Forward proton tagging in ATLAS status of detectors and new physics results

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view along beam

Forward detectors and physics



Forward detectors and physics



Topics covered in this talk



ALFA Detectors

 $pp \rightarrow pp$

ALFA detectors



Main detectors (MDs) for physics

Overlap detectors (ODs) for alignment

Detectors operate very close to the beam

Distance to the beam determines the lowest scattering angles (lowest *t*)





Elastic event selection



Event selection based on strong correlations present in elastic events Background (normalized in control regions):

- accidental halo+halo and halo+SD coincidences (data-driven templates)
- central diffraction (MC simulation)

Relative uncertainty of 10 - 15%.



Results: Eur. Phys. J. C 83 (2023) 441



 $\rho = 0.0978 \pm 0.0043$ (stat.) ± 0.0073 (exp.) ± 0.0064 (th.) $\sigma_{\rm tot} = 104.68 \pm 0.22 (\text{stat.}) \pm 1.06 (\text{exp.}) \pm 0.12 (\text{th.})$ $B = 21.14 \pm 0.07$ (stat.) ± 0.11 (exp.) ± 0.01 (th.)





Luminosity-independent (TOTEM)

$$\sigma_{\rm tot} = \left. \frac{16\pi}{1+\rho^2} \frac{1}{N_{\rm el} + N_{\rm inel}} \frac{\mathrm{d}N_{\rm el}}{\mathrm{d}t} \right|_{t\to 0}$$

Requires correction for not measured small-mass diffraction

Luminosity-dependent (ATLAS)

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}^2 = \left. \frac{16\pi}{1+\rho^2} \frac{1}{L} \frac{dN_{\text{el}}}{dt} \right|_{t\to 0}$$

Requires a dedicated luminosity measurement

ALFA Detectors

 $pp \rightarrow p\pi^+\pi^-p$

Exclusive pion pair production



 $\begin{array}{c} p(p_{a}) & p(p_{1}) \\ \hline \gamma, \mathbb{P}, \mathbb{R} & & f_{0}, f_{2} & \neq \pi^{+}(p_{3}) \\ \gamma, \mathbb{P}, \mathbb{R} & & & \pi^{-}(p_{4}) \\ \hline p(p_{b}) & p(p_{2}) \end{array}$

Interesting and complex mechanism

Non-trivial interplay of continuous and resonant production

Theoretical predictions and diagrams from P. Lebiedowicz et al., Phys.Rev.D 93 (2016) 5, 054015.

Exclusive event selection

Selection of exclusive events:

- forward protons detected in ALFA
- opposite-charged pions detected in the central ATLAS detector
- vetoing activity in Minimum Bias Trigger Scintillator (MBTS)
- Exclusivity enforced by looking at p_T balance in the event





Results: Eur. Phys. J. C 83 (2023) 627



First exclusive $\pi^+\pi^-$ measurement with proton tagging at LHC!

- elastic pp configuration

- anti-elastic pp configuration

 $\sigma = 9 \pm 6(\text{stat}) \pm 1(\text{syst}) \pm 1(\text{lumi}) \pm 1(\text{model}) \ \mu\text{b}$



AFP Detectors

 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ll$

Photon-photon interactions



Large flux of high-energy photons allows studies of $\gamma\gamma$ interactions

Photon-photon interactions

EWK motivation – possible new particles:



QCD motivation - proton dissociation and additional exchanges:





AFP detectors and proton reconstruction









Kinematic matching



First measurement of exclusive dileptons with proton tagging! Demonstrating performance of proton tagging in standard LHC running.

0.12

AFP

Only Far station

μ⁺μ

No AFP acceptance Measurement region

0.1

Results: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ll$ PRL 125 (2020) 261801



AFP Detectors

 $\gamma\gamma
ightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (ALP search)





Results: JHEP 07 (2023) 23



AFP ToF - vertex matching



twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ForwardDetPublicResults

AFP in Run 3





Summary

ATLAS pursues interesting physics using forward proton tagging

Interesting recent results on elastic scattering, central exclusive production and photon-induced processes

ALFA attempting to collect data with highest- β^* special optics

AFP already collected more data in Run 3 than in Run 2