Observation of the dead cone effect in charm and **bottom quark jets** and its QCD explanation

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Last episode of this series:

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Finally, Scientists Prove the 'Dead Cone Effect,' Shaking Up Particle Physics

Operators of the ALICE detector have observed the first direct evidence of the "dead cone effect," allowing them to assess the mass of the elusive charm quark.





The dead cone effect in QCD







QCD MLLA dead cone spectra





QCD MLLA prediction for momentum spectra $D_Q(\xi)$ of *accompanying particles* in heavy quark jets

 $\begin{array}{l} D_Q(\xi,W) = D_q(\xi,W) - D_q(\xi - \overline{\xi}_Q,m_Q\sqrt{e}) \\ \overline{\xi}_Q = \ln(1/\overline{x}_Q), \ \overline{x}_Q: \ \text{average } x_Q \end{array}$

LPHD: hadronisation correction via scaling factor $K^{ch} \approx 1.28$ at $\sqrt{s} = m_Z$

Momentum space analysis: no direct dependence on jet axes



LEP data "raw" (OPAL)





Tag B or C hadron décay in one Thrust-hemisphere, measure tracks in opposite

Correct for track efficiency and event selection biases to "hadron level" ($\tau < 3 \times 10^{-10}$ s)

Accompanying particles *and* B or C hadron decay products

(Could separate B or C hadron decay products with track IP)

[OPAL coll., Eur. Phys. J. C7 (1999) 369]

Decay and prompt particles





Separate B or C hadron decay products and prompt particles using MC (Pythia 8.3)

Apply to data with corrections (scaling) and systematics for B decay multiplicity in MC



LEP data "cooked"



Subtract MC simulated ξ spectra of B or C hadron decay products



Scale MC to $n_b^{dec} = 11.10 \pm 0.18$; MC consistent w/ $n_c^{dec} = 5.2 \pm 0.3$



Dead cone effect



Dead cone confirmed at > 5 σ , ratios Q/uds up to factor 10



Dead cone in b- and c-jets



Dead cone effect in MLLA



QCD MLLA dead cone subtraction consistent with data Prediction: $D_Q(\xi,W) = D_q(\xi,W) - D_q(\xi - \overline{\xi}_Q, m_Q \sqrt{e})$





Excess at large ξ_p





MLLA prediction at large ξ_p above data

Corresponds to result of multiplicity analysis: $\delta_{bl}^{MLLA} - \delta_{bl}^{exp} = 1.26 \pm 0.42$



[Dokshitzer, Fabbri, Khoze, Ochs, Eur. Phys. J. C45 (2006) 387] Dead cone in b- and c-jets



Sensitivity to b quark mass





Fit central region $1.6 < \xi_p < 2.6$ with free energy scale W_0

 $W_0^{exp} = (7.2 \pm 0.5) \text{ GeV (DELPHI, OPAL)}$

 $W_0^{MLLA} = m_b \sqrt{e} = (8.0 \pm 0.2) \text{ GeV}$ ($m_b(m_b) = (4.85 \pm 0.15) \text{ GeV}$)

Sensitivity to $m_b(m_b)$ at few % level, but not competitive with other analyses

MLLA LPHD in good agreement with data where approximations valid



Relevant today?



- Yes
- Heavy flavour jet tagging at LHC
 - Dist'n of $x = p/p_{jet}$ of acc. part. sensitive to m_Q
 - Inclusive (DNN) flavour tagging should profit
- MC heavy flavour modelling
 - Compare acc. part. and Q decay ξ spectra
- Top quark fragmentation
 - Measure acc. part. spectra in top decays?



Conclusion



- Dead cone effect confirmed with LEP data
 - Momentum space analysis for b and c-quark jets
 - $E_{jet} \approx 45 \text{ GeV}$ (ALICE $E_{Radiator} < 10 \text{ GeV}$)
 - Model independent (except B, C decay subtraction)
 - No direct jet axis dependence \Rightarrow effect larger w.r.t. ALICE
- Consequences for top quark dead cone studies at LHC?









ALICE in dead cone land







ALICE in dead cone land







Introduction





Consider transverse separation of γ (gluon) from e^+e^- (parton) pair with $\Delta t \Delta E > \hbar/2 \Rightarrow$ angular ordering $\theta_{e^+e^-} > \theta_{e\gamma}$ ($\theta_{partons} > \theta_{parton,g}$)

[Dokshitzer, Khoze, Mueller, Troyan, Basics of perturbative QCD, www.lpthe.jussieu.fr/~yuri/BPQCD/BPQCD.pdf]



Soft gluon interference



Charged particle momentum spectra $\xi_p = \log(1/x_p), x_p = 2p/\sqrt{s}$

