

# The MadNIS Reloaded

**Theo Heimel**  
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Institut für theoretische Physik  
Universität Heidelberg



**UNIVERSITÄT  
HEIDELBERG**  
ZUKUNFT  
SEIT 1386

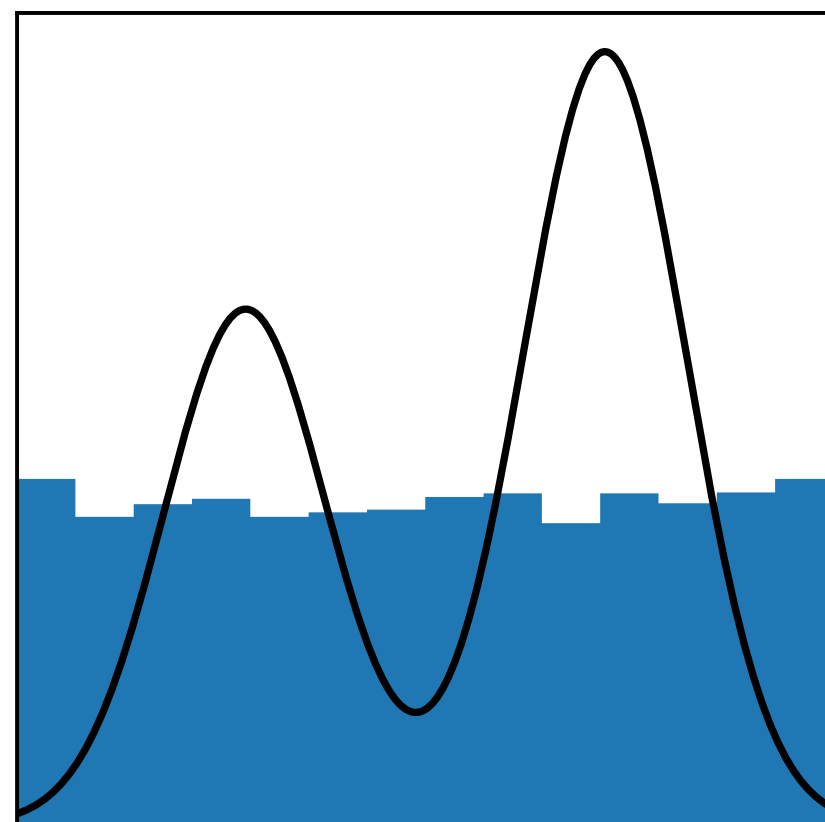
[2311.01548] TH, Huetsch, Maltoni, Mattelaer, Plehn, Winterhalder

# Introduction

## How can we make event generation faster?

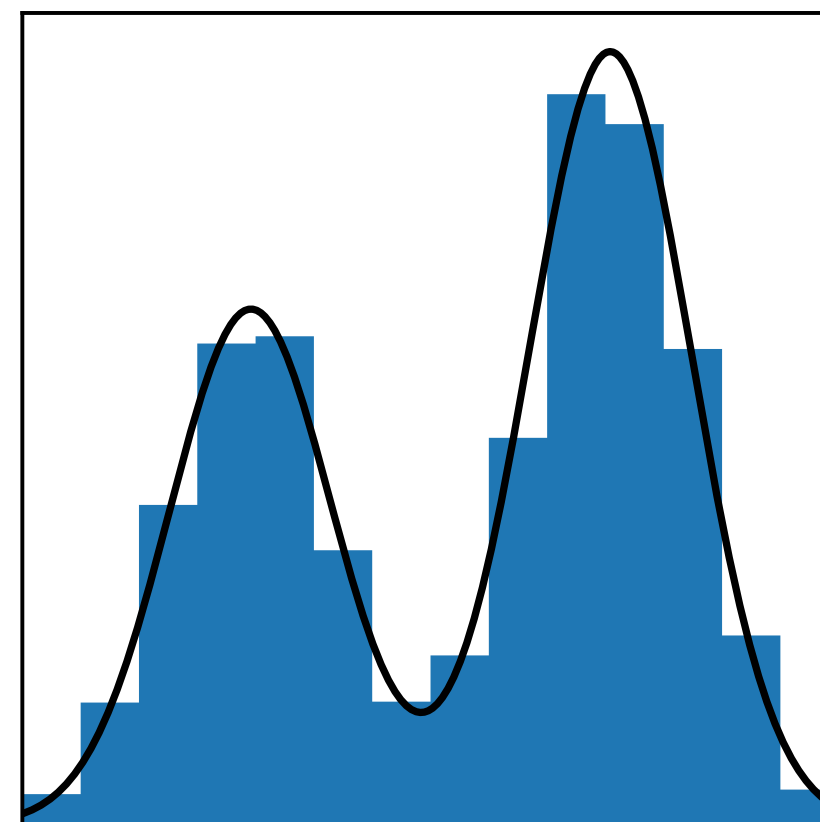
Efficient integration and sampling from differential cross section

$$d\sigma = \frac{1}{\text{flux}} dx_a dx_b f(x_a) f(x_b) d\Phi_n \langle |M_{\lambda,c,\dots}(p_a, p_b | p_1, \dots, p_n)|^2 \rangle$$



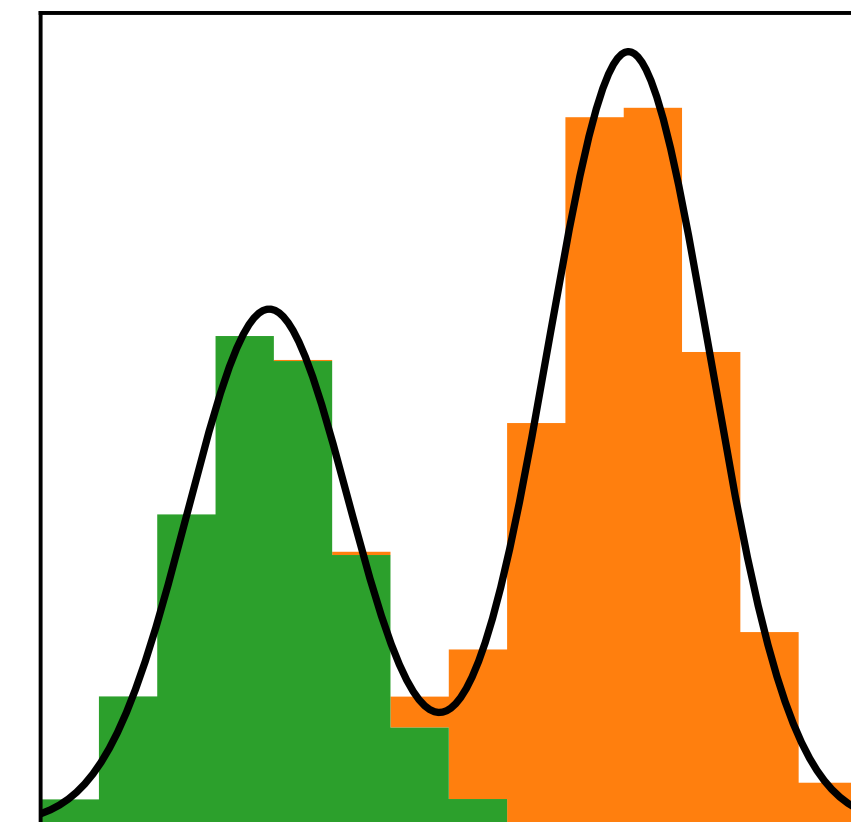
Flat sampling:  
inefficient

$$I = \langle f(x) \rangle_{x \sim p(x)}$$



Importance sampling:  
mapping close to integrand

$$I = \left\langle \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right\rangle_{x \sim g(x)}$$



Multi-channeling:  
mapping for each channel

$$I = \sum_i \left\langle \alpha_i(x) \frac{f(x)}{g_i(x)} \right\rangle_{x \sim g_i(x)}$$

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$$d\sigma = \frac{1}{\text{flux}} dx_a dx_b f(x_a) f(x_b) d\Phi_n \langle |M_{\lambda,c,\dots}(p_a, p_b | p_1, \dots, p_n)|^2 \rangle$$

### Sum over channels

MadGraph: build channels from Feynman diagrams

### Integrand

MadGraph:  $d\sigma/dx$

$$I = \sum_i \left\langle \alpha_i(x) \frac{f(x)}{g_i(x)} \right\rangle_{x \sim g_i(x)}$$

### Channel weights

MadGraph:  $\alpha_i \sim |M_i|^2$

$$\text{or } \alpha_i \sim \prod |p_k^2 - m_k^2 - iM_k\Gamma_k|^{-2}$$

### Channel mappings

MadGraph: use propagators, ...  
Refine with VEGAS  
(factorized, histogram based importance sampling)

# MadNIS: Neural Importance Sampling

$$I = \sum_i \left\langle \alpha_i(x) \frac{f(x)}{g_i(x)} \right\rangle_{x \sim g_i(x)}$$

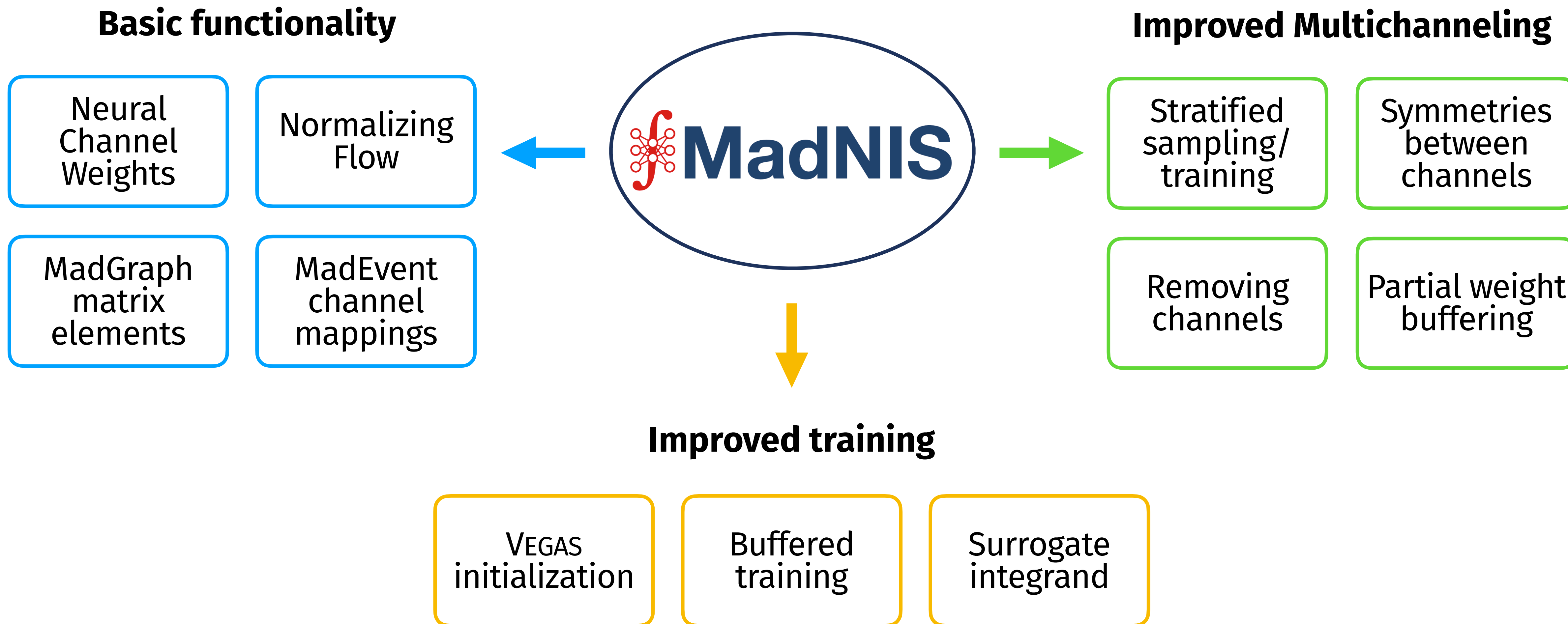
Use physics knowledge to construct channels and mappings

Normalizing Flow to  
refine channel mappings

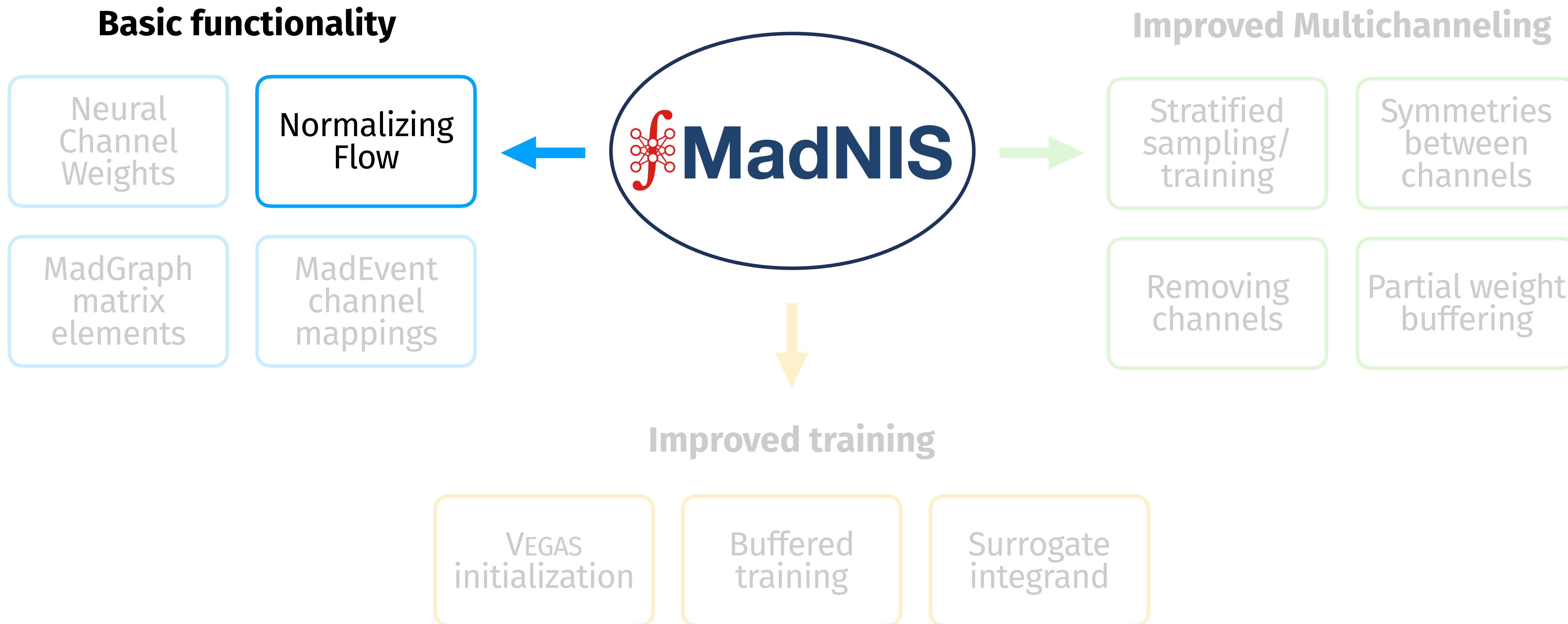
Fully connected network  
to refine channel weights

Optimize simultaneously with integral variance as loss function

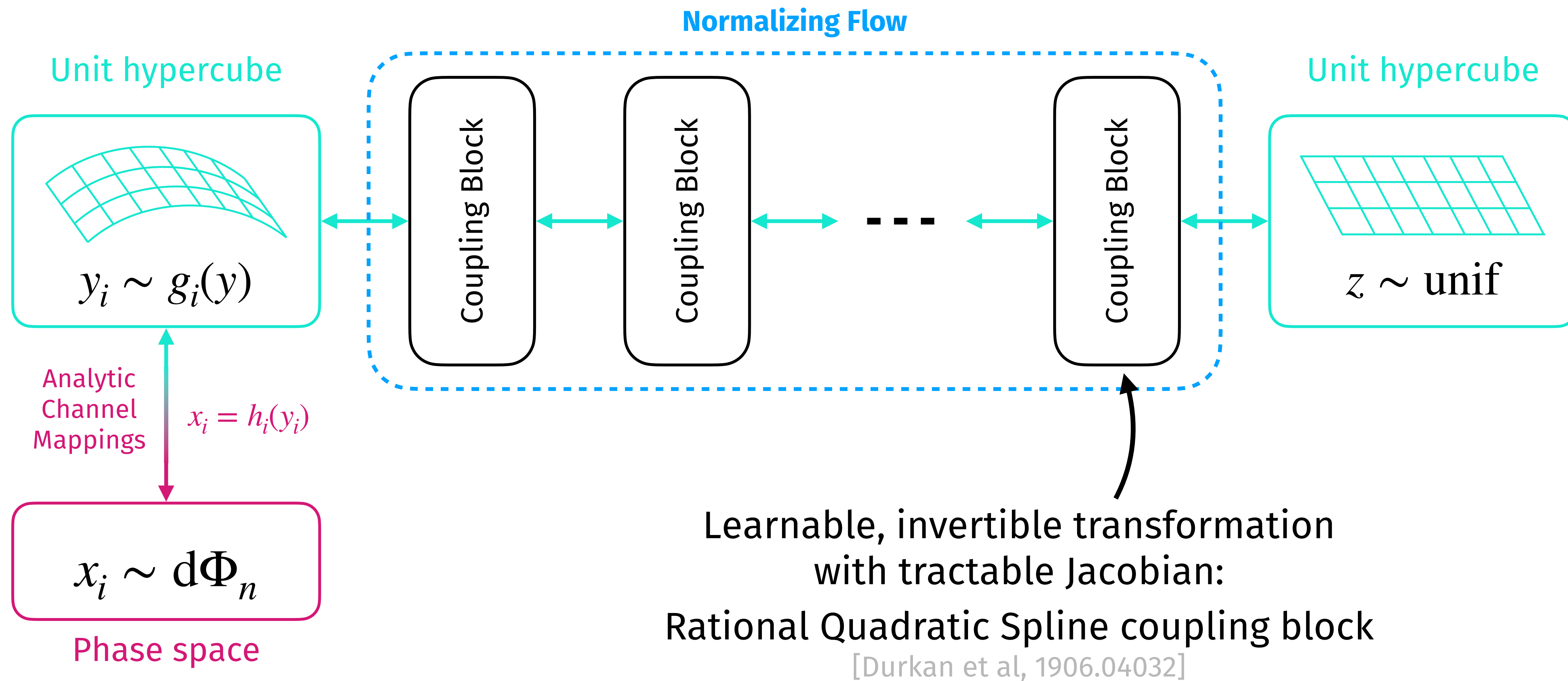
# Overview



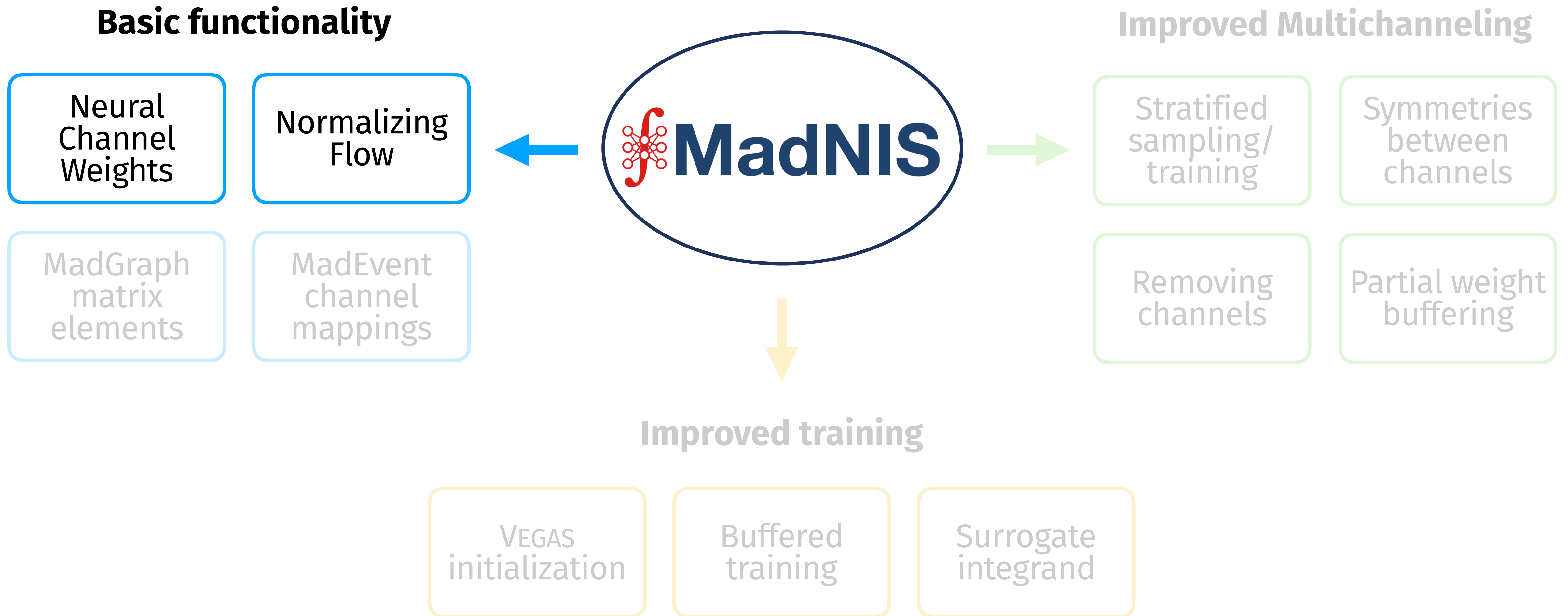
# Overview



# Neural Importance Sampling

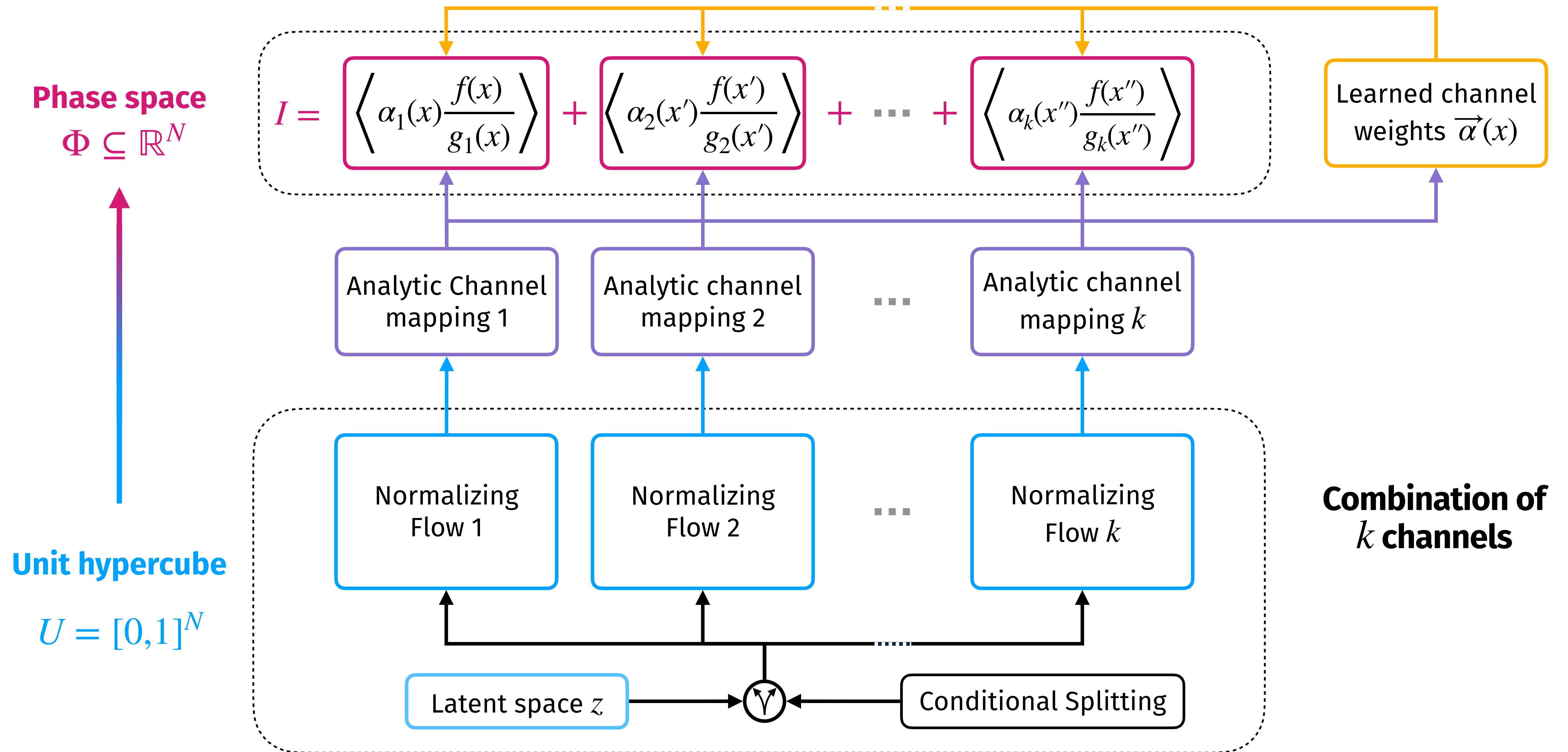


# Overview

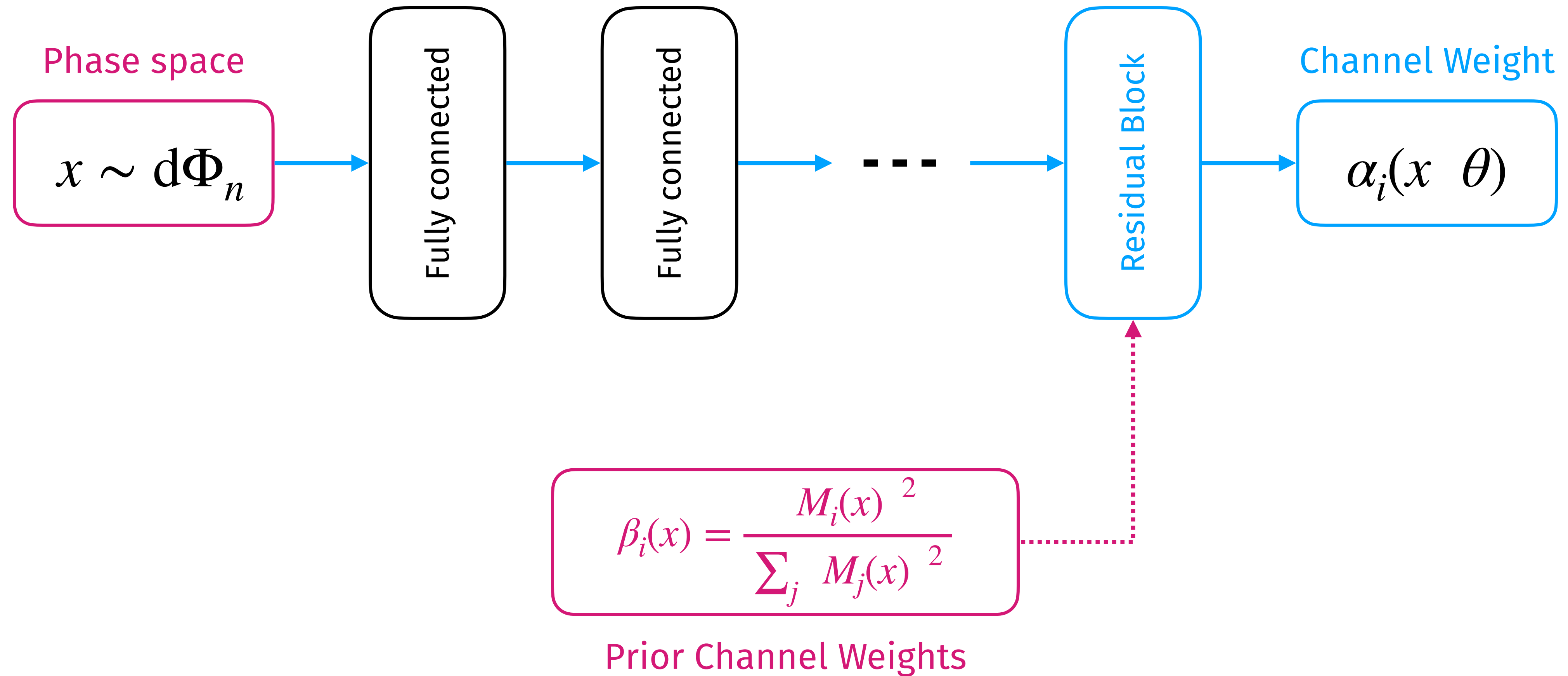




# MADNIS: Neural Importance Sampling



# Neural Channel Weights



# Loss function

Training objective:  
Minimize total variance

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}^2 = N \sum_i \frac{\sigma_i^2}{N_i} \quad \text{with}$$

$$\sigma_i^2 = \text{Var} \left( \alpha_i(x) \frac{f(x)}{g_i(x)} \right)_{x \sim g_i(x)}$$

Optimal MC weights depend on  $N_i$



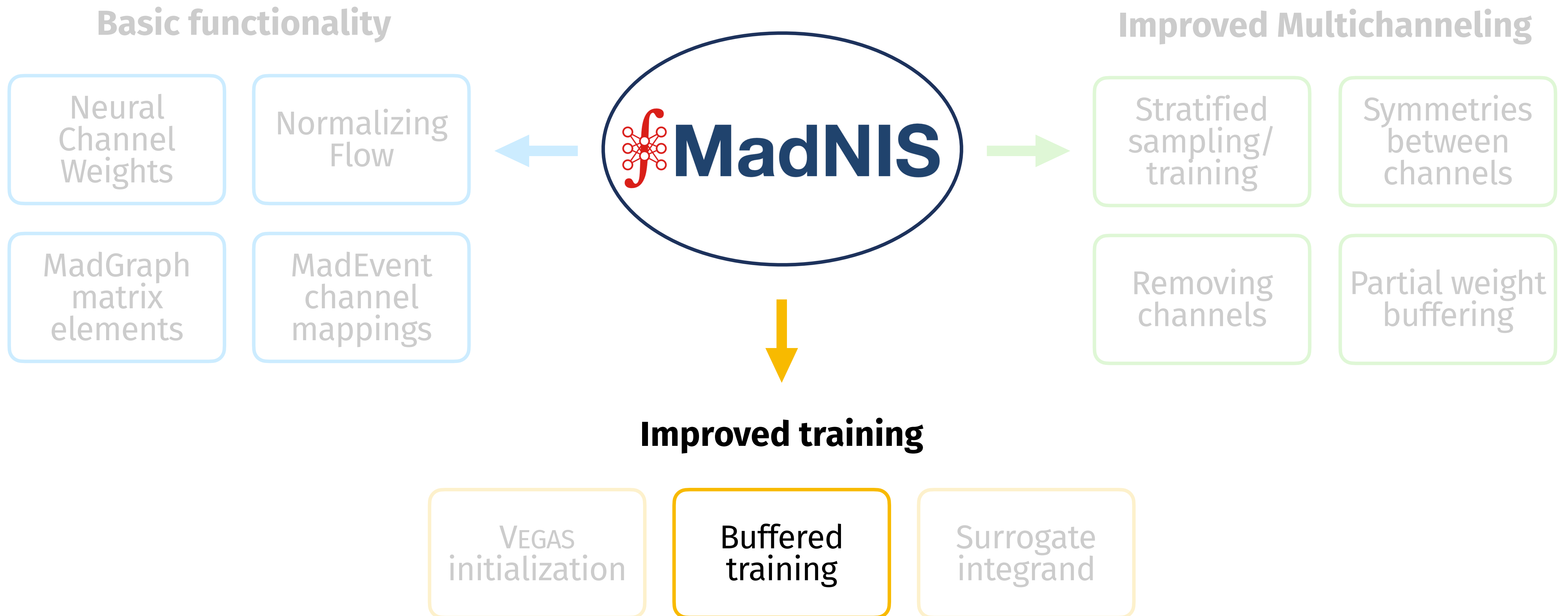
assume choice of  $N_i$  during training:  
use stratified sampling

$$N_i = N \frac{\sigma_i}{\sum_k \sigma_k}$$

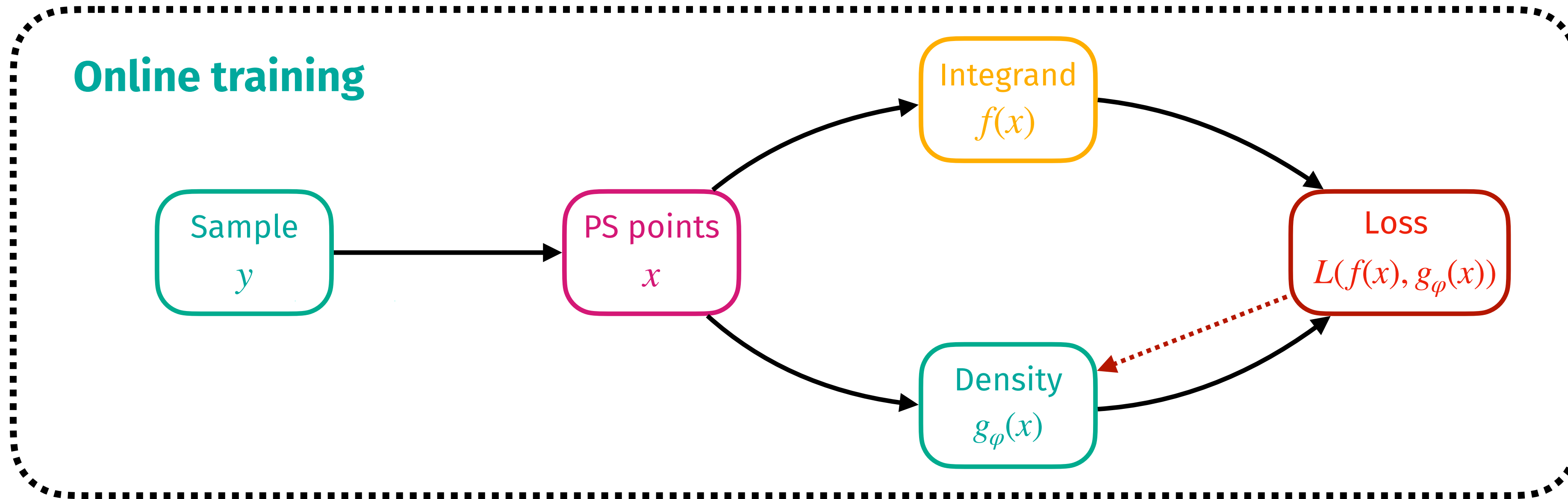
**MadNIS loss function**

$$\mathcal{L} = \sigma_{\text{tot}}^2 = \sum_{i,k} \sigma_i \sigma_k$$

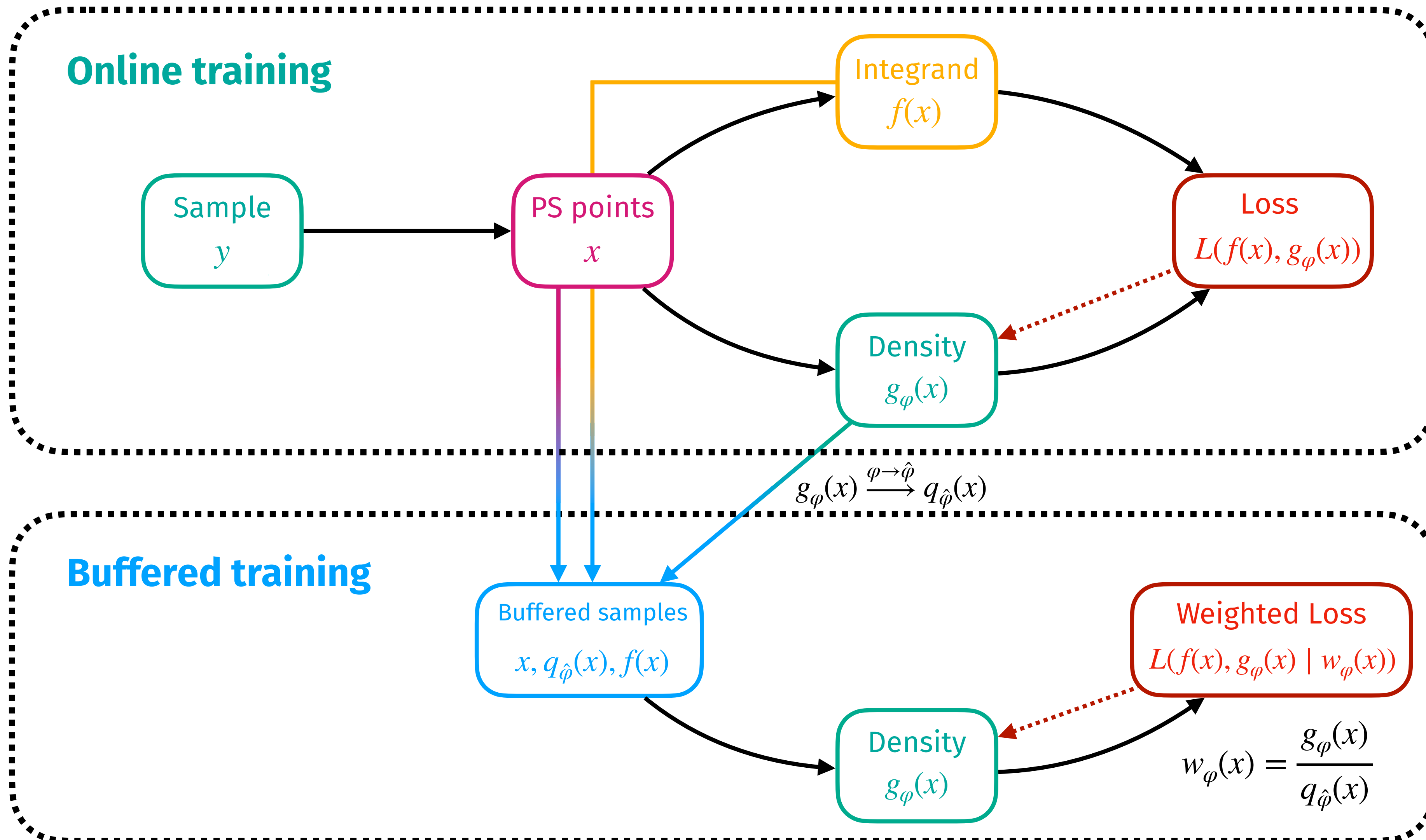
# Overview



# Buffered Training



# Buffered Training



# Buffered Training

## Training algorithm

generate new samples, train on them,  
save samples



train on saved samples  $n$  times

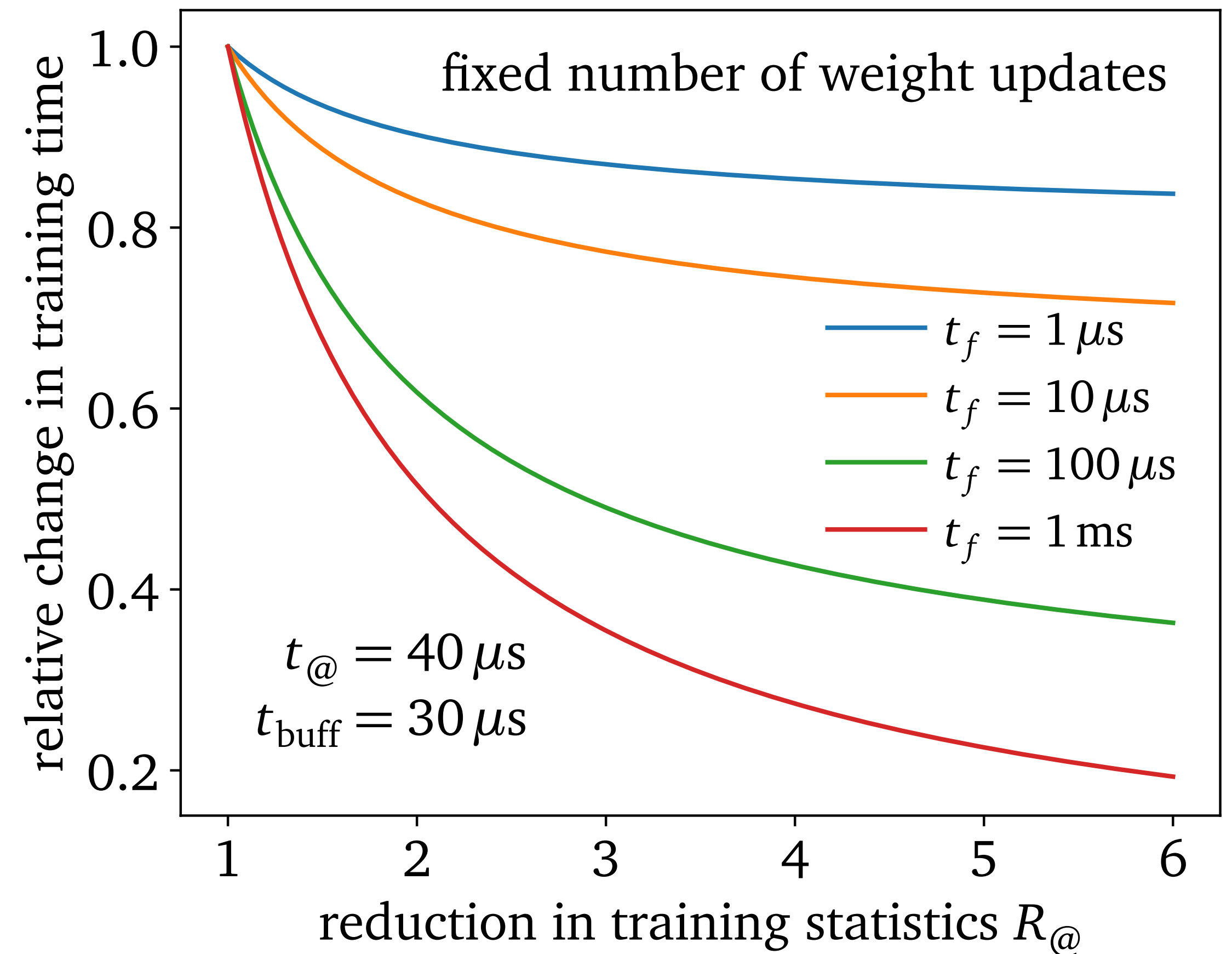


repeat

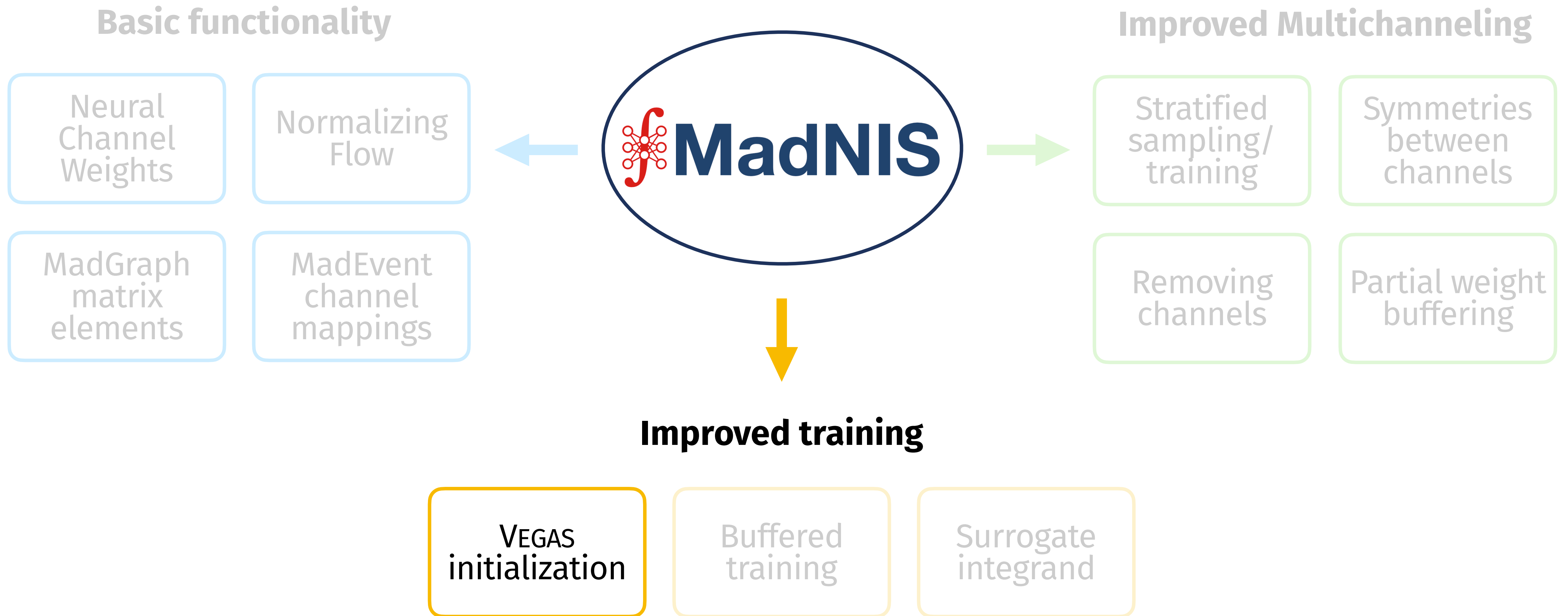


Reduction in training statistics by

$$R_{@} = n + 1$$



# Overview





# VEGAS Initialization

|              | VEGAS | Flow |
|--------------|-------|------|
| Training     | Fast  | Slow |
| Correlations | No    | Yes  |



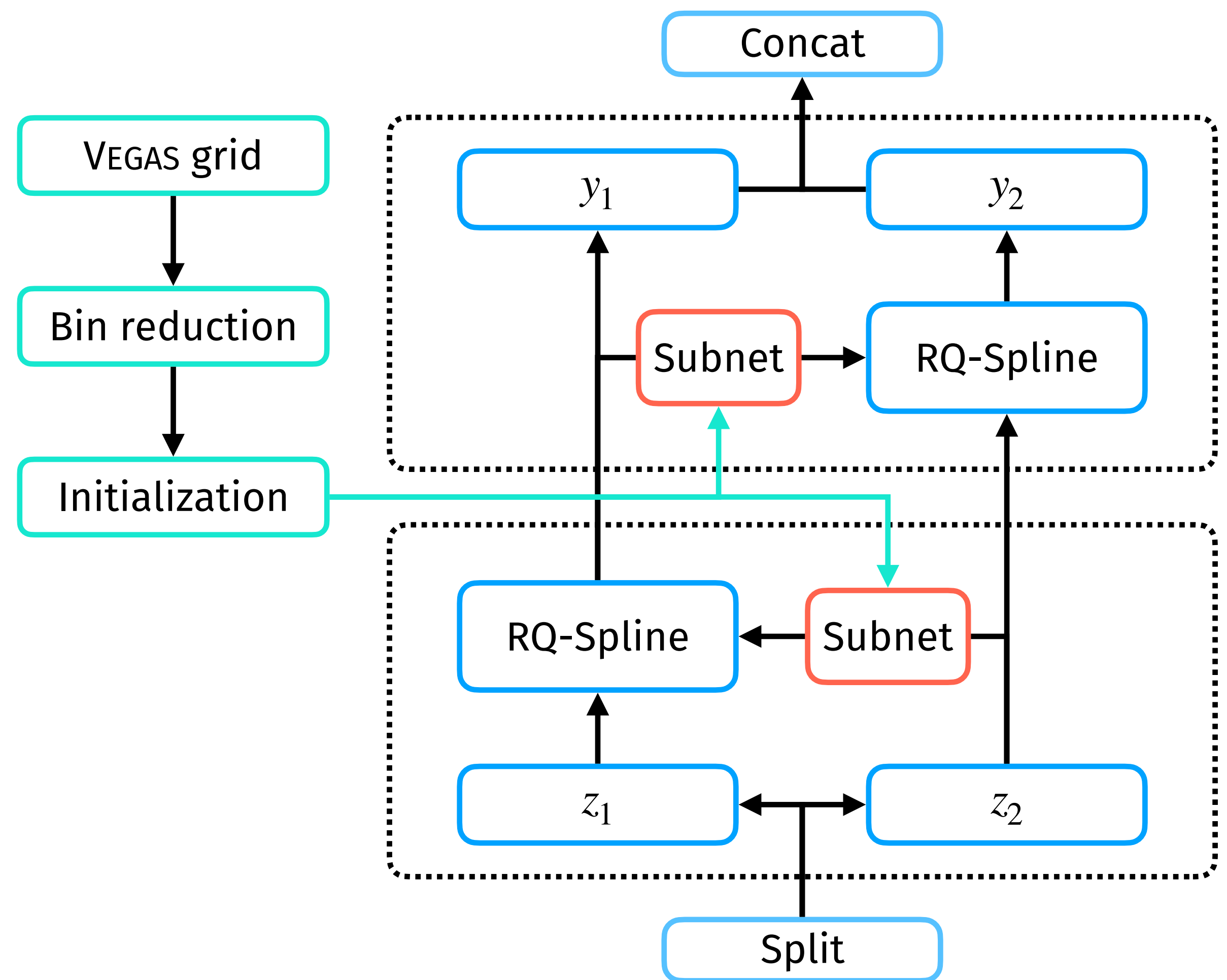
Combine advantages:  
Pre-trained VEGAS grid as  
starting point for flow training

# VEGAS Initialization

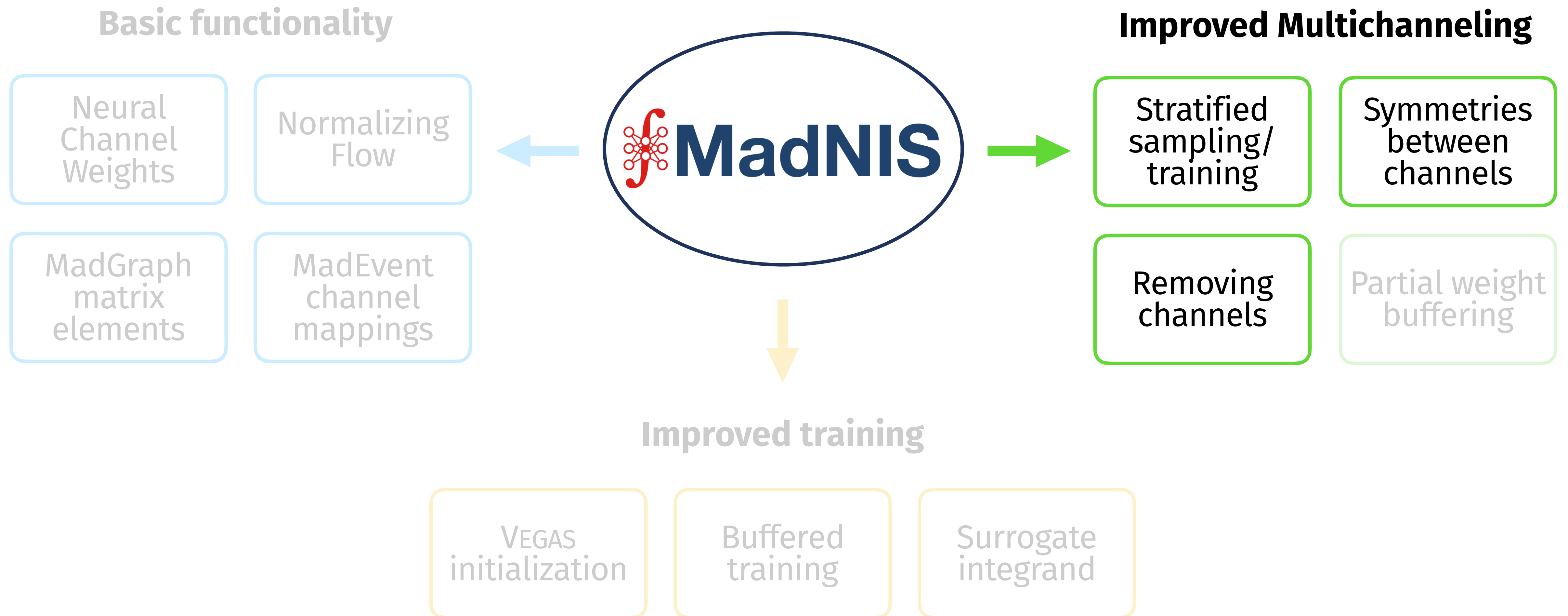
|              | VEGAS | Flow |
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Combine advantages:  
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# Overview



# Improved Multichanneling

## Use symmetries

Groups of channels only **differ by permutations** of final state momenta



use **common flows** and combine in loss function

## Stratified training

Channels have different contributions to the total variance



**more samples** for channels with **higher variance** during training

## Channel dropping

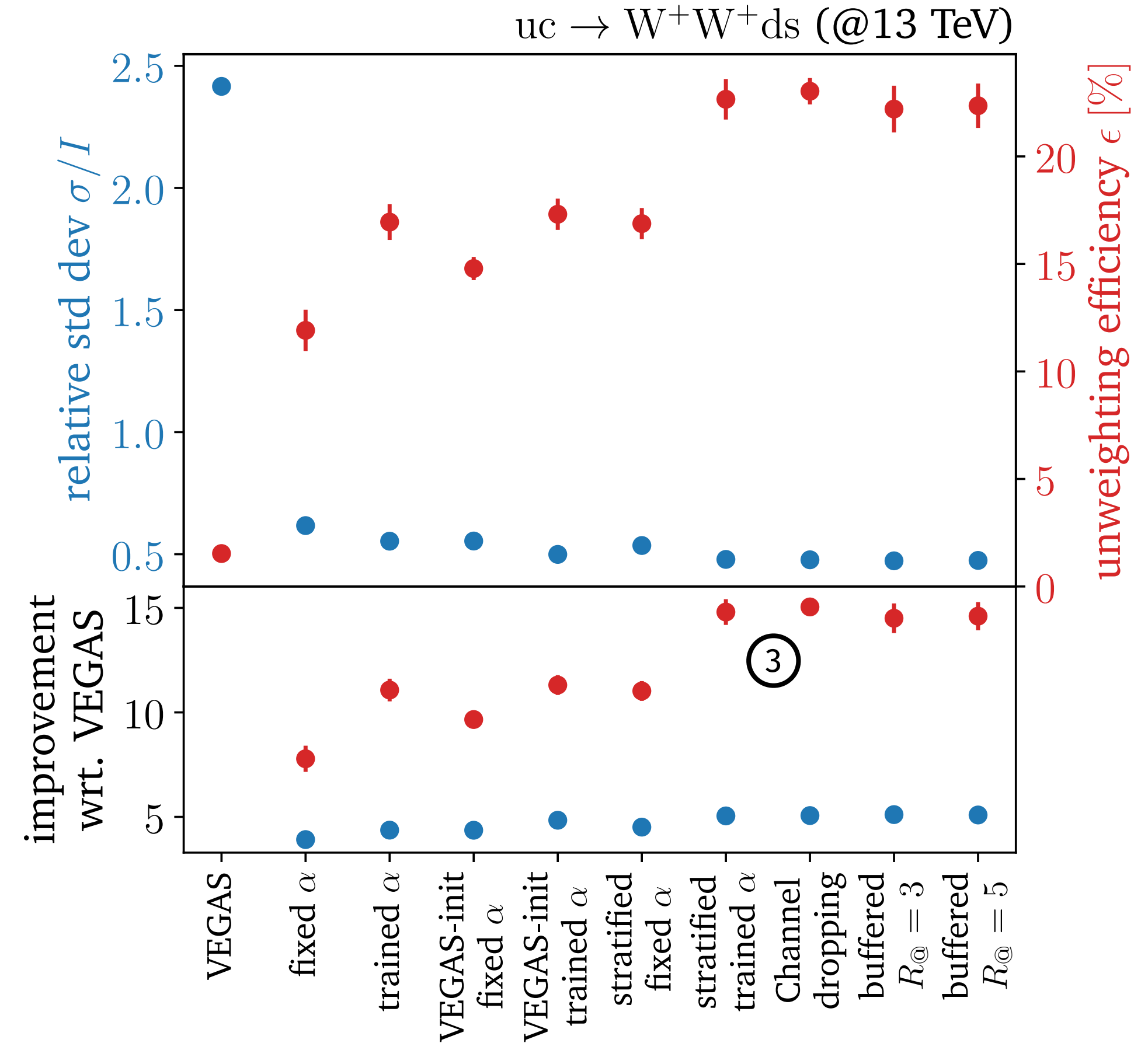
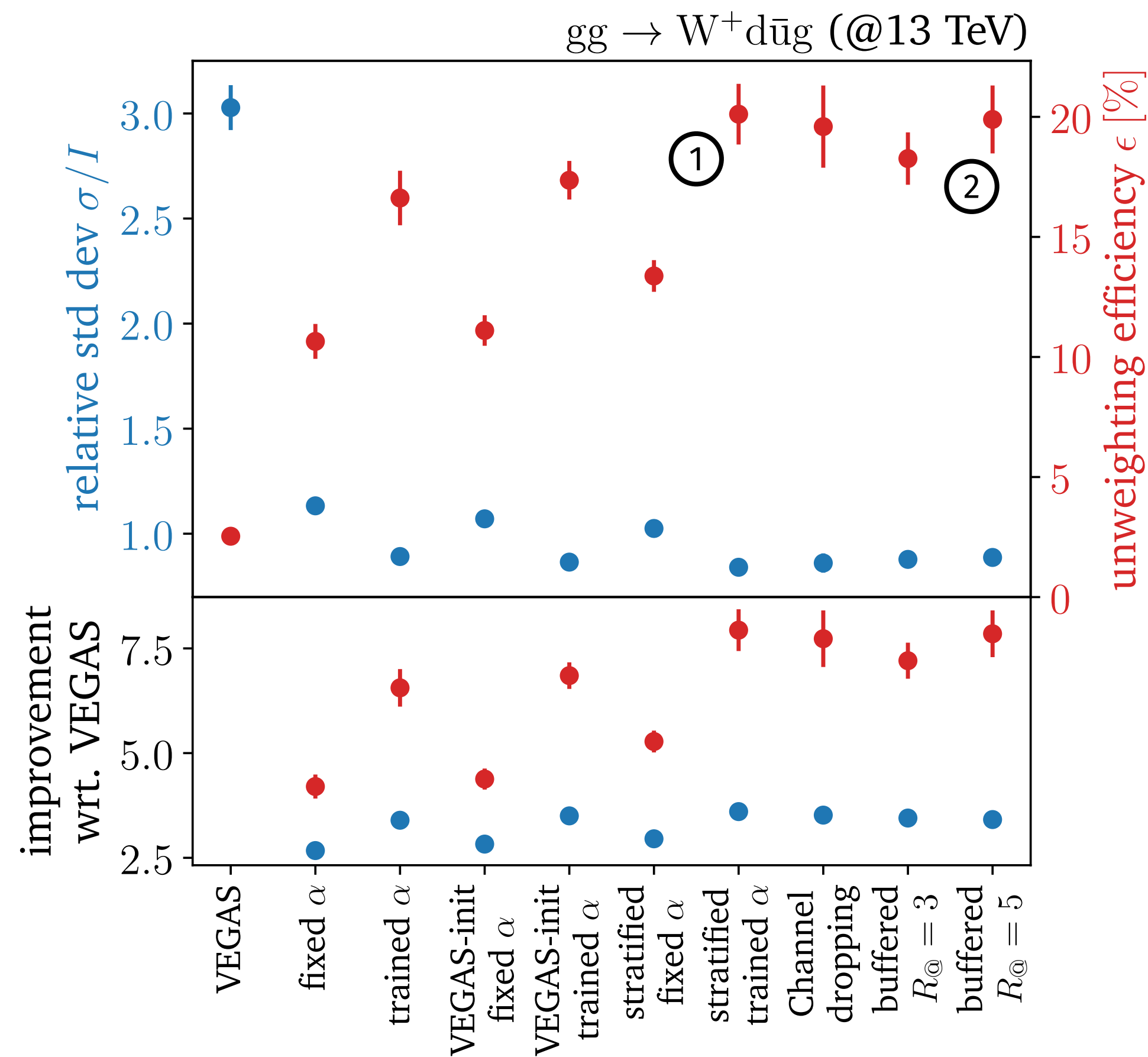
MadNIS often **reduces contribution** of some channels to total integral



**remove** insignificant channels from the training completely

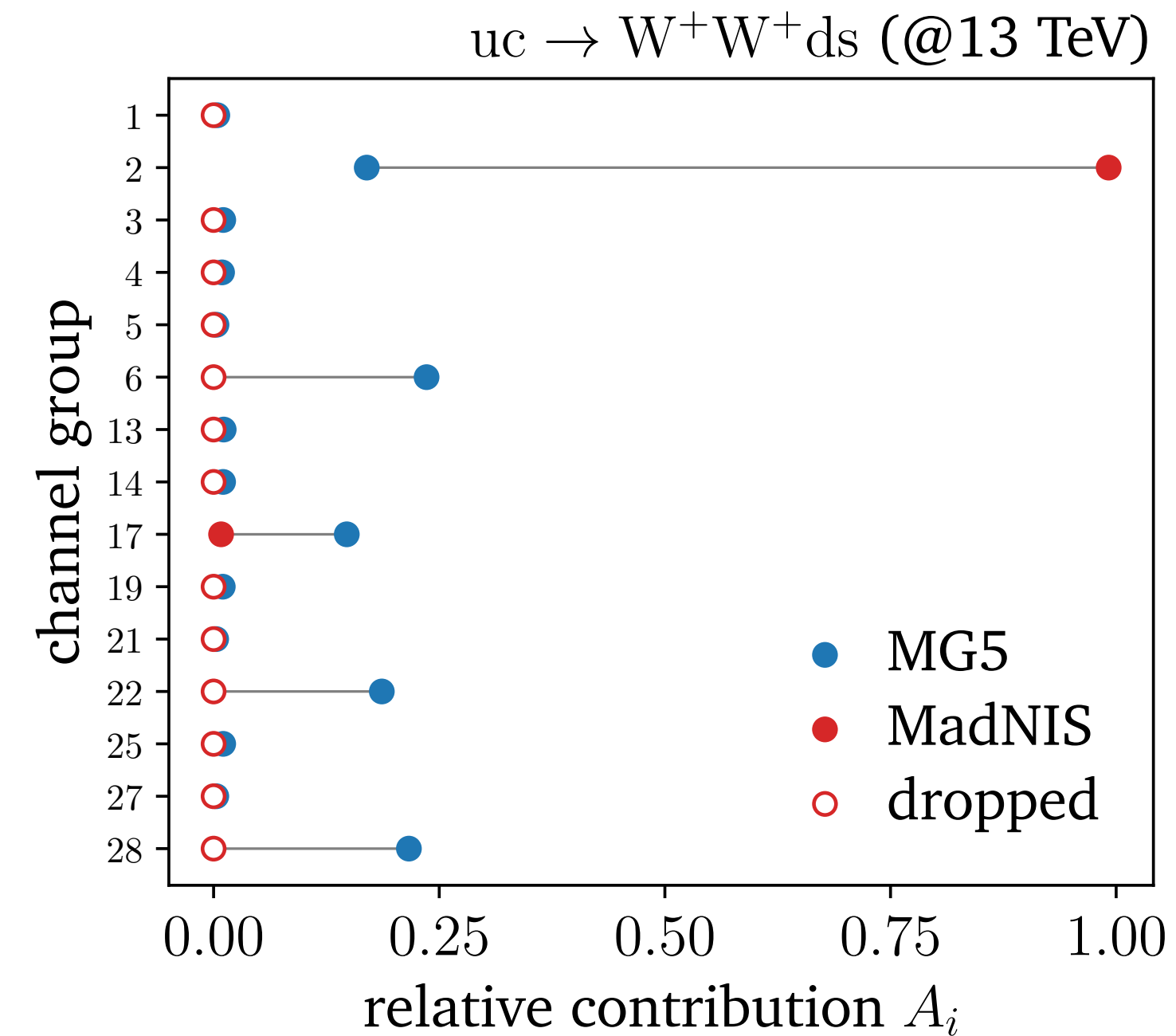
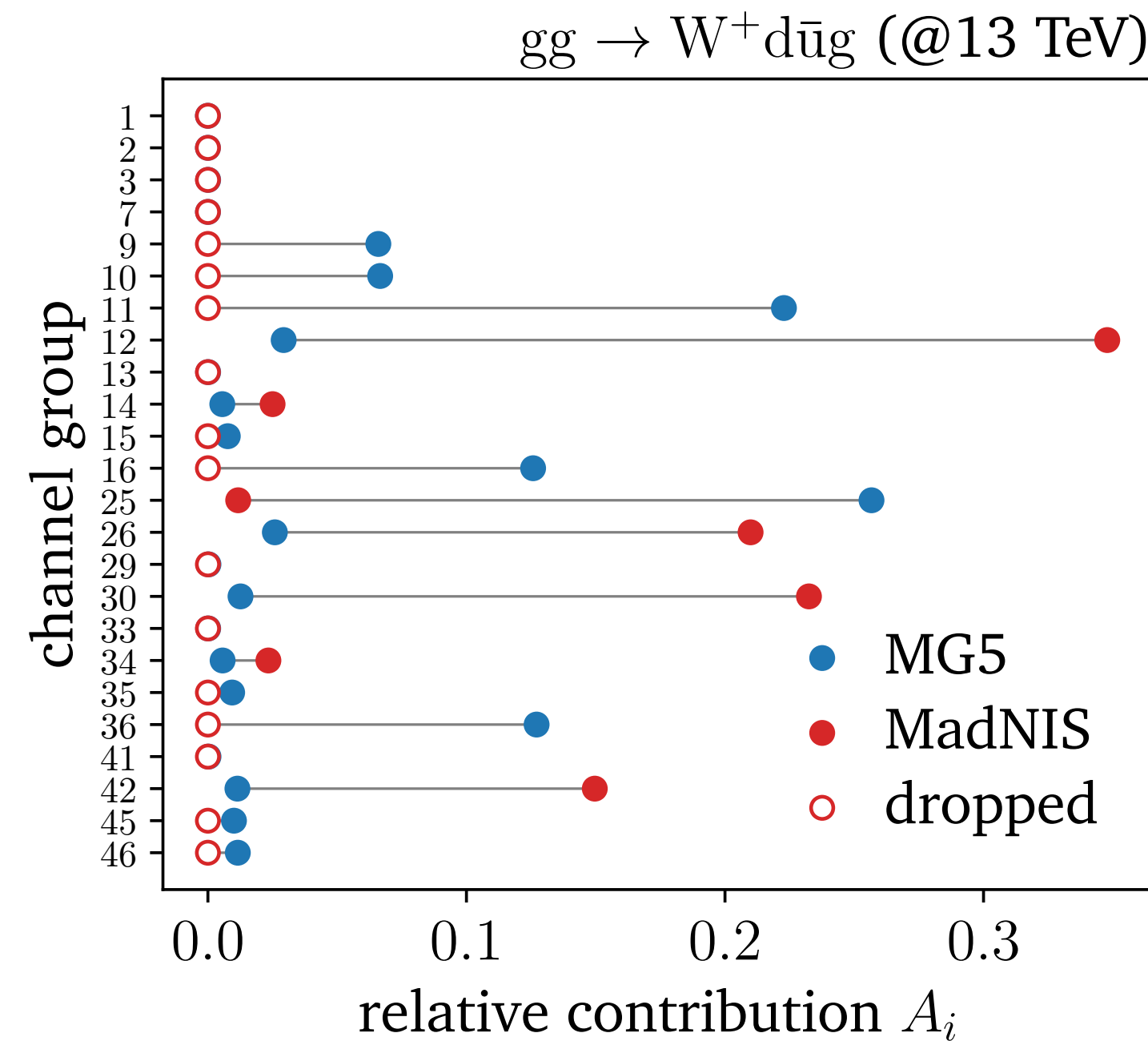
Reduced complexity  
Improved stability

# LHC processes



1. Excellent results by combining all improvements!
2. Same performance with buffered training
3. Even larger improvements for process with large interference terms

# Learned channel weights

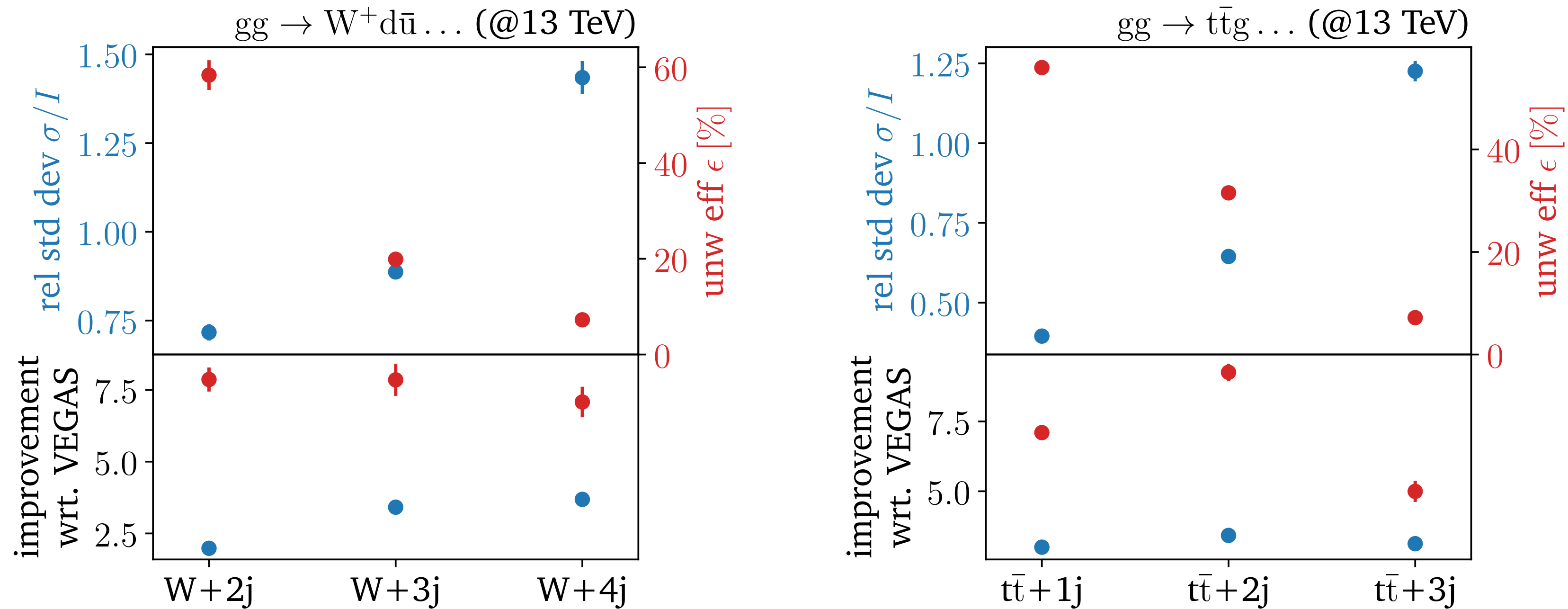


MadNIS often sends weight of many channels to 0



dropping channels makes training and event generation more stable and efficient

# Scaling with multiplicity



$gg \rightarrow W^+ d \bar{u} g g$   
 384 channels, 108 symm.  
 7x better than VEGAS

$gg \rightarrow t \bar{t} g g g$   
 945 channels, 119 symm.  
 5x better than VEGAS

Large improvements compared to VEGAS even for high multiplicities and many channels!

# Outlook

## The MadNIS Reloaded

Large improvements,  
even for high multiplicities  
and complicated processes!



[[2311.01548](#)]

## Future plans

Make MadNIS part of next  
MadGraph version

