

***W* mass: a theory overview**

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Sezione di Cagliari



The W boson in the electroweak sector

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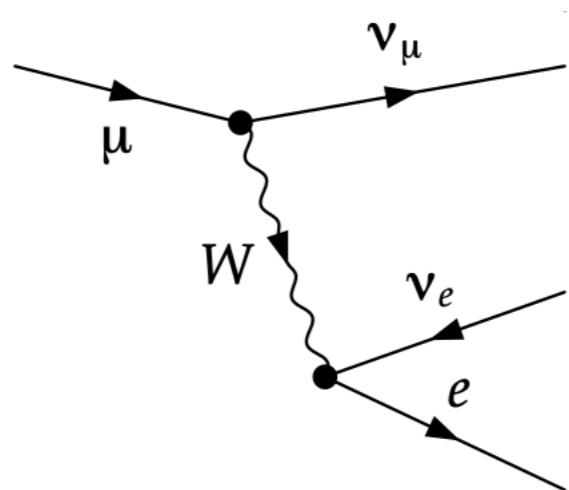
- EW sector uniquely determined by fixing 3 parameters (g, g', ν) in terms of 3 exp. inputs
→ other quantities expressed in terms of them, i.e. $m_W = \nu |g|/2$, $m_Z = \nu \sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}/2$, $\theta_W = \tan^{-1}(g'/g)$

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- Usual choice: $(g, g', \nu) \leftrightarrow (\alpha, G_\mu, m_Z)$
 - ➡ very precisely measured: $\frac{\Delta\alpha}{\alpha} \sim 3 \times 10^{-10}$, $\frac{\Delta G_\mu}{G_\mu} \sim 5 \times 10^{-7}$, $\frac{\Delta M_Z}{M_Z} \sim 2 \times 10^{-5}$

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- Well-known $m_W - m_Z$ interdependence:
matching of muon decay width within Fermi model and in the full SM



$$m_W^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_W^2}{m_Z^2} \right) = \frac{\pi \alpha}{G_\mu \sqrt{2}}$$

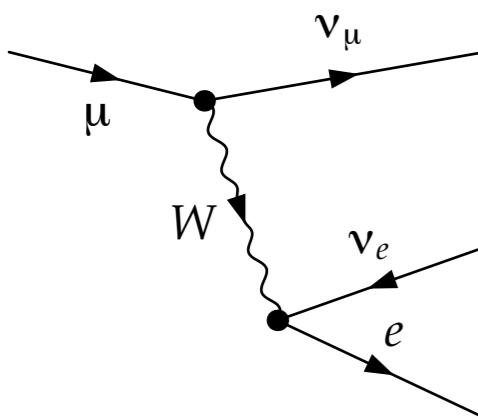
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Radiative corrections: $m_W^2 = \frac{m_Z^2}{2} \left(1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{4\pi\alpha}{G_\mu\sqrt{2}m_Z^2}(1 + \Delta r)} \right)$

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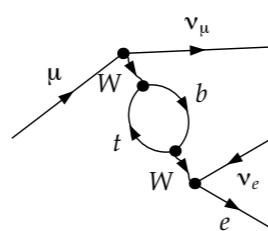
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Tree level

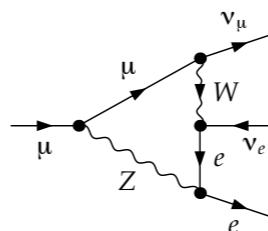
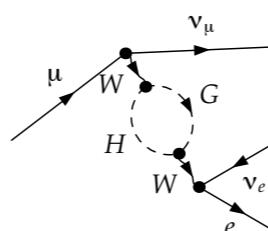


+

1-loop



+ ...



+ full 2-loop + partial 3- and 4-loop

$$m_W = 80.934 \text{ GeV}$$

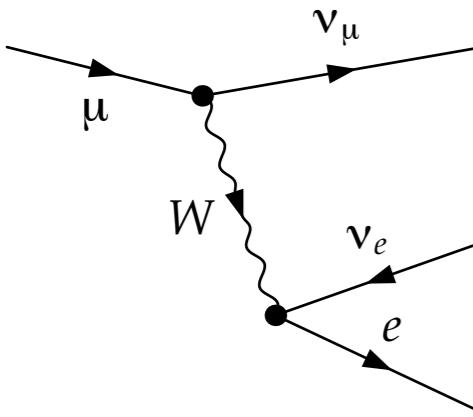
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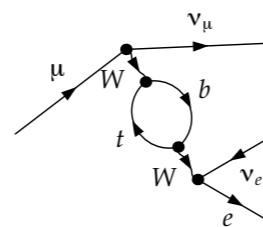
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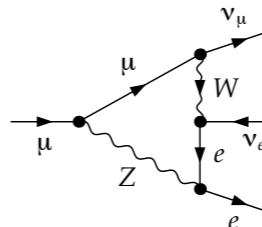
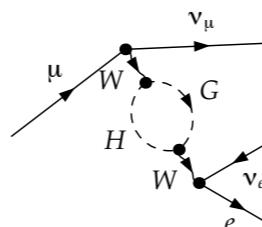


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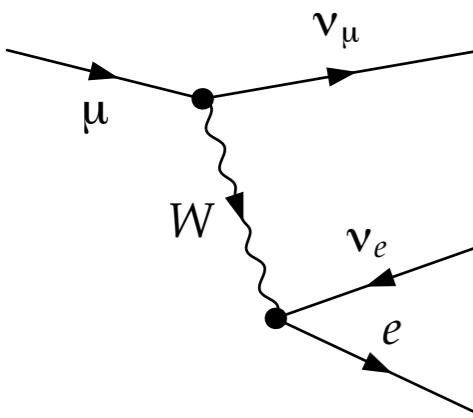
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- Missing h.o. uncertainty:
 - $\delta m_W^{OS} = 4 \text{ MeV}$ on-shell scheme [Freitas, Hollik, Walter, Weiglein NPB 632 (2002)]
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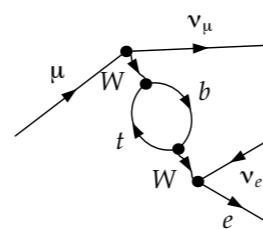
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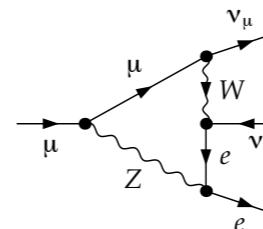
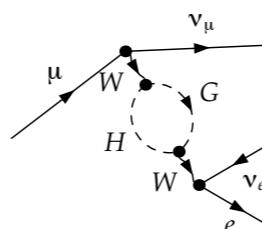


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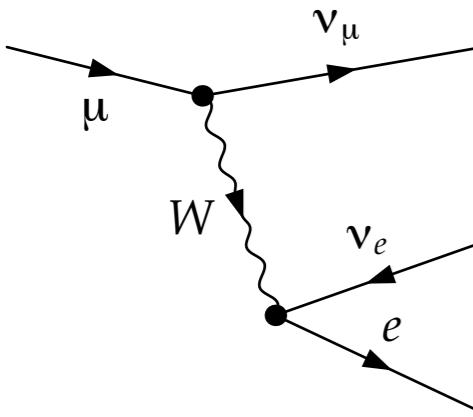
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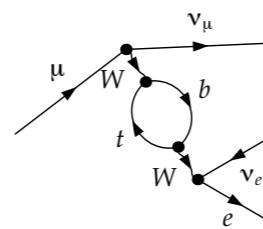
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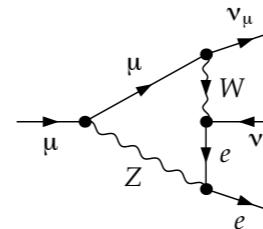
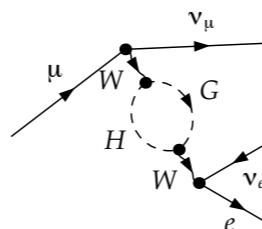


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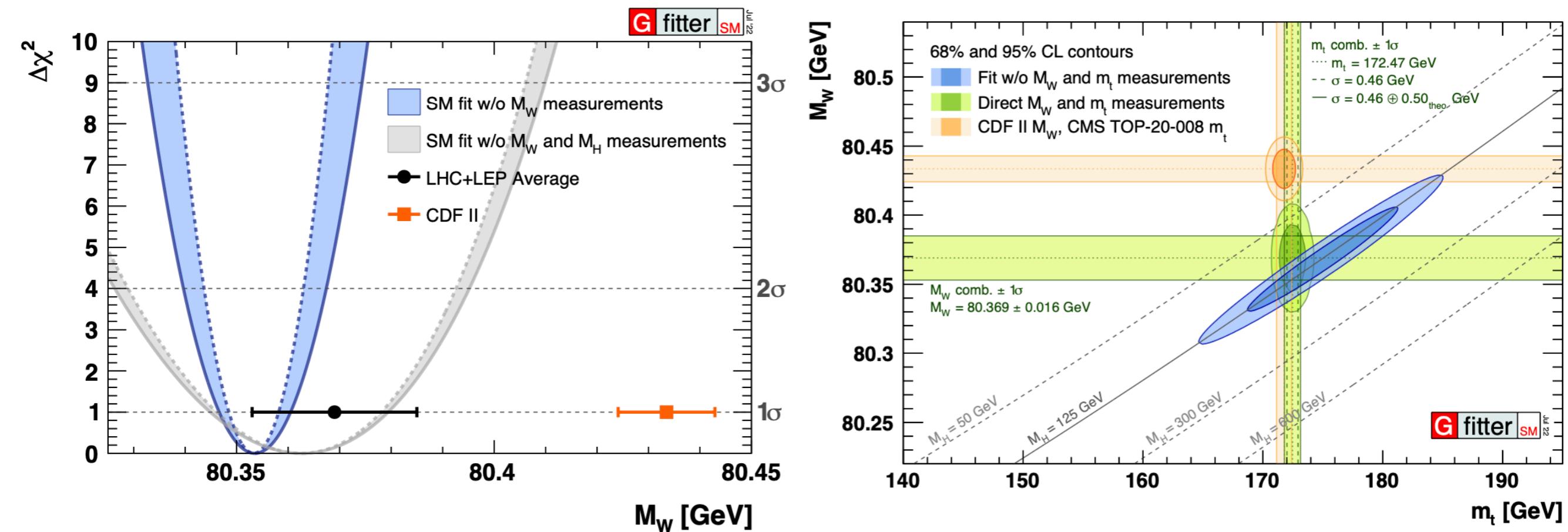
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$$\frac{\delta m_W}{m_W} \approx 10^{-4}$$

Electroweak fit

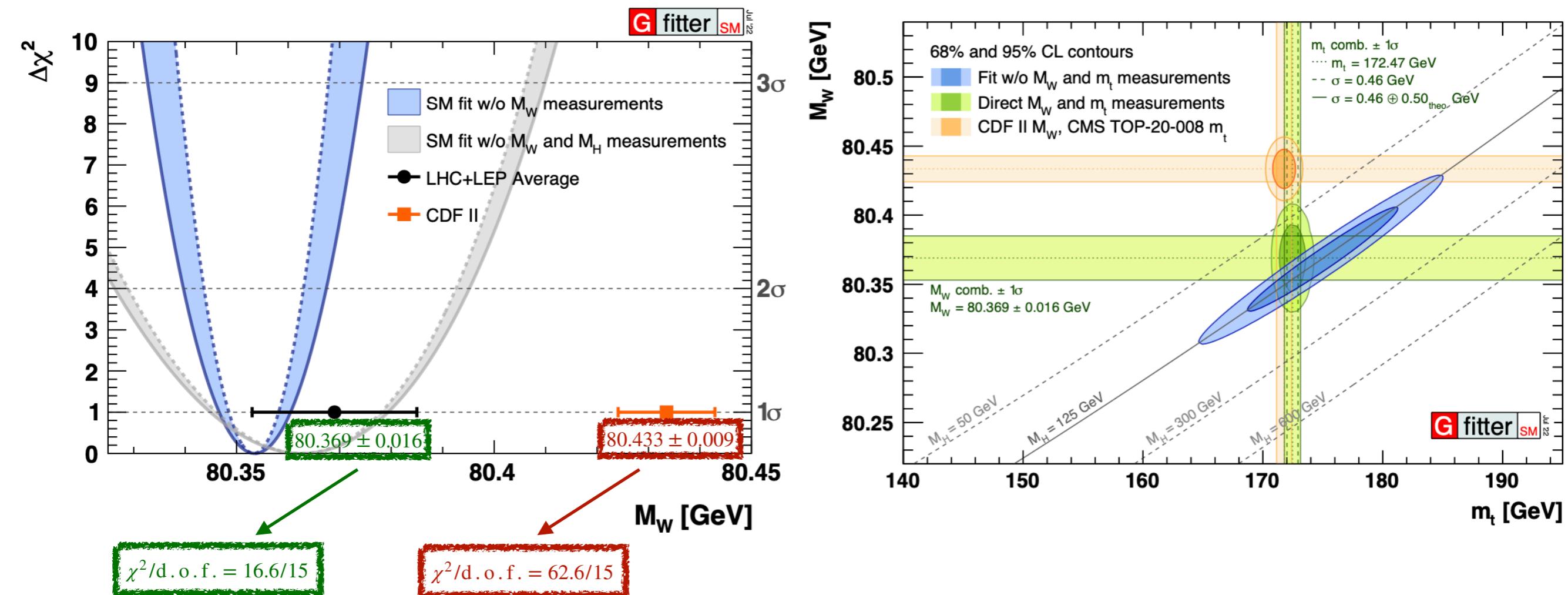


Indirect determination

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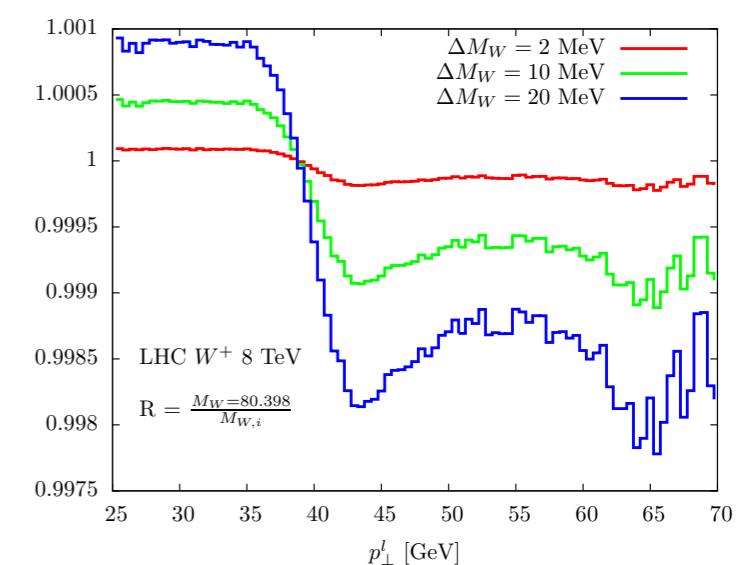
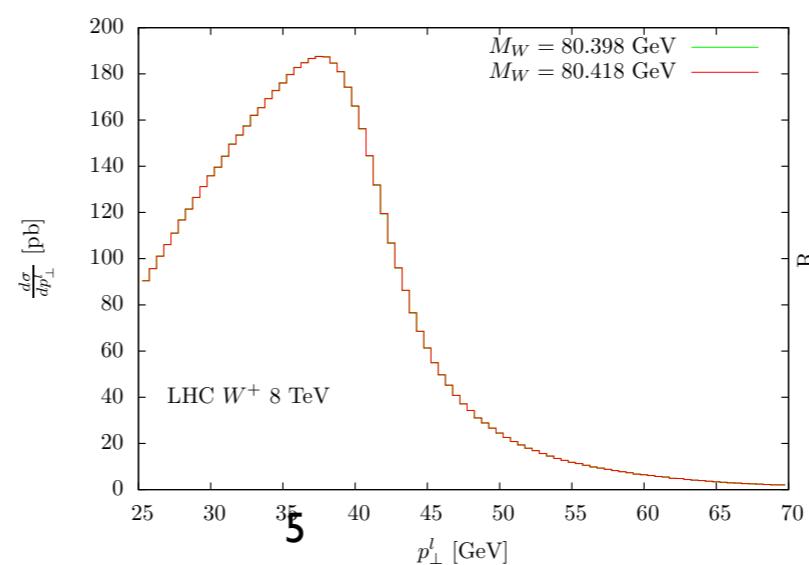
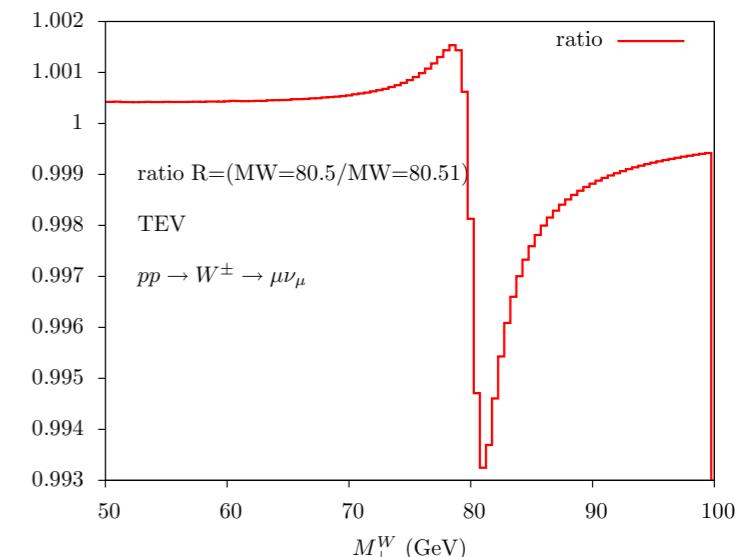
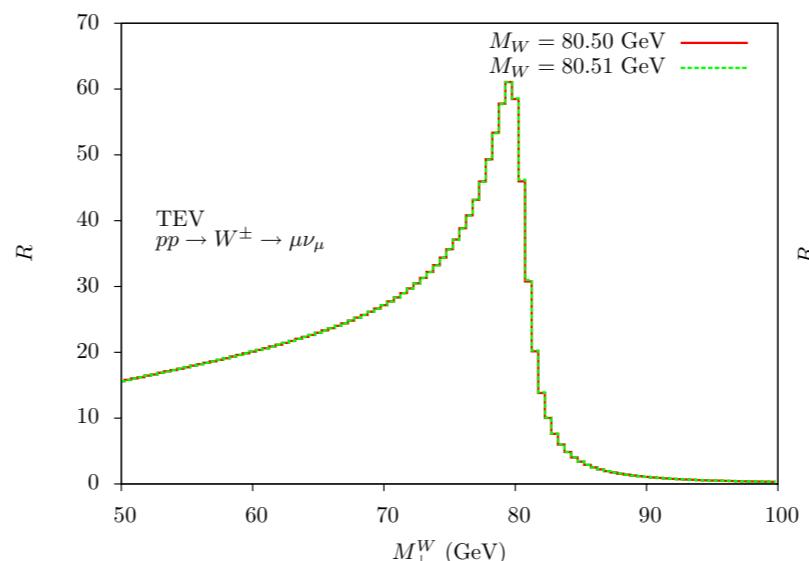
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Measuring m_W at hadron colliders

- Measurement performed in leptonic decays only (overwhelming multi-jet bkg)
- Reconstruction of the lepton-neutrino invariant mass is not possible
 - ➡ 2 main observables: p_T^ℓ and $m_T = \sqrt{2|p_T^\ell||p_T^\nu|(1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}$

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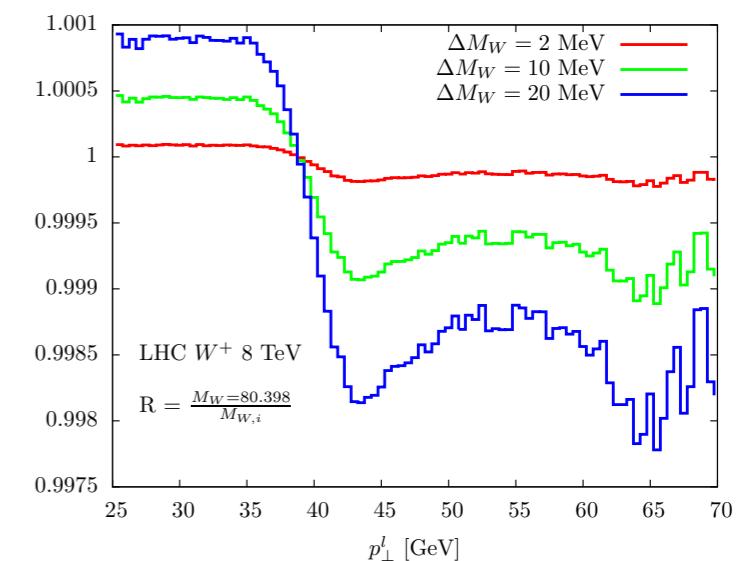
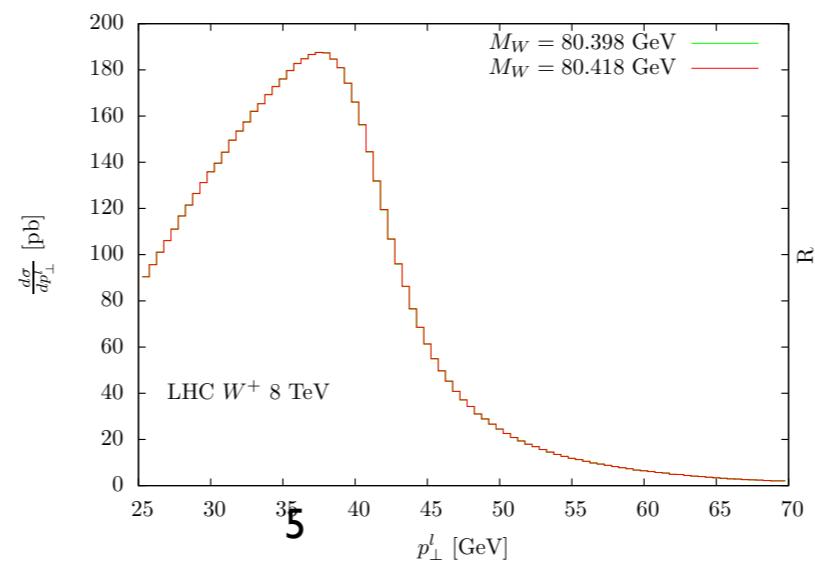
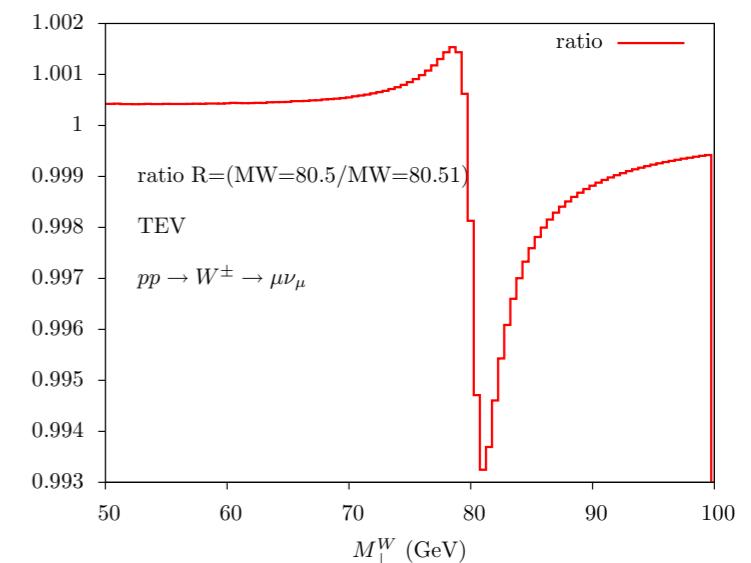
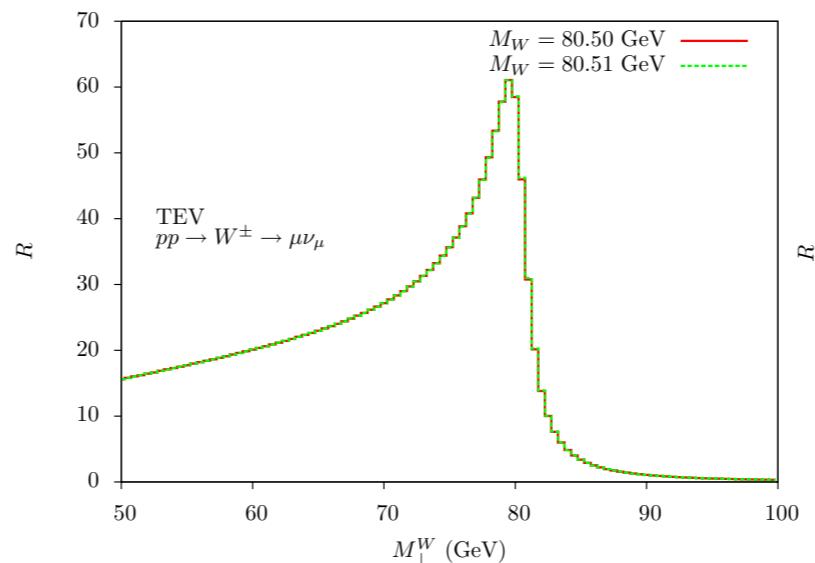


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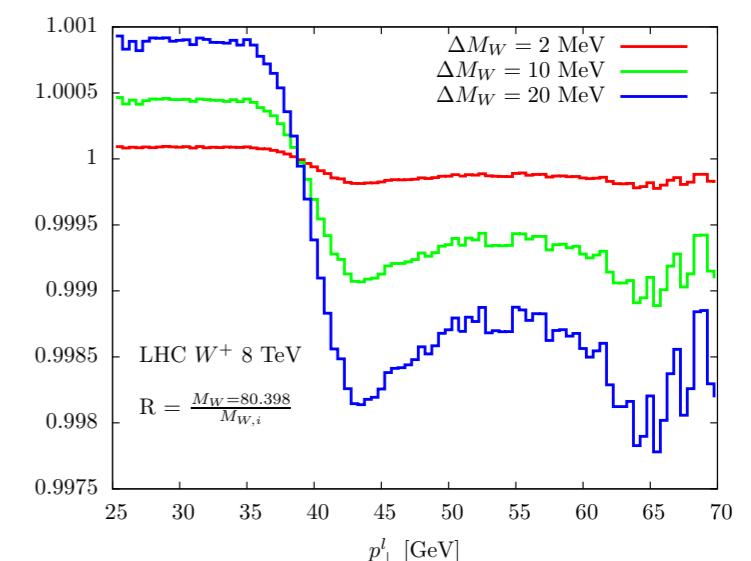
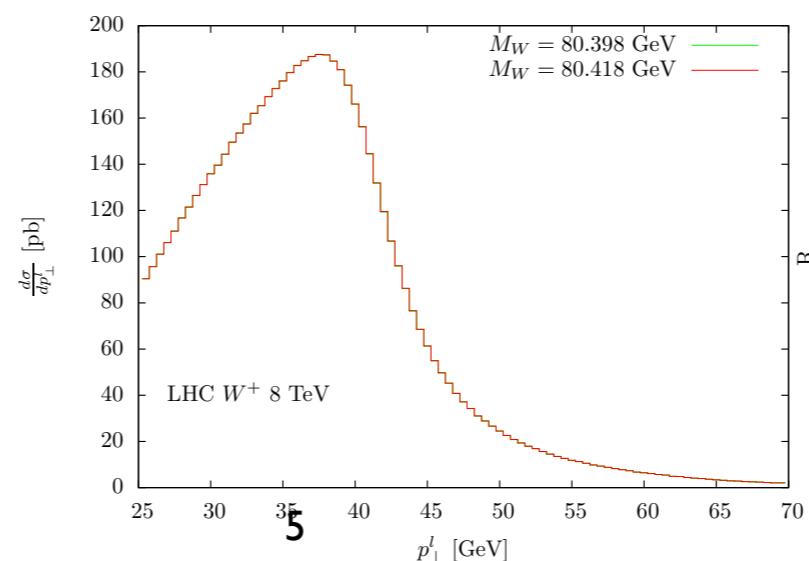
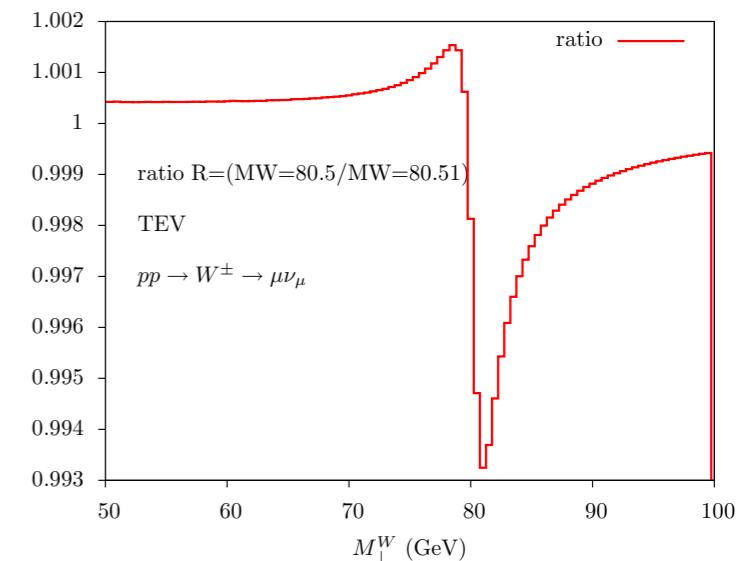
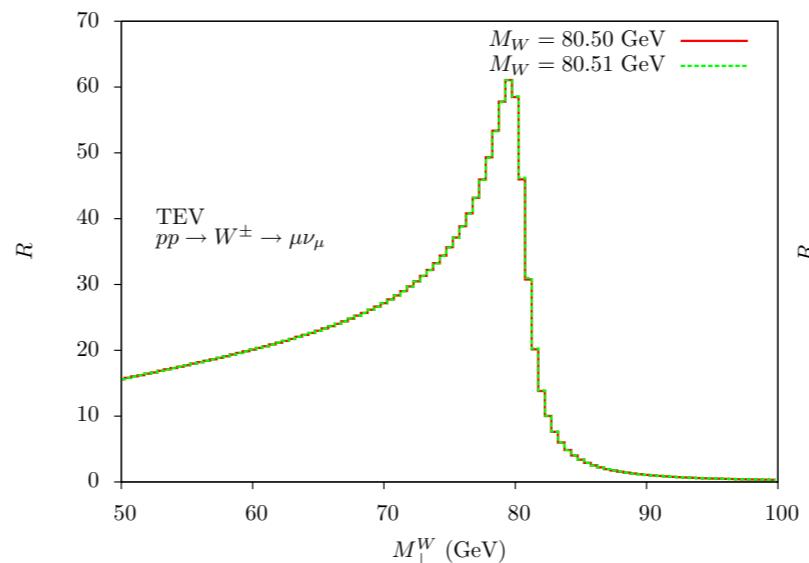
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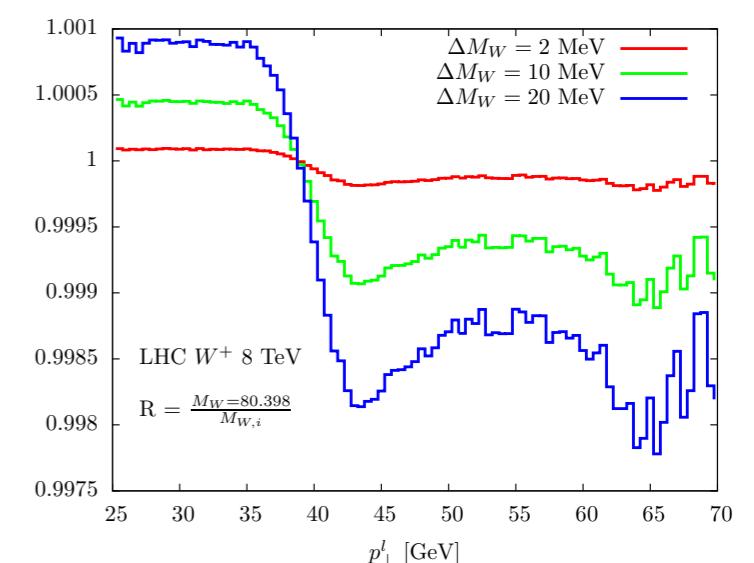
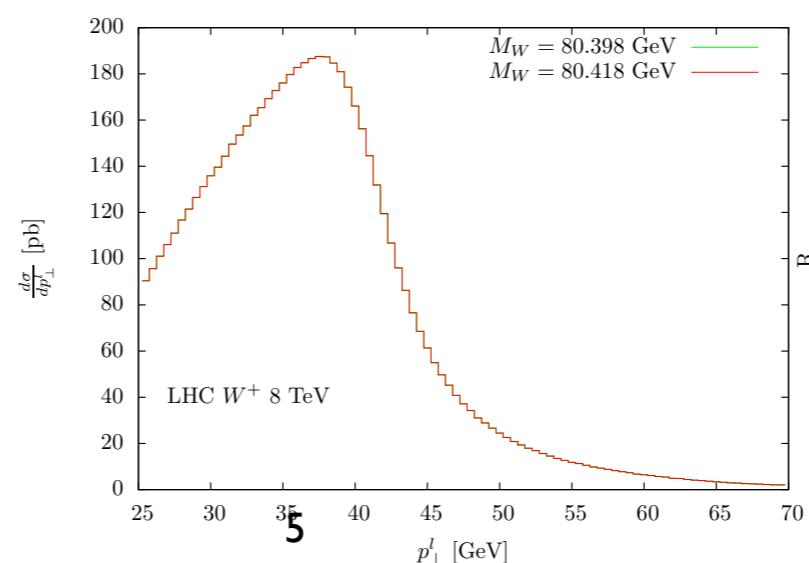
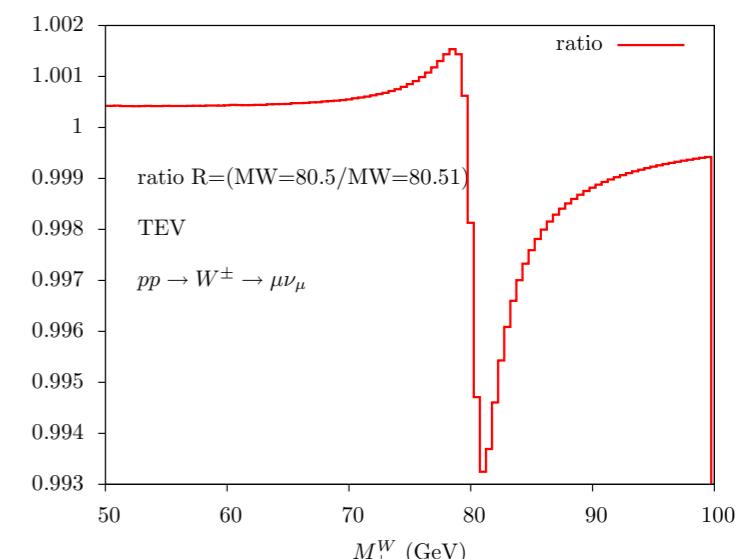
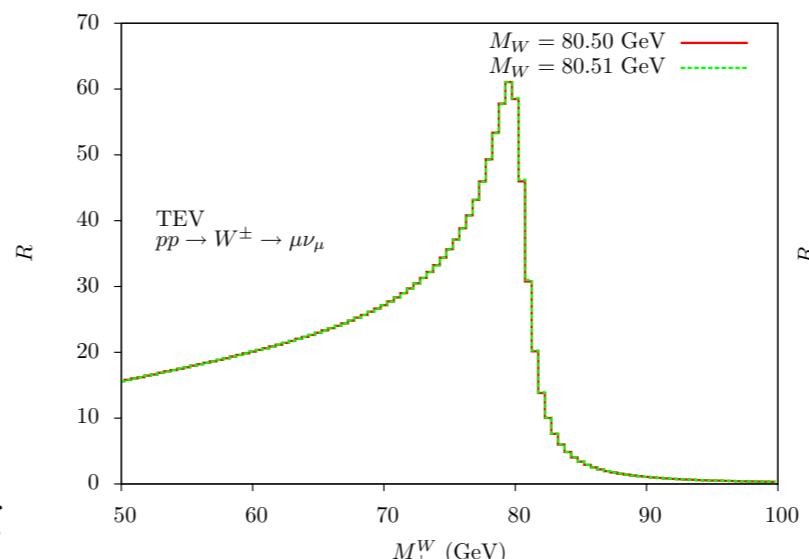
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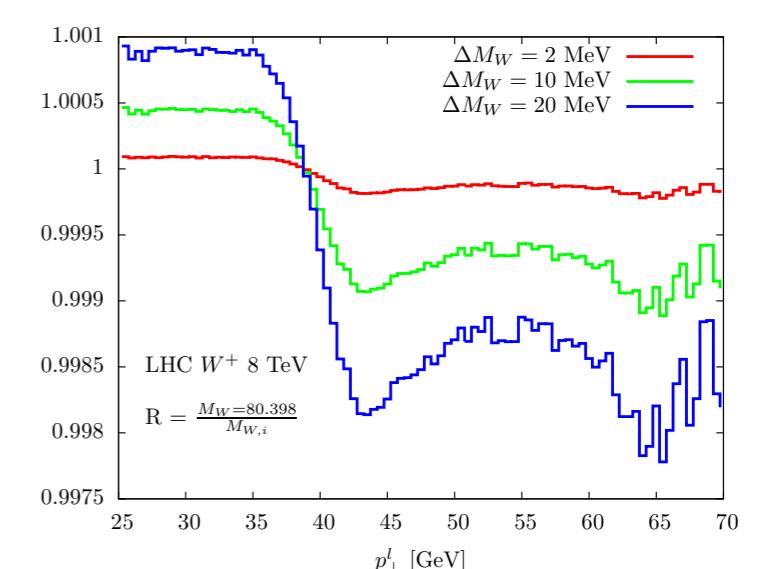
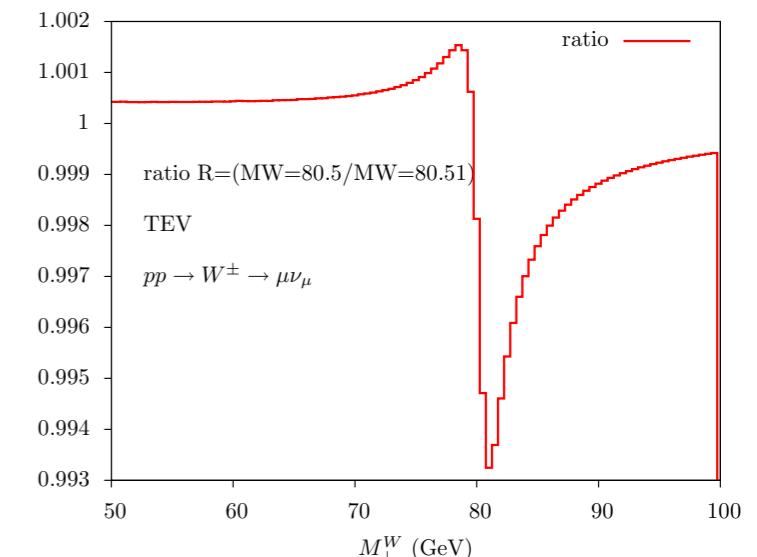
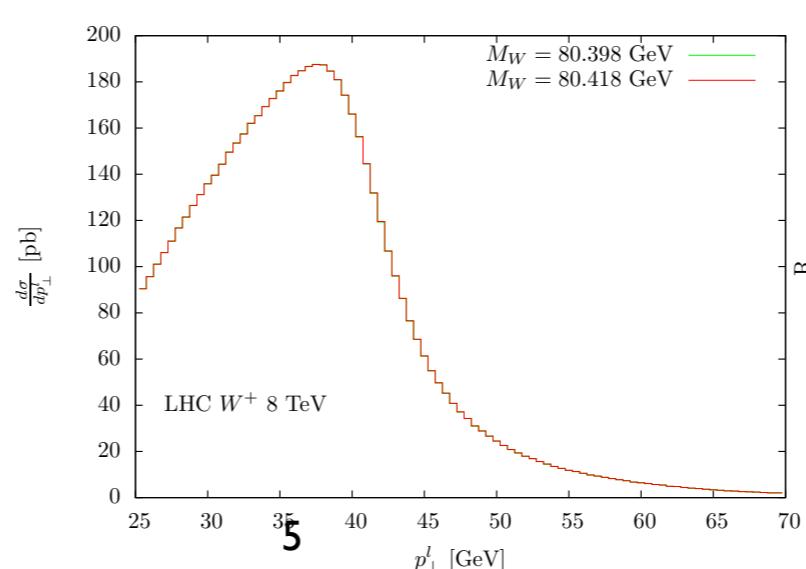
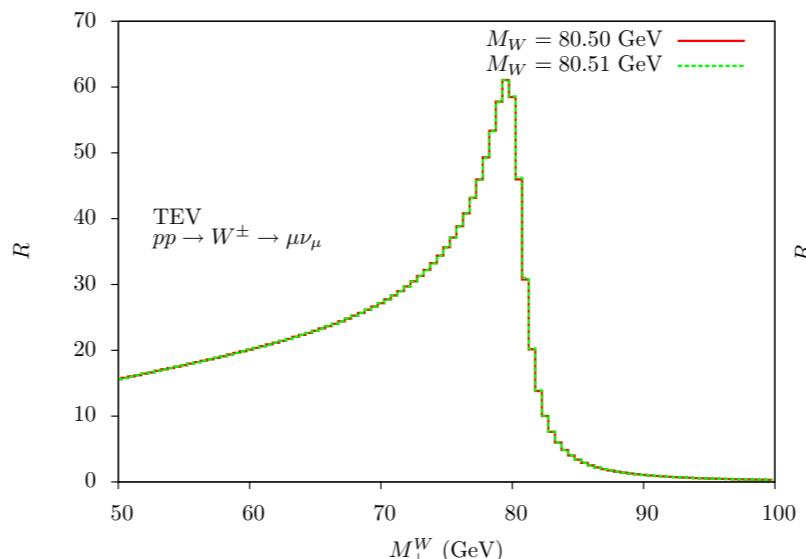
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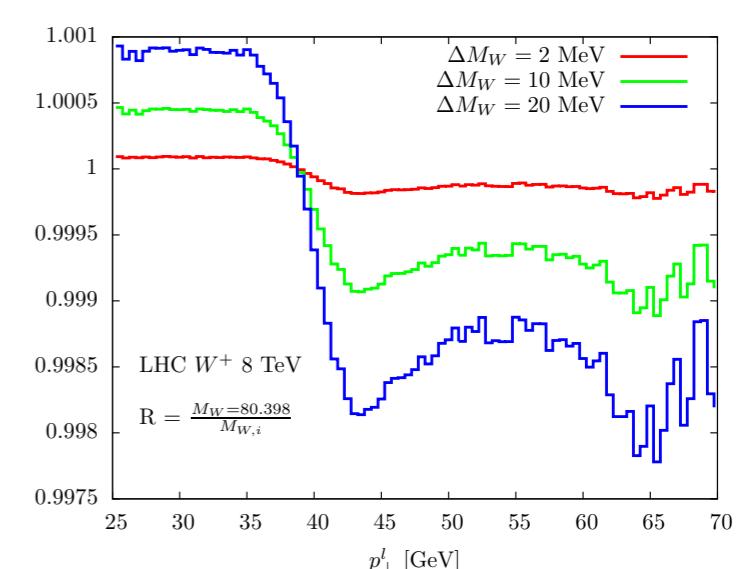
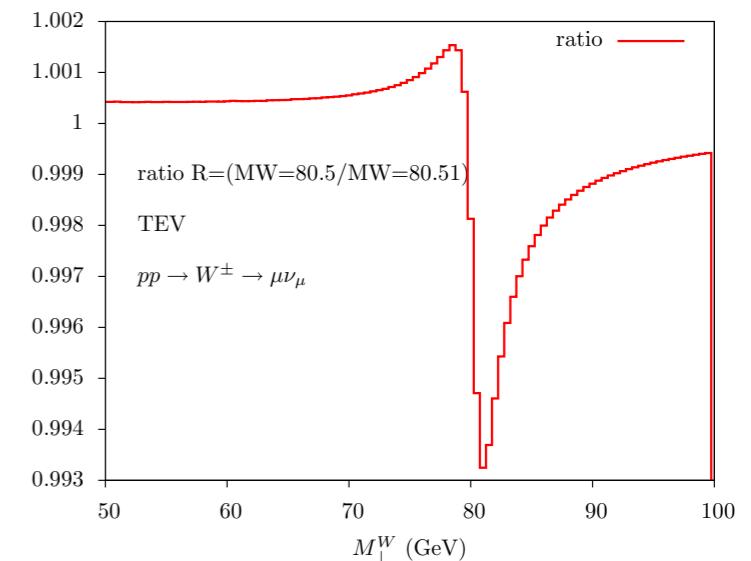
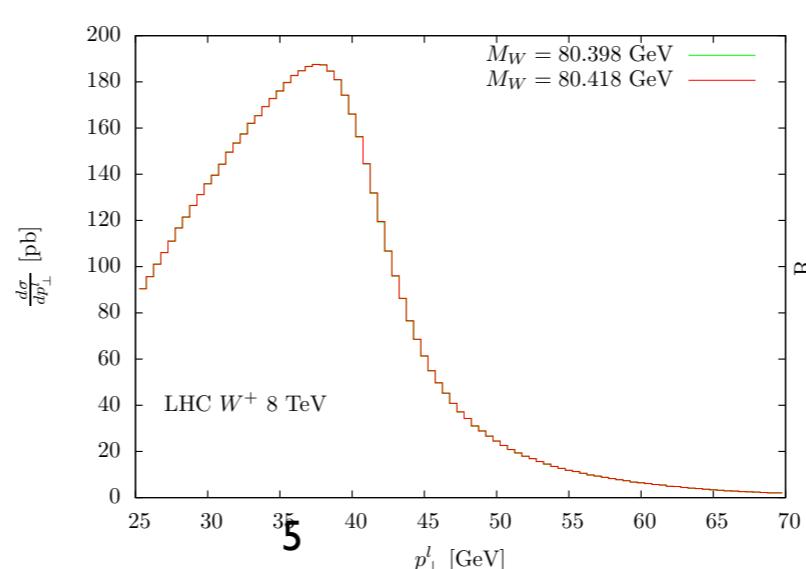
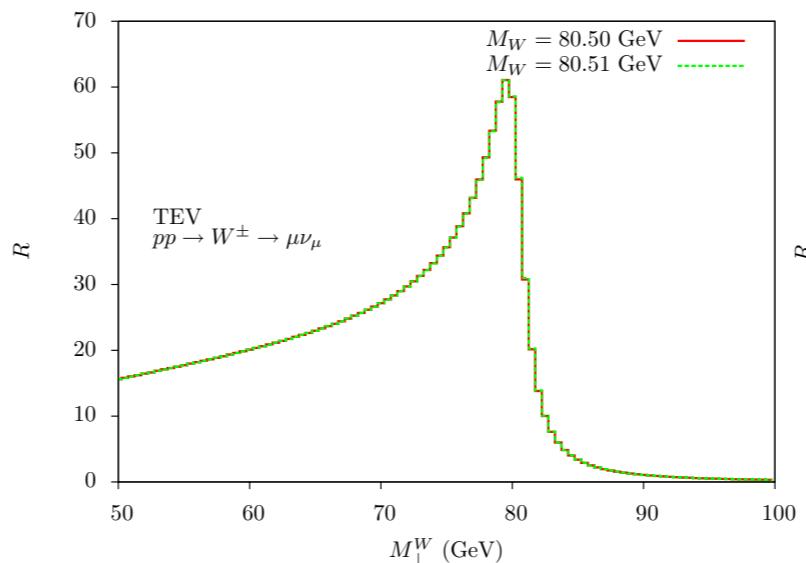
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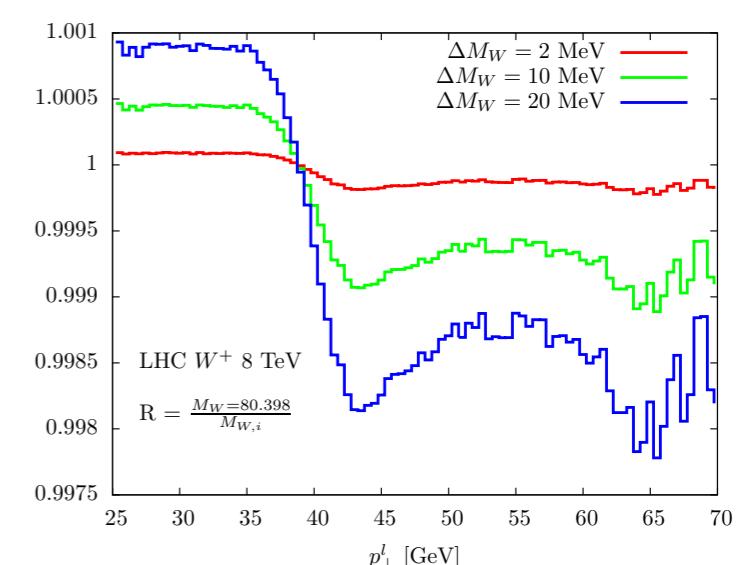
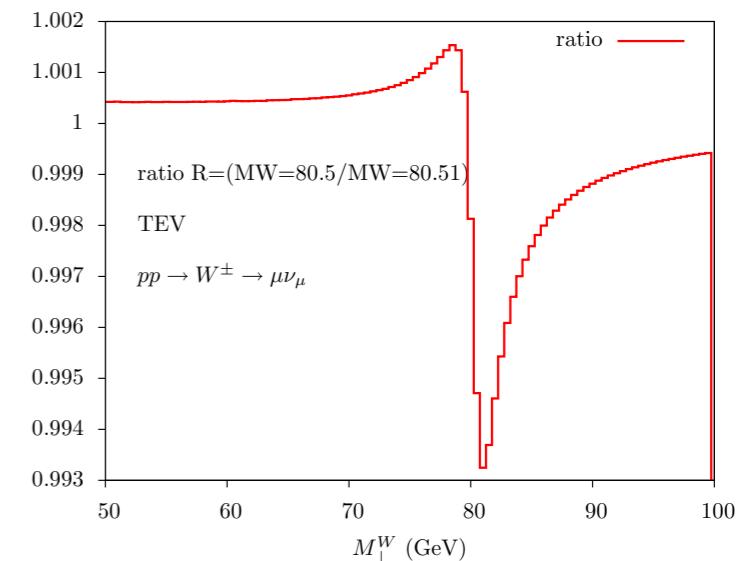
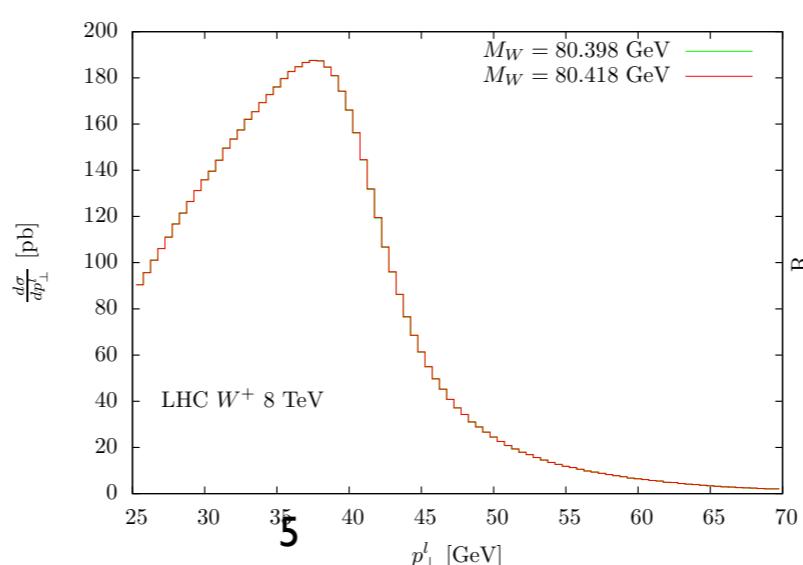
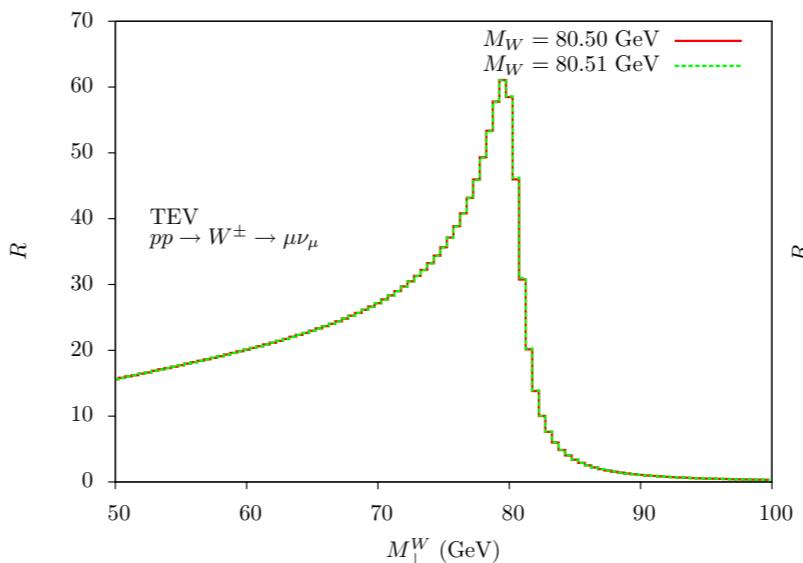
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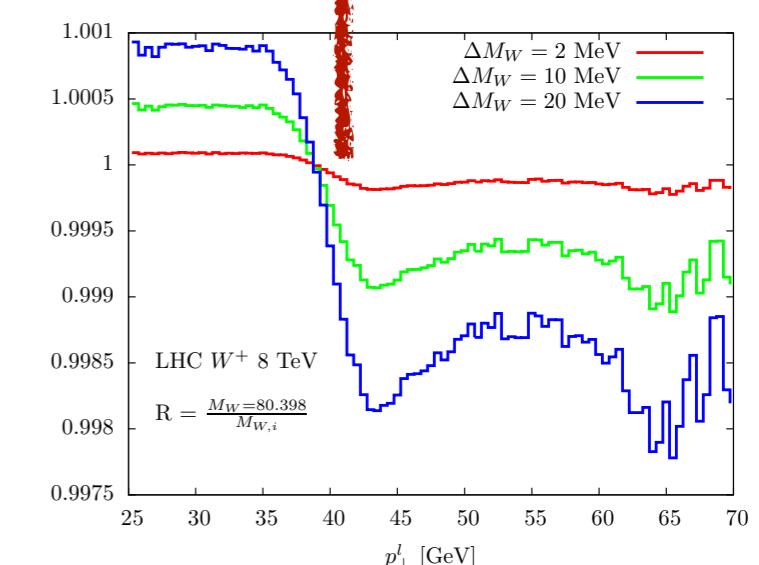
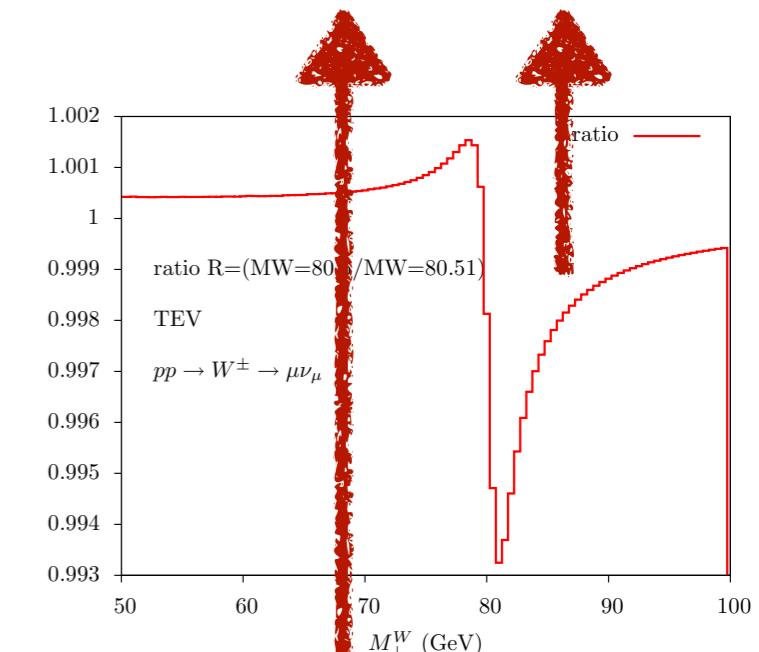
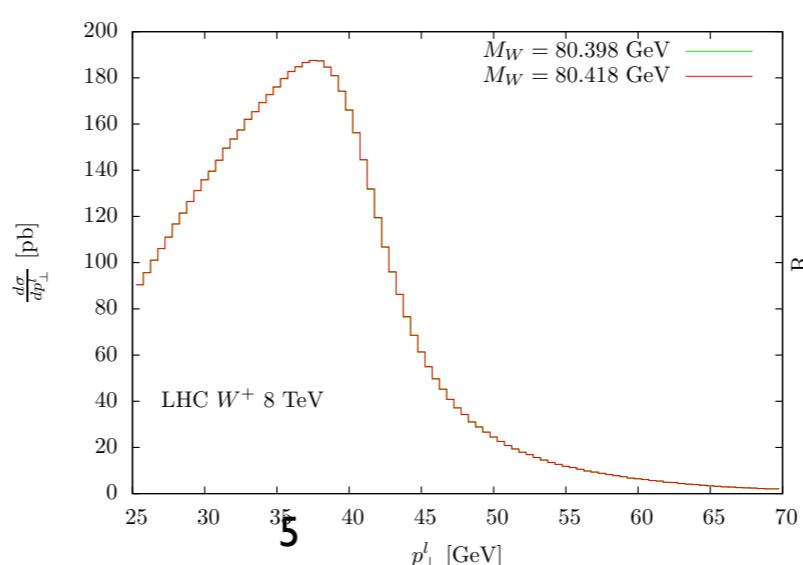
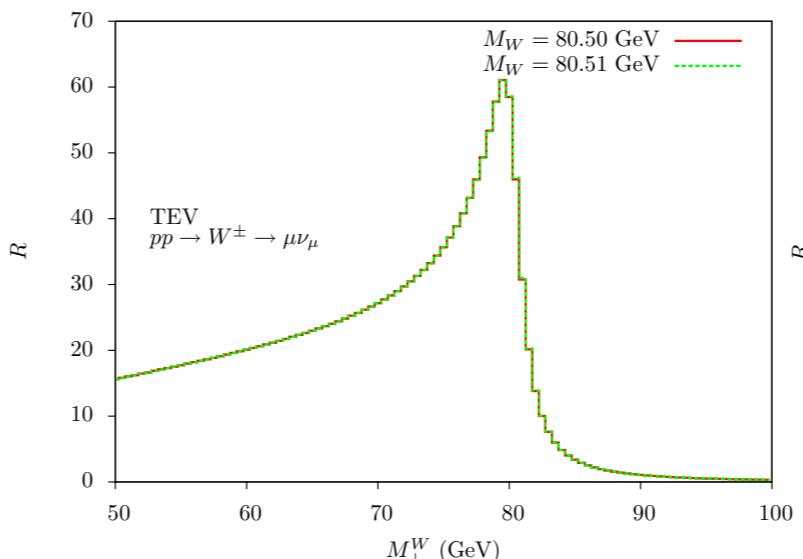
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**determination at 10^{-4} level
requires control of the shape
at permille level**

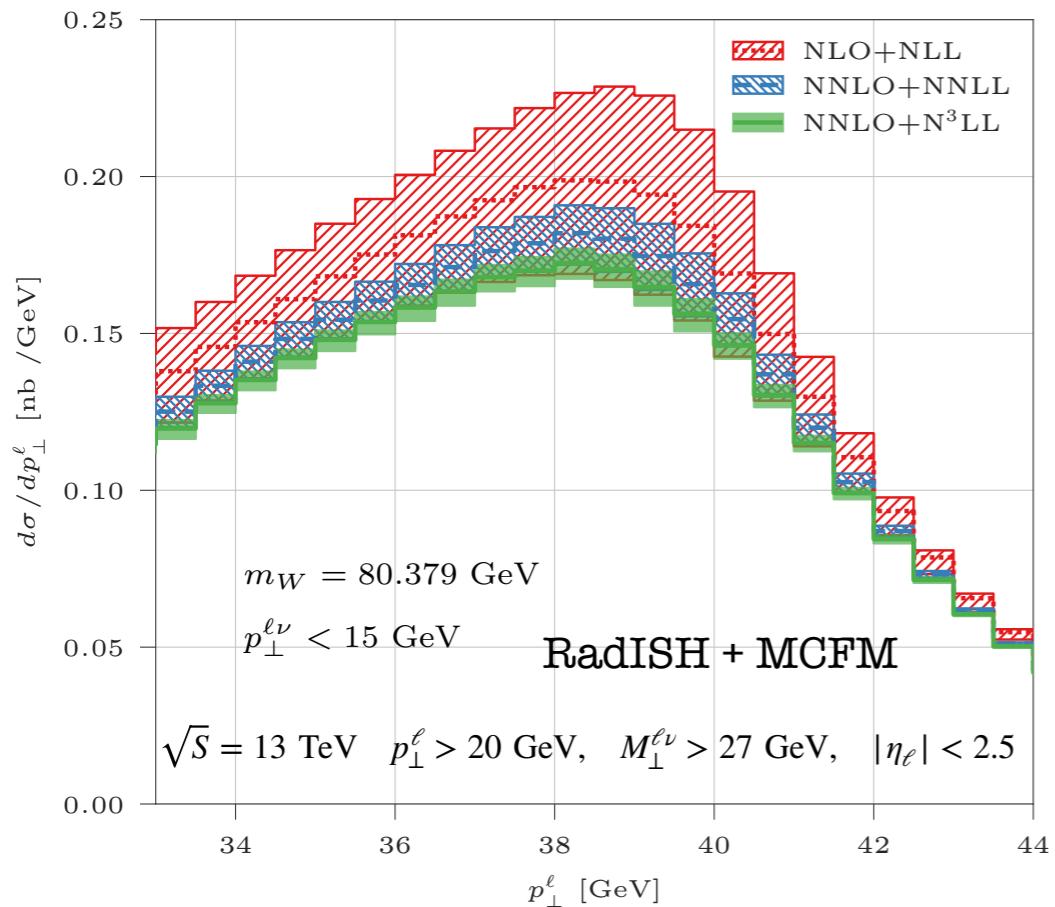
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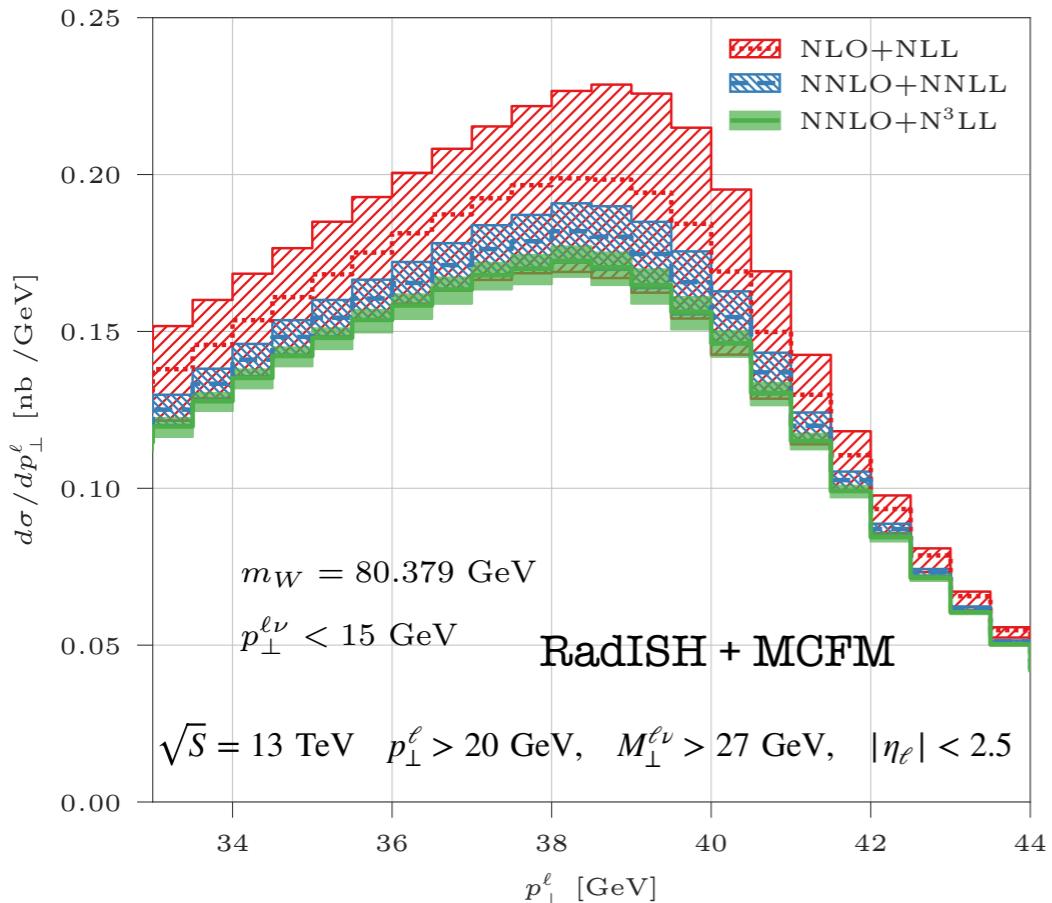
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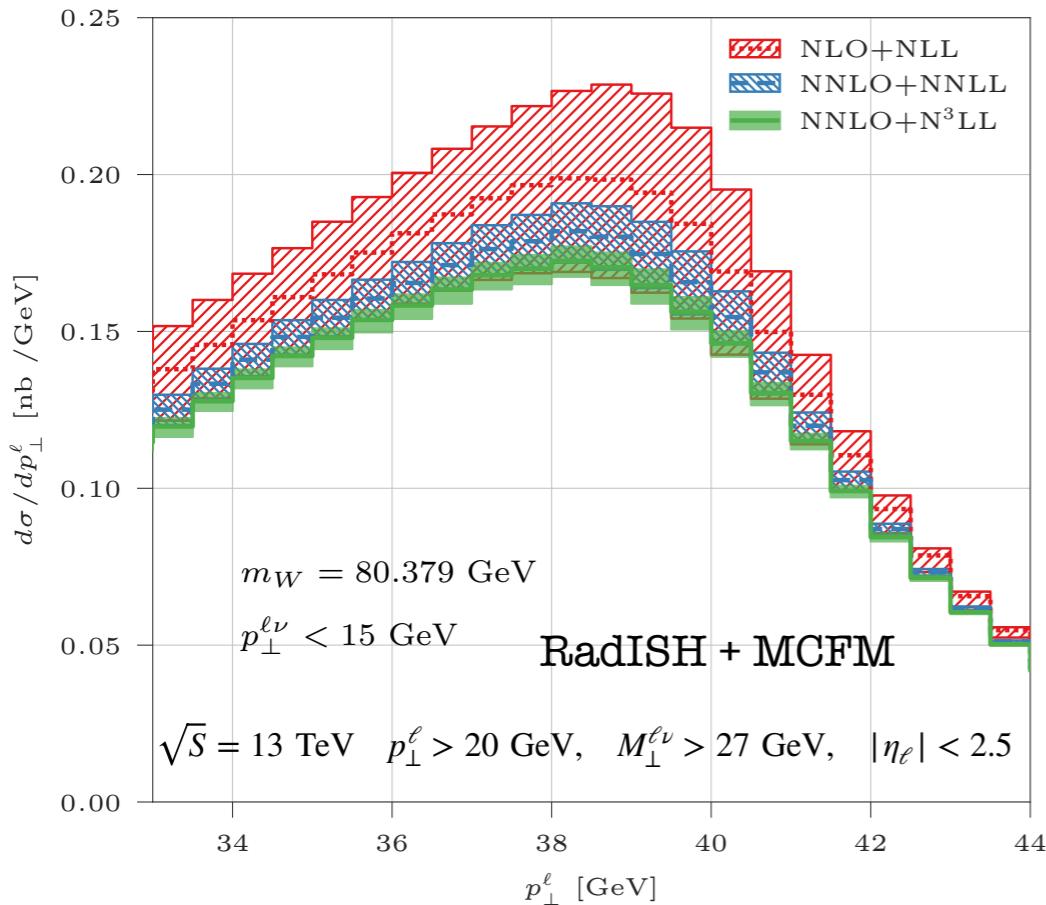


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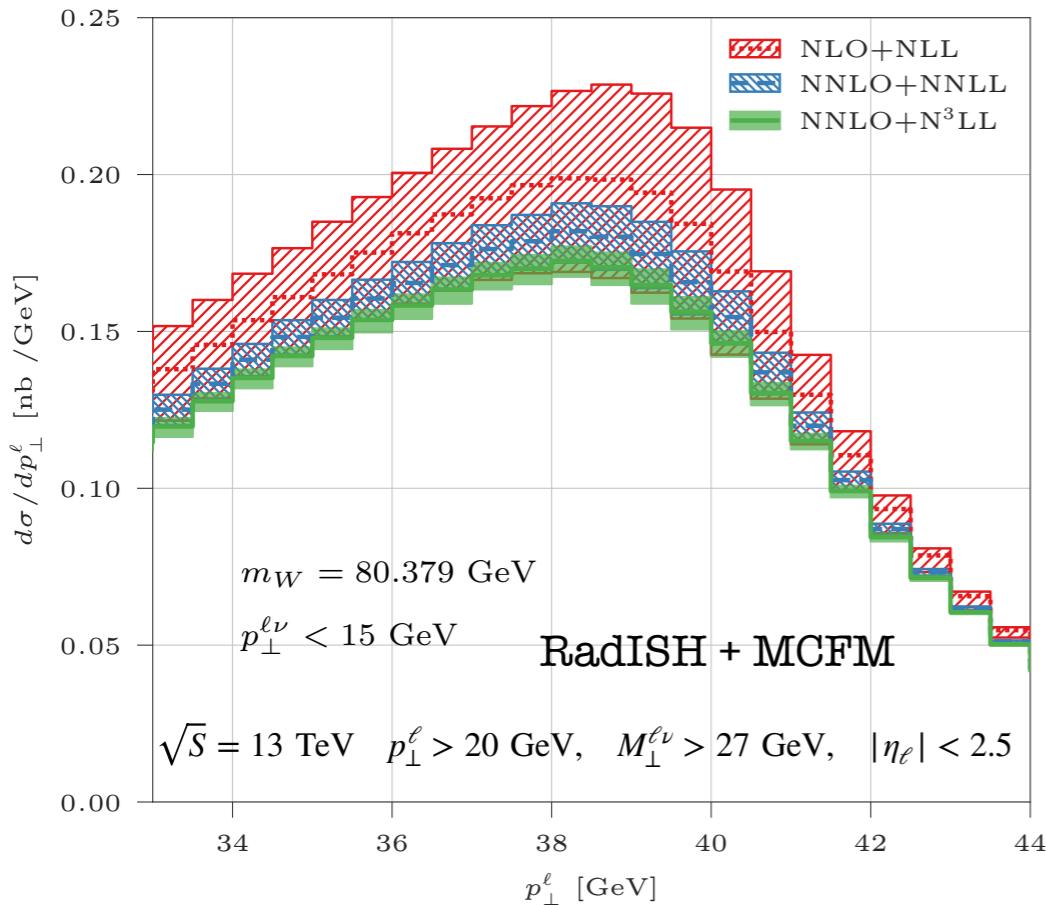
- QCD scale variation
 - set of equally good templates
 - $\mathcal{O}(1\%)$ width \rightarrow 10x larger than required!

Perturbative uncertainties



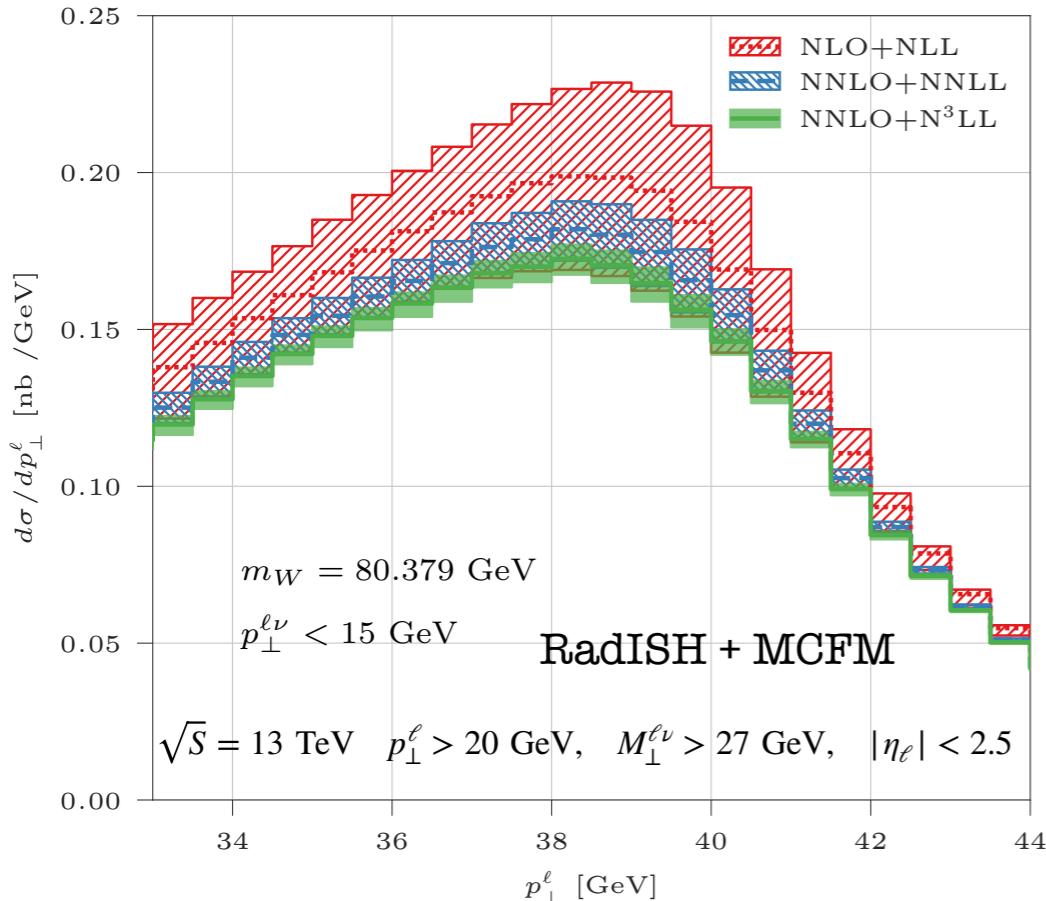
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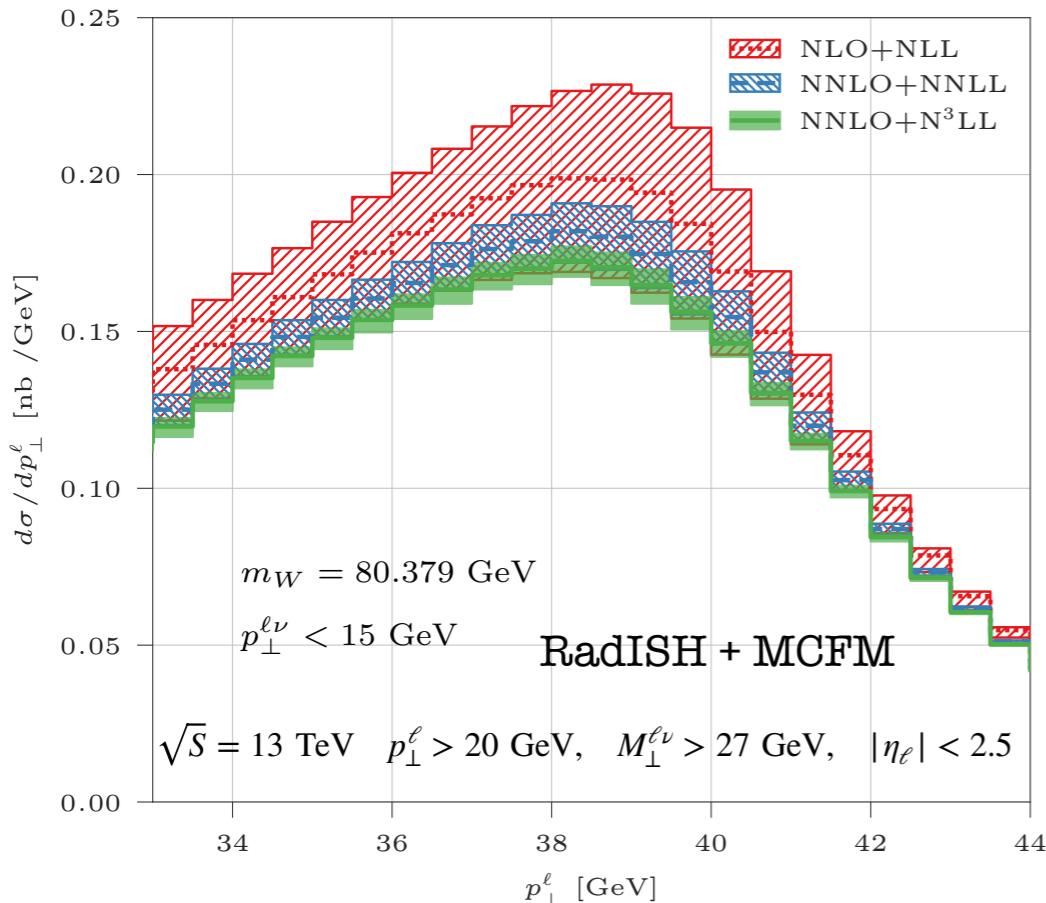
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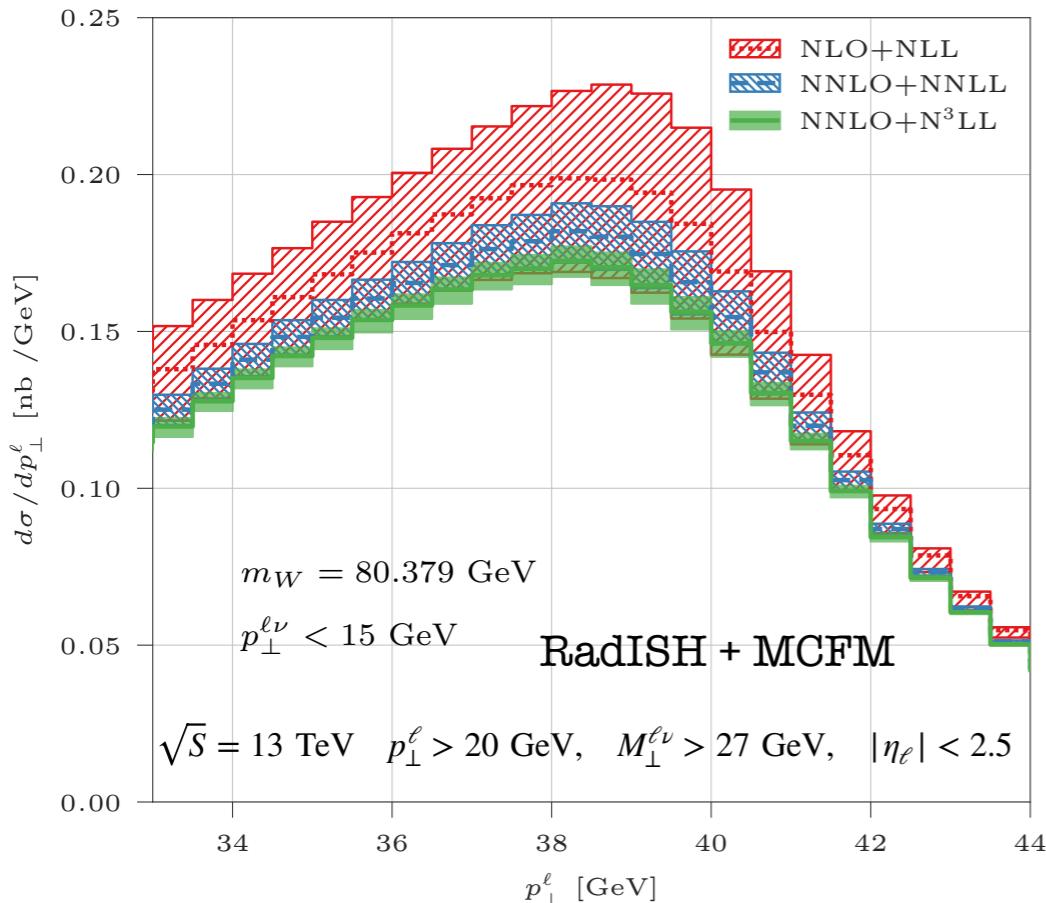
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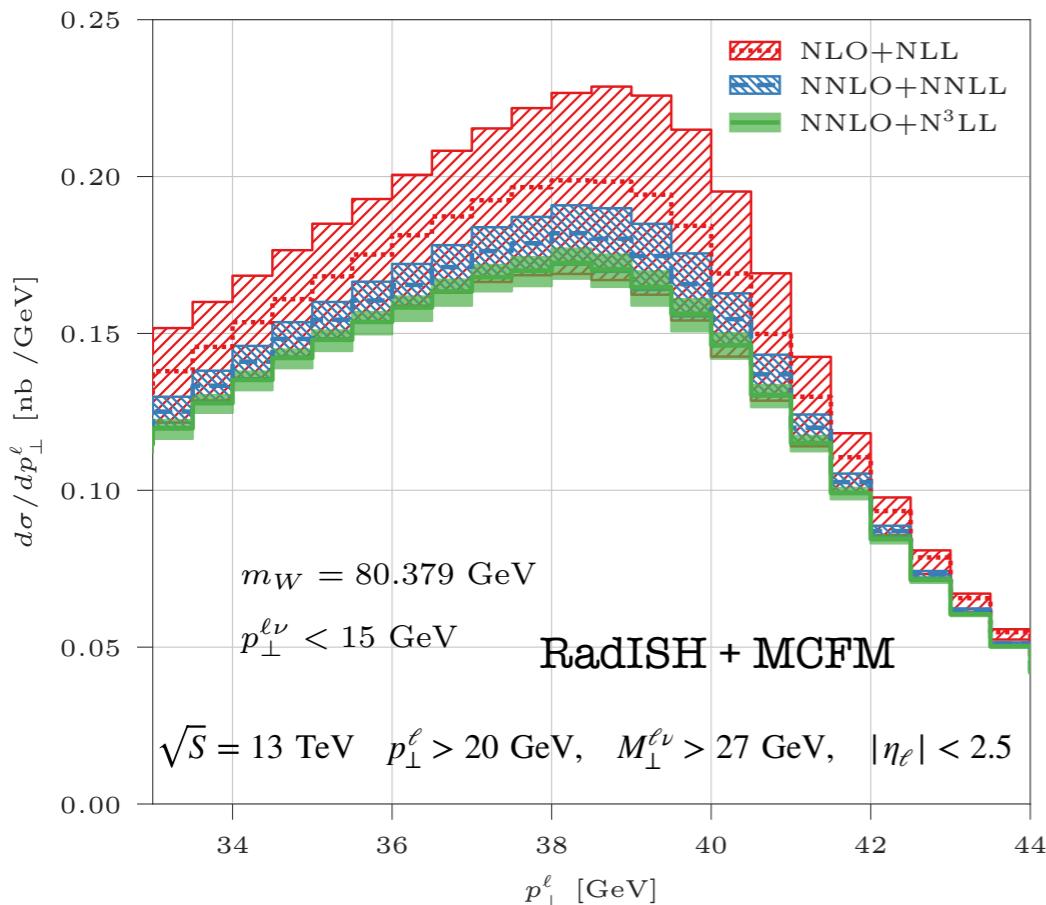
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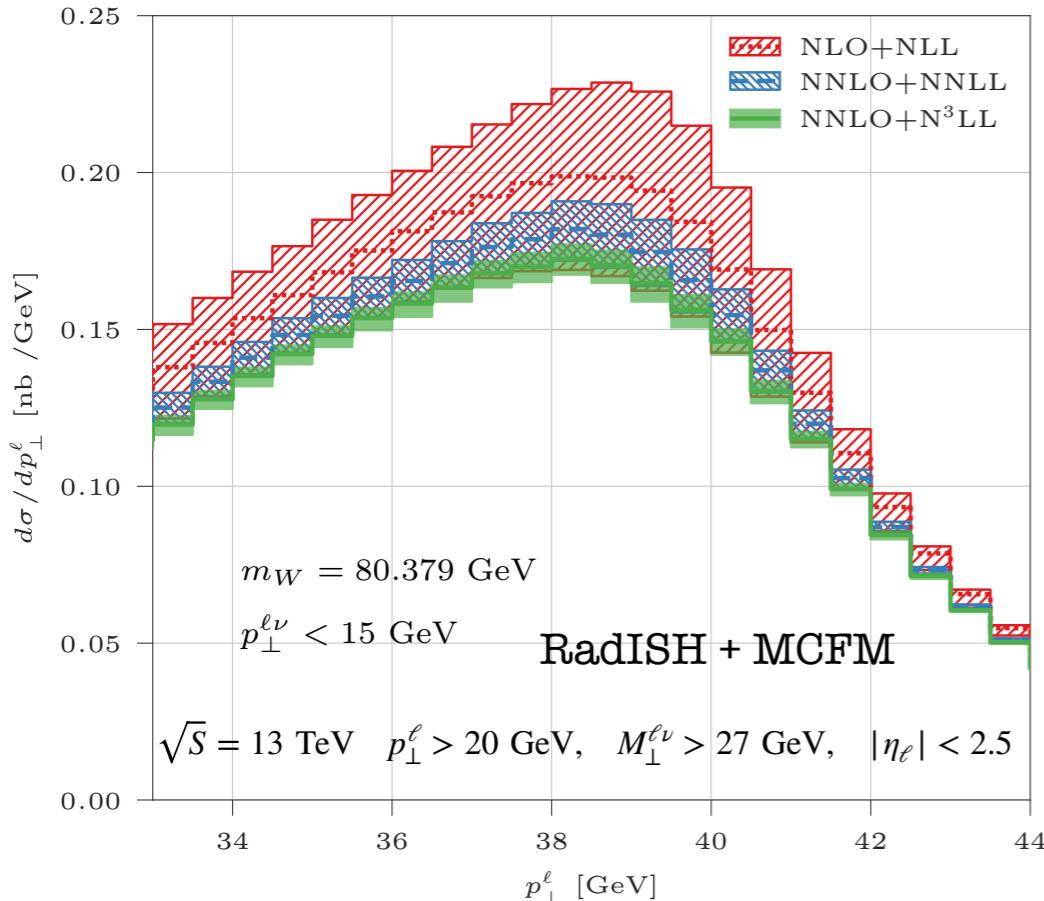
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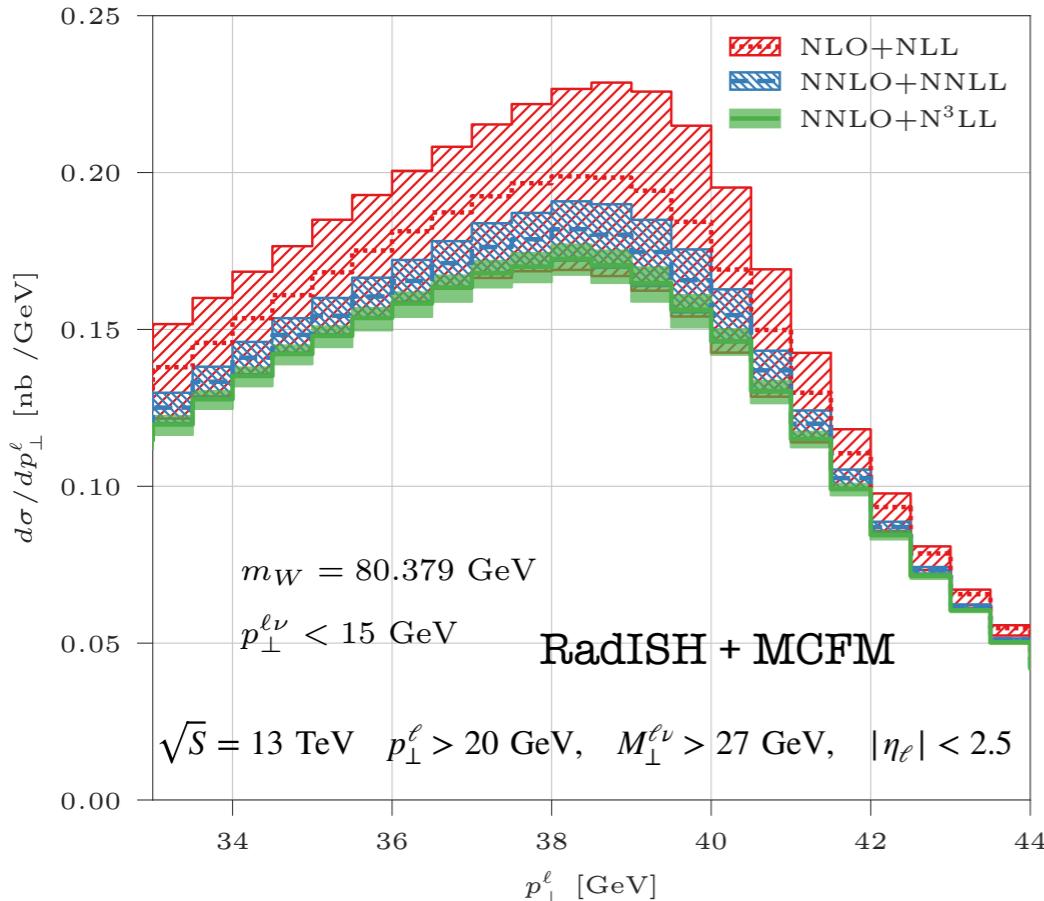
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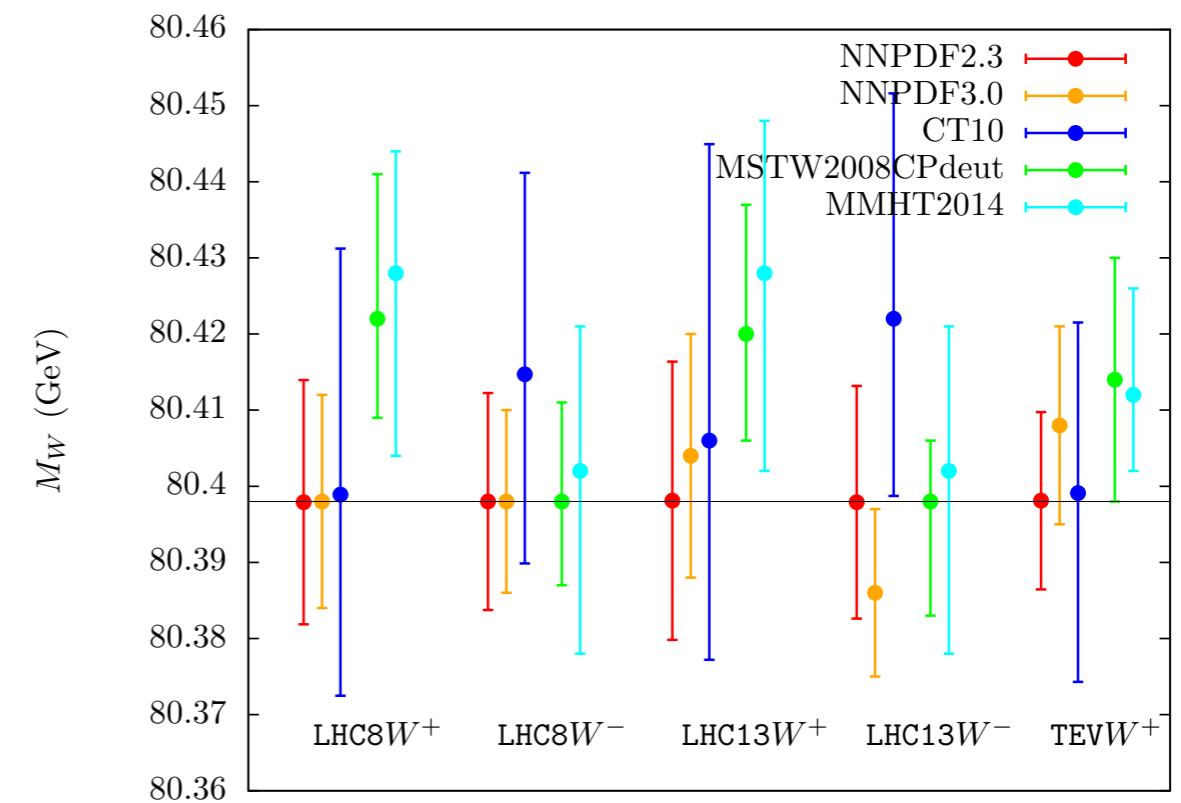
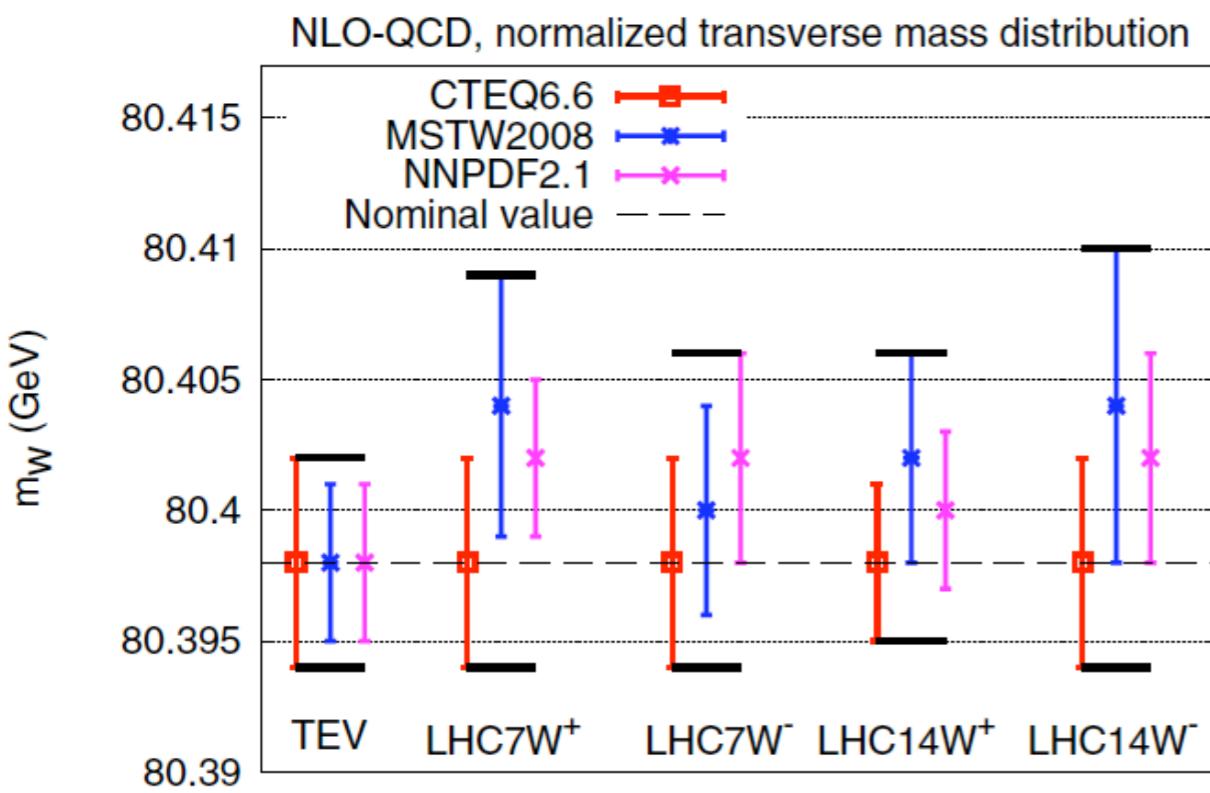
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 - choice of different sets
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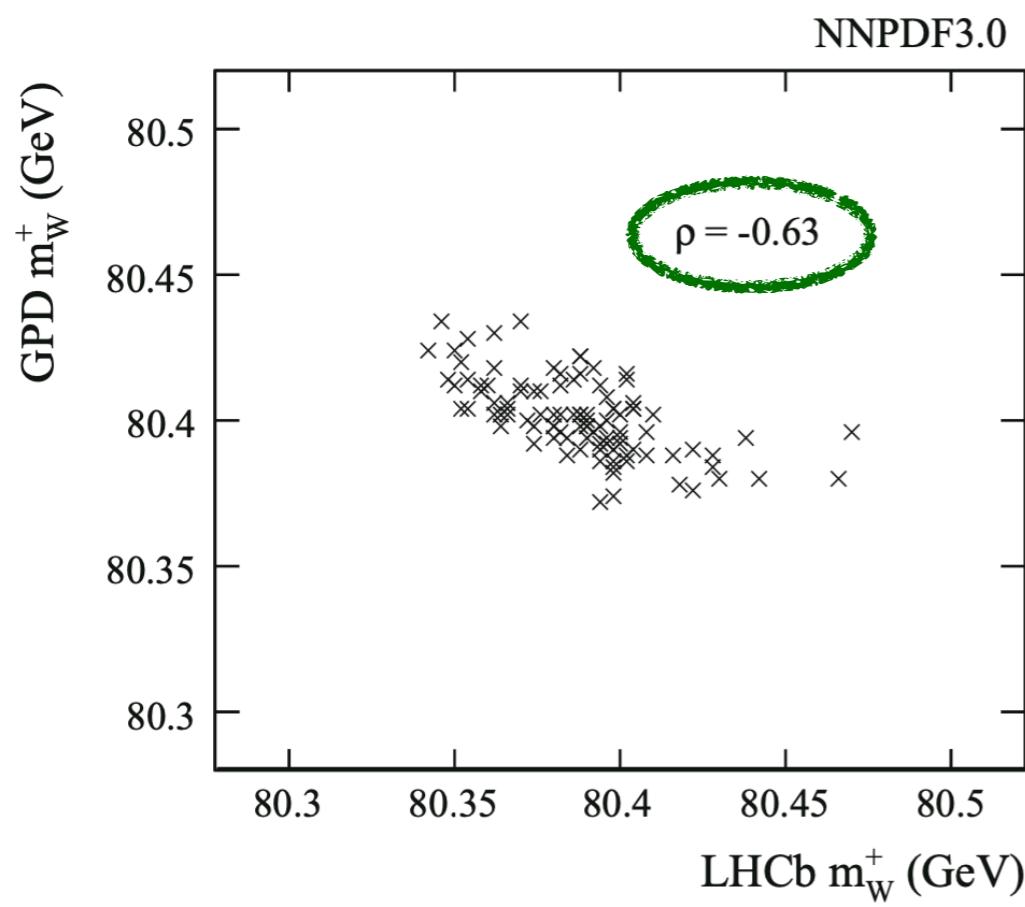
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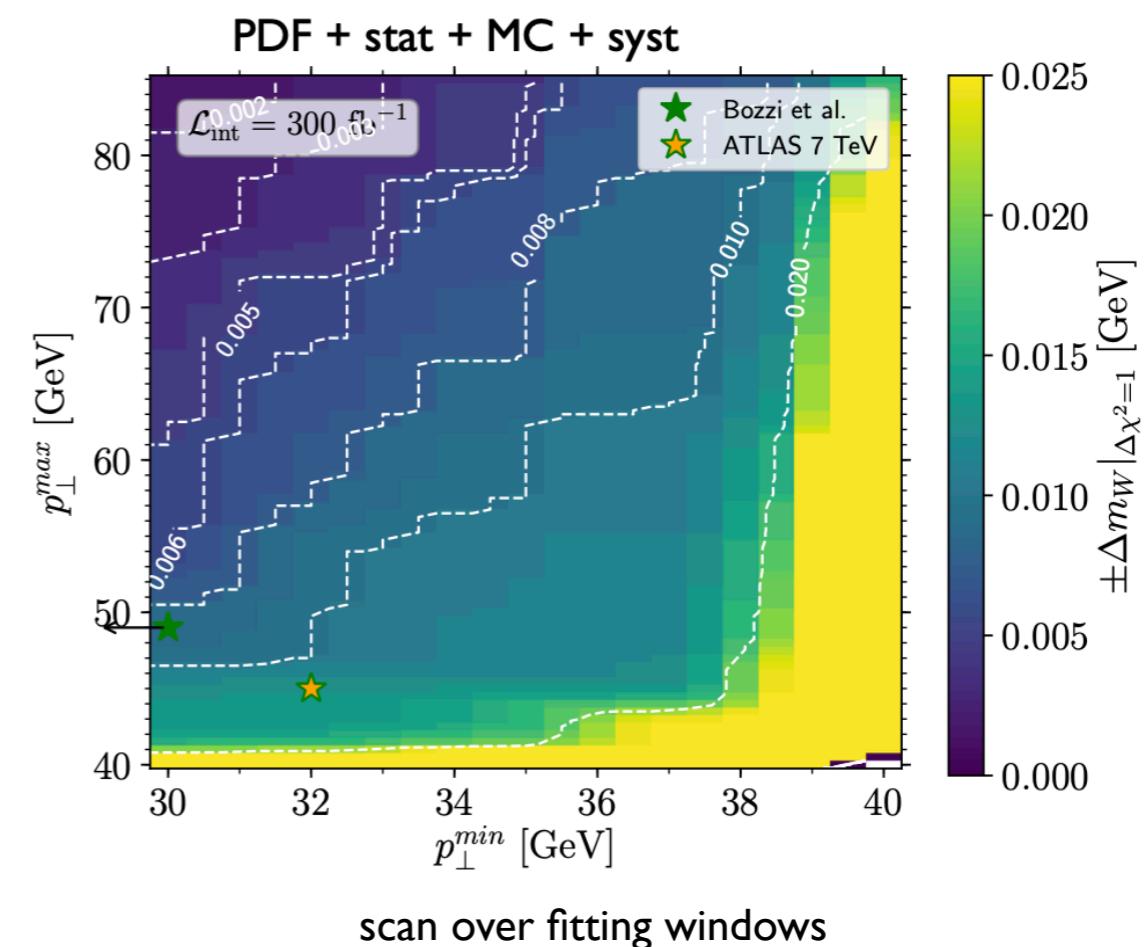
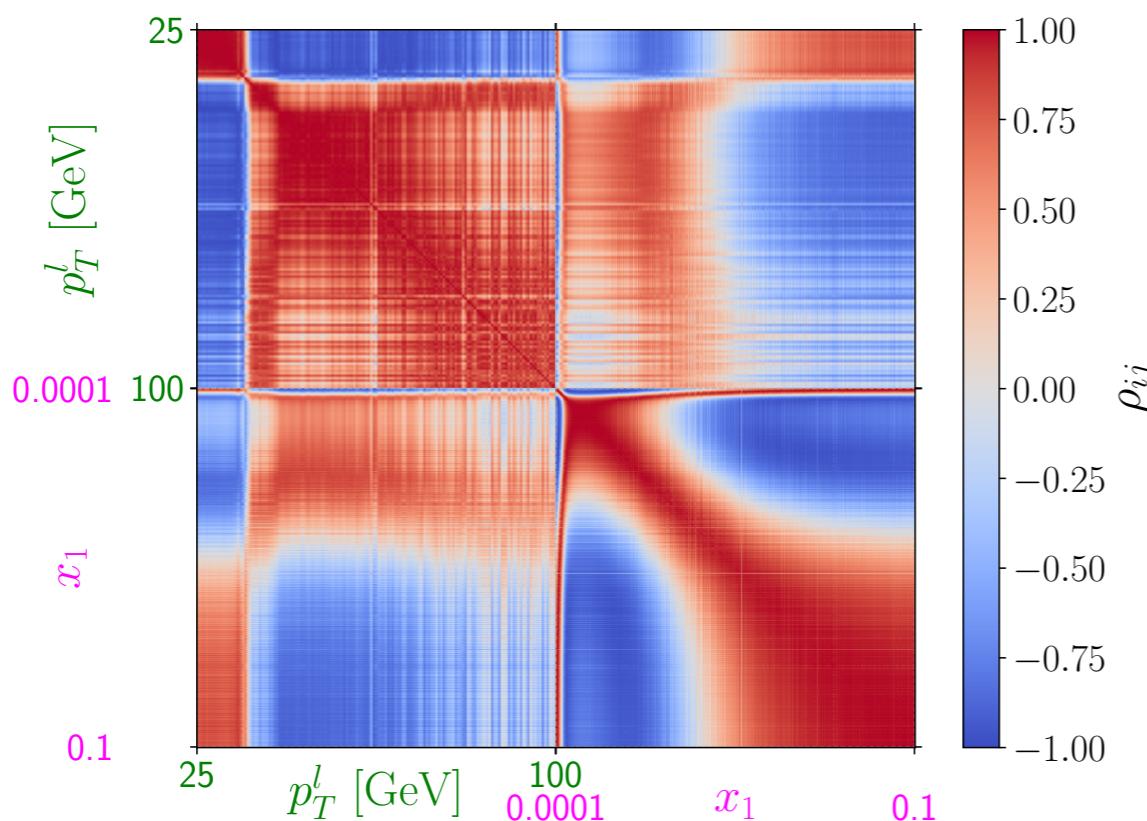
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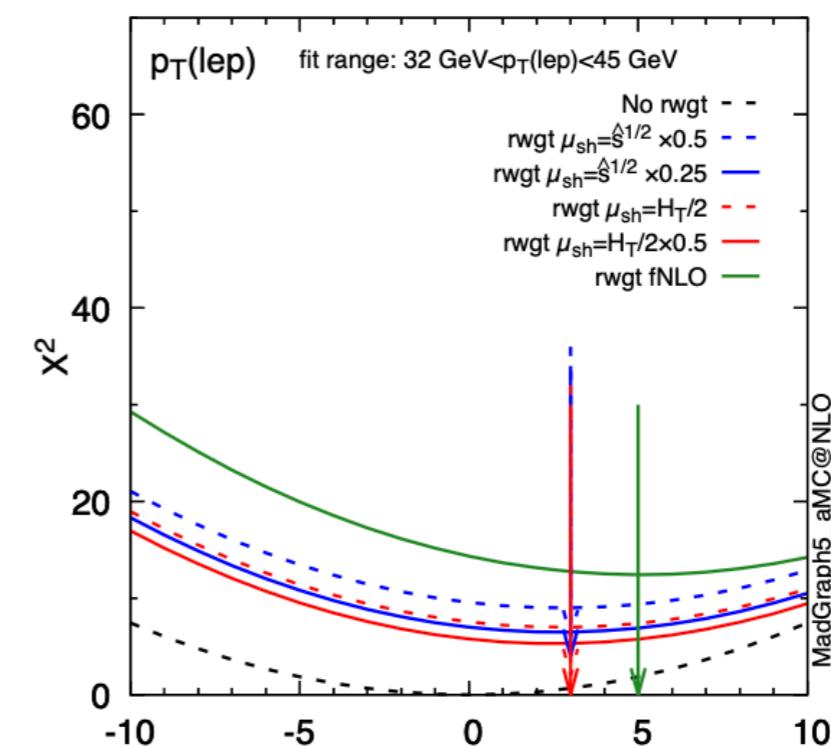
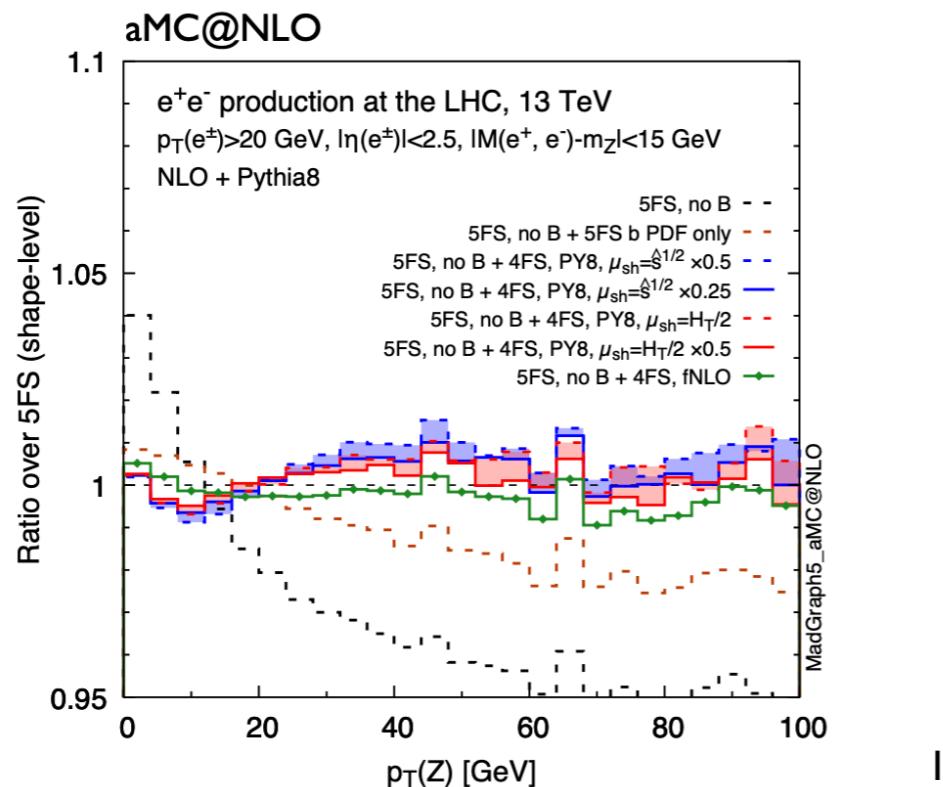
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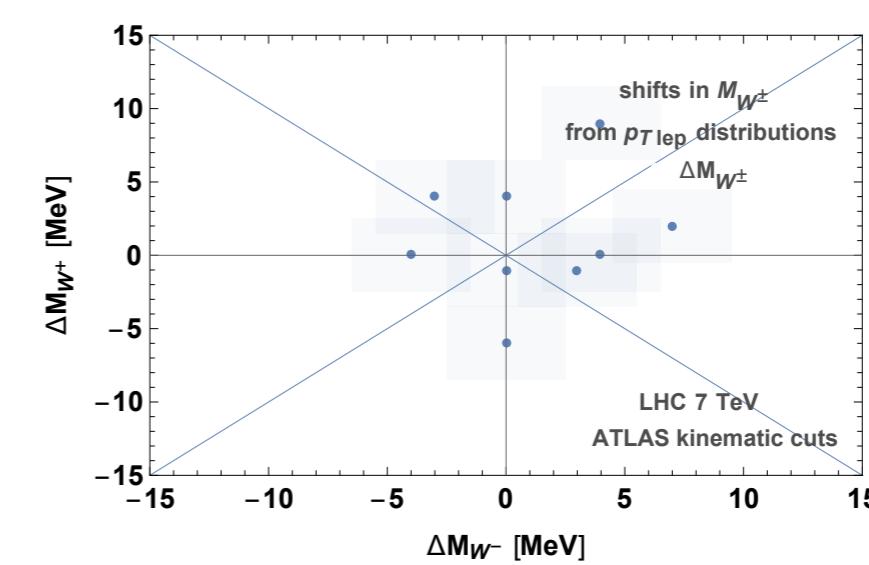
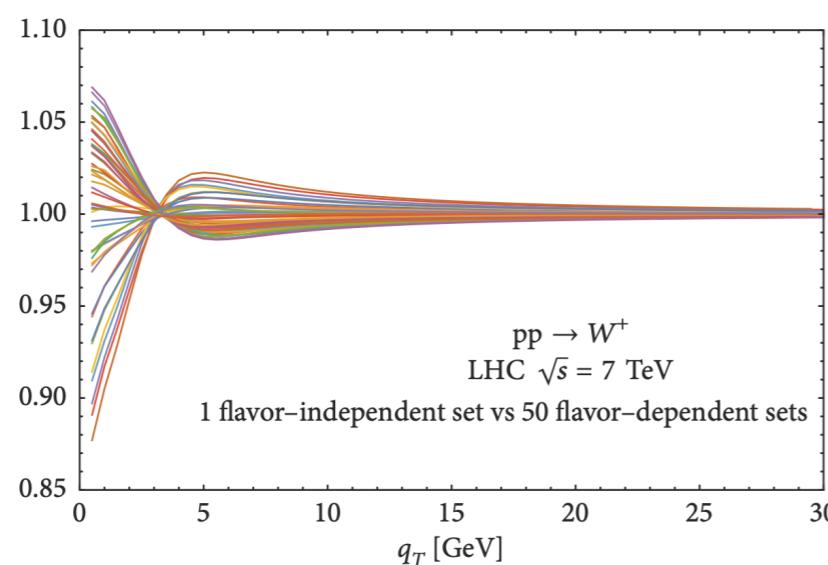
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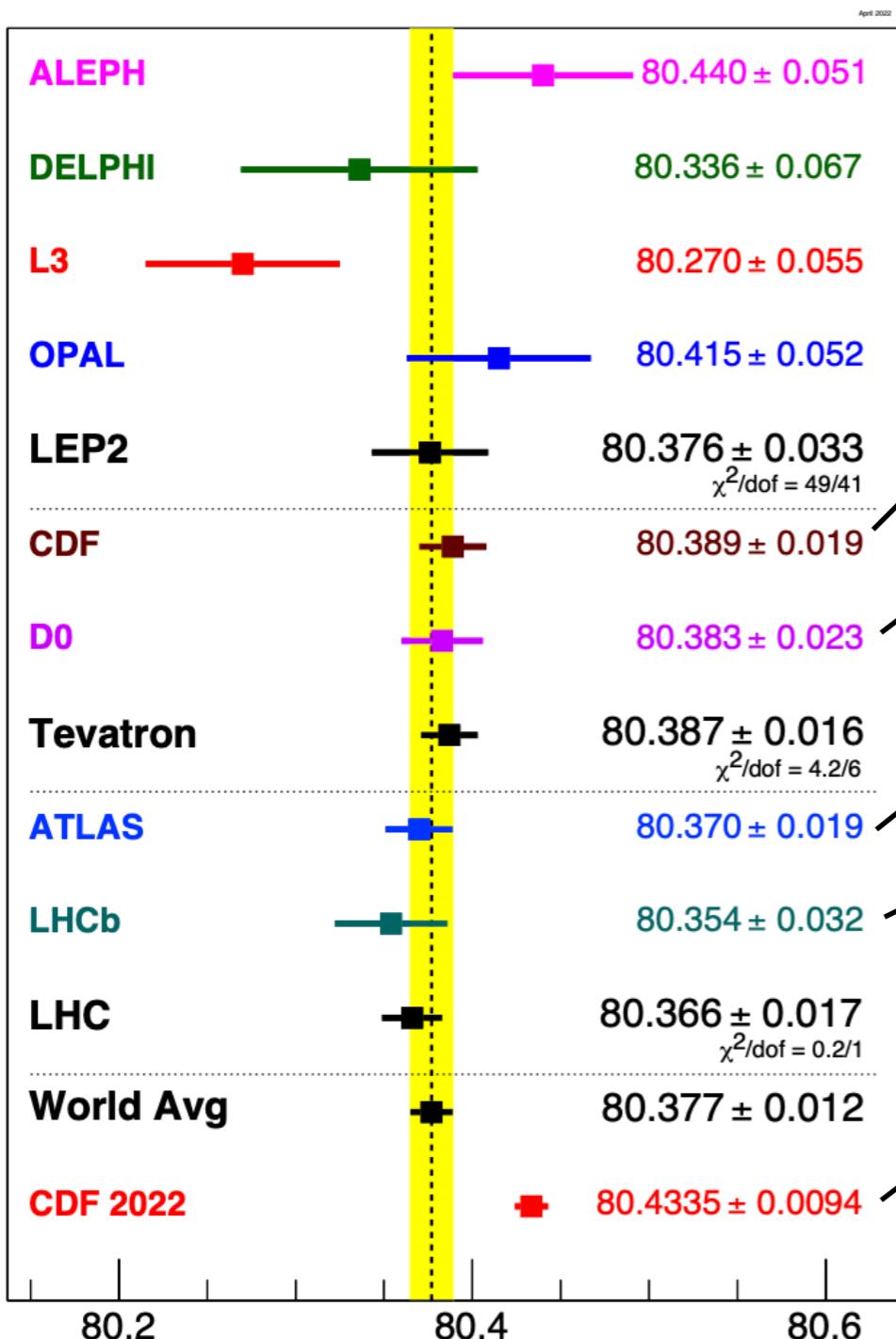


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[Bacchetta,Bozzi,Radici,Ritzmann,Signori PLB 788 (2019) + Bozzi,Signori AHEP 2526897 (2019)]



Experimental measurements



CDF I : ±12 (stat) ±10 (exp syst)
±7 (model) ±10 (PDF)

D0: ±13 (stat) ±18 (exp syst)
±9 (model) ±11 (PDF)

ATLAS: ±7 (stat) ±11 (exp syst)
±14 (model) ±8 (PDF)

LHCb: ±23 (stat) ±10 (exp syst)
±17 (model) ±9 (PDF)

CDF II : ±6 (stat) ±5 (exp syst)
±3 (model) ±4 (PDF)

very different methods to estimate modelling and PDF uncertainties

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_1 dp_2} = \left[\frac{d\sigma(m)}{dm} \right] \left[\frac{d\sigma(y)}{dy} \right] \left[\frac{d\sigma(p_T, y)}{dp_T dy} \left(\frac{d\sigma(y)}{dy} \right)^{-1} \right] \left[(1 + \cos^2 \theta) + \sum_{i=0}^7 A_i(p_T, y) P_i(\cos \theta, \phi) \right]$$

Experimental measurements

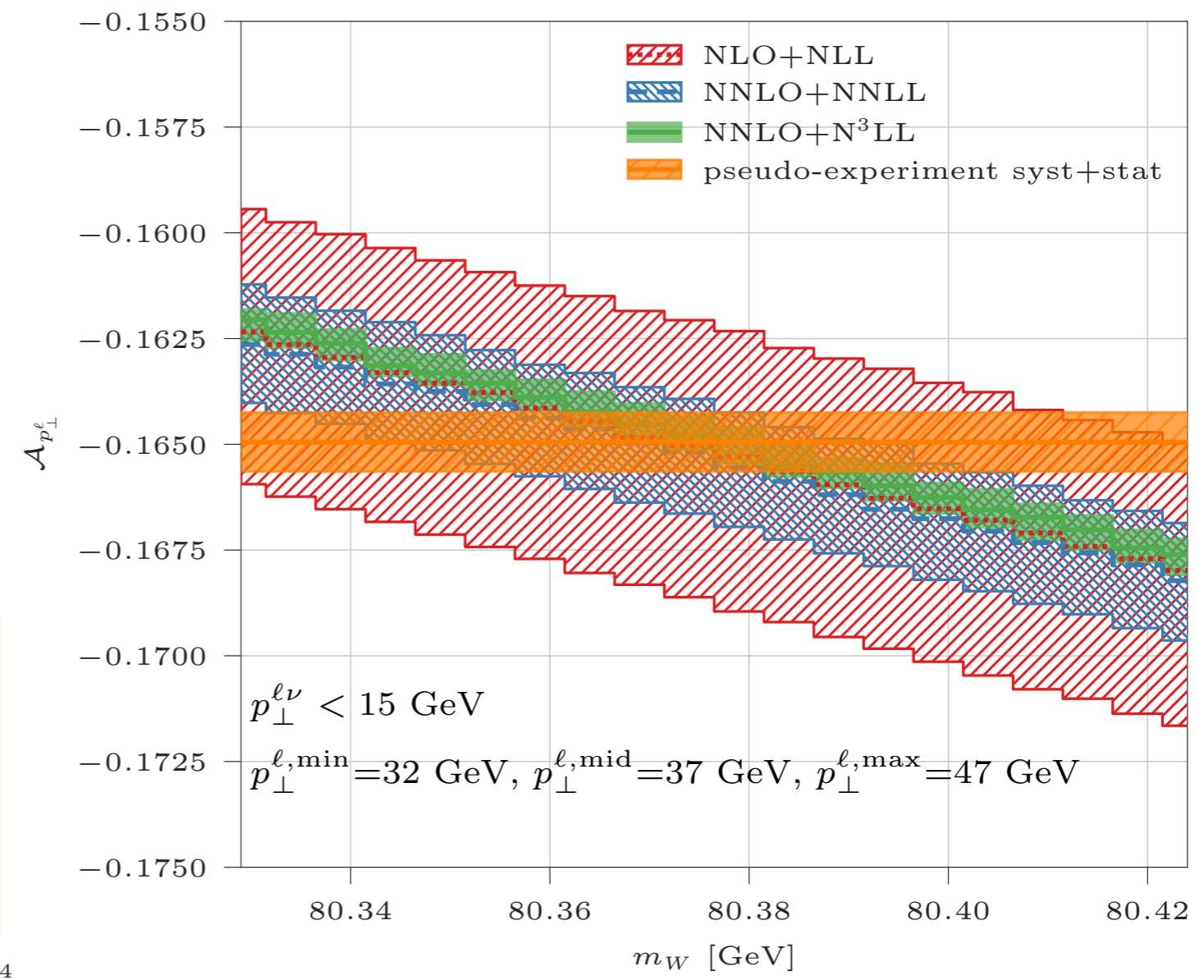
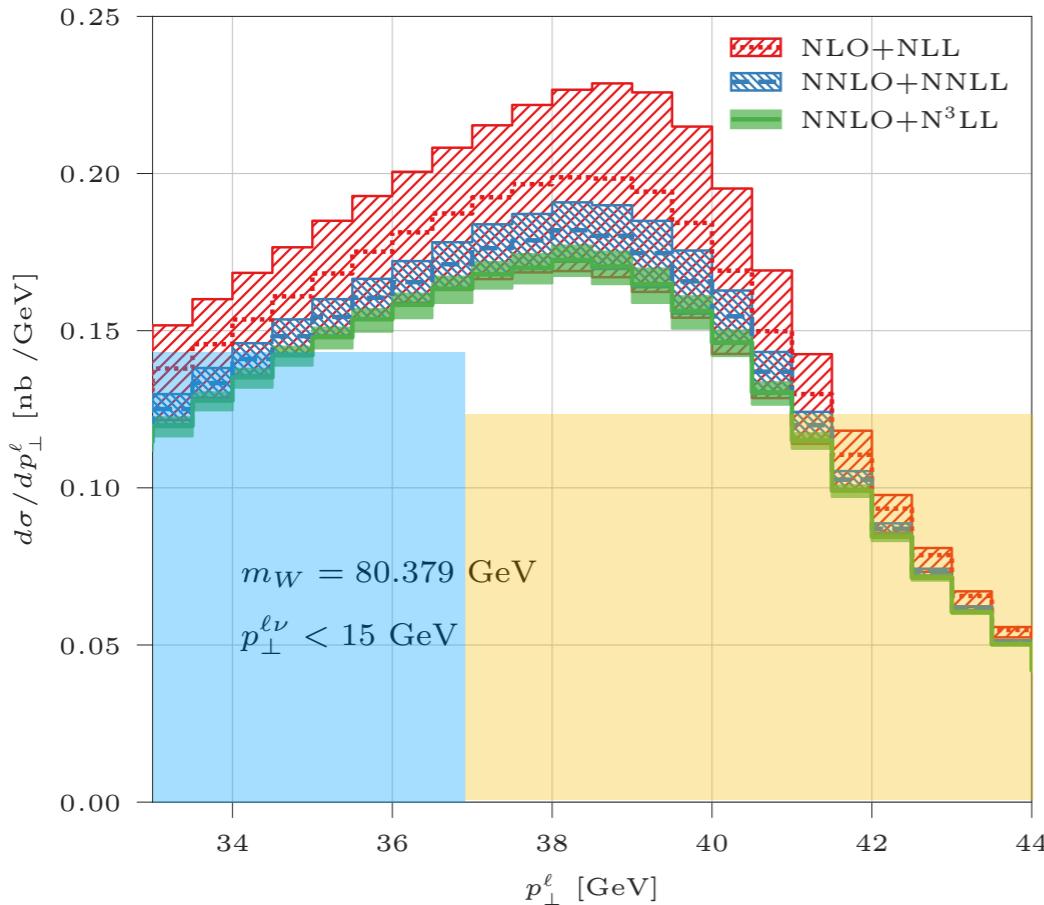
D0						
	m_T	p_T^e	E_T			
PDF	11	11	14	68% CL template fit CTEQ6.1		
QED	7	7	9	comparison Wgrad/Zgrad vs. Photos		
Boson p_T	2	5	2	NP fit on Z data		
CDF						
	m_T	p_T^e	E_T			
p_T^Z model	0.7	2.3	0.9	NP fit on Z data		
p_T^W/p_T^Z model	0.8	2.3	0.9	propagation of μ_R, μ_F, μ_{res} scale variation		
Parton distributions	3.9	3.9	3.9	CTEQ6.6 vs. ABMP16, CJ15, CT18, MMHT2014, NNPDF3.1		
LHCb						
Parton distribution functions			9	average of 3 separate fits: CT18, MSHT20, NNPDF3.1		
Theory (excl. PDFs) total			17			
Transverse momentum model			11	spread of Powheg+Pythia/Herwig, DYTurbo, Pythia/Herwig		
Angular coefficients			10	μ_R, μ_F scale variation		
QED FSR model			7	comparison of Herwig, Pythia, Photos		
ATLAS						
W-boson charge Kinematic distribution		W^+	W^-	Combined		
		p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T	
δm_W [MeV]						
Fixed-order PDF uncertainty		13.1	14.9	12.0	14.2	8.0
AZ tune		3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4	3.4
Charm-quark mass		1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.5
Parton shower μ_F with heavy-flavour decorrelation		5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9	5.0
Parton shower PDF uncertainty		3.6	4.0	2.6	2.4	1.0
Angular coefficients		5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.8
Total		15.9	18.1	14.8	17.2	11.6
						12.9

Future prospects

- New Observables: asymmetry around the p_T^ℓ jacobian peak [Rottoli, Torrielli, Vicini - EPJC 83 (2023)]

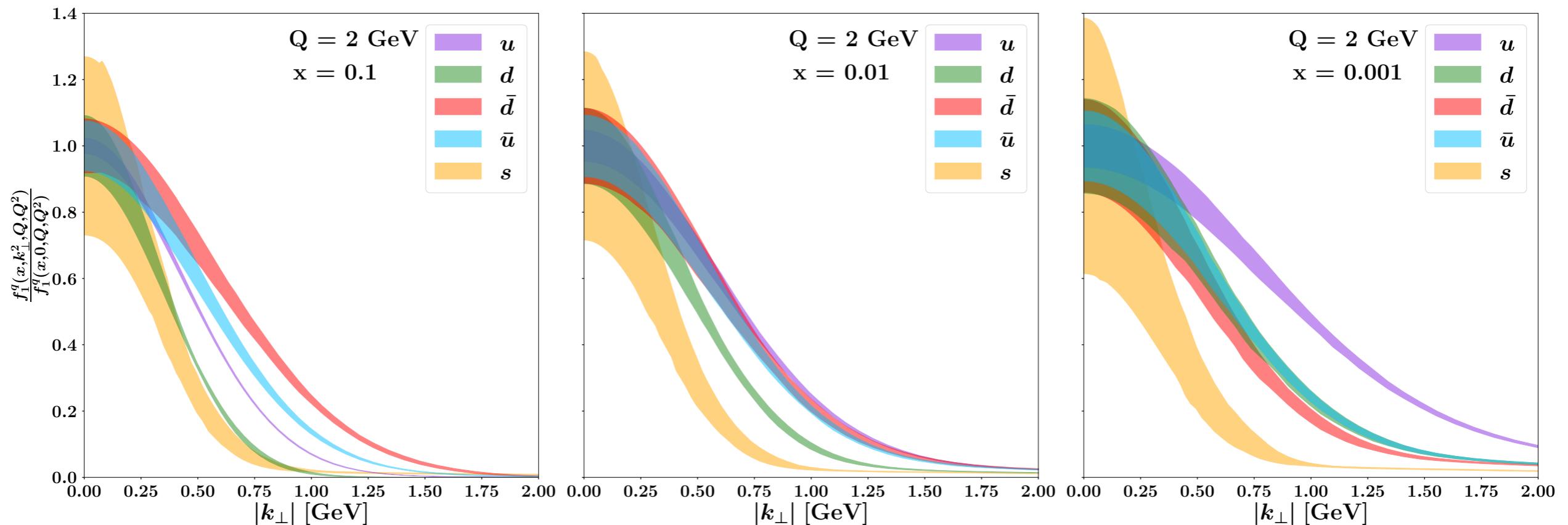
$$L_{p_\perp^\ell} \equiv \int_{p_\perp^{\ell,\min}}^{p_\perp^{\ell,\text{mid}}} dp_\perp^\ell \frac{d\sigma}{dp_\perp^\ell}, \quad U_{p_\perp^\ell} \equiv \int_{p_\perp^{\ell,\text{mid}}}^{p_\perp^{\ell,\max}} dp_\perp^\ell \frac{d\sigma}{dp_\perp^\ell}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{p_\perp^\ell}(p_\perp^{\ell,\min}, p_\perp^{\ell,\text{mid}}, p_\perp^{\ell,\max}) \equiv \frac{L_{p_\perp^\ell} - U_{p_\perp^\ell}}{L_{p_\perp^\ell} + U_{p_\perp^\ell}}$$



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The following studies are currently ongoing, the active people involved (coordinators) are indicated in each case.

Modelling of non-perturbative corrections in extraction of α_s

Main coordinators

Bacchetta, Bertone, Bozzi, Camarda

Description

Assessment of the impact of the choice of the non-perturbative model in the α_s extraction

PDF profiling in M_W extraction

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State of the art predictions for of ptW/ptZ ratio

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Thank you!

Backup

The electroweak fit

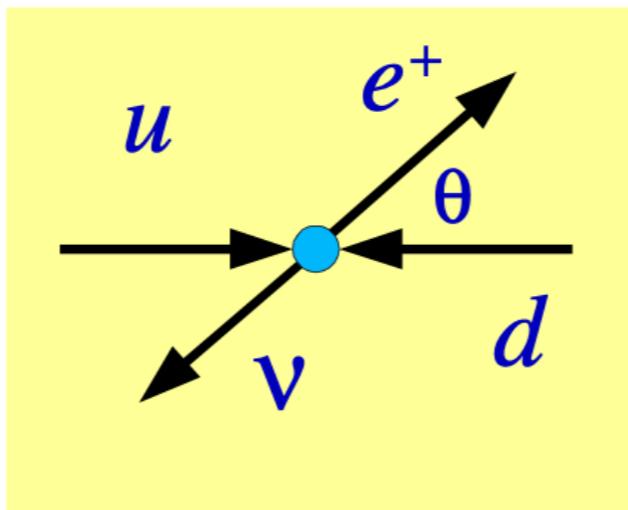
$$\text{Pull} = \frac{\text{Value} - \text{SM}}{\sigma_{\text{value}}}$$

Quantity	Value	Standard Model	Pull
m_t [GeV]	172.83 ± 0.59	173.13 ± 0.56	-0.5
M_H [GeV]	125.30 ± 0.13	125.30 ± 0.13	0.0
Γ_H [MeV]	$3.2^{+2.4}_{-1.7}$	4.12 ± 0.05	-0.4
M_W [GeV]	80.387 ± 0.016 Tevatron	80.360 ± 0.006	1.7
	80.376 ± 0.033 LEP2		0.5
	80.366 ± 0.017 LHC		0.4
Γ_W [GeV]	2.046 ± 0.049	2.089 ± 0.001	-0.9
	2.195 ± 0.083		1.3
$\mathcal{B}(W \rightarrow \text{hadrons})$	0.6736 ± 0.0018	0.6751 ± 0.0001	-0.8
$g_V^{\nu e}$	-0.040 ± 0.015	-0.0397 ± 0.0001	0.0
$g_A^{\nu e}$	-0.507 ± 0.014	-0.5064	0.0
$Q_W(e)$	-0.0403 ± 0.0053	-0.0473 ± 0.0002	1.3
$Q_W(p)$	0.0719 ± 0.0045	0.0709 ± 0.0002	0.2
$Q_W(\text{Cs})$	-72.82 ± 0.42	-73.24 ± 0.01	1.0
$Q_W(\text{Tl})$	-116.4 ± 3.6	-116.90 ± 0.02	0.1
$\hat{s}_Z^2(\text{eDIS})$	0.2299 ± 0.0043	0.23122 ± 0.00004	-0.3
τ_τ [fs]	290.75 ± 0.36	288.90 ± 2.24	0.8
$\frac{1}{2}(g_\mu - 2 - \frac{\alpha}{\pi})$	$(4510.88 \pm 0.60) \times 10^{-9}$	$(4508.61 \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-9}$	3.8

(PDG 2022 before CDF II)

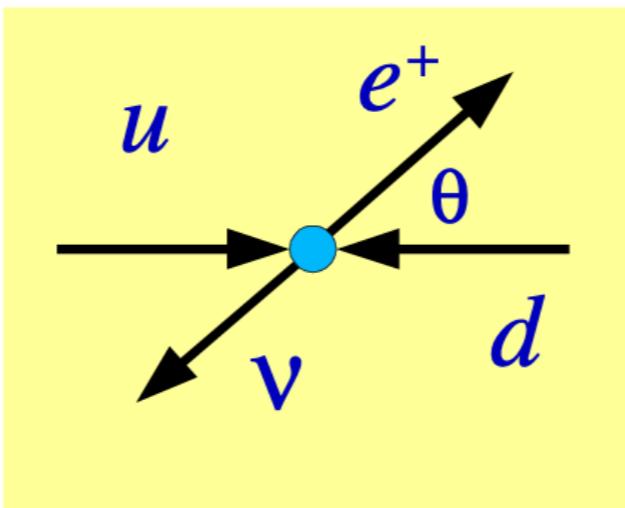
Observables and techniques for m_W

$$u + \bar{d} \rightarrow W^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu$$



Observables and techniques for m_W

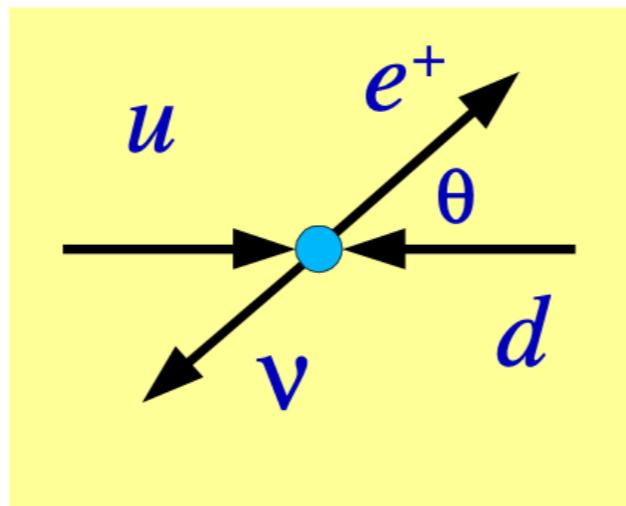
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m_W extracted from the study of the [shape](#) of m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν

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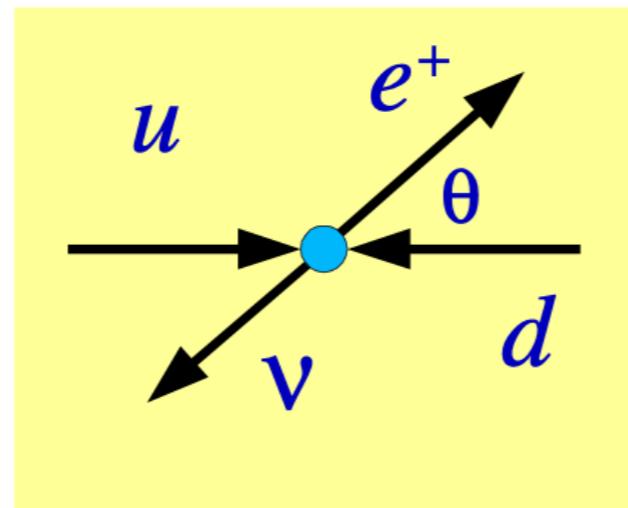
m_W extracted from the study of the [shape](#) of m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν

transverse mass

$$m_T^2 = (|\vec{p}_T^l| + |\vec{p}_T^\nu|)^2 - (\vec{p}_T^l + \vec{p}_T^\nu)^2$$

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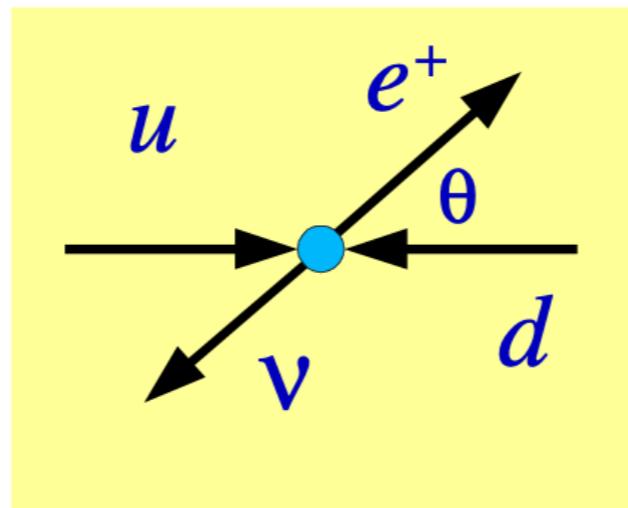
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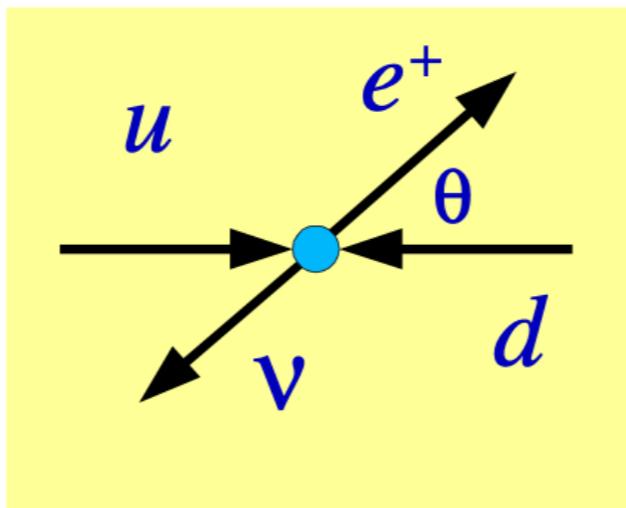
$$m^2 = (|\vec{p}^l| + |\vec{p}^\nu|)^2 - (\vec{p}^l + \vec{p}^\nu)^2$$

also expressed as

$$m_T = \sqrt{2 |\vec{p}_T^l| |\vec{p}_T^\nu| (1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}$$

Observables and techniques for m_W

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m_W extracted from the study of the [shape](#) of m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν

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$$m_T^2 = (|\vec{p}_T^l| + |\vec{p}_T^\nu|)^2 - (\vec{p}_T^l + \vec{p}_T^\nu)^2$$

endpoint at $m_T = m$ (invariant mass)

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also expressed as

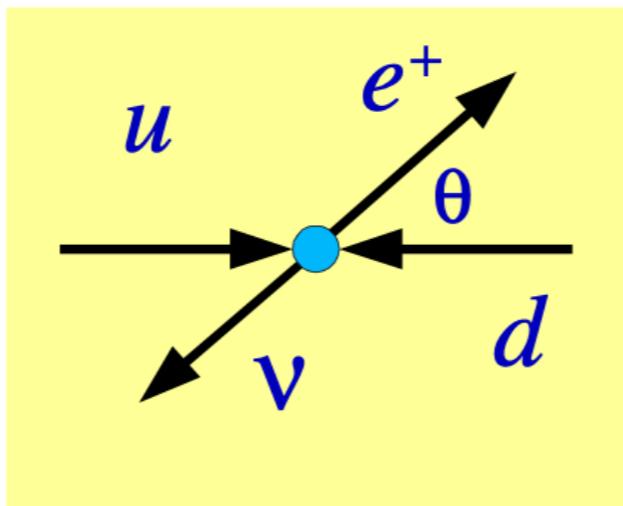
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lepton p_T

sharp **Jacobian peak** at $p_T^l \sim m_W/2$

Observables and techniques for m_W

$$u + \bar{d} \rightarrow W^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu$$



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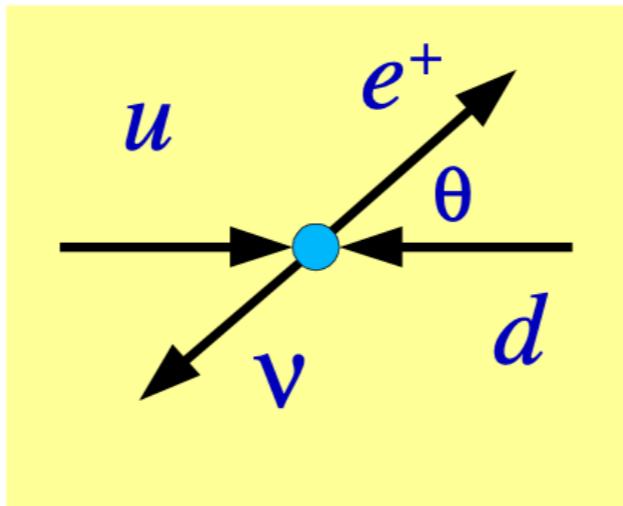
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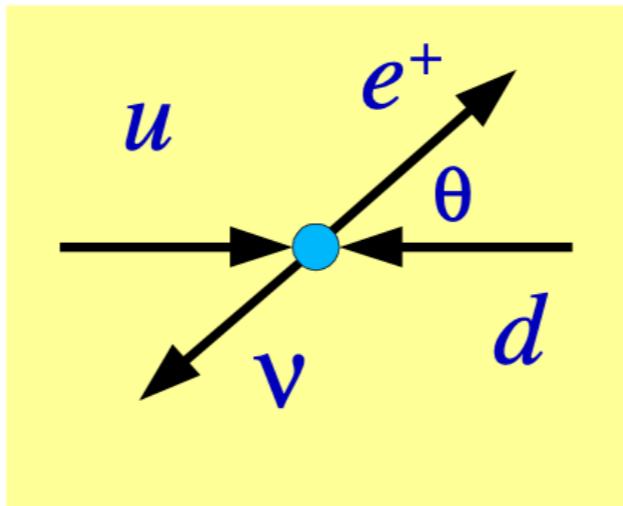
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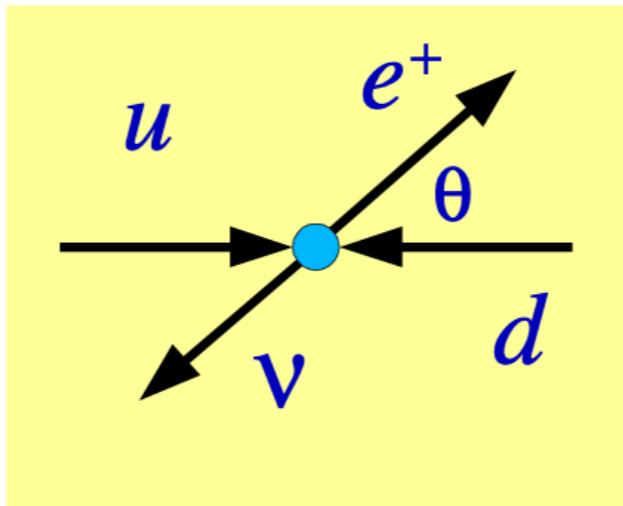
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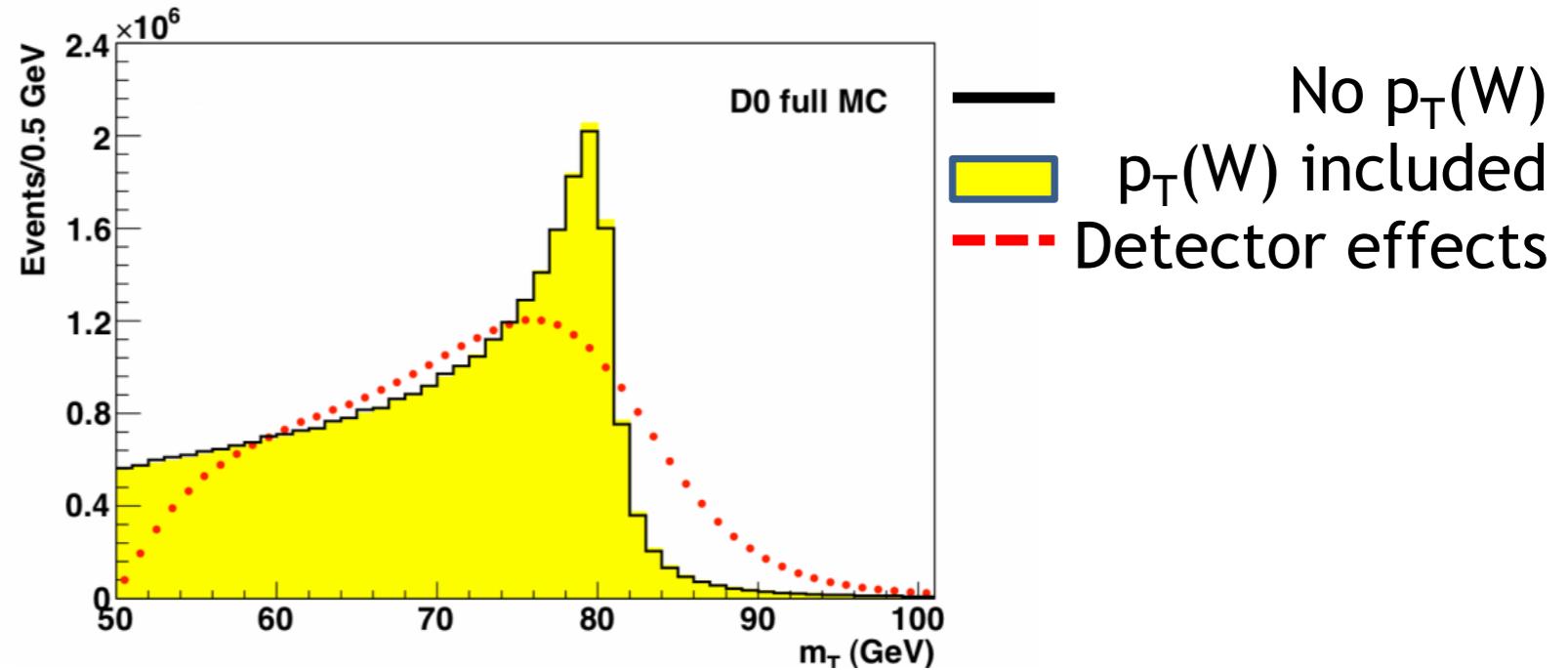
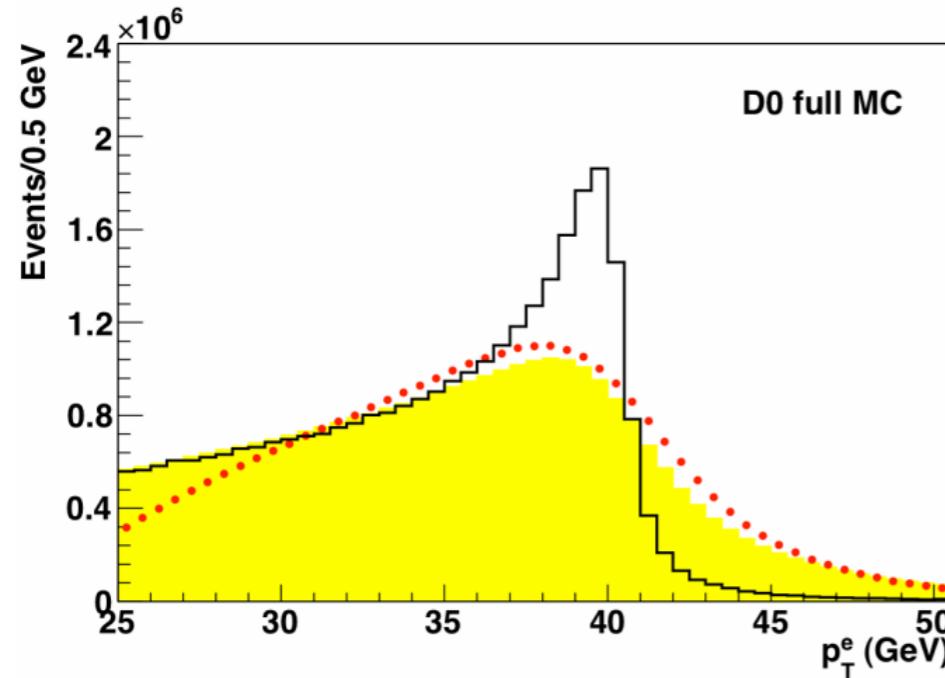
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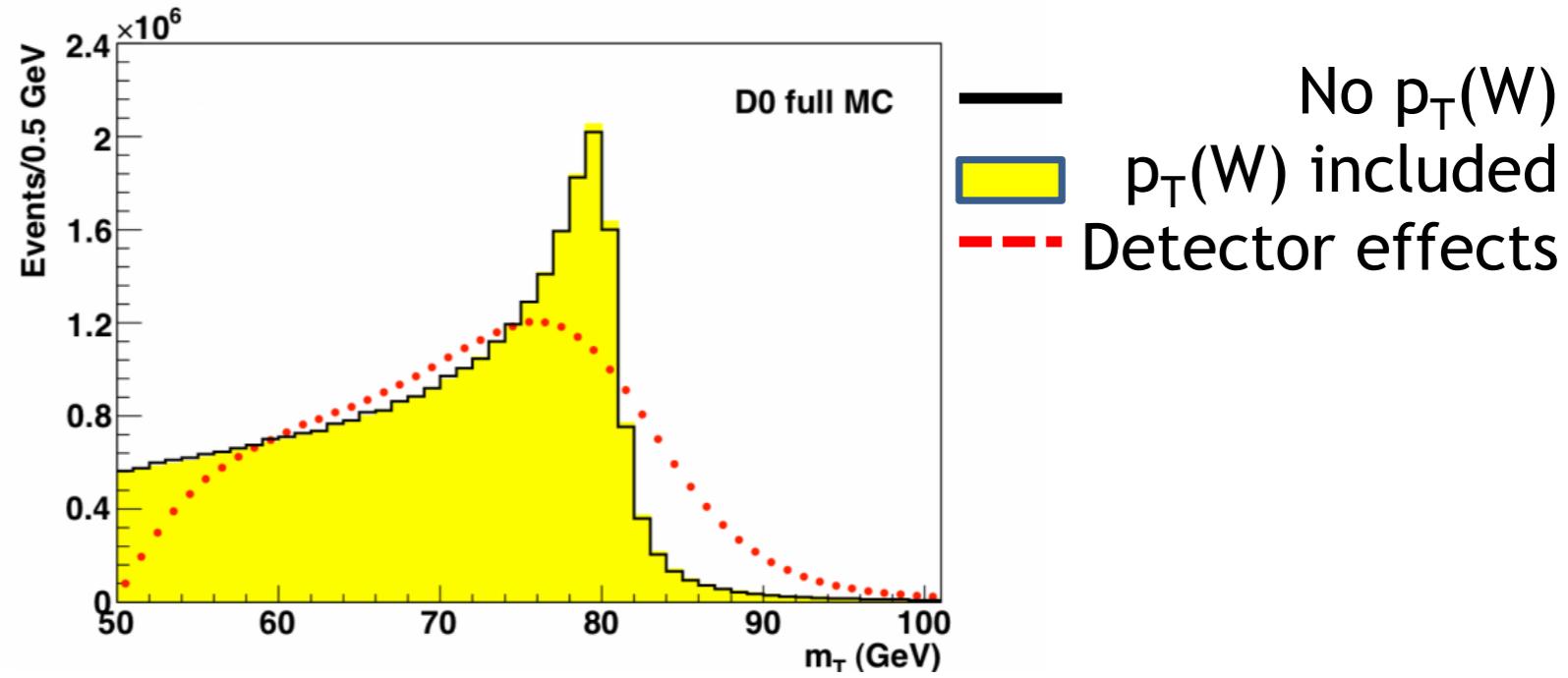
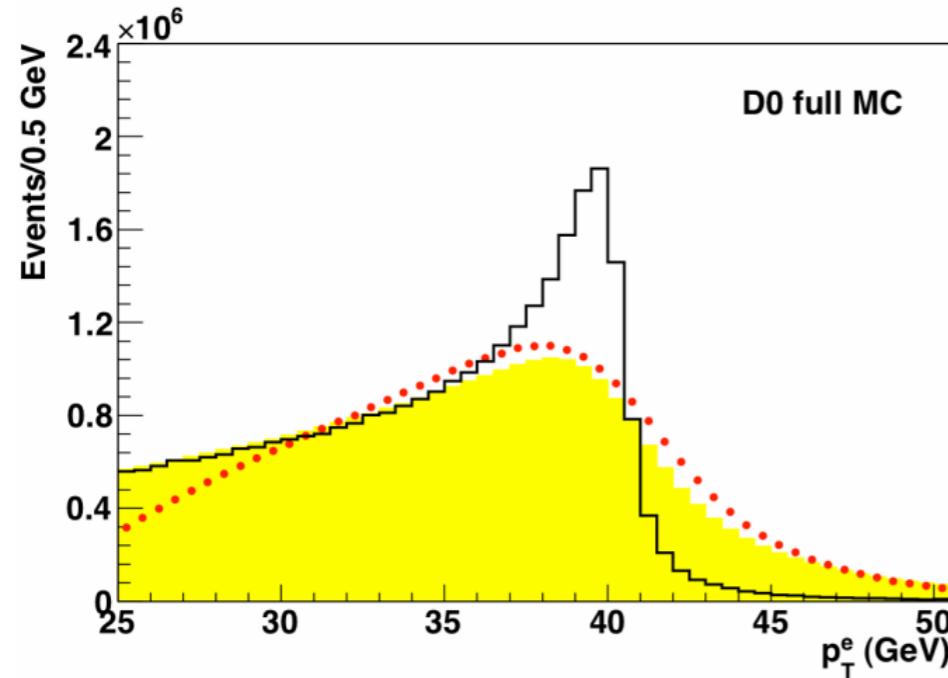
(enhances sensitivity to m_W)

very different dependence on p_T^W and, ultimately, on hadronic uncertainties

Observables and techniques for m_W

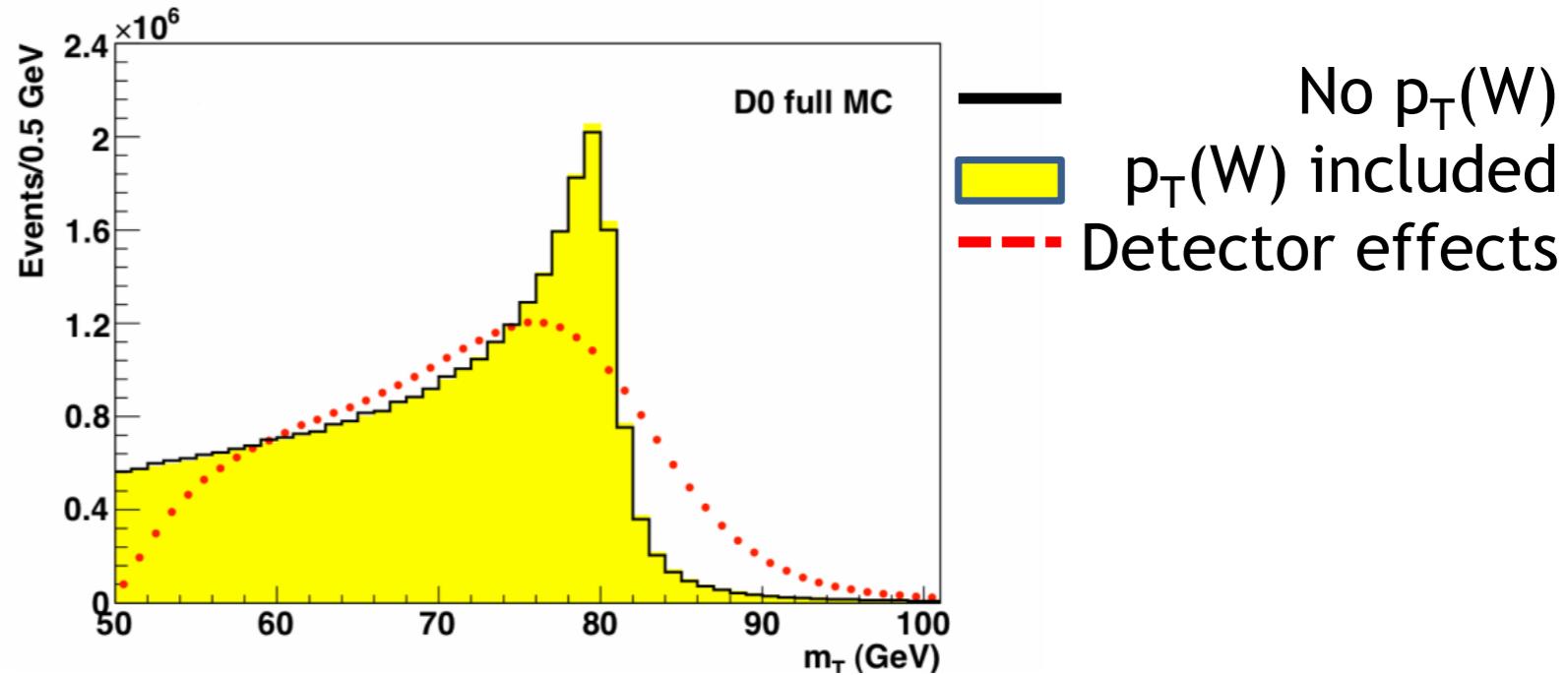
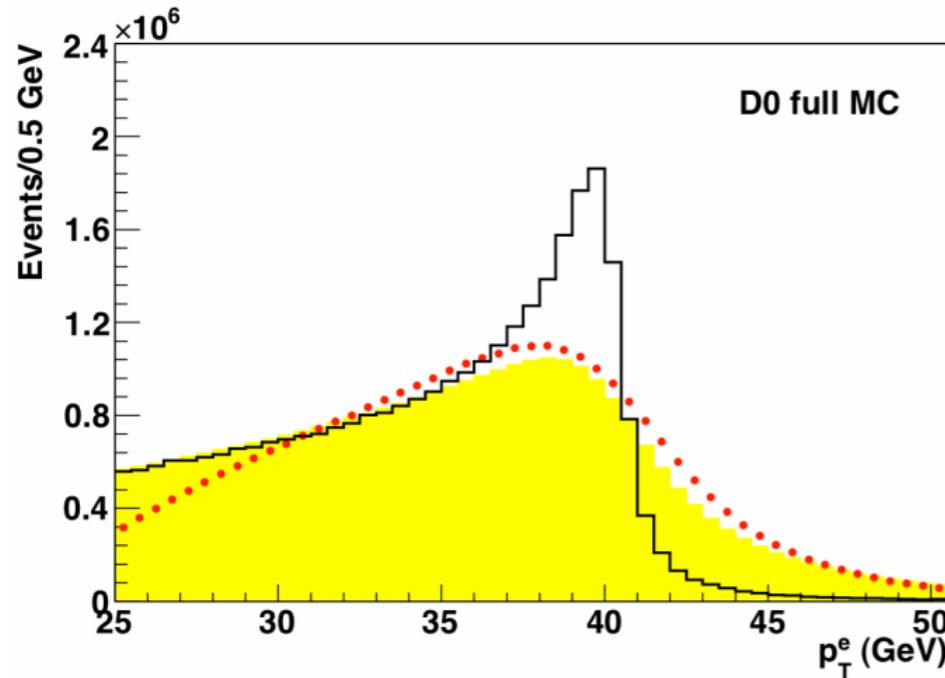


Observables and techniques for m_W



Lepton p_T : **moderate** detector smearing effects, **high** sensitivity to ptw modelling

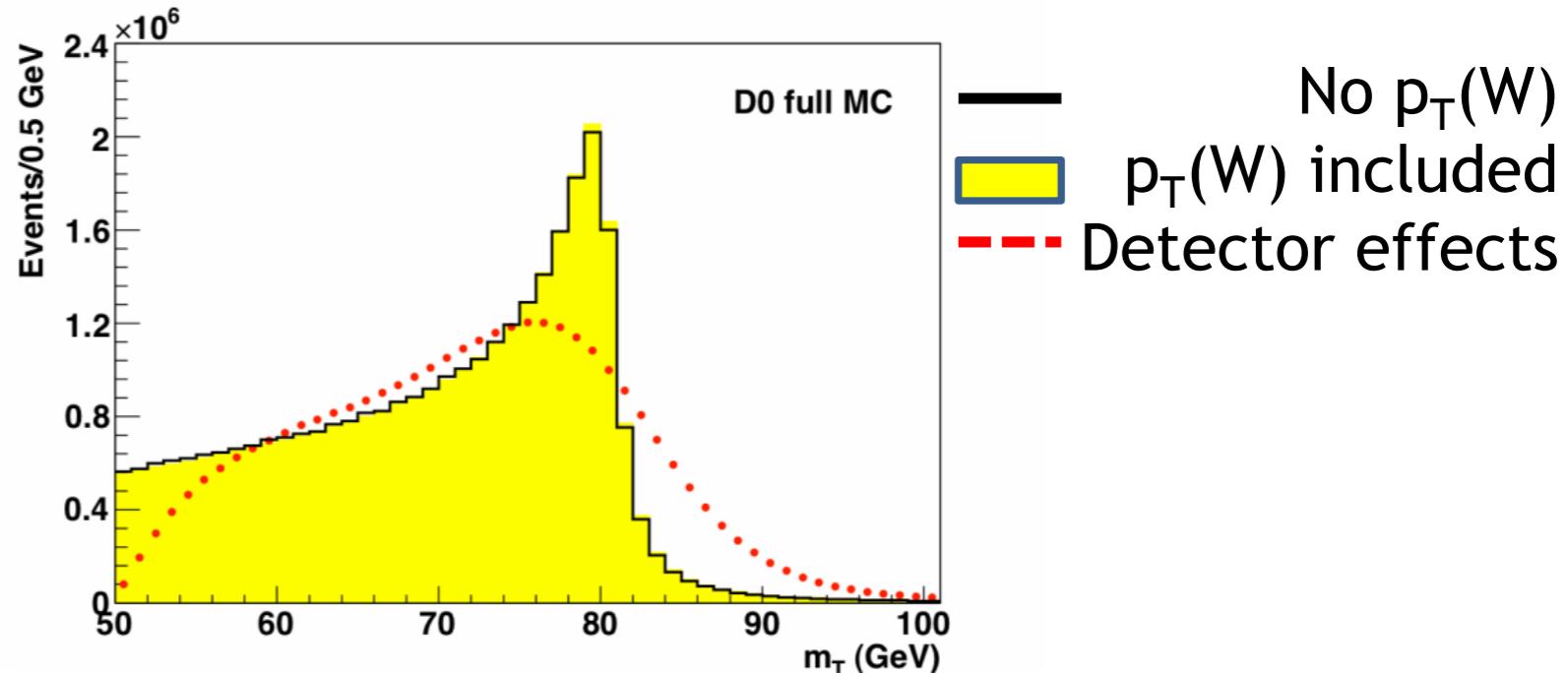
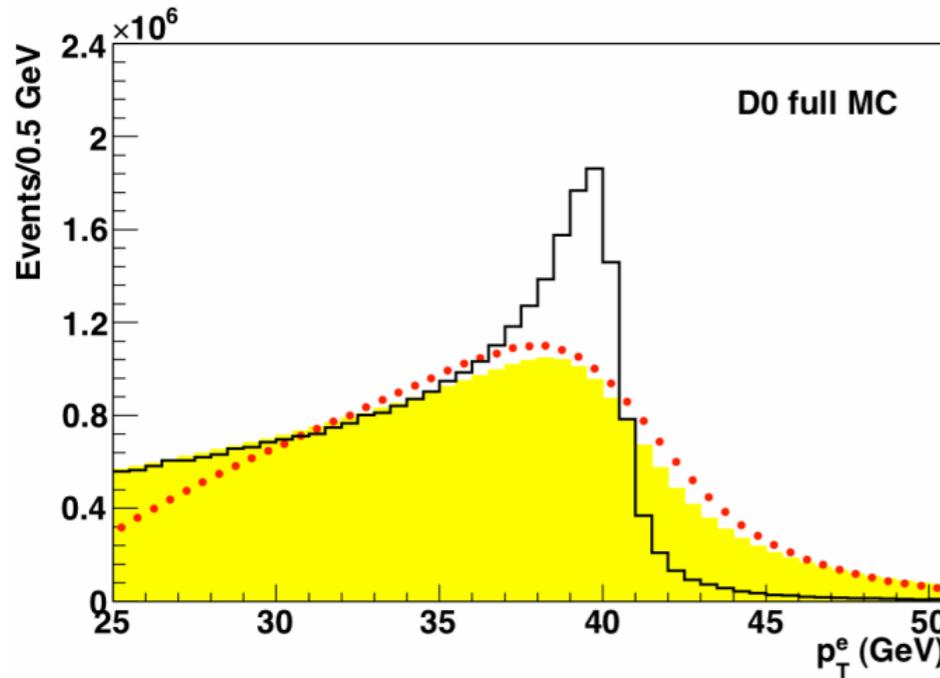
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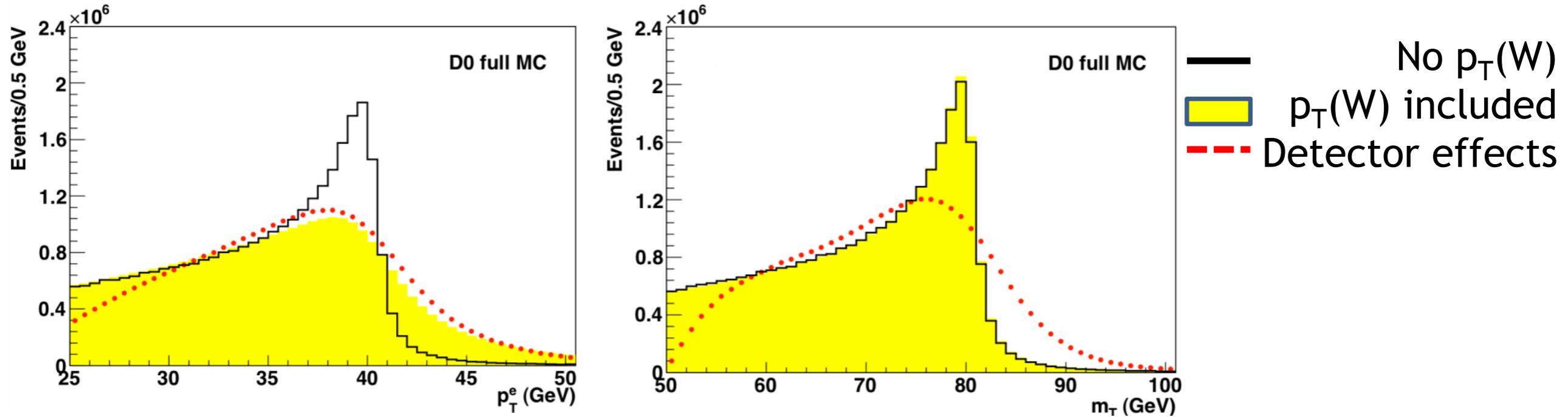


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p_{TW} modelling depends on intrinsic- k_T and all-order treatment of QCD corrections

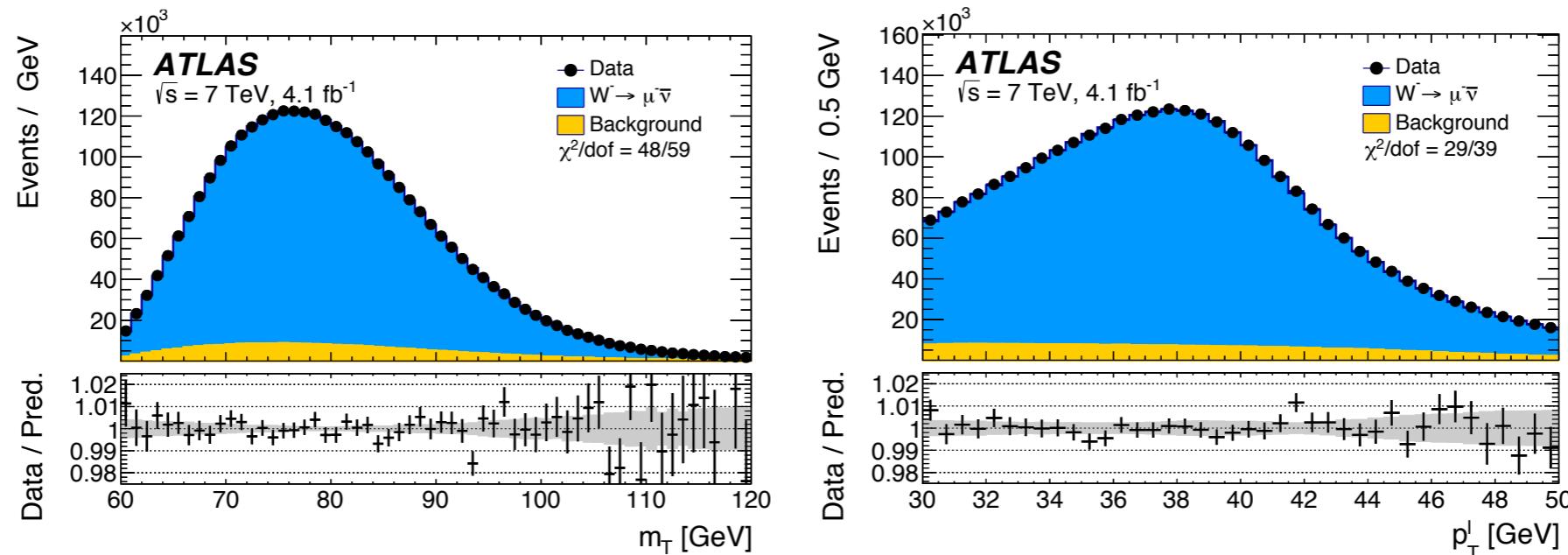
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ATLAS

ATLAS

- default samples for predictions: **POWHEG + PYTHIA 8**
- **reweighting** to include higher-order effects

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_1 dp_2} = \left[\frac{d\sigma(m)}{dm} \right] \left[\frac{d\sigma(y)}{dy} \right] \left[\frac{d\sigma(p_T, y)}{dp_T dy} \left(\frac{d\sigma(y)}{dy} \right)^{-1} \right] \left[(1 + \cos^2 \theta) + \sum_{i=0}^7 A_i(p_T, y) P_i(\cos \theta, \phi) \right]$$

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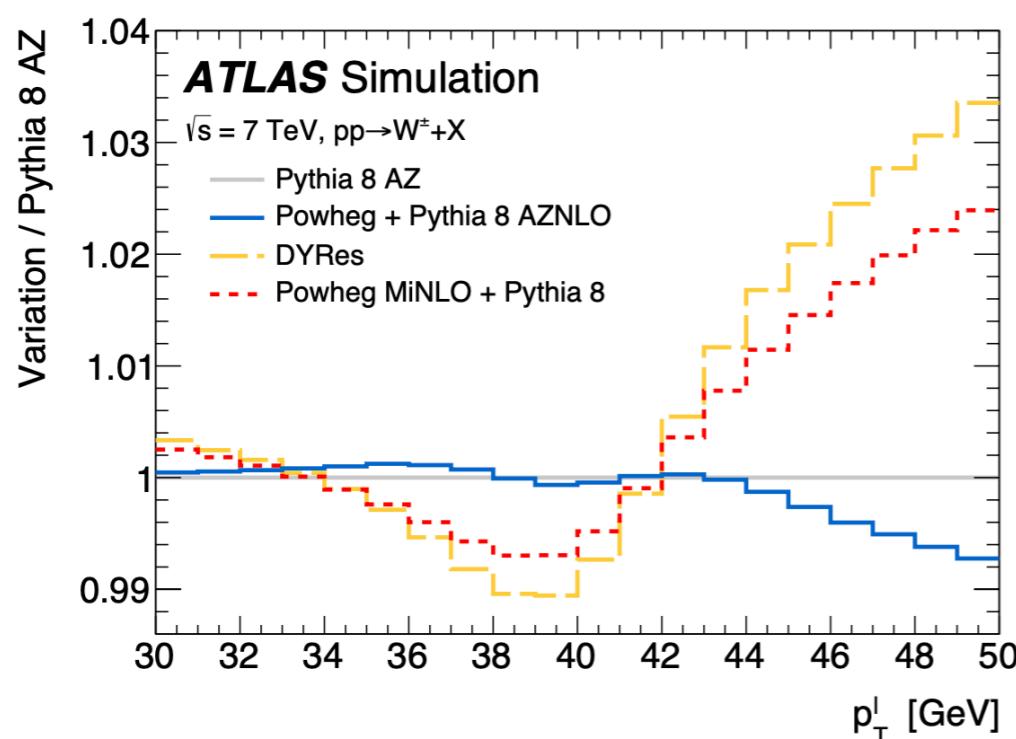
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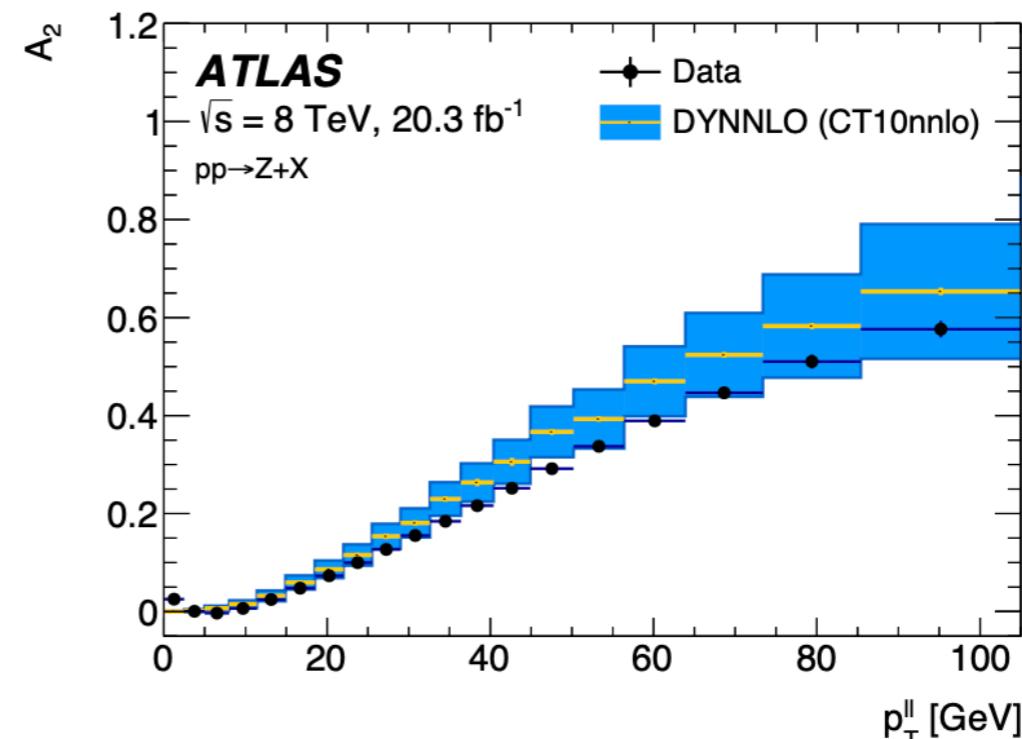
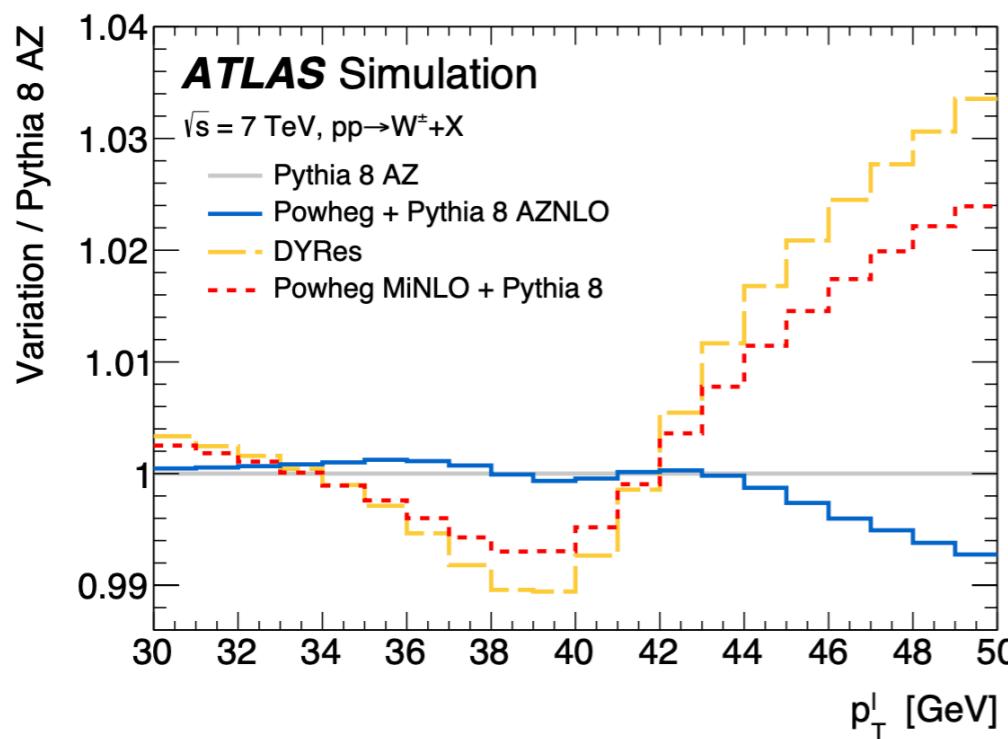


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- A_i : **DYNNLO** ($\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$) [large deviations for $A_2 \rightarrow$ **additional source of uncertainty**]



ATLAS

ATLAS

W-boson charge Kinematic distribution	W^+		W^-		Combined	
	p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T
δm_W [MeV]						
Fixed-order PDF uncertainty	13.1	14.9	12.0	14.2	8.0	8.7
AZ tune	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4
Charm-quark mass	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5
Parton shower μ_F with heavy-flavour decorrelation	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9
Parton shower PDF uncertainty	3.6	4.0	2.6	2.4	1.0	1.6
Angular coefficients	5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3
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 - largest spread among CTEQ6L1, CT14LO, NNPDF2.3LO, MMHT2014LO $\rightarrow 3.8\text{-}2.5 \text{ MeV}$
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- **PS PDF:** variation of LO sets
 - largest spread among CTEQ6L1, CT14LO, NNPDF2.3LO, MMHT2014LO $\rightarrow 3.8\text{-}2.5 \text{ MeV}$
 - + anti-correlation between W^+ and $W^- \rightarrow (1.0, 1.6) \text{ MeV}$
- **Angular coefficients:**
 - propagation of Z-data uncertainty used to measure A_i
 - + quadrature with propagation of A_2 data-theory mismatch $\rightarrow (5.8, 5.3) \text{ MeV}$

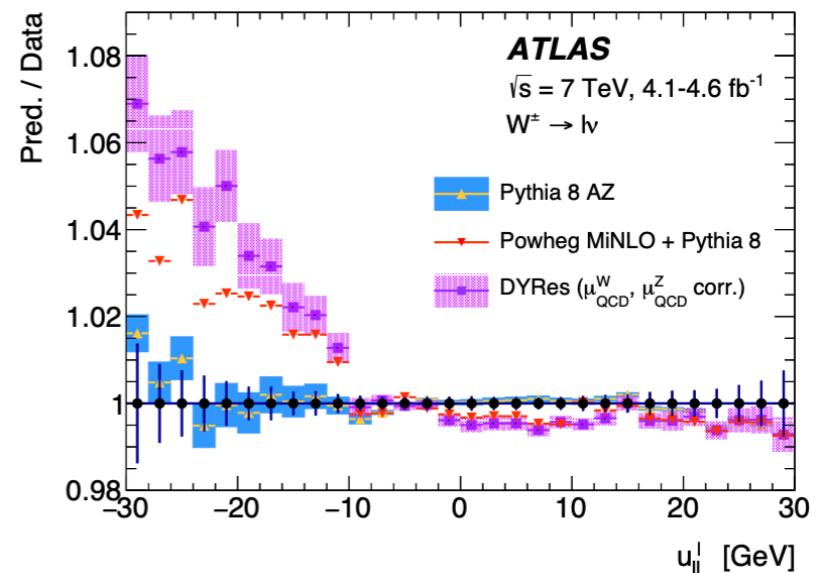
ATLAS

W-boson charge Kinematic distribution	W^+		W^-		Combined	
	p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T
$\delta m_W \text{ [MeV]}$						
Fixed-order PDF uncertainty	13.1	14.9	12.0	14.2	8.0	8.7
AZ tune	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4
Charm-quark mass	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5
Parton shower μ_F with heavy-flavour decorrelation	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9
Parton shower PDF uncertainty	3.6	4.0	2.6	2.4	1.0	1.6
Angular coefficients	5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3
Total	15.9	18.1	14.8	17.2	11.6	12.9

ATLAS

- **Fixed-order PDF uncertainty: Hessian method on CT10nnlo**
 - simultaneous variation of $d\sigma/dy$ and $A_i \rightarrow 12.0\text{-}14.0 \text{ MeV}$
 - + anti-correlation between W^+ and $W^- \rightarrow 7.4 \text{ MeV}$
 - + quadrature with MMHT2014 and CT14 $\rightarrow (8.0, 8.7) \text{ MeV}$
- **Scale variation on $d\sigma/dy$ (DYNNLO): negligible (0.1% - 0.3%)**
- **AZ tune:** propagation of k_T, α_s, p_{T0} uncertainties $\rightarrow (3.0, 3.4) \text{ MeV}$ [*flavour blind*]
- **Charm mass:** $1.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow (1.2, 1.5) \text{ MeV}$ (m_b variation \rightarrow negligible)
- **PS μ_F :** variation of $\mu_F^2 = p_{T0}^2 + p_T^2$ simultaneously for $q = u, d, s$, independently for $c\bar{c}, b\bar{b} \rightarrow Z, c\bar{d}, c\bar{s} \rightarrow W \rightarrow (5.0, 6.9) \text{ MeV}$ [*30 MeV if correlated btw flavours but uncorrelated W,Z prod.*]
- **PS PDF:** variation of LO sets
 - largest spread among CTEQ6L1, CT14LO, NNPDF2.3LO, MMHT2014LO $\rightarrow 3.8\text{-}2.5 \text{ MeV}$
 - + anti-correlation between W^+ and $W^- \rightarrow (1.0, 1.6) \text{ MeV}$
- **Angular coefficients:**
 - propagation of Z-data uncertainty used to measure A_i
 - + quadrature with propagation of A_2 data-theory mismatch $\rightarrow (5.8, 5.3) \text{ MeV}$
- **Data-driven check** (based on p_{TW}/p_{TZ}) among Pythia/POWHEG+Pythia/DYRes
 - **DYRes** include $(\mu_{res}, \mu_F, \mu_R)$ variations \rightarrow would induce $\Delta M_W \sim 60 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow$ **not considered**

ATLAS						
W-boson charge	W^+		W^-		Combined	
	p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T	p_T^ℓ	m_T
$\delta m_W \text{ [MeV]}$						
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LHCb

LHCb	
Parton distribution functions	9
Theory (excl. PDFs) total	17
Transverse momentum model	11
Angular coefficients	10
QED FSR model	7
Additional electroweak corrections	5

LHCb

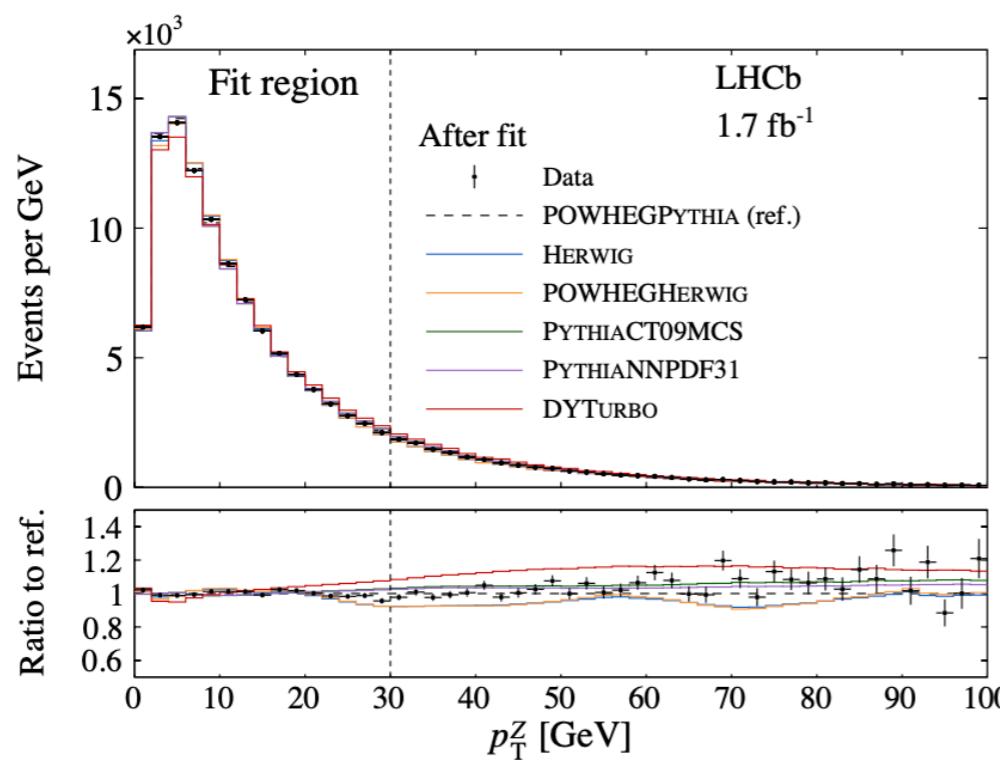
- **codes considered for predictions:**
 - Pythia, Herwig, POWHEG+Pythia, POWHEG+Herwig, DYTurbo

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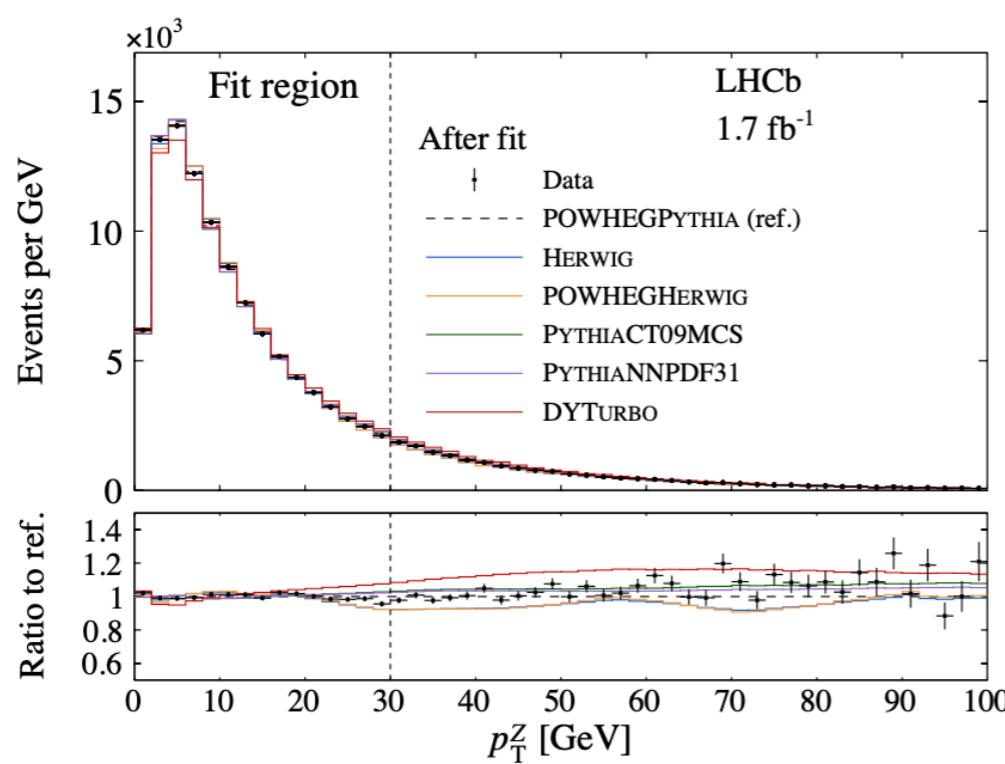
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- $d\sigma/dp_T$: tune of NP parameters to p_{TZ} data → best description: POWHEG+Pythia
 - default samples for predictions: **POWHEG+Pythia 8**
 - spread from alternative descriptions → **11 MeV**



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LHCb

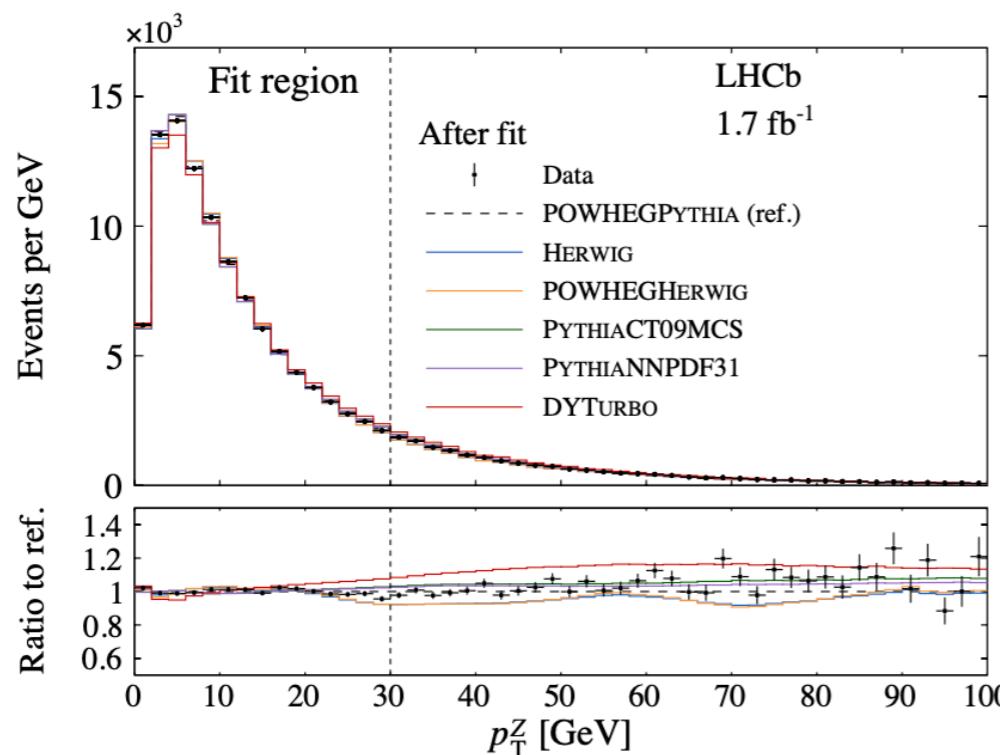
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- A_i : **DYTurbo** ($\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$) **scale variation** (instead of DYNNLO, because negligible sensitivity to A_0, A_2)
 - A_3 main source of uncertainty → **10 MeV**



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 - A_3 main source of uncertainty → **10 MeV**
- **PDF**: separate fits
 - NNPDF3.1 (8.3 MeV replica + 2.4 α_s variation → 8.6 MeV)
 - CT18 (11.5 MeV Hessian + 1.4 α_s variation → 11.6 MeV)
 - MSHT20 (6.5 MeV Hessian + 2.1 α_s variation → 6.8 MeV)
 - assumption: fully correlated uncertainties → **arithmetic average: 9 MeV**



LHCb	
Parton distribution functions	9
Theory (excl. PDFs) total	17
Transverse momentum model	11
Angular coefficients	10
QED FSR model	7
Additional electroweak corrections	5

D0

D0

	m_T	p_T^e	\cancel{E}_T
PDF	11	11	14
QED	7	7	9
Boson p_T	2	5	2

D0

- default samples for predictions: **RESBOS(1)@NNLL (CTEQ6Mnlo)**

D0			
PDF	m_T 11	p_T^e 11	\cancel{E}_T 14
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D0

- default samples for predictions: **RESBOS(1)@NNLL (CTEQ6Mnlo)**
- **Boson p_T : NP modelling** $e^{S_{NP}(b)}$
 - BLNY parameterisation $S_{NP}(b) = \left[-g_1 - g_2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{s}}{2Q_0}\right) - g_1 g_3 \log\left(\frac{100\hat{s}}{s}\right) \right] b^2$
 - use BLNY fitted values (2003)
 - weak sensitivity to $g_1, g_3 \rightarrow$ propagate g_2 uncertainty \rightarrow **(2,5,2) MeV for $(m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$**

D0			
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- **PDF: Pythia with CTEQ6.1 LO (40 error sets)**
 - template fit 68% C.L. $\rightarrow (11,11,14) \text{ MeV for } (m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$

D0			
PDF	m_T	p_T^e	E_T
QED	7	7	9
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CDF II

CDF

	m_T	p_T^e	\not{E}_T
--	-------	---------	-------------

p_T^Z model	0.7	2.3	0.9
p_T^W/p_T^Z model	0.8	2.3	0.9
Parton distributions	3.9	3.9	3.9

CDF II

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CDF

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 - use BLNY fitted values (2003) for g_1, g_3
 - fit g_2 on Z data ($\Delta g_2 = 0.007 \text{ GeV}^2$)
 - $\Delta g_3 = 0.03$ from BLNY fit equivalent to an additional $\Delta g_2 = 0.007 \text{ GeV}^2$ in terms of ΔM_W
 - propagate g_2, g_3 uncertainty $\rightarrow (0.5, 2.2, 0.5) \text{ MeV}$ for $(m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$
 - α_s tuning to Z data $\rightarrow (1.0, 3.2, 1.2) \text{ MeV}$ for $(m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$
 - anti-correlation between α_s and g_2 uncertainties $\rightarrow (\mathbf{0.7, 2.3, 0.9}) \text{ MeV for } (m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$

CDF

m_T | p_T^e | \not{E}_T

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CDF

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- p_T^W/p_T^Z **model: use of DYqT**
 - scale variation ($1/4 < (\mu_{res}, \mu_R, \mu_F)/m_{W,Z} < 1$) central scale $m_Z/2 \rightarrow (3.5, 10.1, 3.9) \text{ MeV}$ for $(m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$
 - reduction by factor 4.4 when comparing with p_T^W data $\rightarrow (\mathbf{0.8, 2.3, 0.9} \text{ MeV for } (m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu}))$

CDF

	m_T	p_T^e	\not{E}_T
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p_T^W/p_T^Z model	0.8	2.3	0.9
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CDF II

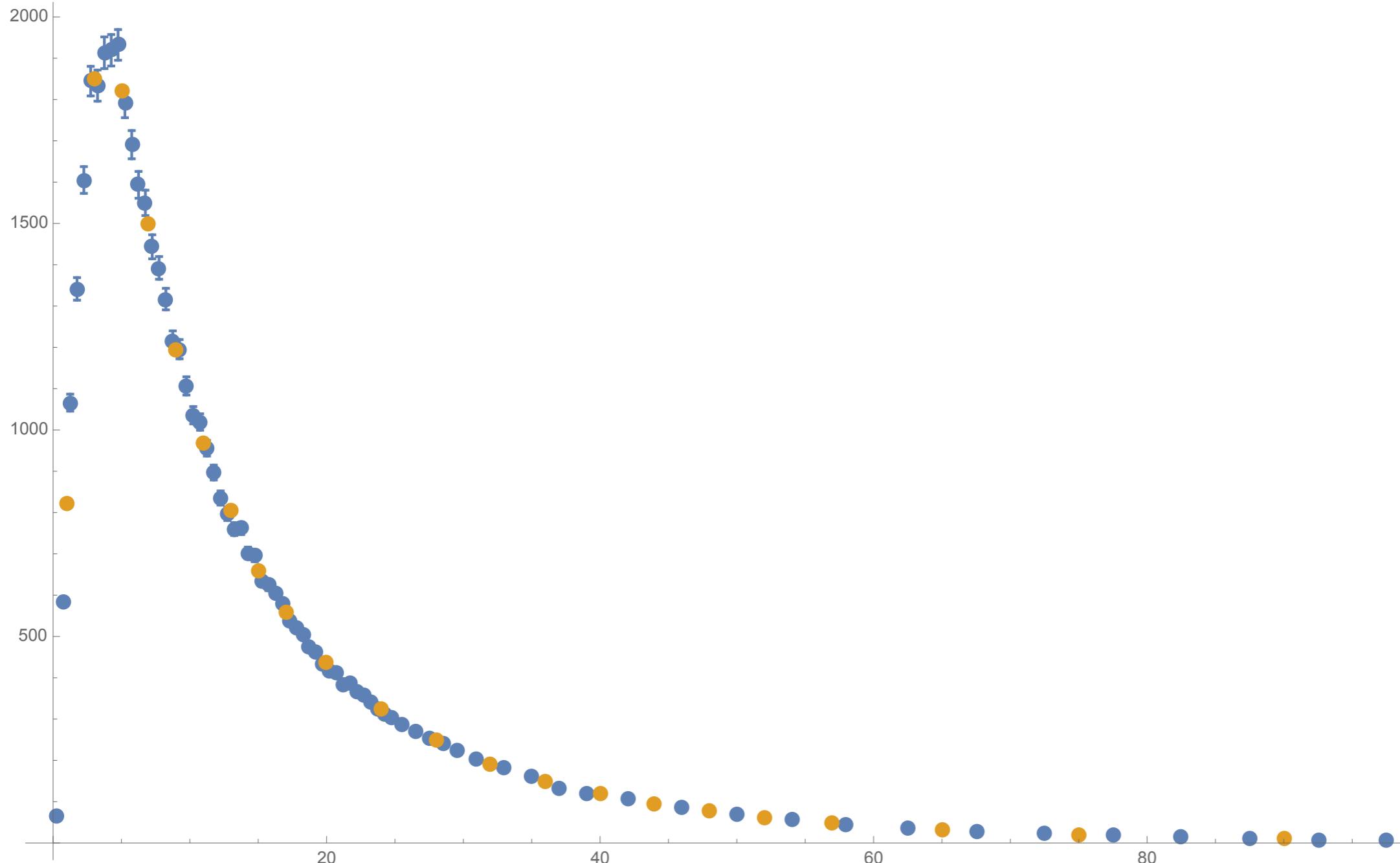
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- **scale variation in ResBos** (μ_R, μ_F): negligible (0.4 MeV shift)
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 - scale variation ($1/4 < (\mu_{res}, \mu_R, \mu_F)/m_{W,Z} < 1$) central scale $m_Z/2 \rightarrow (3.5, 10.1, 3.9) \text{ MeV}$ for $(m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu})$
 - reduction by factor 4.4 when comparing with p_T^W data $\rightarrow (\mathbf{0.8, 2.3, 0.9} \text{ MeV for } (m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu}))$
- **PDF:** pseudodata generated with ABMP16, CJ15, CT18, MMHT2014, NNPDF3.1 (NLO & NNLO)
 - single PDF uncertainty: 25 symmetric NNPDF3.1(NNLO) eigenvectors $\rightarrow \mathbf{3.9 \text{ MeV}}$
 - all other NNLO sets within uncertainty band of NNPDF3.1
 - shift between NNPDF3.1 and CTEQ6m $\rightarrow (\mathbf{3.3, 3.6, 3.0} \text{ MeV for } (m_T, p_{T\ell}, p_{T\nu}))$

CDF

	m_T	p_T^e	\not{E}_T
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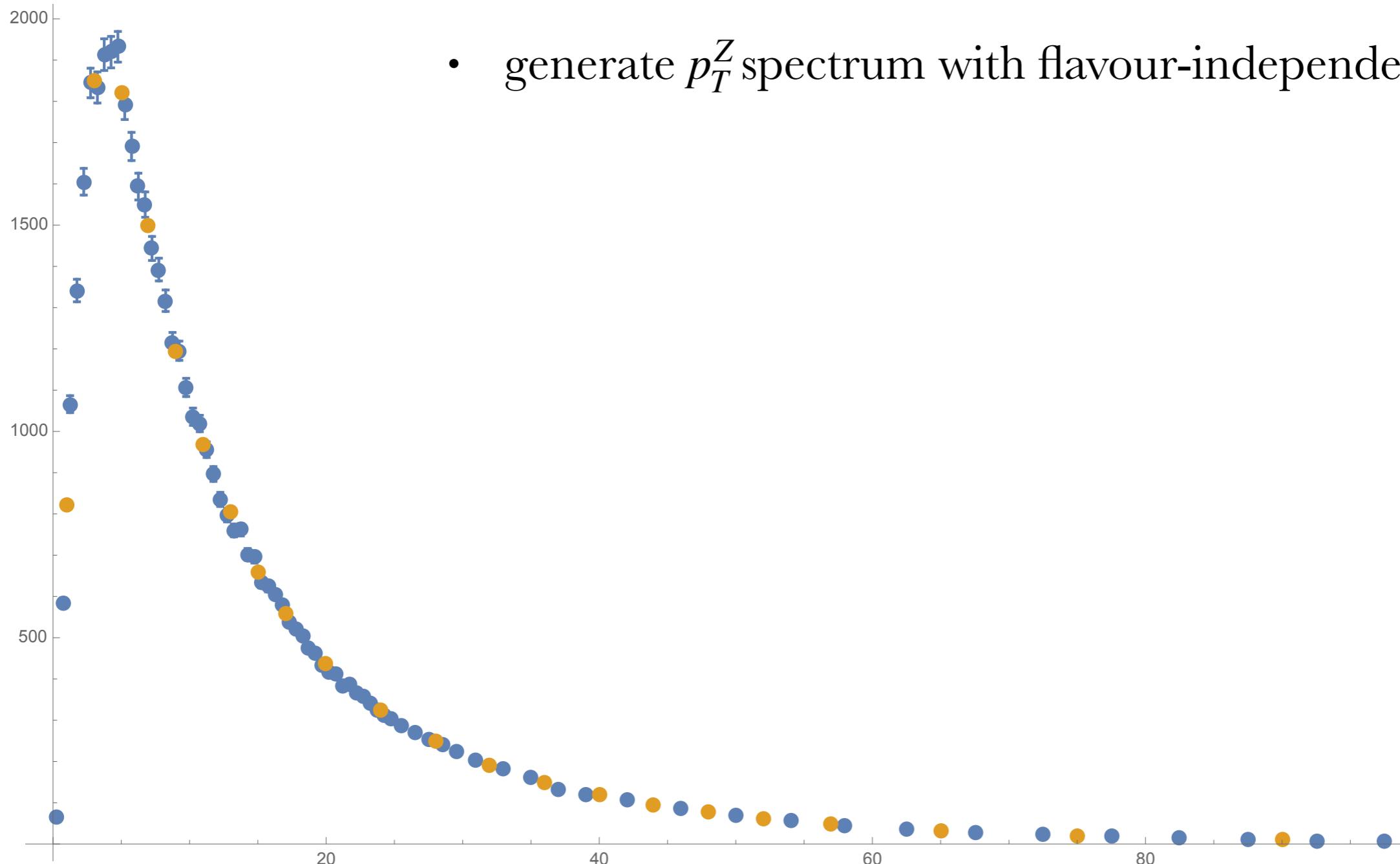
“Z-equivalent” sets

“Z-equivalent” sets

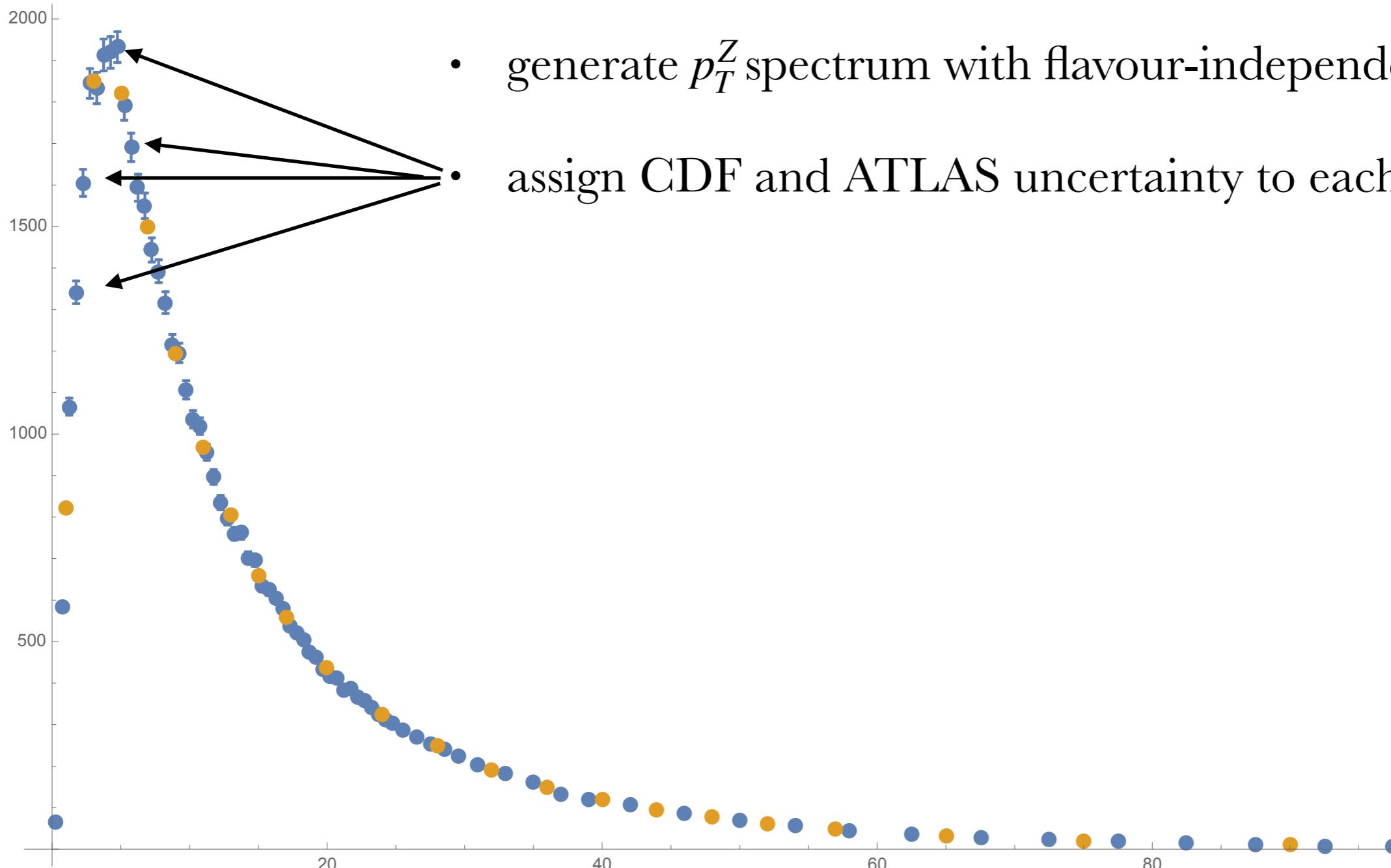


“Z-equivalent” sets

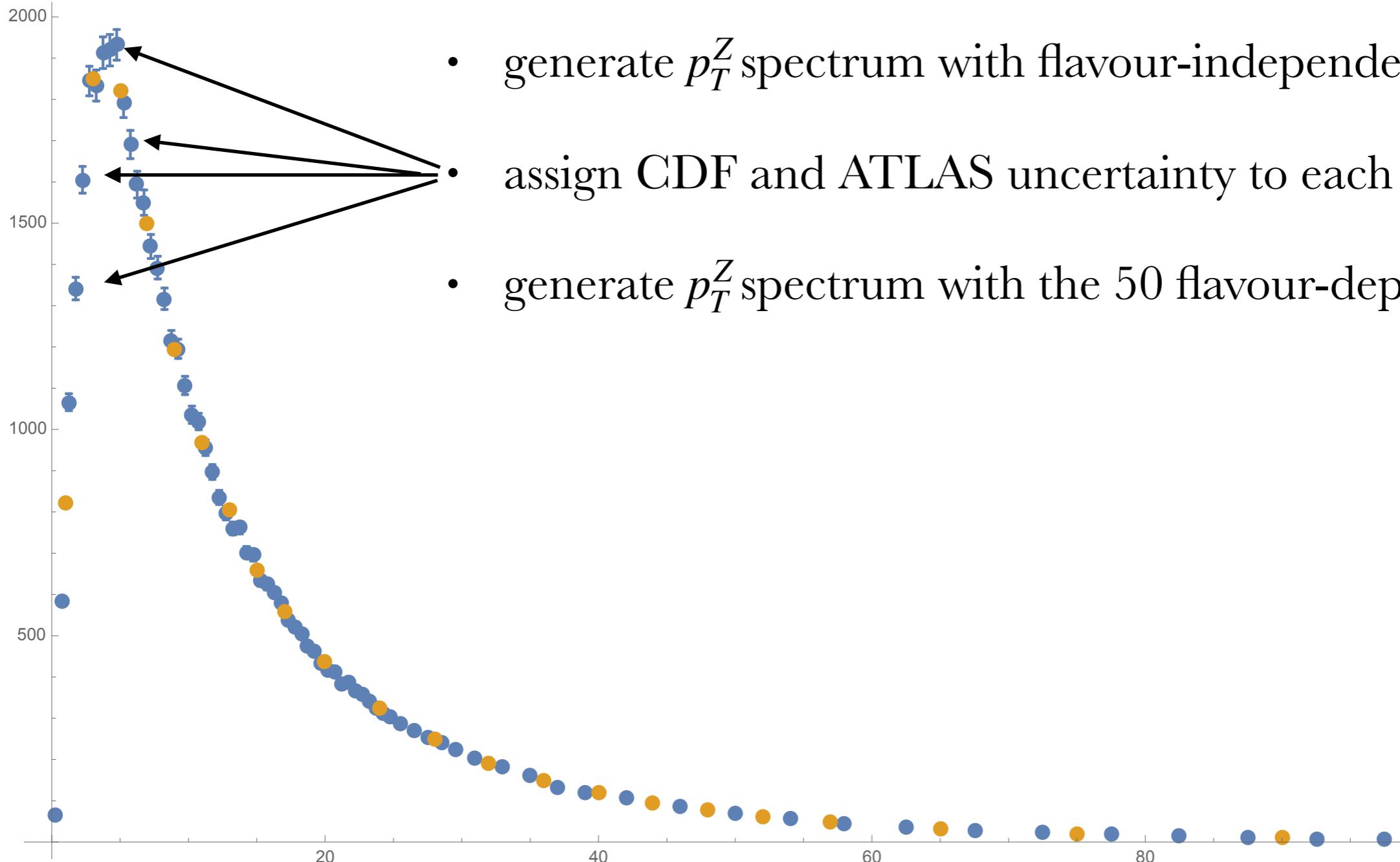
- generate p_T^Z spectrum with flavour-independent set



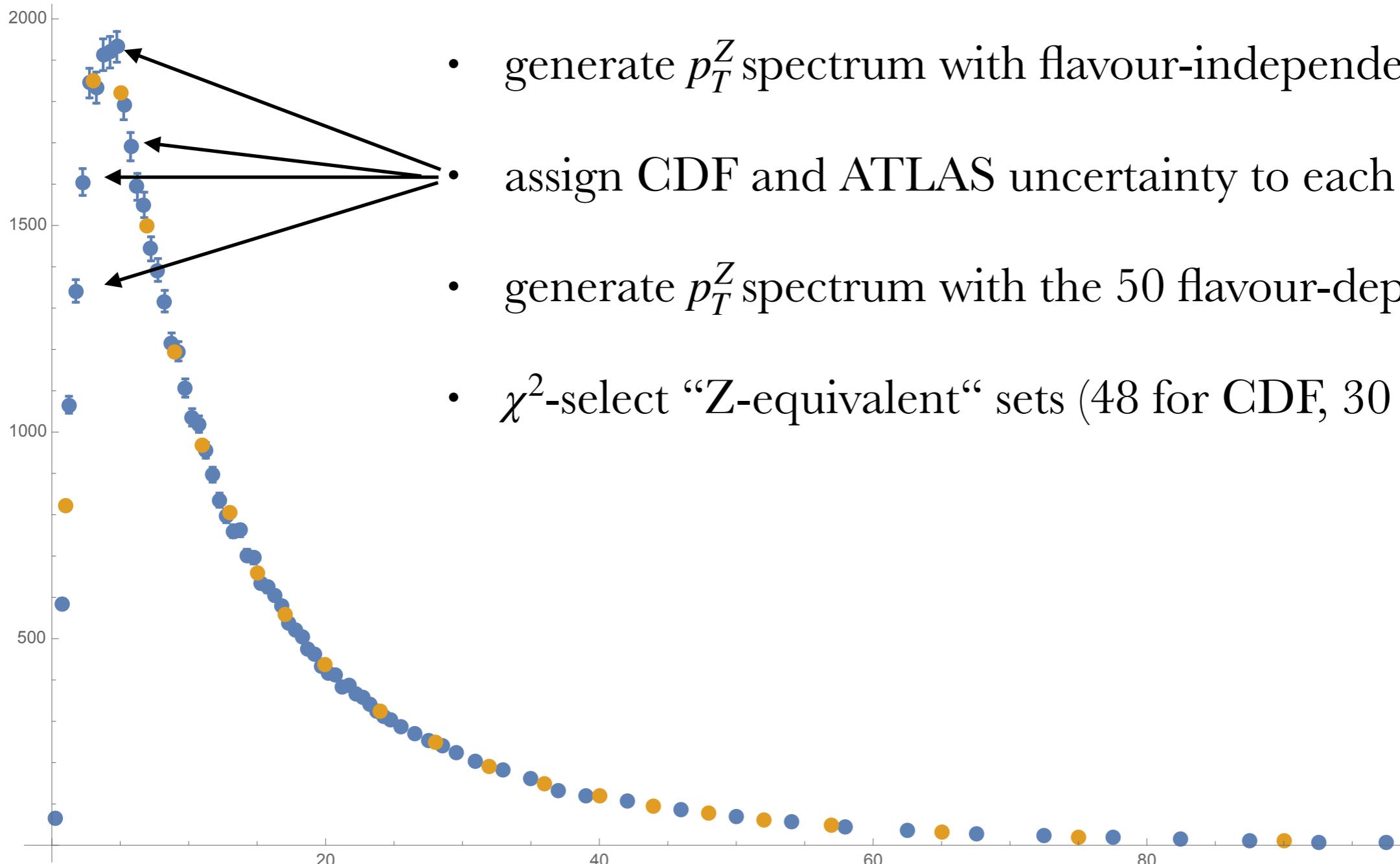
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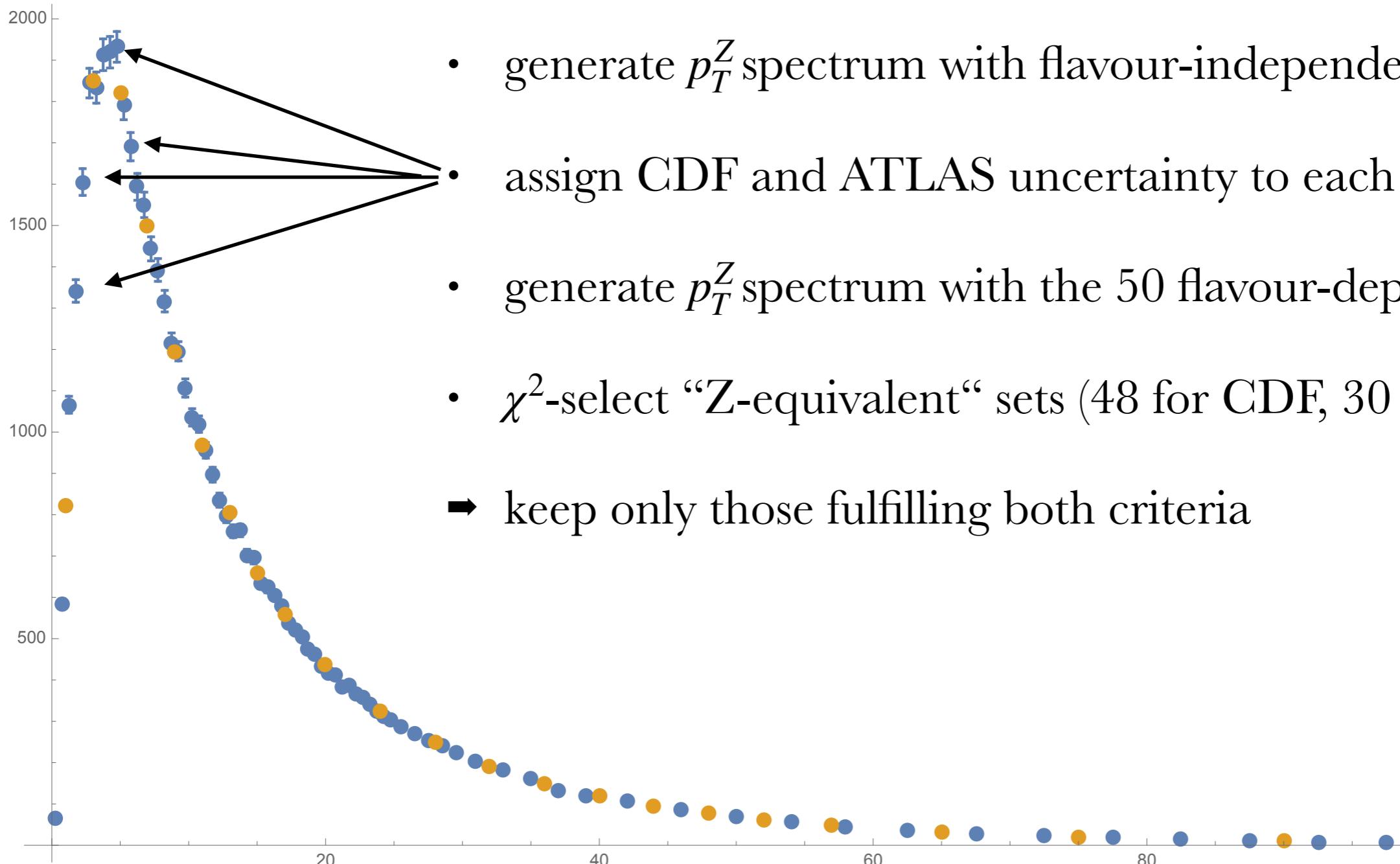
“Z-equivalent” sets



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“Z-equivalent” sets



Impact on m_W

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- Take the “Z-equivalent” *flavour-dependent* parameter sets and compute *low-statistics* (135M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions

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→ **pseudodata**

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→ **templates**

- **perform the template fit procedure and compute the shifts induced by flavour effects**

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- Take the “Z-equivalent” *flavour-dependent* parameter sets and compute *low-statistics* (135M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions

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- Take the *flavour-independent* parameter set and compute *high-statistics* (750M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions for 30 different values of M_W

→ **templates**

- perform the template fit procedure and compute the shifts induced by flavour effects**

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	0	-1	-2	-2	3	-3
2	0	-6	0	-2	0	-5
3	-1	9	0	-2	4	-10
4	0	0	-2	-2	-4	-10
5	0	4	1	-1	-3	-6
6	1	0	2	-1	4	-4
7	2	-1	2	-1	0	-8
8	0	2	8	1	7	8
9	0	4	-3	-1	0	7

TABLE I: ATLAS 7 TeV

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	-1	-5	7	-1	-3	8
2	-1	-15	6	0	5	10
3	-1	1	8	-1	-7	5
4	-1	-15	6	0	-4	5
5	-1	-4	6	-1	-7	5
6	-1	-5	7	0	2	9
7	-1	-15	6	-1	-6	5
8	-1	0	8	0	3	10
9	-1	-7	7	0	4	10

TABLE II: LHCb 13 TeV

Set	u_v	d_v	u_s	d_s	s
1	0.34	0.26	0.46	0.59	0.32
2	0.34	0.46	0.56	0.32	0.51
3	0.55	0.34	0.33	0.55	0.30
4	0.53	0.49	0.37	0.22	0.52
5	0.42	0.38	0.29	0.57	0.27
6	0.40	0.52	0.46	0.54	0.21
7	0.22	0.21	0.40	0.46	0.49
8	0.53	0.31	0.59	0.54	0.33
9	0.46	0.46	0.58	0.40	0.28

Statistical uncertainty: 2.5 MeV

Impact on m_W

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→ **templates**

- perform the template fit procedure and compute the shifts induced by flavour effects**

- transverse mass: zero or few MeV shifts, generally favouring lower values for W^- (preferred by EW fit)

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	0	-1	-2	-2	3	-3
2	0	-6	0	-2	0	-5
3	-1	9	0	-2	4	-10
4	0	0	-2	-2	-4	-10
5	0	4	1	-1	-3	-6
6	1	0	2	-1	4	-4
7	2	-1	2	-1	0	-8
8	0	2	8	1	7	8
9	0	4	-3	-1	0	7

TABLE I: ATLAS 7 TeV

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	-1	-5	7	-1	-3	8
2	-1	-15	6	0	5	10
3	-1	1	8	-1	-7	5
4	-1	-15	6	0	-4	5
5	-1	-4	6	-1	-7	5
6	-1	-5	7	0	2	9
7	-1	-15	6	-1	-6	5
8	-1	0	8	0	3	10
9	-1	-7	7	0	4	10

TABLE II: LHCb 13 TeV

Set	u_v	d_v	u_s	d_s	s
1	0.34	0.26	0.46	0.59	0.32
2	0.34	0.46	0.56	0.32	0.51
3	0.55	0.34	0.33	0.55	0.30
4	0.53	0.49	0.37	0.22	0.52
5	0.42	0.38	0.29	0.57	0.27
6	0.40	0.52	0.46	0.54	0.21
7	0.22	0.21	0.40	0.46	0.49
8	0.53	0.31	0.59	0.54	0.33
9	0.46	0.46	0.58	0.40	0.28

Statistical uncertainty: 2.5 MeV

Impact on m_W

- Take the “Z-equivalent” *flavour-dependent* parameter sets and compute *low-statistics* (135M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions

→ **pseudodata**

- Take the *flavour-independent* parameter set and compute *high-statistics* (750M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions for 30 different values of M_W

→ **templates**

- perform the template fit procedure and compute the shifts induced by flavour effects**
- transverse mass: zero or few MeV shifts, generally favouring lower values for W^- (preferred by EW fit)
- lepton pt: quite important shifts (envelope **up to 15 MeV**)

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	0	-1	-2	-2	3	-3
2	0	-6	0	-2	0	-5
3	-1	9	0	-2	4	-10
4	0	0	-2	-2	-4	-10
5	0	4	1	-1	-3	-6
6	1	0	2	-1	4	-4
7	2	-1	2	-1	0	-8
8	0	2	8	1	7	8
9	0	4	-3	-1	0	7

TABLE I: ATLAS 7 TeV

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	-1	-5	7	-1	-3	8
2	-1	-15	6	0	5	10
3	-1	1	8	-1	-7	5
4	-1	-15	6	0	-4	5
5	-1	-4	6	-1	-7	5
6	-1	-5	7	0	2	9
7	-1	-15	6	-1	-6	5
8	-1	0	8	0	3	10
9	-1	-7	7	0	4	10

TABLE II: LHCb 13 TeV

Set	u_v	d_v	u_s	d_s	s
1	0.34	0.26	0.46	0.59	0.32
2	0.34	0.46	0.56	0.32	0.51
3	0.55	0.34	0.33	0.55	0.30
4	0.53	0.49	0.37	0.22	0.52
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9	0.46	0.46	0.58	0.40	0.28

Statistical uncertainty: 2.5 MeV

Impact on m_W

- Take the “Z-equivalent” *flavour-dependent* parameter sets and compute *low-statistics* (135M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions

→ **pseudodata**

- Take the *flavour-independent* parameter set and compute *high-statistics* (750M) m_T, p_T^l, p_T^ν distributions for 30 different values of M_W

→ **templates**

- perform the template fit procedure and compute the shifts induced by flavour effects**

- transverse mass: zero or few MeV shifts, generally favouring lower values for W^- (preferred by EW fit)

- lepton pt: quite important shifts (envelope **up to 15 MeV**)

- neutrino pt: same order of magnitude (or bigger) as lepton pt

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	0	-1	-2	-2	3	-3
2	0	-6	0	-2	0	-5
3	-1	9	0	-2	4	-10
4	0	0	-2	-2	-4	-10
5	0	4	1	-1	-3	-6
6	1	0	2	-1	4	-4
7	2	-1	2	-1	0	-8
8	0	2	8	1	7	8
9	0	4	-3	-1	0	7

TABLE I: ATLAS 7 TeV

Set	ΔM_{W+}			ΔM_{W-}		
	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$	m_T	$p_{T\ell}$	$p_{T\nu}$
1	-1	-5	7	-1	-3	8
2	-1	-15	6	0	5	10
3	-1	1	8	-1	-7	5
4	-1	-15	6	0	-4	5
5	-1	-4	6	-1	-7	5
6	-1	-5	7	0	2	9
7	-1	-15	6	-1	-6	5
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Statistical uncertainty: 2.5 MeV

