^Z}$$



- Access to initial hard-scattering using electroweak bosons, e.g. Z
- **Low- p_T hadron enhancement**
- models w/ medium response (**Hybrid w/ wake** and **CoLBT**) describe the data better

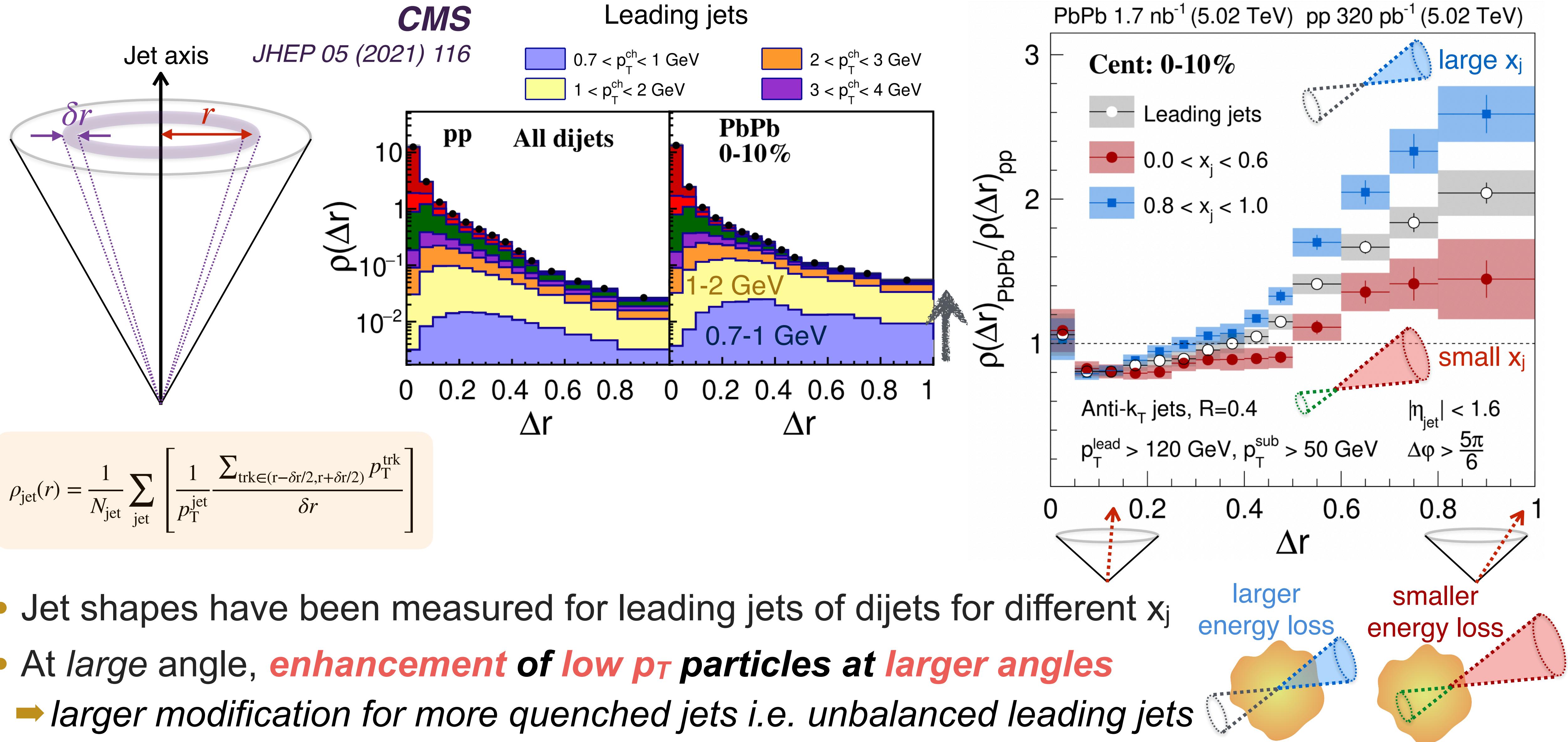
Jet Shape: Angular Distribution



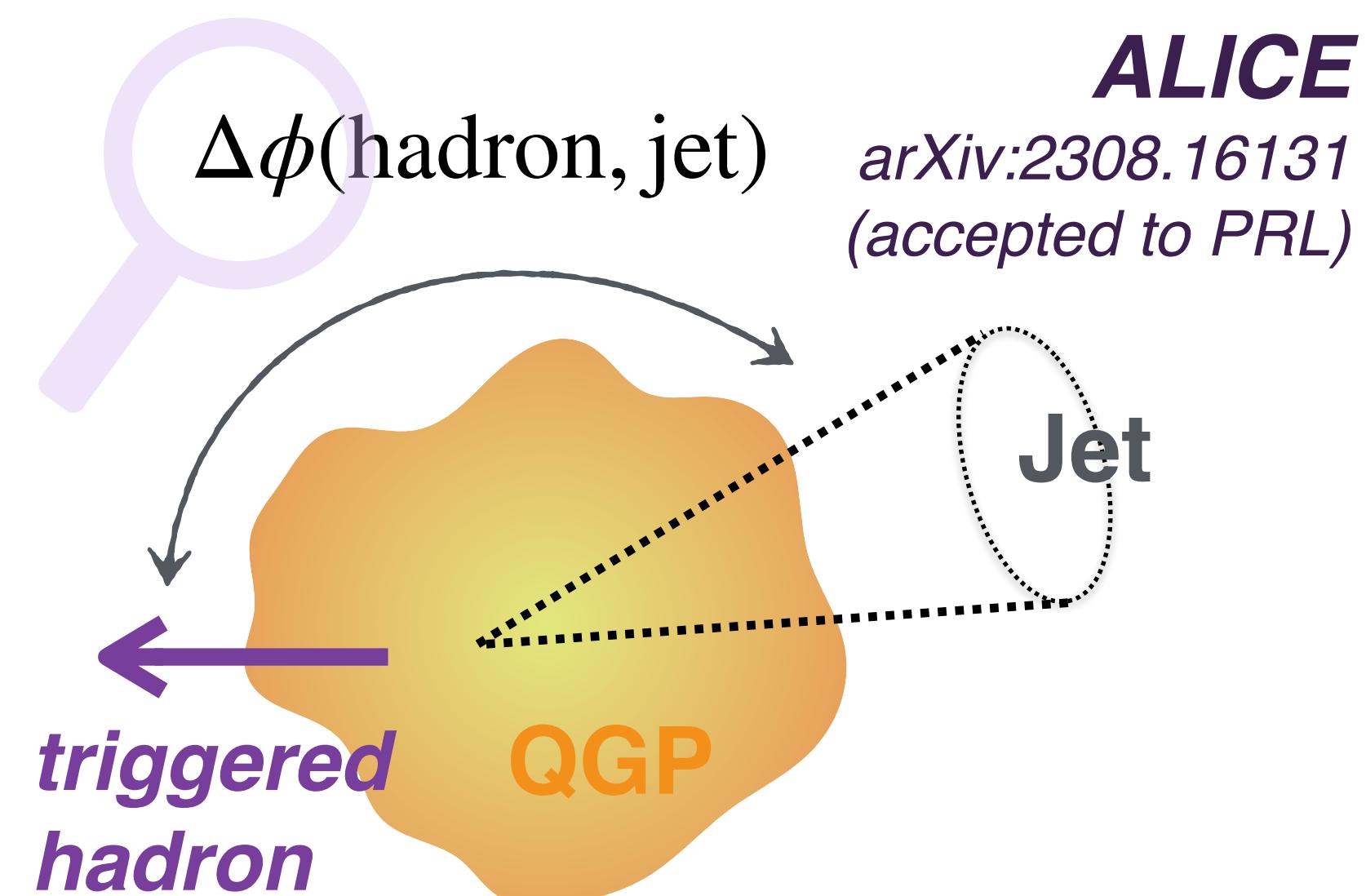
$$\rho_{\text{jet}}(r) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \sum_{\text{jet}} \left[\frac{1}{p_T^{\text{jet}}} \frac{\sum_{\text{trk} \in (r-\delta r/2, r+\delta r/2)} p_T^{\text{trk}}}{\delta r} \right]$$

- Jet shapes have been measured for leading jets of dijets for different x_j
- At large angle, ***enhancement of low p_T particles at larger angles***

Jet Shape: Angular Distribution



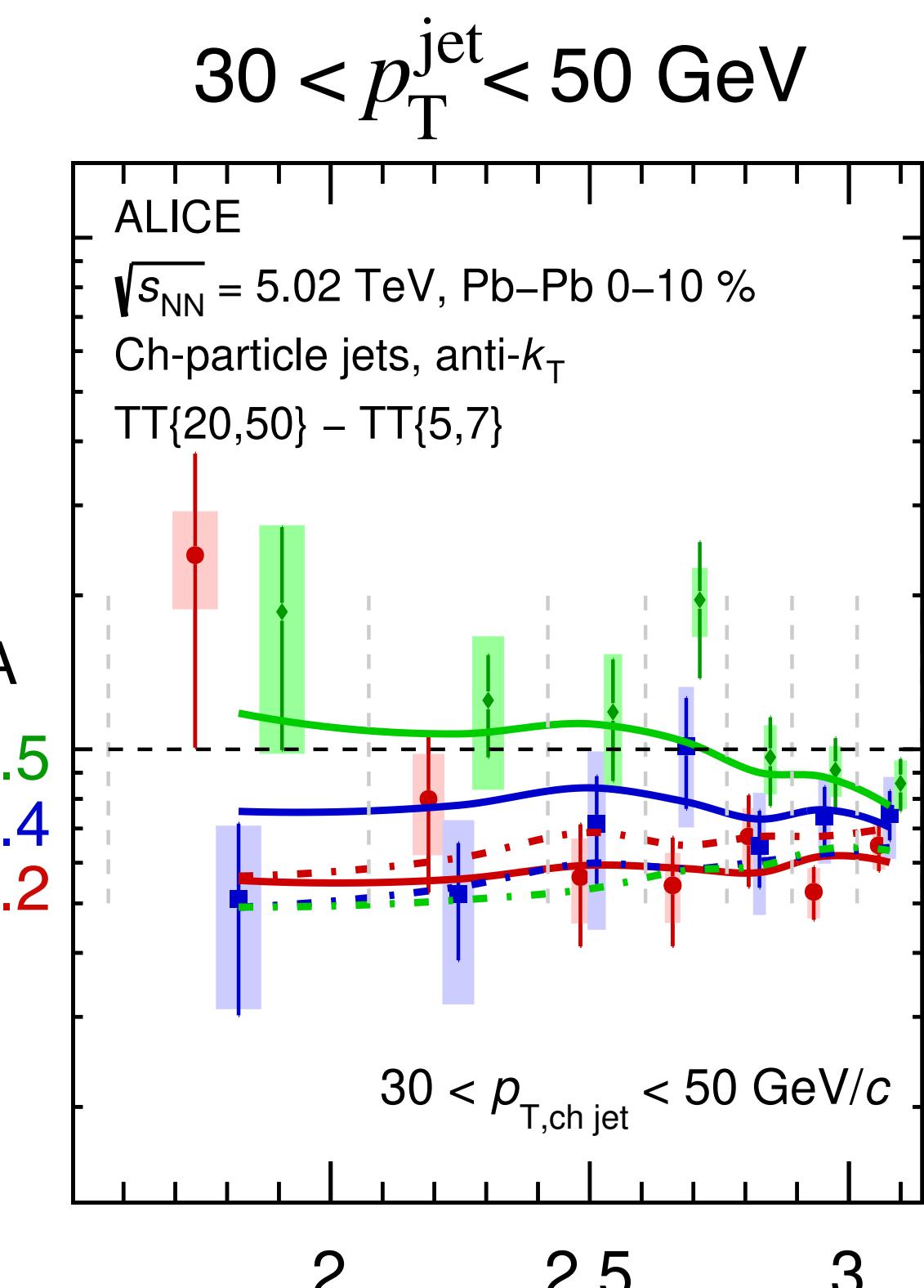
Hadron-Jet Angular Correlation



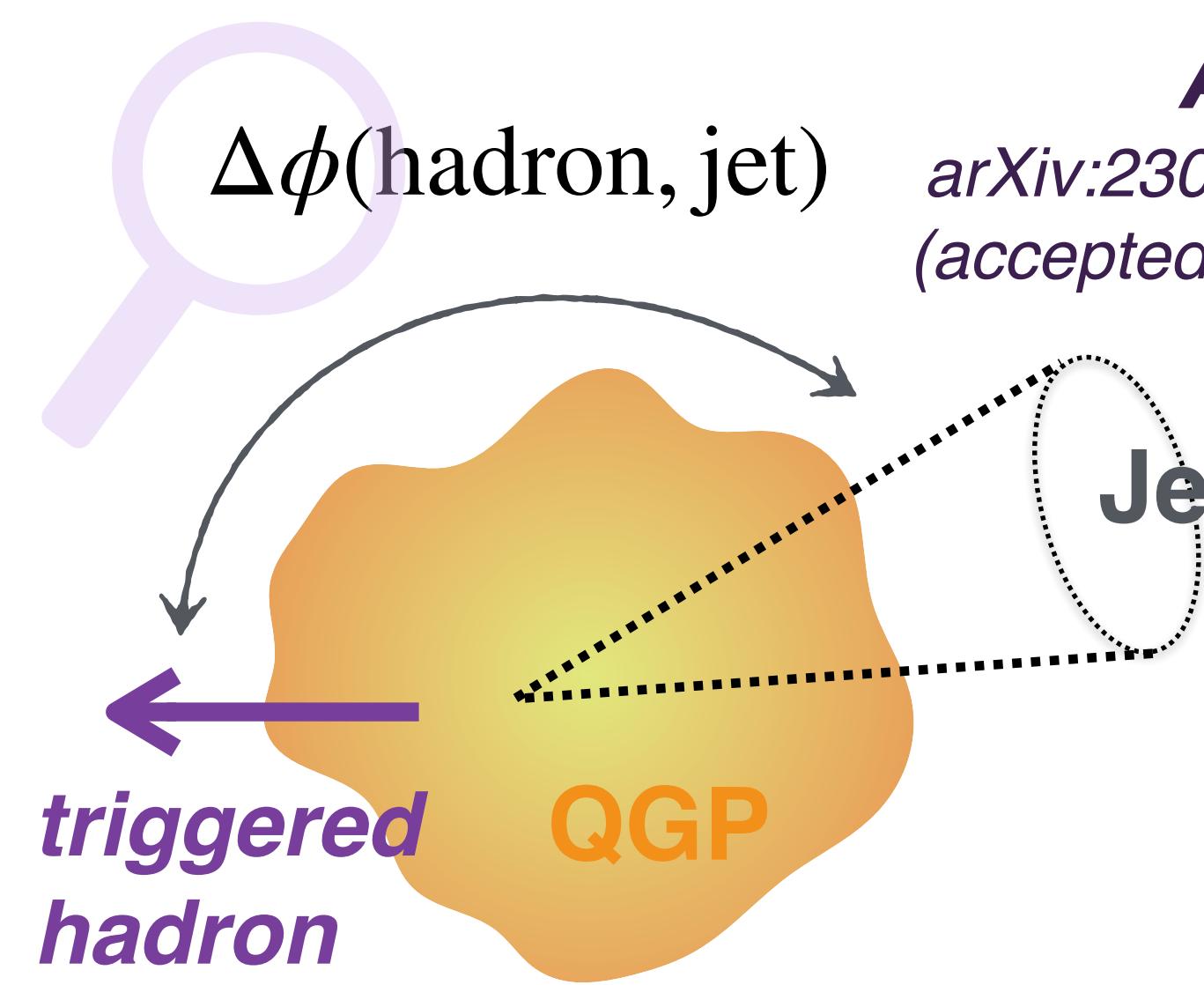
$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}}/N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}}/N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$

- For high- p_T jets, no significant $\Delta\phi$ dependence found

ALICE
*arXiv:2308.16131
(accepted to PRL)*

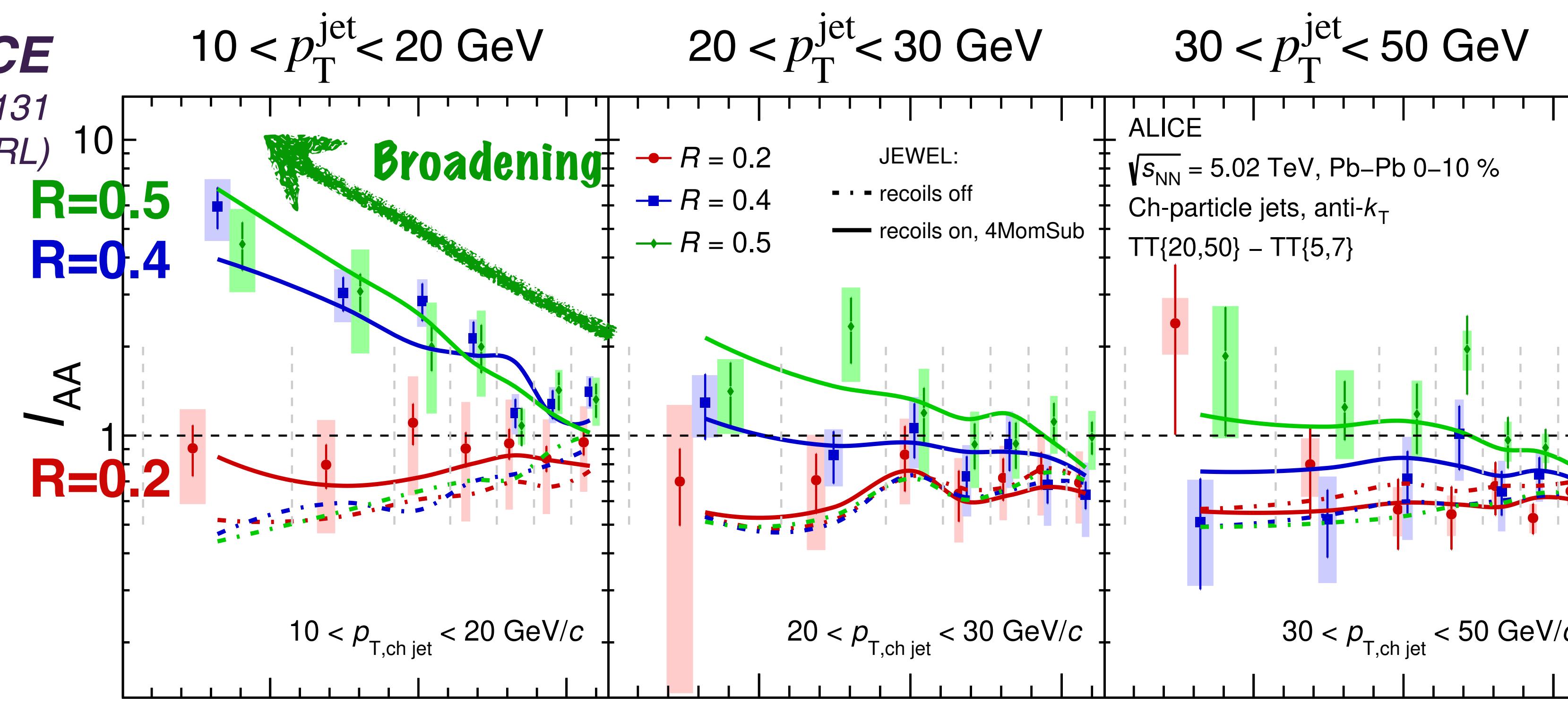


Hadron-Jet Angular Correlation

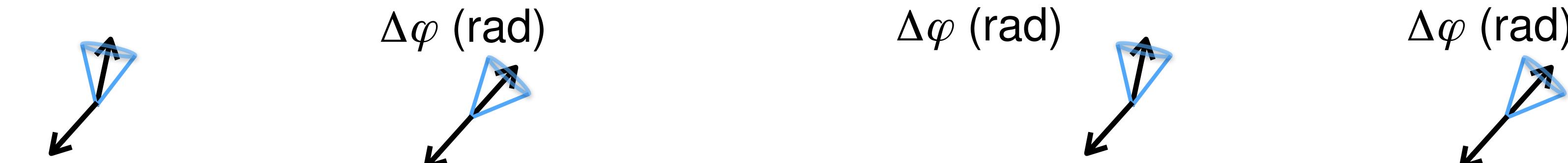


ALICE

arXiv:2308.16131
(accepted to PRL)

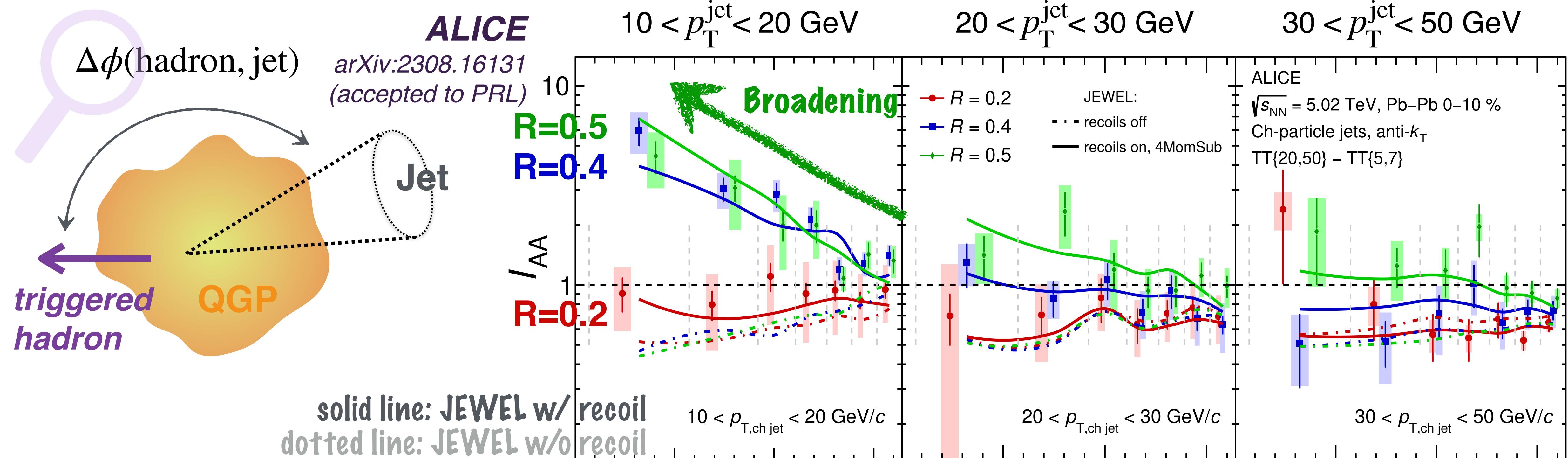


$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$



- For high- p_T jets, no significant $\Delta\phi$ dependence found
- For low- p_T jets, hadron-jet **acoplanarity broadening w/ large R**

Hadron-Jet Angular Correlation

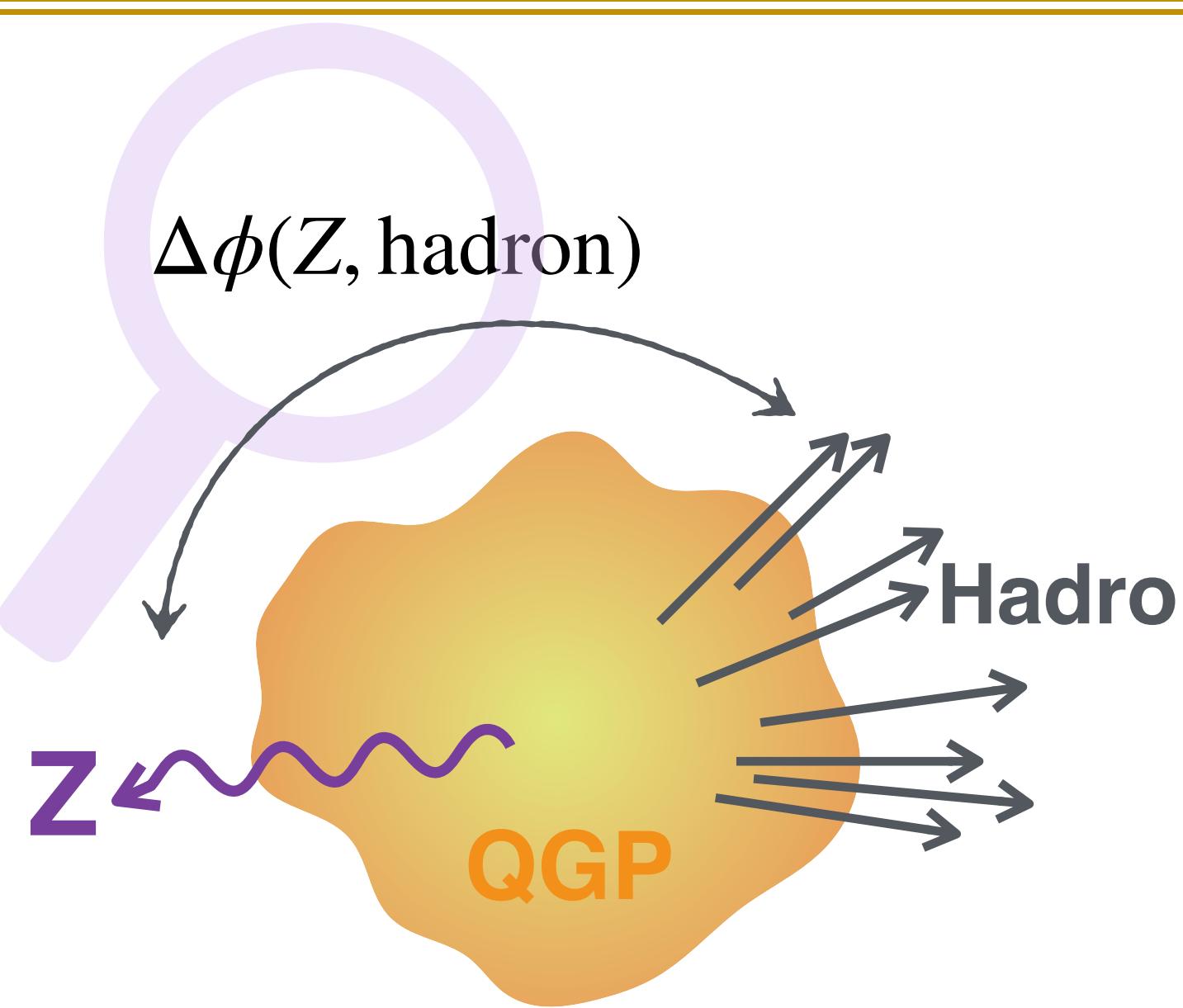


$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$

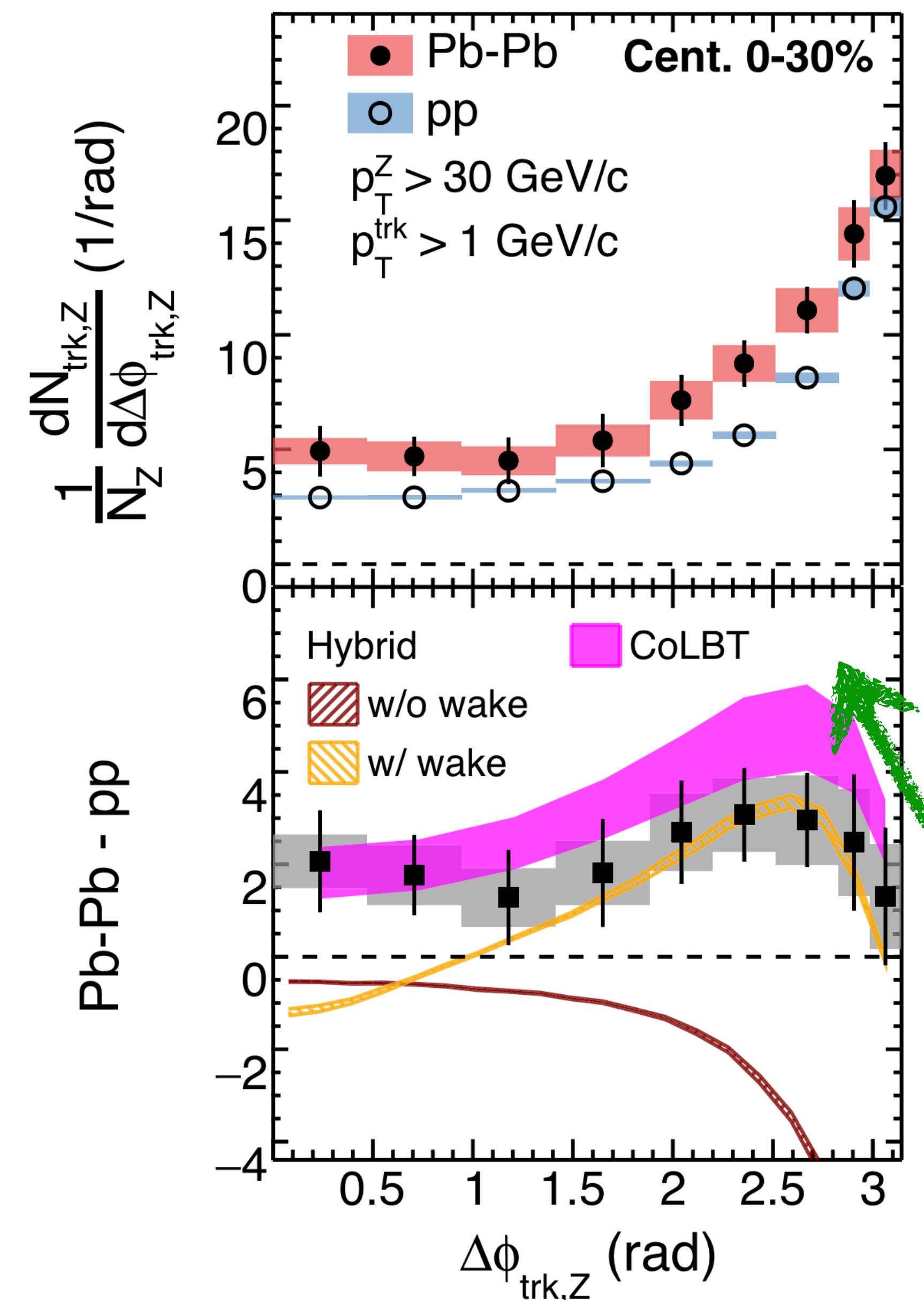


- For high- p_T jets, no significant $\Delta\phi$ dependence found
- For low- p_T jets, hadron-jet **acoplanarity broadening w/ large R**
- Data described well by **JEWEL w/ medium response**

Z-hadron Angular Correlation



$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}} / N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$

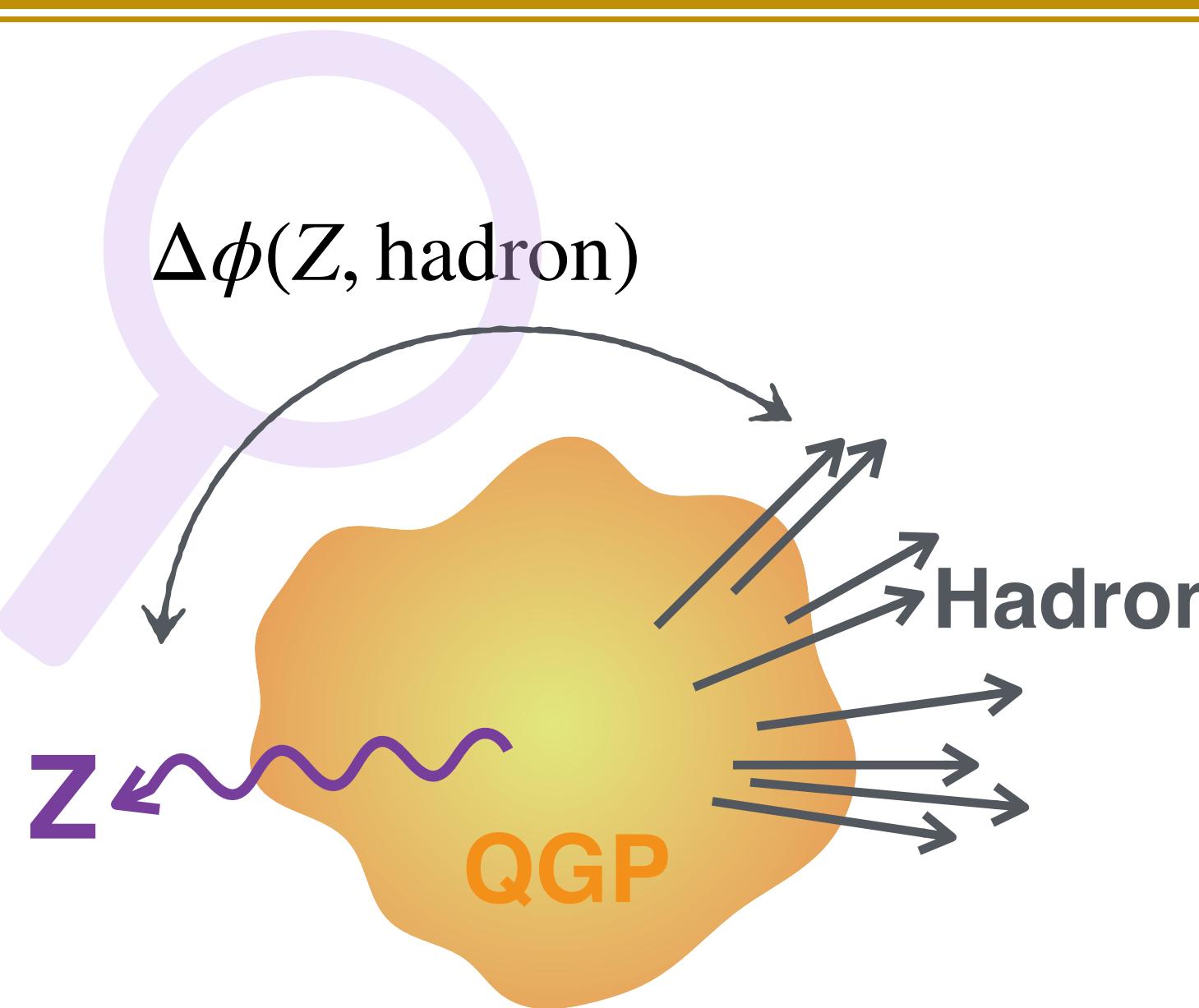


CMS PRL 128 (2022) 122301

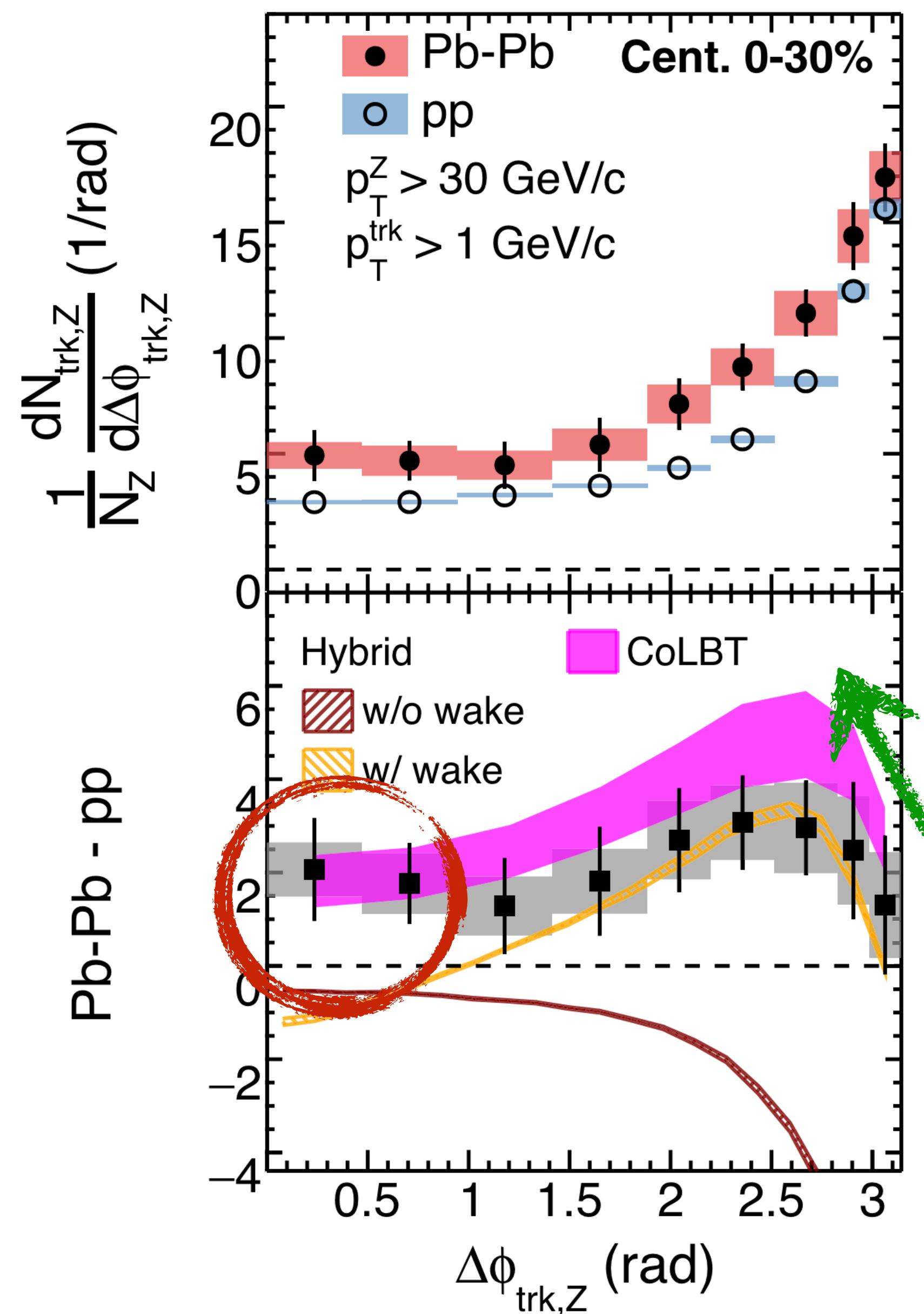
- Low- p_T particles ($\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$) broaden towards larger angles
- Models w/ medium response (**Hybrid w/ wake** and **CoLBT**) describe the data better

Broadening

Z-hadron Angular Correlation



$$I_{AA} = \frac{Y_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{hadron}}/N_{\text{Pb+Pb}}^{\text{trig}}}{Y_{pp}^{\text{hadron}}/N_{pp}^{\text{trig}}}$$



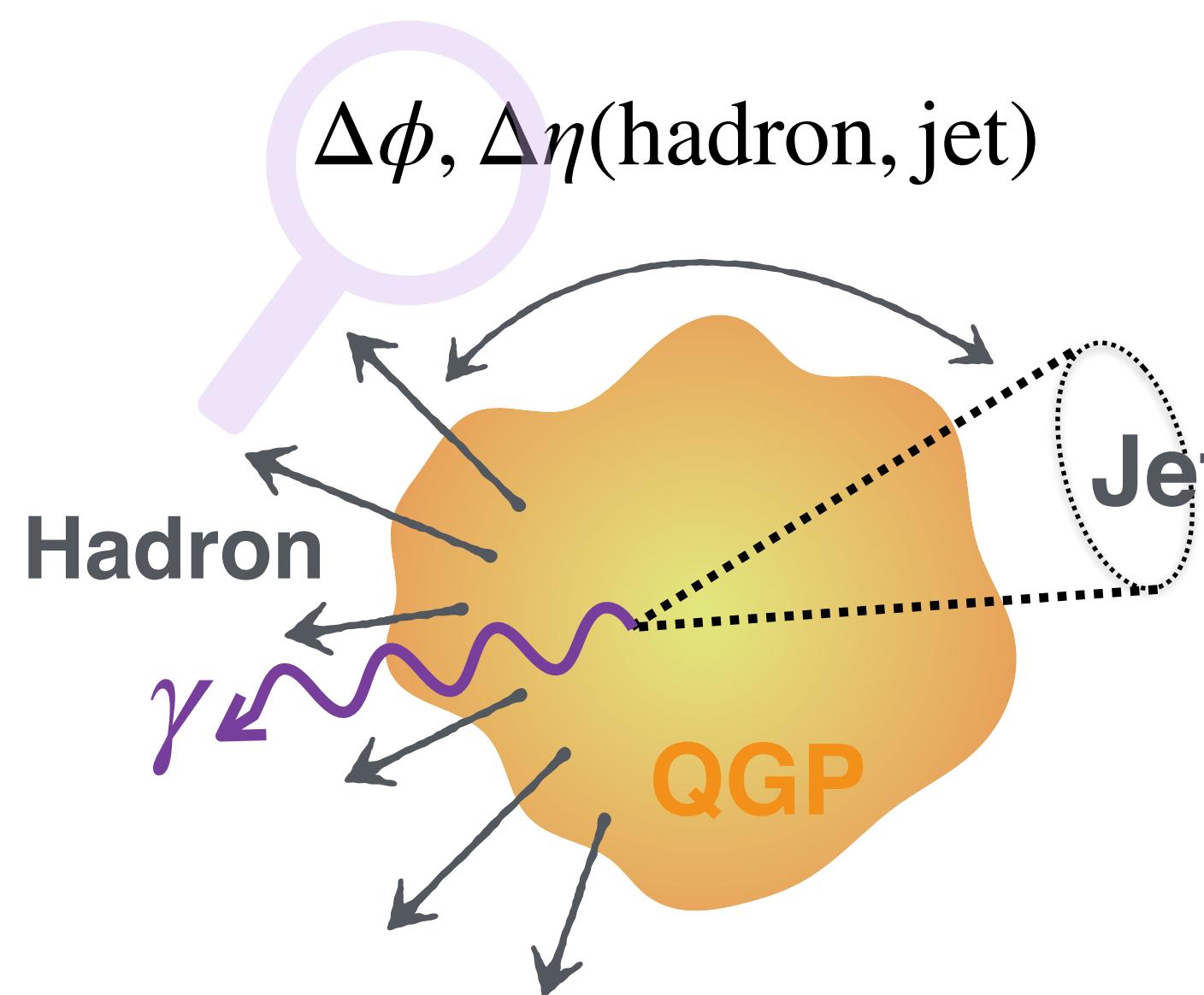
CMS PRL 128 (2022) 122301

- Low- p_T particles ($\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$) broaden towards larger angles
- Models w/ medium response (**Hybrid w/ wake** and **CoLBT**) describe the data better

Broadening

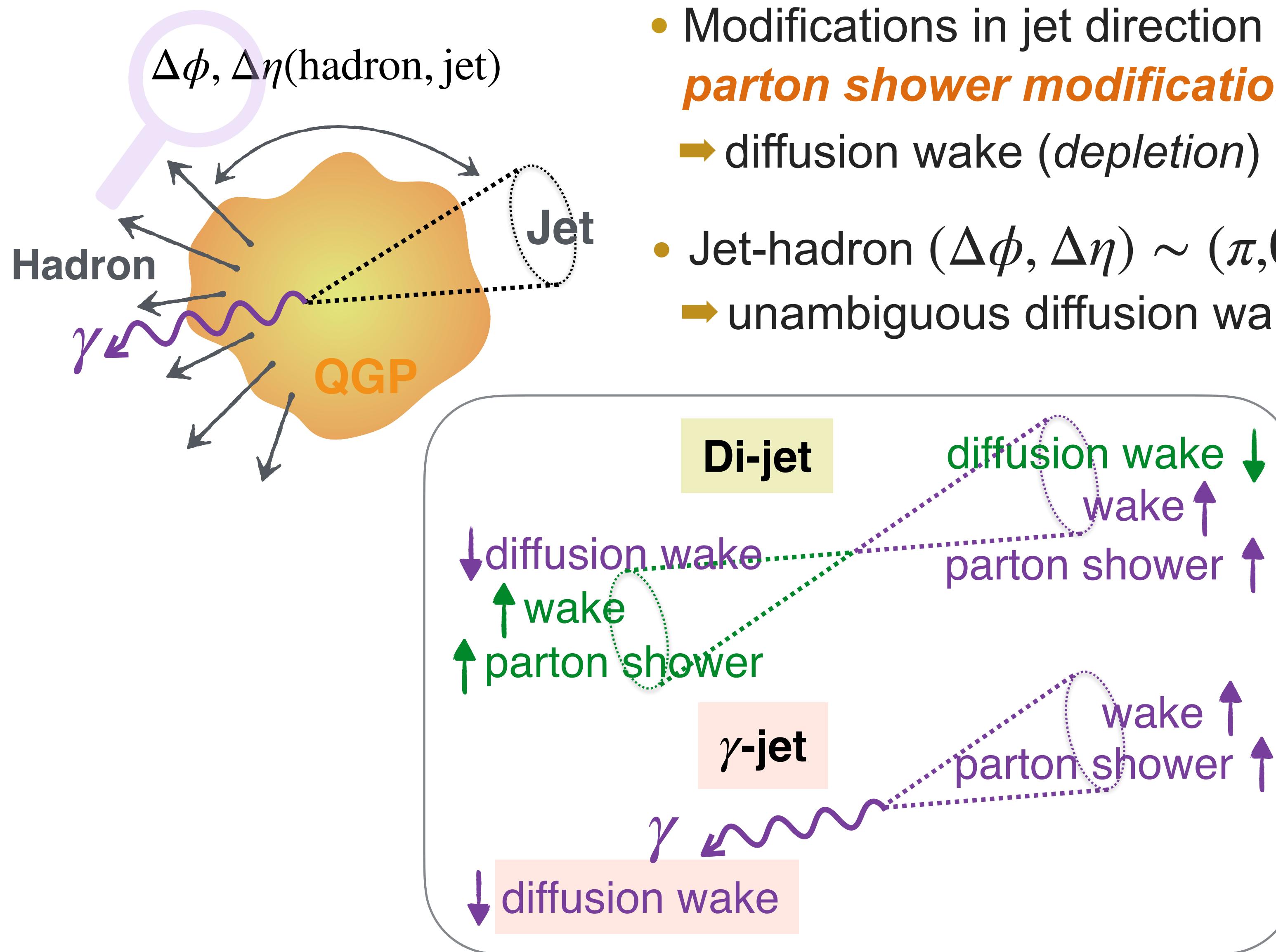
- Enhancement at $\Delta\phi \sim 0$ is described by **CoLBT** with multi-parton interaction (MPI)
 - diffusion wake (depletion) is buried in MPI

Jet-Hadron Correlation in Photon-Jet Events

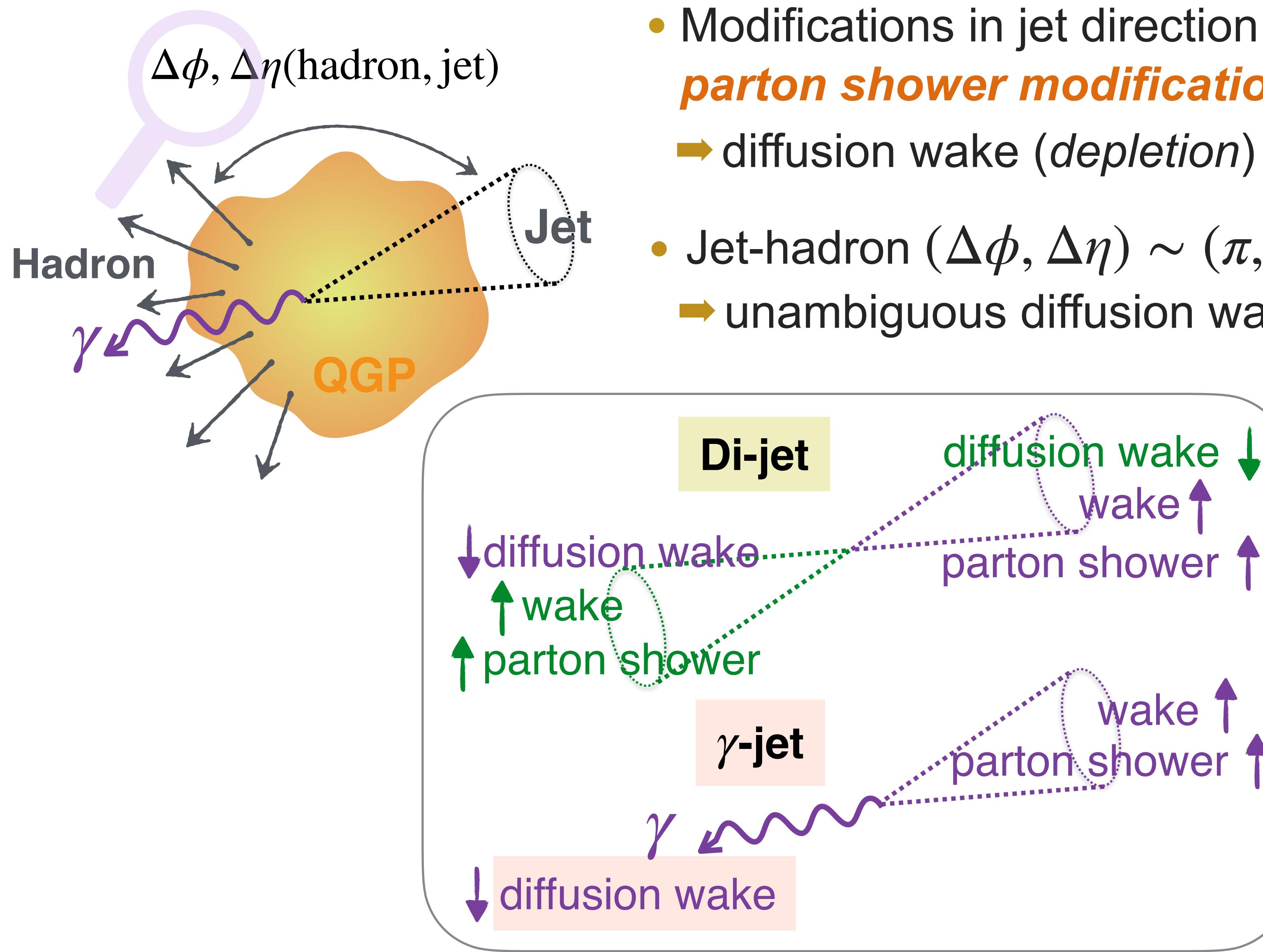


- Modifications in jet direction are convoluted with *in-medium parton shower modification* and *medium response*
 - ➡ diffusion wake (*depletion*) present in the opposite jet direction

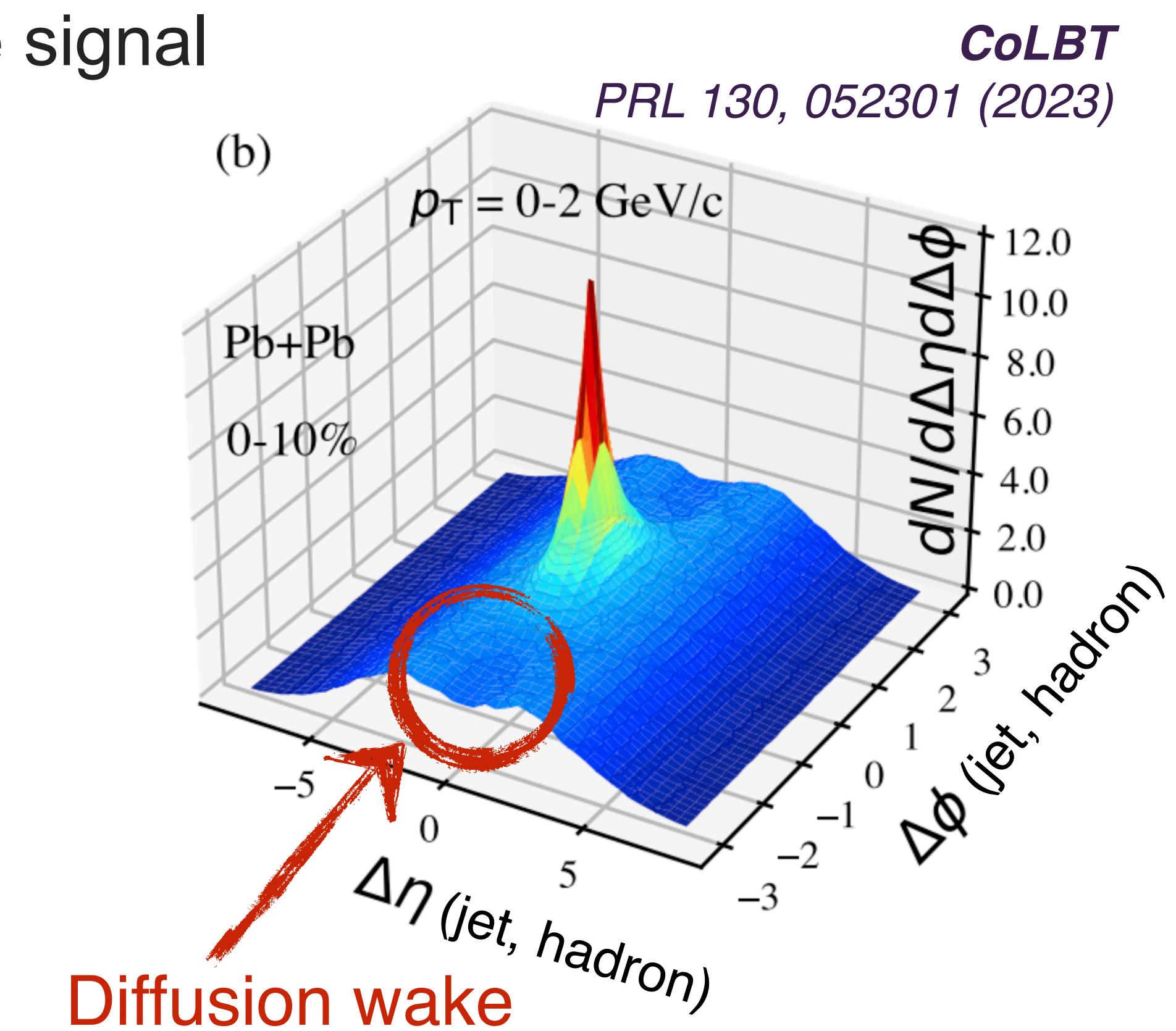
Jet-Hadron Correlation in Photon-Jet Events



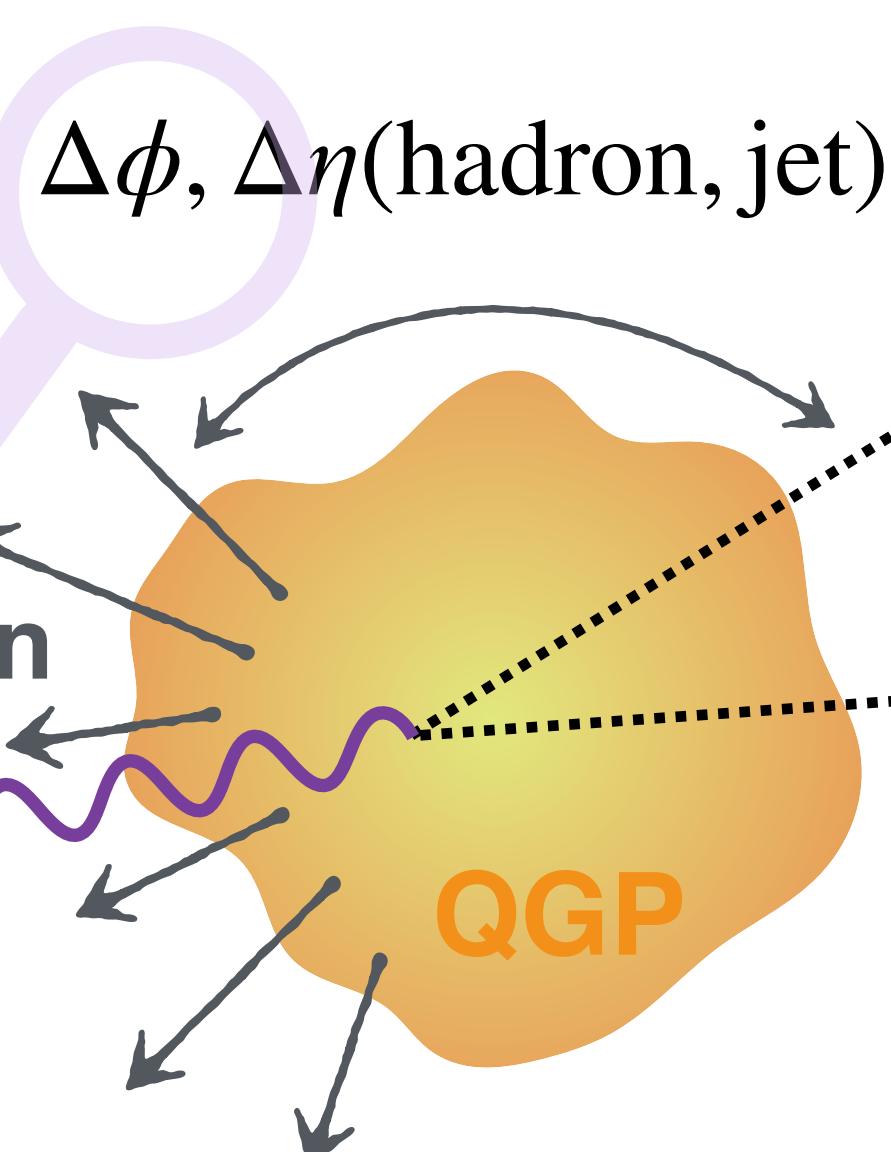
Jet-Hadron Correlation in Photon-Jet Events



- Modifications in jet direction are convoluted with ***in-medium parton shower modification*** and ***medium response***
 - diffusion wake (*depletion*) present in the opposite jet direction
- Jet-hadron ($\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta$) $\sim (\pi, 0)$ in γ -jet events
 - unambiguous diffusion wake signal

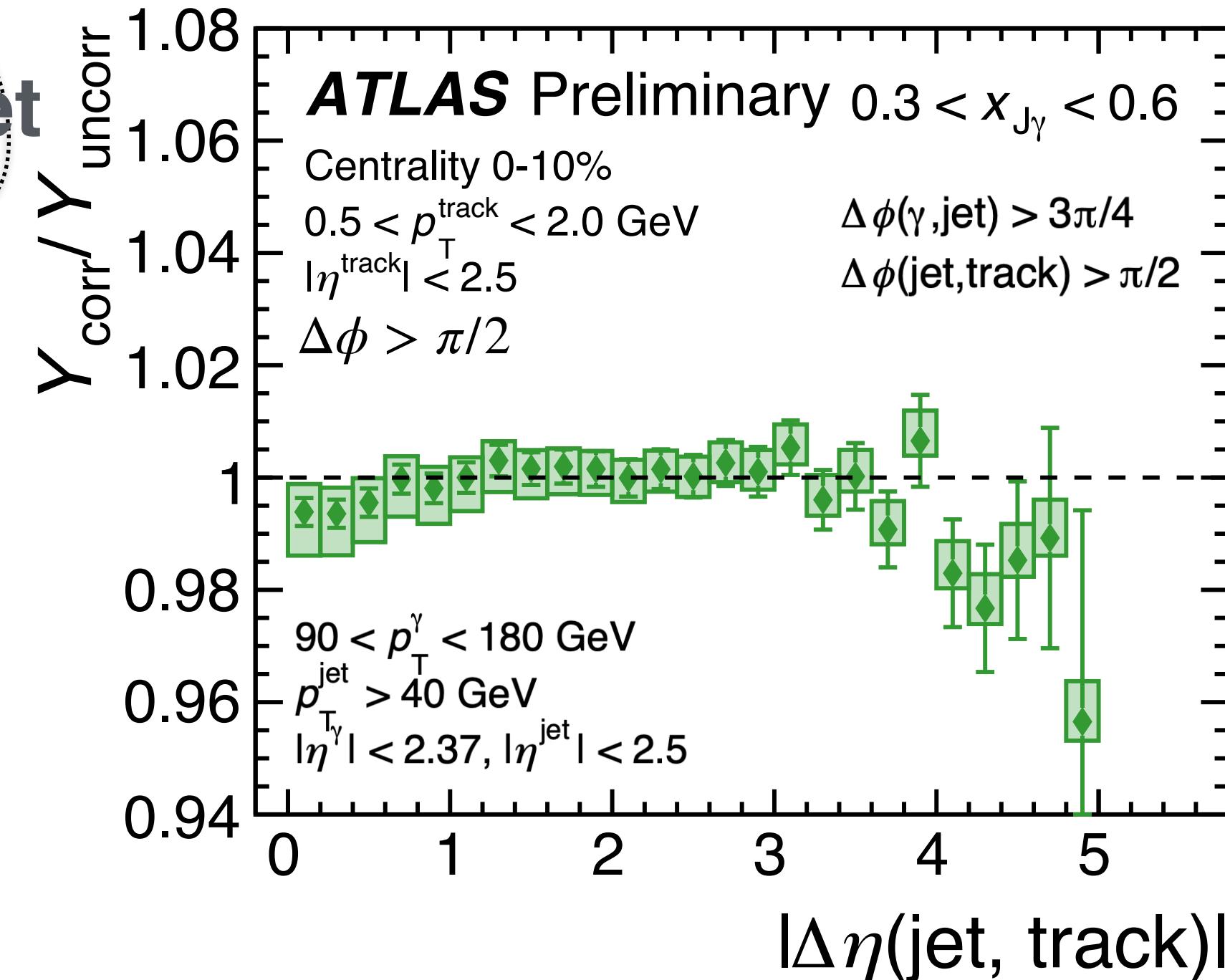


Jet-Hadron Correlation in Photon-Jet Events



$$Y_{\text{corr}} = \frac{1}{N^{\gamma-\text{jet}}} \frac{d^2 N^{\text{jet-track}}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}$$

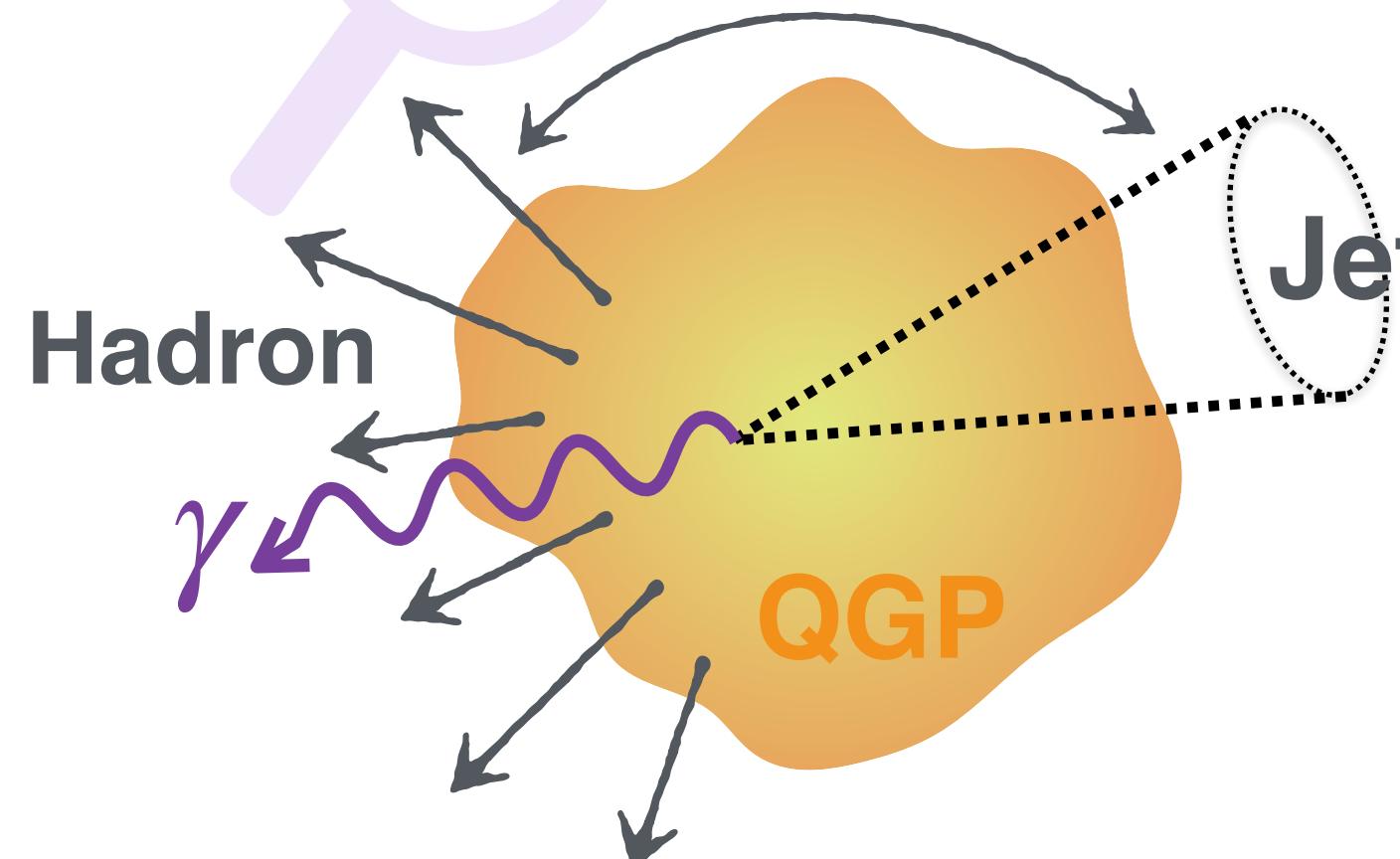
- $Y_{\text{corr}}/Y_{\text{uncorr}}$
 - Relative yield ratio btw **signal** and **mixed** events



ATLAS
CONF-2023-054

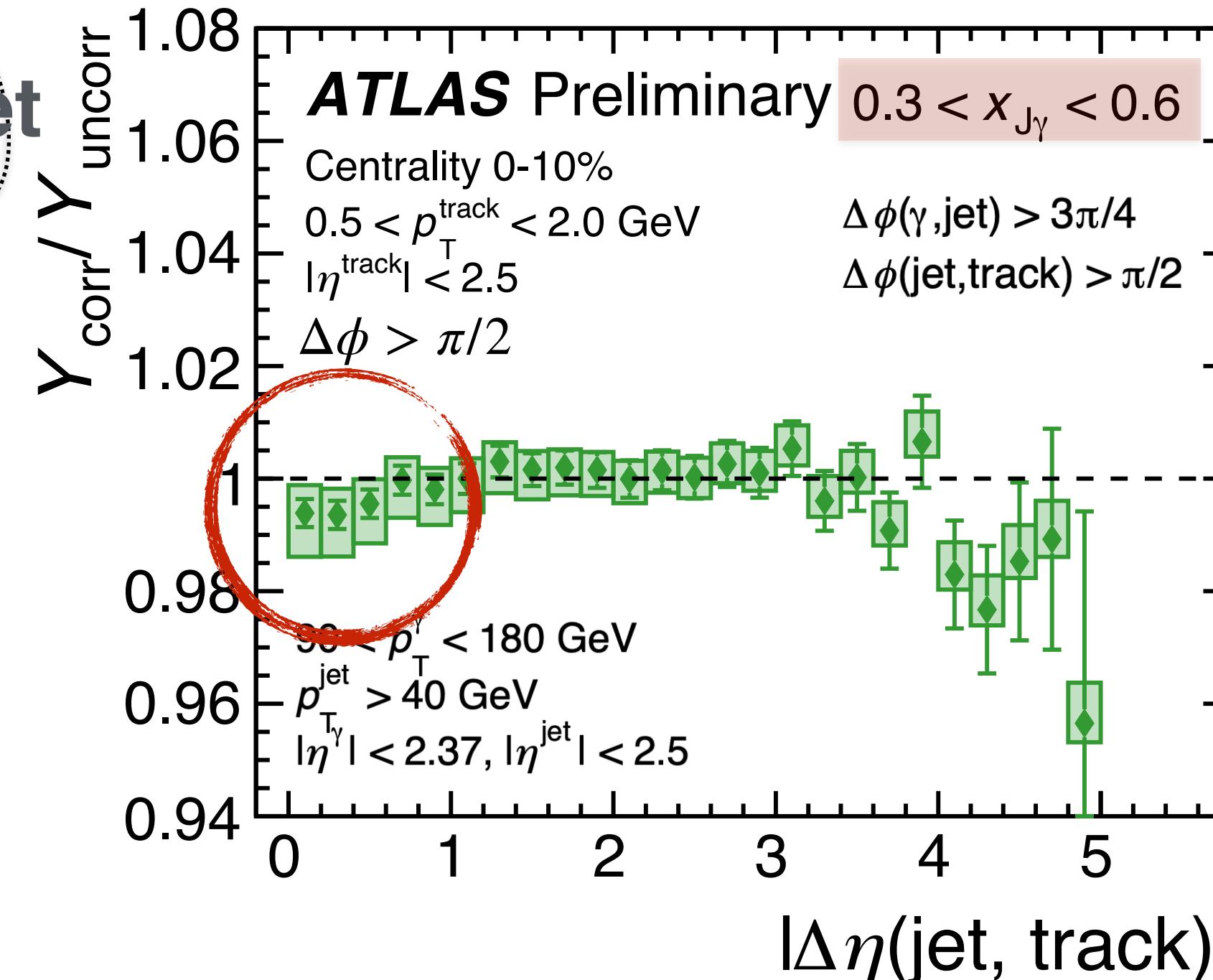
Jet-Hadron Correlation in Photon-Jet Events

$\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta(\text{hadron, jet})$



$$Y_{\text{corr}} = \frac{1}{N^{\gamma-\text{jet}}} \frac{d^2 N^{\text{jet-track}}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}$$

- $Y_{\text{corr}}/Y_{\text{uncorr}}$
→ Relative yield ratio btw **signal** and **mixed** events

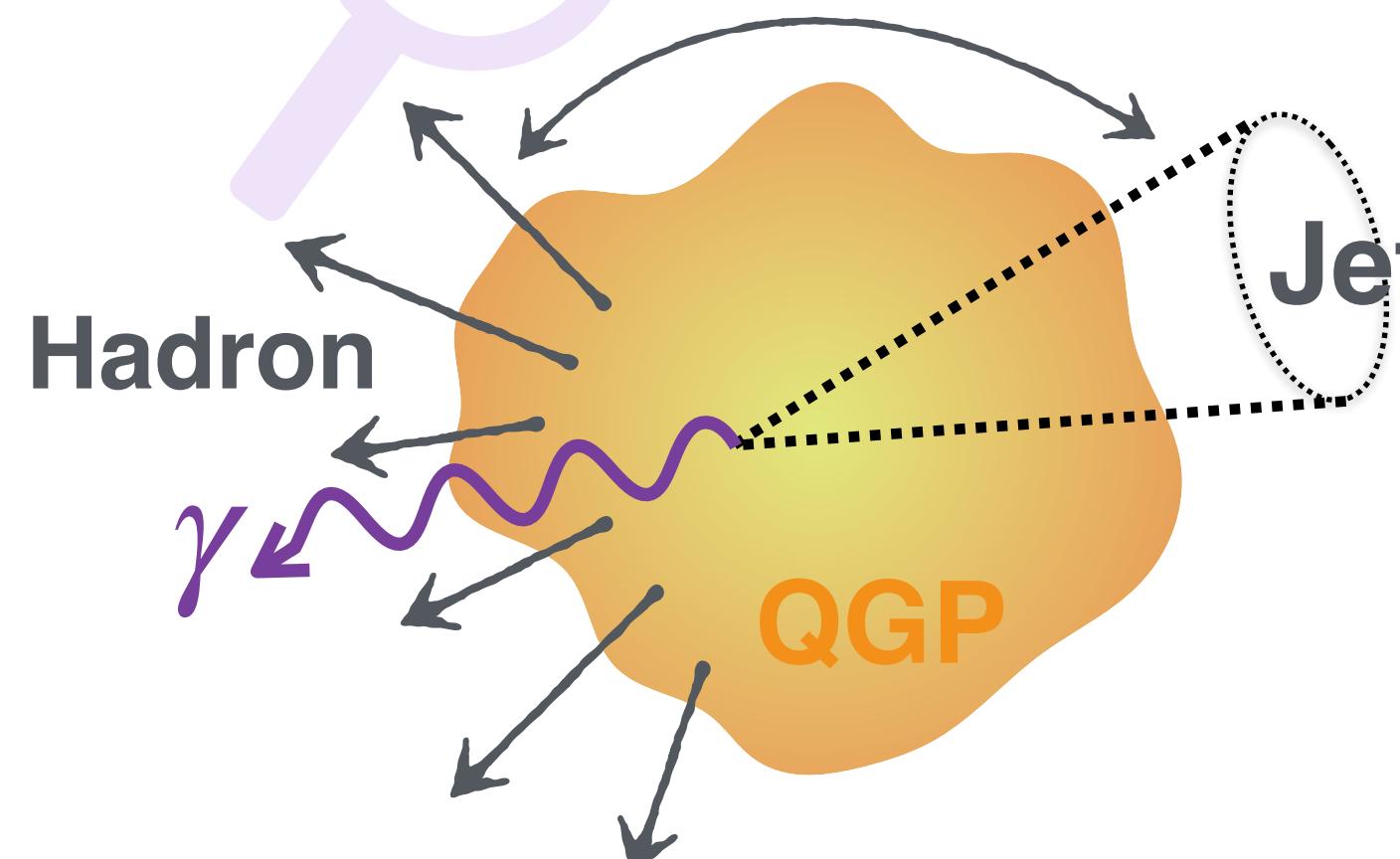


- No significant diffusion wake signal within the current sensitivity in data

ATLAS
CONF-2023-054

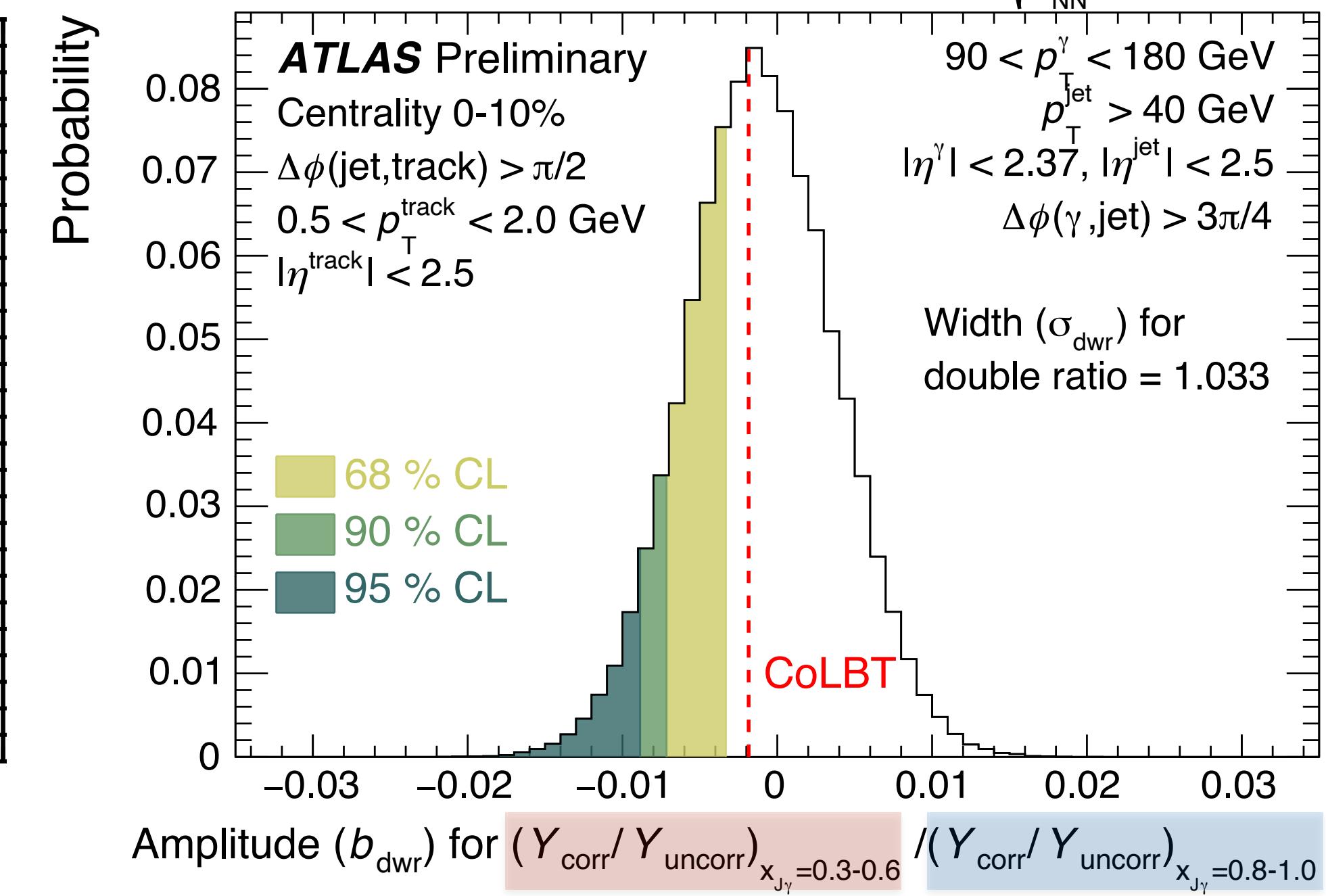
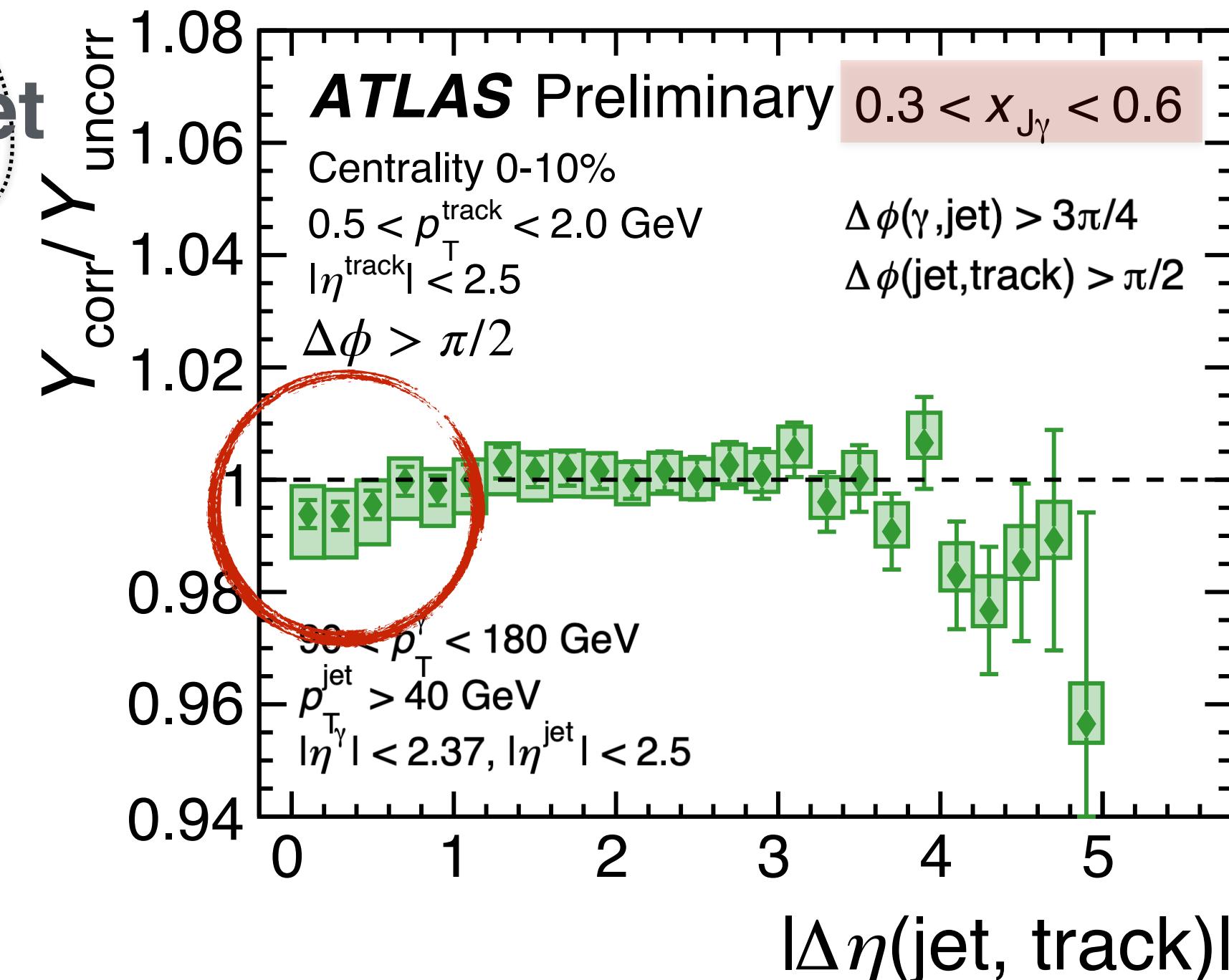
Jet-Hadron Correlation in Photon-Jet Events

$\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta(\text{hadron, jet})$



$$Y_{\text{corr}} = \frac{1}{N^{\gamma-\text{jet}}} \frac{d^2 N^{\text{jet-track}}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}$$

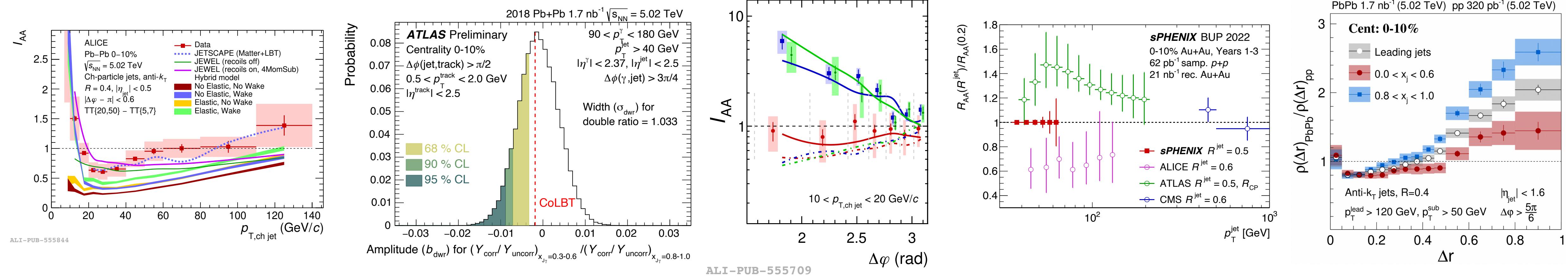
- $Y_{\text{corr}}/Y_{\text{uncorr}}$
- Relative yield ratio btw **signal** and **mixed** events



- No significant diffusion wake signal within the current sensitivity in data
- Data provides limits on double ratio amplitude
 - **95% CL upper limit** of **0.0095** does not rule out **CoLBT** prediction of **0.0018**
 - Stat. uncert. dominates in probability distribution; more statistics would be valuable



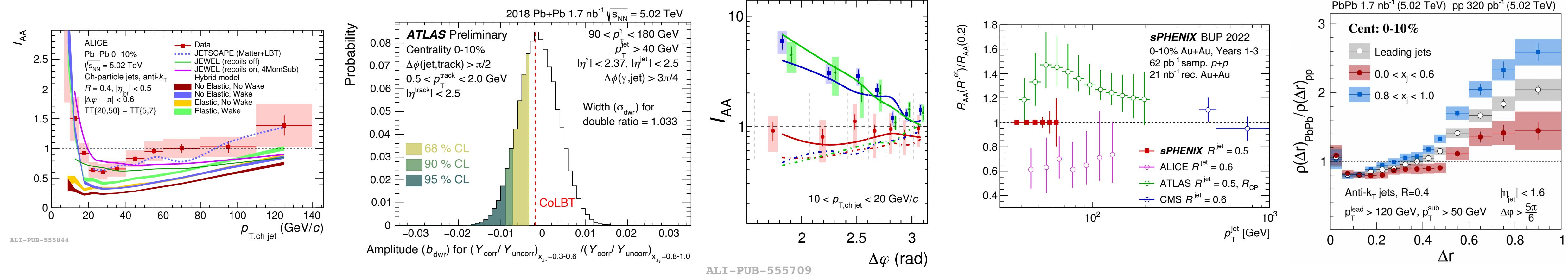
Summary



ALI-PUB-555709

■ ■ ■

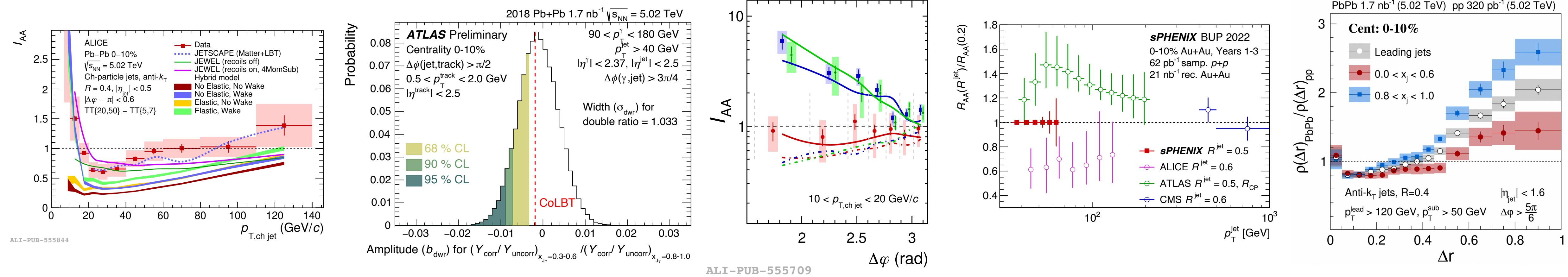
Summary



- Medium response is essential to precise jet measurements and allows direct access to QGP bulk properties

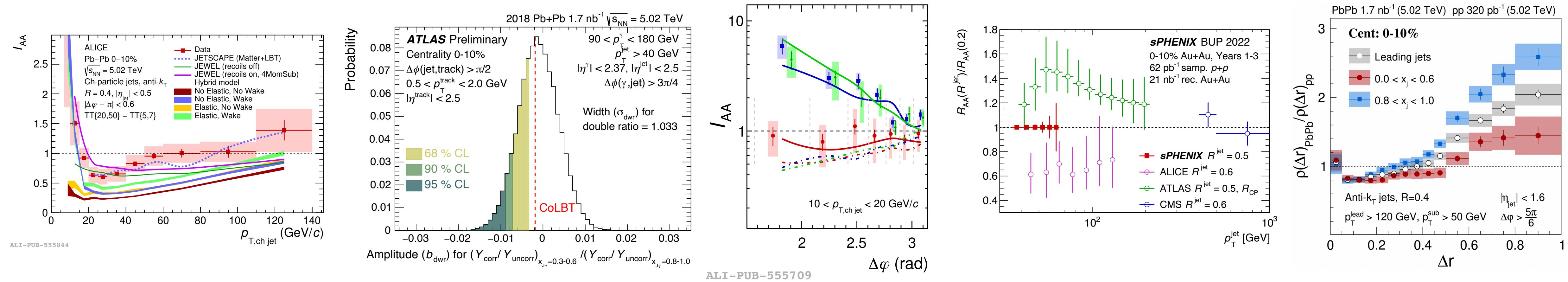
...

Summary



- Medium response is essential to precise jet measurements and allows direct access to QGP bulk properties
- LHC measurements on the medium response to jet propagation
 - *Enhancement of low p_T particles at large angles w.r.t jet axis*
 - *Acoplanarity broadening*
 - *Hint of diffusion wake signal*
 - *Mild R -dependence of jet R_{AA} at high- p_T , tension between experiments at low- p_T*

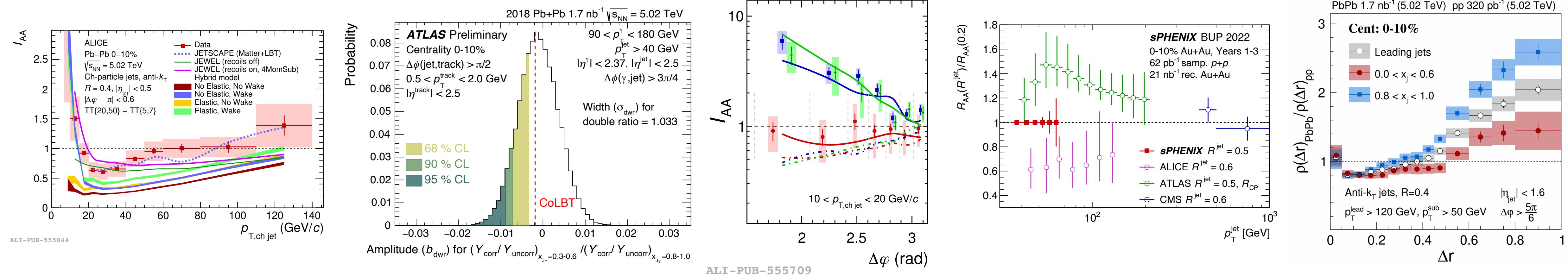
Summary



...

- Medium response is essential to precise jet measurements and allows direct access to QGP bulk properties
- LHC measurements on the medium response to jet propagation
 - Enhancement of low p_T particles at large angles w.r.t jet axis*
 - Acoplanarity broadening*
 - Hint of diffusion wake signal*
 - Mild R -dependence of jet R_{AA} at high- p_T , tension between experiments at low- p_T*
- Precise experimental measurements with large statistics will help constraining models and understanding the jet-QGP interaction mechanism

Summary



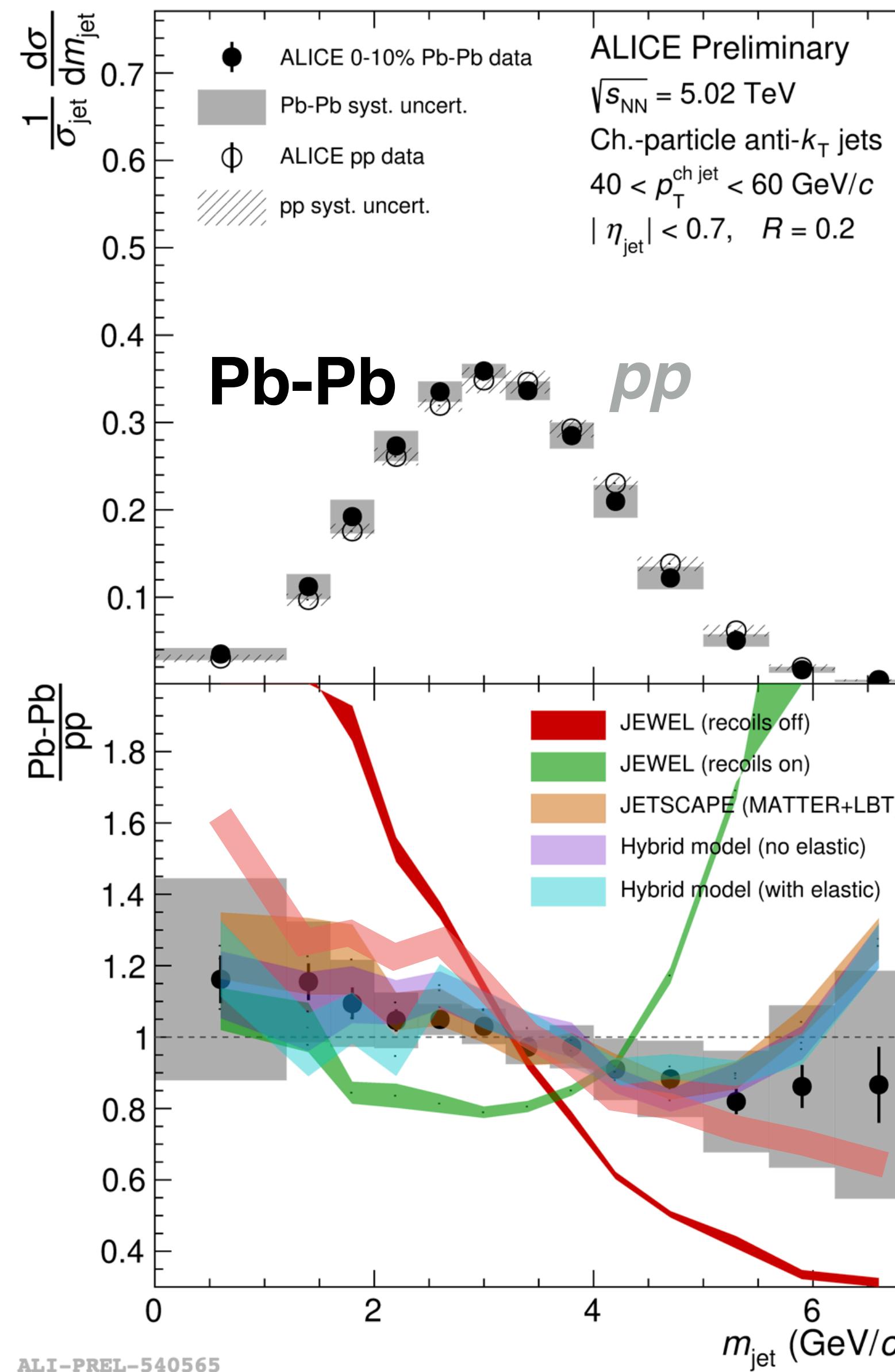
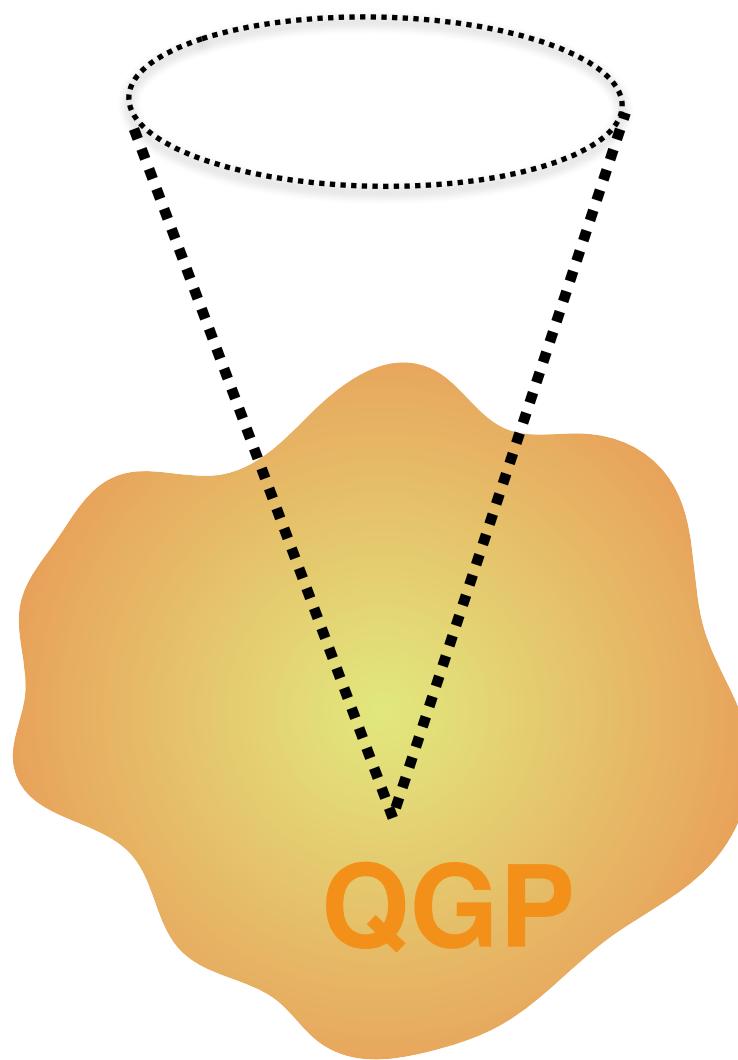
- Medium response is essential to precise jet measurements and allows direct access to QGP bulk properties
- LHC measurements on the medium response to jet propagation
 - *Enhancement of low p_T particles at large angles w.r.t jet axis*
 - *Acoplanarity broadening*
 - *Hint of diffusion wake signal*
 - *Mild R-dependence of jet R_{AA} at high- p_T , tension between experiments at low- p_T*
- Precise experimental measurements with large statistics will help constraining models and understanding the jet-QGP interaction mechanism

Thank you!

BACK UP

Ungroomed Charged Jet Mass

Jet mass

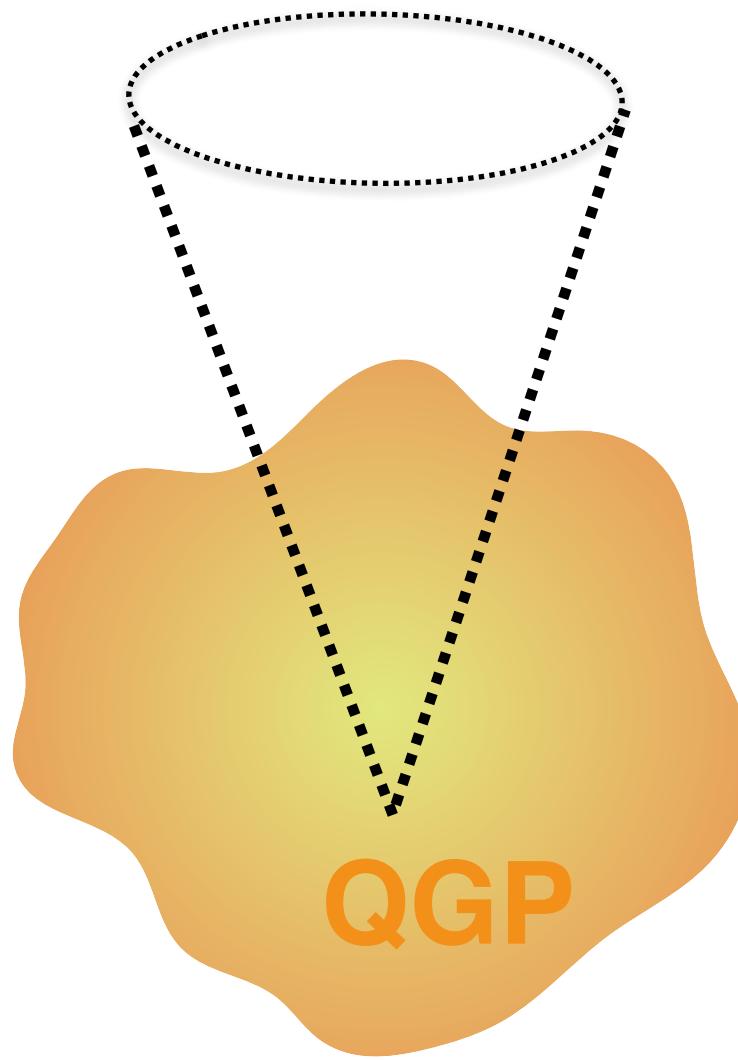


ALICE ALI-PREL-540565

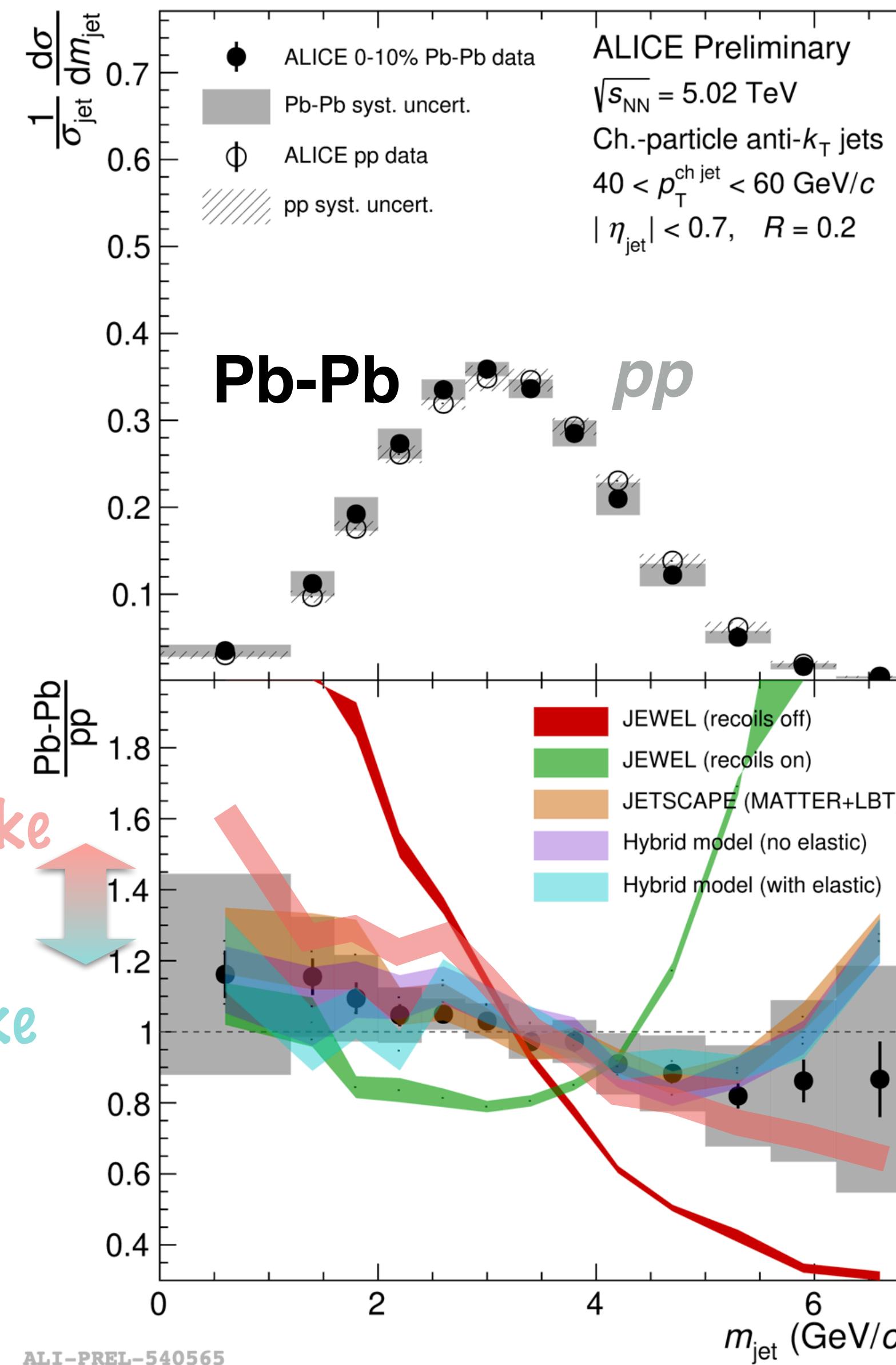
- **Ungroomed vs Groomed**
 - Ungroomed jets; sensitive to medium response
- Hint of shift towards low mass in **Pb-Pb** compared to **pp**

Ungroomed Charged Jet Mass

Jet mass



Hybrid
w/o wake
Hybrid
w/ wake



ALICE ALI-PREL-540565

- **Ungroomed vs Groomed**
 - Ungroomed jets; sensitive to medium response
- Hint of shift towards low mass in **Pb-Pb** compared to **pp**
- Data slightly favors **Hybrid w/ wake** than **Hybrid w/o wake**