

UPC 2023 First international workshop on the physics of Ultra Peripheral Collisions



Angular modulation of photon-induced J/ψ and lepton pairs
in heavy ion collisions at STAR

Kaiyang Wang (for the STAR collaboration)

(kaiyangwang@mail.ustc.edu.cn)

2023. 12.12

University of Science and Technology of China

Supported in part by

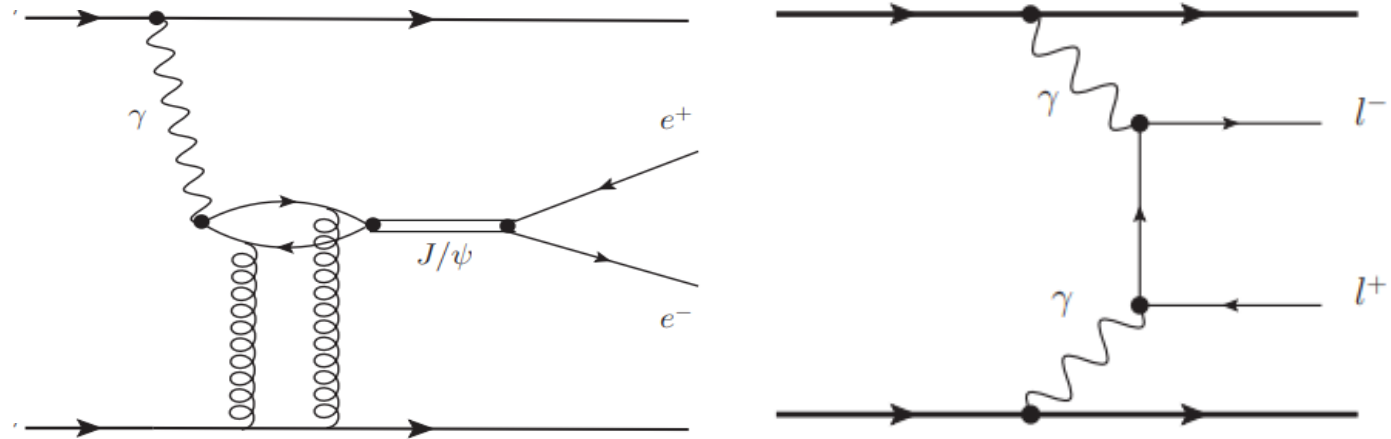
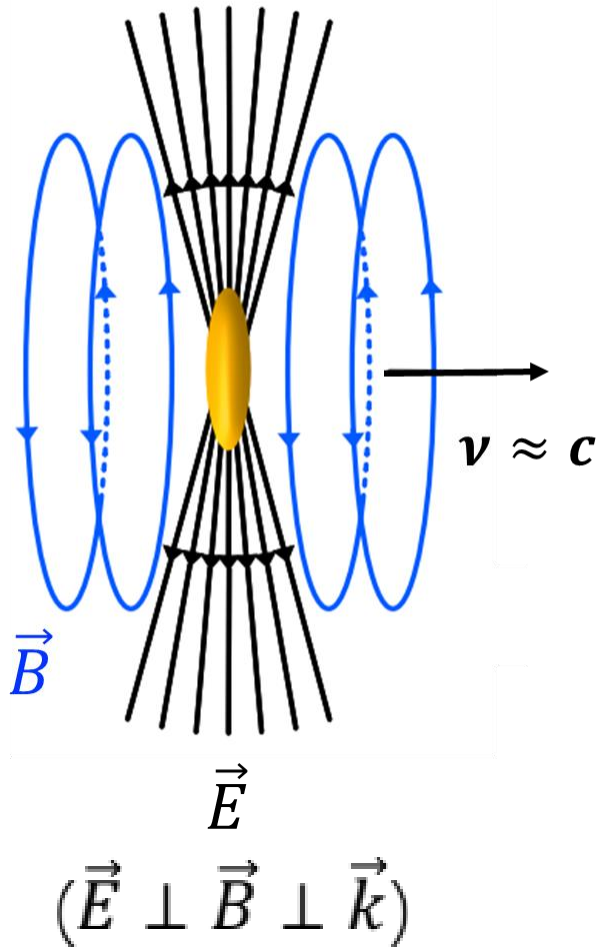


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
Science

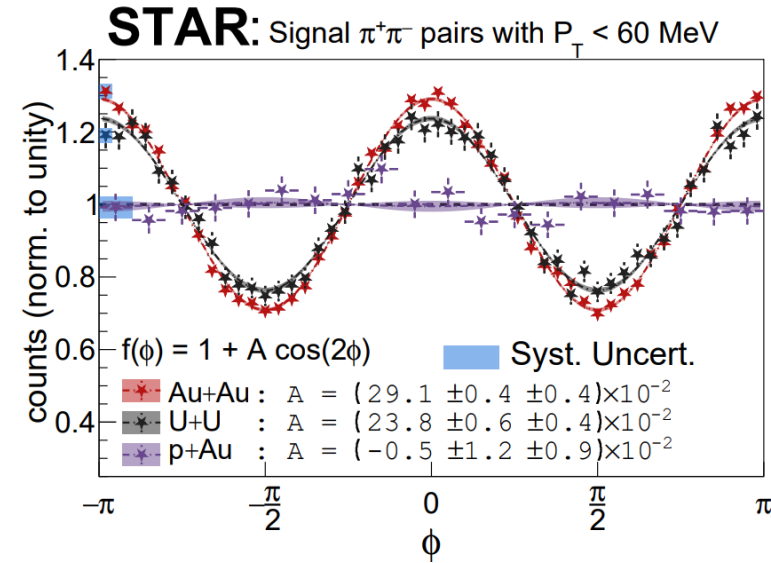
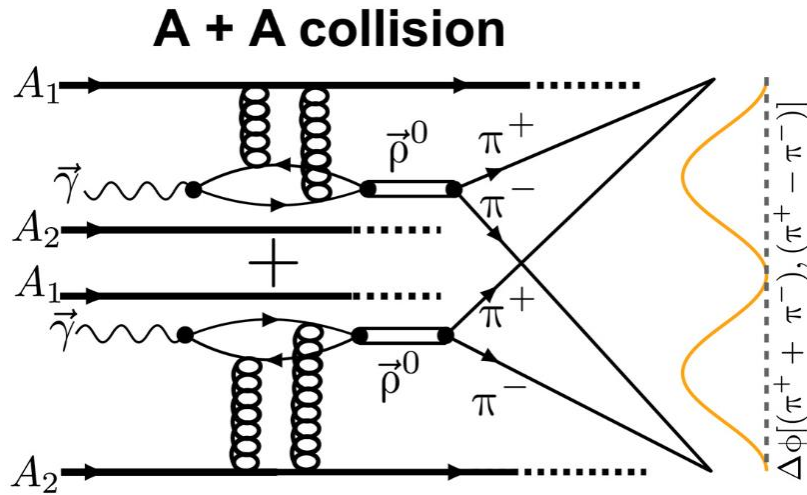
- Introduction
- Angular modulation of photon-induced J/ψ in isobaric collisions
- Angular modulation of photon-induced lepton pairs
- Summary

Photon-induced process

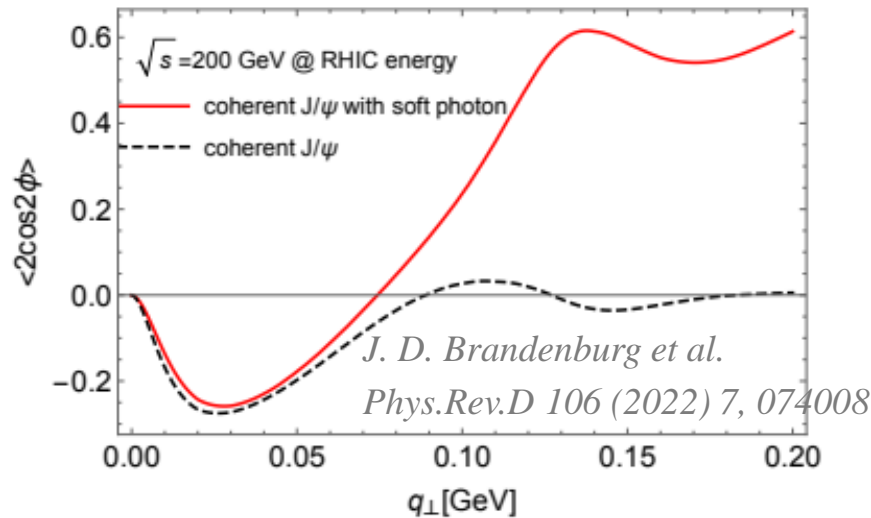


- Ultra-relativistic charged nuclei produce highly Lorentz contracted electromagnetic field.
- EM fields can be quantized as a flux of **linearly polarized** quasi-real photons
 - ✓ Photon-nuclear interaction (vector mesons)
 - ✓ Photon-photon interaction (dilepton...)
 - ✓ **Linearly polarized photons** → final state polarization

Spin interference effect



STAR Collaboration, *Sci. Adv.* 9, eabq 3903 (2023)



✓ Spin interference effect has been observed with ρ^0

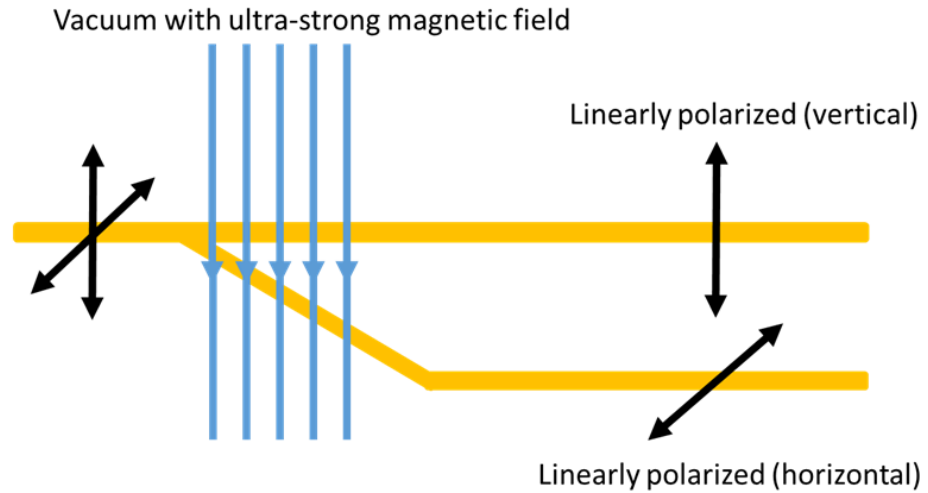
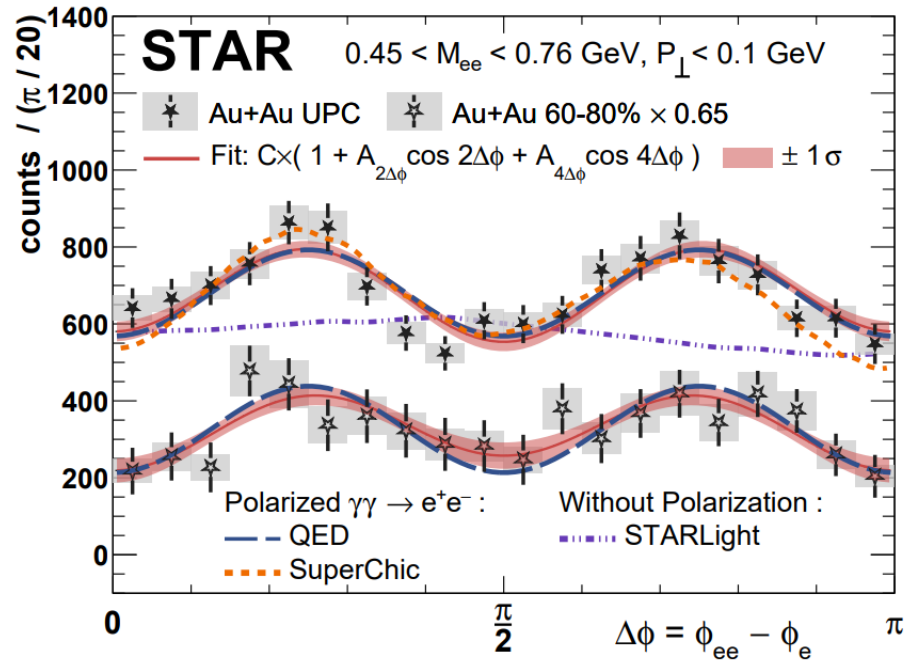
✓ Why J/ψ?

- Decay daughters, e^+e^- are fermions
- Longer lifetime than impact parameter

$$\rho^0 \sim 1.3 \text{ fm}/c \quad J/\psi \sim 2160 \text{ fm}/c$$

Birefringence of the QED vacuum

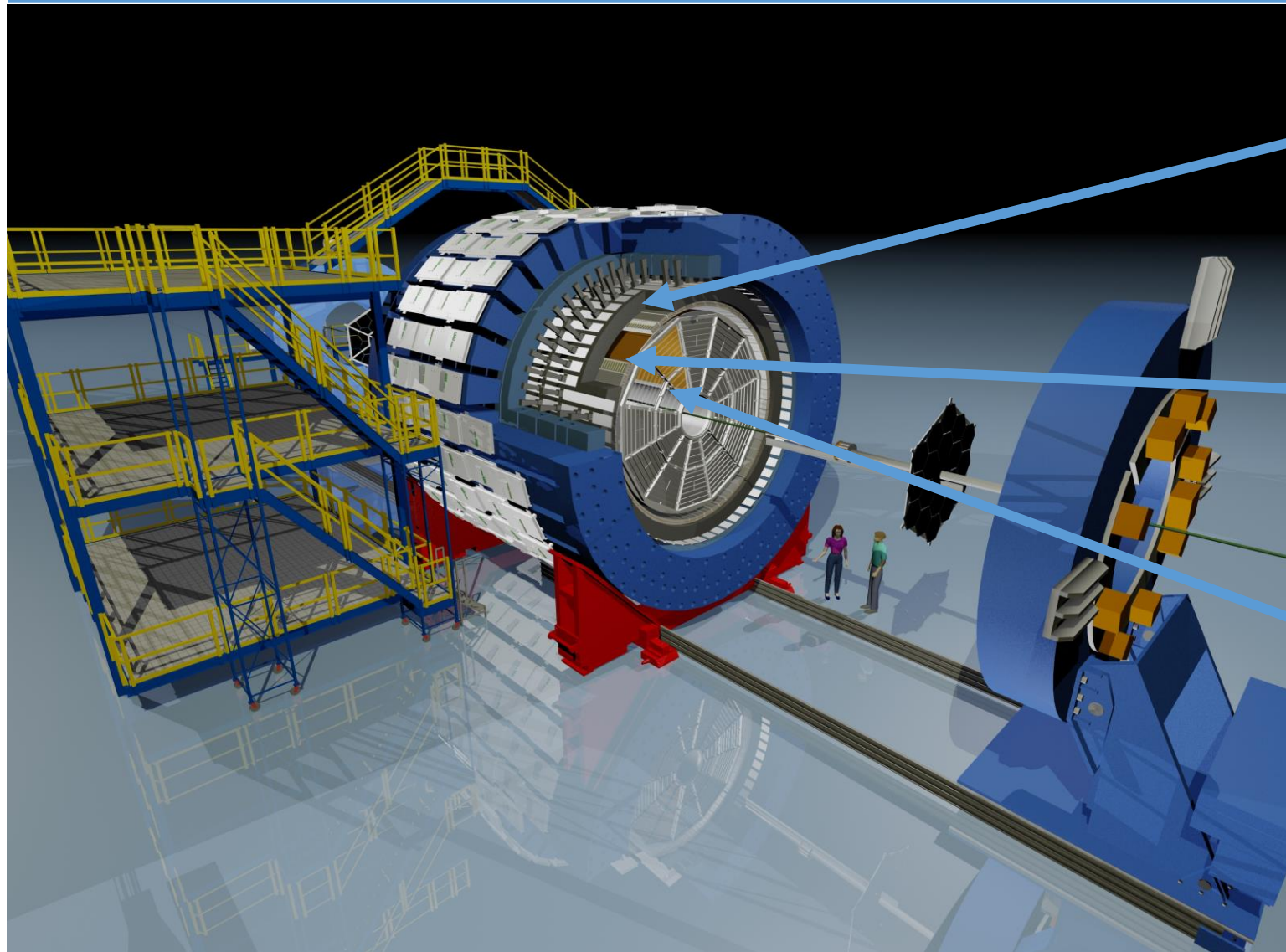
STAR Collaboration, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 127 (2021) 052302



- ✓ Related to vacuum birefringence.
- ✓ Evidence of photon-photon interactions

- Sensitive to initial geometry
 - Comparison between Ru+Ru&Zr+Zr vs. Au+Au
- $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ azimuthal asymmetry sensitive to daughter mass $\propto m^2/p_{\perp}^2$
 - Expected to be sizable for $\mu^+\mu^-$ pair production

The Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC (STAR)



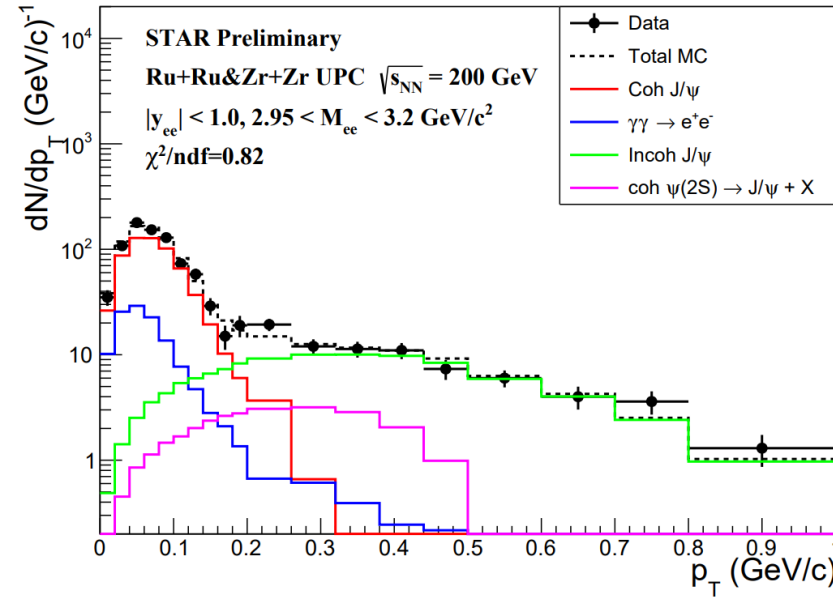
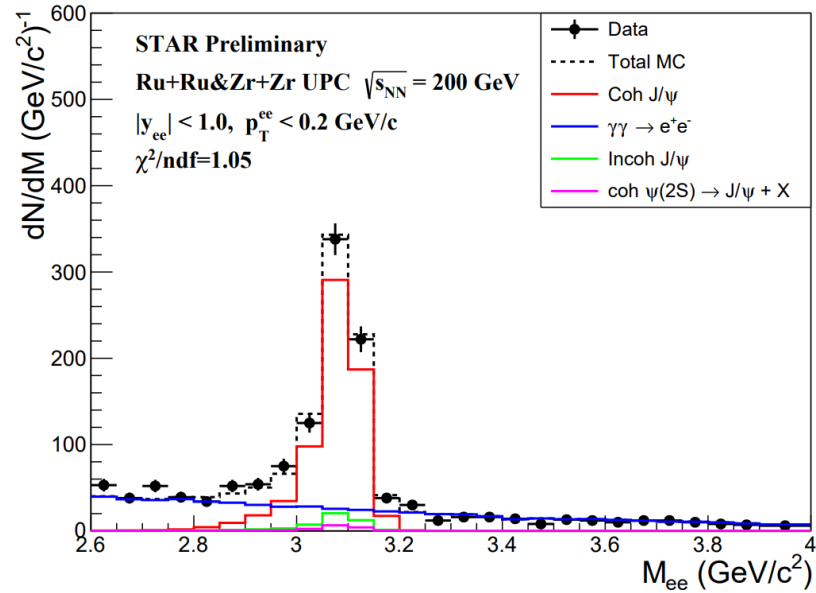
✓ **BEMC**: Particle identification, trigger

✓ **TOF**: Time of flight, particle identification

✓ **TPC**: Tracking, momentum and dE/dx

- Introduction
- Angular modulation of photon-induced J/ψ in isobaric collisions
- Angular modulation of photon-induced lepton pairs
- Summary

J/ψ measurements in 200 GeV isobaric UPCs



MC input

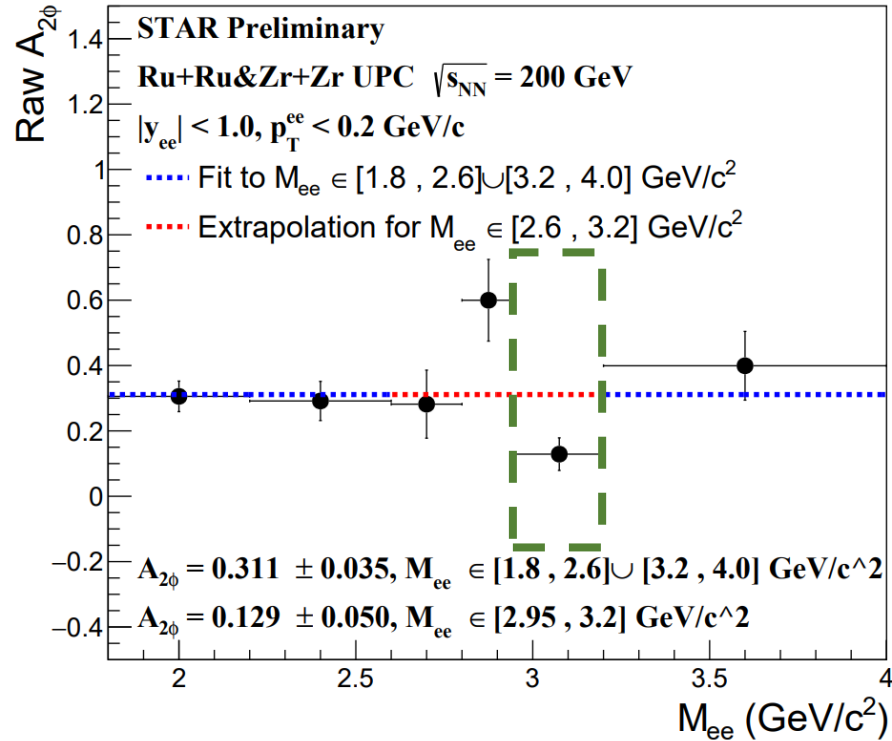
*P. Wang et al 2022 Chinese Phys. C 46 074103
W. Zha et al Phys. Lett. B 800,135089 (2020)*

Collision species (taken in 2018)

- ${}^{96}_{44}\text{Ru} + {}^{96}_{44}\text{Ru}$, $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}}=200$ GeV
- ${}^{96}_{40}\text{Zr} + {}^{96}_{40}\text{Zr}$, $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}}=200$ GeV
- ✓ **Similar nuclear size**

- Measured $\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$ & $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ (in the mass continuum) within $|y| < 1$
- Signal extractions are performed via fitting to the M_{ee} & p_T distributions

J/ψ interference signal extraction



$$A_2^{raw} = \frac{N_{J/\psi} \times A_2^{J/\psi} + N_{\gamma\gamma} \times A_2^{\gamma\gamma}}{N_{J/\psi} + N_{\gamma\gamma}}$$

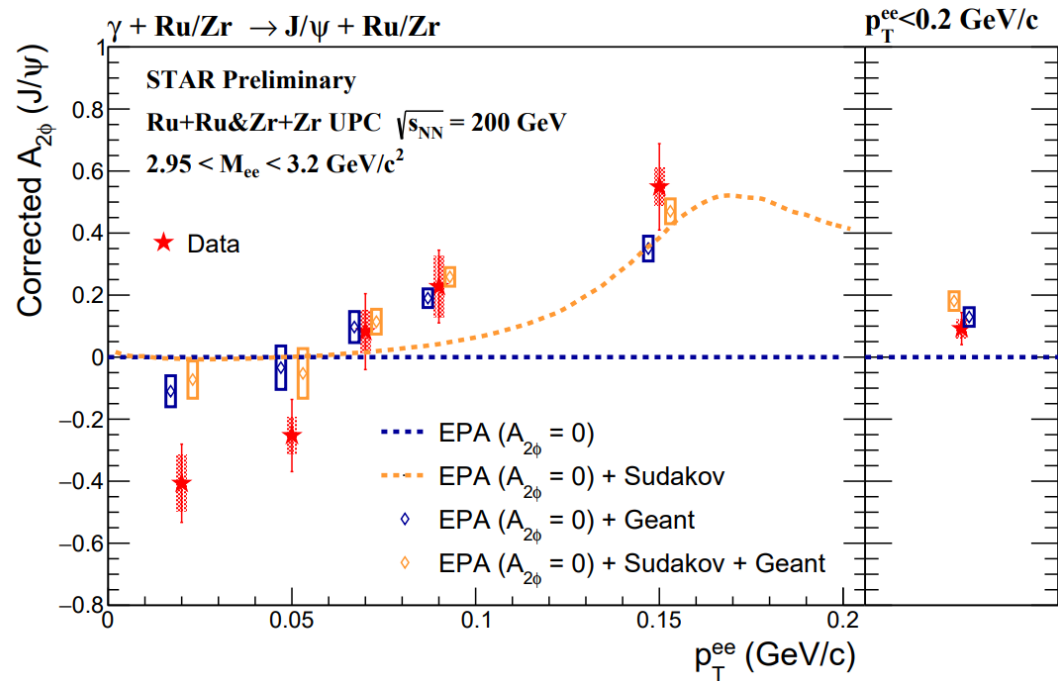
$$A_2^{J/\psi} = \left(1 + \frac{N_{\gamma\gamma}}{N_{J/\psi}}\right) \times A_2^{raw} - \left(\frac{N_{\gamma\gamma}}{N_{J/\psi}}\right) \times A_2^{\gamma\gamma}$$

$N_{\gamma\gamma}$ & $N_{J/\psi}$: From fitting of M_{ee} spectrum

$A_2^{\gamma\gamma}$: Extrapolated from $M_{ee} \in [1.8, 2.6] \cup [3.2, 4.0] \text{ GeV}/c^2$

- ✓ Sizeable contributions from $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ process
- ✓ Possible variations for $A_{2\phi}$ in the mass continuum has been considered as systematics
- ✓ Enhancement on left side of J/ψ peak → Bremsstrahlung & soft photon radiation

p_T -dependent interference of J/ψ

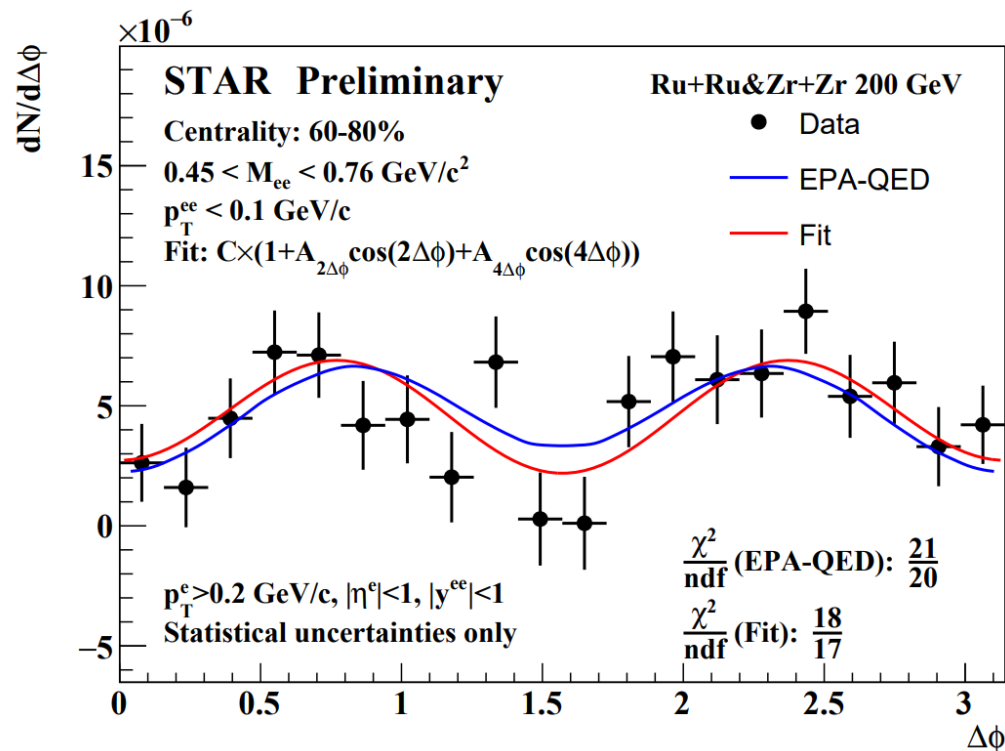


- Data: J/ψ modulation extracted from raw signals
- EPA + Geant: zero amplitude of modulations input
 - Bremsstrahlung & detector effect
- EPA + Sudakov + Geant: soft photon radiation modulation input
 - Soft photon radiation
 - Bremsstrahlung & detector effect

- ✓ J/ψ signal shows an increasing trend from negative to positive
- MC with soft photon radiation well describes increase trend @ $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$
- 2.4σ lower than MC with zero modulation input @ $p_T < 0.06 \text{ GeV}/c$

- Introduction
- Angular modulation of photon-induced J/ψ in isobaric collisions
- **Angular modulation of photon-induced lepton pairs**
- Summary

Modulation of di-electron in isobaric peripheral collisions

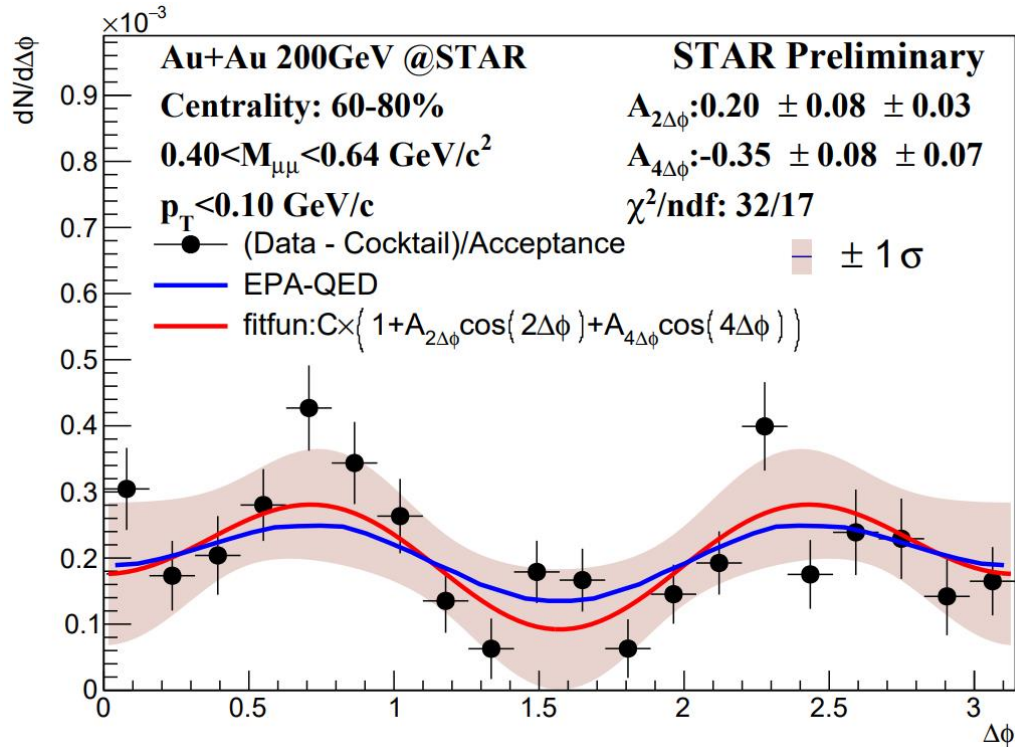


W.M. Zha et al., Phys. Lett. B 800 (2020) 135089

	$ A_{4\Delta\phi} $ (%)	$ A_{2\Delta\phi} $ (%)	χ^2/ndf
Isobar(60-80%)	47 ± 14	6 ± 13	18/17
Au+Au(60-80%)	27 ± 6	6 ± 6	10/17
QED-EPA for Isobar	40	0	

- Clear $\cos(4\Delta\phi)$ signal ($\sim 3.6\sigma$) in isobaric collisions:
 $|A_{4\Delta\phi}| = 0.47 \pm 0.13(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{sys})$
- QED-EPA could describe the data
- Hint of larger modulation in isobaric collisions than Au+Au collisions (0.27 ± 0.06) → b dependence

Modulation of di-muon in Au+Au peripheral collisions



	Measured	χ^2/ndf	QED-EPA
$ A_{4\Delta\phi} $ (%)	35 ± 11	32/17	22
$ A_{2\Delta\phi} $ (%)	20 ± 9		13

- Observation of non-zero 4th-order azimuthal angular modulation of $\mu^+\mu^-$ pairs (3.3σ).
- First indication of non-zero the 2nd-order azimuthal angular modulation (2.3σ)!

- J/ψ $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ modulation in isobaric UPC shows strong p_T dependence
 - 2.4σ negative modulation @ $p_T < 0.06 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Angular modulation of photon-induced lepton pairs in peripheral collisions
 - Hint of impact parameter dependence in isobar & Au+Au collisions
 - Hint of non-zero $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ modulation in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ in Au+Au peripheral collisions

- J/ψ $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ modulation in isobaric UPC shows strong p_T dependence
 - 2.4σ negative modulation @ $p_T < 0.06 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Angular modulation of photon-induced lepton pairs in peripheral collisions
 - Hint of impact parameter dependence in isobar & Au+Au collisions
 - Hint of non-zero $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ modulation in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ in Au+Au peripheral collisions

Thank you!