

# The Fast Calorimeter Simulation Challenge 2022

— ML4Jets at DESY Hamburg, Germany —

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Institute of High Energy Physics (HEPHY), Austrian Academy of Sciences (OeAW)

November 9, 2023

with Michele Faucci Giannelli, Gregor Kasieczka, Ben Nachman, Dalila Salamani, David Shih, and Anna Zaborowska

<https://calochallenge.github.io/homepage/>

# The Fast Calorimeter Challenge 2022

In February 2022, we introduced 4 different calorimeter datasets to

- ⇒ trigger development of new generative models.
- ⇒ evaluate existing models on common datasets.
- ⇒ improve our understanding of common struggles, advantages, disadvantages, and scaling behavior.

# The Fast Calorimeter Challenge 2022

In February 2022, we introduced 4 different calorimeter datasets to

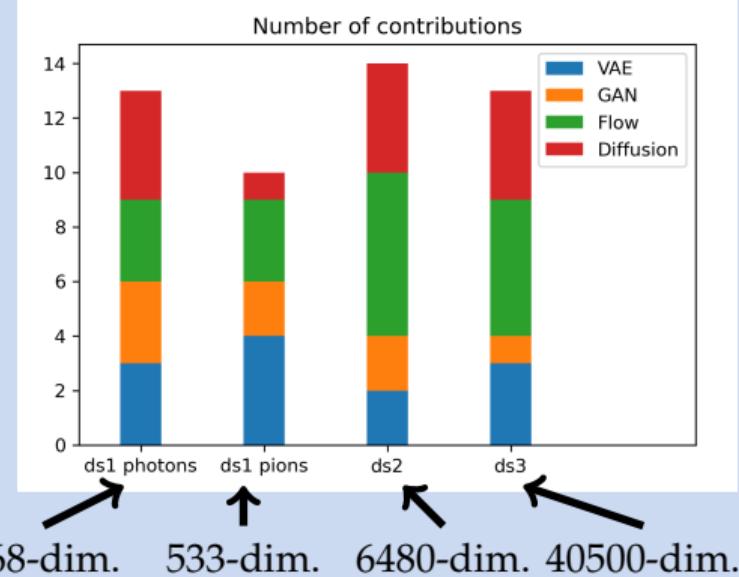
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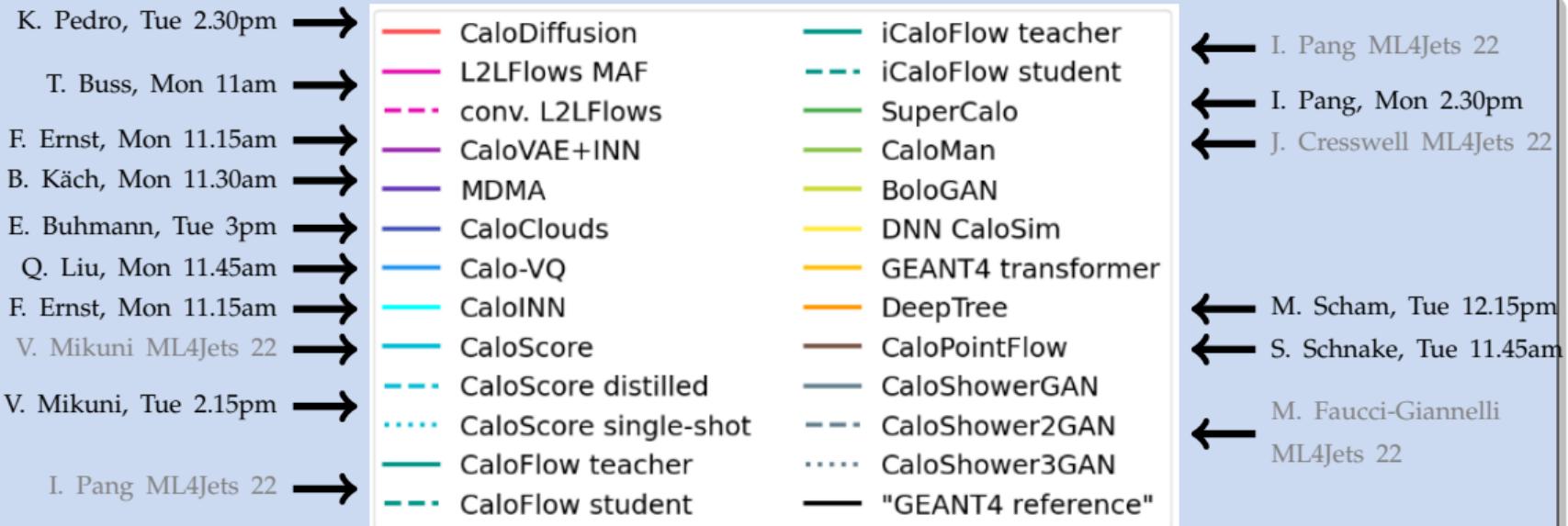
May 30th, 2023: CaloChallenge Workshop in Frascati, IT  
<https://agenda.infn.it/event/34036/>

## A total of 50 samples have been submitted

- 50 samples have been submitted.
- Nicely distributed over different DGMs.



# Many models are discussed this week!



## The main evaluations presented today\*

- ⇒ The *separation power* of high-level feature histograms:

$$S(h_1, h_2) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{bins}}} \frac{(h_{1,i} - h_{2,i})^2}{h_{1,i} + h_{2,i}}$$

Diefenbacher et al. [2009.03796, JINST]

- ⇒ A multi-class classifier based on voxels:

Train on submission 1 vs. submission 2 vs. ... vs. submission  $n$

and evaluate the *log posterior*:

$$L = \langle \log(p(x_{\in \text{class } i} | x_{\text{taken from } j})) \rangle \quad j \in \{\text{submission } k, \text{GEANT4}\}$$

- ⇒ The *generation time*.

\* There'll be more in the final document.

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⇒ The *separation power* of high-level features:

$$S(h_1, h_2) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{bins}}} \frac{(h_{1,i} - h_{2,i})^2}{h_{1,i} + h_{2,i}}$$

⇒ A multi-class classifier based on DNN.  
Train on submission 1 vs. submission 2  
and evaluate the *log posterior*:

$$L = \langle \log(p(x_{\in \text{class } i} | x_{\text{taken from } j})) \rangle$$

⇒ The *generation time*.

- Simple DNN with 2 hidden layers of 2048 neurons\*.
- features\*:  $\log_{10}E_{\text{inc}}, \mathcal{I}_a/E_{\text{inc}}$
- Cross Entropy loss,  
ADAM optimizer,  
25 epochs (val loss min around 15)

$$j \in \{\text{Submission 1}, \dots, \text{Submission 14}\}$$

\* There'll be more in the final document.

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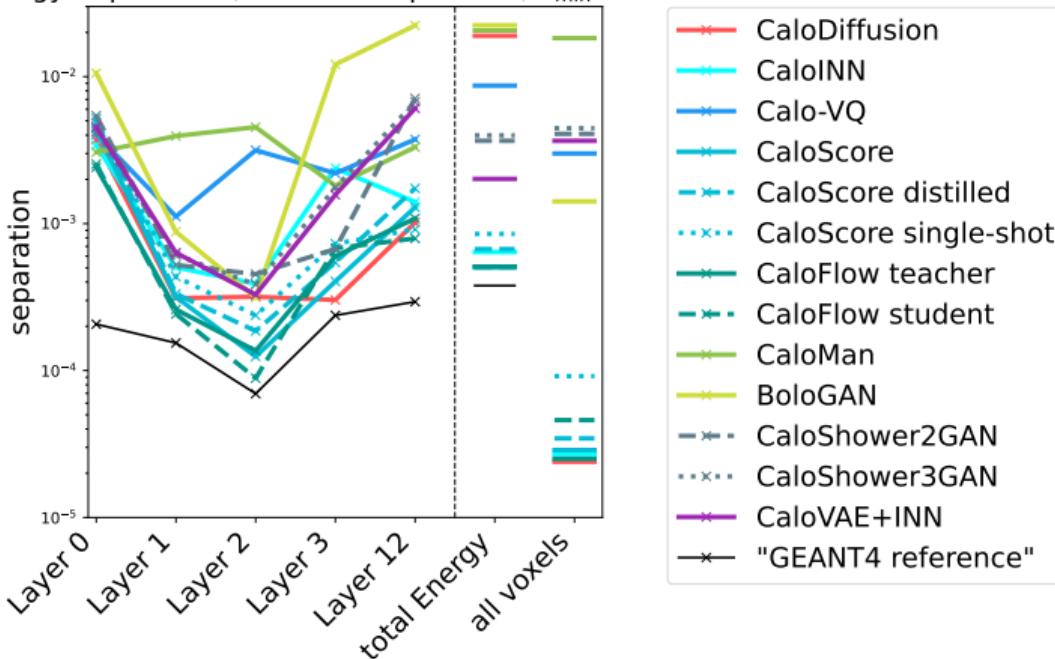
⇒ The *generation time*.

- start singularity container
- load model weights + biases
- generate samples
- save them to .hdf5

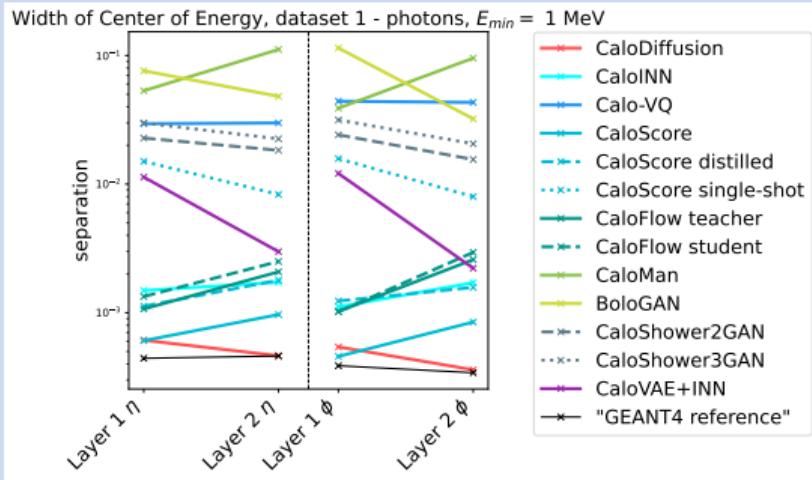
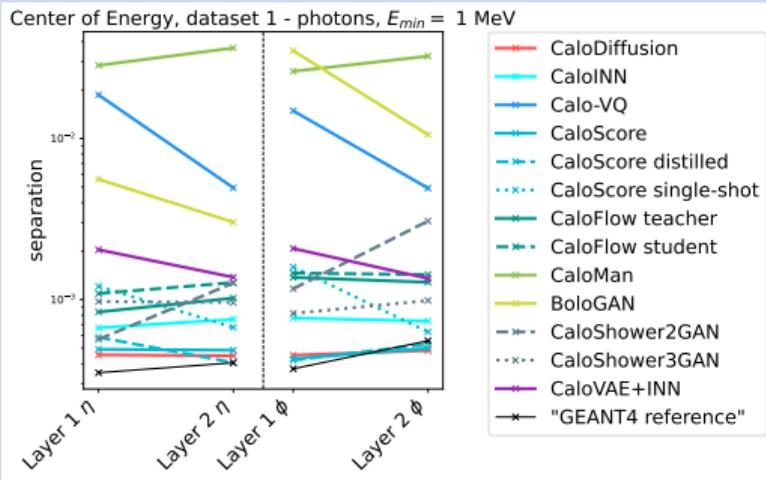
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# Histogram separation power ds1 photons

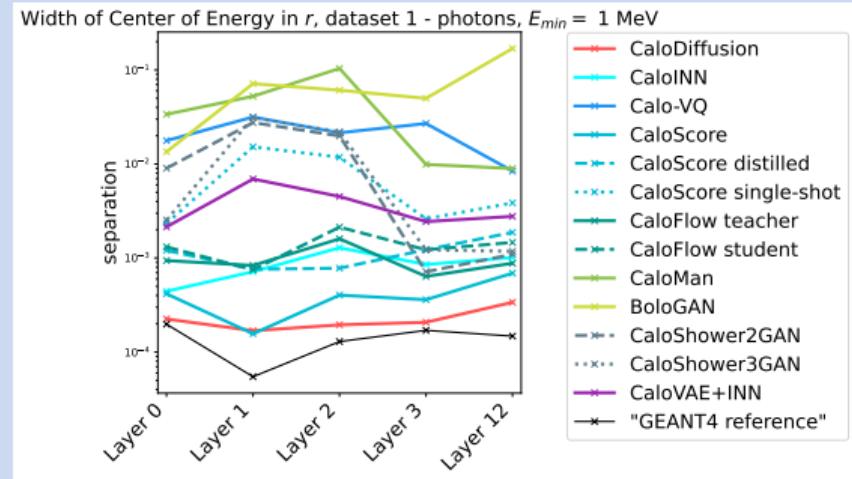
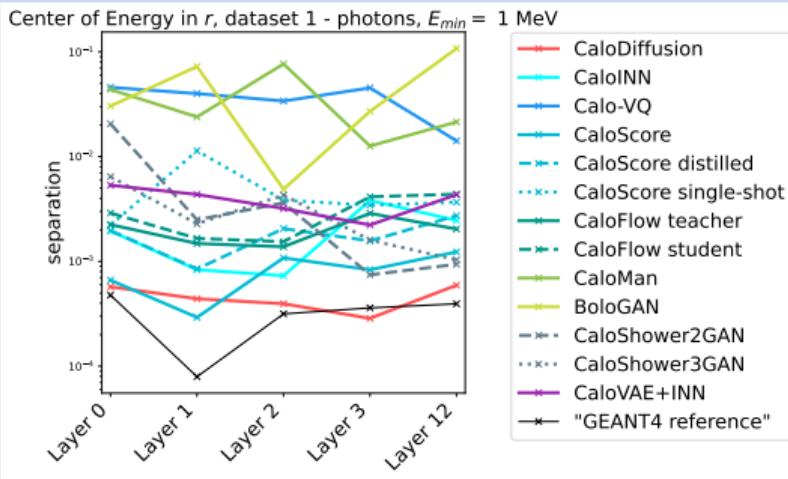
Energy depositions, dataset 1 - photons,  $E_{min} = 1$  MeV



# Histogram separation power ds1 photons

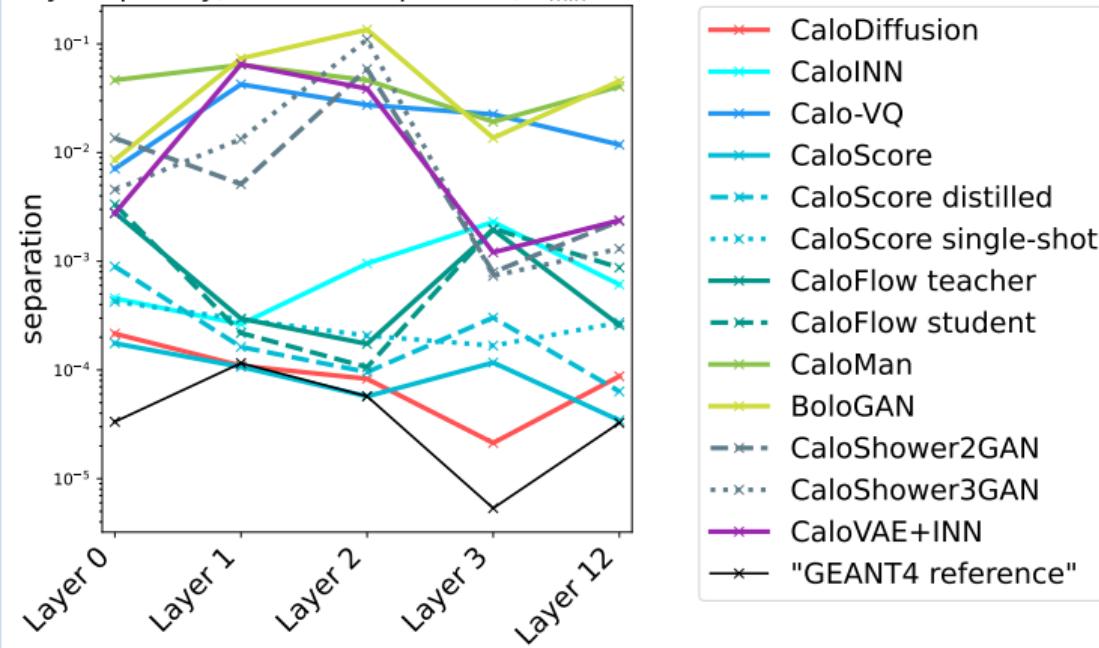


# Histogram separation power ds1 photons



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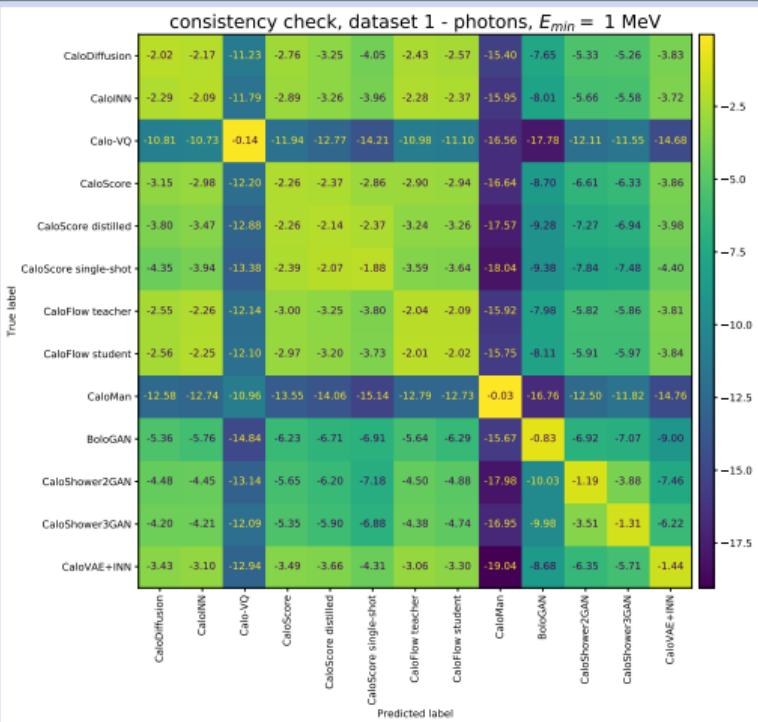
Layer Sparsity, dataset 1 - photons,  $E_{min} = 1$  MeV



# Log posterior ds1 photons

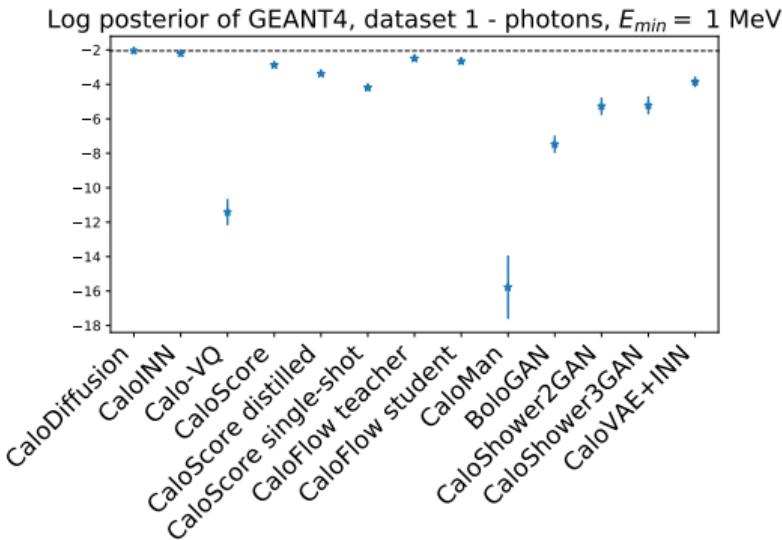
- submission vs submission:  
what we see:  $\langle \log p(\text{model}|\text{data}) \rangle$

⇒ each sample is correctly identified  
(diagonal is largest entry per row)



(mean of 10 independent runs.)

# Log posterior ds1 photons

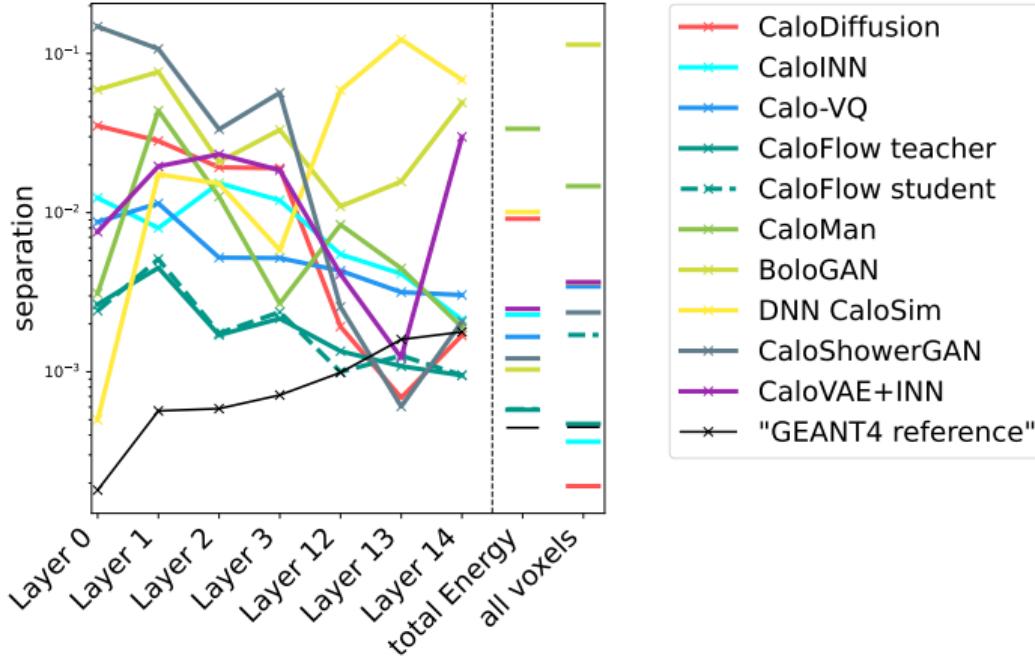


(based on 10 independent runs.)

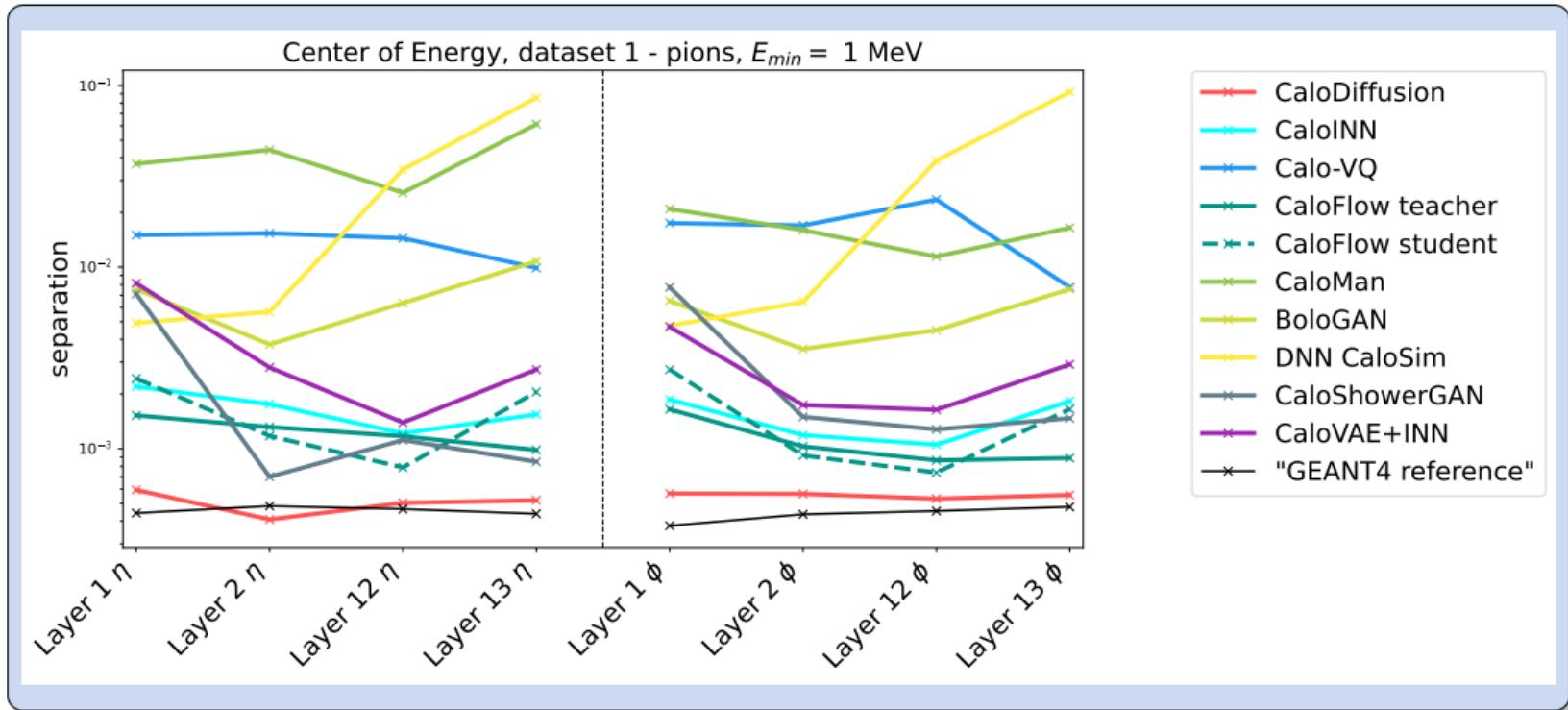
CaloDiffusion	$-2.0506 \pm 0.0637$	1.
CaloINN	$-2.2104 \pm 0.0707$	2.
Calo-VQ	$-11.4103 \pm 0.7629$	12.
CaloScore	$-2.8781 \pm 0.1104$	5.
CaloScore distilled	$-3.3831 \pm 0.1476$	6.
CaloScore single-shot	$-4.1859 \pm 0.1956$	8.
CaloFlow teacher	$-2.4987 \pm 0.1318$	3.
CaloFlow student	$-2.6619 \pm 0.1431$	4.
CaloMan	$-15.7763 \pm 1.8428$	13.
BoloGAN	$-7.4741 \pm 0.5061$	11.
CaloShower2GAN	$-5.2747 \pm 0.5135$	10.
CaloShower3GAN	$-5.2186 \pm 0.5214$	9.
CaloVAE+INN	$-3.8530 \pm 0.3185$	7.

# Histogram separation power ds1 pions

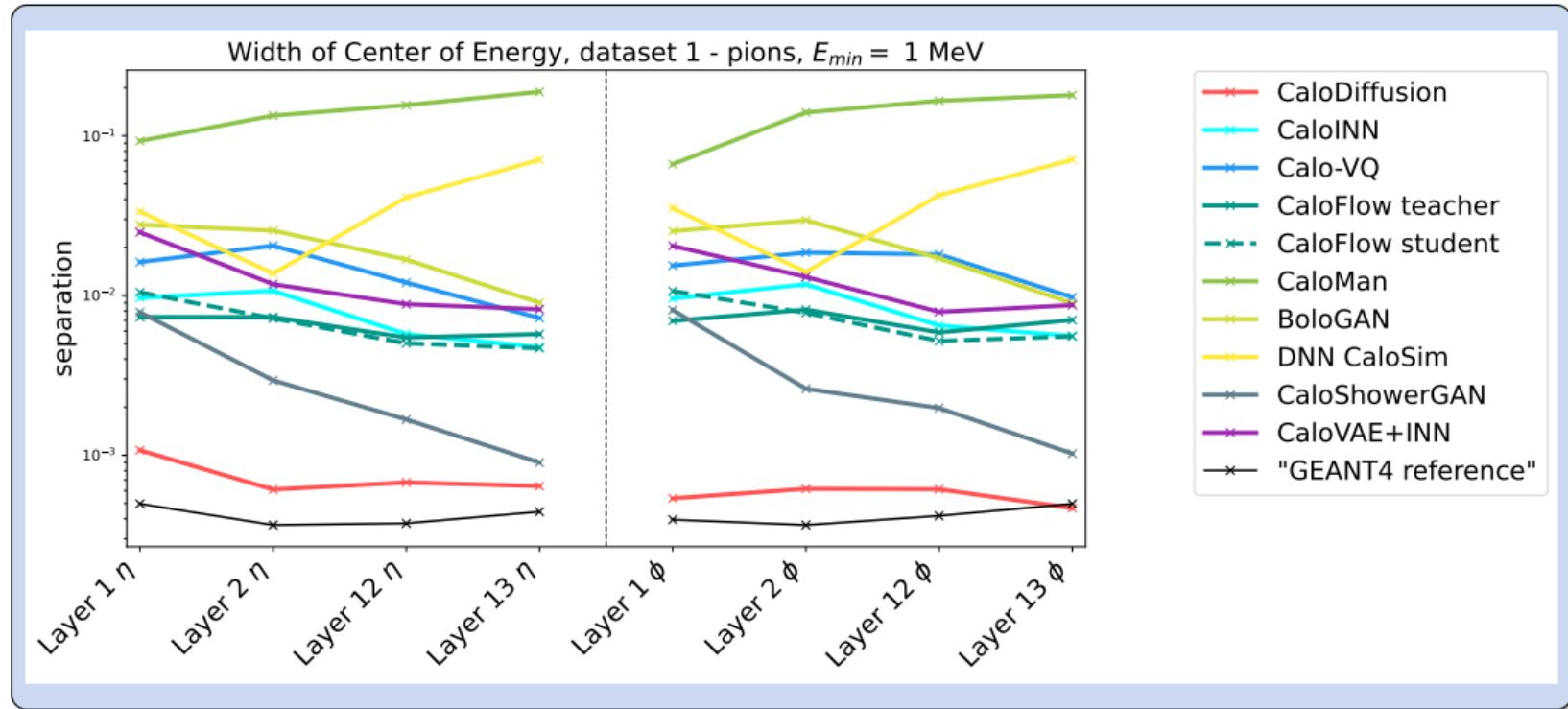
Energy depositions, dataset 1 - pions,  $E_{min} = 1$  MeV



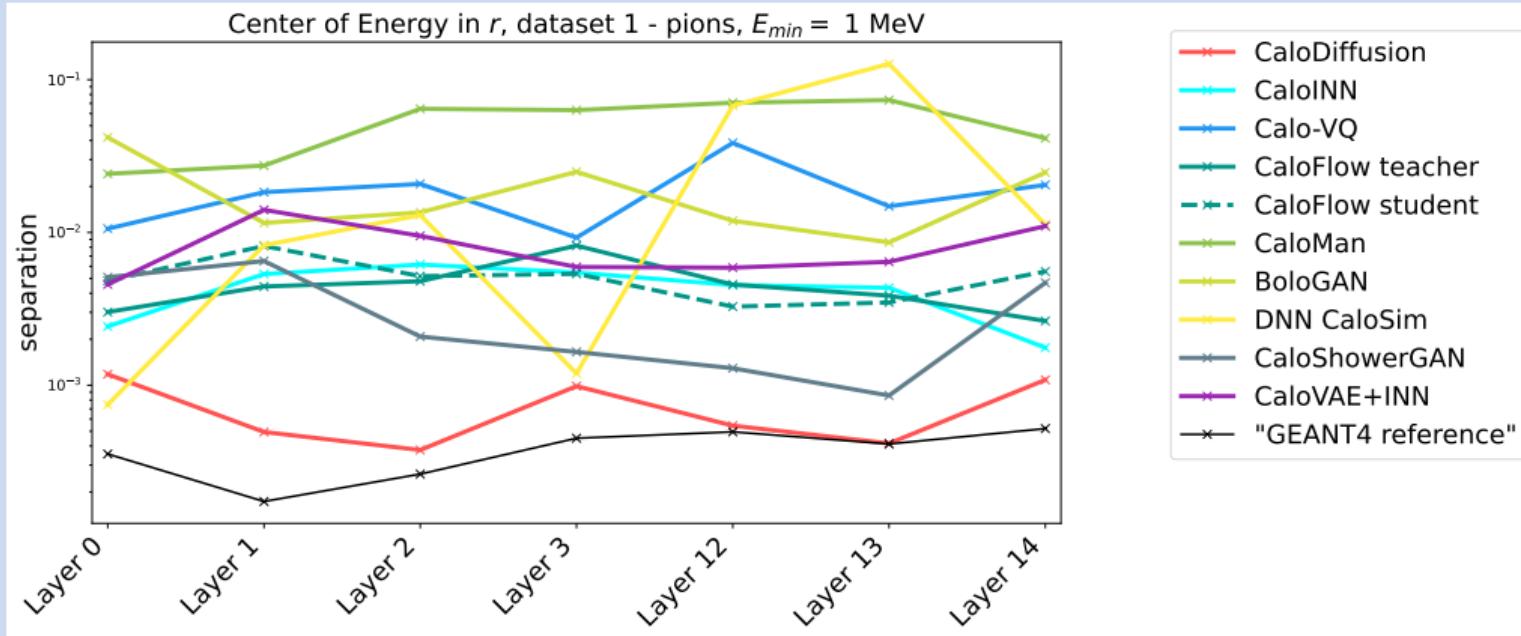
# Histogram separation power ds1 pions



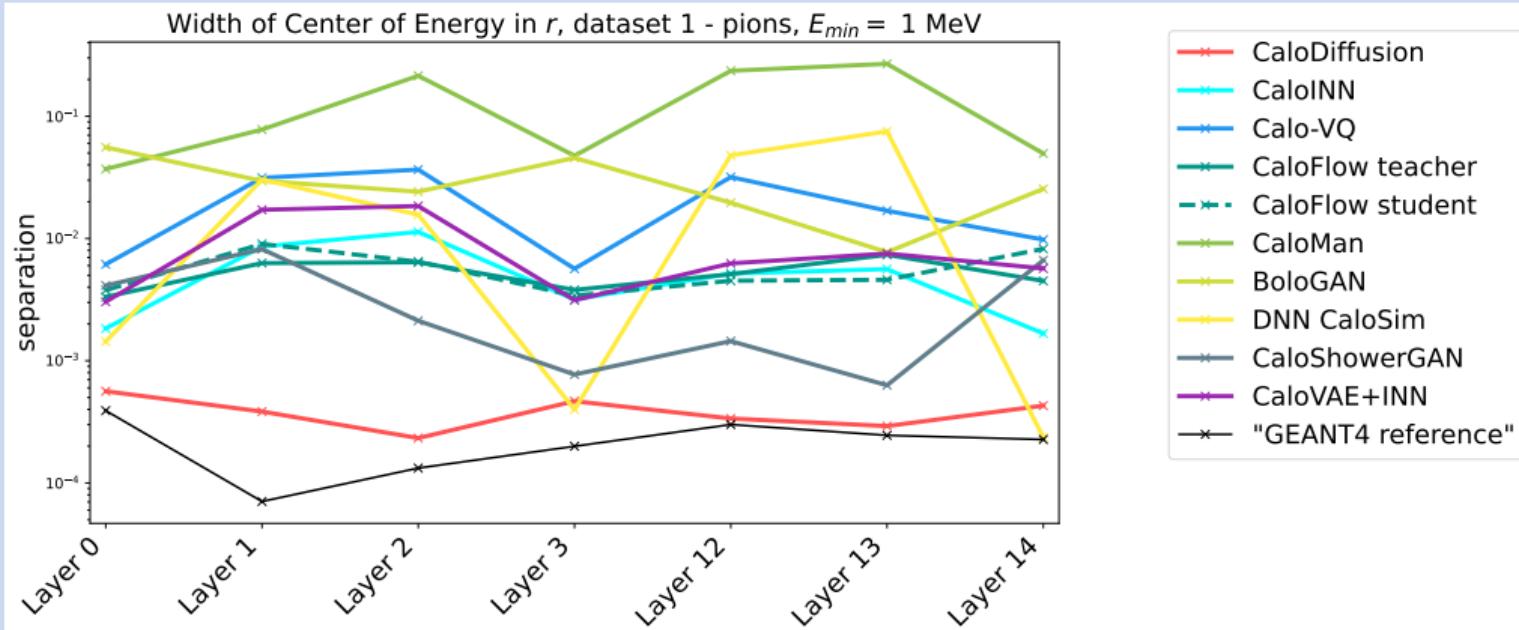
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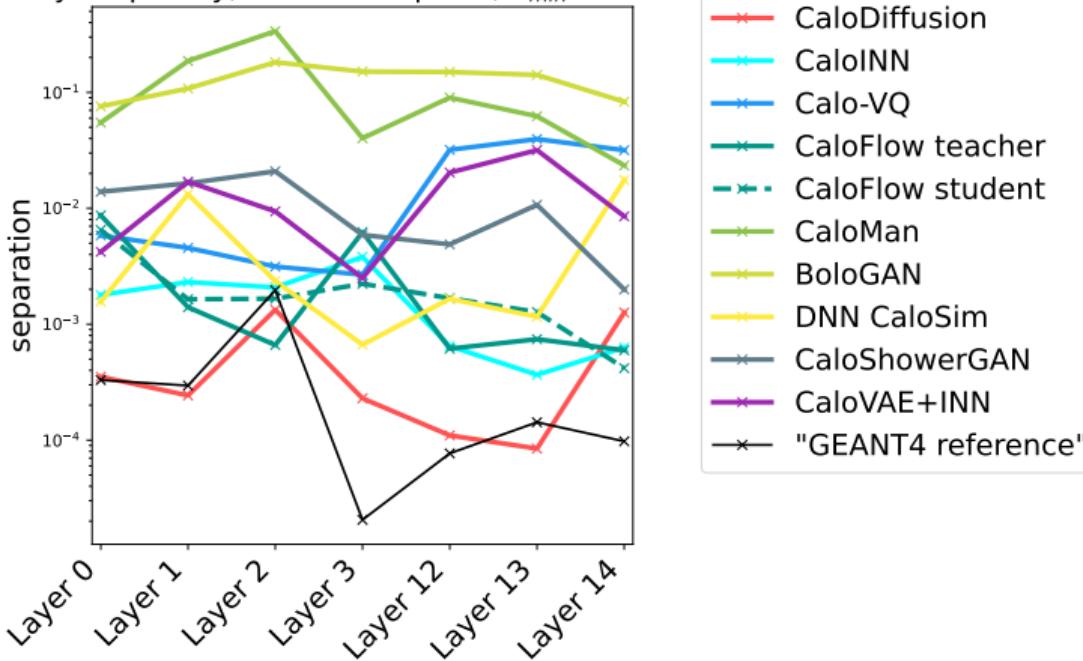


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## Histogram separation power ds1 pions

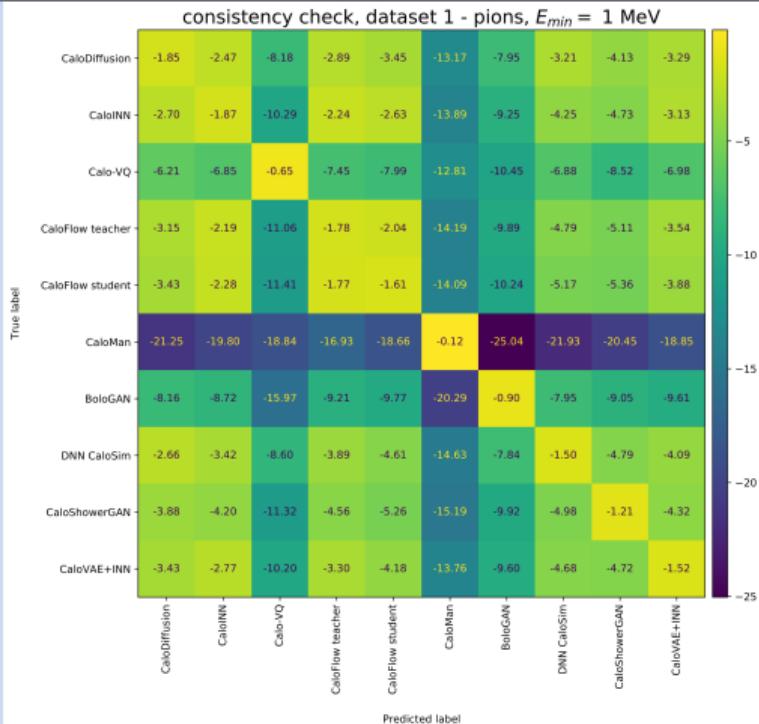
Layer Sparsity, dataset 1 - pions,  $E_{min} = 1$  MeV



## Log posterior ds1 pions

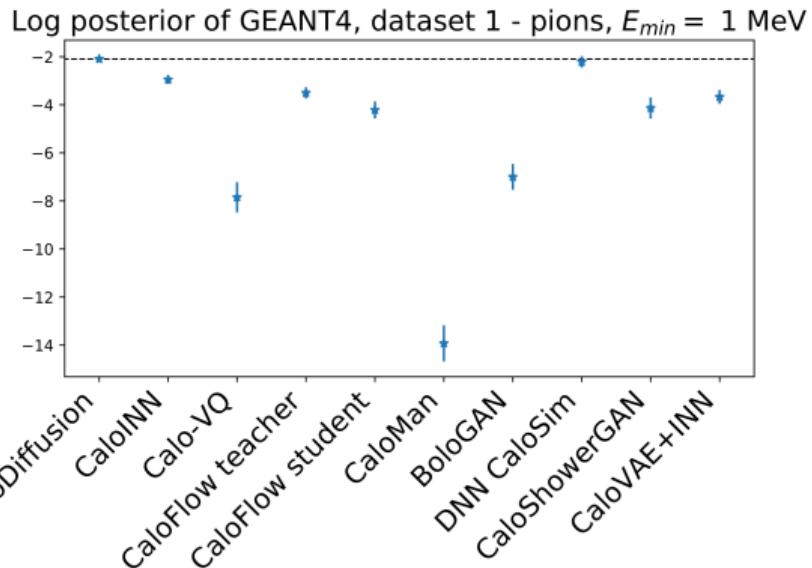
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(mean of 10 independent runs.)

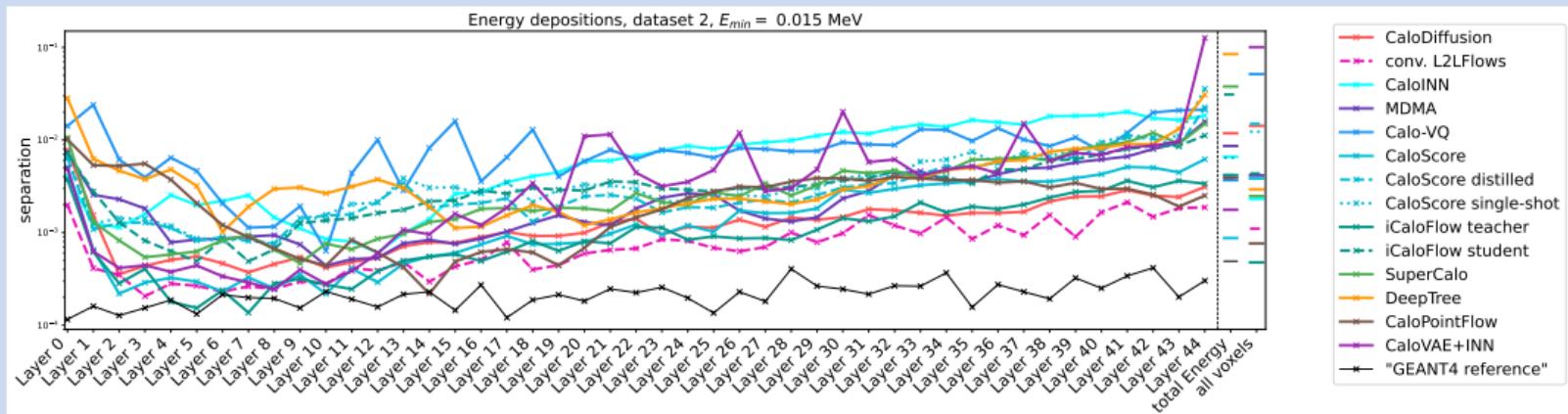
## Log posterior ds1 pions



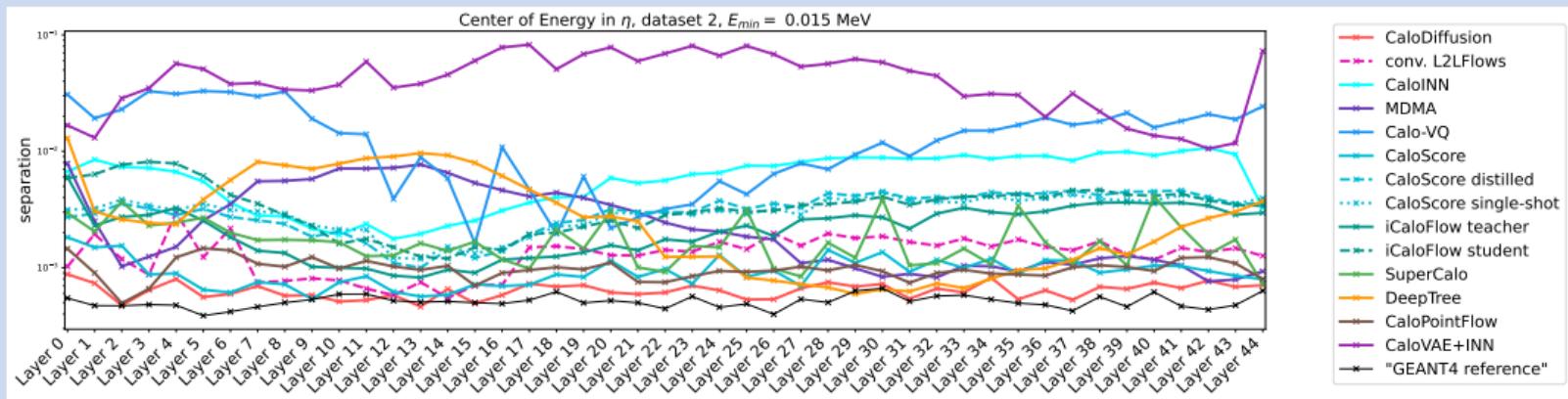
CaloDiffusion	$-2.0939 \pm 0.1443$	1.
CaloINN	$-2.9518 \pm 0.1768$	3.
Calo-VQ	$-7.8493 \pm 0.6290$	9.
CaloFlow teacher	$-3.5017 \pm 0.2313$	4.
CaloFlow student	$-4.2131 \pm 0.3583$	7.
CaloMan	$-13.9270 \pm 0.7541$	10.
BoloGAN	$-6.9995 \pm 0.5386$	8.
DNN CaloSim	$-2.2117 \pm 0.2388$	2.
CaloShowerGAN	$-4.1314 \pm 0.4400$	6.
CaloVAE+INN	$-3.6720 \pm 0.2886$	5.

(based on 10 independent runs.)

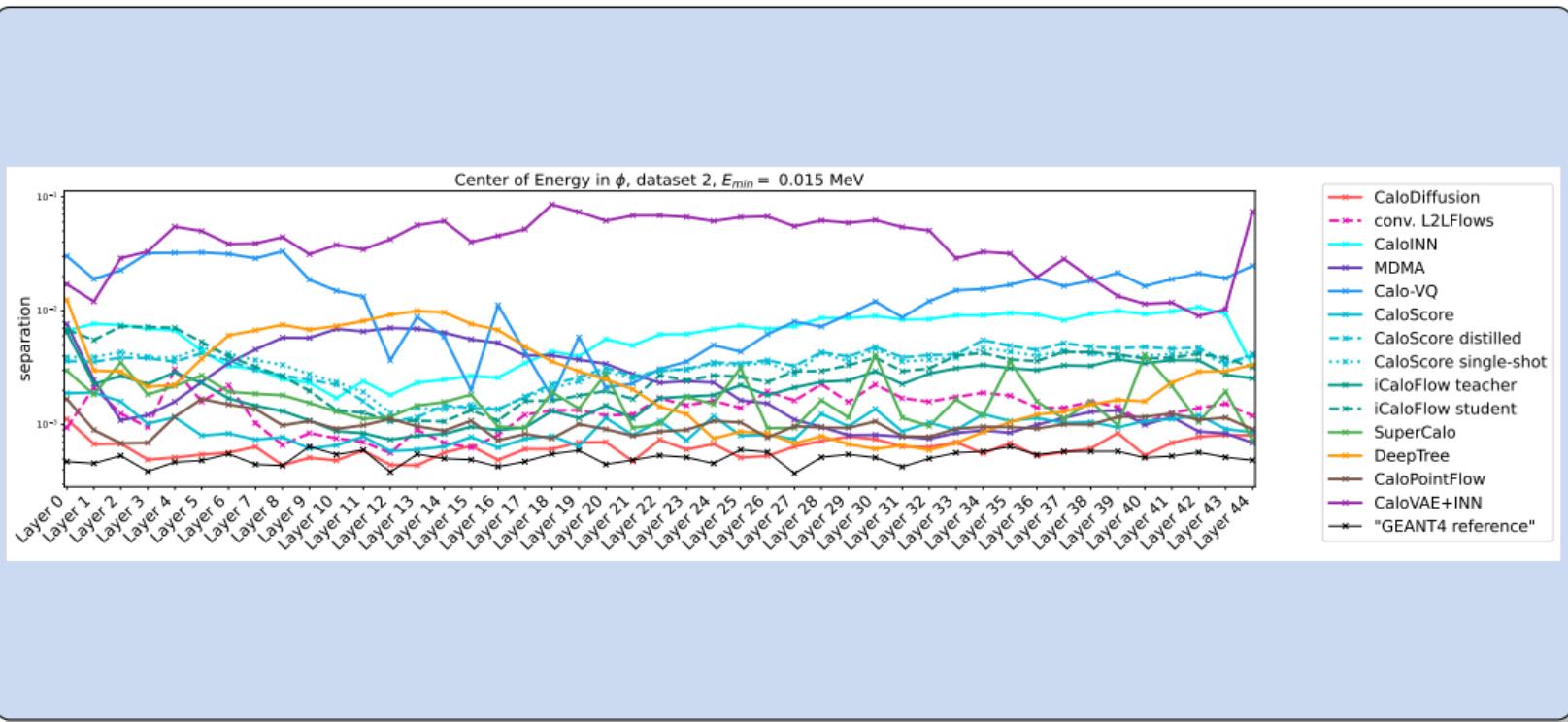
# Histogram separation power ds2



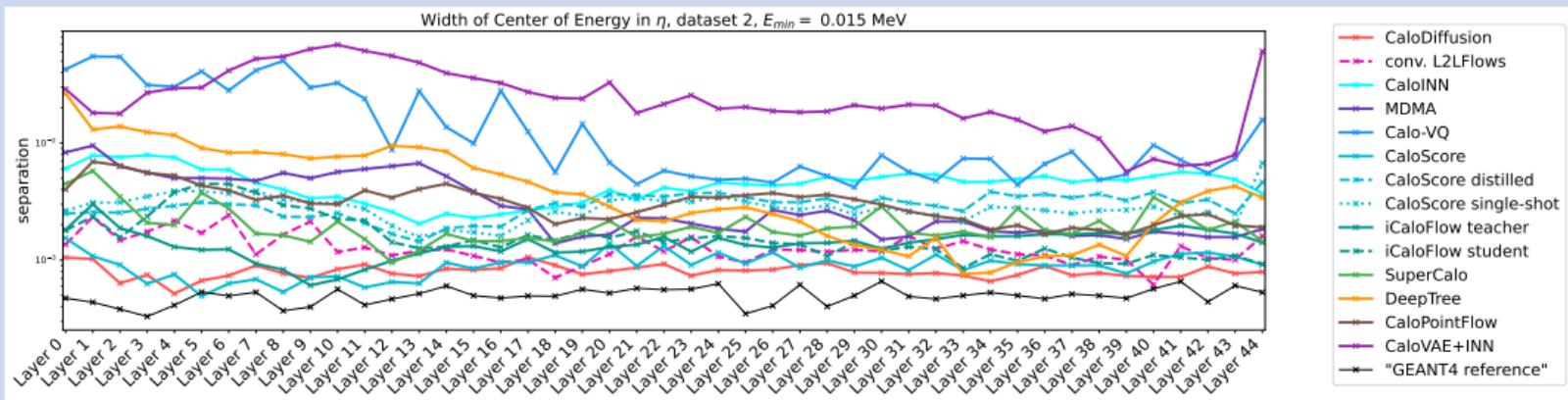
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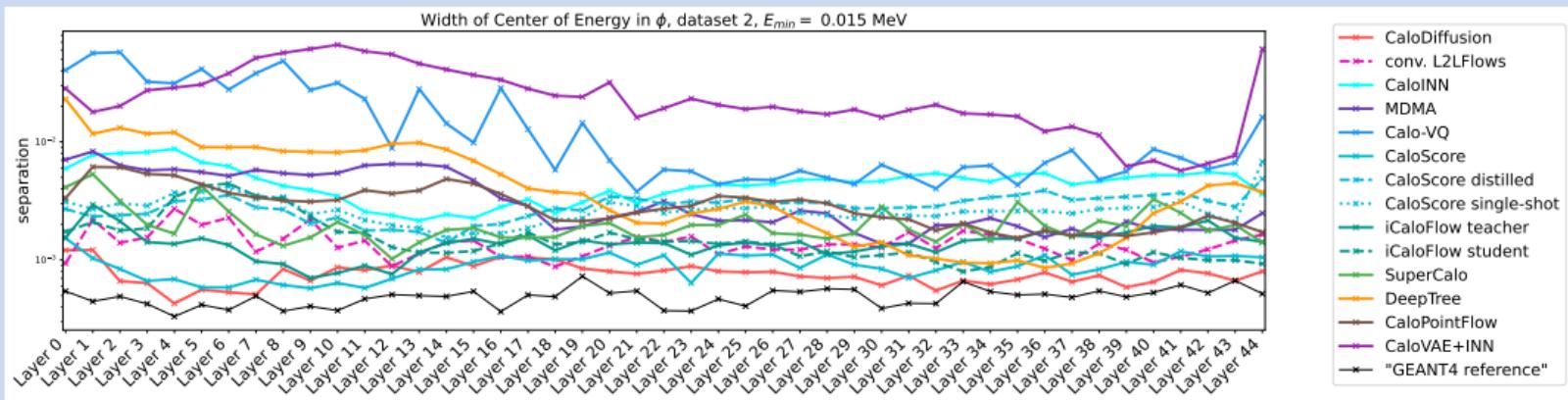
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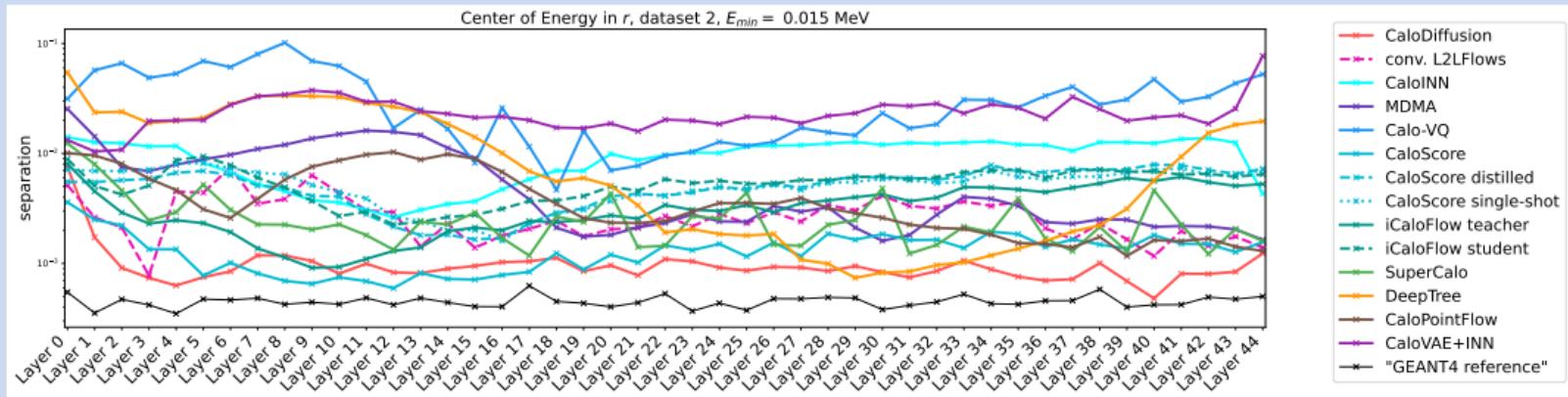
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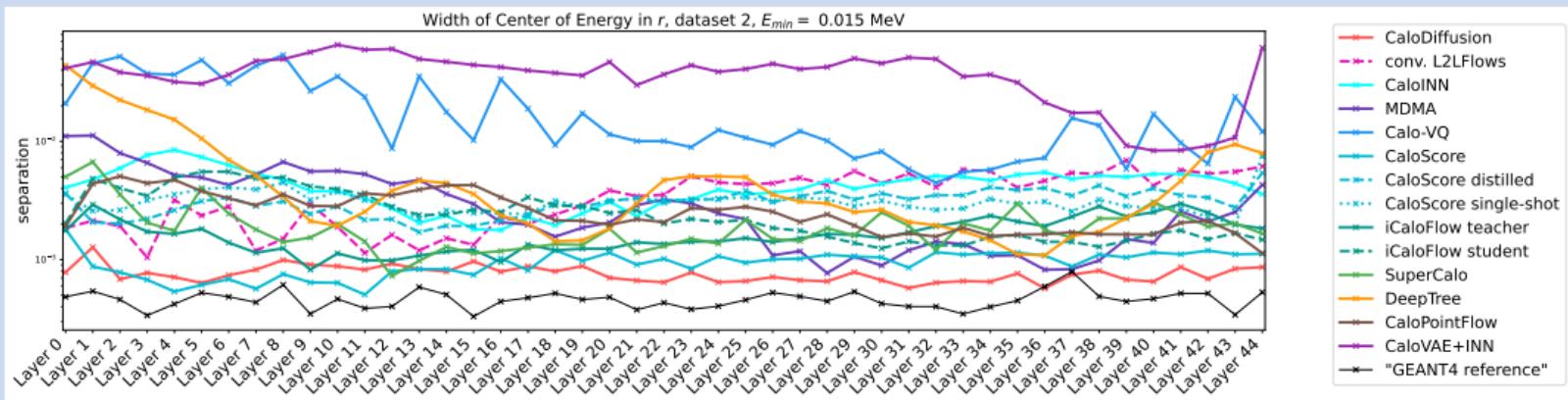
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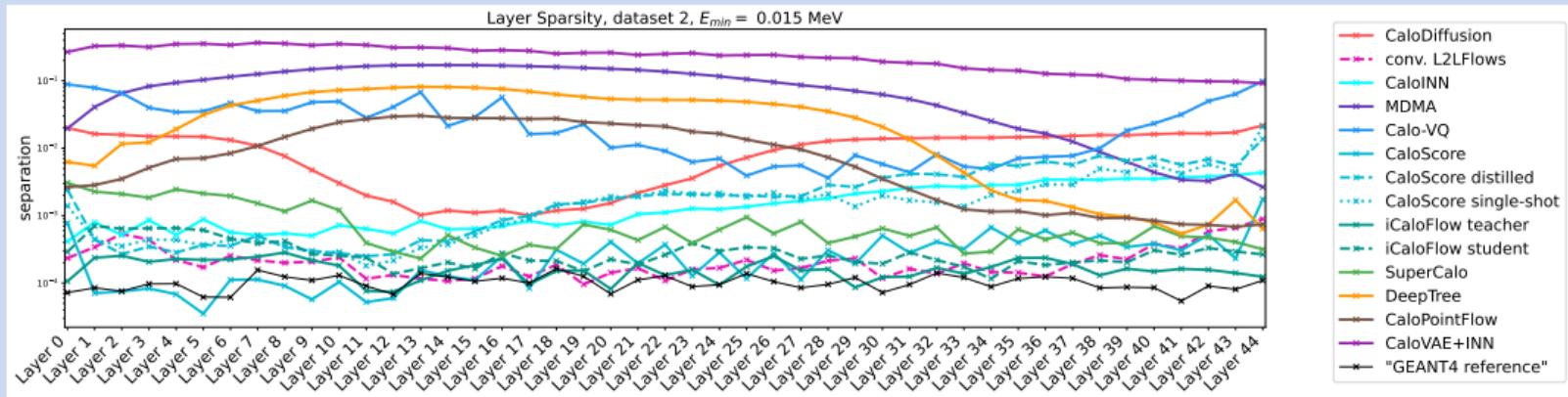
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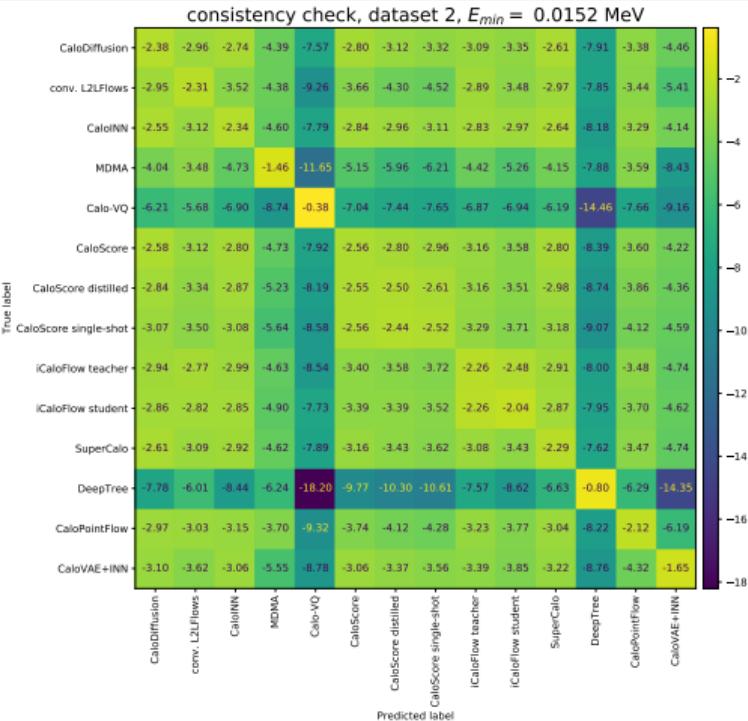


# Log posterior ds2

- submission vs submission:

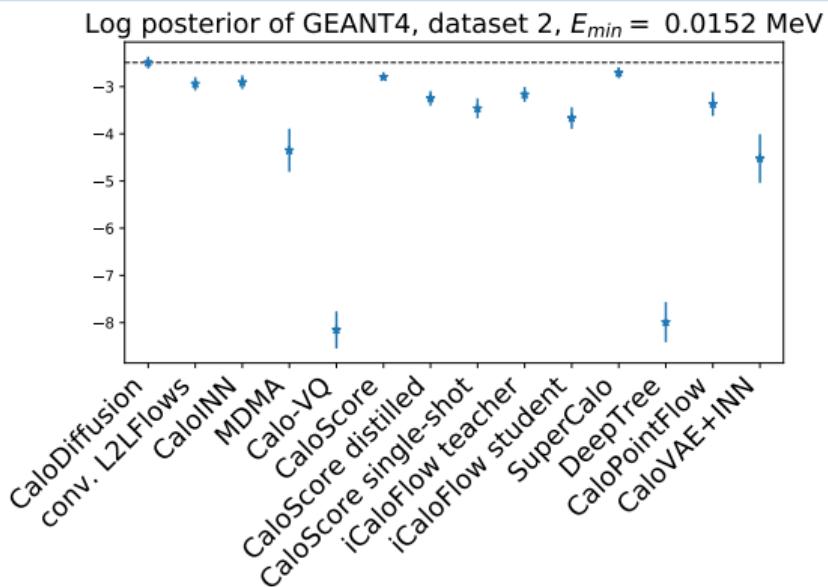
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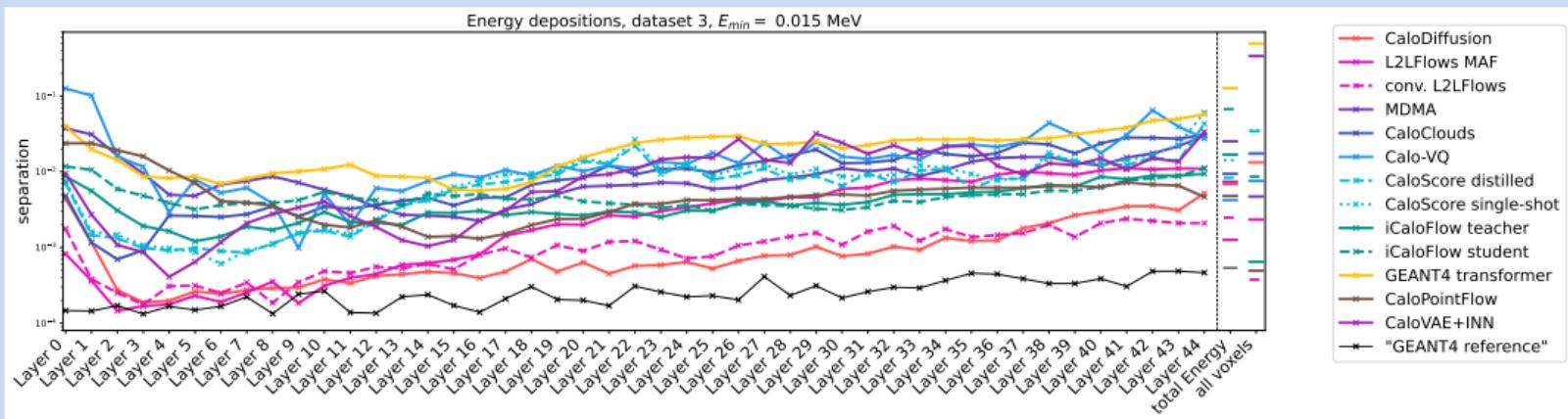
(mean of 10 independent runs.)

## Log posterior ds2

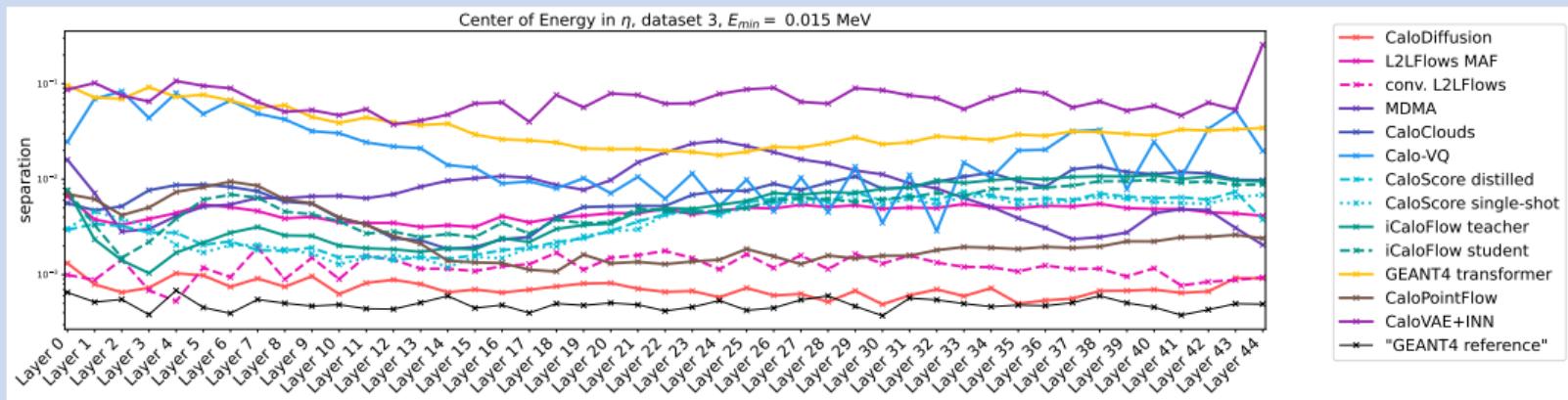


CaloDiffusion	-2.4895 $\pm$ 0.1255	1.
conv. L2LFlows	-2.9404 $\pm$ 0.1424	5.
CaloINN	-2.9061 $\pm$ 0.1459	4.
MDMA	-4.3483 $\pm$ 0.4573	11.
Calo-VQ	-8.1542 $\pm$ 0.3924	14.
CaloScore	-2.7967 $\pm$ 0.0569	3.
CaloScore distilled	-3.2482 $\pm$ 0.1576	7.
CaloScore single-shot	-3.4612 $\pm$ 0.2108	9.
iCaloFlow teacher	-3.1657 $\pm$ 0.1583	6.
iCaloFlow student	-3.6658 $\pm$ 0.2291	10.
SuperCalo	-2.7070 $\pm$ 0.1180	2.
DeepTree	-7.9900 $\pm$ 0.4257	13.
CaloPointFlow	-3.3695 $\pm$ 0.2519	8.
CaloVAE+INN	-4.5236 $\pm$ 0.5153	12.

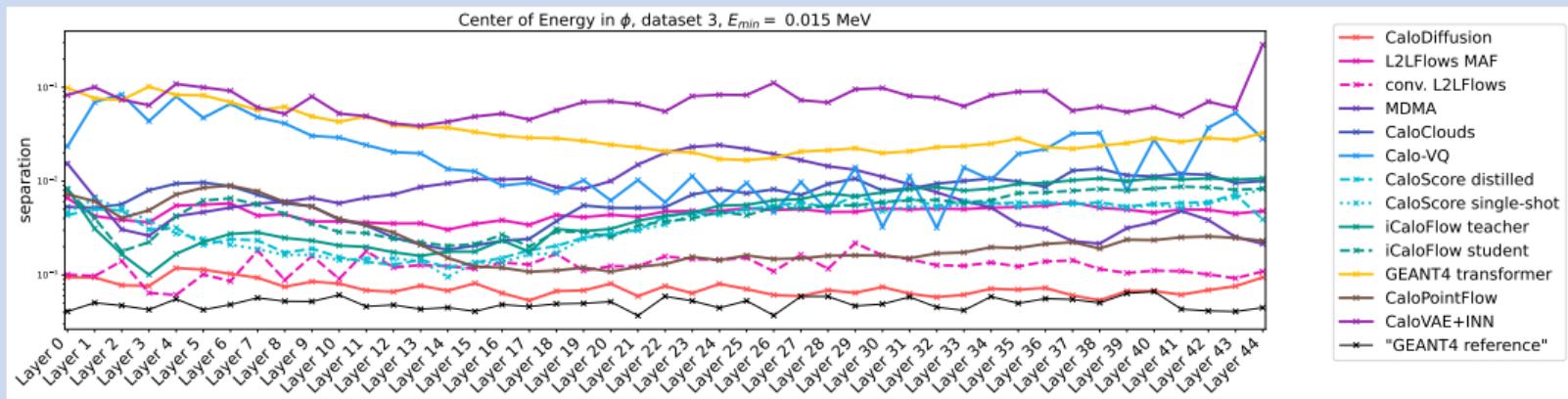
# Histogram separation power ds3



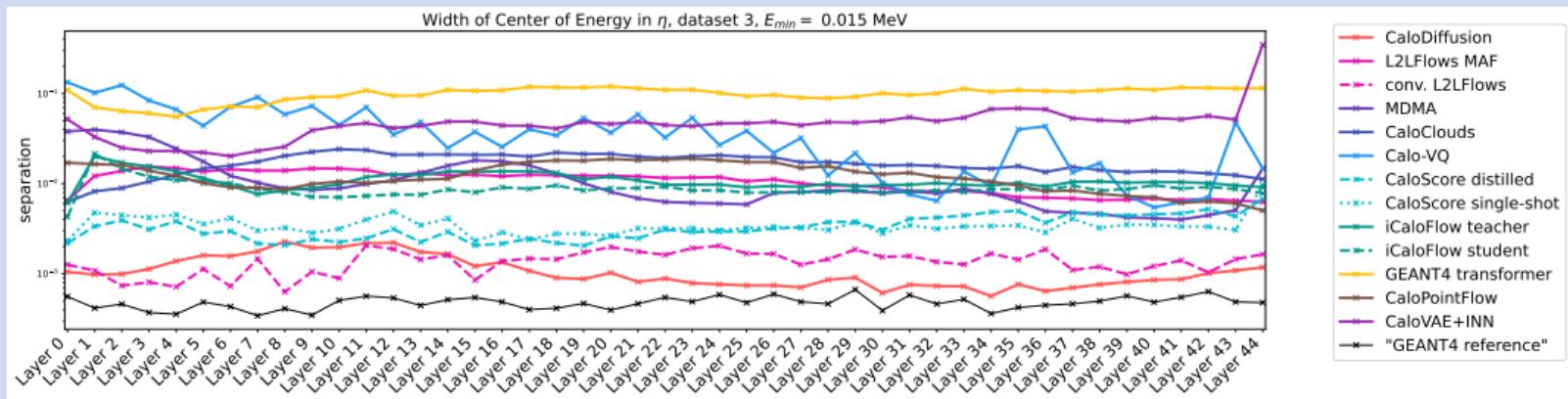
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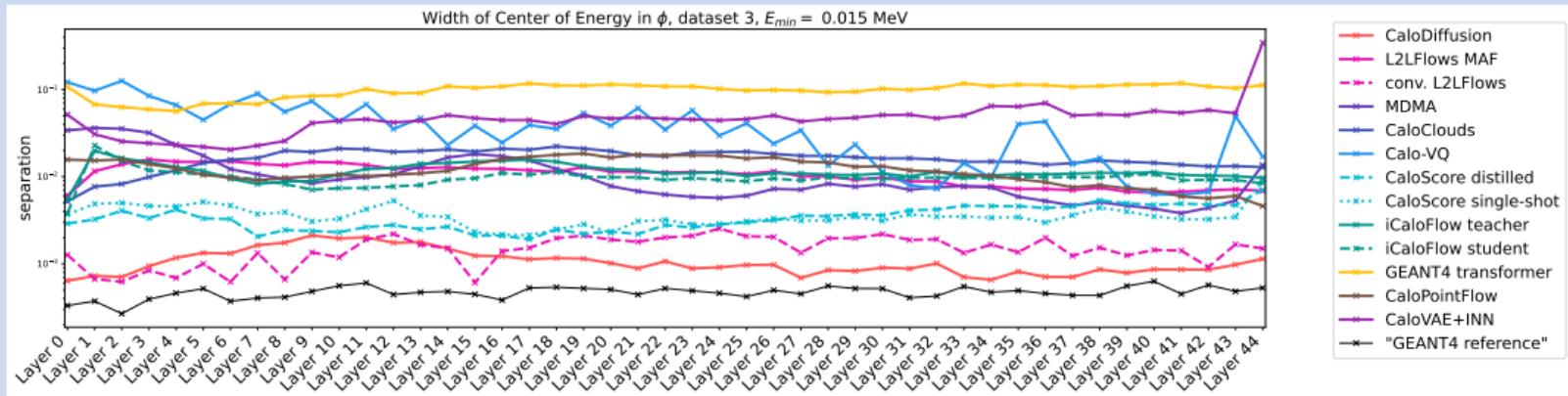
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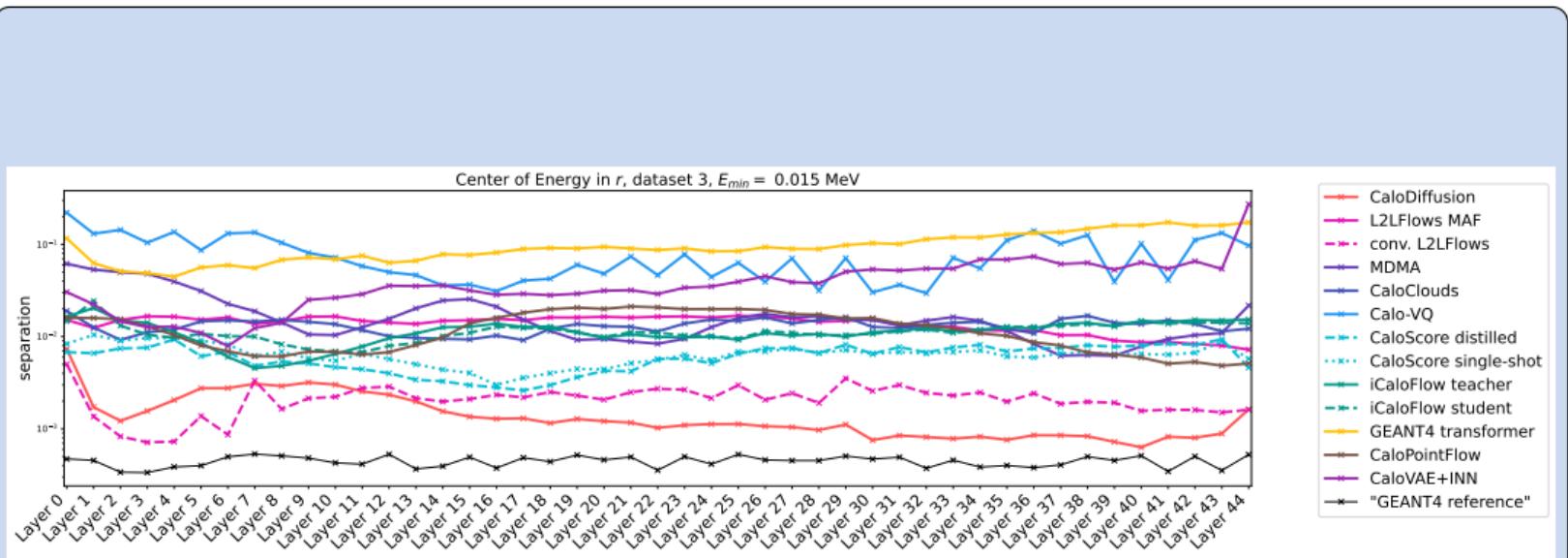
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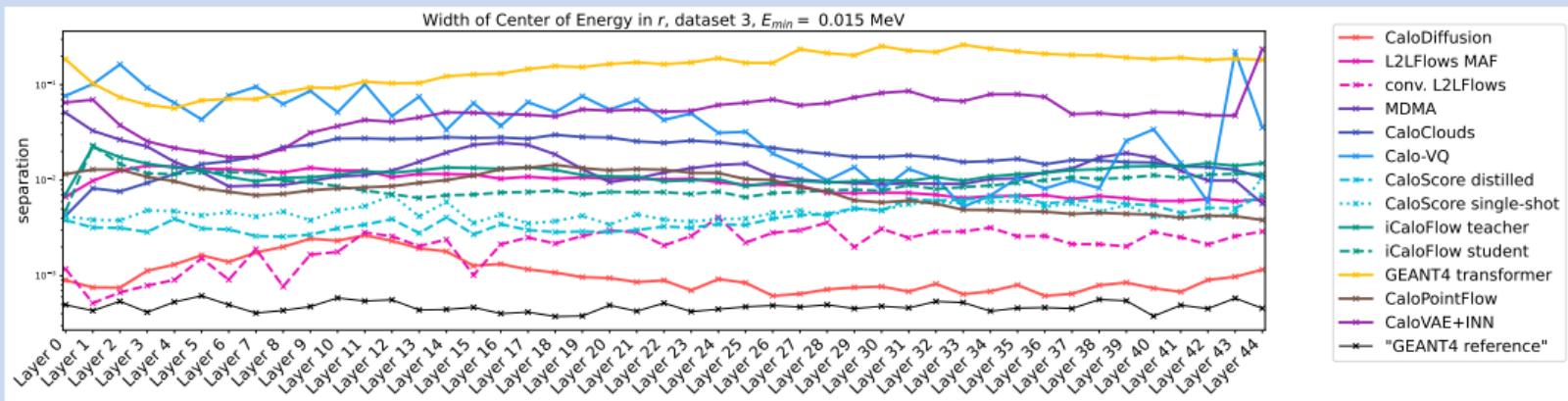
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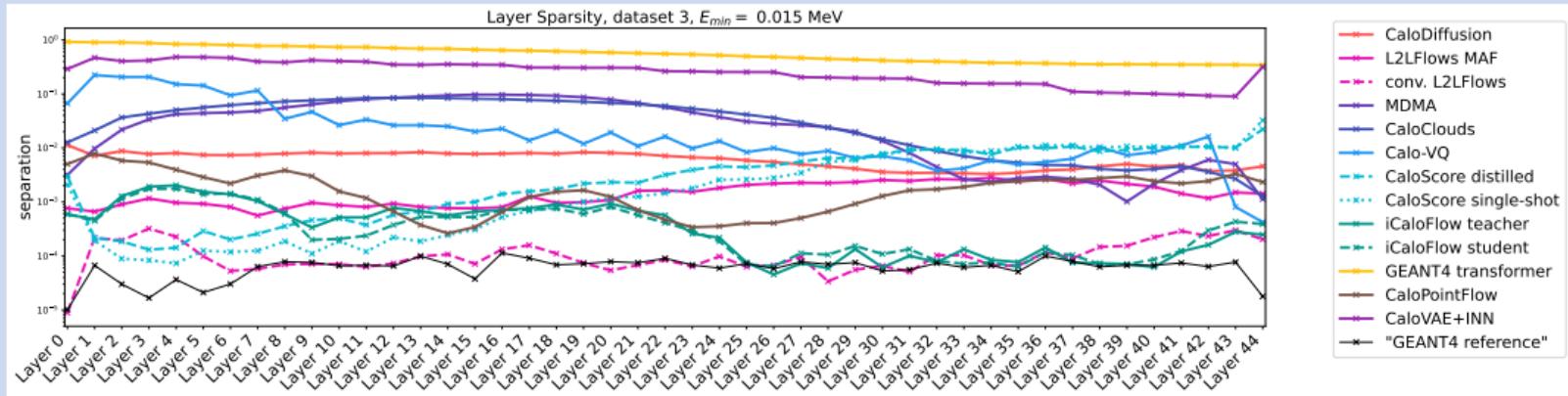
# Histogram separation power ds3



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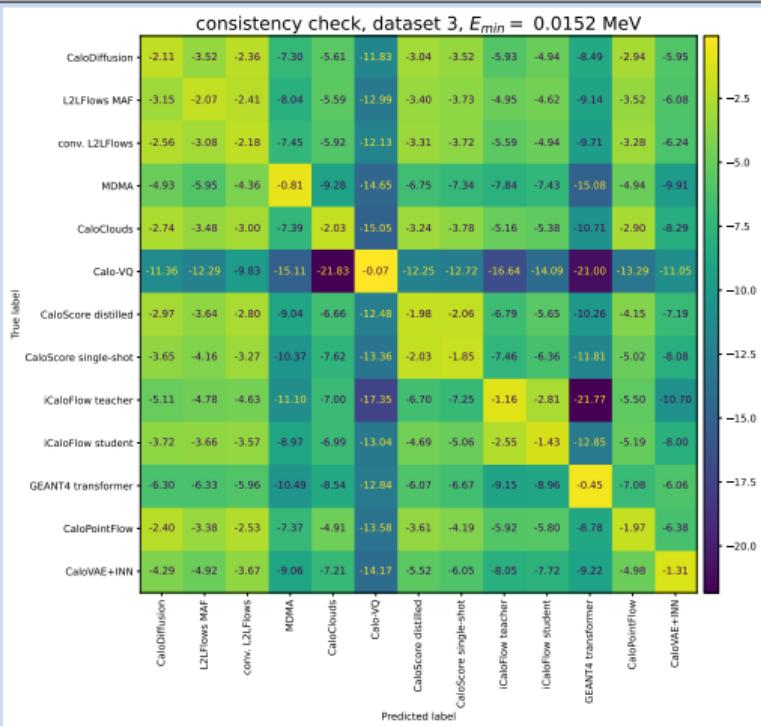
# Histogram separation power ds3



# Log posterior ds3

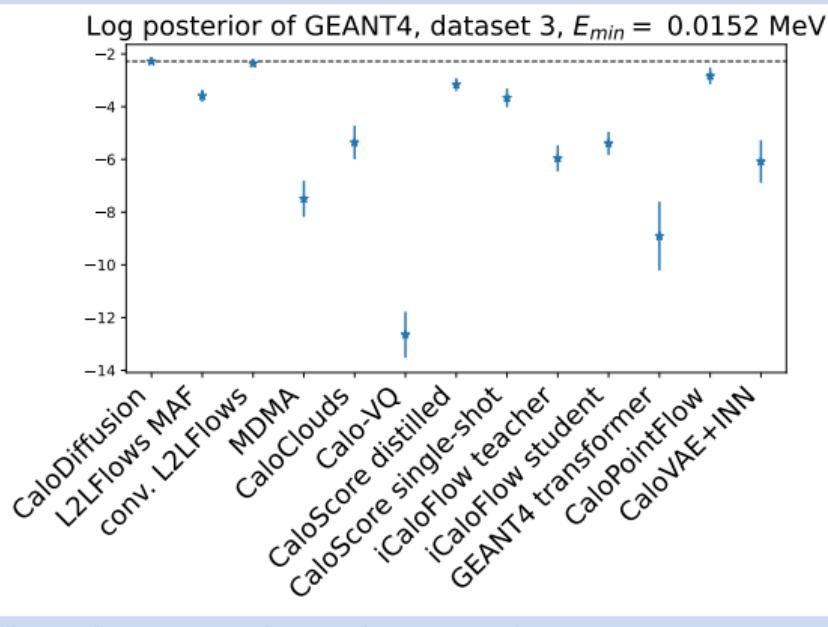
- submission vs submission:  
what we see:  $\langle \log p(\text{model} | \text{data}) \rangle$

⇒ each sample is correctly identified  
(diagonal is largest entry per row)



(mean of 10 independent runs.)

## Log posterior ds3



CaloDiffusion	$-2.2818 \pm 0.0759$	1.
L2LFlows MAF	$-3.5881 \pm 0.2290$	5.
conv. L2LFlows	$-2.3636 \pm 0.0640$	2.
MDMA	$-7.4930 \pm 0.6880$	11.
CaloClouds	$-5.3565 \pm 0.6361$	7.
Calo-VQ	$-12.6454 \pm 0.8734$	13.
CaloScore distilled	$-3.1603 \pm 0.2414$	4.
CaloScore single-shot	$-3.6653 \pm 0.3523$	6.
iCaloFlow teacher	$-5.9583 \pm 0.4948$	9.
iCaloFlow student	$-5.3947 \pm 0.4400$	8.
GEANT4 transformer	$-8.9068 \pm 1.3047$	12.
CaloPointFlow	$-2.8335 \pm 0.3178$	3.
CaloVAE+INN	$-6.0804 \pm 0.8054$	10.

# Generation Times (preliminary!)

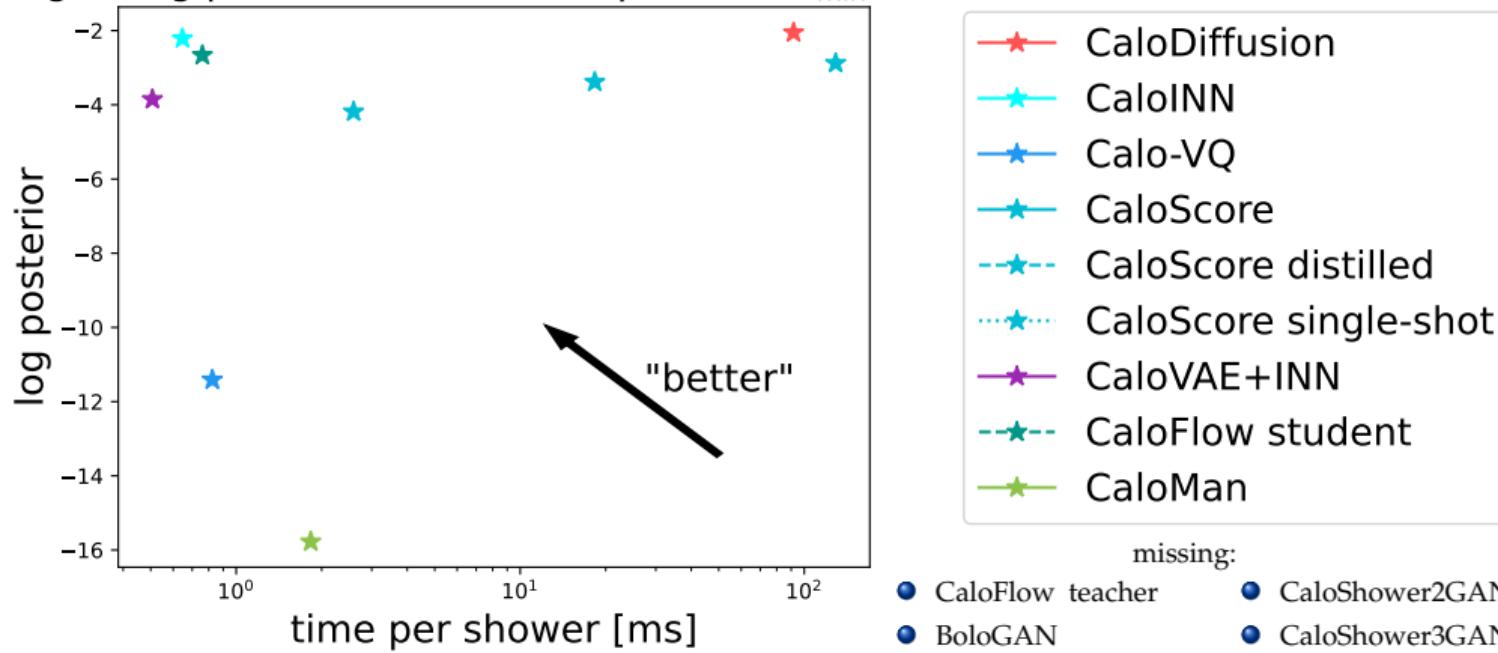
These numbers are preliminary (pending verification)!

- I run on an *NVIDIA TITAN V\** at Rutgers.
- Configuration: batch size of (mostly) 100\*, single run\*
- generating the full dataset (100k), but for some models fewer (10k) samples
- Only about 3/4 of the models are included here\*

\* There'll be more in the final document.

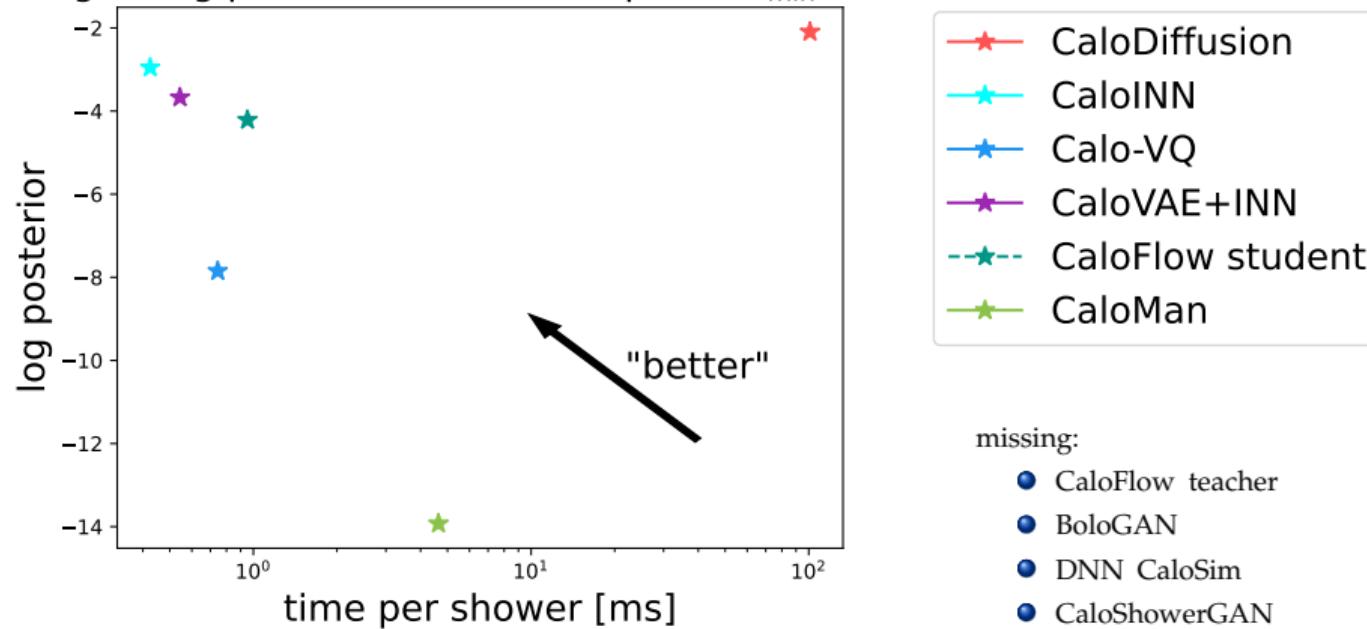
## Generation Times (preliminary!) ds1 photons

Timing vs log posterior, dataset 1 - photons,  $E_{min} = 1$  MeV



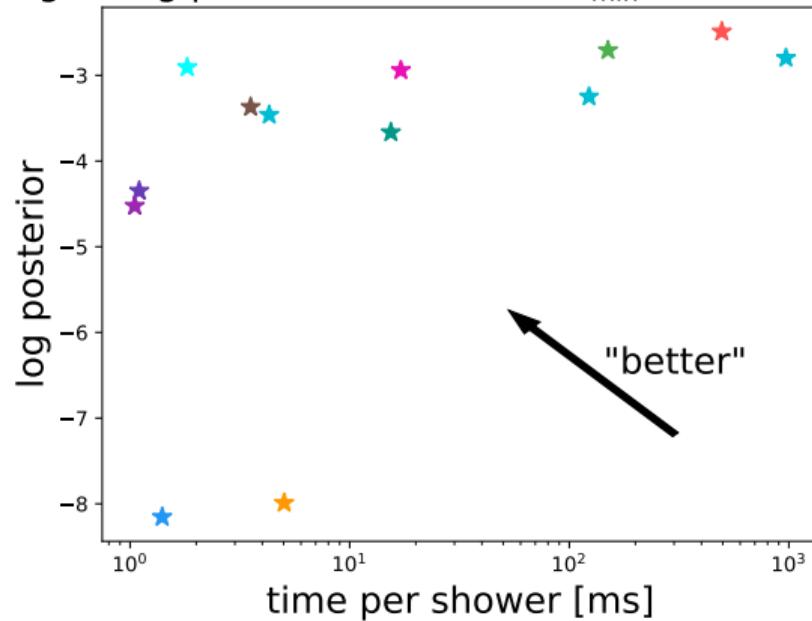
# Generation Times (preliminary!) ds1 pions

Timing vs log posterior, dataset 1 - pions,  $E_{min} = 1$  MeV



## Generation Times (preliminary!) ds2

Timing vs log posterior, dataset 2,  $E_{min} = 0.015$  MeV

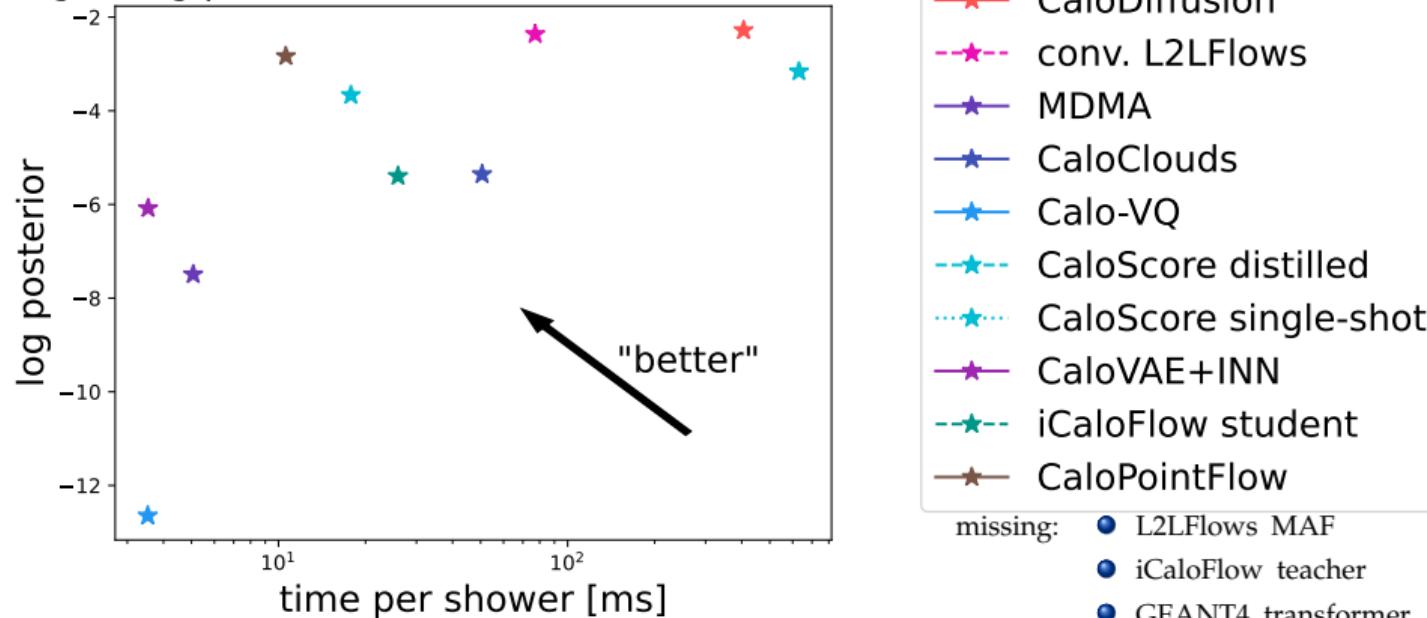


missing: iCaloFlow teacher

- ★— CaloDiffusion
- ★- conv. L2LFlows
- ★— MDMA
- ★— Calo-VQ
- ★— CaloScore
- ★— CaloScore distilled
- ★··· CaloScore single-shot
- ★— SuperCalo
- ★— DeepTree
- ★— CaloVAE+INN
- ★— iCaloFlow student
- ★— CaloPointFlow
- ★— CaloINN

## Generation Times (preliminary!) ds3

Timing vs log posterior, dataset 3,  $E_{min} = 0.015$  MeV



## The Fast Calorimeter Challenge 2022

- ⇒ The CaloChallenge was very successful:
  - 10+ talks in multiple sessions here at ML4Jets 2023
  - 5 talks at ML4Jets 2022 in Rutgers
  - 10+ papers on arXiv and some more “in the making”
  
- ⇒ the write-up will follow soon, but I want to include
  - new submissions from Tuesday ;-)
  - many more metrics.



“Calorimeter Simulation”  
via midjourney

*A Big Thank You* to everyone who participated with comments,  
discussions, presentations, metrics, and submissions!