

LHC re-commissioning

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Outline

- A few updates from the YETS period
- 2023 operation and re-commissioning plan
- Info on 2023 run

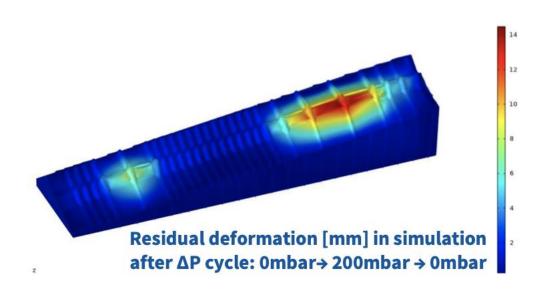


LHCb VELO incident

The evaluation of the **impact** of the VELO vacuum incident on the LHC machine and VELO operation is **still in progress**

Current status:

- The deformation should not be a problem for beam injection (aperture)
 - Aperture checks around IR8 to be done with beam for confirmation
- No problem expected in terms of impedance and heating
- To define limits on VELO closure, the edge of VELO must be reconstructed with beam tomography, possibly completed by beam aperture scans
 - LHCb is investigating what can be determined parasitically to beam operation using SMOG





CMS radial IP shift

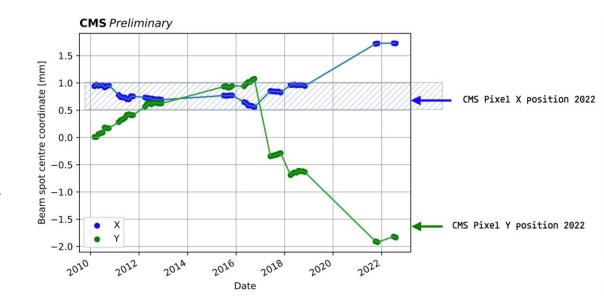
At the end of 2022 run, CMS requested a radial shift of the beamline by 1.1 mm to center the beam spot within the CMS pixel.

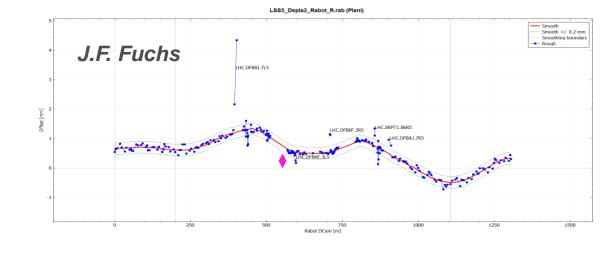
In order to **limit the mechanical stress** on the HW components, it was decided to separate the correction:

- 50% by beam line movement
- 50% by introduction of a magnetic bump

Today:

- LSS5 beam line was shifted by 0.5 mm radially
- It was estimated that the magnetic bump would induce ~10% increase of radiation to the triplet magnets → IT task-force recommended to not apply this correction







ATLAS luminosity scale

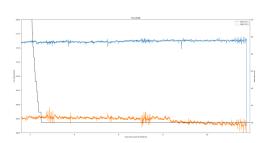
ATLAS recently corrected their 2022 luminosity scale down by 5.4%

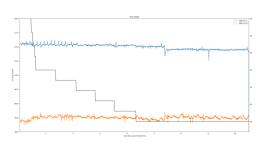
After update of the visible X-section from vdm scans

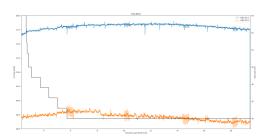
The lower ATLAS lumi is in agreement with the observed difference of luminous region. This could be explained by a ~10 microrad larger half-Xing angle in ATLAS than in CMS

 Some indications of such a difference visible on the DOROS BPM data, but it's at the edge of the BPM accuracy

We will feed this information **into the 2023 setup** → Collisions at injection might be used to reconstruct the luminous regions to **guide** the machine setup at 6.8 TeV

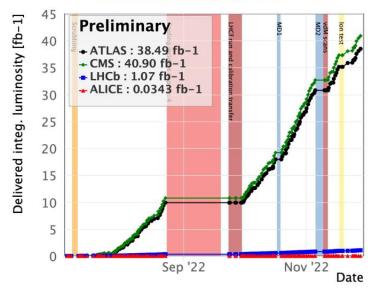




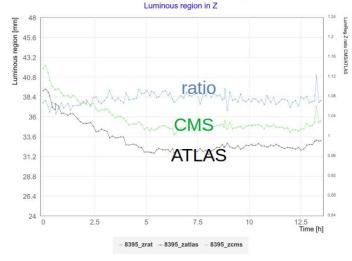


Examples of reconstruction of Xing angle with DOROS BPM data

Delivered Luminosity 2022



Luminous region comparison

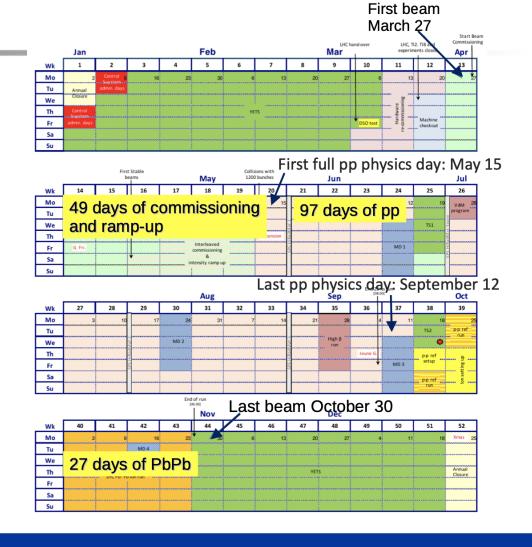




2023 plan

- 2023 is a short year due to early EYETS:
 - 13.5 weeks of pp physics
 - 4 weeks of ion physics
 - + 1 week for pp reference run

Activity	Duration [days]	Ratio [%]
Beam Commissioning & Intensity ramp-up	47	21.7
Scrubbing	2	0.9
25 ns physics (>1200 bunches)	97	44.7
Special physics runs (incl. setting-up)	7	3.2
Pb-Pb ions & p-p ref. setting-up	6	2.8
Pb-Pb ions physics & p-p ref. run	32	14.7
Technical stop	8	3.7
Technical stop recovery	2	0.9
Machine Development blocks (incl. floating MDs)	16	7.4
Total:	217	100%





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Plan to re-start

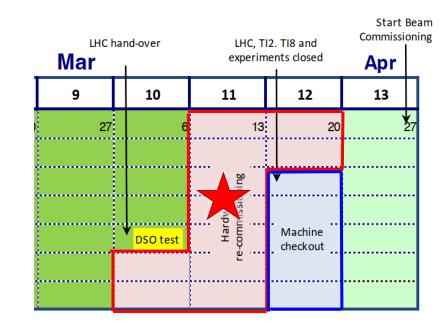
With the Departmental Safety Officer (DSO) tests, **BE-OP** takes over **LHC machine coordination** from EN-ACE on **March 10**th

DSO tests

- Global safety tests, including access system and EiS (*Element Important de Securite*)
- Preparation for the tests on Thursday 9th end of the day LHC and experimental caverns closed & patrolled @4pm
- Full day tests on Friday 10th LHC and experimental caverns closed & patrolled until completion

Powering tests

- 10512 tests to prepare sc circuits for 6.8 TeV operation
- First low current tests 6th 9th March evenings only
- 11 days period bet 11th 22nd March NO access in LHC, access possible in the experimental caverns
- Start individual equipment checkout in parallel to powering tests



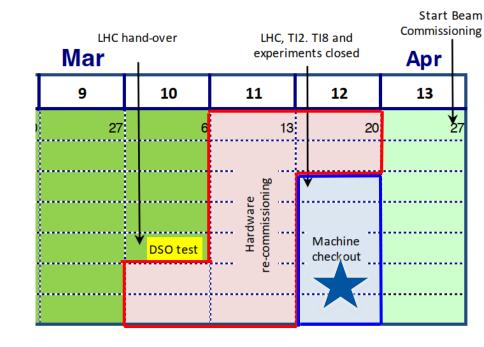
Plan to re-start

5-day period of global machine checkout

- Start delayed by 24-36 hours (LHCb) → 23rd March
- LHC machine and experimental caverns patrolled & closed on 22nd March 2023
- If delay limited to 24 hours and no issue encountered
 - Three days should be sufficient (provided powering test are completed)
 - → we should be able to stay on track to get beam during weekend 25th 26th March

At the end of check-out we plan a **Transfer Lines test**:

- Beam extraction from SPS until downstream dumps at the end of the TI2 and TI8 transfer lines
- Fundamental activity that allows testing the full extraction chain, anticipating problems
- Tentatively scheduled on Friday 24th March in the evening

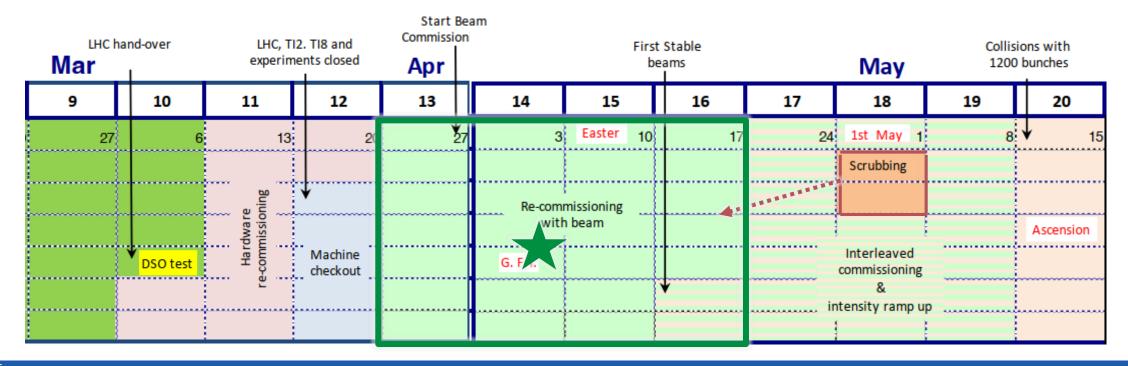




Beam commissioning

3.5 weeks of re-commissioning with beam

- Mostly commissioning on machine side, in preparation for physics production
- Some activities concerning experiments will also be carried out (next slides)
- 2-3 days allocated for reconditioning of the vacuum chamber for e-cloud (scrubbing) advanced wrt schedule (place-holder): end of week 16, beginning of week 17





Beam commissioning - experiments

Some activities have been **agreed with LPC**:

- Dedicated splashes around day 3-4 of beam commissioning
- First stable beams at injection, planned to happen before Easter weekend
- A few stable beams shifts during Easter weekend to help cover the 4-day long weekend
- ATLAS request for horizontal muons → after Easter, before first stable beams at 6.8 TeV
- Gas injection in IP8 (LHCb SMOG) to perform parasitic VELO foil tomography
- First stable beams at 6.8 TeV: expected on schedule during week 17



Machine configuration for pp production

time

Injection

Ramp&Squeeze $\beta^* = 1.33/10/1.33/2 \text{ m}$ (IP1/2/5/8)

Squeeze to $\beta^* = 0.6 \text{ m}$ in IP1&5

Establish and optimize collisions

Stable Beams and β* levelling down to 0.3 m in IP1&5

Injection

Ramp&Squeeze $\beta^* = \frac{2}{10}\frac{2}{2}$ m (IP1/2/5/8)

Xing-Sep planes rotation in IP8

Squeeze to $\beta^* = 1.2 \text{ m}$ in IP1&5

Establish and optimize collisions

Stable Beams and β* levelling down to 0.3 m in IP1&5

Main differences for experiments between 2022 and 2023 cycles:

- IP8 rotation to provide same full crossing angle for any LHCb polarity confirmed by LHCb
- Much longer β* levelling from 1.2 m to 0.3 m (2022: 60-30cm) to maximise integrated luminosity - Tuned for bunch intensities of 1.8E¹¹ ppb



Machine configurations for special runs & ions

In **parallel to setting up** the nominal pp configuration, we hope to use beam commissioning periods (mostly nights and week-ends) to **pre-commission** other 2022 configurations

Vdm: based on 2022 settings

Expect a quick recommissioning, mainly orbit and collision point optimization

High-beta 120m, high beta 6km: brand new de-squeezes

Bring probe beams to end of de-squeezes, if time permits first look at optics

lons: energy has been defined to be 6.8Z TeV, optics available

If time permits, bring probe beams to end of squeeze, first look at optics

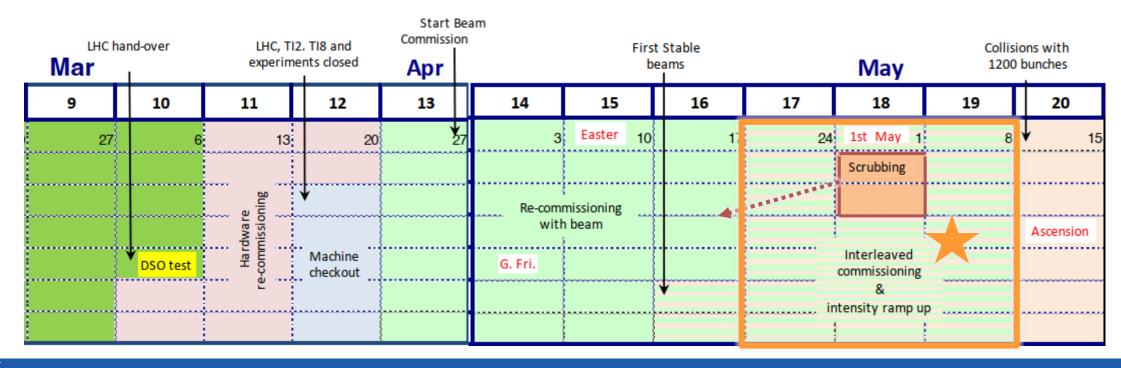
Such strategy proved to be **very effective** in the past to prevent diverting some shifts of pp production to those tasks and to timely identify possible issues



Intensity ramp up

Intensity ramp up (to ~1200 bunches) during ~3 weeks

- Similar steps to 2022, possible optimization is under discussion
- Start with ~1.5E¹¹ ppb (bunch intensity used in operation at end of 2022)
- Insert 8b4e train early on, from ~300-600b





Filling scheme and PU options for 2023

Luminosities predicted for various filling schemes and PU scenarios

Luminosity gains for 2023 wrt. 2022?

- 1) Can gain 8 % by going from 36b scheme @ I_b =1.5x10 11 ppb to hybrid filling scheme @ I_b =1.8x10 11 ppb
- 2) Additional luminosity gains by increasing PU:

			Pure	8b4e no	t availab	le in 202	3
							Max bunch intensity
		8b4e	Hybrid 36b	Hybrid 48b	36b	48b	for a given scheme (heat load+TCDS)
	I _b [10 ¹¹ ppb]	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.2	Reference
	#IP1/5 bunches	1967	2380	2440	2484	2740	(~2022)
μ=54	L _{peak,IP1/5}	1.5	1.81	1.86	1.89	2.08	
	L _{int.,day} [fb ⁻¹]	1.06 (-6%)	1.21 (+8%)	1.20 (+7%)	1.13	0.97 (-14%)	
		4/66	0.04	0.00	0.40		
μ=60	L peak,IP1/5	1.66	2.01	2.06	2.10	2.32	Target for CONFIRMED
μ=60	L _{peak,IP1/5} L _{int.,day} [fb ⁻¹]	1.66 1.14 (+2%)	2.01 1.30 ← (+15%)	1.28 (+14%)	2.10 1.18 (+4%)	0.98 (-14%)	2023? CONFIRMED
μ=65		1.14	1.30	1.28	1.18	0.98	2023? CONFIRMED Note actual gain will depend
	L _{int.,day} [fb ⁻¹]	1.14 (+2%)	1.30 (+15%)	1.28 (+14%)	1.18 (+4%)	0.98	Note actual gain will depend a lot on how availability
	L _{int.,day} [fb ⁻¹] L _{peak,IP1/5}	1.14 (+2%) 1.8 1.21	1.30 (+15%) 2.17 1.36	1.28 (+14%) 2.23 1.34	1.18 (+4%) 2.27 1.22	0.98	Note actual gain will depend a lot on how availability changes with bunch intensity
μ=65	L _{int.,day} [fb ⁻¹] L _{peak,IP1/5} L _{int.,day} [fb ⁻¹]	1.14 (+2%) 1.8 1.21 (+7%)	1.30 (+15%) 2.17 1.36 (+21%)	1.28 (+14%) 2.23 1.34 (+19%)	1.18 (+4%) 2.27 1.22 (+8%)	0.98	Note actual gain will depend a lot on how availability changes with



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Conclusions

- An intense phase of re-commissioning of the LHC for 2023 run is about to start
 - BE/OP will take over the LHC activity coordination on coming Friday 10th March
- All activities are on schedule and NO showstopper is identified
- First Stable Beams @6.8 teV planned to happen sometimes in week 17

