

Recent experimental results on collectivity in small-systems

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(Columbia University)

On behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

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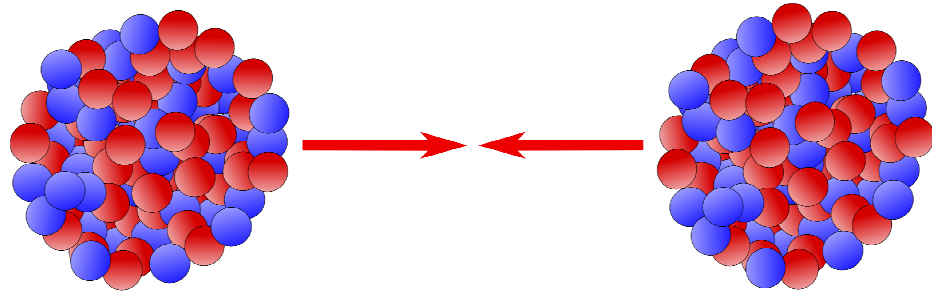
This work is supported by the United States Department of Energy Grant
DOE-FG02-86ER-40281

5th June 2024

Boston

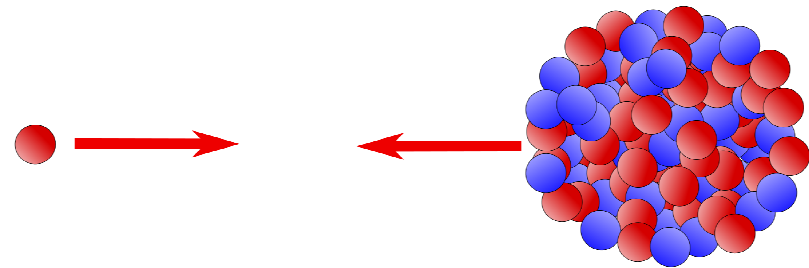
LHCP2024

QGP in small systems?



ion-ion

QGP

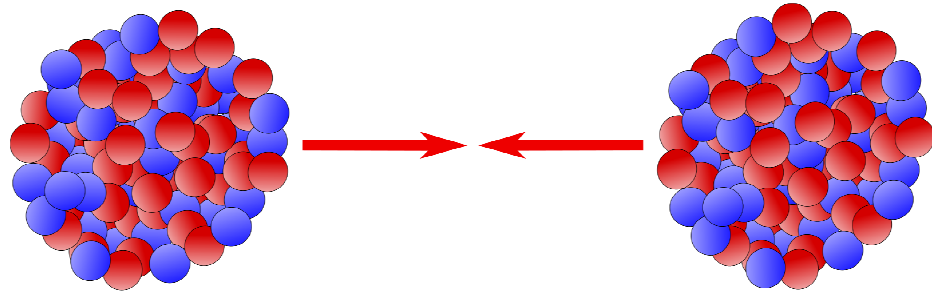


proton-ion

QGP

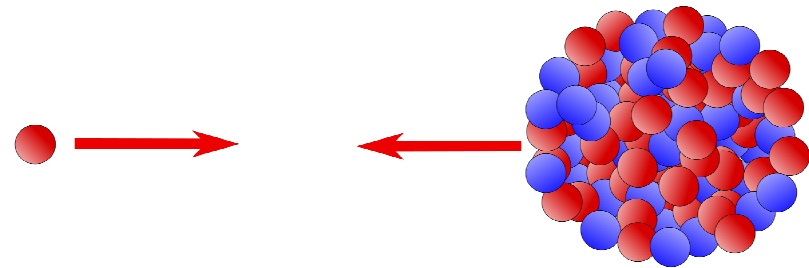


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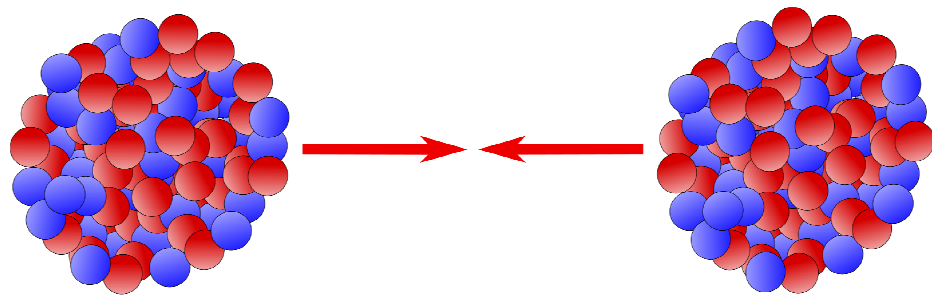


proton-ion

QGP

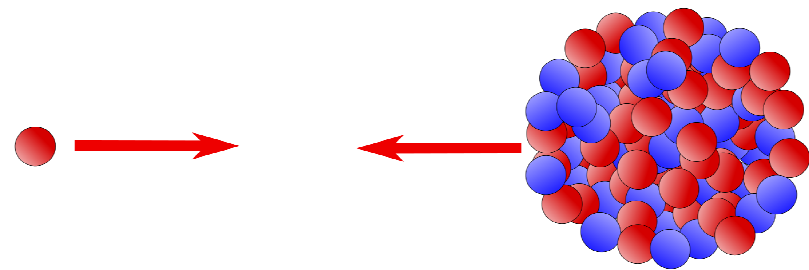


QGP in small systems?



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proton-ion

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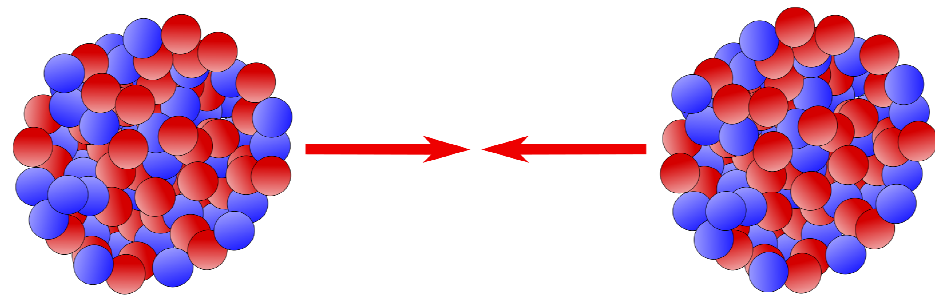


proton-proton

QGP

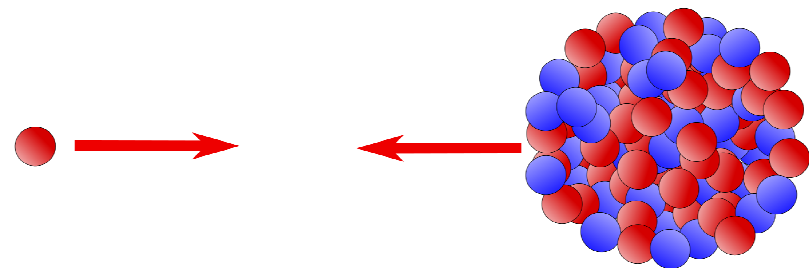


QGP in small systems?



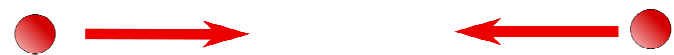
ion-ion

QGP



proton-ion

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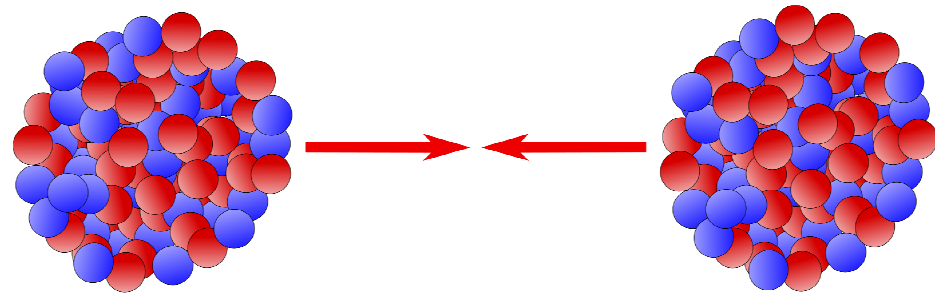
proton-proton

QGP



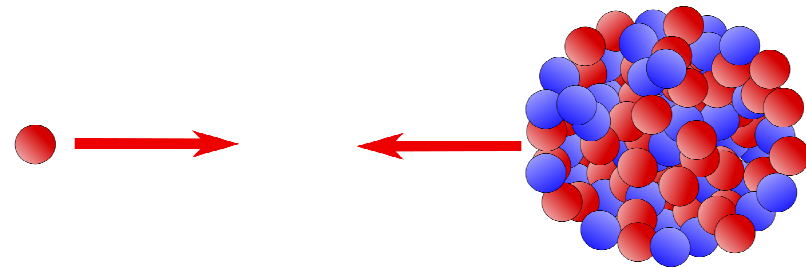
Many new measurements performed in last few years
some of which will be discussed today.

QGP in small systems?



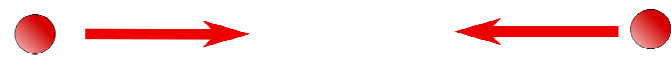
ion-ion

QGP



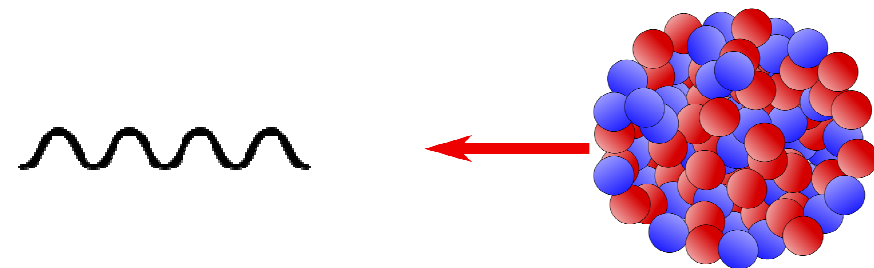
proton-ion

QGP



proton-proton

QGP



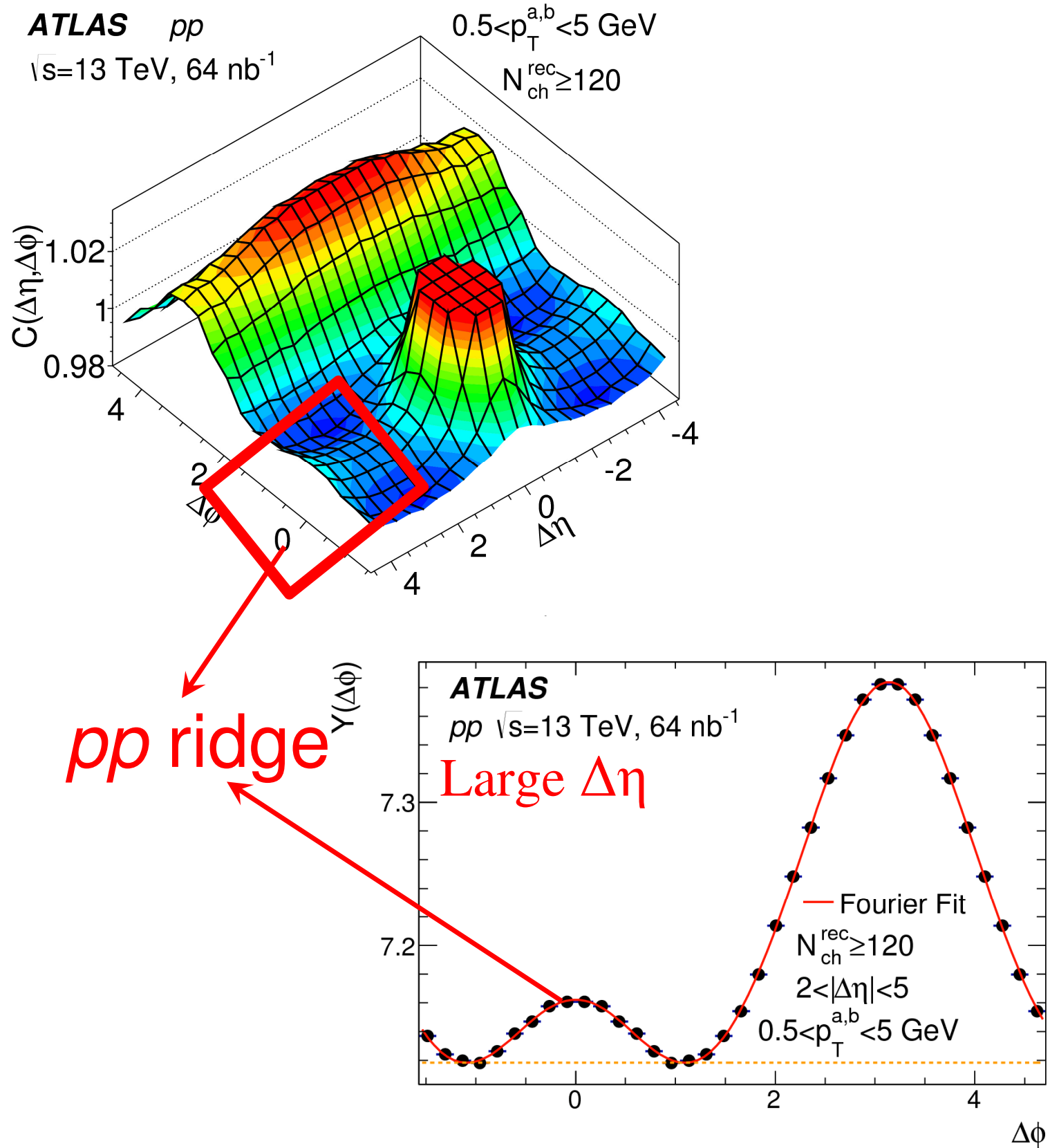
photon-ion

What about even smaller systems?



photon-proton

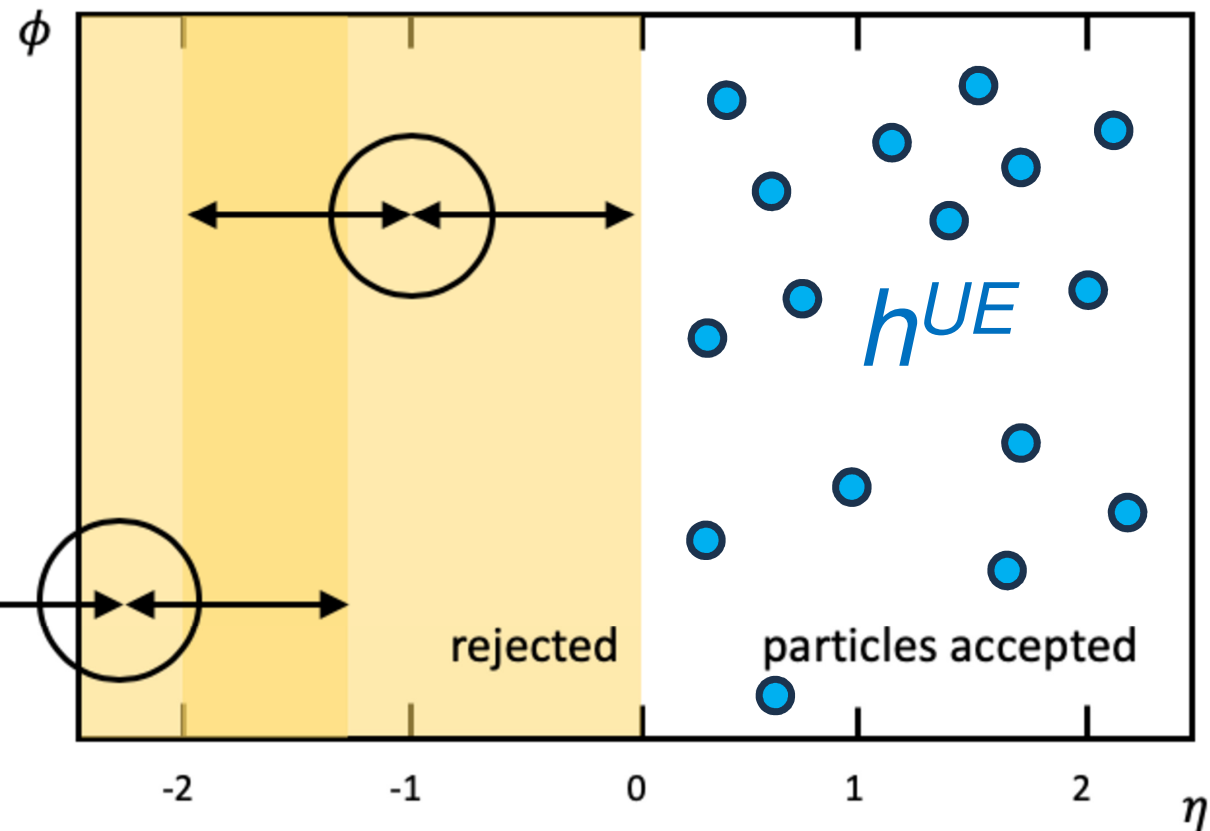
The ridge in pp collisions



- First indication of “collective behavior” in pp collisions was the observation of the ridge in two-particle correlation measurements.
- Try to further our understanding of the origin of the pp ridge.
 - Does it arise from collective (hydro) behavior?
 - Or is it driven by semi-hard processes? Perhaps related to gluon saturation.
- If latter, then actively selecting/rejecting events with semi-hard processes (low- p_T jets) should enhance/weaken the ridge.

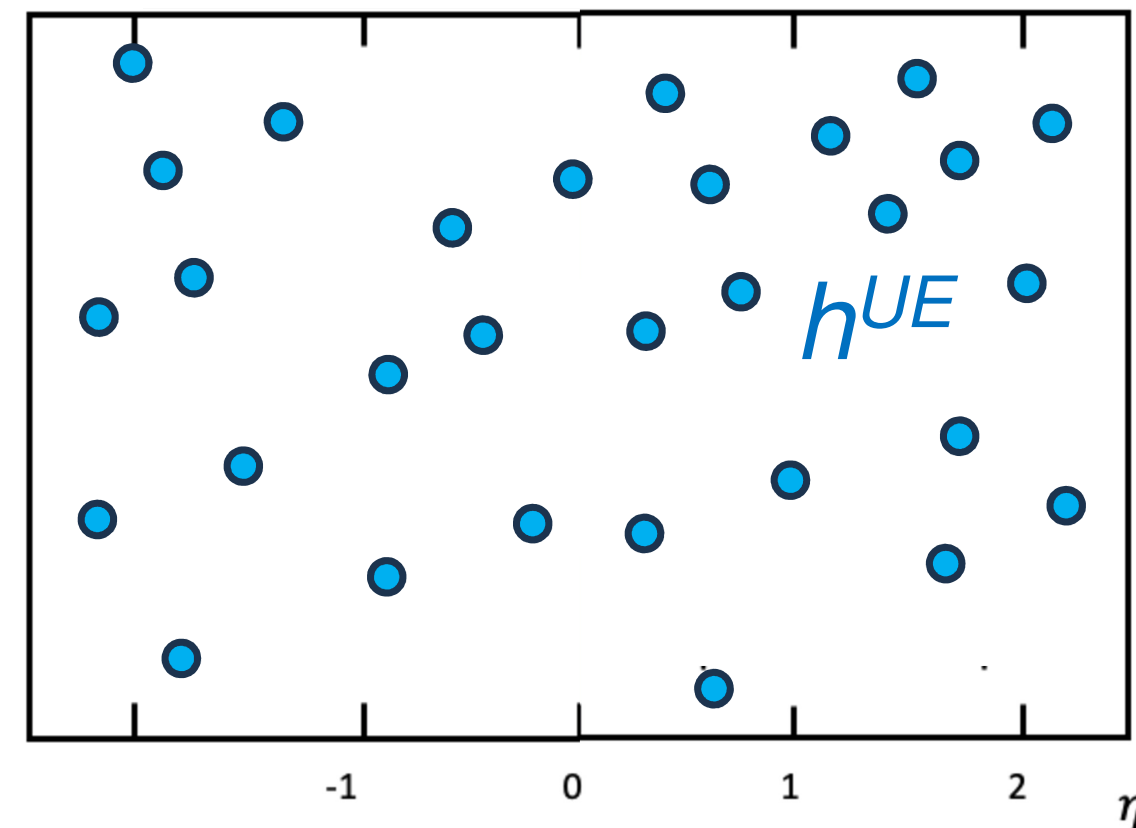
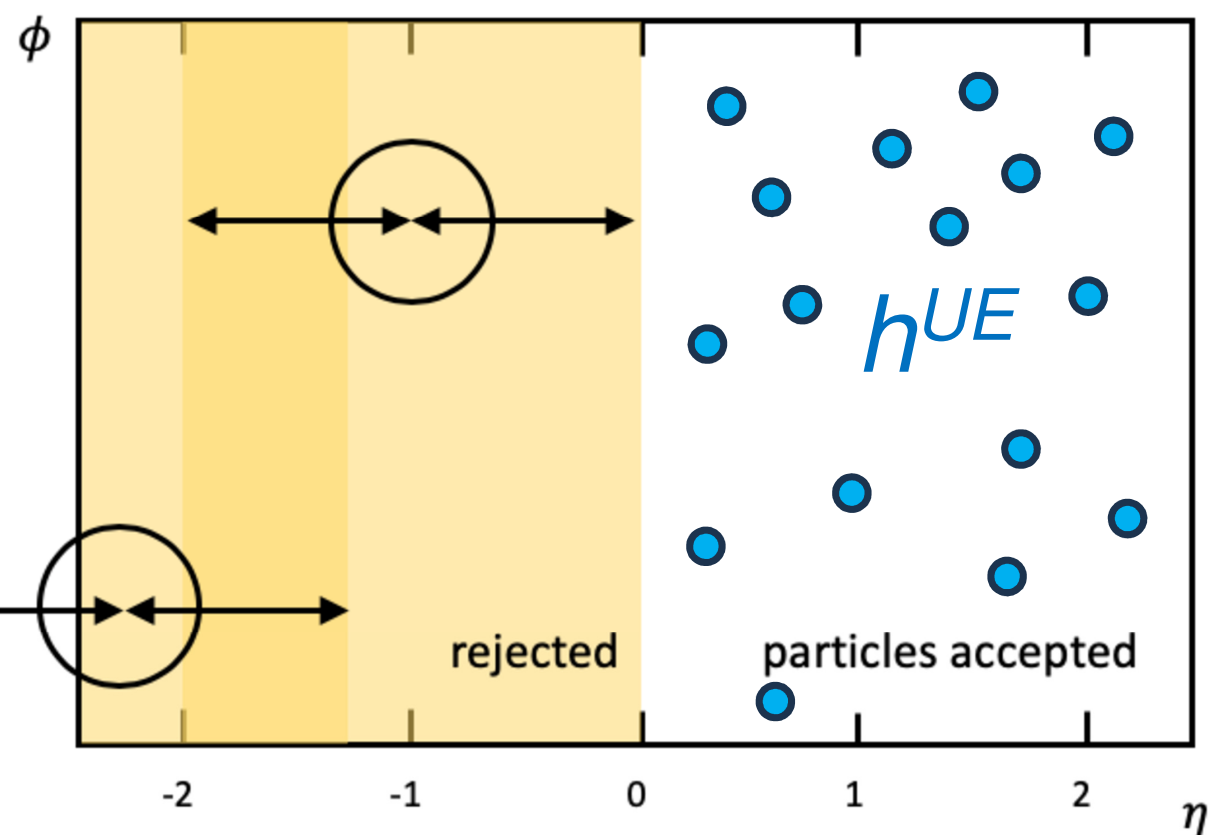
Define multiple correlation classes

- h : inclusive hadrons (tracks) in the event
- h^{UE} : tracks from the underlying event (UE):
 - require that the track is at least one unit in $|\eta|$ from all jets with $p_T > 15$ GeV



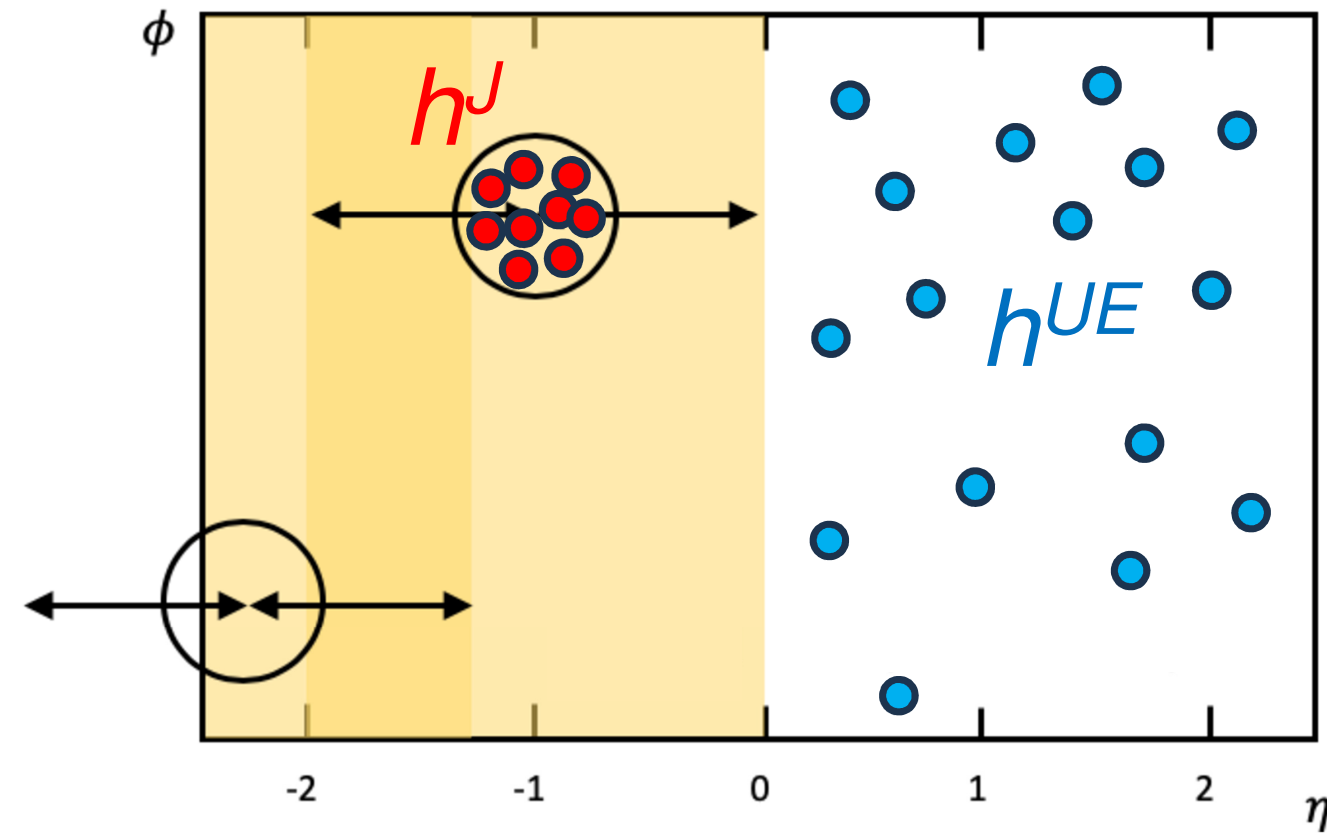
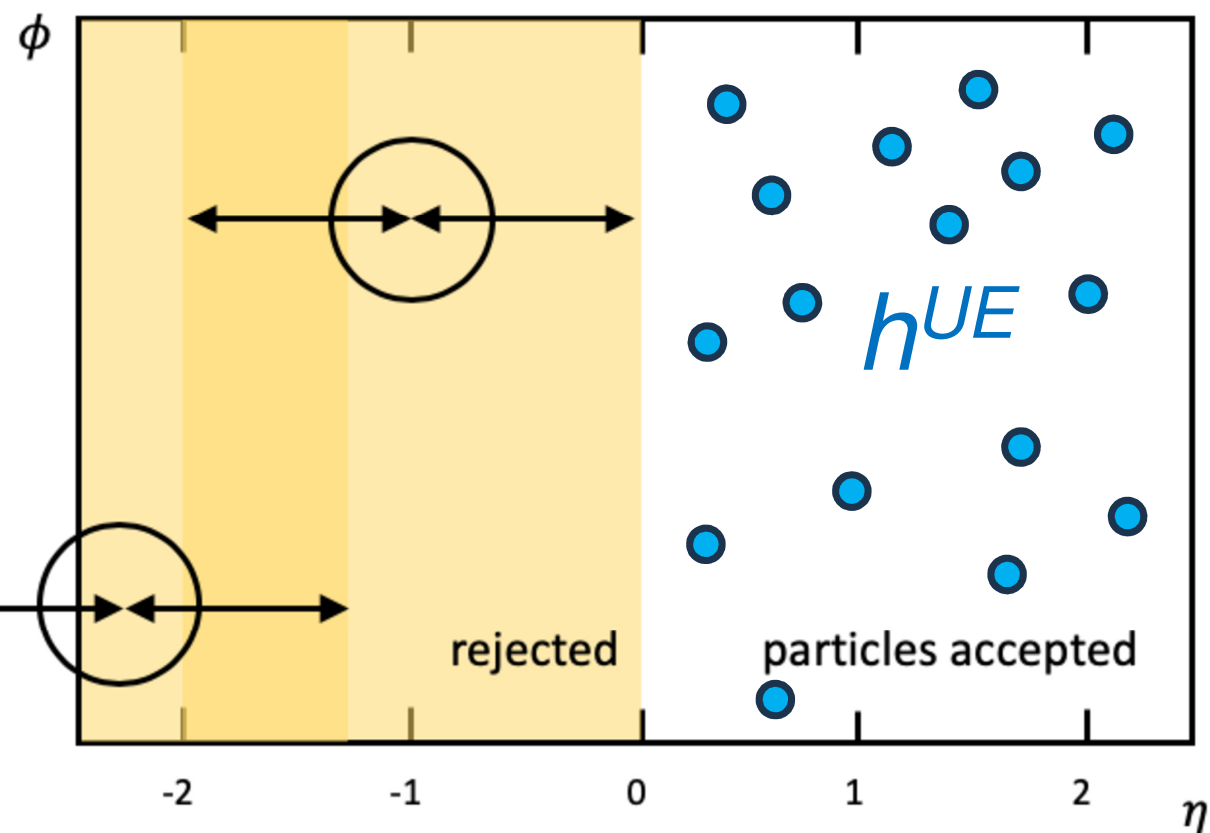
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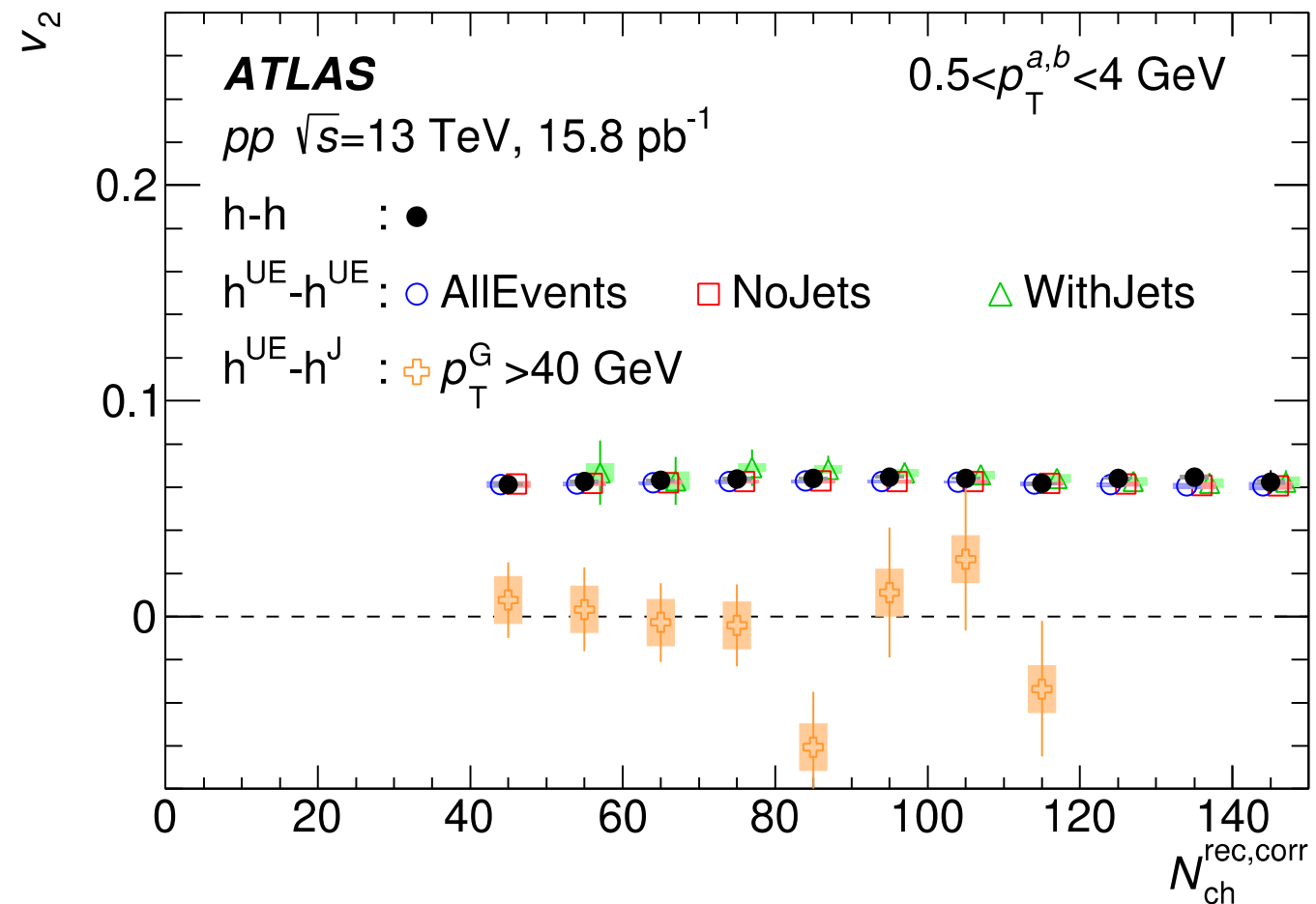


Define multiple correlation classes

- h : inclusive hadrons (tracks) in the event
- h^{UE} : tracks from the underlying event (UE):
 - require that the track is at least one unit in $|\eta|$ from all jets with $p_T > 15$ GeV
- h^J : track associated with a jet
 - require that the track is within a 0.4 cone of a $p_T > 40$ GeV Jet

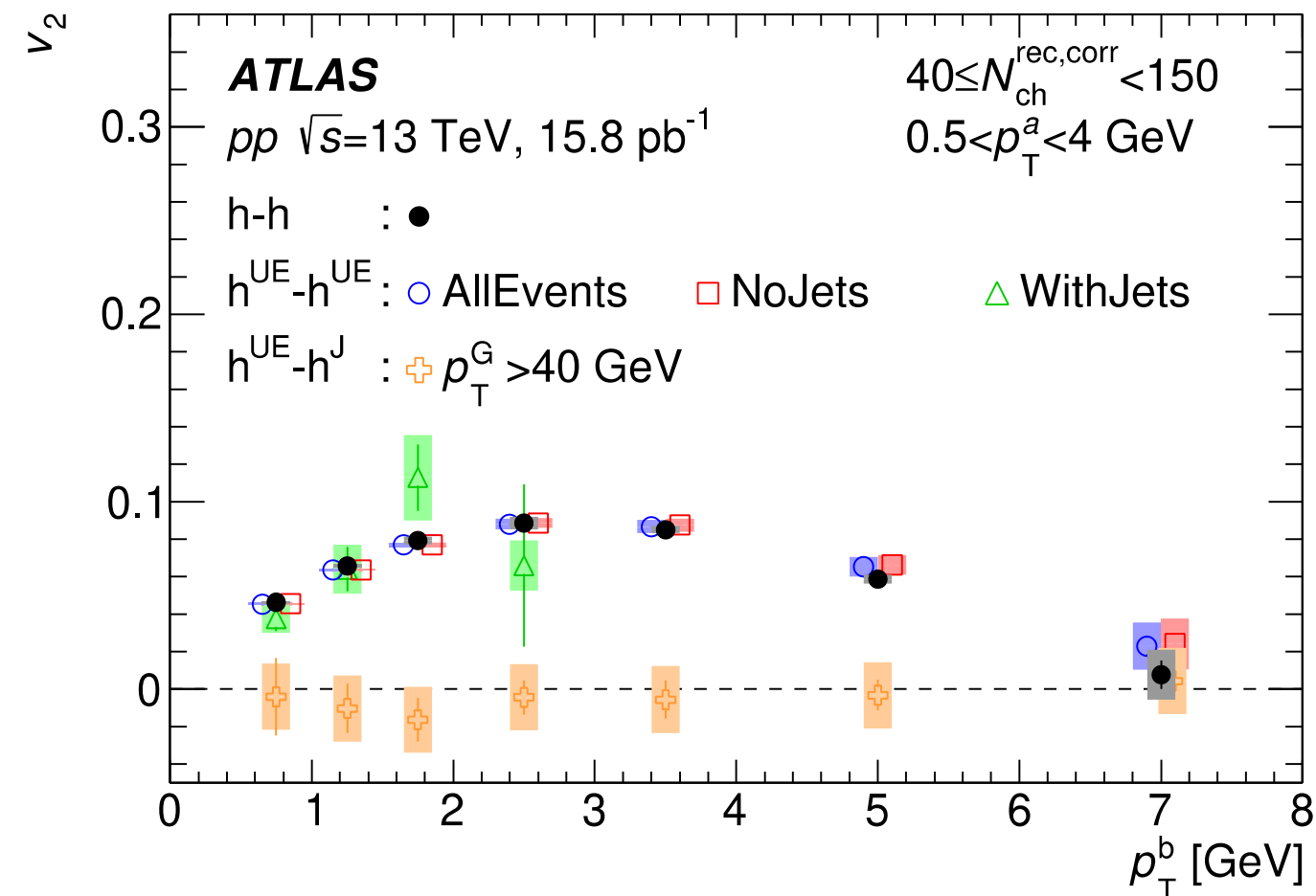
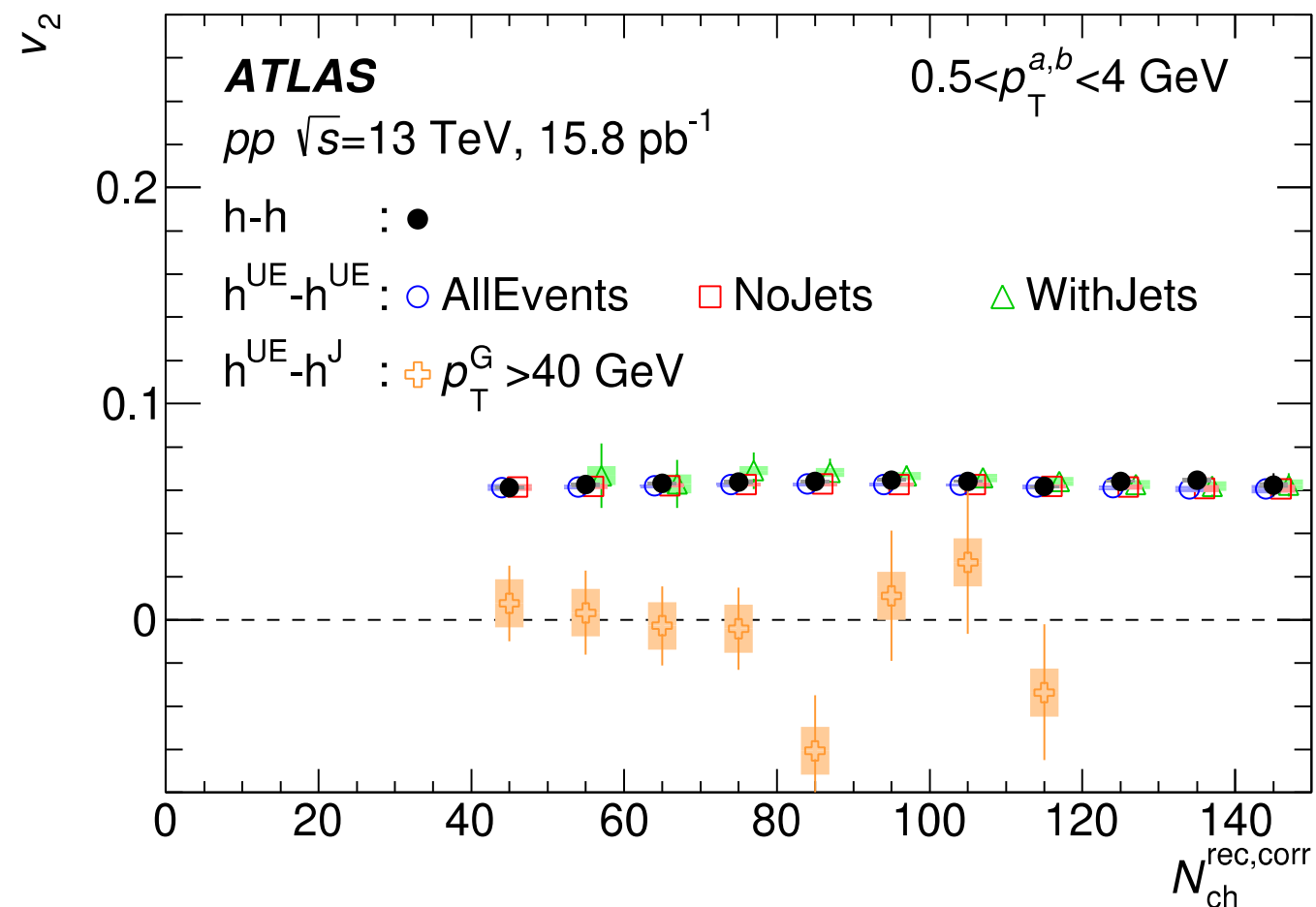


v_2 : comparison between cases



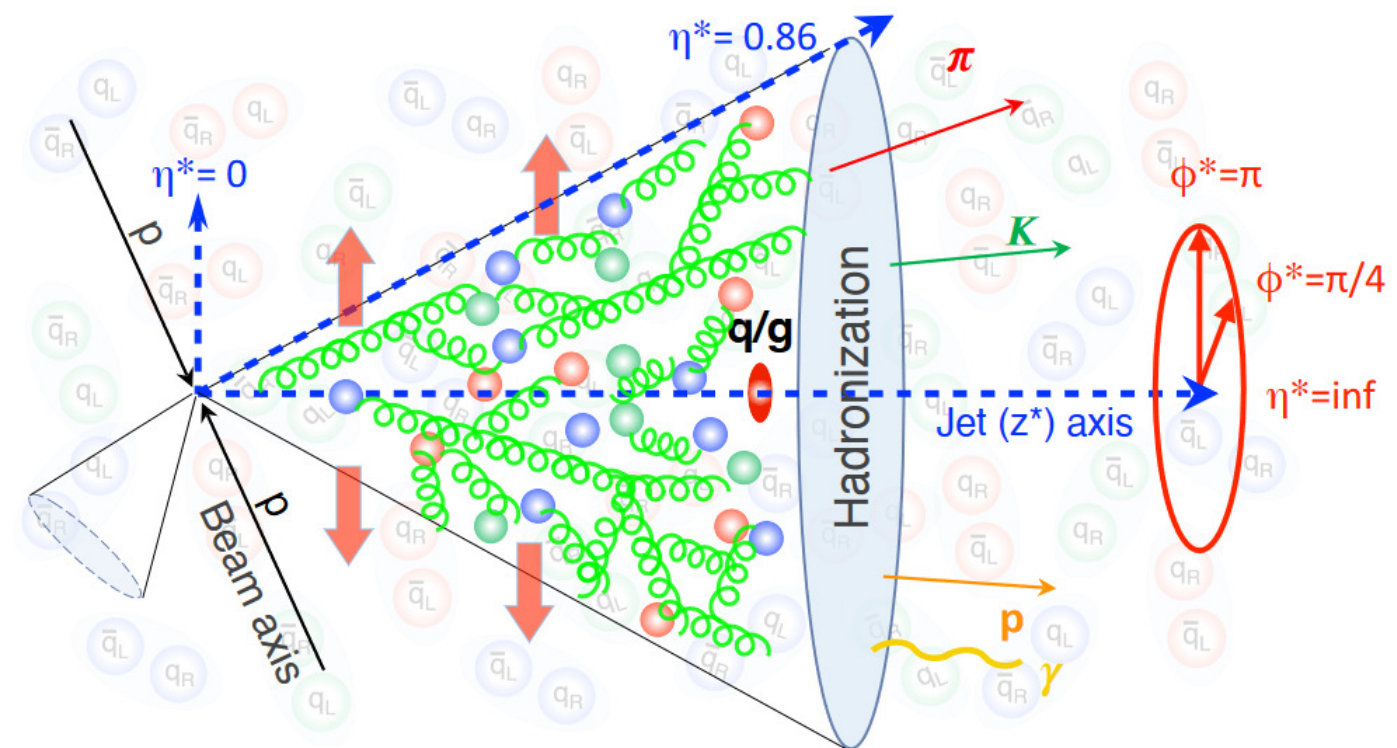
- The v_2 values are observed to vary weakly with multiplicity,
 - v_2 values for the $h^{UE}-h^{UE}$ correlations: *NoJets*, *WithJets* and *All Events* are identical
 - Removing particles associated with jet has negligible impact on v_2
 - Presence/absence of Jets in events does not impact the v_2
- $h^{UE}-h^J$ v_2 consistent with zero within uncertainties
 - Ridge is not related to jets!

v_2 : comparison between cases



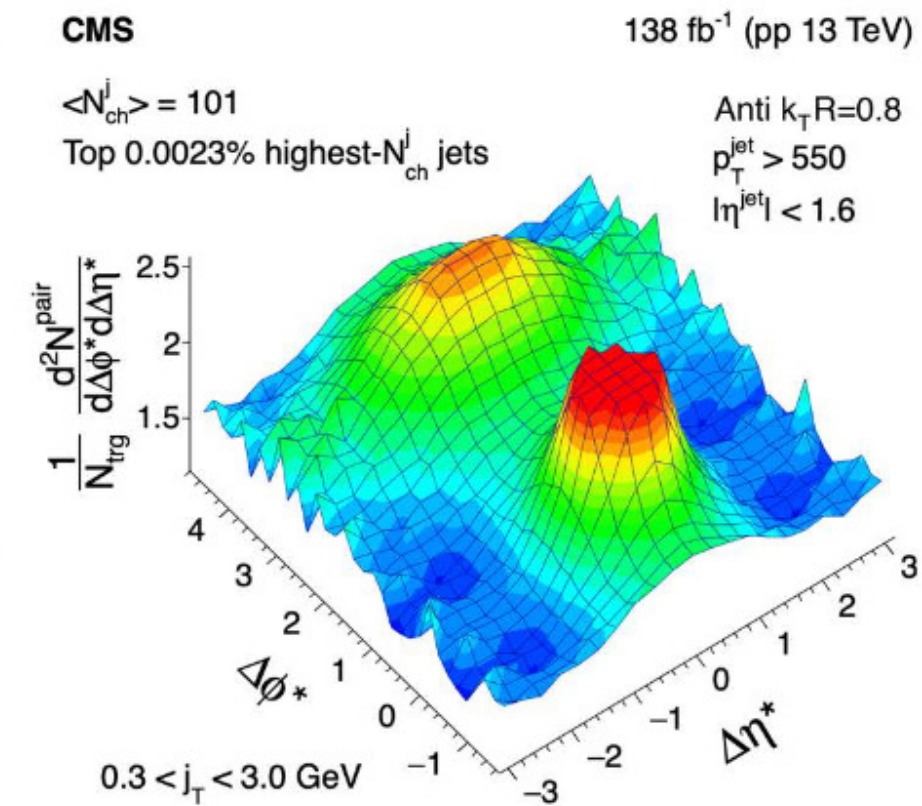
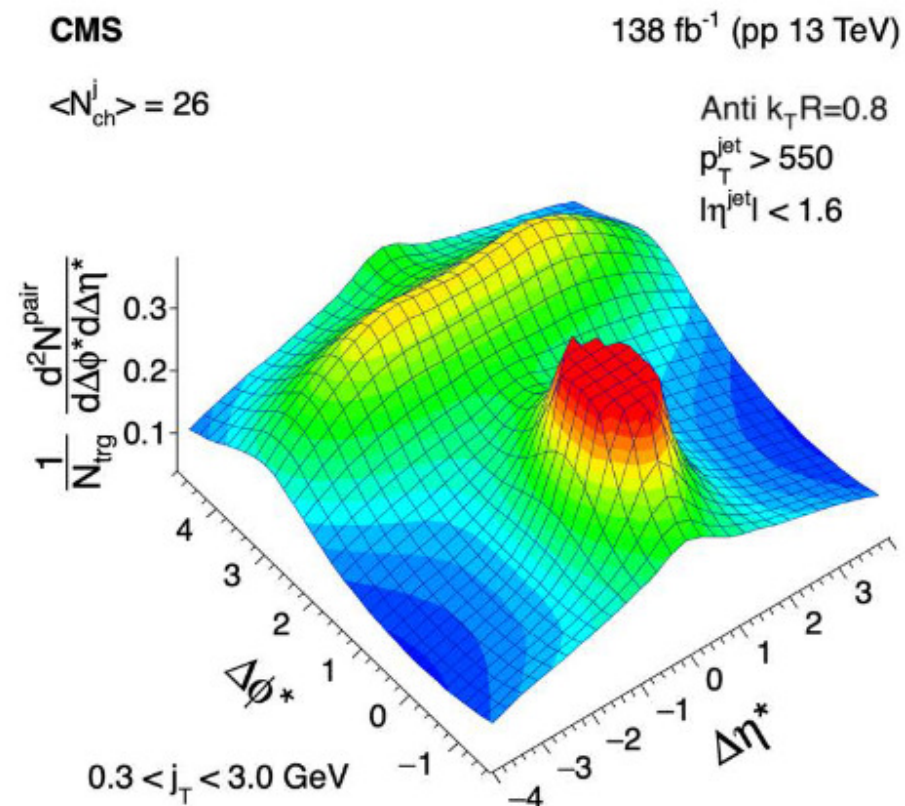
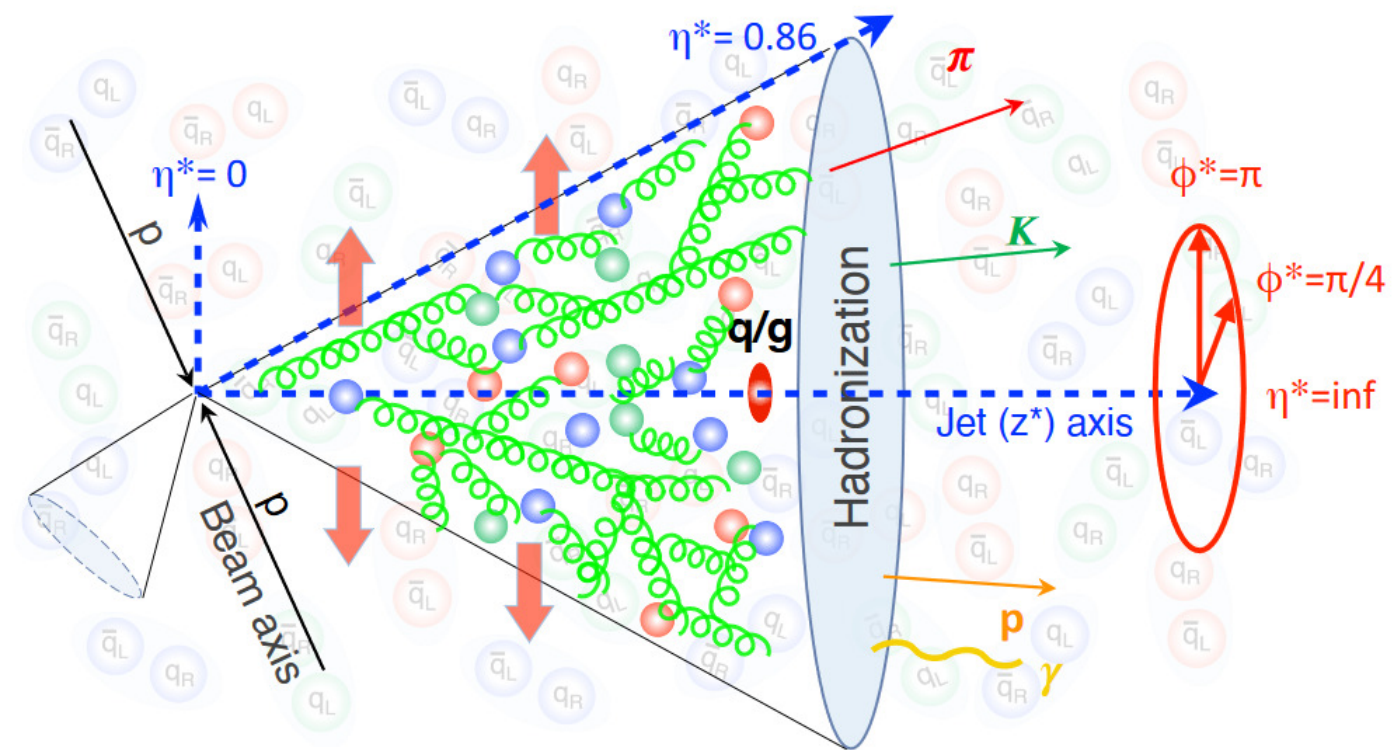
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- $h^{UE}-h^J$ v_2 consistent with zero within uncertainties
 - Ridge is not related to jets!
 - Behavior is true as function of p_T as well.

Intra-jet Collectivity



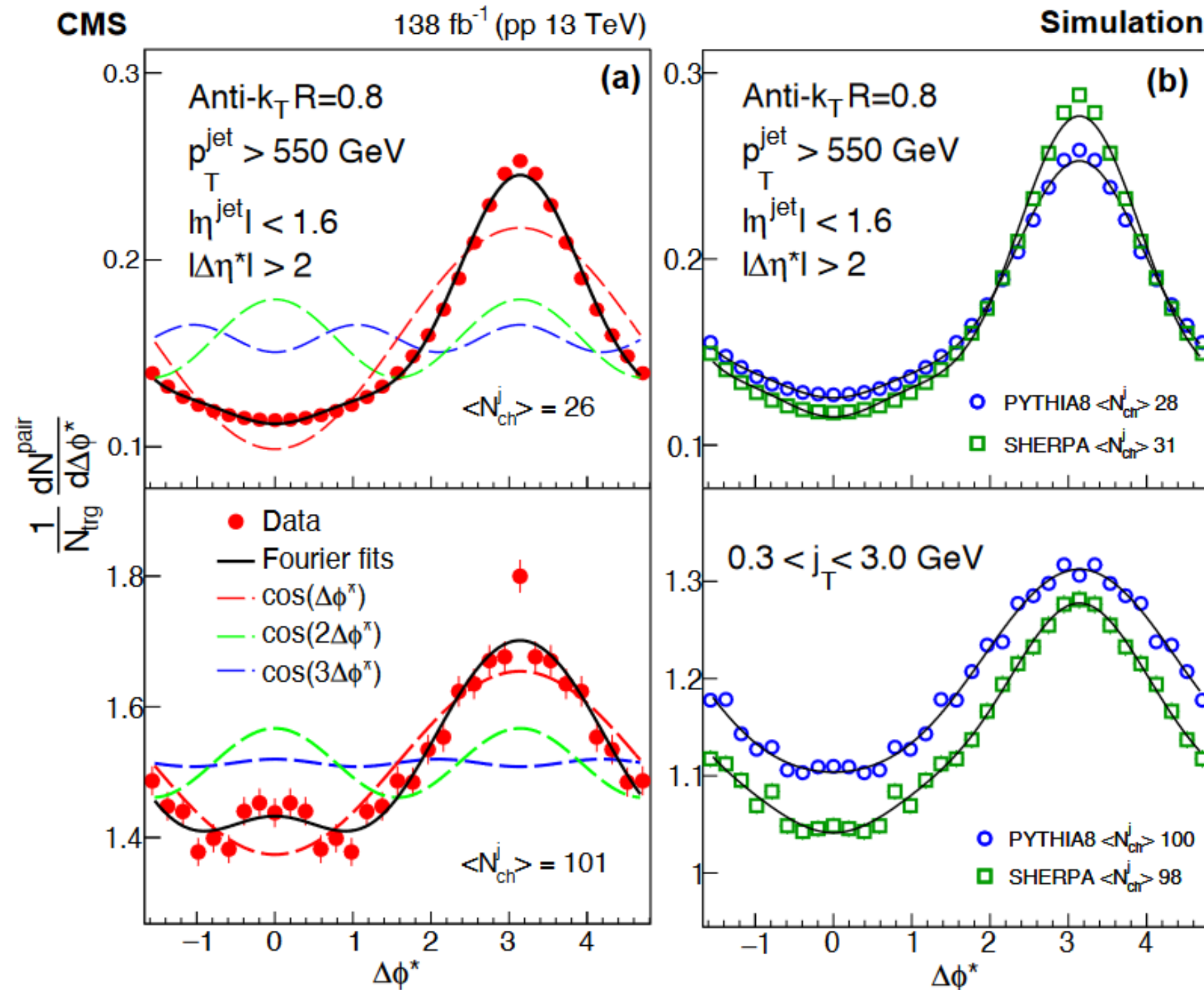
- CMS measurements to explore if there is “collective” behavior within constituents of high-multiplicity-jet.
 - Align coordinate system with jet-axis (ϕ^*)
 - Measure two-particle correlations in $(\Delta\eta^*, \Delta\phi^*)$ between constituents

Intra-jet Collectivity



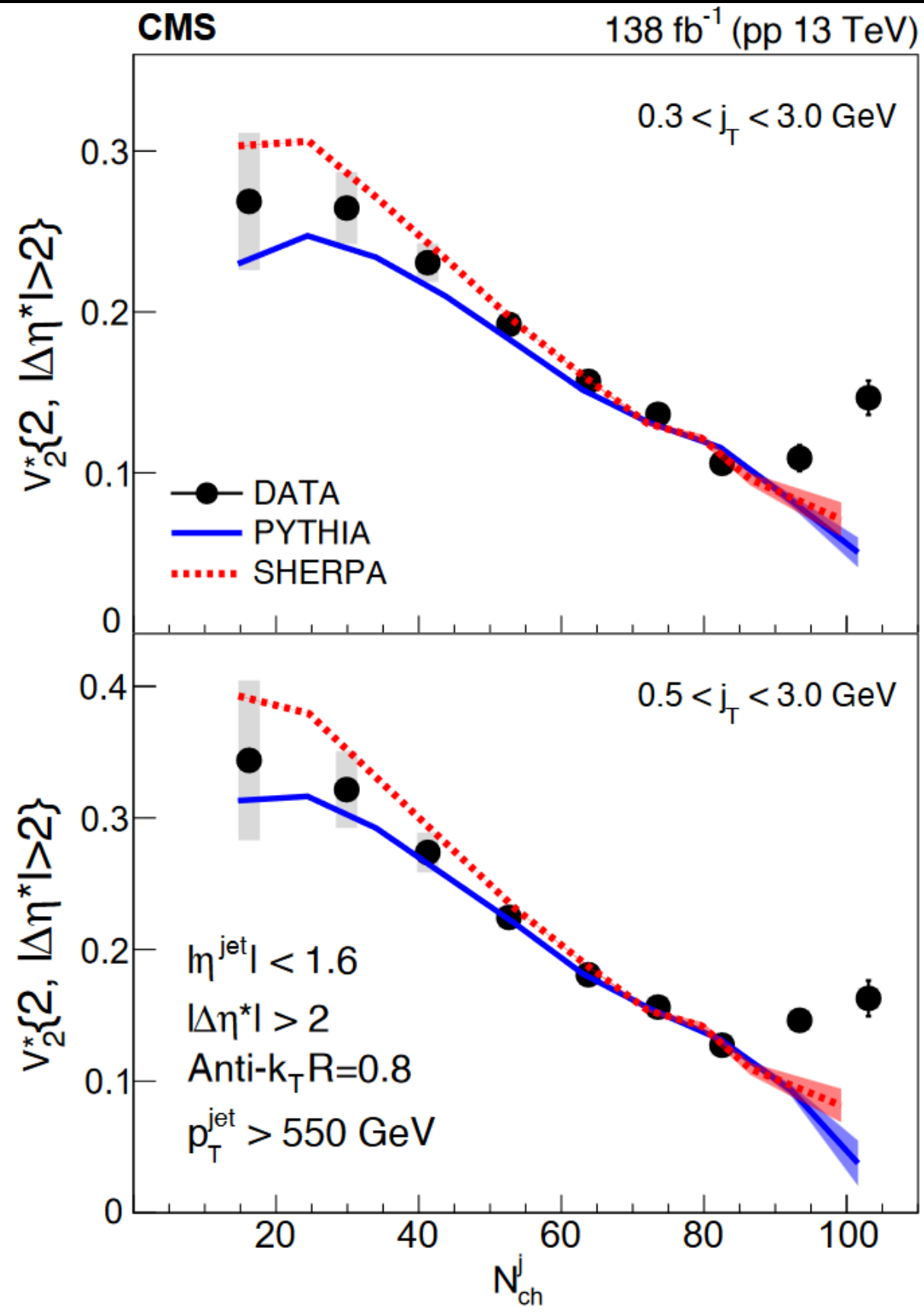
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 - Align coordinate system with jet-axis ($\eta^*, \Delta\phi^* \rightarrow$)
 - Measure two-particle correlations in $(\Delta\eta^*, \Delta\phi^*)$ between constituents
- Shown here are 2PCs for low-multiplicity and high-multiplicity jets

Intra-jet Collectivity



- 1D correlation functions with Fourier components (Data and MC)
- See small near-side peak for high multiplicity jets the data
- Such a peak is absent in the MC (Pythia/Sherpa)

Intra-jet Collectivity

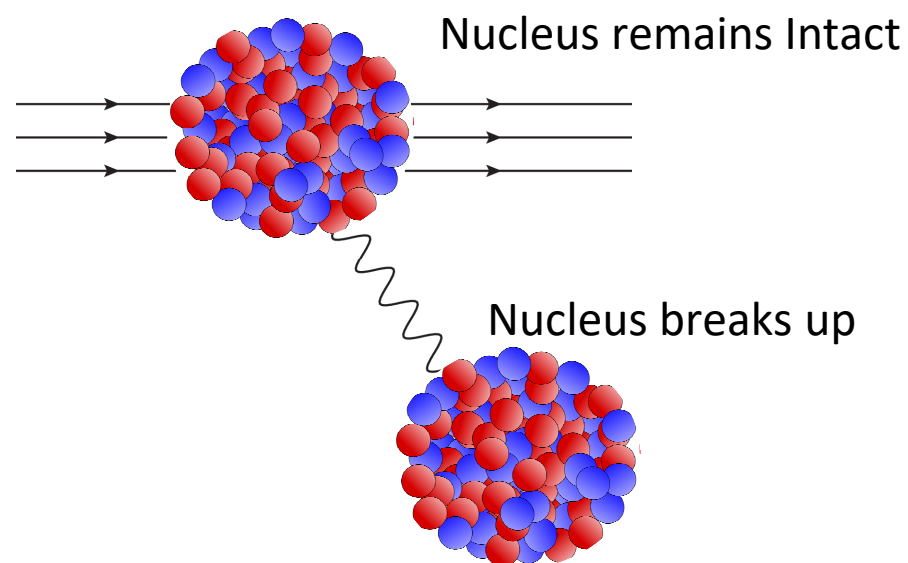


- The v_2 values vs jet multiplicity in Data and MC
- MC & Data v_2 decreases with multiplicity
 - Consistent for jet multiplicity < 80
- For multiplicity > 80 : v_2 in data increase,
 - Inconsistent with MC
- Indicating of some collective behavior?
 - Need more guidance from theory

Photon-ion and photon-proton collisions

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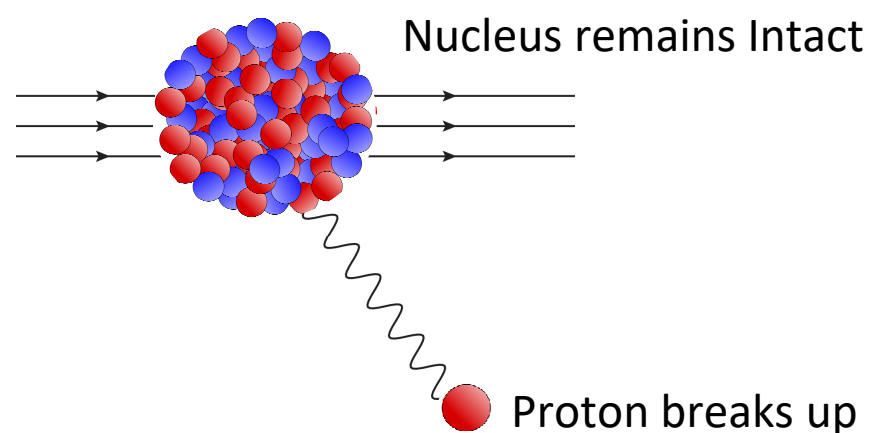
Ultra Peripheral Pb+Pb



EM fields of Lorentz contracted nuclei can be treated as flux of quasi-real photons.

In UPC Pb+Pb collisions, Photons coherently emitted from one Pb nuclei can interact with another: γ +Pb collisions

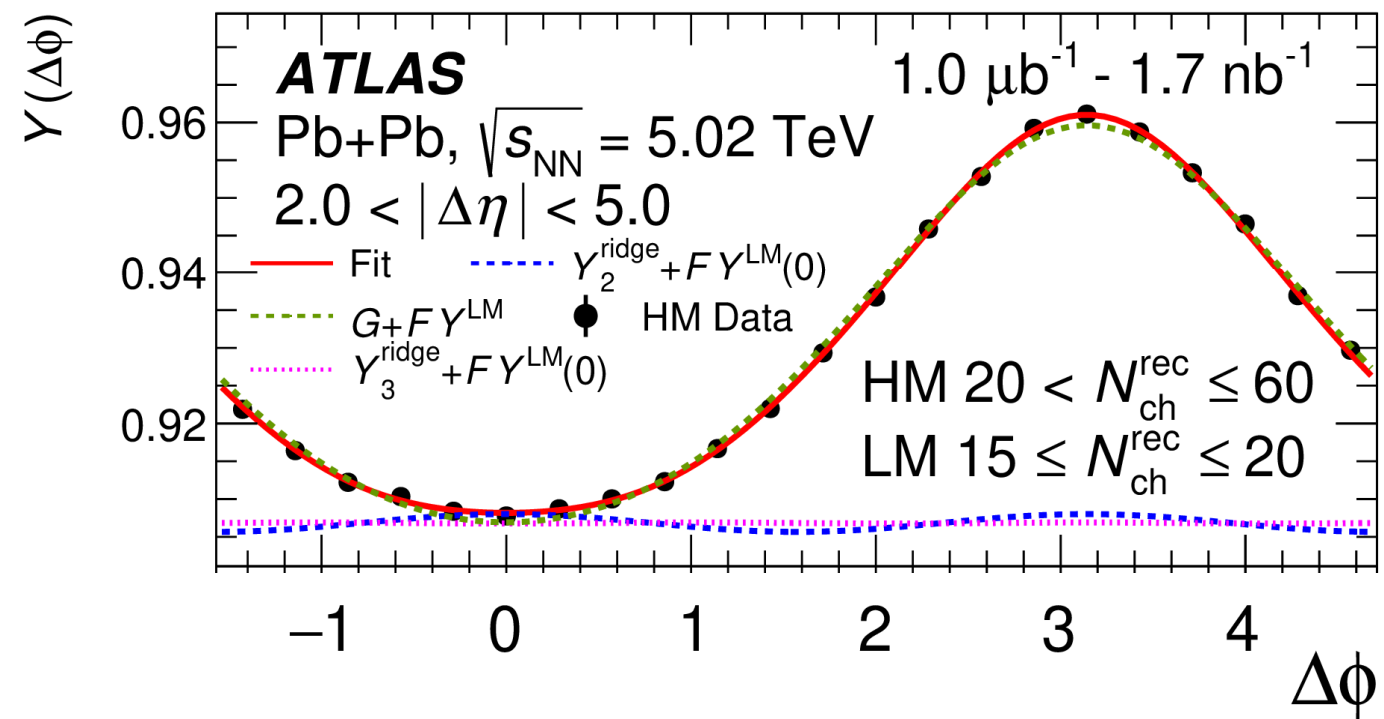
Ultra Peripheral Pb+p



Similar process in UPC Pb+p : γ +p collisions

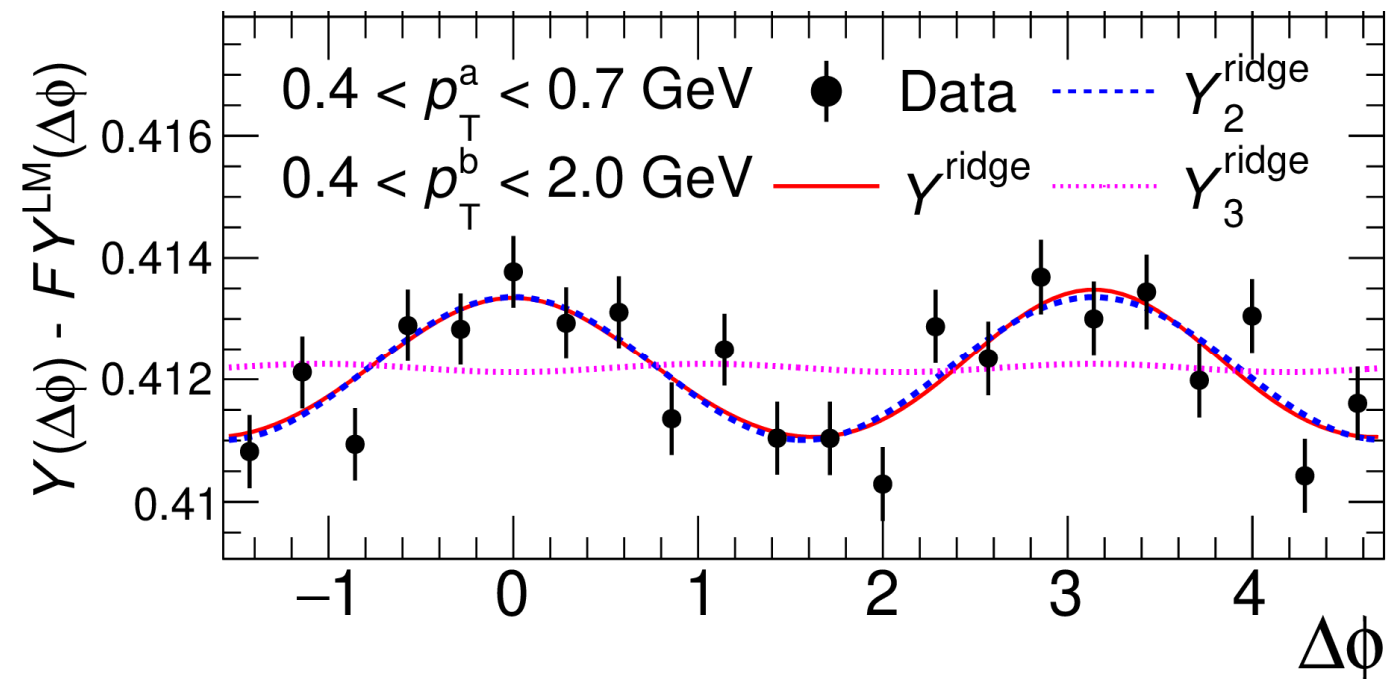
Also see talk by Joakim Nystrand yesterday

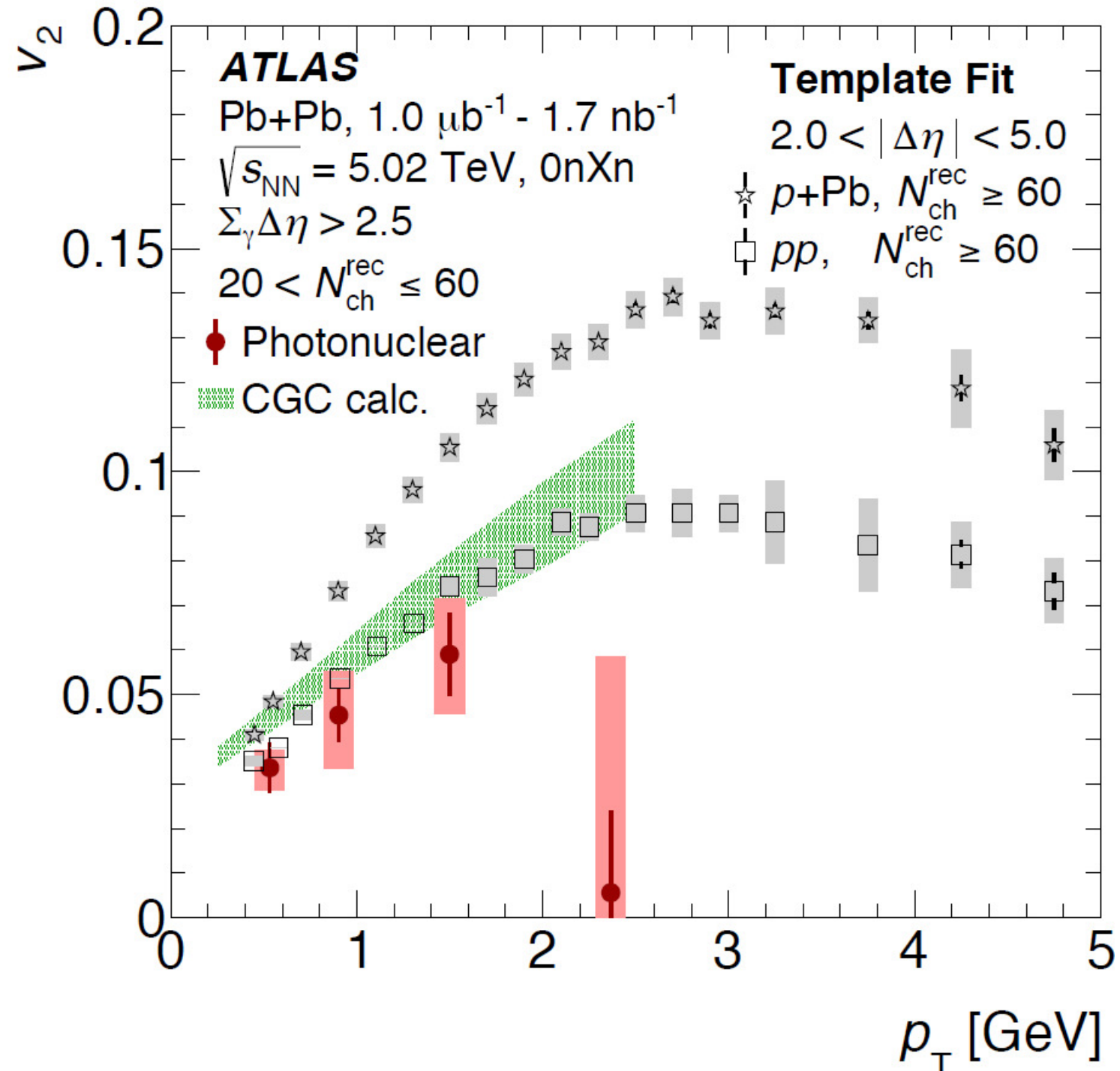
Raw correlation



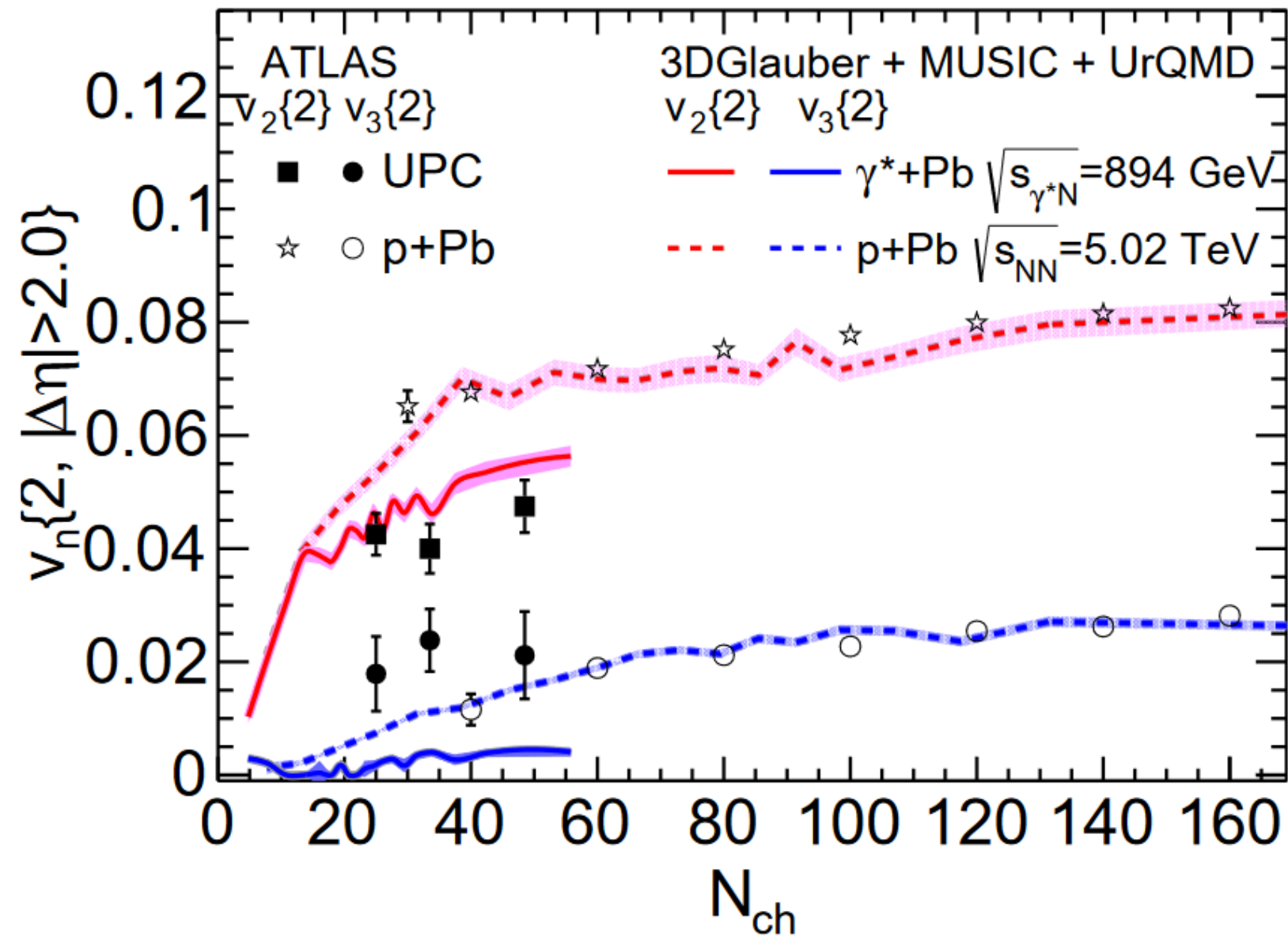
- The v_2 in γ +Pb are extracted using a non-flow subtraction procedure.
- Correlation in low multiplicity (LM) events subtracted from correlation measured in higher multiplicity (HM) events.
- Subsequently Fourier harmonics v_n , extracted from the “Non-flow” corrected correlation.

After non-flow subtraction

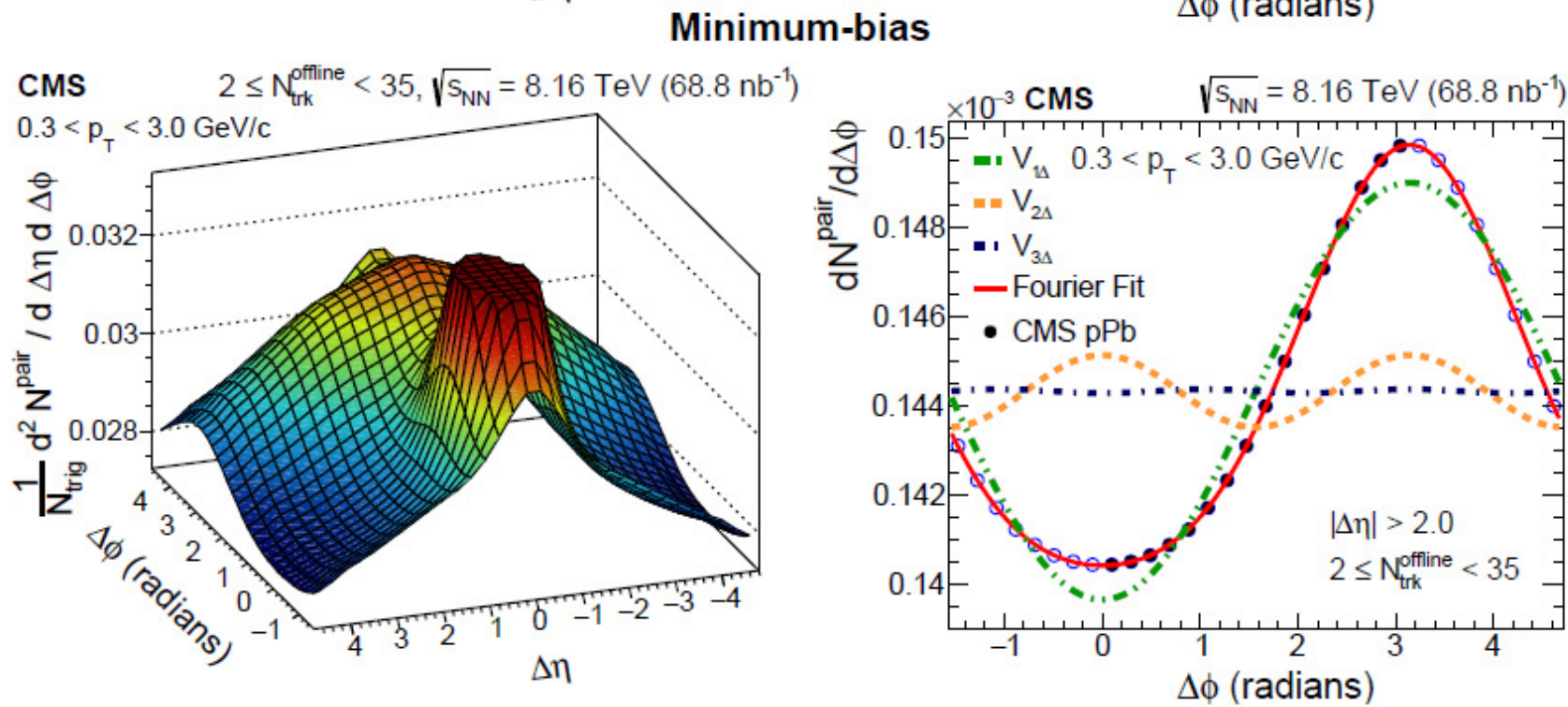
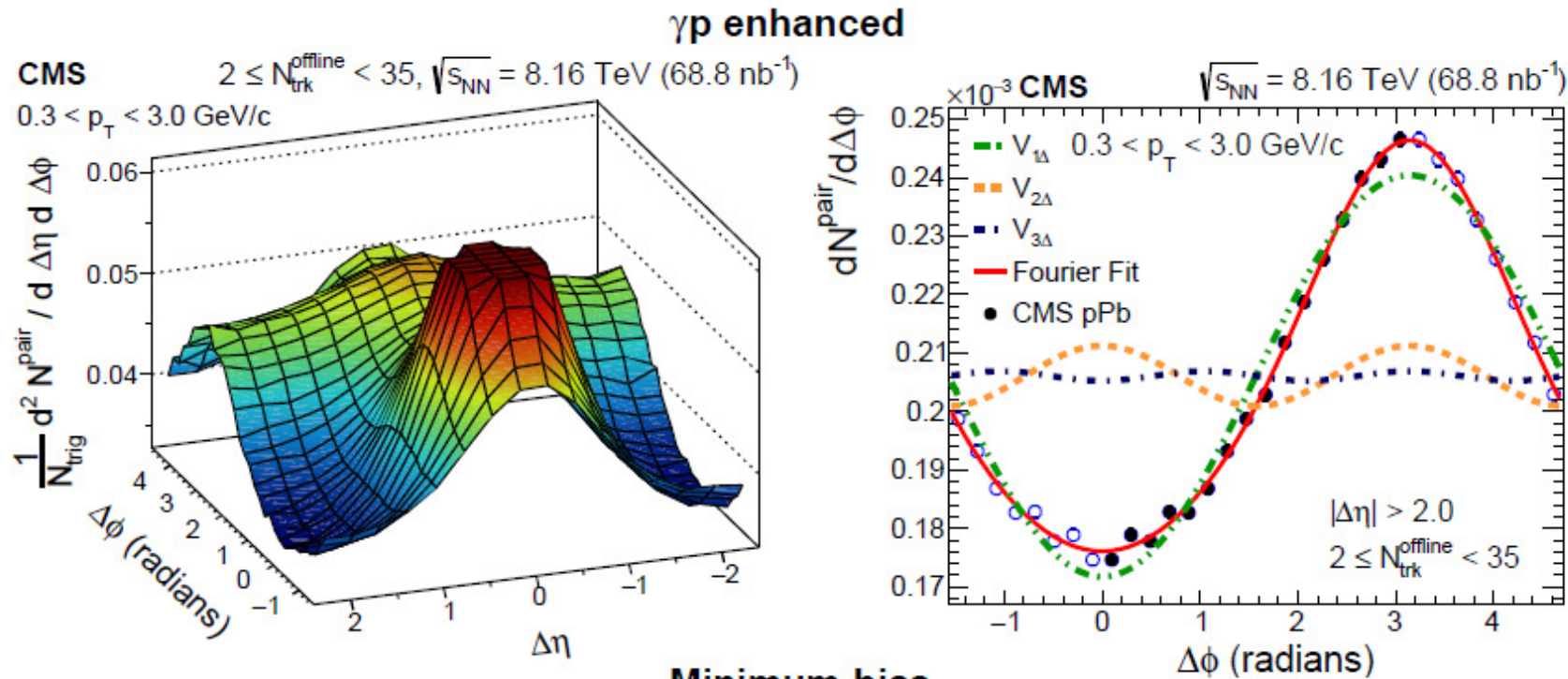




- p_{T} -differential v_2 comparable with pp over the 0.4-2 GeV p_{T} range.
- Can be reproduced by tuning CGC calculations (initial-state effects only).
 - *Shu et al., PRD 103, 054017*
 - Considerable leeway available in tuning.

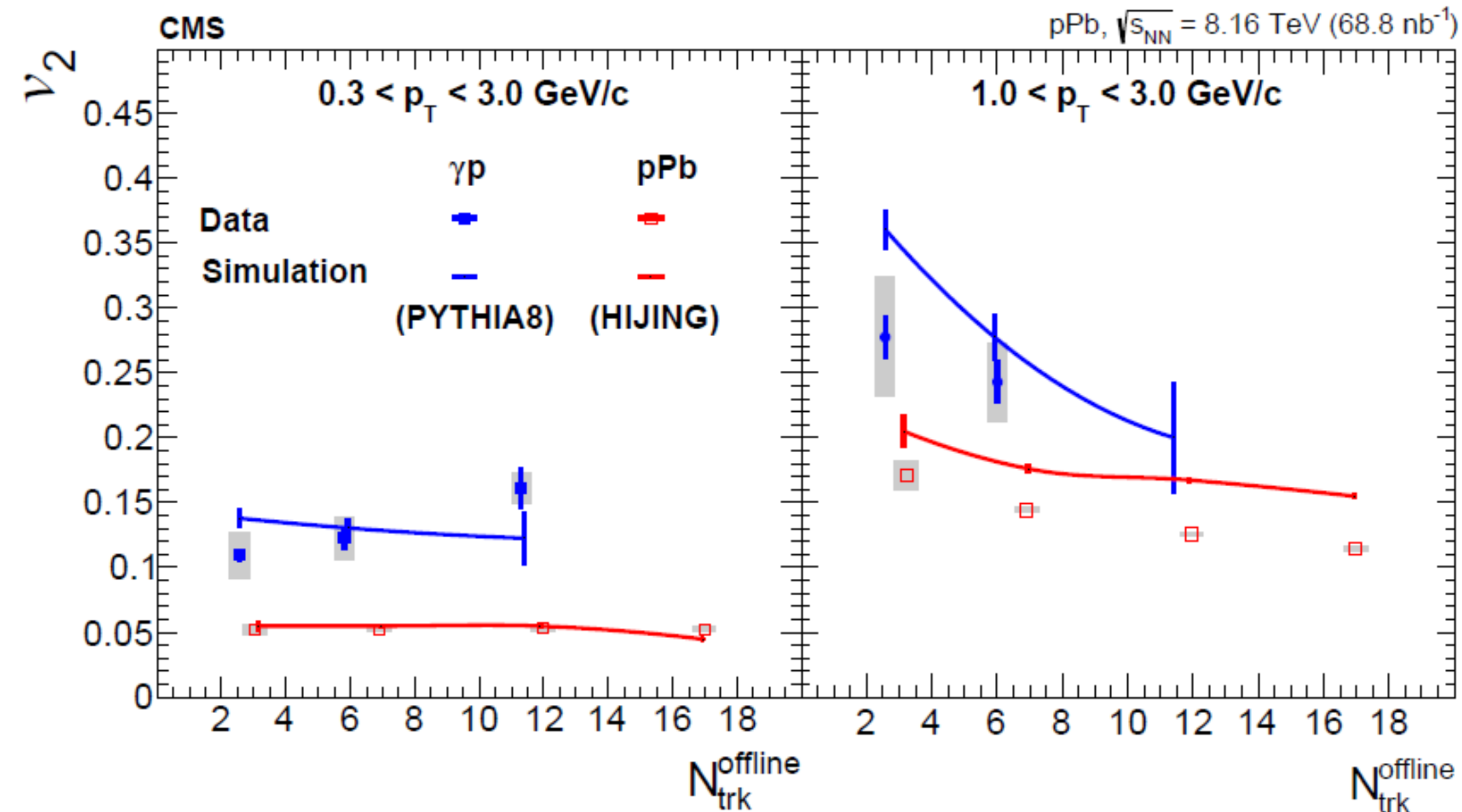


- Comparison of v_2, v_3 of multiplicity dependence to 3+1D hydro calculations
 - Zhao, Shen, Schenke, PRL 129, 252302
 - Treating the γ as meson
- Good agreement for v_2 .



- Select enriched sample of $\gamma+p$ events in UPC p+Pb collisions.
- Require no neutron on Pb-going size ZDC, as well as a large region with no detector activity on Pb going side.
- Plots show 2D and 1D 2PCs in $\gamma+p$ events and min-bias p+Pb events.
- Stronger away-side correlation observed in $\gamma+p$ events compared to min-bias p+Pb.

First look at $\gamma+p$ collisions

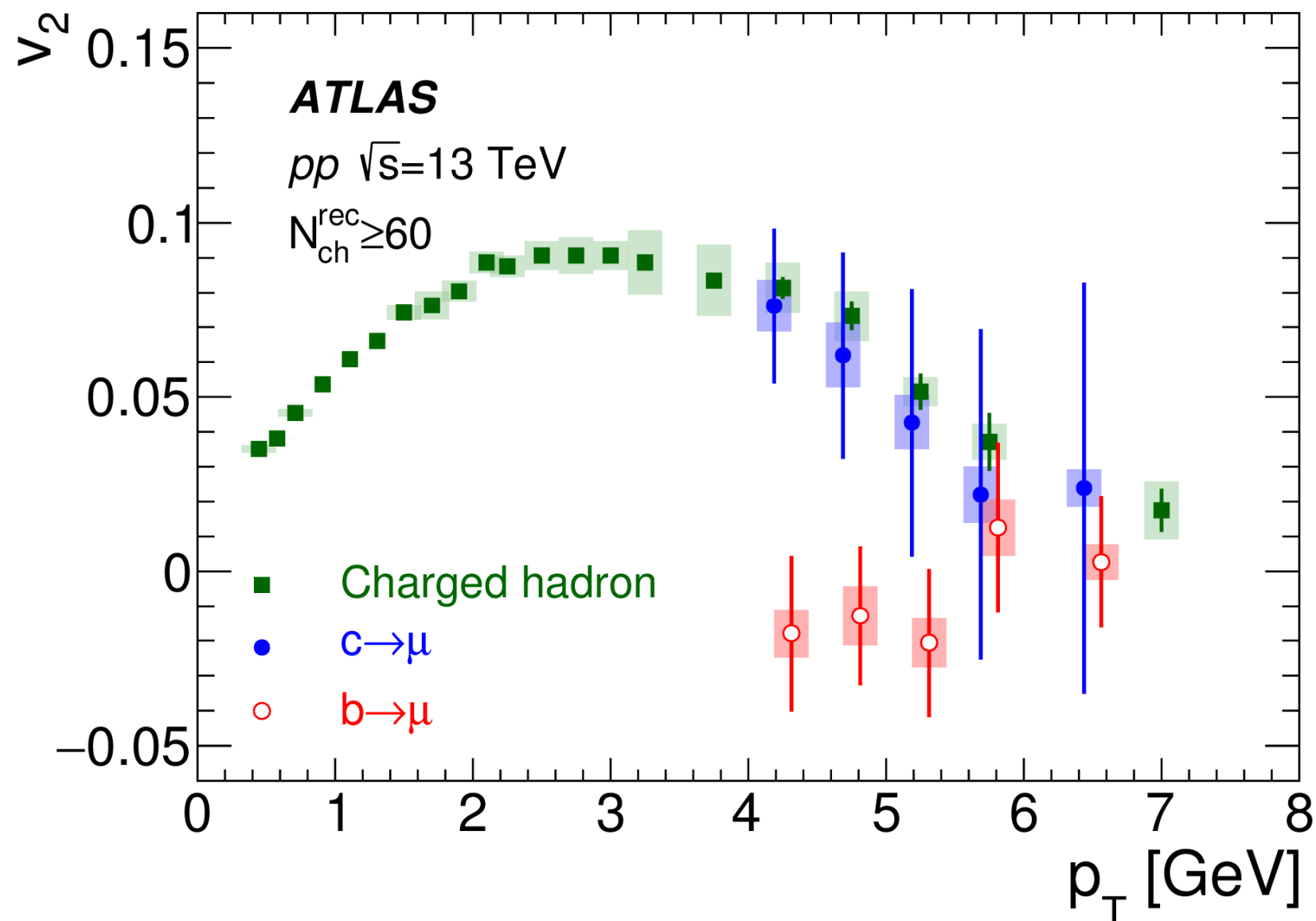


CMS: Phys. Lett. B 844 (2023) 137905

- Larger v_2 observed in $\gamma+p$ events compared to min-bias events
 - Need to be careful as no “non-flow” subtraction is performed
 - i.e. jet-like correlations dominate the measurement.
- Measurements can extend search for collectivity to $\gamma+p$ events

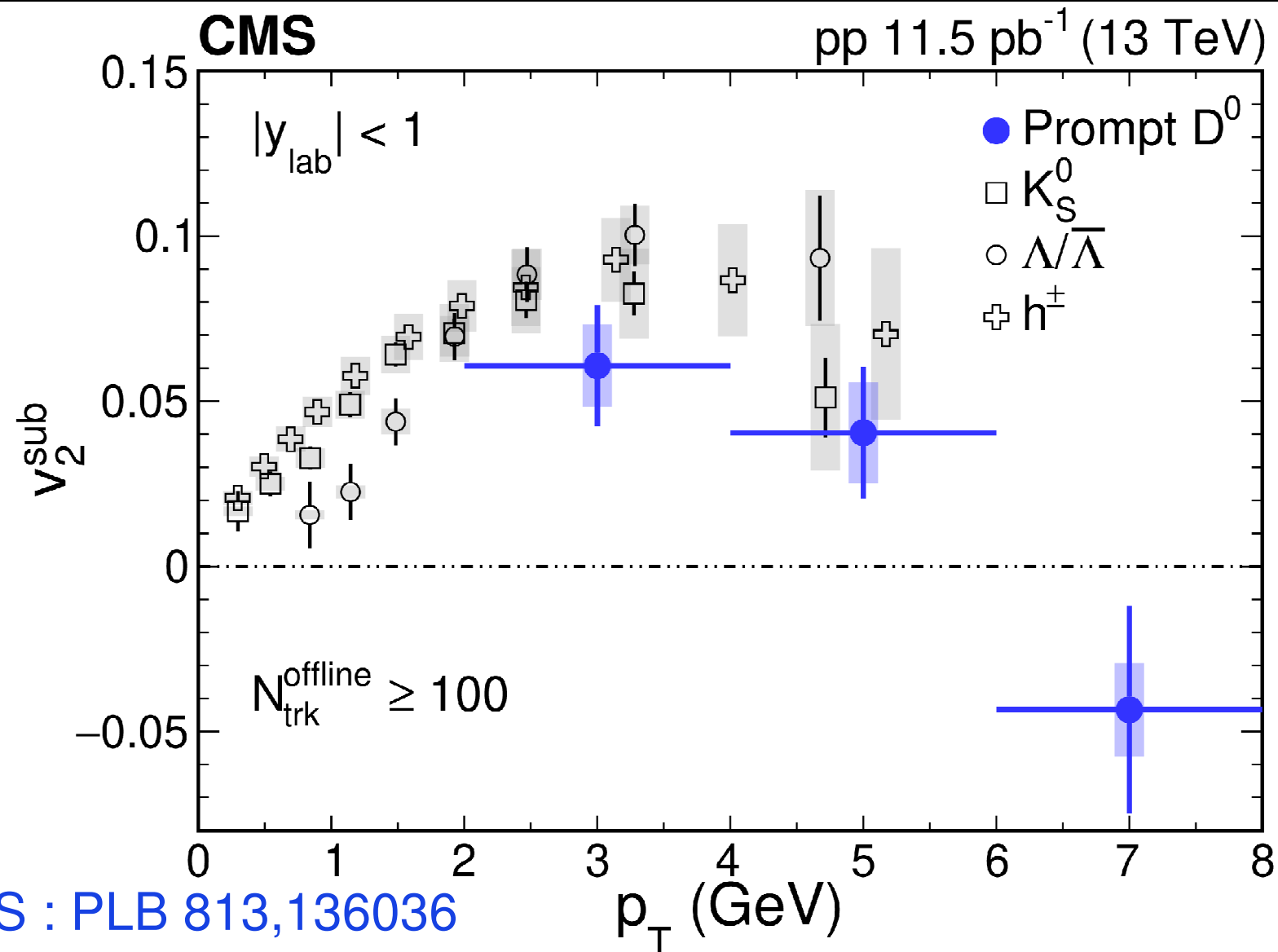
Summary

- Multiple recent measurements from ATLAS and CMS investigate collectivity in small collision systems.
- ATLAS : ridge in pp collisions with/without jets, “jet-constituent”-UE correlations
 - $\text{low-}p_T v_2$ not affected by presence/absence of jets. (See also ALICE: arXiv:2308.16591)
 - Jet-fragments do not exhibit correlations with UE particles.
 - Hard-scattering & UE-collectivity are uncorrelated!
- CMS : Measured correlations within jet-fragments
 - Correlation in low multiplicity jets consistent with MC generators.
 - Constituents in highest multiplicity jets show hints of collectivity.
- CMS & ATLAS : 2PC measurements in $\gamma+p$ and $\gamma+\text{Pb}$ events.
 - Smallest collision systems at the LHC.
- Not covered in this talk: ATLAS and CMS : also measured HF v_2 in pp events.
 - *charm* v_2 consistent with inclusive hadrons, *bottom* v_2 consistent with zero.

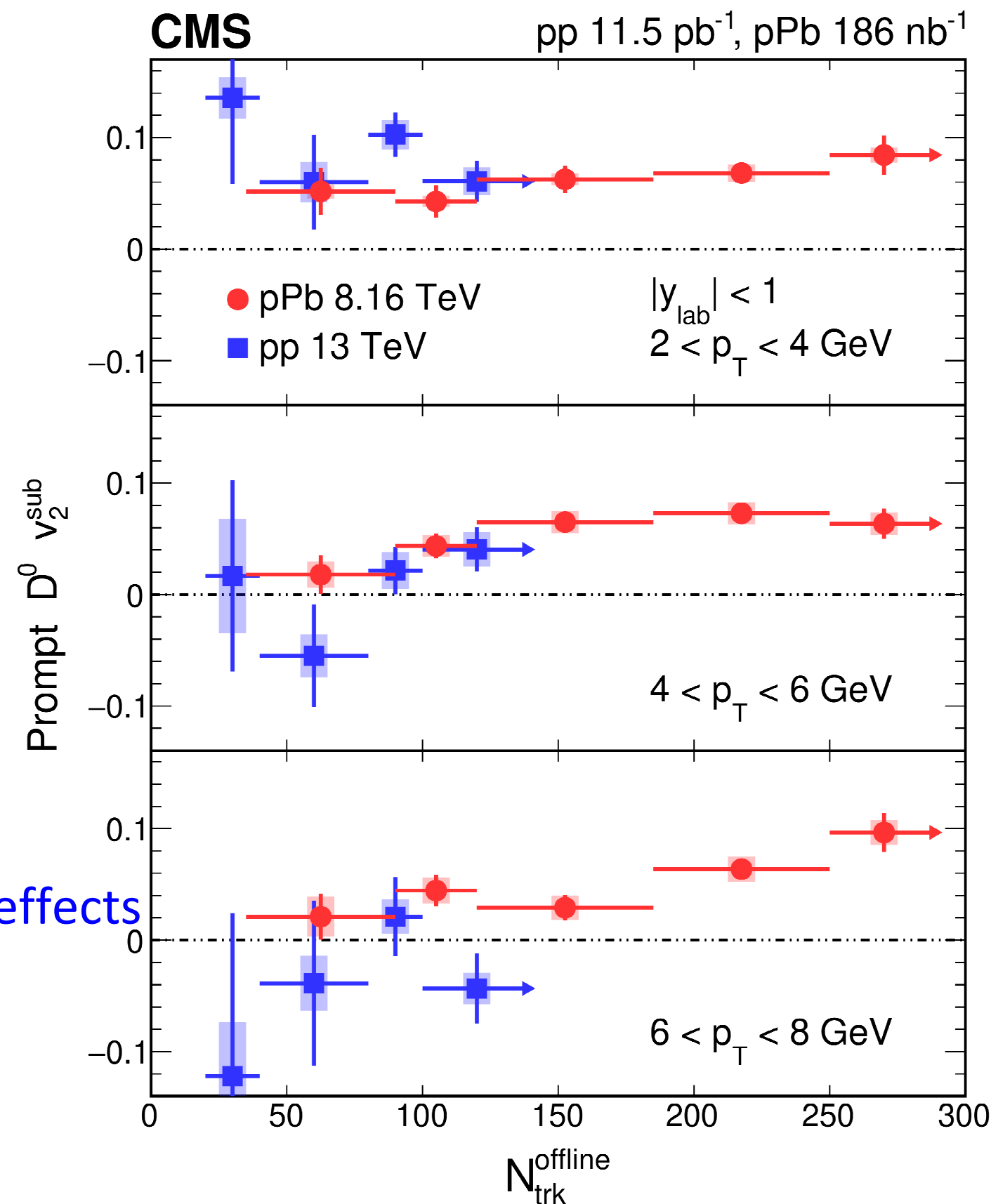


ATLAS : PRL-124, 082301

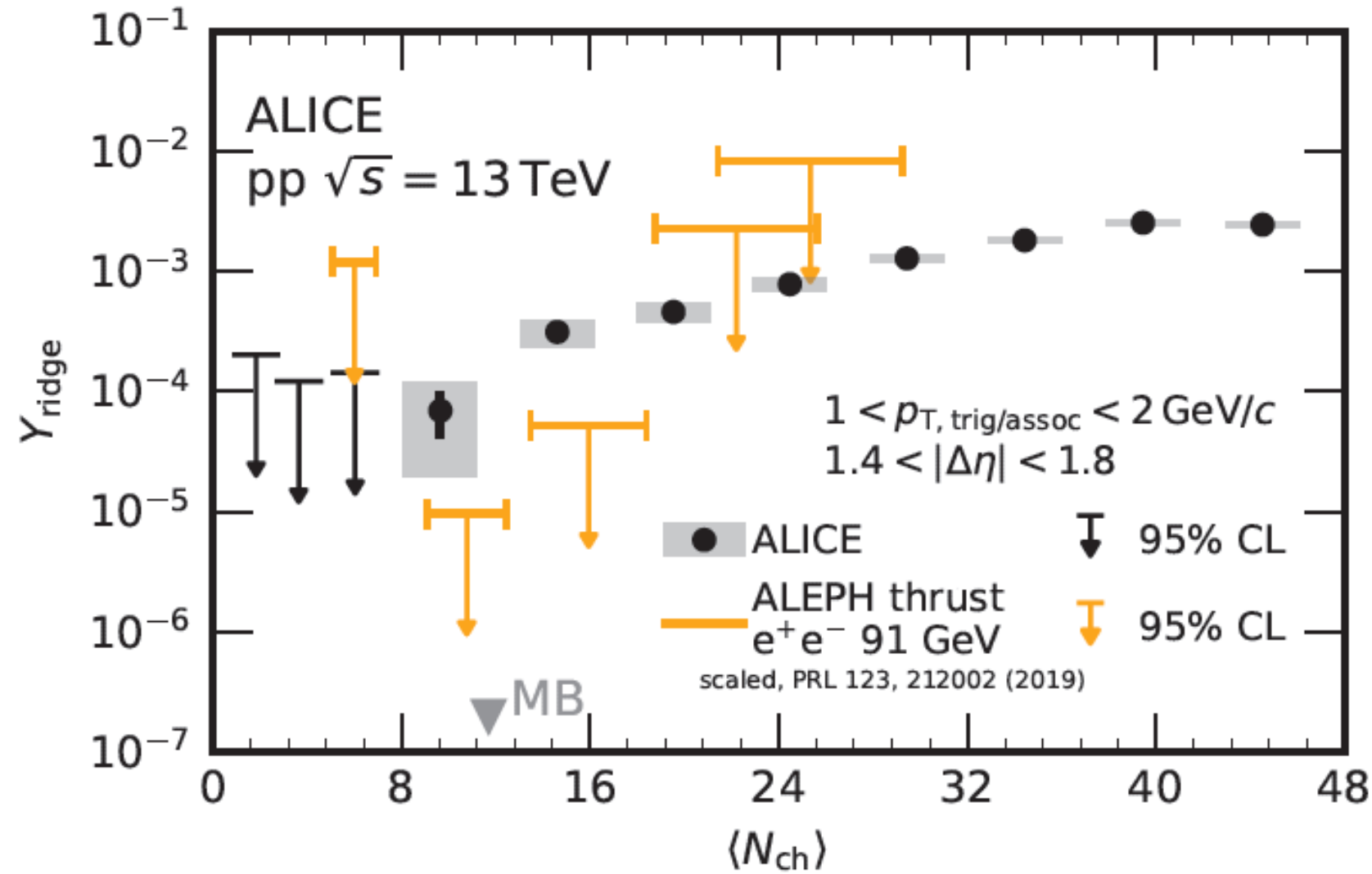
- Measured v_2 of muons produced in the semi-leptonic decays of b and c hadrons.
- Significant anisotropy observed for muons from charm decay: consistent with inclusive hadrons.
- v_2 for muons from b decays consistent with zero.
- These HF anisotropy measurements can lead to further understanding of origin of the pp ridge.



CMS : PLB 813,136036



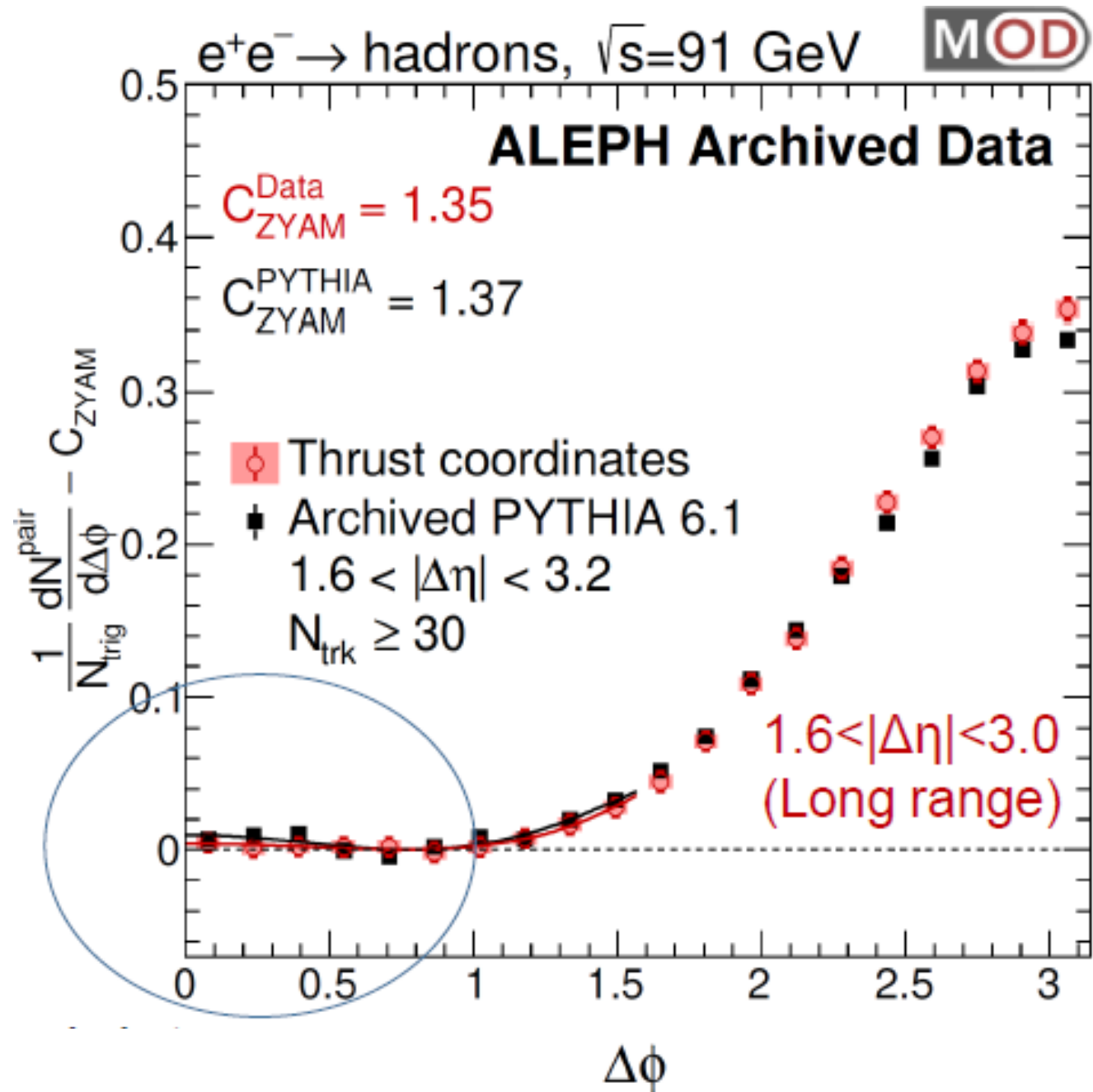
- HF collectivity can potentially separate initial vs final-state effects
- v_2 of prompt D^0 mesons in pp collisions.
- Significant anisotropy observed : Comparable to inclusive hadrons.
- Comparable to v_2 in p +Pb collisions at similar multiplicity



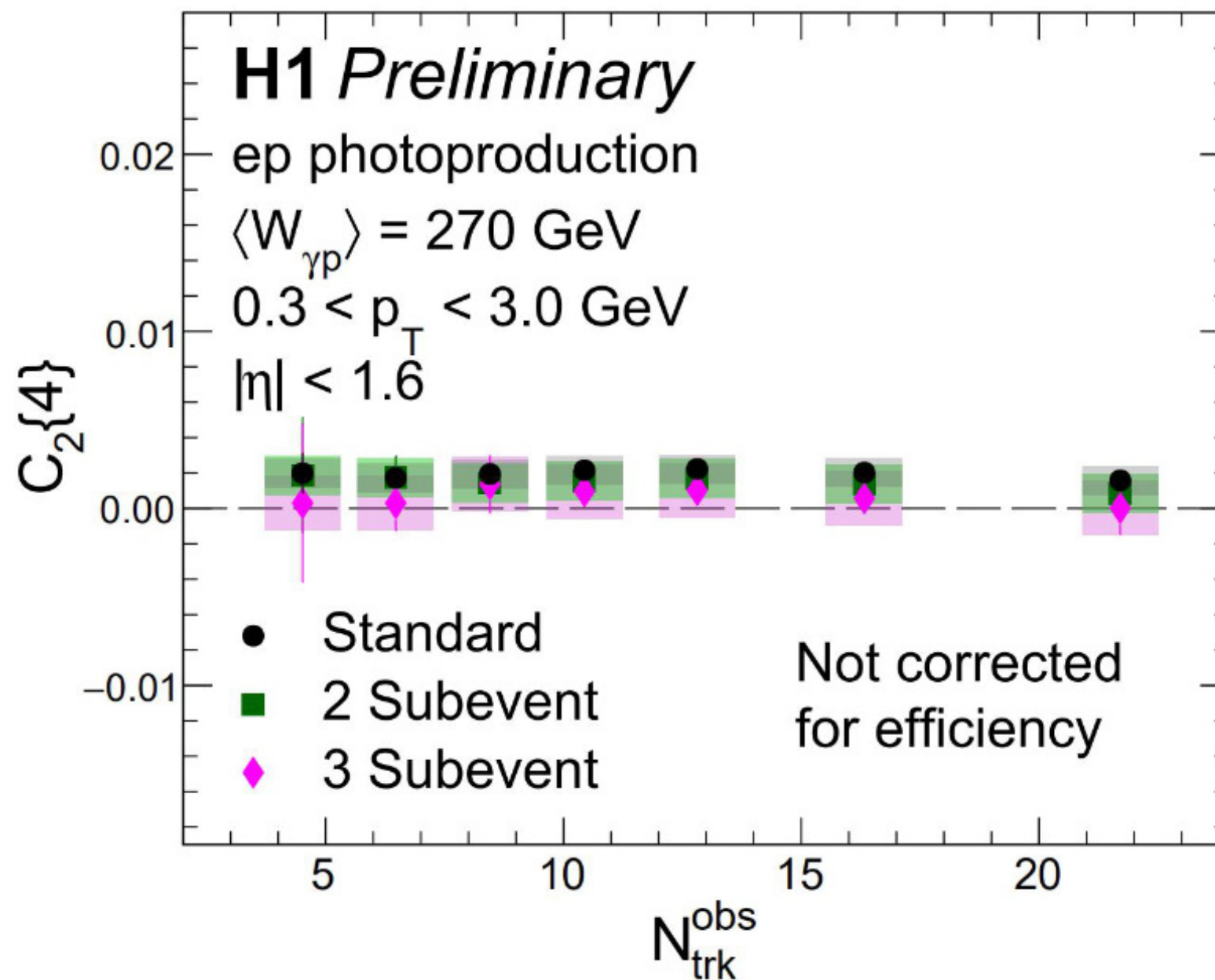
ALICE: arXiv 2311.14357

ALEPH, A.Badea & collaborators
PRL 123,212002

- Comparison of ridge-yield in e^+e^- (ALEPH) vs similar multiplicity pp collisions (ALICE).
- pp Yields significantly larger over 8-18 multiplicity range



- Data from ALEPH (91 TeV)
 - Similar measurements shown by BELLE
- Correlations well reproduced by PYTHIA6
- No indications of ridge in high-multiplicity events.
- Possibilities
 - Not high-enough energy density (P. Castorina et al, arXiv:2011.06966)
 - Not expected in a single color-string (J. Nagle et al, PRC 97, 024909 (2018))



- ep measurements at HERA
- Measured using 4-particle cumulants
 - Consistent with no collectivity