

## Nearly model-independent constraints on dense matter equation of state in a Bayesian approach

We apply the Bayesian approach to construct a large number of minimally constrained equations of state (EOSs) and study their correlations with a few selected properties of a neutron star (NS). Our set of minimal constraints includes a few basic properties of saturated nuclear matter and low-density pure neutron matter EOS, which is obtained from a precise next-to-next-to-next-to-leading-order ( $N^3$ LO) calculation in chiral effective field theory. The tidal deformability and radius of NS with mass  $1 - 2M_{\odot}$  are found to be strongly correlated with the pressure of  $\beta$ -equilibrated matter at densities higher than the saturation density ( $\rho_0 = 0.16 \text{ fm}^{-3}$ ) in a nearly model-independent manner. These correlations are employed to parametrize the pressure for  $\beta$ -equilibrated matter, around  $2\rho_0$ , as a function of neutron star mass and the corresponding tidal deformability. The maximum mass of a neutron star is also found to be strongly correlated with the pressure of  $\beta$ -equilibrated matter at densities  $\sim 4.5\rho_0$ .

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