# A Forward Calorimeter in ALICE (FoCal)



Ionut-Cristian Arsene (University of Oslo) on behalf of the ALICE Collaboration



UPC 2023, 10-15 December, Playa del Carmen, Yucatán, Mexico

### ALICE upgrades timeline





#### Why FoCal ?

ALICE	Workshop: Exploration of small-x structure of nuclei and signal of saturation in forward measurements at the LHC         Image: Wednesday 22 Jun 2022, 09:00 → 17:45         Image: Wednesday 22 Jun 2022, 09:00 → 17:45	alS	<b>3:45</b> → 14:00	Forward dijet production in saturation formalism         Speaker: Piotr Kotko (AGH UST)         Kotko_CERN_FOCAL	©15m ┏ •
Registratio	n 🛷 You are registered for this event.	Check details	<b>4:05</b> → 14:20	Heavy flavor and quarkonium production in the forward region Speaker: Kazuhiro Watanabe (Subatech)	©15m 🗷 ▾
<b>10:30</b> → 10:35	Introduction to the workshop Speaker: Constantinos Loizides (ORNL)  Constantinos Loizides (ORNL)  Constantinos Loizides (ORNL)  Develop Reduction with the FOCAL Researce	© 5m <b>∠ •</b> 14	<b>4:25</b> → 14:50	Why ALICE FOCAL may be interesting: Some loose thoughts of a theorist         Speaker: Antoni Szczurek         P szczurek_FOCAL_20	© 25m 🕑 🔻
10:40 → 10:55 11:00 → 11:25	Physics Potential with the FOLAL Detector Speaker: Ionut Cristian Arsene (University of Oslo (NO))  I Krisene_FOCALwork  Status of (n)PDFs and constraints from forward particle production	0 15m 27 ▼ 0 25m 27 ▼	<b>4:55</b> → 15:10	UPC, experimental overview and ALICE projections Speaker: Joakim Nystrand (University of Bergen (NO)) DPCFOCaLpdf	©15m
11:30 11:55	Speaker: Juan Rojo (VU Amsterdam and Nikher) Projo-FoCal-smalitxQ  Signatures of aluon saturation from structure-function measurements	15	5 <b>:15</b> → 15:40	Experimental forward results (LHC, RHIC) and (n)PDF sensitivity overview         Speaker: Norbert Novitzky (University of Taukuba (JP))         P FoCatWorkshopNovi	© 25m 🕑 🔻
	Speaker: Heikki Mäntysaari (University of Jyvaskyla (FI))	15 15	5 <b>:45</b> → 16:15	Discussion	© 30m 🗹 🔹
<b>12:00</b> → 12:25	Particle Production from CGC - Photons, Hadrons, Dihadrons Speaker: Jamal Jaillian-Marian	© 25m 🗹 🔻			
<b>12:30</b> → 12:45	Discussion	🕲 15m 🗷 👻			

• Main goal: explore non-linear gluon evolution and nPDFs at low Bjorken-x

LoI: *ALICE, LHCC-I-036 (2020)* Physics case: *ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-001* Physics performance: *ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-004* 

## FoCal observables in hadronic collisions



#### ALICE, LHCC-I-036 (2020)



- Main measurement: isolated direct photons in pp and p-Pb collisions
- Complementary observables:
  - π<sup>0</sup>
  - Jets
  - Quarkonia,  $Z^0$  and  $W^{\pm}$
  - correlations

## FoCal observables in UPC



ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-001 Bylinkin, Nystrand, Tapia Takaki, arXiv:2211.16107



- Quarkonia (J/ $\psi$ ,  $\psi$ ') photoproduction
  - Extension of photon-Pb and photon-proton cross-sections to very high and very low c.m. energy
  - Bjorken-x reach down to ~10<sup>-6</sup>, discrimination power for saturation models
- Other photon induced processes also measurable:
  - Low mass vector mesons,
  - $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ee$ ,
  - Inclusive photo-nuclear and diffractive di-jets,
  - Light-by-light scattering,...

Many thanks to Alexander Bylinkin, Joakim Nystrand and Daniel Tapia Takaki !

#### The ALICE detector (Run 3 setup)





#### The ALICE detector + FoCal





## FoCal design challenges





- Discriminate direct photons and decay photons (mainly from  $\pi^{0}$ )
  - Requires: small Moliere radius, high granularity readout

- Suppress bremsstrahlung and fragmentation photons
  - Requires: measurement of hadronic showers

## FoCal structure





#### **FoCal-E (electromagnetic)**

- High granularity Si-W calorimeter
- Longitudinal segmentation (20 layers)
  - 3.5mm W in each layer  $(1 X_0)$
  - 18 pad layers (1x1 cm<sup>2</sup>)
    - Energy measurement
  - 2 pixel layers (30x30 µm<sup>2</sup>)
    - Two shower separation

#### FoCal-H (hadronic)

- Metal-scintillator using "spaghetti" design
  - Scintillation fibers embedded in Cu tubes
- Photon isolation, hadronic jet components

## FoCal prototype for test beams





Small prototype built for performance tests

- FoCal-E
  - ~ 9 x 8 cm<sup>2</sup> transverse size
  - 18 pad layers
  - 2 pixel layers
- FoCal-H
  - 9 Cu-scintillator towers
  - ~ 20 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup> transverse size

FoCal prototype tested in electron/hadron beams at SPS in Nov 2022 and May 2023

## Energy resolution in beam tests





- FoCal-E: energy resolution < 4% at high energies
- FoCal-H: energy resolution < 15% at high energy</li>
  - Disagreements with MC under investigation

## Transverse and longitudinal shower profiles



Two-shower separation in FoCal-E pixels

#### Longitudinal shower profile in FoCal-E

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## Performance in hadronic collisions







Direct photons measured in FoCal vs. D-mesons in LHCb



 Photon-hadron correlations combining FoCal and central-rapidity acceptance significantly extends the coverage in x

## Direct photons





Isolation energy in FoCal-E and FoCal-H



Signal fraction up to ~70% at  $p_T$ ~14 GeV/c

• Still untapped potential by using additional more sophisticated methods

## Prompt photon R<sub>pPb</sub>





- nPDF+NLO *R*<sub>pPb</sub> reweighted using FoCal pseudo data
- Reduction of nNNPDF30 uncertainties similar to LHCb D<sup>o</sup> mesons

## Light mesons





ALI-SIMUL-55895

Jets





 Jet energy scale (JES) and jet energy resolution (JER) quantified using Pythia + GEANT for R=0.6 anti-k<sub>T</sub> jets

## Ultra-peripheral collisions



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### Vector meson photo-production in UPC





- High efficiency (~80%) for J/ψ measurement in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>
- Coverage up to *y*~5.5

#### Pb-Pb @ 5.36 TeV, L = 7/nb

VM	$\sigma(\mathrm{Pb} + \mathrm{Pb} \rightarrow \mathrm{Pb} + \mathrm{Pb} + \mathrm{VM})$	$\sigma(3.4 \le \eta_{1,2} \le 5.8)$	Yield
$\rho^0$	5.0 b	$20 \ \mu b$	140,000
$\phi$	440 mb	$10~\mu{ m b}$	70,000
${ m J}/\psi$	$39 \mathrm{~mb}$	$53~\mu{ m b}$	$370,\!000$
$\psi(2S)$	$7.5 \mathrm{~mb}$	$1.1 \ \mu \mathrm{b}$	7,500
$\Upsilon(1S)$	94 $\mu b$	5.0 nb	35

#### p-Pb, Pb-p @ 8.8 TeV, L = 150/nb

VM	$\sigma(p + Pb \rightarrow p + Pb + VM)$	$\sigma(3.4 \le \eta_{1,2} \le 5.8)$	Yield
		$\mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{FoCal}$	$\mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{FoCal}$
$\rho^0$	35 mb	140 nb	21,000
$\phi$	$1.7 \mathrm{\ mb}$	51  nb	7,700
${ m J}/\psi$	$98 \ \mu b$	400 nb	60,000
$\psi(2S)$	$16 \ \mu \mathrm{b}$	8.9 nb	1,300
$\Upsilon(1S)$	220 nb	0.38  nb	60
		$Pb \rightarrow FoCal$	$Pb \rightarrow FoCal$
$\rho^0$	35  mb	17 nb	2,600
$\phi$	$1.7 \mathrm{\ mb}$	5.3  nb	800
${ m J}/\psi$	$98 \ \mu b$	36  nb	$5,\!400$
$\psi(2S)$	$16 \ \mu \mathrm{b}$	0.53  nb	80
$\Upsilon(1S)$	220 nb	$0.67 \ \mathrm{pb}$	$\sim 0$

Bylinkin, Nystrand, Tapia Takaki, arXiv:2211.16107

## J/ $\psi$ and $\psi$ (2S) reconstruction in Pb-Pb





- Ground and excited charmonium states can be separated
- Coherent and incoherent components can be extracted from the  $p_T$  distribution
- Very large photoproduced quarkonia sample expected to be measured with FoCal
- Potential of improving the mass and  $p_T$  resolution

### Coherent J/ψ photoproduction in Pb-Pb UPC









- Extension of the measurement to  $y \sim 5.5$ , very good stat. uncertainties
- Interference between quark and gluon contributions largest in the FoCal acceptance Flett, Jones, Martin, Ryskin and Teubner, arXiv:1908.08398

#### Photo-nuclear cross-section $\sigma(\gamma+Pb)$





 Emitter-target ambiguity solved using measurements in ZDC neutron emission classes

#### Photo-nuclear cross-section $\sigma(\gamma+Pb)$





- Combined FoCal + ZDC analysis
  - coverage in  $W_{pPb}$  to be extended both towards low and high values



- Simulation studies done with realistic expectations of quarkonia yields
- ψ(2S)/J/ψ ratio expected to be measured with about 3% and 12% statistical uncertainty in p-Pb (low-W) and Pb-p (high-W), respectively

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## Photoproduction off protons $\sigma(\gamma+p)$ at high-*W*





- FoCal extends coverage in  $W_{\gamma p}$  up to about 2 TeV
- Large lever arm for discriminating linear vs saturation scenarios

UPC p-Pb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$  = 8.16 TeV, 150 nb<sup>-1</sup>



Bylinkin, Nystrand, Tapia Takaki, arXiv:2211.16107

### Energy dependence of the $\psi(2S)/J/\psi$ ratio





Ratio has a good discrimination power between linear vs saturation models in the range of very high- $W_{yp}$ 

Limitation due to the expected low  $\psi(2S)$  yields (~12% stat.uncert.)

3.5

45

m<sub>supcl pair</sub> [GeV/c<sup>2</sup>]

4

Counts

 $10^{3}$ 

 $10^{2}$ 

10

ALICE simulation, Pb-p  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$  = 8.79 TeV

– fit total •-Crystall-Ball (J/ψ)

25

--- Crystall-Ball (w(2S))

3

STARLight, J/ $\psi$  and  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-$ 

3.4 < y < 5.8, p\_<200 MeV/c

### Dissociative to exclusive $J/\psi$ photoproduction ratio







- Probe of the fluctuations in the proton target configurations
- Reduction of the dissociative/exclusive ratio towards high c.m. provides a signature of gluon saturation

### Production off proton in Pb-p at low- $W_{yp}$

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Bylinkin, Nystrand, Tapia Takaki, arXiv:2211.16107



- Coverage down to  $W_{yp}$ ~12 GeV with Pb-p at 8.16 TeV, overlap with E401 data
- With an eventual run at 1.26 TeV, measurements could fill the gap between low energy data points and LHC experiments

#### Summary



- FoCal is a planned ALICE upgrade for the LHC Run-4 covering forward rapidities
- Main goal: explore gluon content at low-x using multiple measurements
- Hadronic collisions
  - Isolated direct photons
  - Jets
  - Mesons, quarkonia, weak bosons
  - Correlations
- Main probes studied so far in UPC (Pb-Pb, p-Pb, Pb-p)
  - Coherent and incoherent  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$
  - Combined FoCal with ZDC and other ALICE detectors to tag neutron emission and dissociative production off protons



