

Lifetime Measurements from ATLAS

Dr Andy Wharton – On Behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration.

LHCP 2024 – Northeastern University, Boston: 4th June, 2024

A Lifetime Measurements from ATLAS

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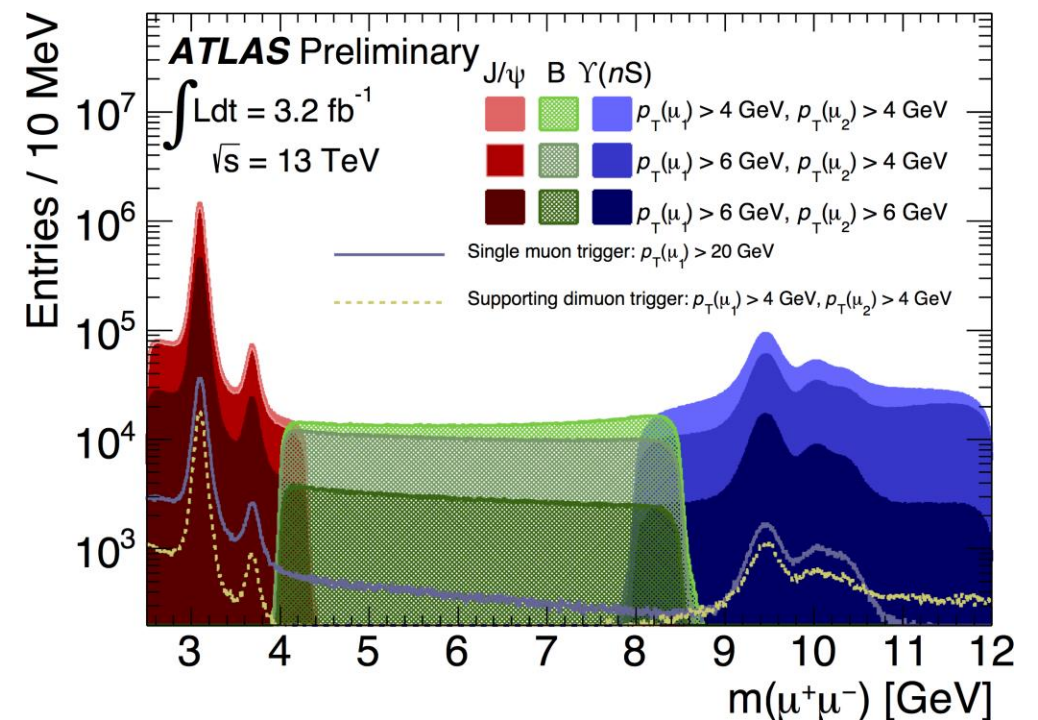
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Introduction

- ATLAS has a rich and diverse physics program.
 - Active b-physics and light states community.
- Focus today on a recent b-physics result and future BLS prospects:
 - $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ effective lifetime measurement, $\tau_{\mu\mu'}$, in 2015 – 2016 data.
 - [JHEP09\(2023\)199](#) (also [JHEP04\(2019\)098](#))
- Other public results from the BLS group can be found [here](#)...
- ...and at other talks at LHCP 2024!

b-Physics at ATLAS

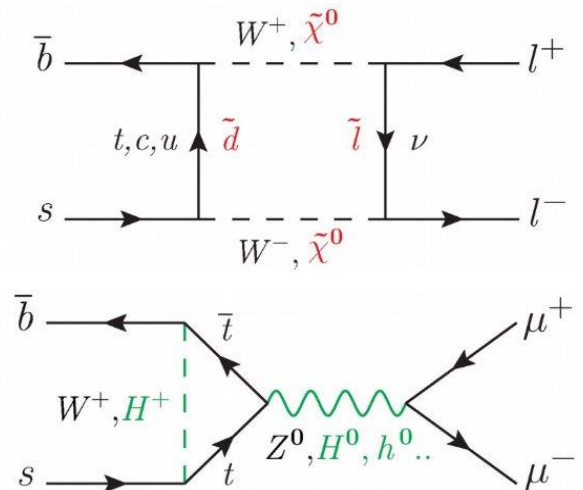
- 139 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions collected during the LHC's Run2.
 - 26.9 fb⁻¹ in Run1, 300 fb⁻¹ for Run3.
 - > 2 million b \bar{b} pairs a second.
- b-Physics studies focus mainly on:
 - Muonic triggers/final states.
 - Full-reconstruction.
- Low-pT (di-)muon triggers:
 - Vertex + mass cuts for J/ ψ triggers.
 - Tracks + cuts for +2/+3/+4 track signals.



$$\underline{B_s} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

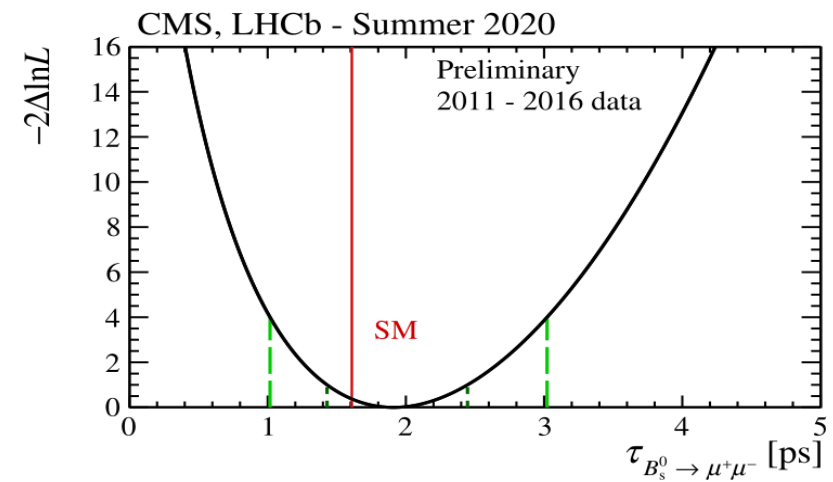
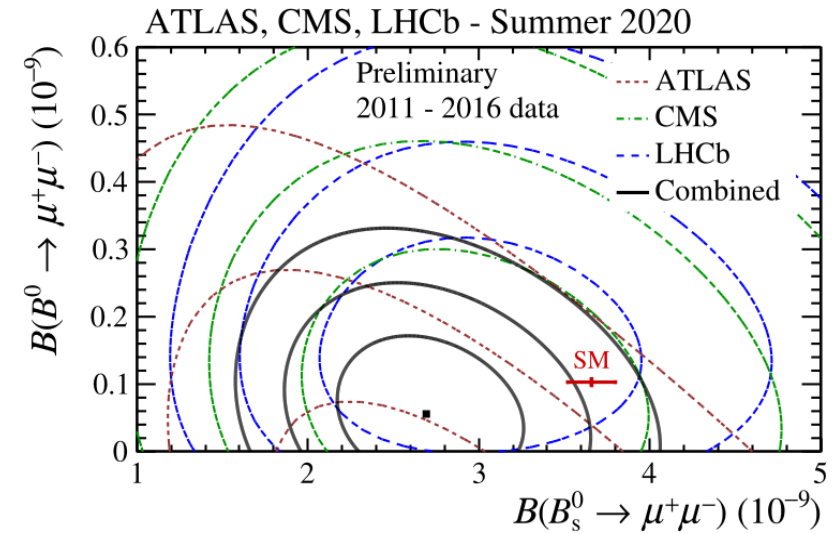
Introduction - 1

- FCNC decays are heavily suppressed in the SM.
 - Loop and/or box diagrams, $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ also helicity suppressed.
 - In the SM:
 - $Br \sim 10^{-9}$
 - Only the CP-odd/heavy eigenstate will decay into $\mu^+\mu^-$.
- However...
 - Significant differences to SM predictions with NP.
 - For example, [JHEP05\(2017\)076](#).
 - CP-even/light eigenstate may contribute to $\mu^+\mu^-$ with NP.
 - NP may introduce one without the other, need to check both.



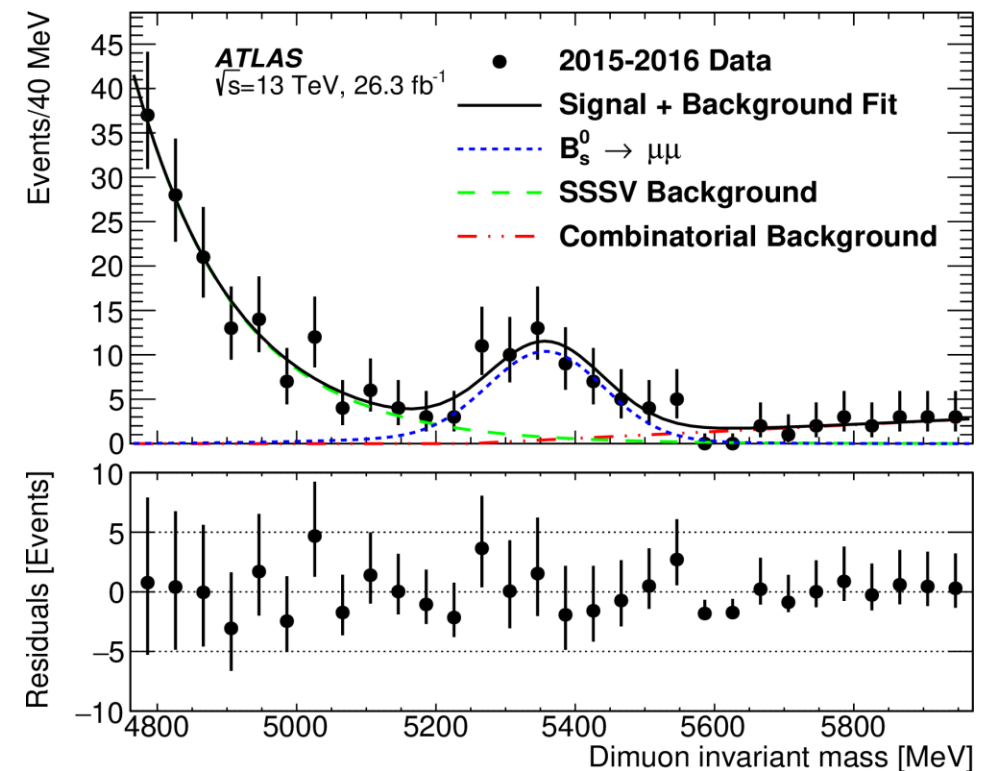
Introduction - 1

- $\Delta\tau_H$ and τ_H well measured experimentally:
 - $\Delta\tau_H = 0.193$ ps.
 - $\tau_H = 1.624 \pm 0.009$ ps.
 - From the [HFLAV](#) and [PDG](#) overviews.
- Recent results from:
 - [CMS](#).
 - [LHCb](#).
 - [Combinations](#).



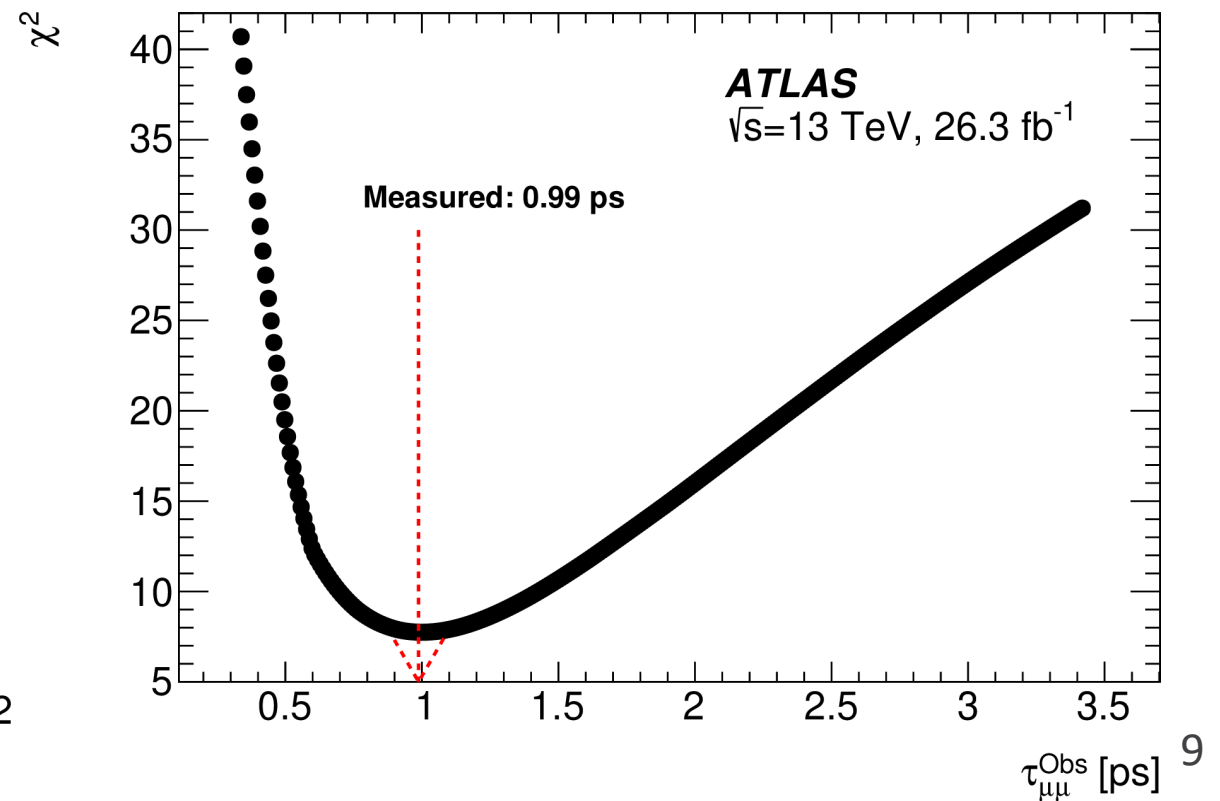
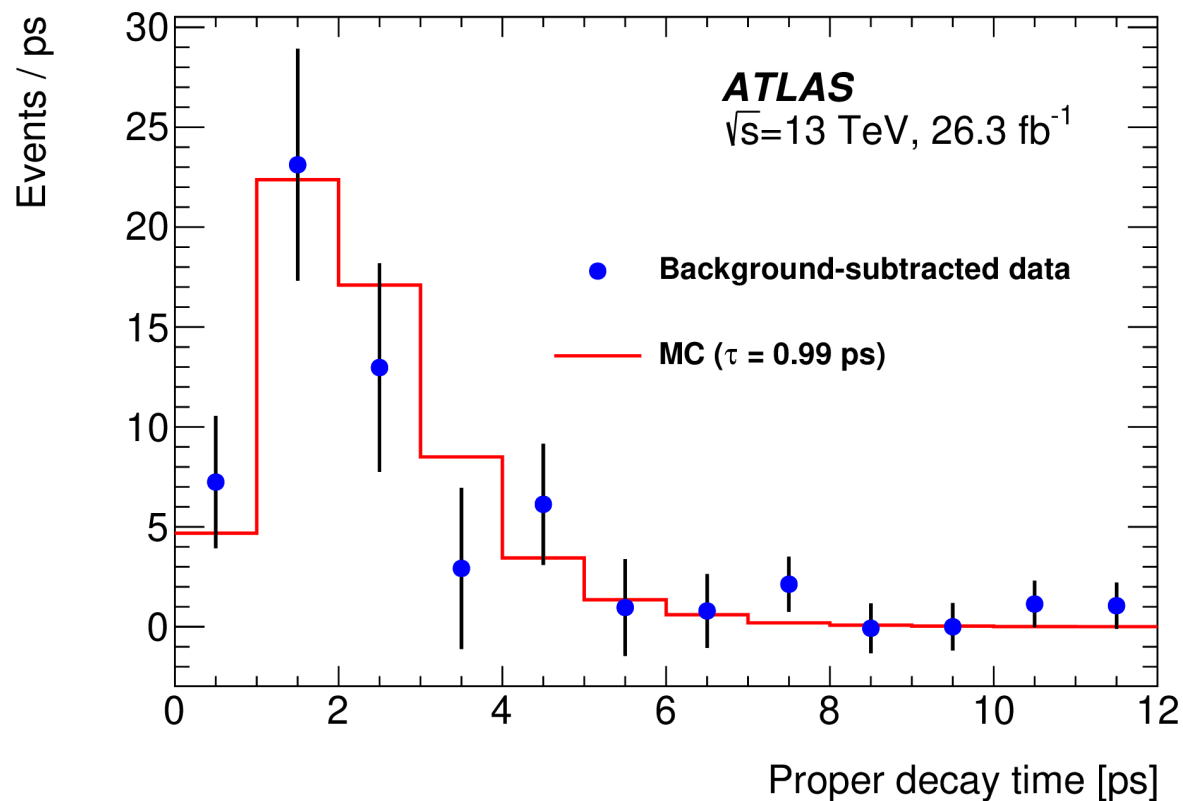
Analysis Strategy - 1

- Event selection based on [JHEP04\(2019\)098](#).
 - BDT updates:
 - BDT windows.
 - Di-muon and partial B decays.
 - Simple accept/reject.
- Unbinned ML fit of $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$.
 - Signal PDF: Double Gaussian.
 - SSSV Background: Exponential.
 - SS, Same-Side: $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow s + 2 \text{ muonic } W^\pm$
 - SV, Same-Vertex: $B \rightarrow J/\psi \mu X$
 - Combinatorial: Linear.



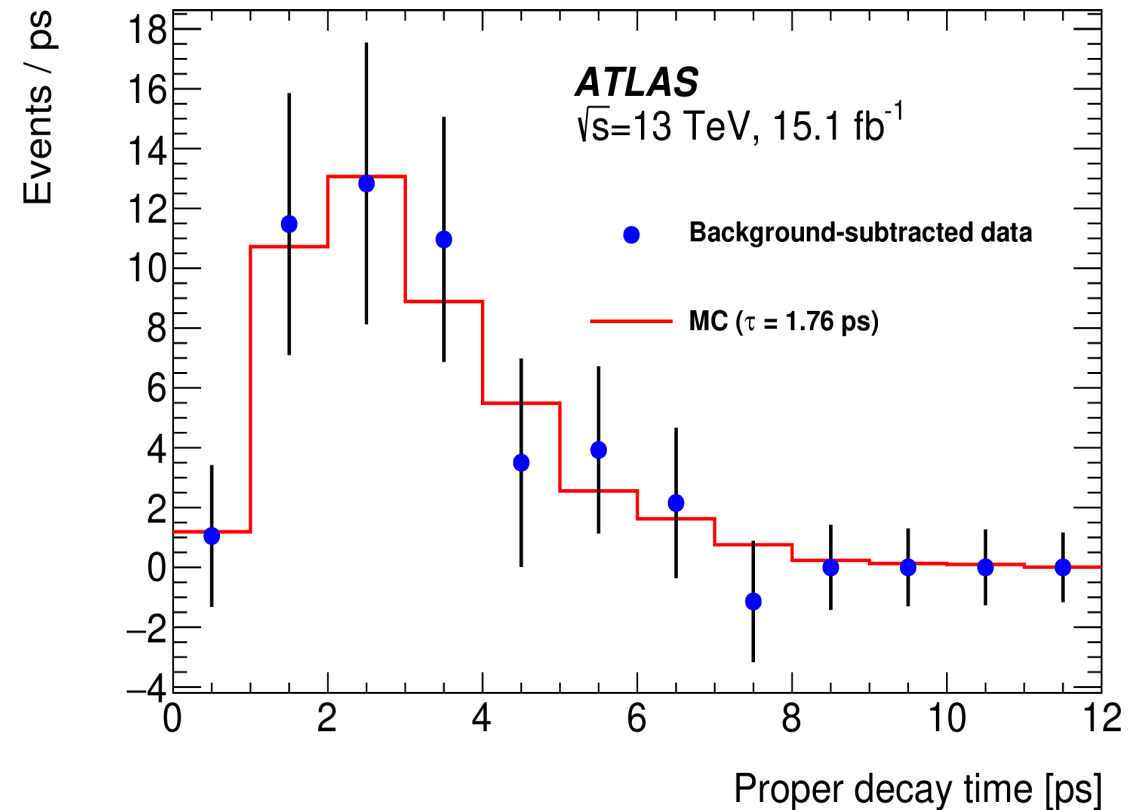
Analysis Strategy - 2

- sPlot to extract signal lifetime \rightarrow template fits against MC.



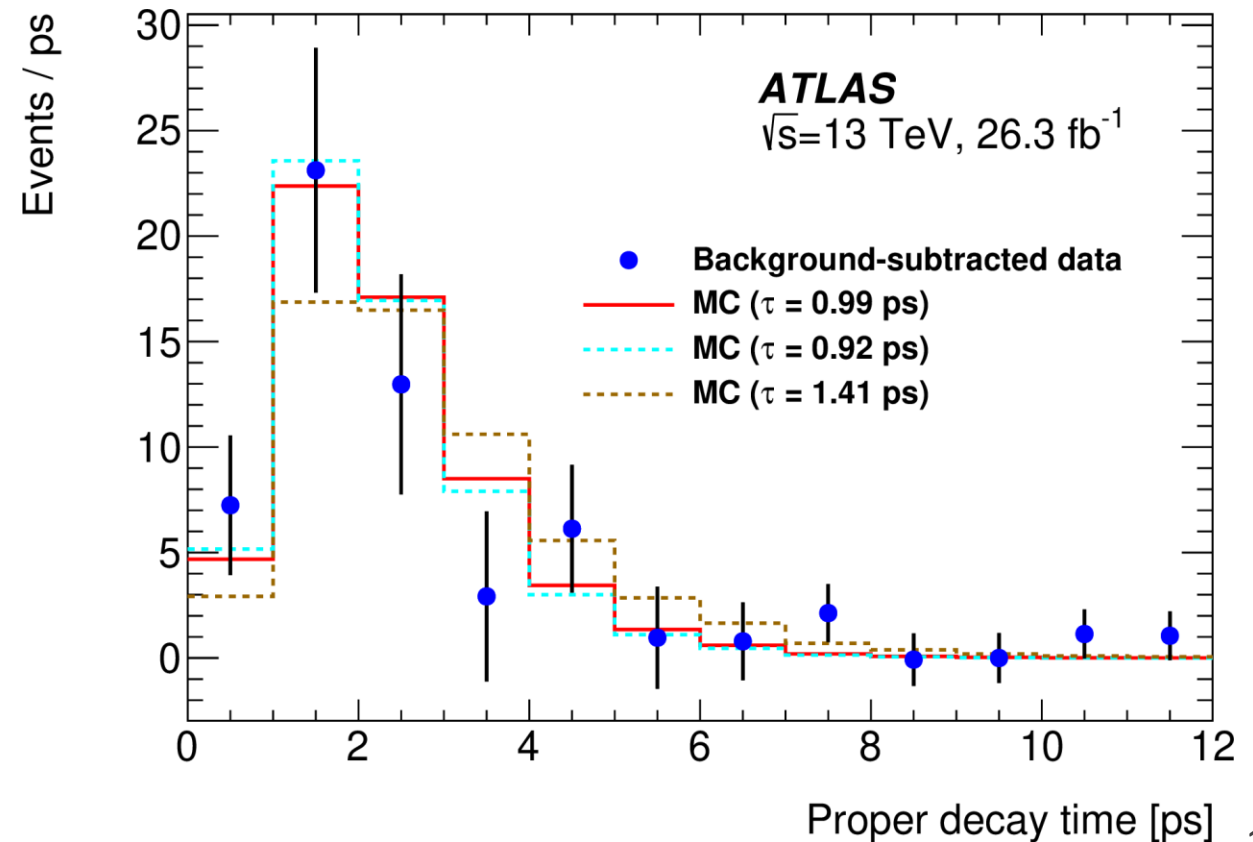
Analysis Strategy - 3

- Duplicate analysis with $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm$
- Validate method, study systematics.
 - Different triggers/rescales.
- Fitted lifetime, $\tau_{B^\pm} = 1.76$ ps.
 - World average, 1.641 ps.



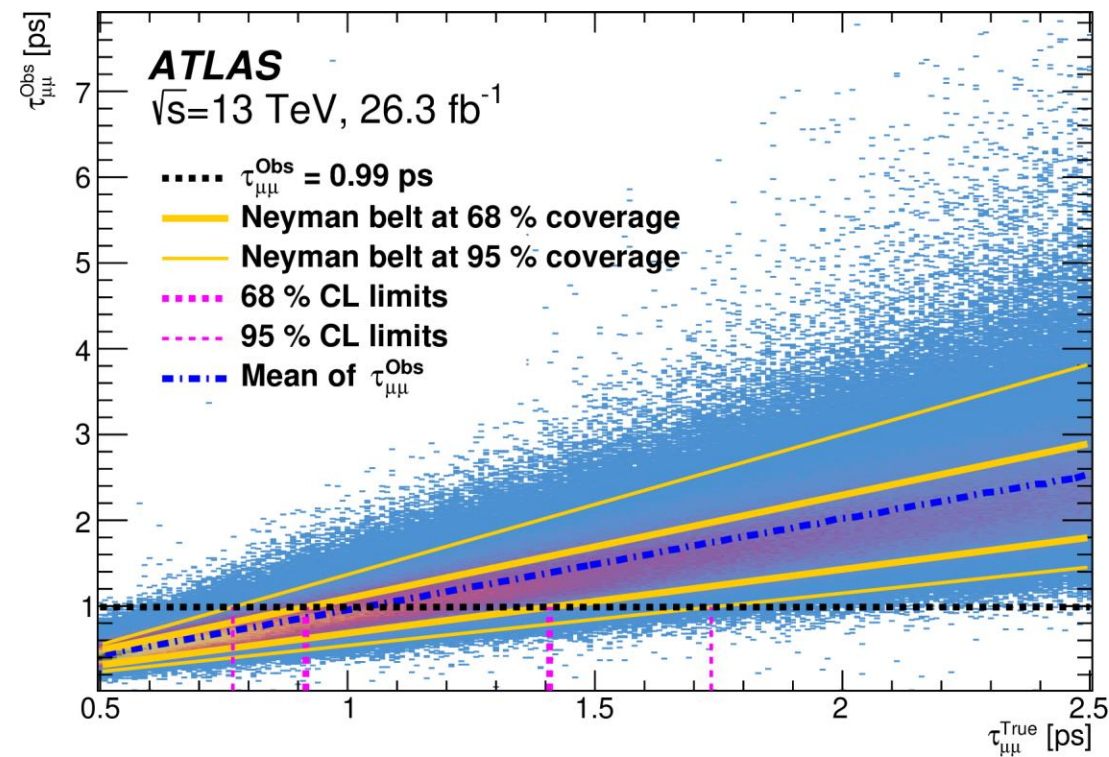
Estimating Statistical Errors - 1

- Constant width bins.
 - Optimised for statistical error.
- Observed bias in fits, (82 ± 4) fs.
 - Subtracted from best-fit value.
- Errors determined from toy MC.
 - Almost entirely.



Estimating Statistical Errors - 2

- χ^2 distribution from fit is non-Gaussian.



Estimating Systematic Errors - 1

- Three types of systematics considered:
 - Fit assumptions.
 - Background shapes.
 - sPlot.
 - MC mis-modelling.
 - Reconstruction effects - underestimated in MC.
 - Differences between signal/background/reference channels.
 - Neglected backgrounds.
 - Assumes only heavy eigenstate contributes.

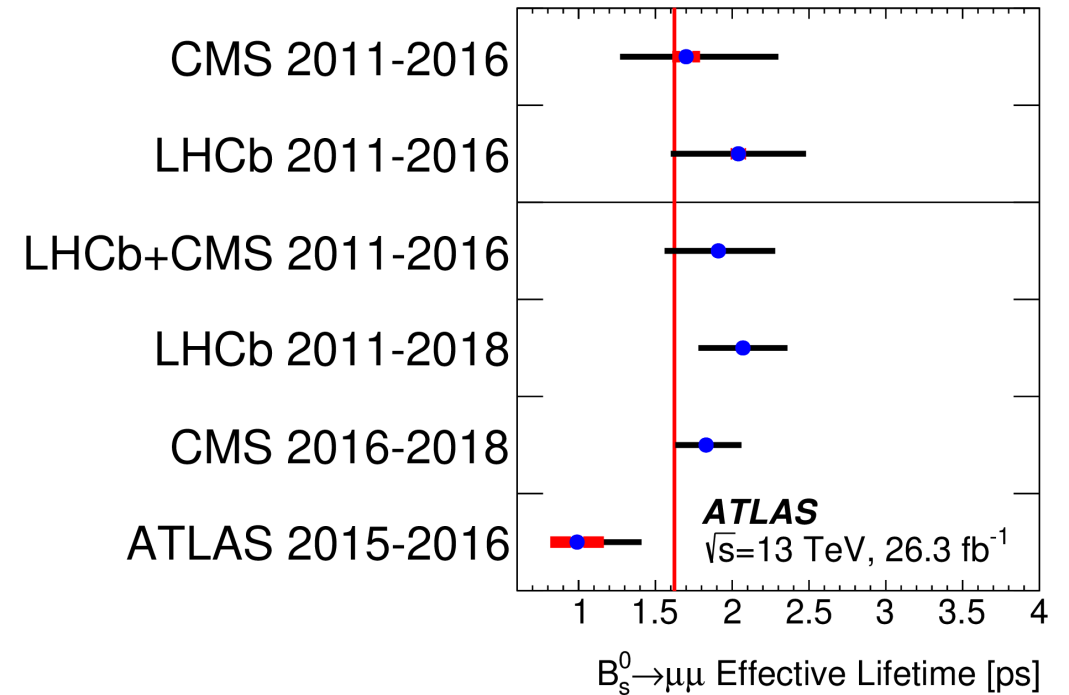
Estimating Systematic Errors - 2

- Conservatively symmetrised.
 - Added in quadrature.

Uncertainty source	$\Delta\tau_{\mu\mu}^{\text{Obs}}$ [fs]
Data - MC discrepancies	134
SSSV lifetime model	60
Combinatorial lifetime model	56
B kinematic reweighting	55
B isolation reweighting	32
SSSV mass model	22
B_d background	16
Fit bias lifetime dependency and B_s^0 eigenstates admixture	15
Combinatorial mass model	14
Pileup reweighting	13
B_c background	10
Muon Δ_η correction	6
$B \rightarrow hh'$ background	3
Muon reconstruction SF reweighting	2
Semileptonic background	2
Trigger reweighting	1
Total	174

Results

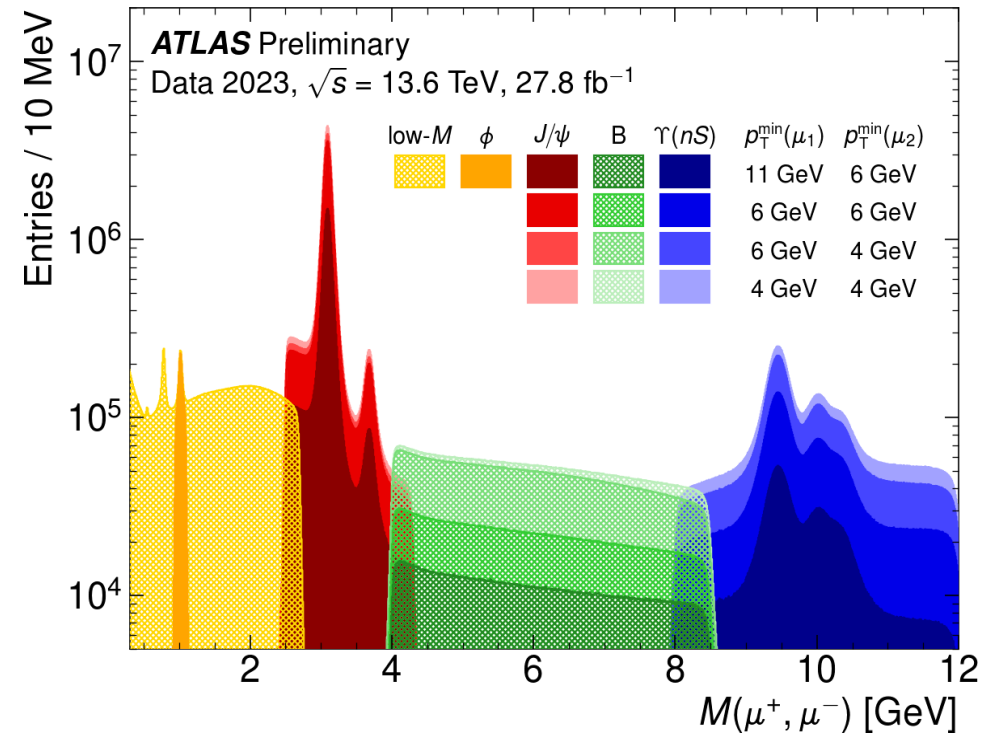
- $\tau_{\mu\mu} = (0.99_{-0.07}^{+0.42} \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.17 \text{ (syst.)}) \text{ ps.}$
 - SM prediction: $1.624 \pm 0.009 \text{ ps.}$
- Consistent with other LHC measurements.
- No evidence of NP.



Future Prospects and Summary

Future Prospects

- Full Run2 analysis underway.
 - And many, many more!
- Better...
 - Alignment.
 - MC – Data Reco agreement.
- It's the ~~economy~~ triggers, stupid...
 - Improved L1Topo triggers.
 - Geometric/Kinematic relationships.
 - Still running with no d_0 cuts!



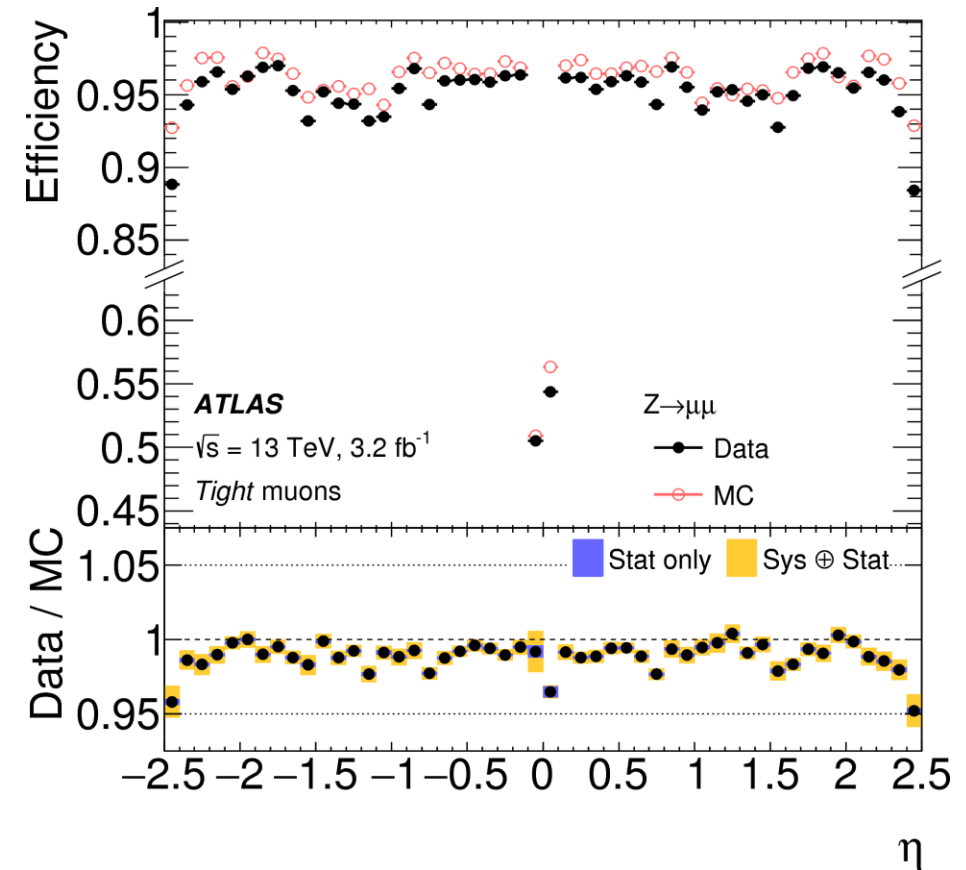
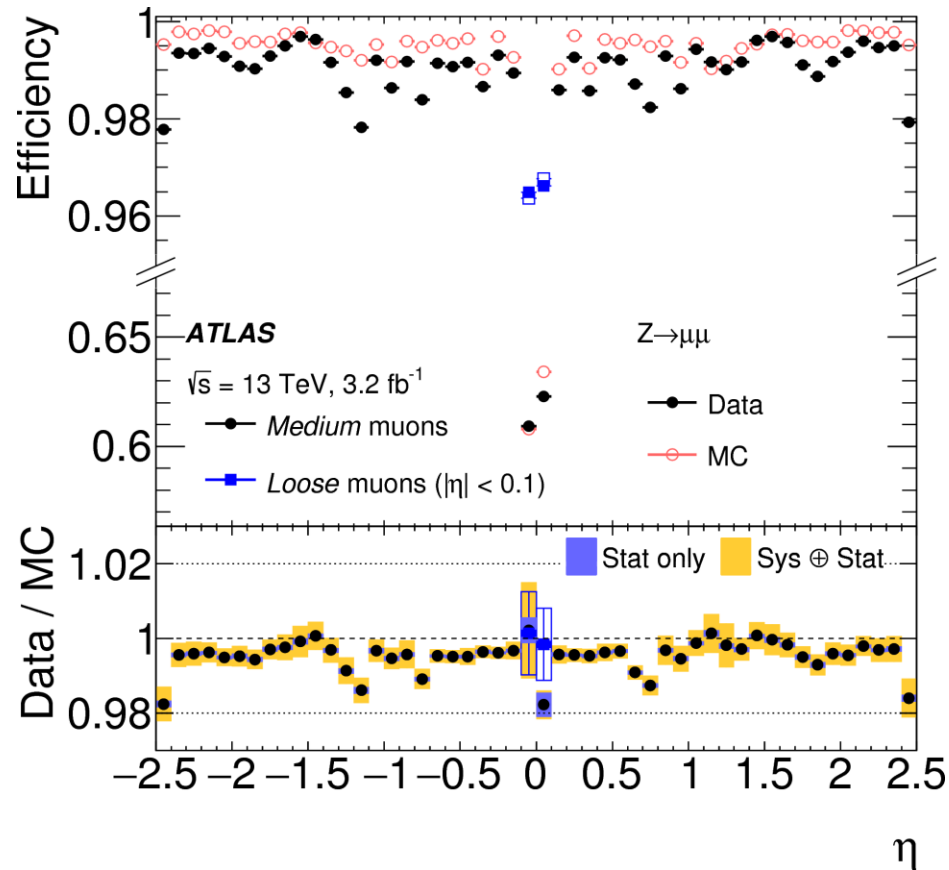
Summary

- ATLAS is producing competitive results.
 - And actively collaborating with our LHC partners!
- ATLAS' $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ results are broadly consistent with SM predictions.
 - But no NP... 😞
- All of these analyses are currently working toward full Run2 results.
- We are well prepared for Run3 data.

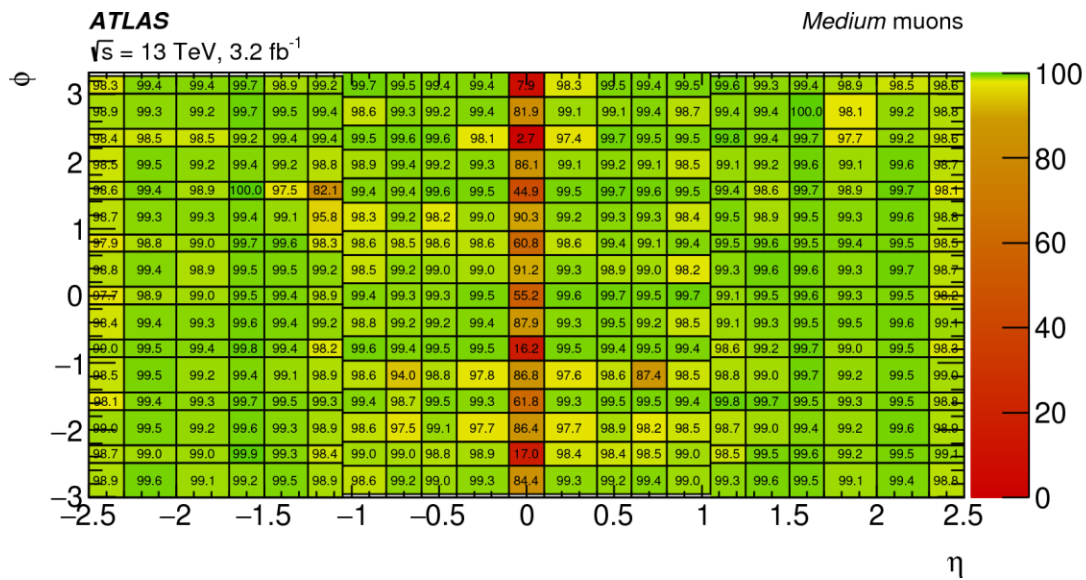
Backup

ATLAS

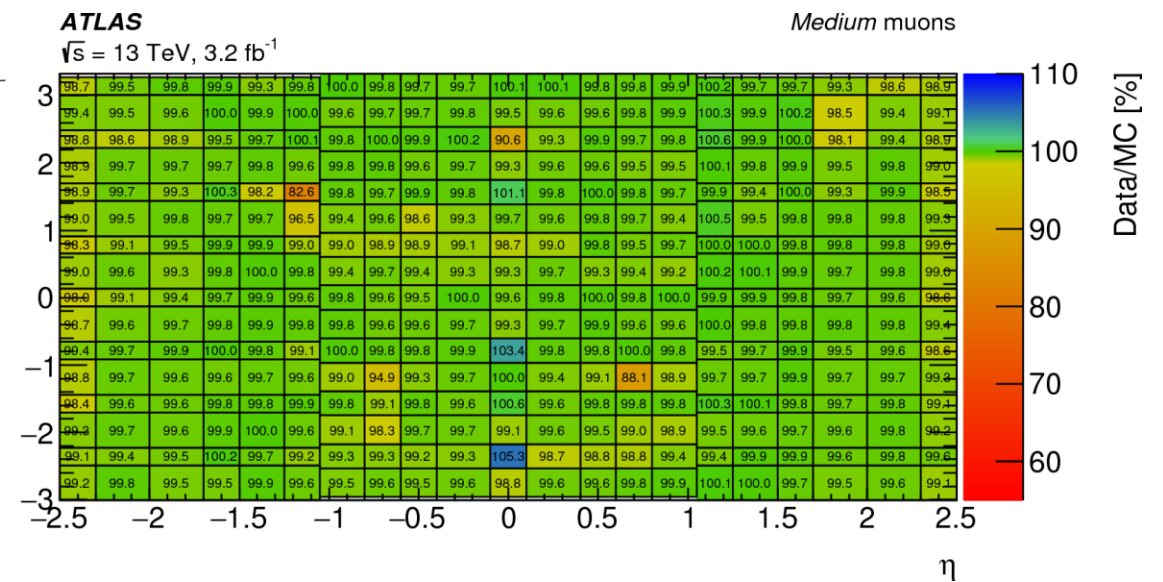
Muon Spectrometer Performance - 1



Muon Spectrometer Performance - 2

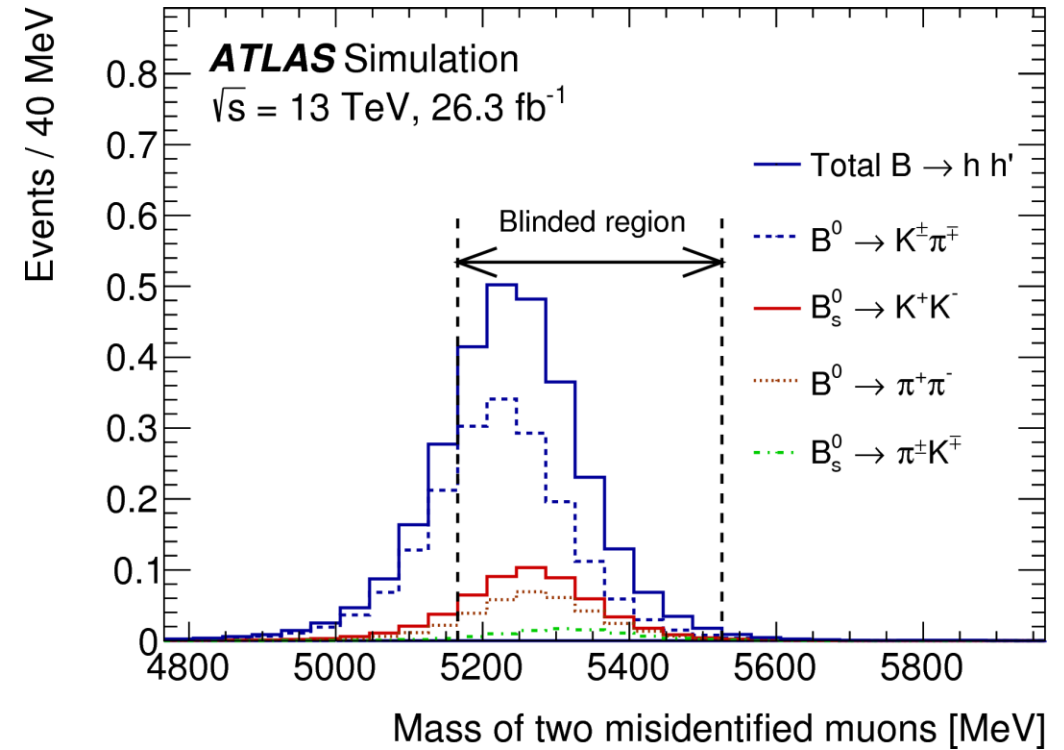
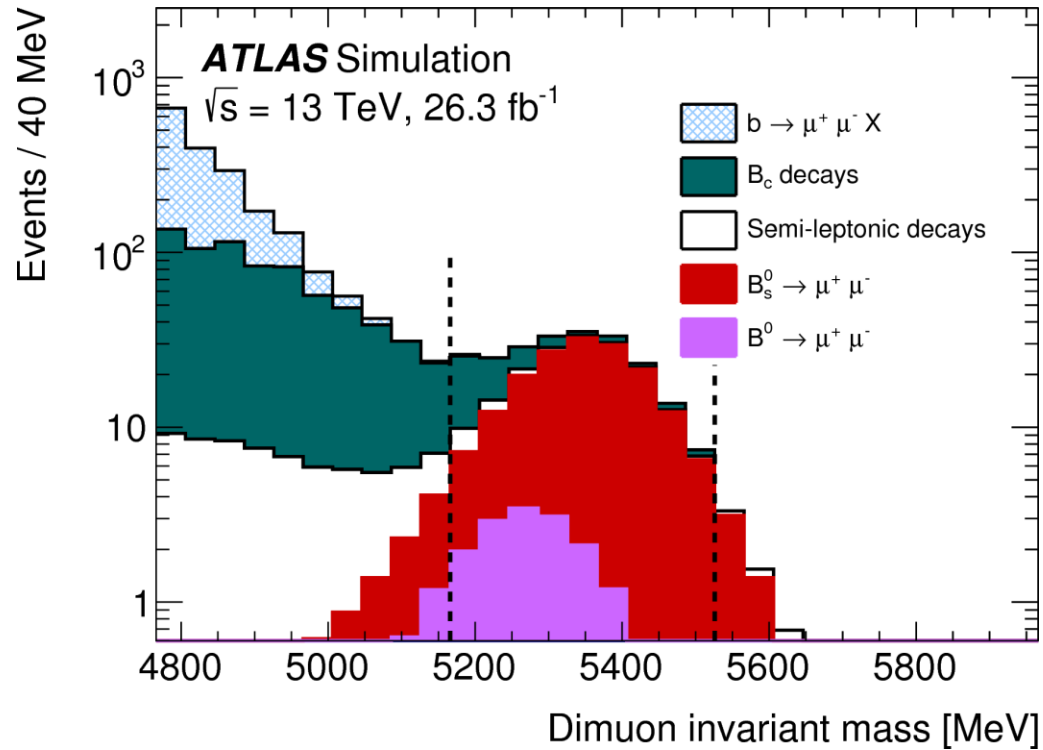


Data Efficiency [%]



$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ Branching Ratio

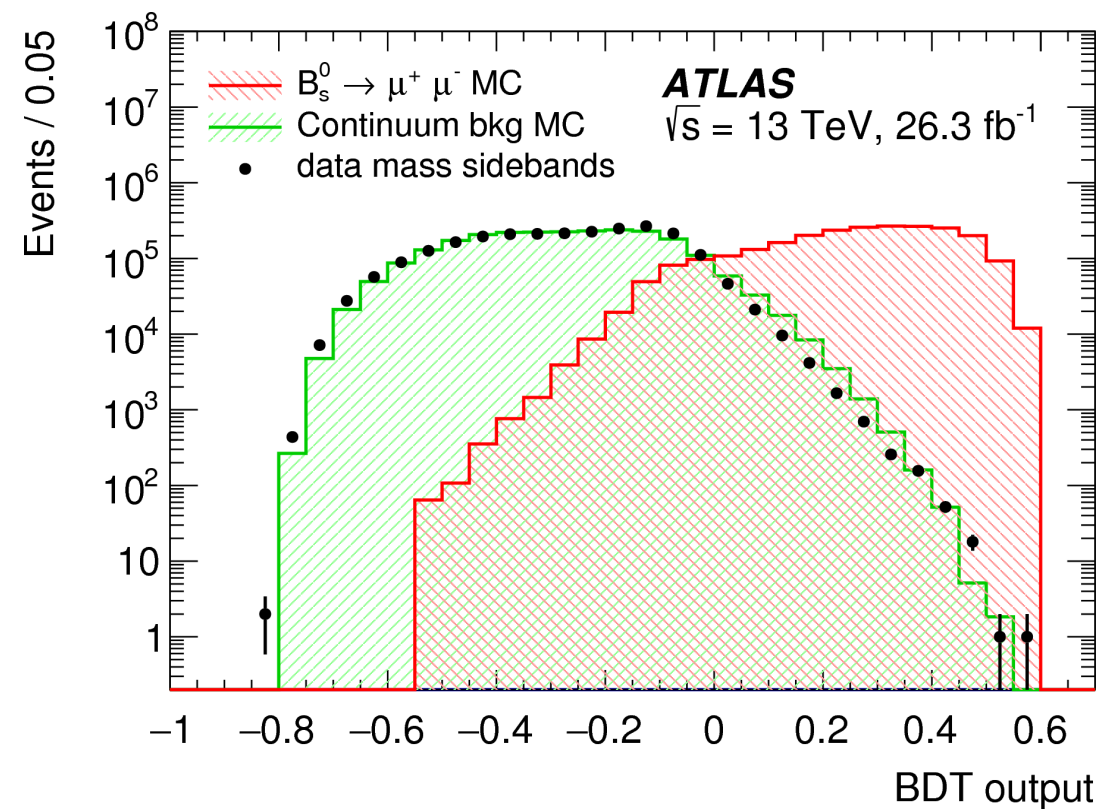
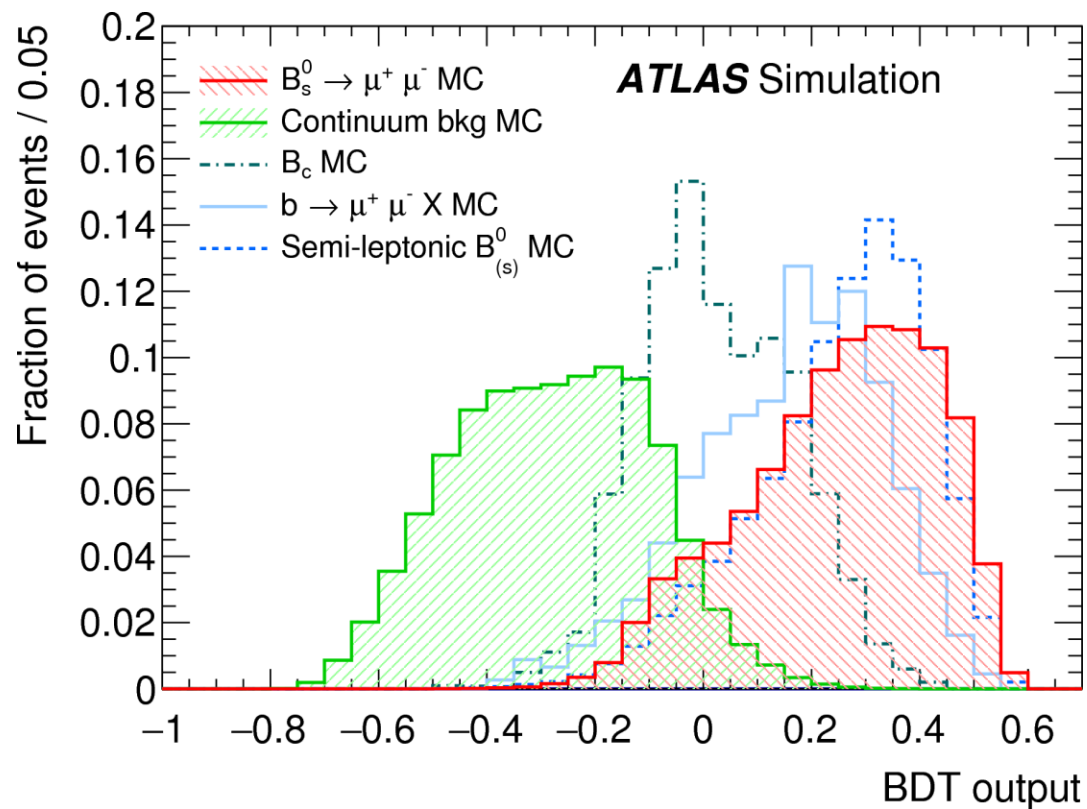
Mass PDFs



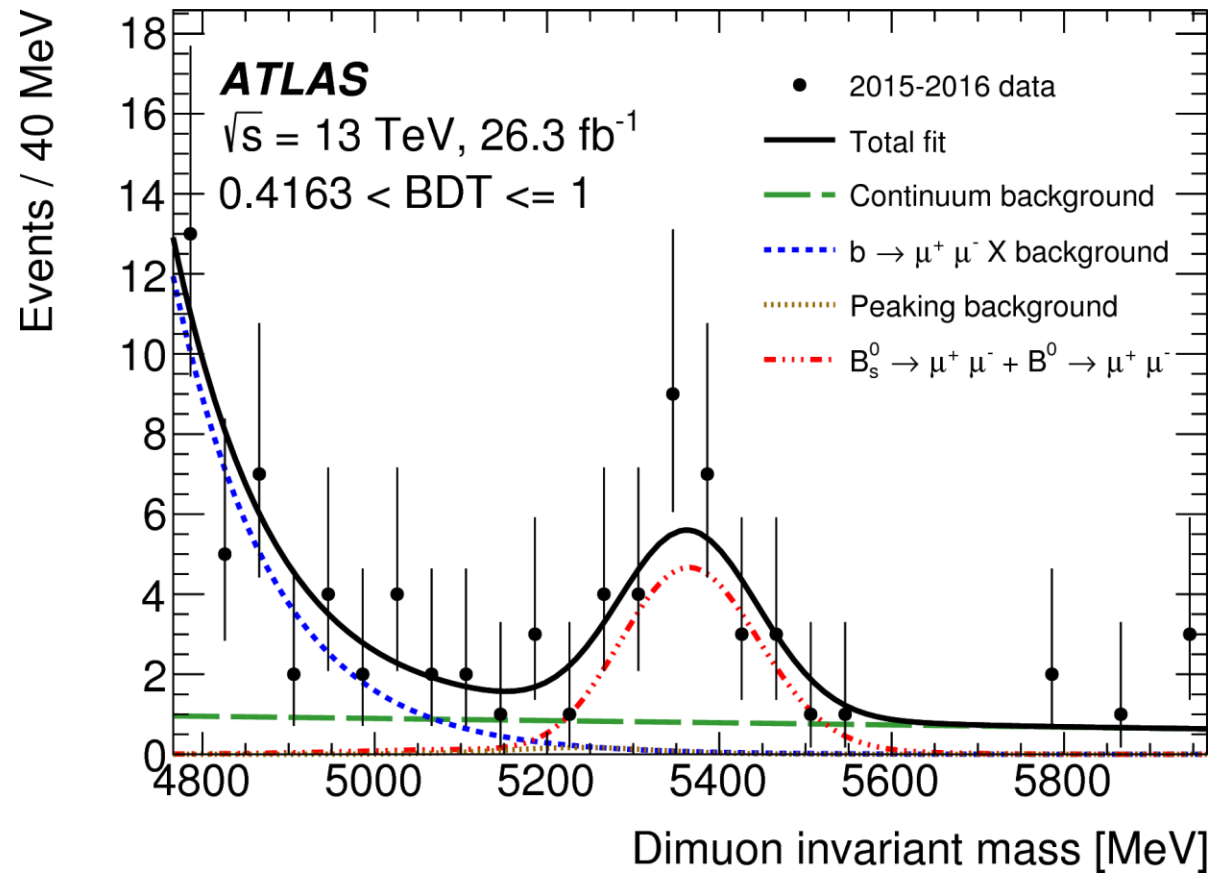
BDT Inputs

Variable	Description
p_T^B	Magnitude of the B candidate transverse momentum \vec{p}_T^B .
$\chi_{PV,DV}^2$	Compatibility of the separation $\vec{\Delta x}$ between production (i.e. associated PV) and decay (DV) vertices in the transverse projection: $\vec{\Delta x}_T \cdot \Sigma_{\Delta x_T}^{-1} \cdot \vec{\Delta x}_T$, where $\Sigma_{\Delta x_T}$ is the covariance matrix.
ΔR_{right}	Three-dimensional angular distance between \vec{p}_T^B and $\vec{\Delta x}$: $\sqrt{\alpha_{2D}^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2}$
$ \alpha_{2D} $	Absolute value of the angle in the transverse plane between \vec{p}_T^B and $\vec{\Delta x}_T$.
L_{xy}	Projection of $\vec{\Delta x}_T$ along the direction of \vec{p}_T^B : $(\vec{\Delta x}_T \cdot \vec{p}_T^B) / \vec{p}_T^B $.
IP_B^{3D}	Three-dimensional impact parameter of the B candidate to the associated PV.
$DOCA_{\mu\mu}$	Distance of closest approach (DOCA) of the two tracks forming the B candidate (three-dimensional).
$\Delta\phi_{\mu\mu}$	Azimuthal angle between the momenta of the two tracks forming the B candidate.
$ d_0 ^{\text{max-sig.}}$	Significance of the larger absolute value of the impact parameters to the PV of the tracks forming the B candidate, in the transverse plane.
$ d_0 ^{\text{min-sig.}}$	Significance of the smaller absolute value of the impact parameters to the PV of the tracks forming the B candidate, in the transverse plane.
p_L^{min}	The smaller of the projected values of the muon momenta along \vec{p}_T^B .
$I_{0.7}$	Isolation variable defined as ratio of $ \vec{p}_T^B $ to the sum of $ \vec{p}_T^B $ and the transverse momenta of all additional tracks contained within a cone of size $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi)^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2} = 0.7$ around the B direction. Only tracks matched to the same PV as the B candidate are included in the sum.
$DOCA_{\text{xtrk}}$	DOCA of the closest additional track to the decay vertex of the B candidate. Only tracks matched to the same PV as the B candidate are considered.
$N_{\text{xtrk}}^{\text{close}}$	Number of additional tracks compatible with the decay vertex (DV) of the B candidate with $\ln(\chi_{\text{xtrk},DV}^2) < 1$. Only tracks matched to the same PV as the B candidate are considered.
$\chi_{\mu,xPV}^2$	Minimum χ^2 for the compatibility of a muon in the B candidate with any PV reconstructed in the event.

BDT Outputs

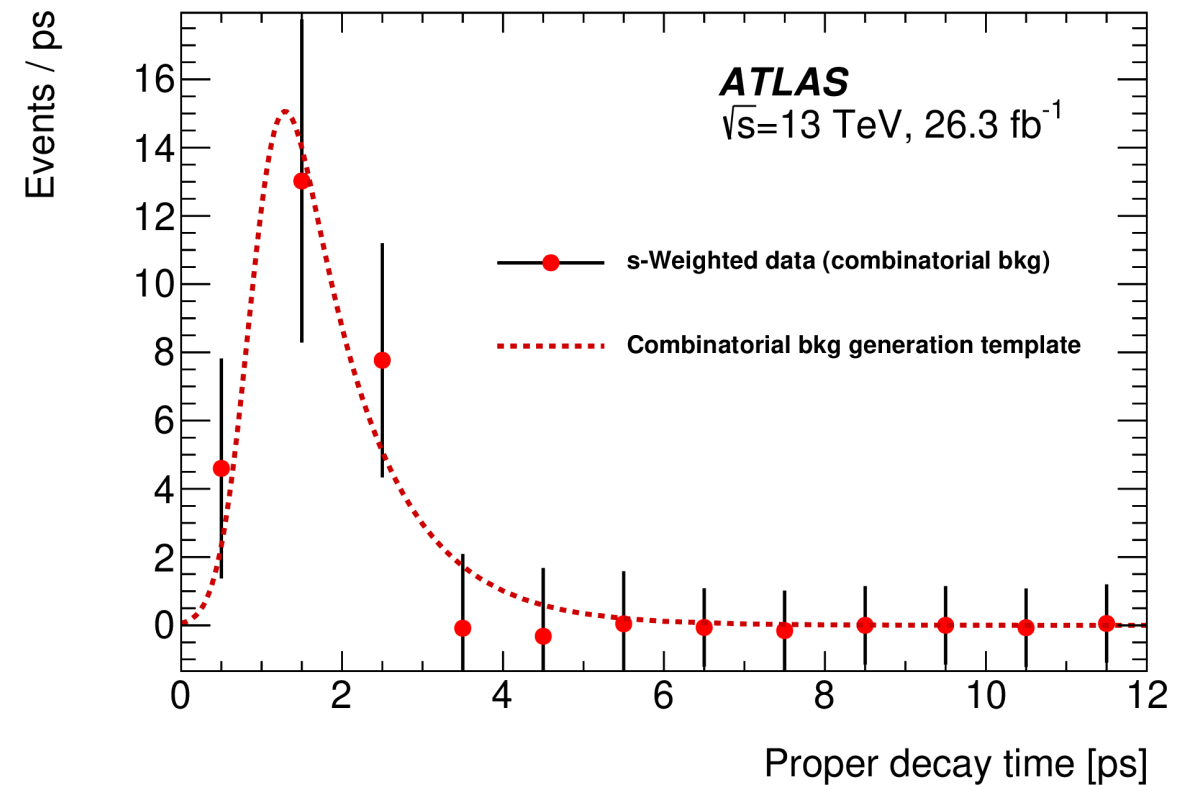
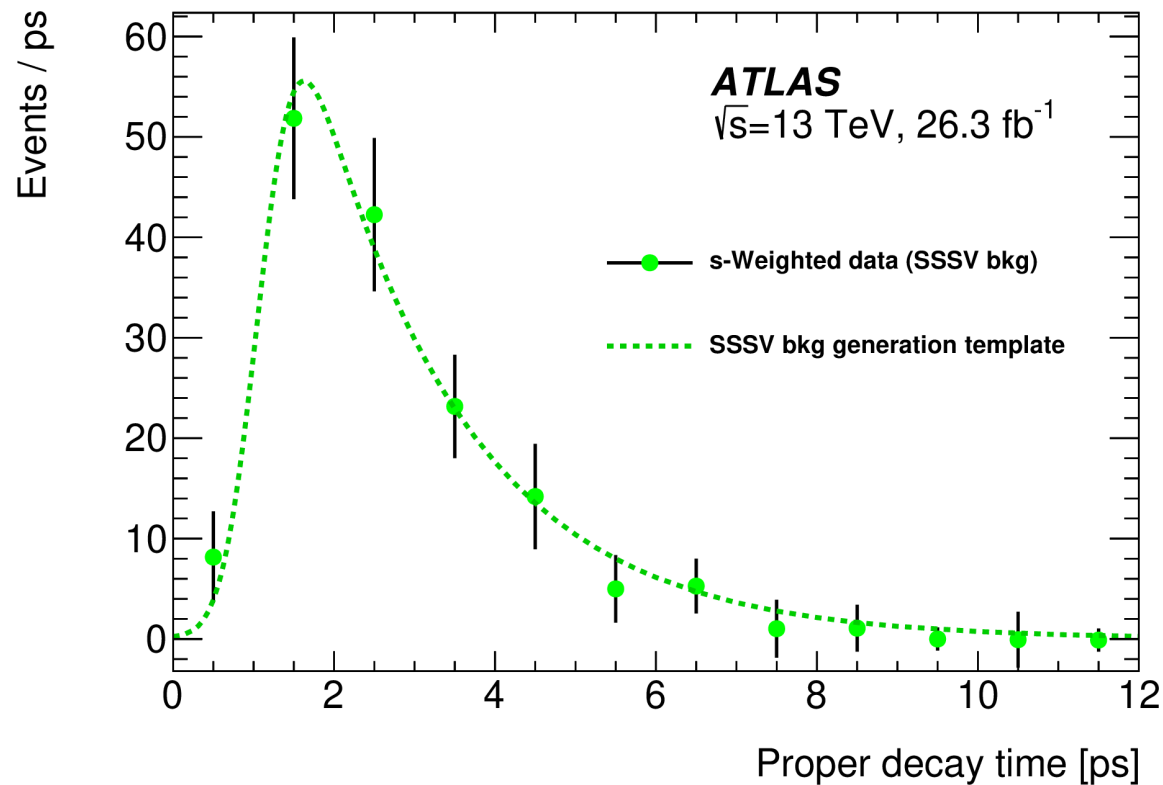


Mass Fits

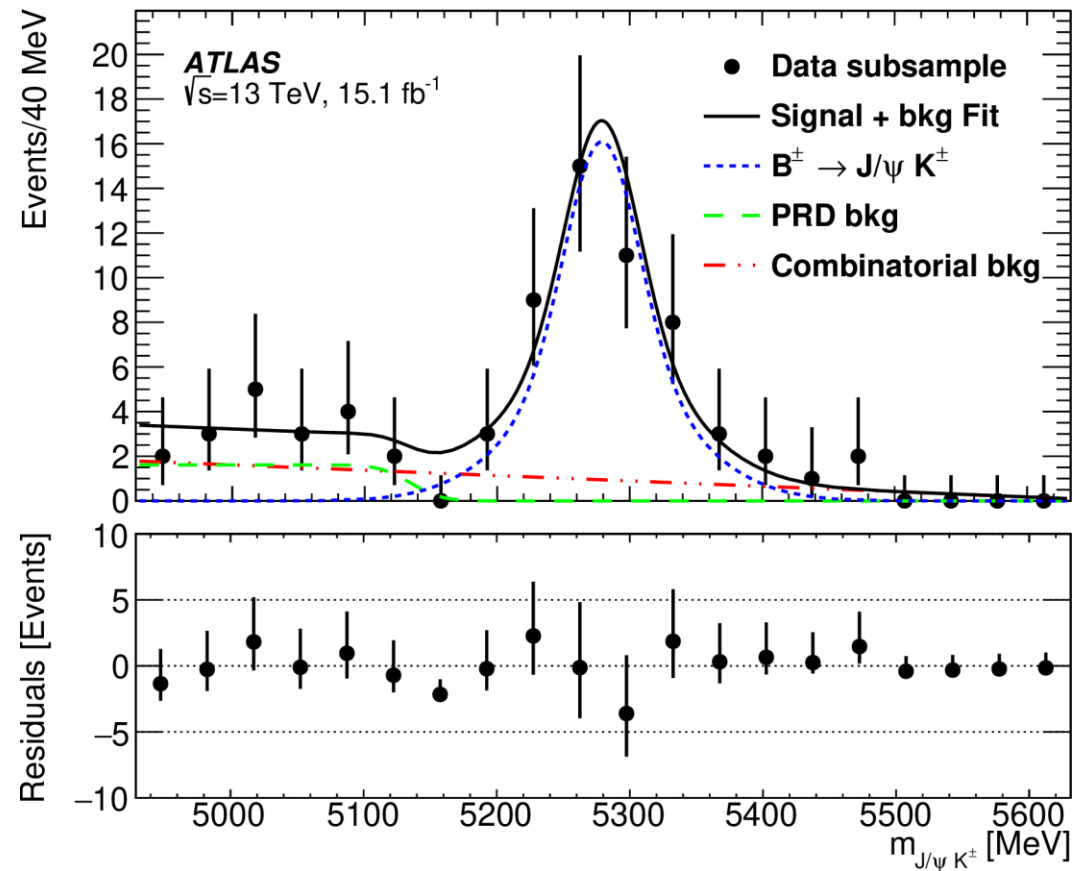


$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ Lifetime

Background Lifetime Fits



Reference Channel Mass Fit



Lifetime Fit Bias

