

(Updated) Global bounds on heavy neutrino mixing

Based on:

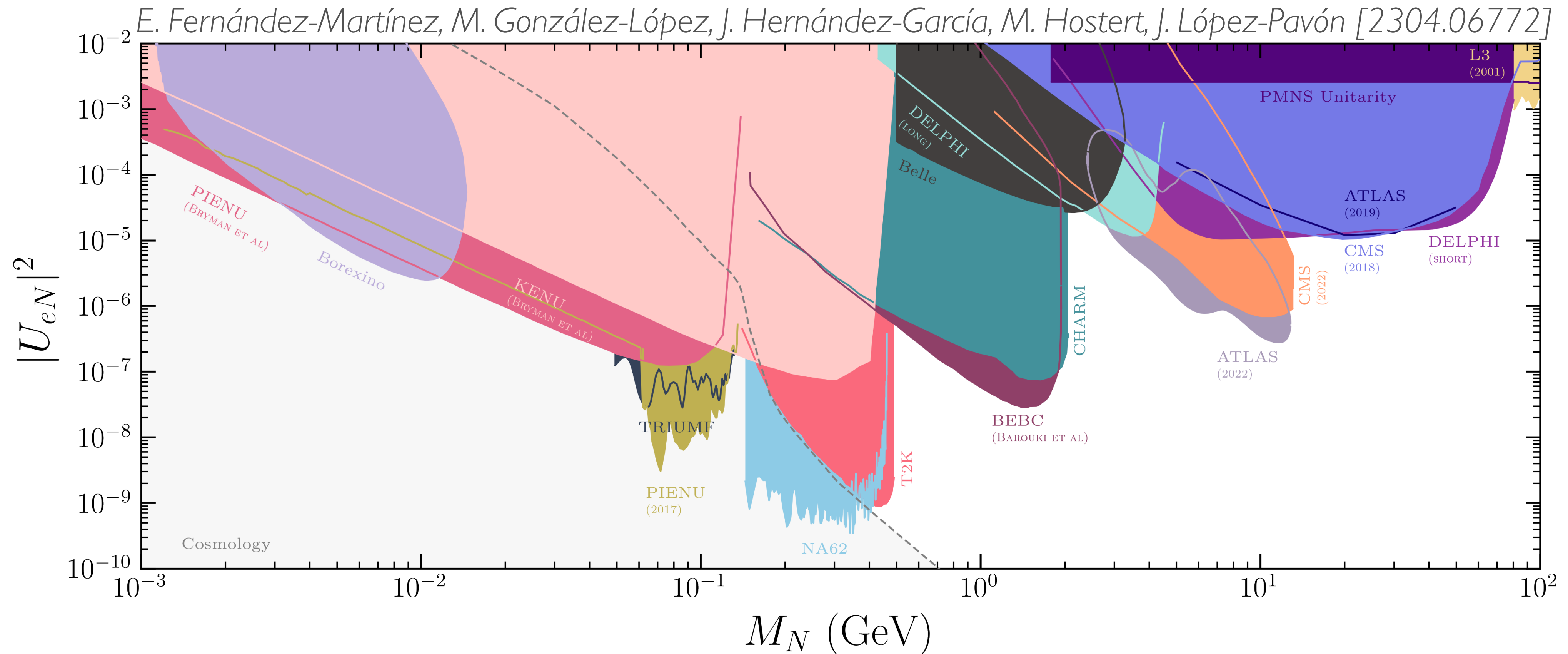
M. Blennow, E. Fernández Martínez, J. Hernández-García, J. López-Pavón, X. Marcano, DN [2306.01040]



Invisibles 2023 - Daniel Naredo - 31/08/2023

Searches for heavy neutrinos

● Plethora of searches for heavy neutrinos



● Above EW scale, precision global bounds dominate

Why update the global fit?


- Not included, you can ask me later
- ⊙ Updates on key observables:
 - ★ New measurements of M_W (CDF-II, ATLAS)
 - ★ Anomaly ($\sim 2 - 3\sigma$) in $|V_{ud}|$ and $|V_{us}|$
 - ★ LEP anomaly ($\sim 2\sigma$) in N_ν gone
 - ⊙ Improvement of the analysis:
 - ★ Correlations between observables
 - ★ Better statistics: Bootstrapping

Heavy neutrinos and non-unitarity

⦿ In general:

$$N = (1 - \eta) \underset{\substack{\downarrow \\ \text{Diagonalises } m_\nu}}{U}, \quad \eta^\dagger = \eta$$

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Diagonalises m_ν

⊙ In the context of heavy neutrinos:

$$-\mathcal{L} \supset Y_\nu \bar{L}_L \tilde{H} N + \frac{1}{2} M_M \bar{N}^c N$$
$$\underbrace{\eta = \frac{1}{2} \Theta \Theta^\dagger}_{\text{Mass-independent}} \quad \Theta \equiv \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} Y_\nu M_M^{-1}$$

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$$\Theta \equiv \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} Y_\nu M_M^{-1}$$

η is positive-definite

$$\begin{cases} \eta_{\alpha\alpha} \geq 0 \\ |\eta_{\alpha\beta}| \leq \sqrt{\eta_{\alpha\alpha} \eta_{\beta\beta}} \text{ (Schwarz inequality)} \end{cases}$$

Observables

- ⦿ We consider only tree-level η -dependence and loop-level SM corrections
- ⦿ We consider the following observables:
 - ★ M_W and s_{eff}^2
 - ★ Z-pole observables
 - ★ LFU ratios
 - ★ $|V_{ud}|$ and $|V_{us}|$ measurements
 - ★ Charged lepton flavor violation (cLFV) constraints

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★ M_W and s_{eff}^2

★ Z-pole observable

★ LFU ratios

★ $|V_{ud}|$ and $|V_{us}|$ $m\epsilon$

★ Charged lepton flavoi

! SM corrections

Observable	SM prediction	Experimental value
$M_W \simeq M_W^{SM} (1 + 0.20(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	80.356(6) GeV	80.373(11) GeV -
$s_{eff}^2 \simeq s_{eff}^{2, SM} (1 - 1.40(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	0.23154(4)	0.23148(33) [76]
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$\Gamma_{inv}^{LHC} \simeq \Gamma_{inv}^{SM} (1 - 0.33(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}) - 1.33\eta_{\tau\tau})$	0.50145(5) GeV	0.523(16) GeV [77]
$\Gamma_Z \simeq \Gamma_Z^{SM} (1 + 1.08(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}) - 0.27\eta_{\tau\tau})$	2.4939(9) GeV	2.4955(23) GeV [76]
$\sigma_{had}^0 \simeq \sigma_{had}^{0, SM} (1 + 0.50(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}) + 0.53\eta_{\tau\tau})$	41.485(8) nb	41.481(33) nb [76]
$R_e \simeq R_e^{SM} (1 + 0.27(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	20.733(10)	20.804(50) [76]
$R_\mu \simeq R_\mu^{SM} (1 + 0.27(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	20.733(10)	20.784(34) [76]
$R_\tau \simeq R_\tau^{SM} (1 + 0.27(\eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	20.780(10)	20.764(45) [76]
$R_{\mu e}^\pi \simeq (1 - (\eta_{\mu\mu} - \eta_{ee}))$	1	1.0010(9) [78]
$R_{\tau\mu}^\pi \simeq (1 - (\eta_{\tau\tau} - \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	1	0.9964(38) [78]
$R_{\mu e}^K \simeq (1 - (\eta_{\mu\mu} - \eta_{ee}))$	1	0.9978(18) [78]
$R_{\mu e}^\tau \simeq (1 - (\eta_{\mu\mu} - \eta_{ee}))$	1	1.0018(14) [78]
$R_{\tau\mu}^\tau \simeq (1 - (\eta_{\tau\tau} - \eta_{\mu\mu}))$	1	1.0010(14) [78]
$ V_{ud}^\beta \simeq \sqrt{1 - V_{us} ^2} (1 + \eta_{\mu\mu})$	$\sqrt{1 - V_{us} ^2}$	0.97373(31) [76]
$ V_{us}^{\tau \rightarrow K\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{ee} + \eta_{\mu\mu} - \eta_{\tau\tau})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2236(15) [79]
$ V_{us}^{\tau \rightarrow K, \pi} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{\mu\mu})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2234(15) [76]
$ V_{us}^{K_L \rightarrow \pi e\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{\mu\mu})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2229(6) [76]
$ V_{us}^{K_L \rightarrow \pi \mu\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{ee})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2234(7) [76]
$ V_{us}^{K_S \rightarrow \pi e\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{\mu\mu})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2220(13) [76]
$ V_{us}^{K_S \rightarrow \pi \mu\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{ee})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2193(48) [76]
$ V_{us}^{K^\pm \rightarrow \pi e\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{\mu\mu})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2239(10) [76]
$ V_{us}^{K^\pm \rightarrow \pi \mu\nu} \simeq V_{us} (1 + \eta_{ee})$	$ V_{us} $	0.2238(12) [76]
$\left \frac{V_{us}}{V_{ud}} \right _{K, \pi \rightarrow \mu\nu} \simeq \frac{ V_{us} }{\sqrt{1 - V_{us} ^2}}$	$\frac{ V_{us} }{\sqrt{1 - V_{us} ^2}}$	0.23131(53) [76]

Cases under study

- ⦿ Minimal scenario with 2 heavy neutrinos: 2N-SS
(Previously missing in the literature)
- ⦿ Next-to-minimal scenario with 3 heavy neutrinos: 3N-SS
- ⦿ General scenario with arbitrary number of heavy neutrinos: G-SS

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- ★ Correlations from m_ν
- ★ $|\eta_{\alpha\beta}| = \sqrt{\eta_{\alpha\alpha}\eta_{\beta\beta}}$
- ★ LFV with LFC

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- General scenario with arbitrary number of heavy neutrinos: G-SS

- ★ η_{ee} , $\eta_{\mu\mu}$ and $\eta_{\tau\tau}$ independent
- ★ $|\eta_{\alpha\beta}| \leq \sqrt{\eta_{\alpha\alpha}\eta_{\beta\beta}}$
- ★ LFV decoupled from LFC

Results: 2 heavy neutrino case

Stringent bounds $\sim 10^{-5} - 10^{-4}$

2N-SS	Normal Ordering		Inverted Ordering	
	68%CL	95%CL	68%CL	95%CL
$\eta_{ee} = \frac{ \theta_e ^2}{2}$	$6.4 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$9.4 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$[0.98, 4.4] \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$\eta_{\mu\mu} = \frac{ \theta_\mu ^2}{2}$	$6.9 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$[0.20, 1.0] \cdot 10^{-6}$	$3.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$\eta_{\tau\tau} = \frac{ \theta_\tau ^2}{2}$	$8.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$[0.94, 2.8] \cdot 10^{-5}$	$4.5 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$\text{Tr}[\eta] = \frac{ \theta ^2}{2}$	$1.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$2.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$[1.1, 4.8] \cdot 10^{-4}$	$6.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$ \eta_{e\mu} = \frac{ \theta_e \theta_\mu^* }{2}$	$8.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$[0.37, 1.0] \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$ \eta_{e\tau} = \frac{ \theta_e \theta_\tau^* }{2}$	$1.5 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$[0.25, 1.2] \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$ \eta_{\mu\tau} = \frac{ \theta_\mu \theta_\tau^* }{2}$	$7.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$[0.38, 3.0] \cdot 10^{-6}$	$3.5 \cdot 10^{-5}$

Restrictive flavor structure + cLFV: tight constraints

Results: 3 heavy neutrino case

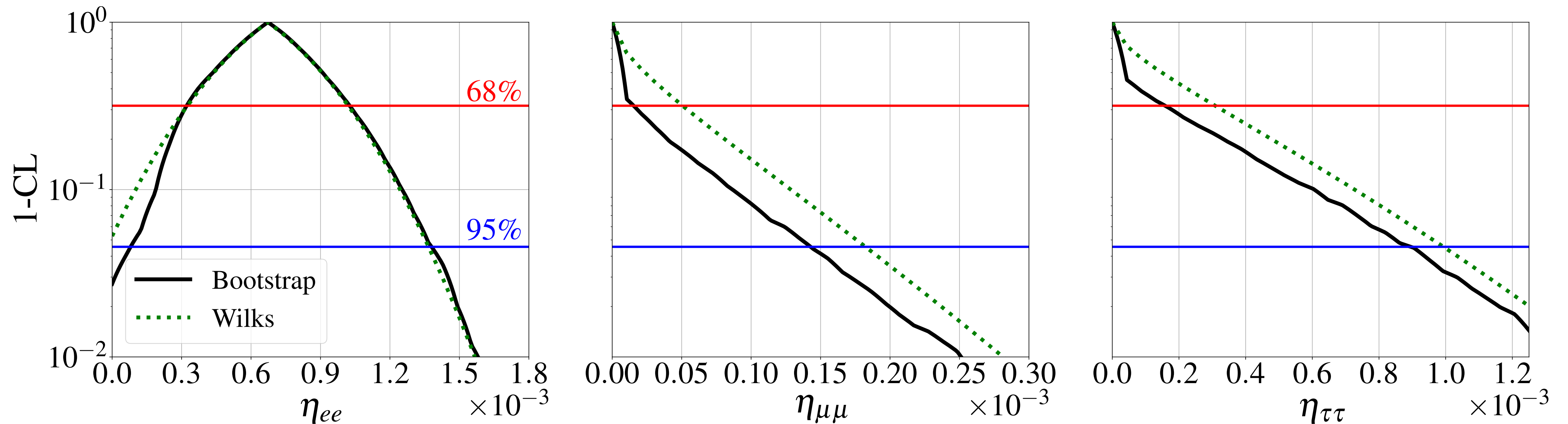
- ~ 10^{-3} bounds on $\eta_{ee}, \eta_{\tau\tau}$ and ~ 10^{-5} bound on $\eta_{\mu\mu}$

3N-SS	Normal Ordering		Inverted Ordering	
	68%CL	95%CL	68%CL	95%CL
$\eta_{ee} = \frac{ \theta_e ^2}{2}$	$[0.28, 0.99] \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$[0.31, 1.0] \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$\eta_{\mu\mu} = \frac{ \theta_\mu ^2}{2}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.1 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$\eta_{\tau\tau} = \frac{ \theta_\tau ^2}{2}$	$[0.3, 3.9] \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$8.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$\text{Tr}[\eta] = \frac{ \theta ^2}{2}$	$[0.35, 1.3] \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.9 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$[0.33, 1.0] \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$ \eta_{e\mu} = \frac{ \theta_e \theta_\mu^* }{2}$	$8.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$8.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$ \eta_{e\tau} = \frac{ \theta_e \theta_\tau^* }{2}$	$[1.3, 5.1] \cdot 10^{-4}$	$9.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$3.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$8.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$ \eta_{\mu\tau} = \frac{ \theta_\mu \theta_\tau^* }{2}$	$5.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$5.7 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$1.8 \cdot 10^{-5}$

- More flexible flavor structure
- cLFV in $\mu - e$ sector strongly constrains $\eta_{\mu\mu}$

Results: arbitrary number of heavies

- ~ 10^{-3} bounds on $\eta_{ee}, \eta_{\tau\tau}$ and ~ 10^{-4} bound on $\eta_{\mu\mu}$



- Physical boundary $\eta_{\alpha\alpha} \geq 0$ induces deviations from Wilks' theorem

Conclusions

- ⦿ Precision bounds on heavy neutrinos start dominating above M_W
- ⦿ First global bounds on 2 neutrino case
- ⦿ Bounds substantially change between setups (2N-SS, 3N-SS, G-SS)
- ⦿ Quantified deviations from Wilks' theorem

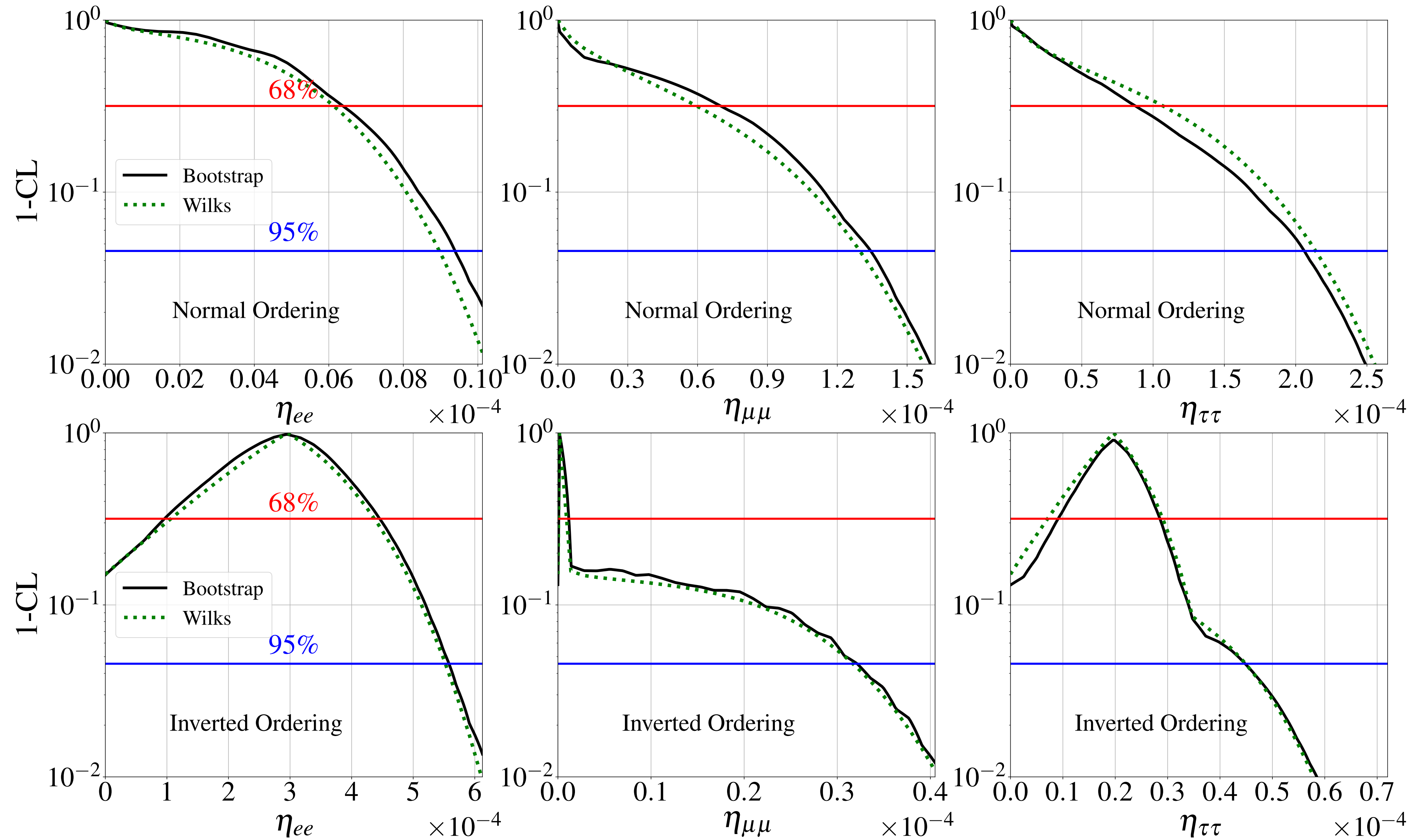
Thanks for your attention!

Backup

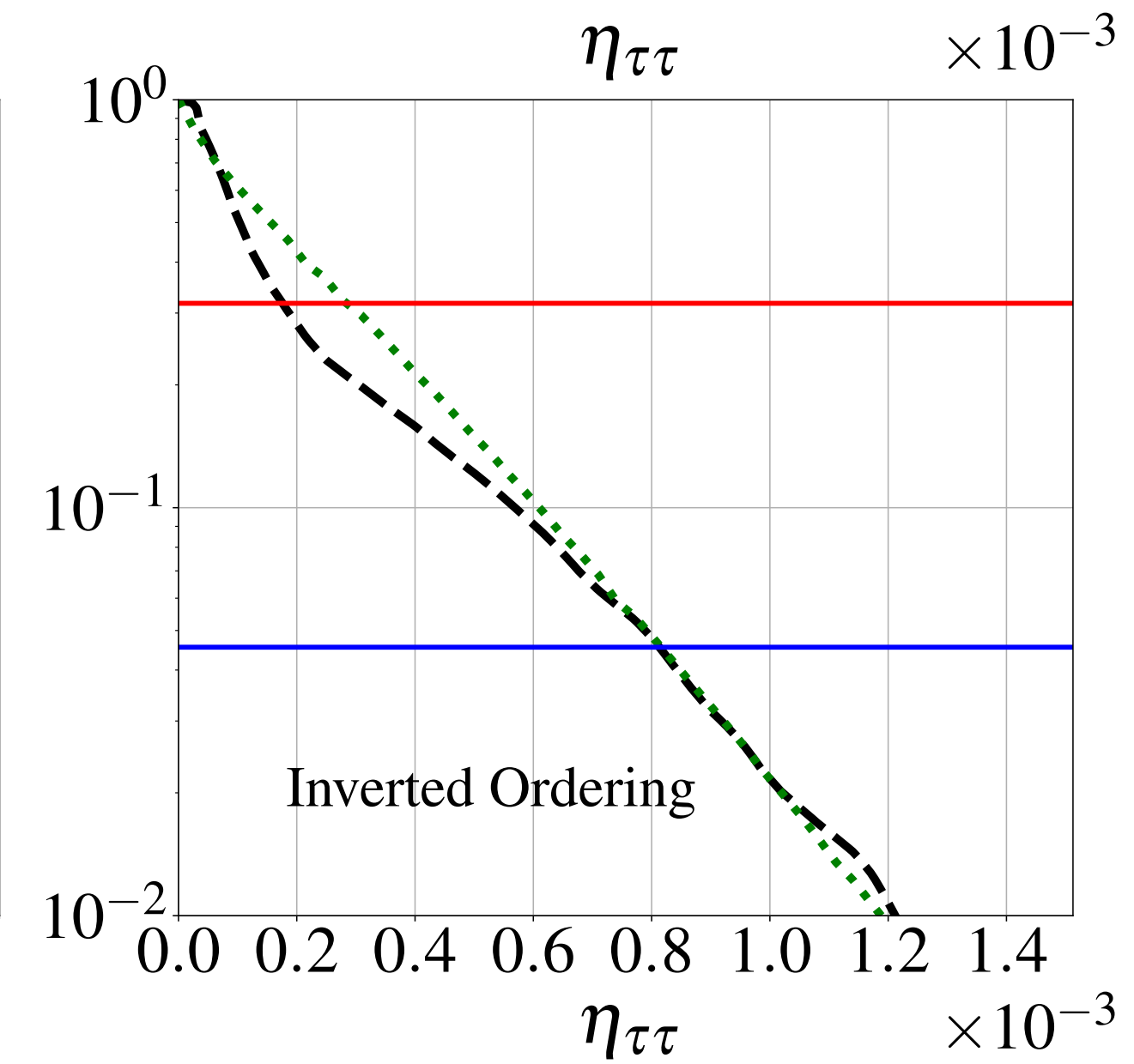
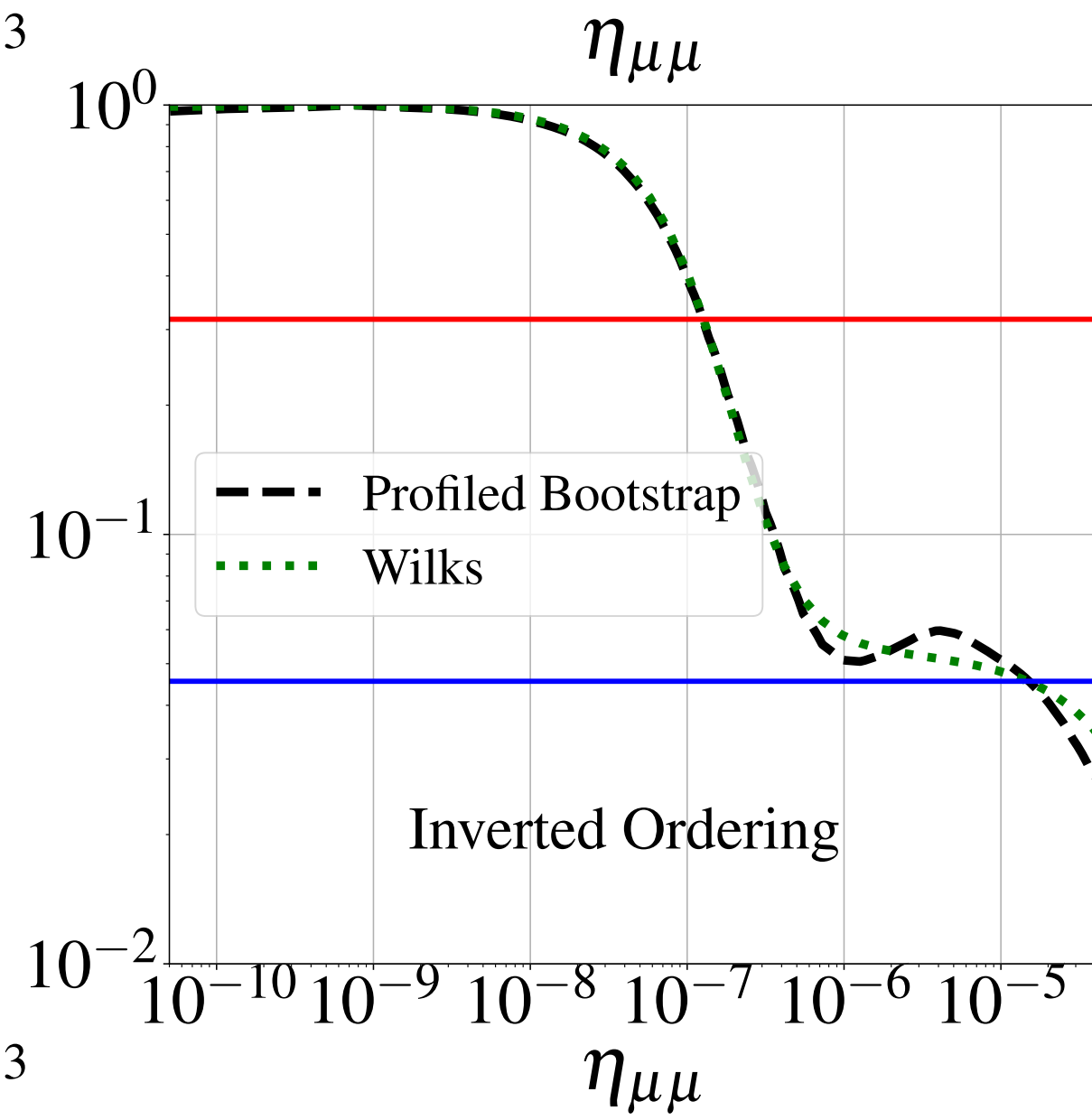
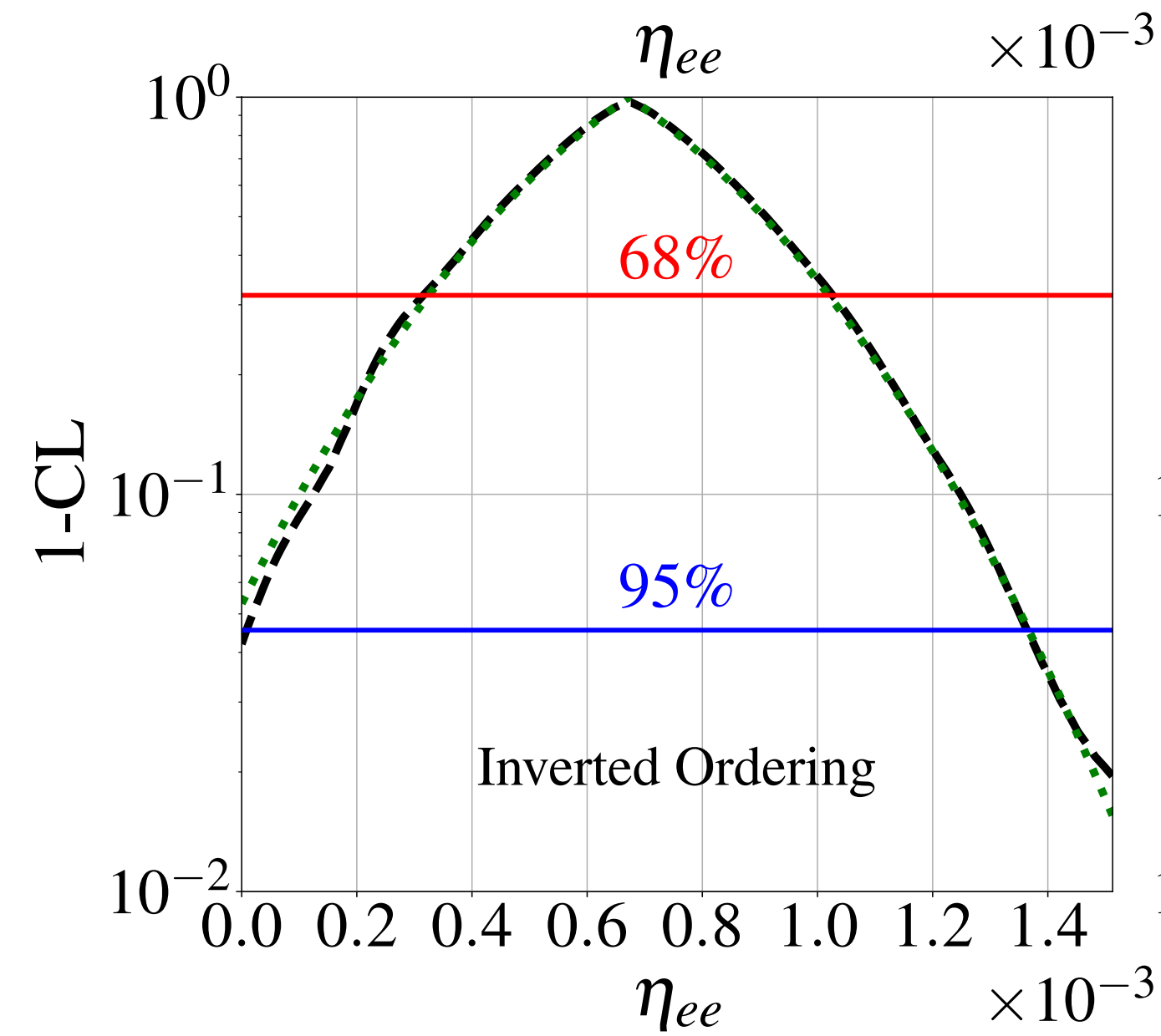
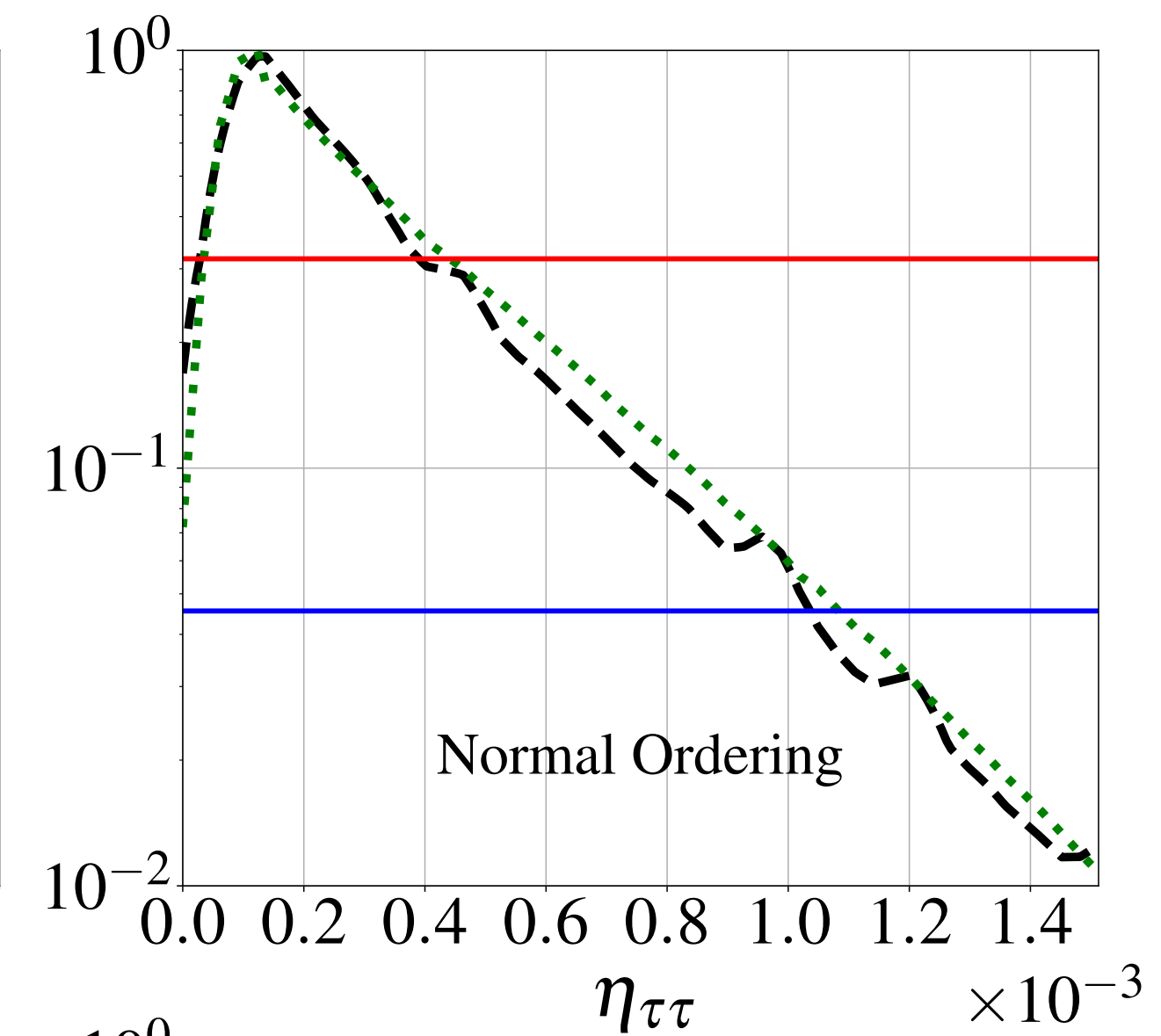
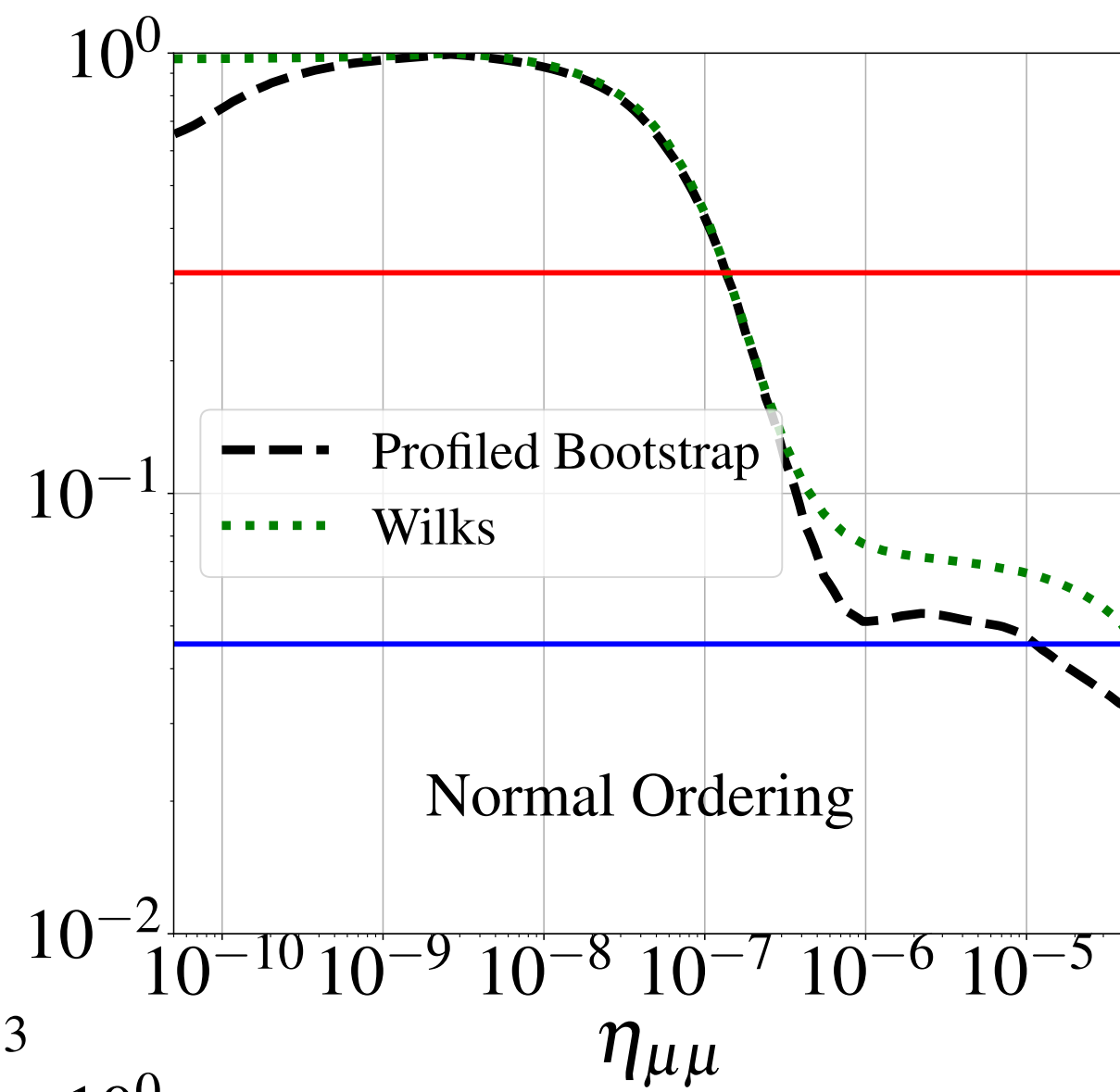
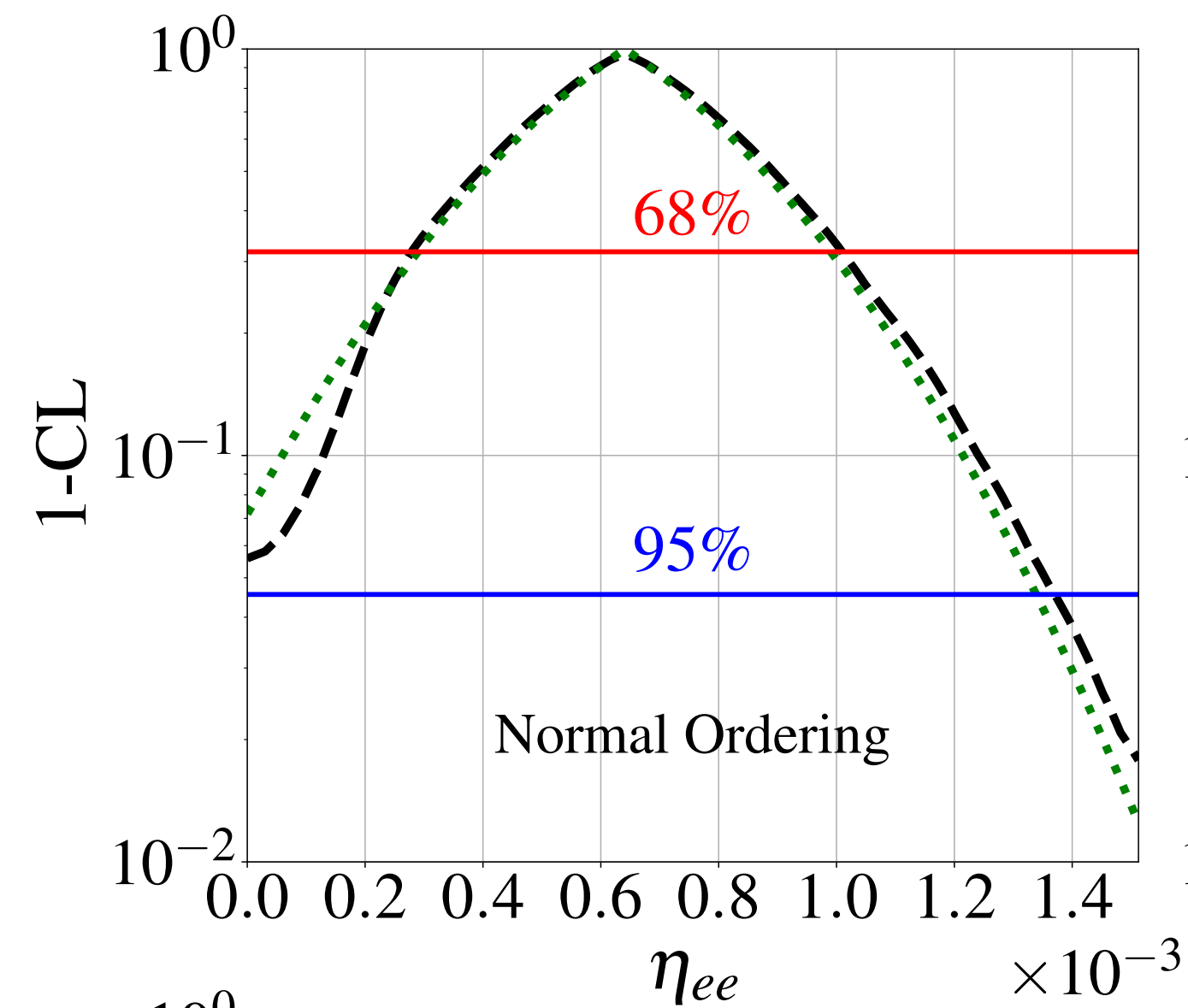
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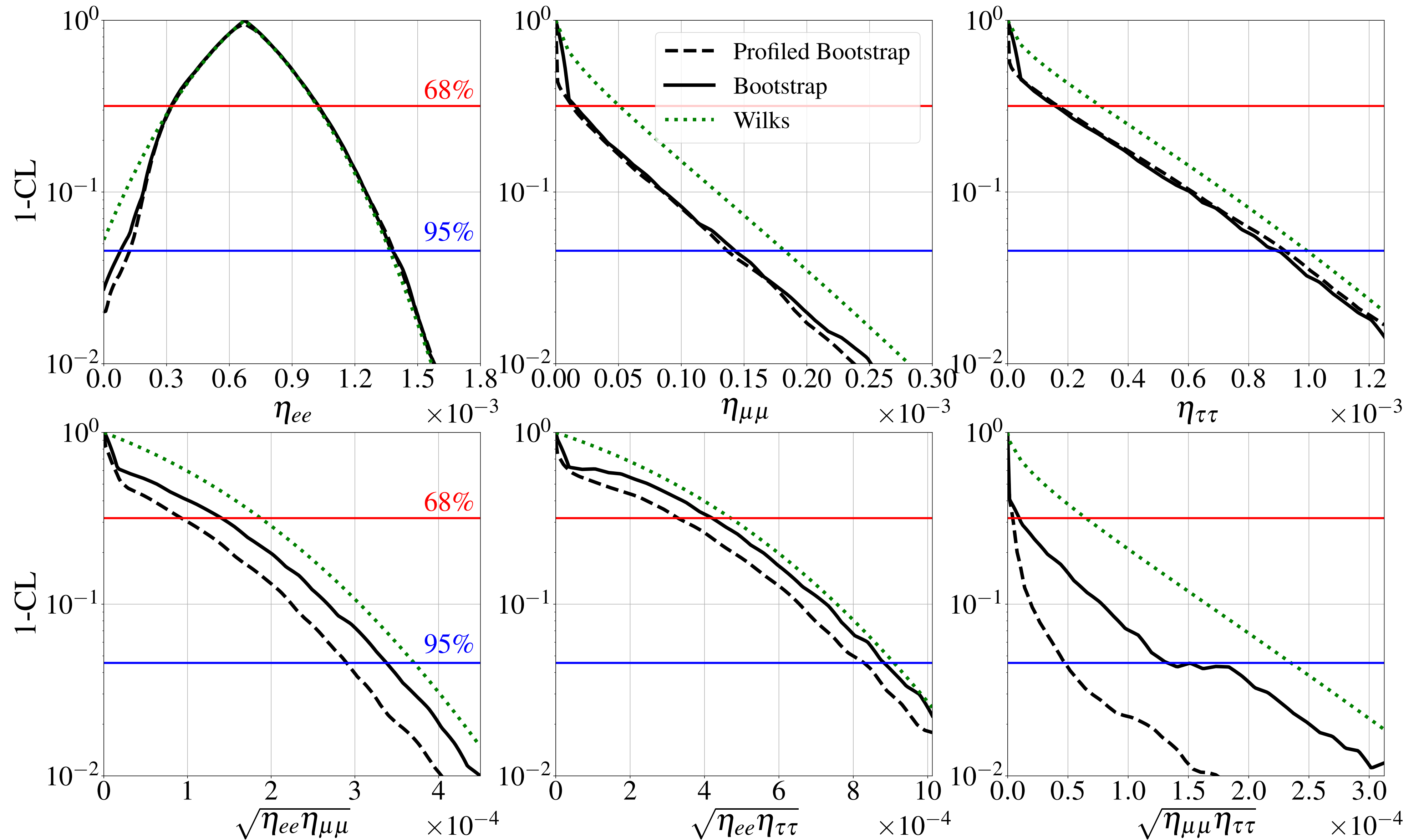
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