

Probe Combination for Cosmic Microwave Background and Large Scale Structure Observations



Carlo Baccigalupi
Conference on Exploring the Dark Side
of the Universe, 2024



Outline

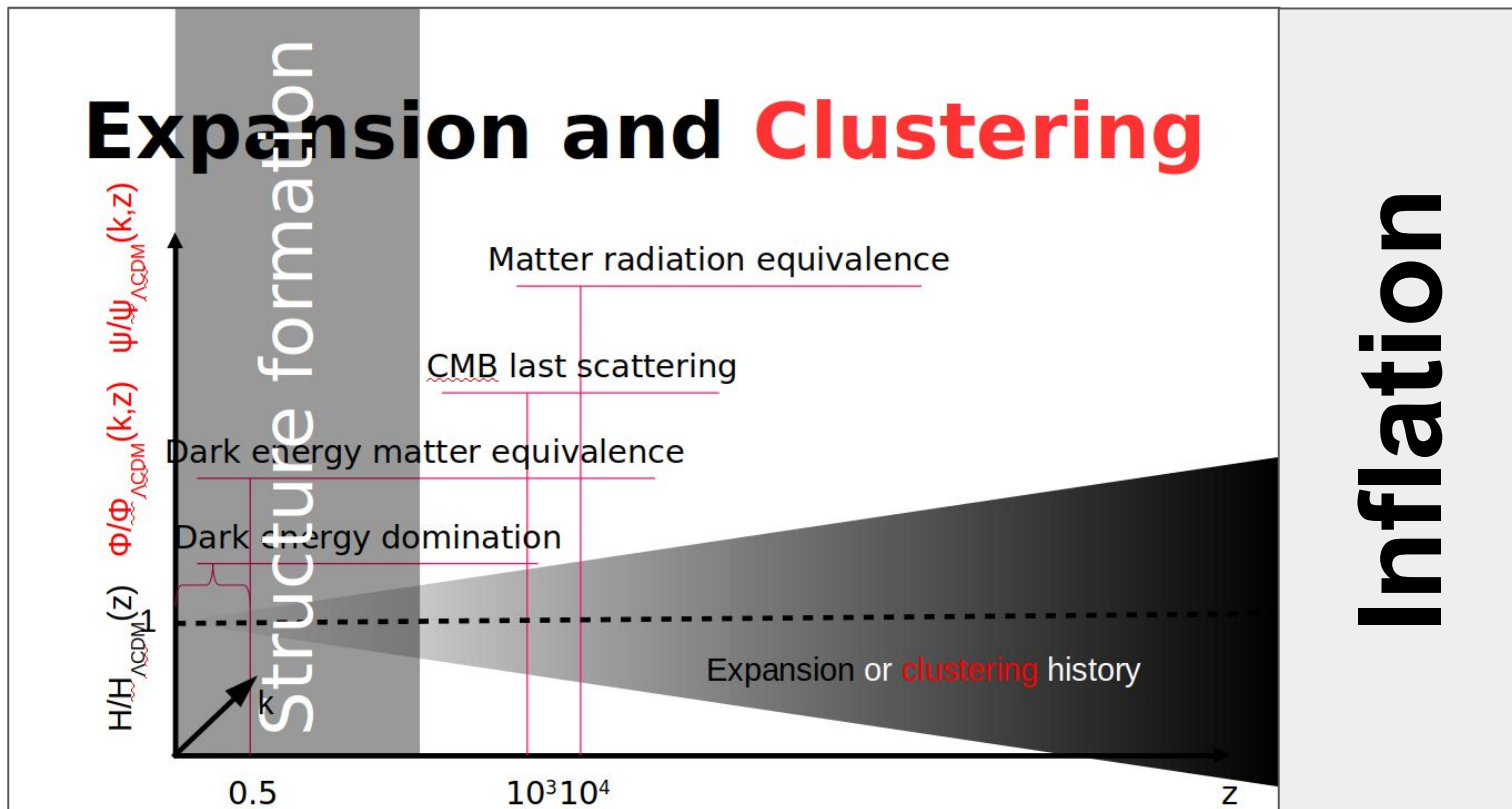
- **(Some) Fundamental Physics in the Cosmological Light Cone**
- **Probe Combination**
- **Operating and Future Probes**
- **Remarks**

Outline

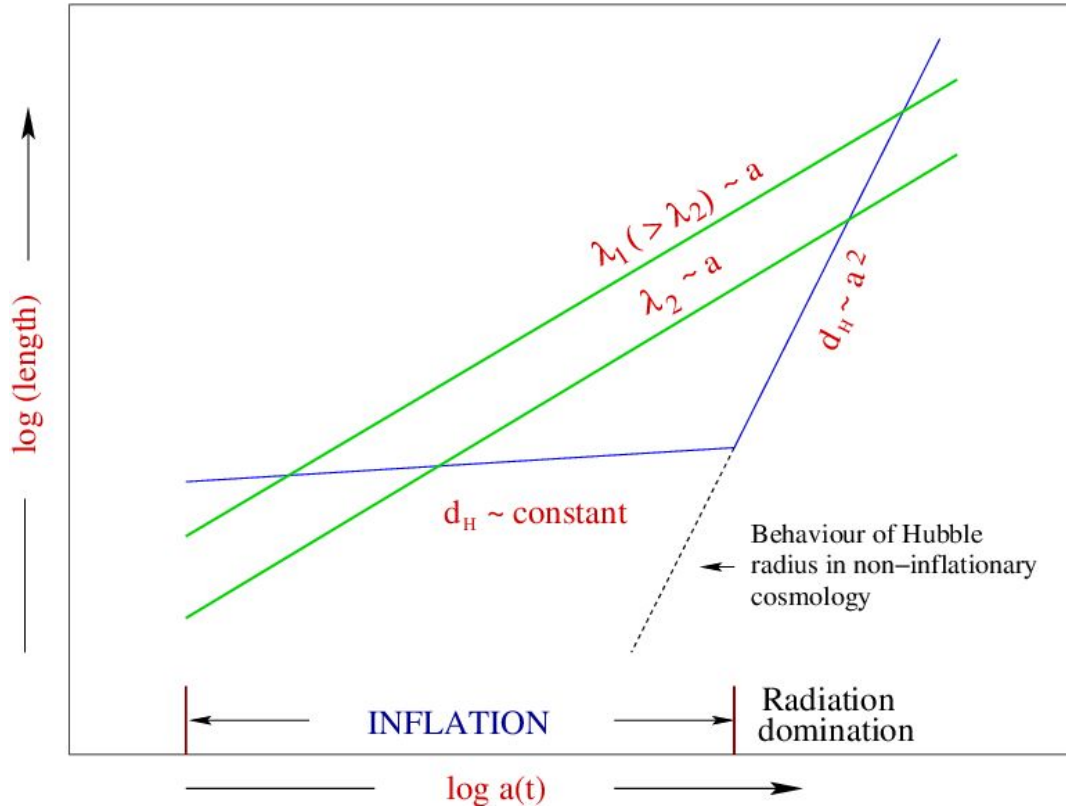
- **(Some) Fundamental Physics in the Cosmological Light Cone**
- **Probe Combination**
 - Early Cross-Correlations
 - Present Combinations
- **Operating and Future Probes**
 - Simons Observatory & Euclid
 - Euclid CMBXC WG Simulations & Analyses
 - CMB-S4 x LiteBIRD
- **Remarks**

(Some) Fundamental Physics in the Cosmological Light Cone

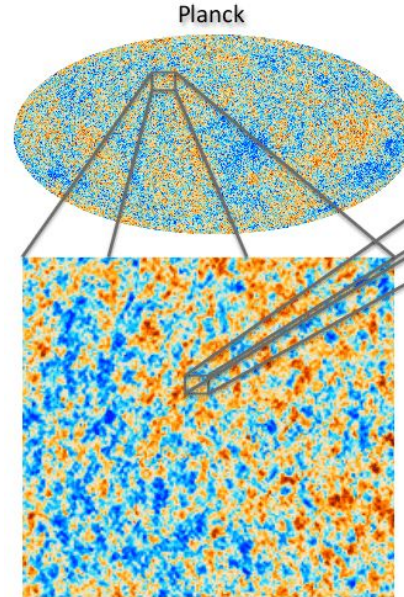
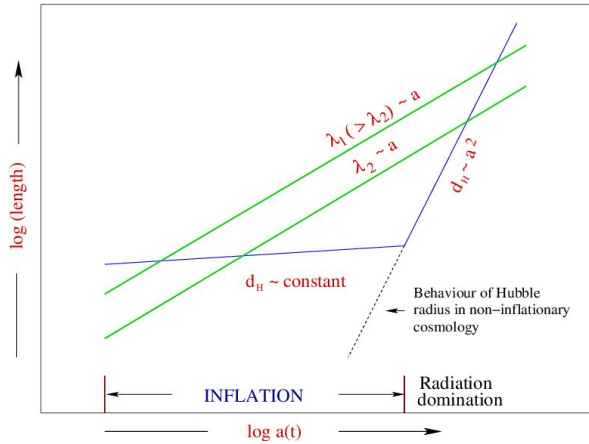
Expansion & Clustering



Inflationary Perturbations

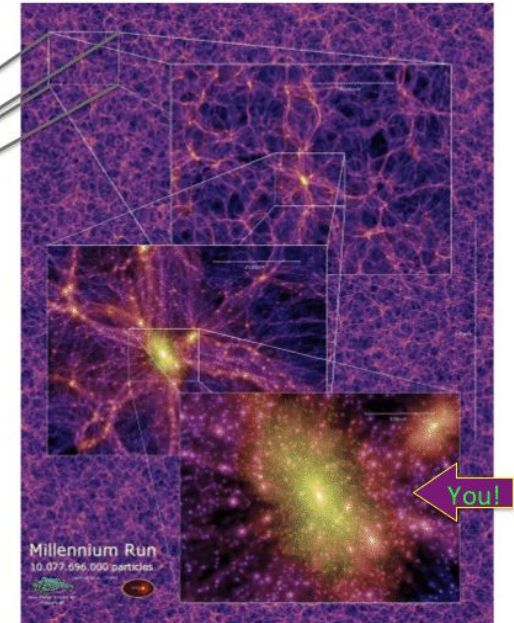


Inflationary Perturbations

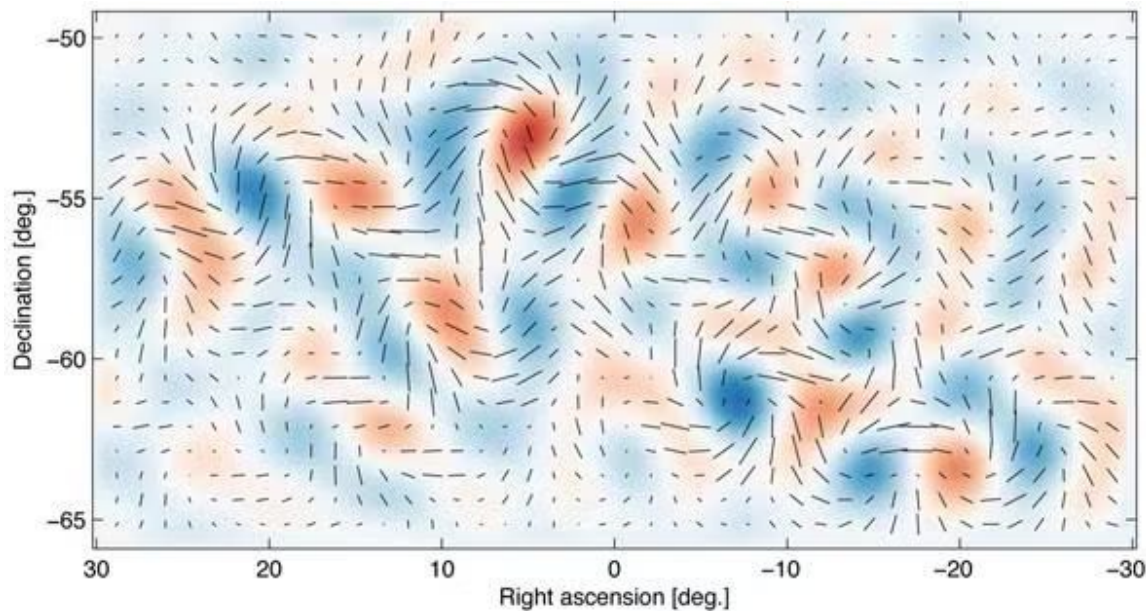
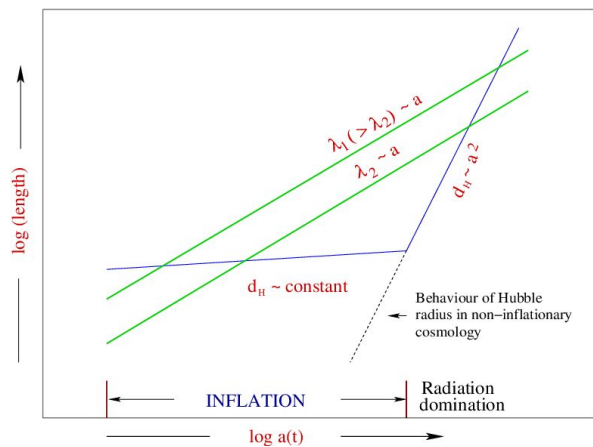


Primordial quantum perturbations as seen in the Cosmic Microwave Background

Dark matter distribution today (simulated)

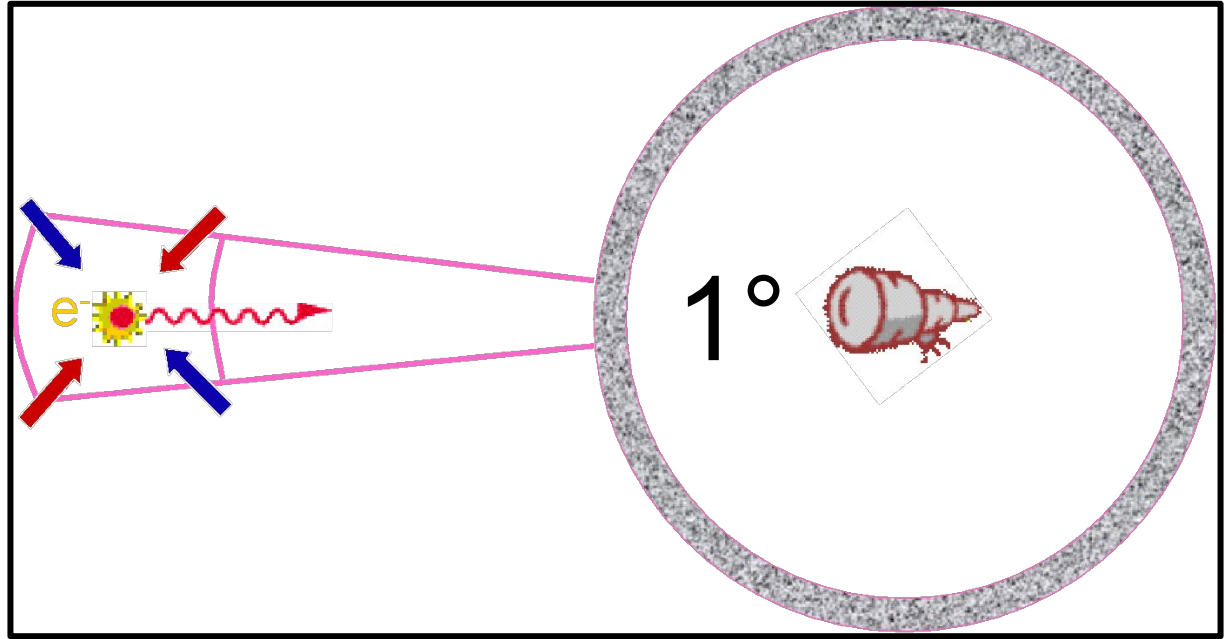


Inflationary Perturbations



B-Modes from Cosmological Gravitational Waves

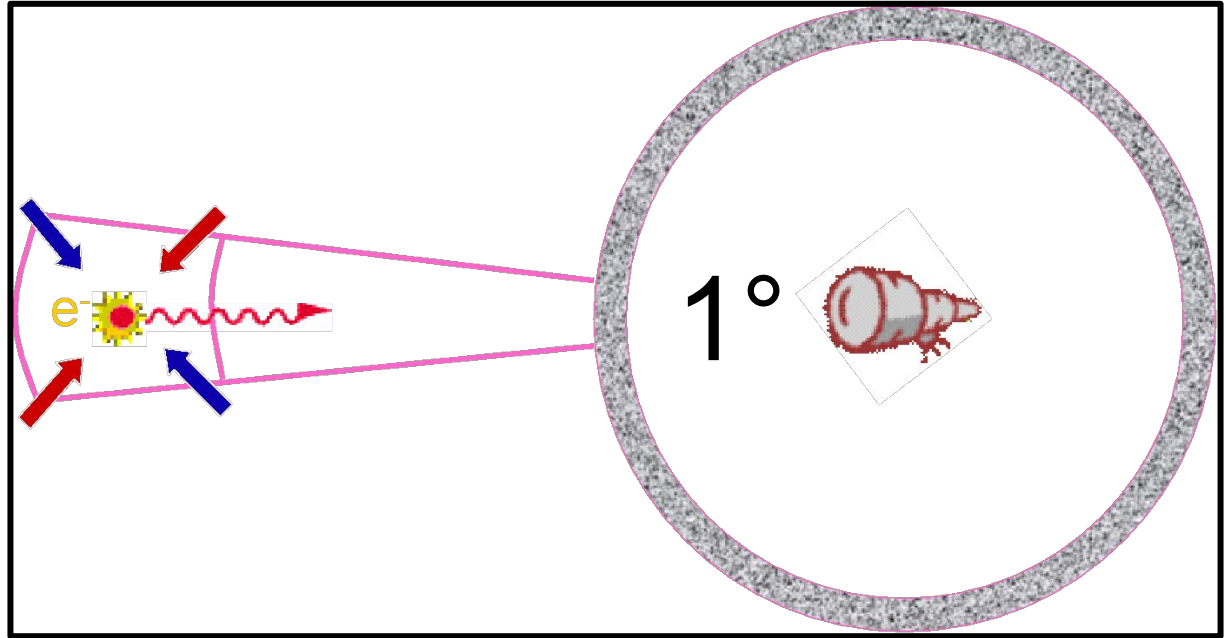
Gravitational waves not supported by sources, diffuse out rapidly below the Horizon scale, about 1 degree in the sky



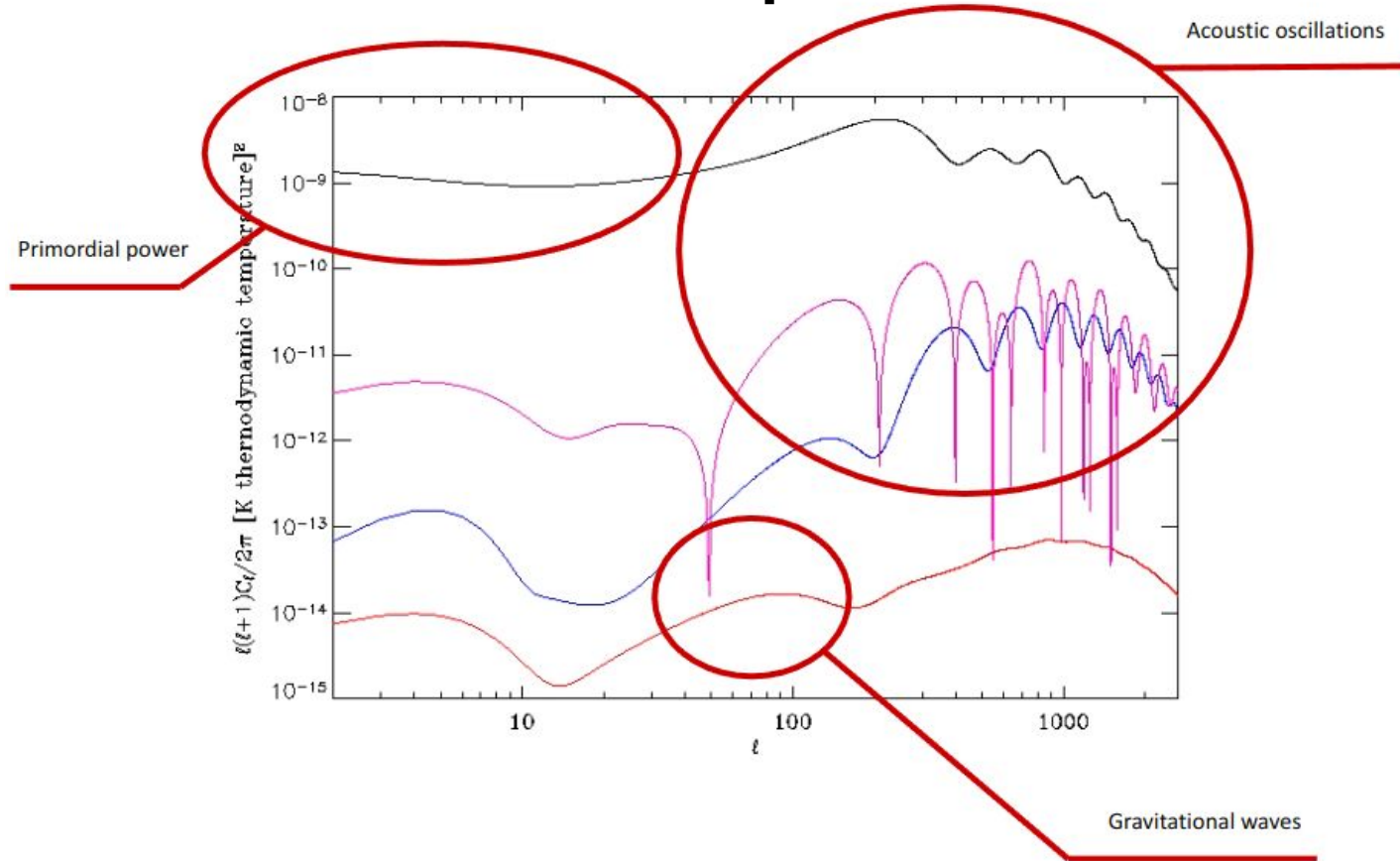
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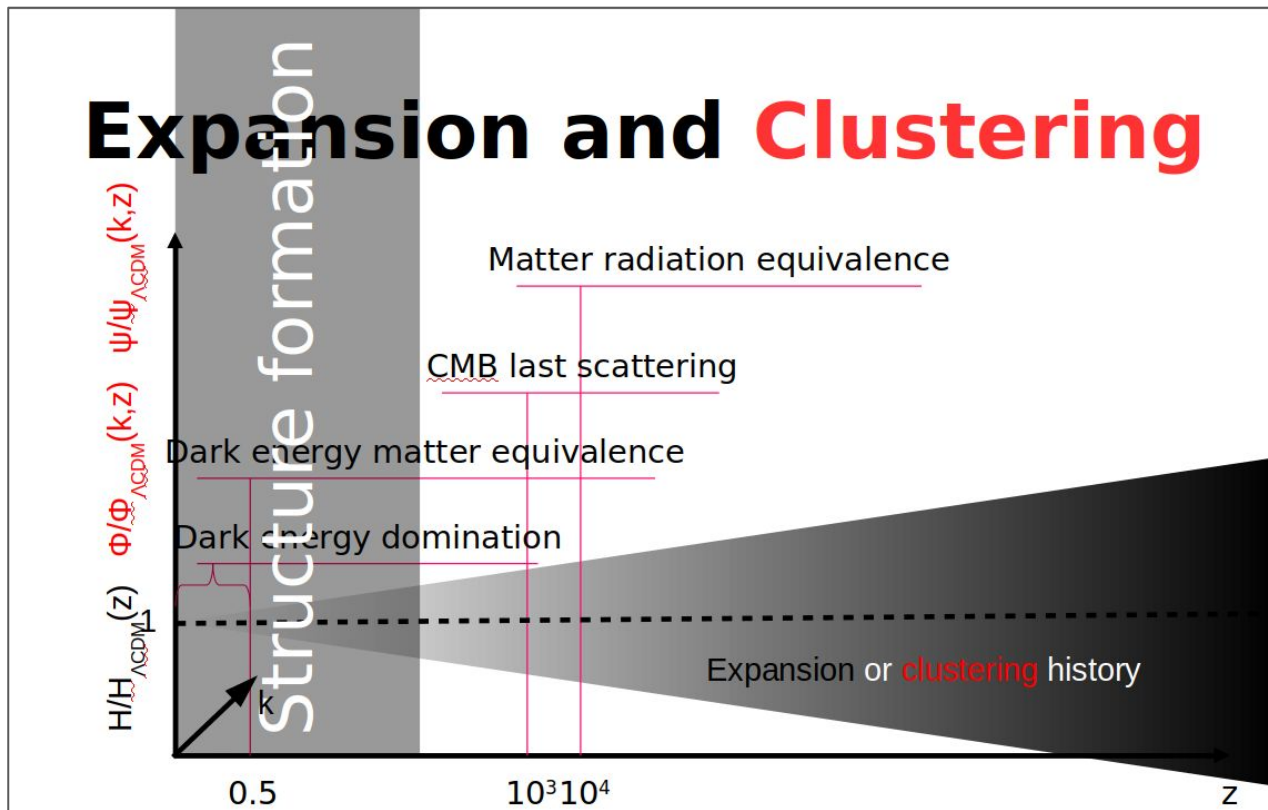
Decoupling time lasts for about 10 Mpc, no time for longer wavelengths to contribute



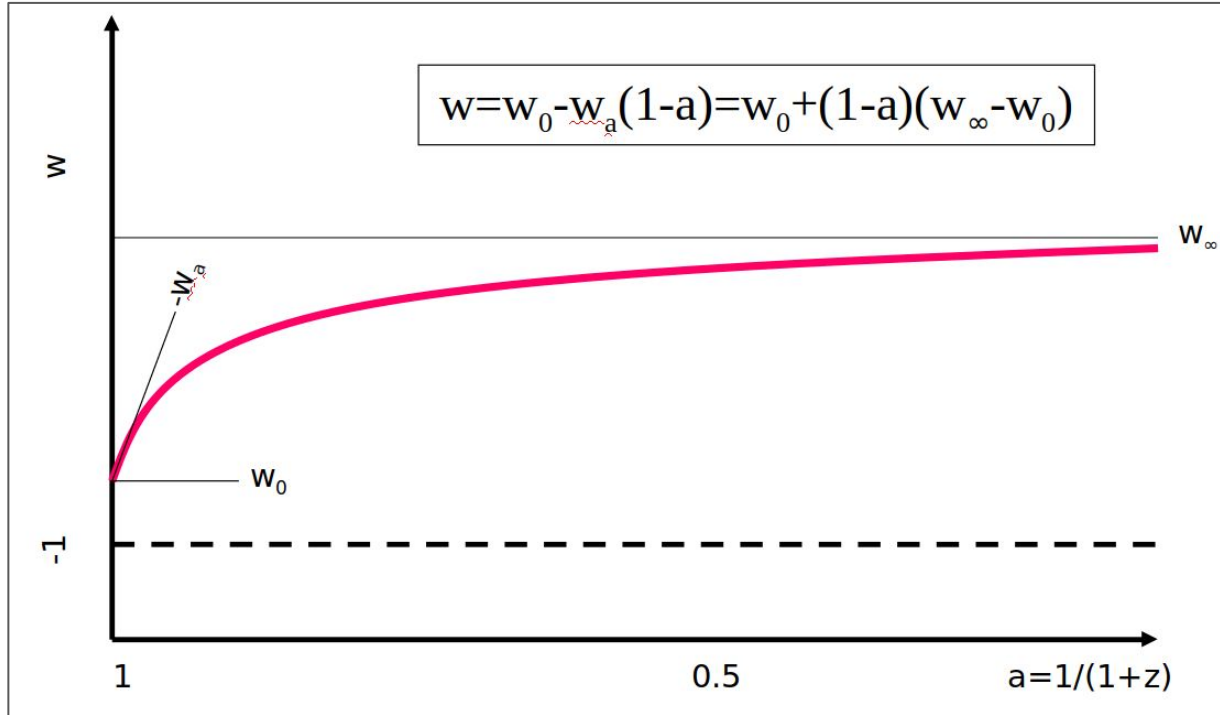
Gravitational Waves & CMB Spectra



Expansion & Clustering



Dark Energy & Modified Gravity



Modified Gravity

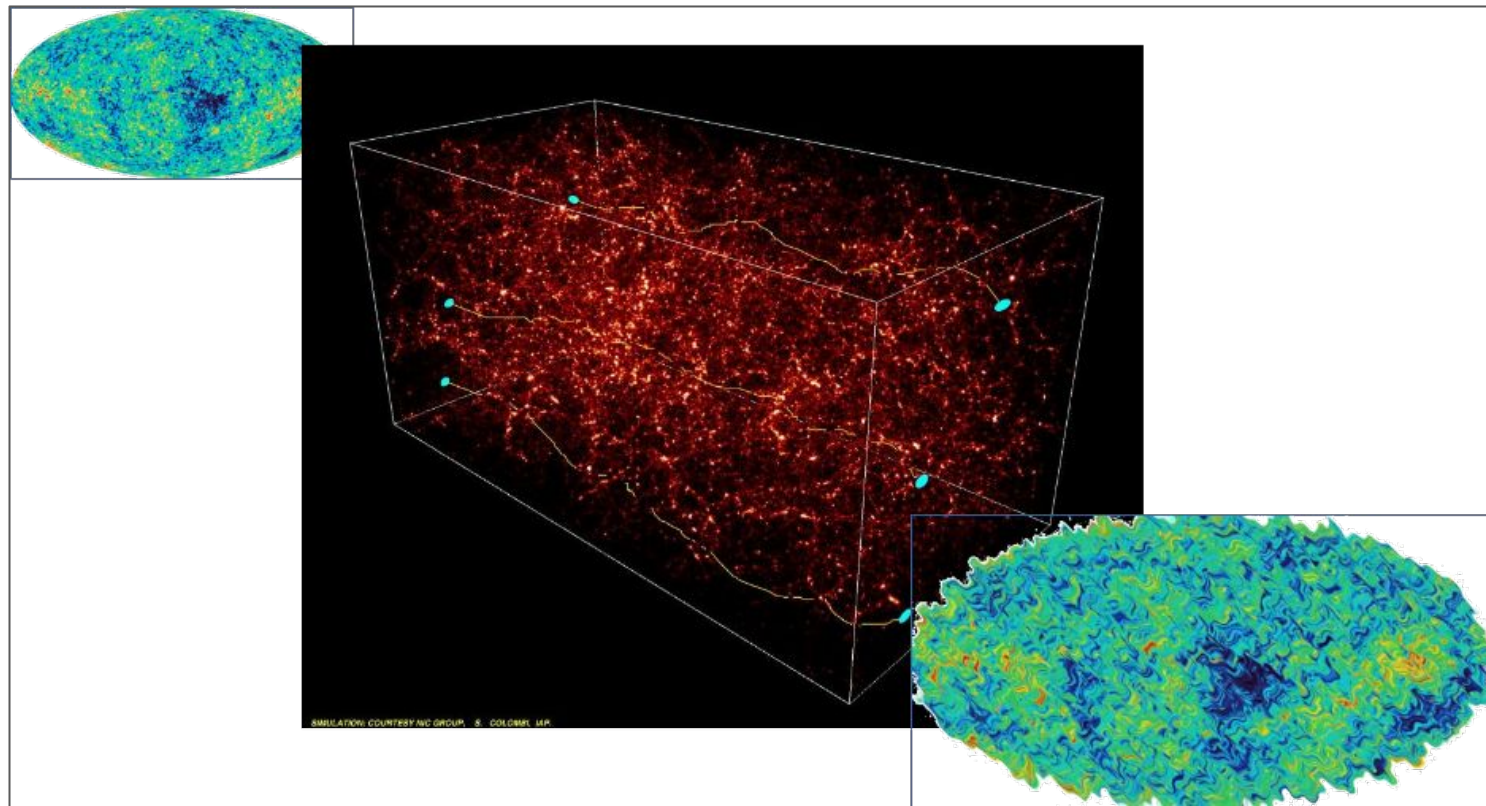
$$\eta(a, k) \equiv \Phi/\Psi.$$

$$-k^2 \Phi \equiv 4\pi G a^2 \mu(a, k) \rho \Delta$$

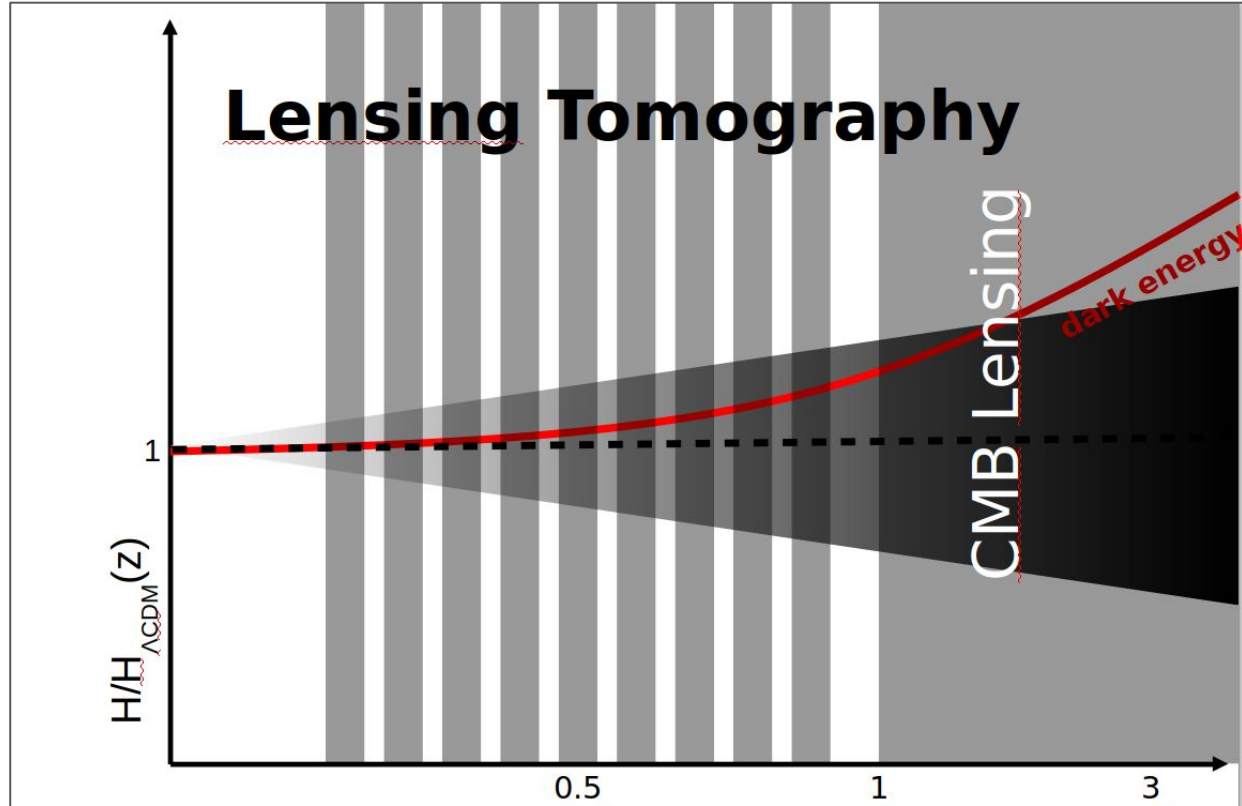
$$-k^2 \Psi \equiv 4\pi G a^2 \eta(a, k) \rho \Delta$$

$$-k^2 (\Phi + \Psi) \equiv 8\pi G a^2 \Sigma(a, k) \rho \Pi$$

Gravitational Lensing

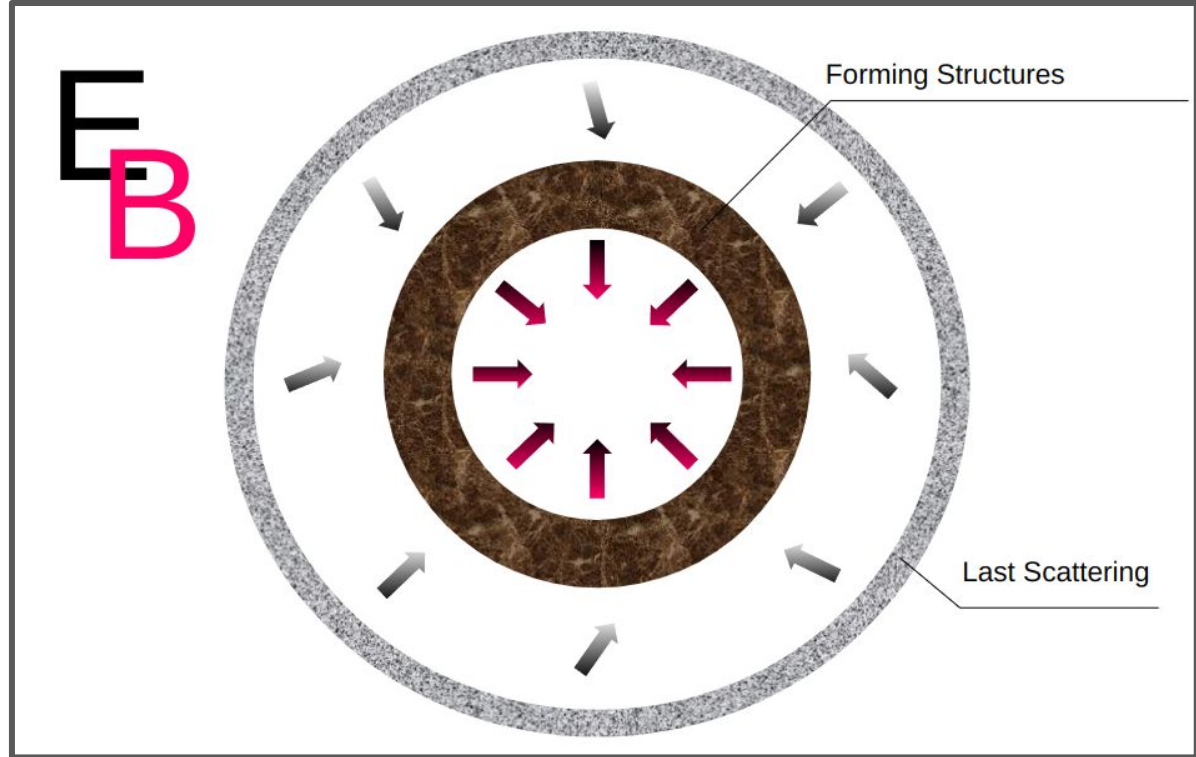


Combination, Correlation & Tomography



CMB Lensing

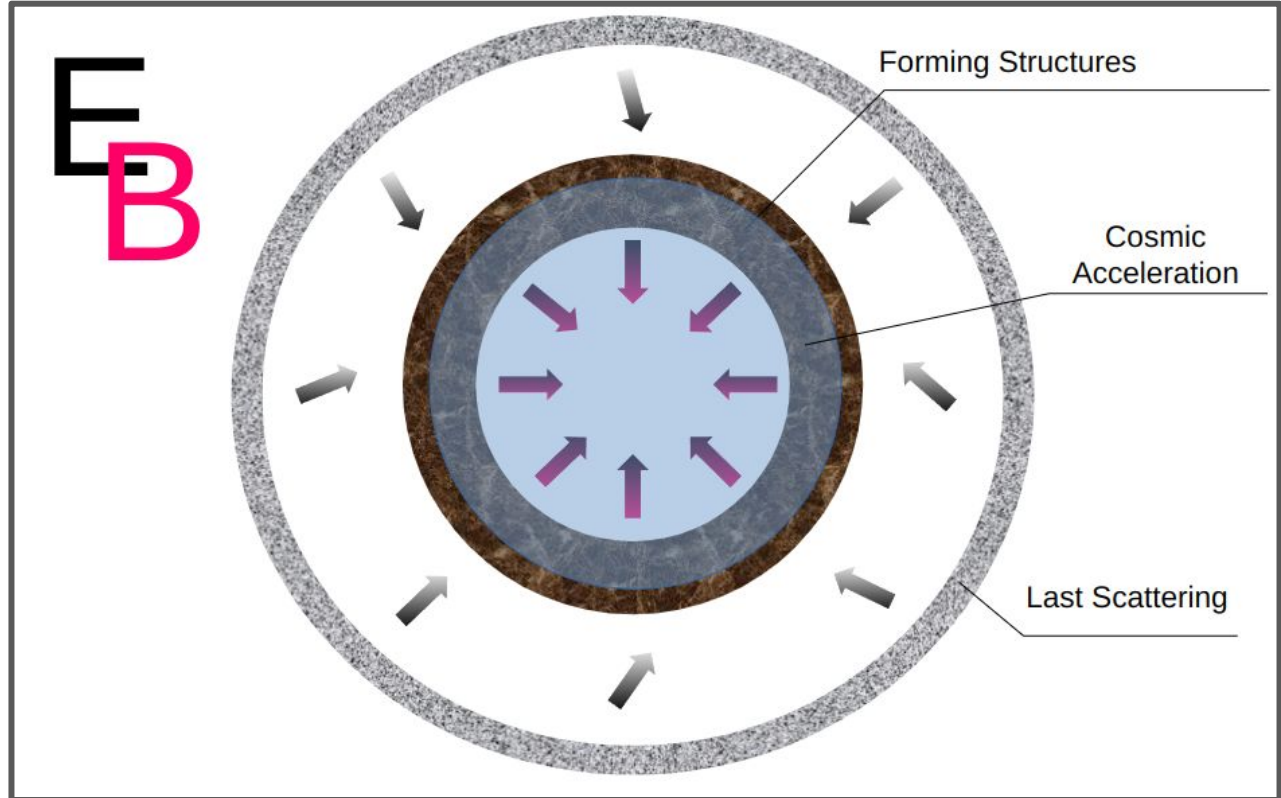
Forming Structures
act as Lenses, over a
large Redshift
Interval,
Peaking
between 1 and 3



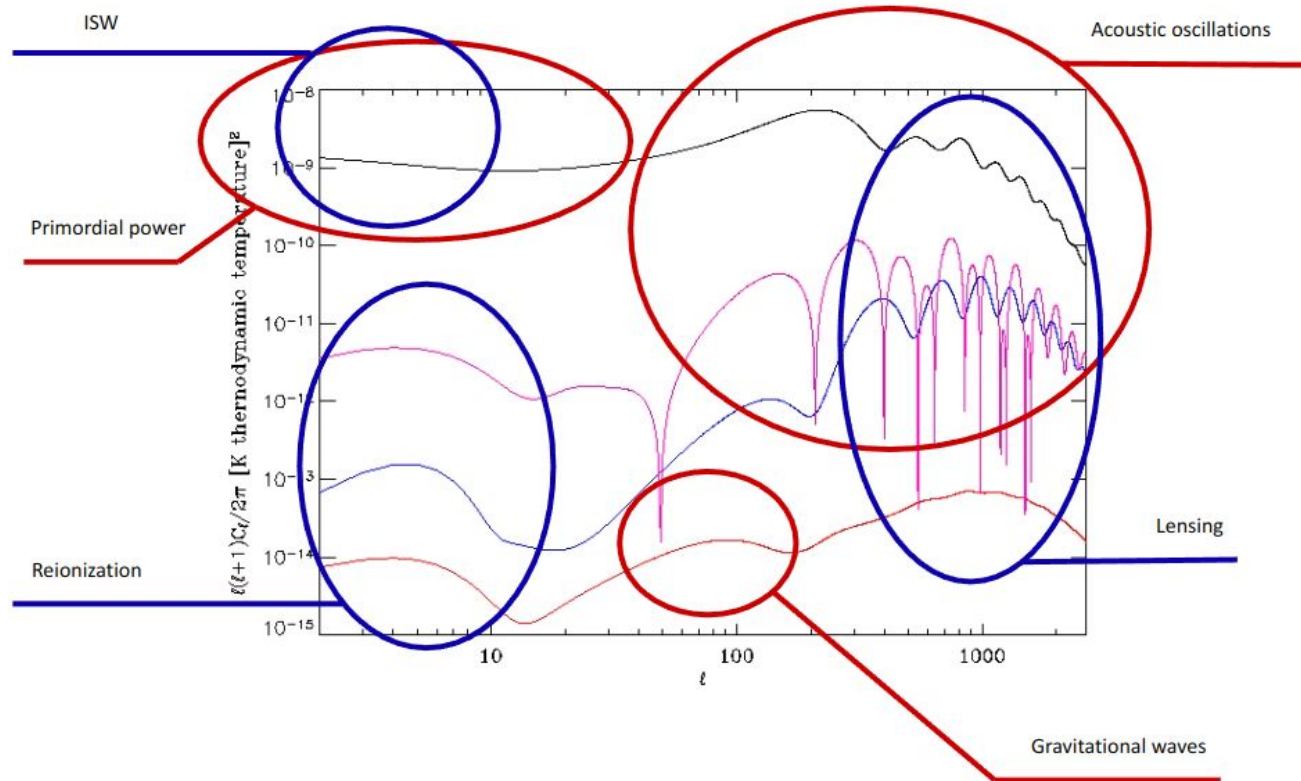
CMB Lensing

Forming Structures act as Lenses, over a large Redshift Interval, Peaking between 1 and 3

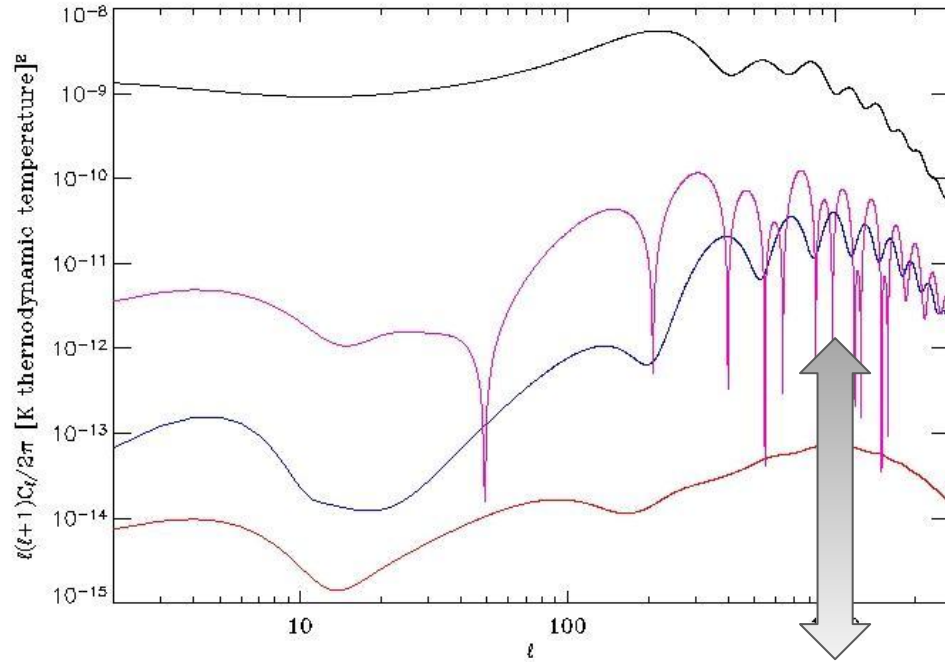
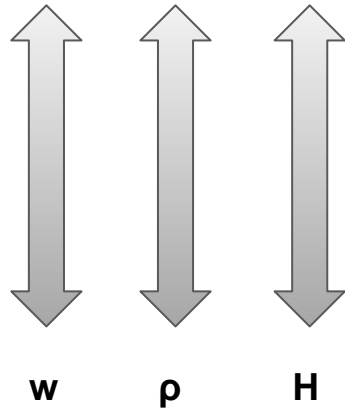
The CMB Lensing is a Probe for Dark Energy, by itself and in Cross-Correlation with LSS Probes



Powering CMB Angular Power Spectra



Dark Energy and CMB Lensing

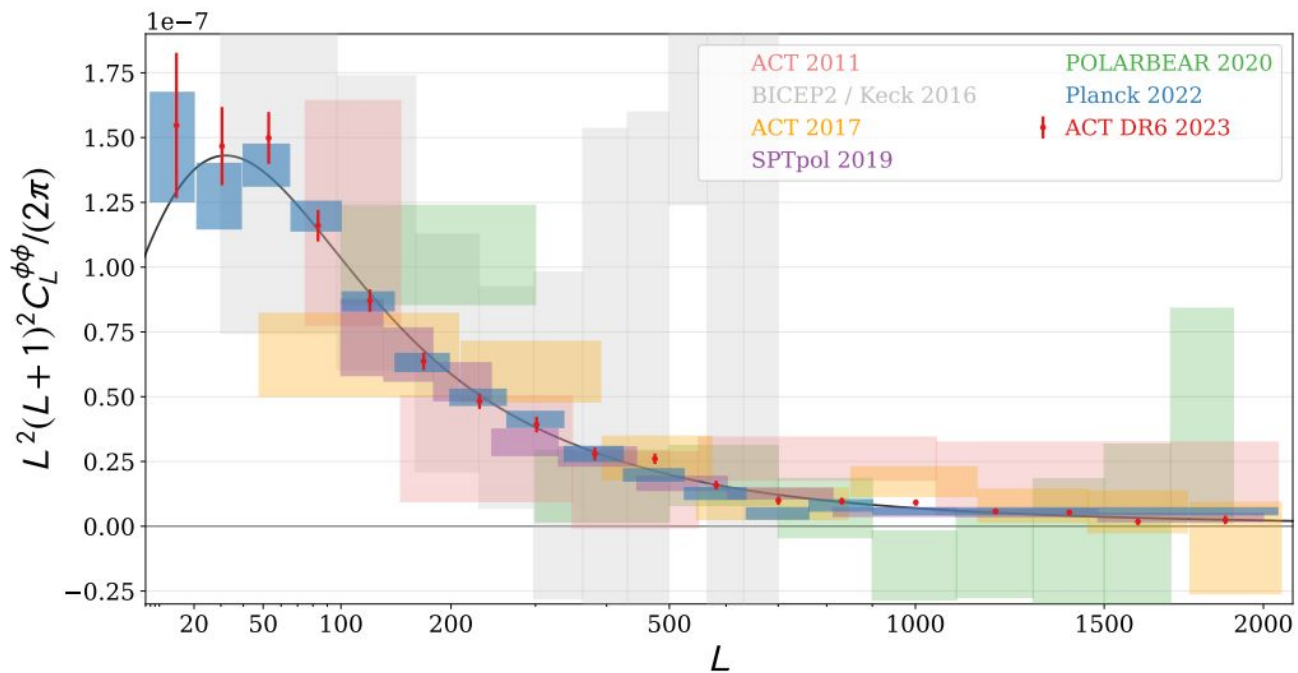


Angle $\approx 200/\ell$ degrees

Viviana Acquaviva & CB 2006

ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/link_gateway/2006PhRvD..74j3510A/arxiv:astro-ph/0507644

CMB Lensing Data

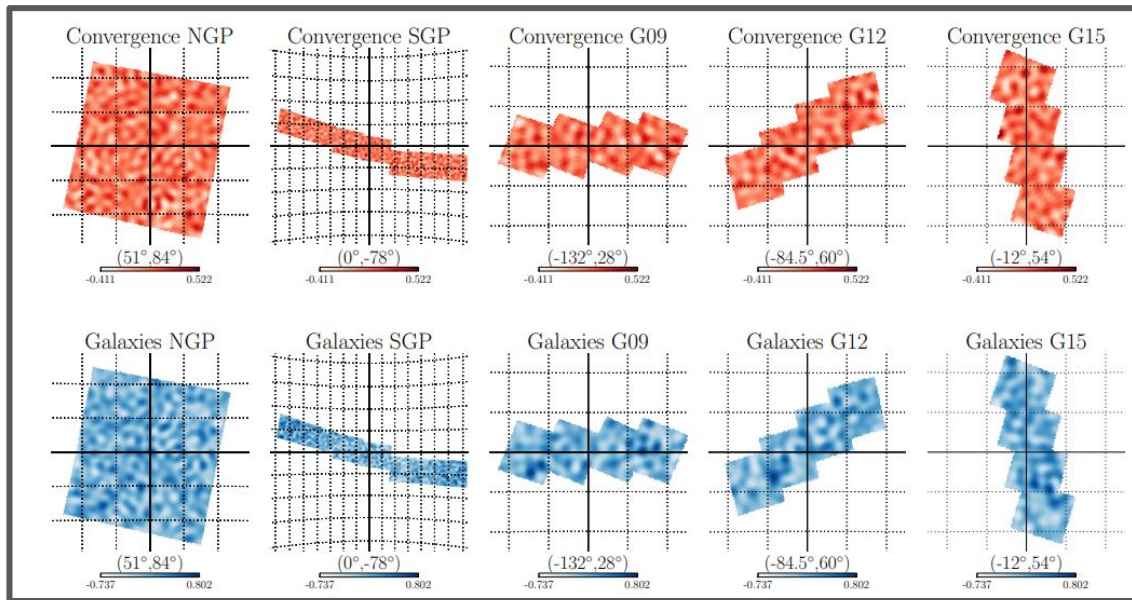


ACT Collaboration 2023

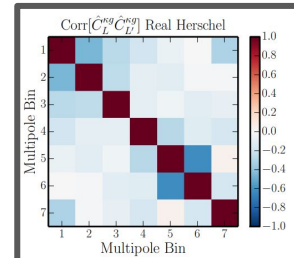
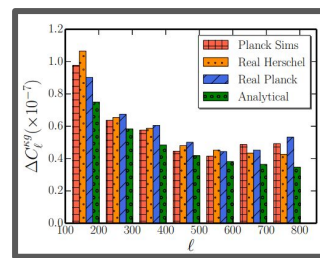
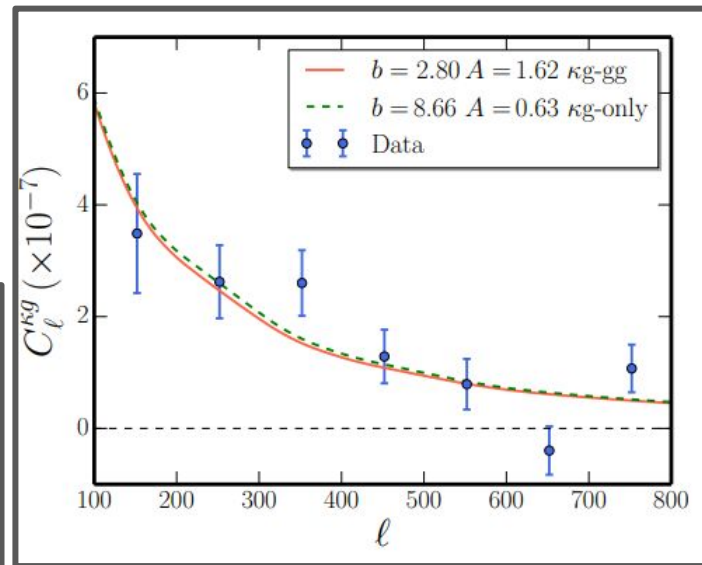
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Probe Combination

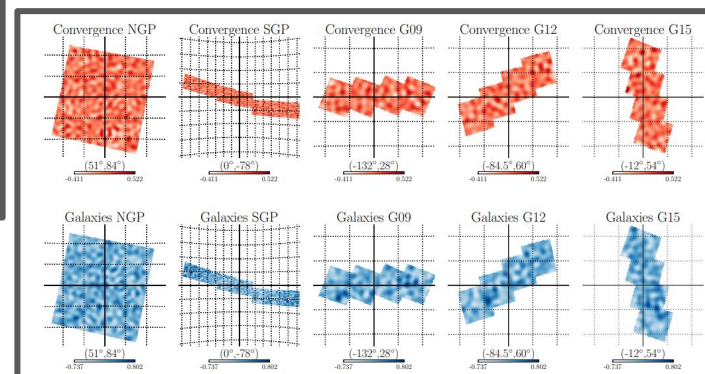
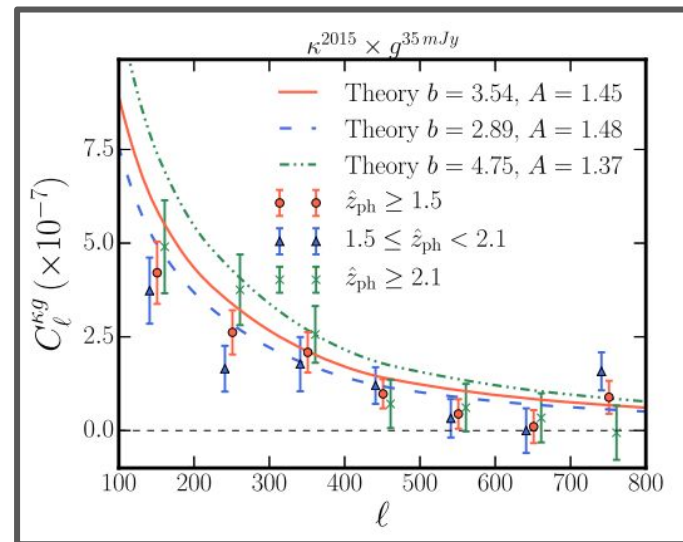
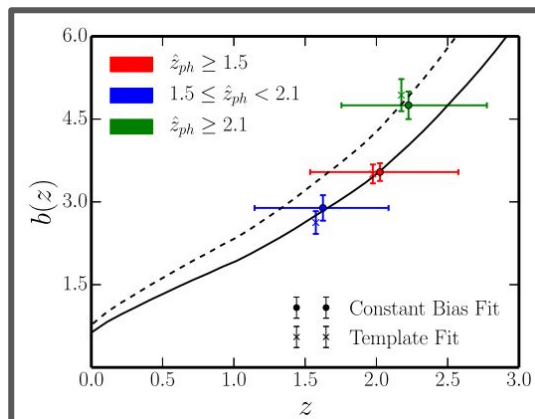
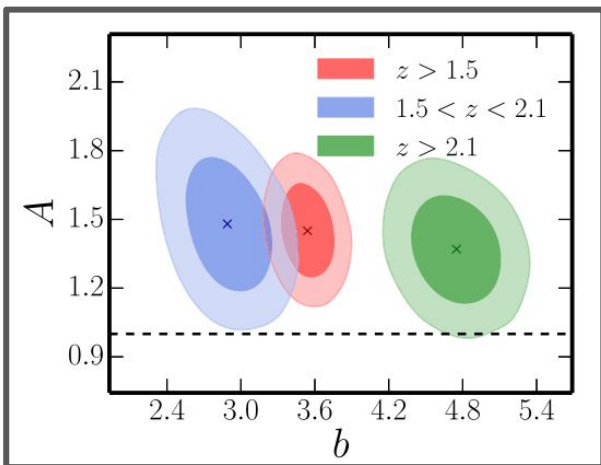
Galaxy Clustering & CMB Lensing



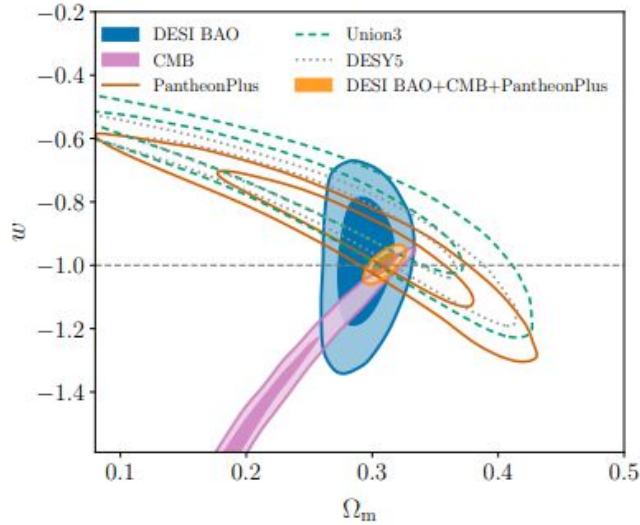
Herschel x Planck



Galaxy Clustering & CMB Lensing



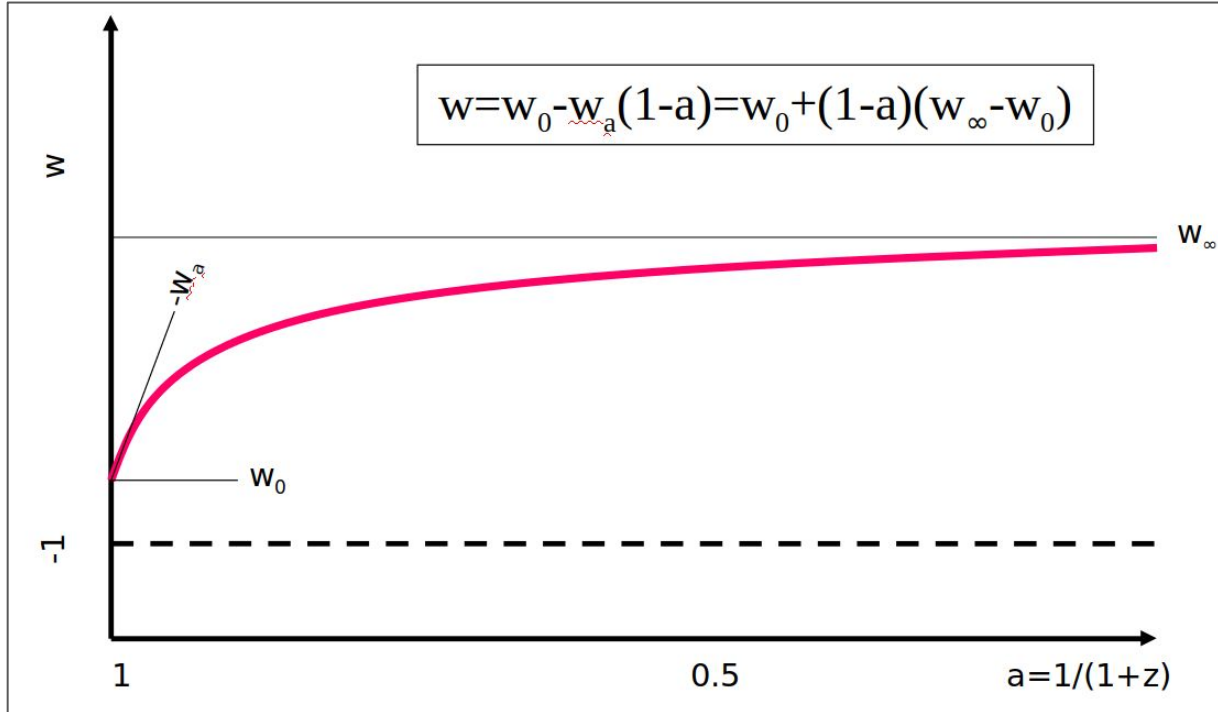
Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument



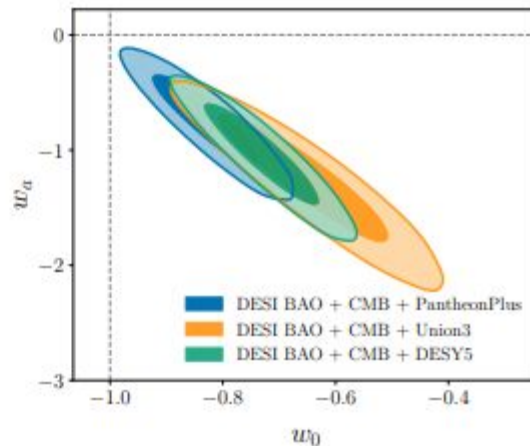
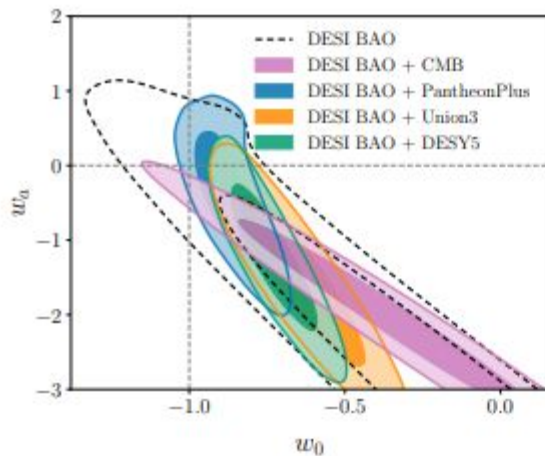
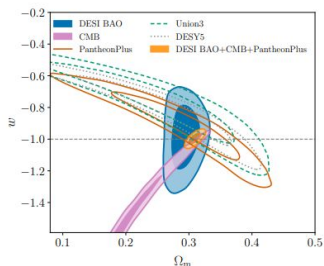
Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument 2024

<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2024arXiv240403002D/abstract>

Dark Energy Dynamics



Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument

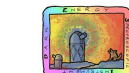
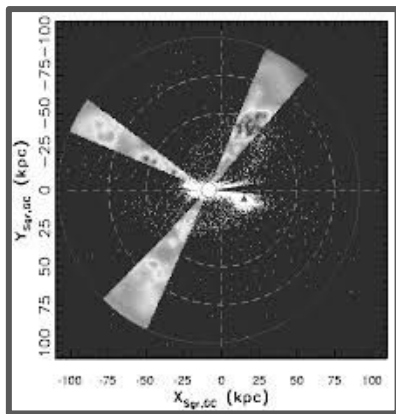
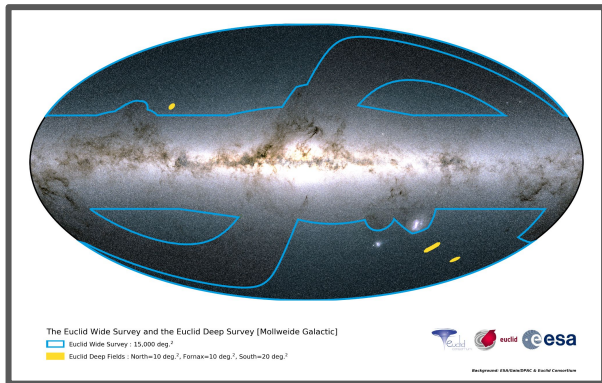


Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument 2024

<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2024arXiv240403002D/abstract>

Operating and Future Probes

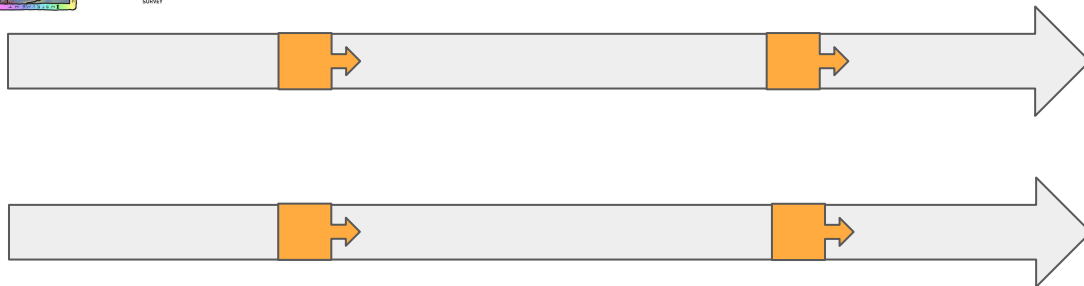
Roadmap



LSST
Large Synoptic Survey Telescope

2024

2030+



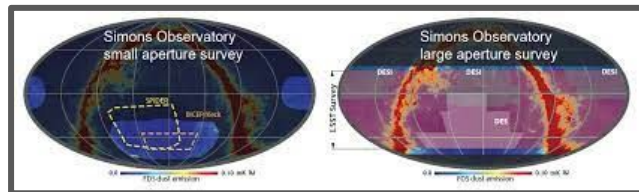
Atacama
Cosmology
Telescope



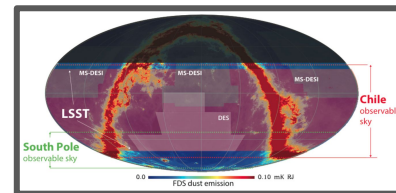
Simons
Observatory



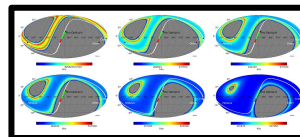
LiteBIRD



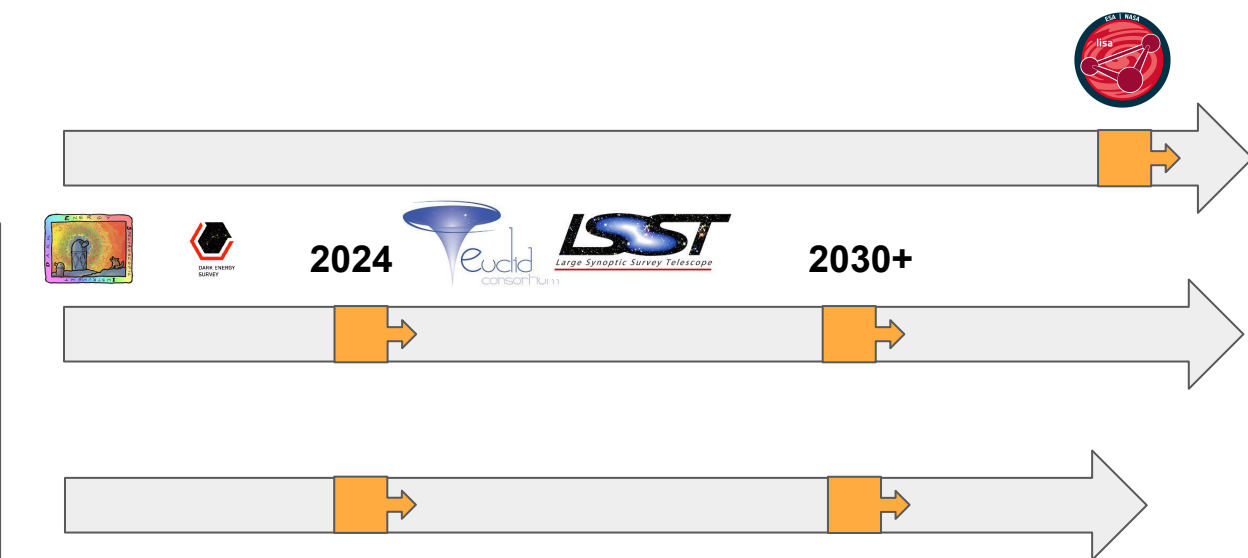
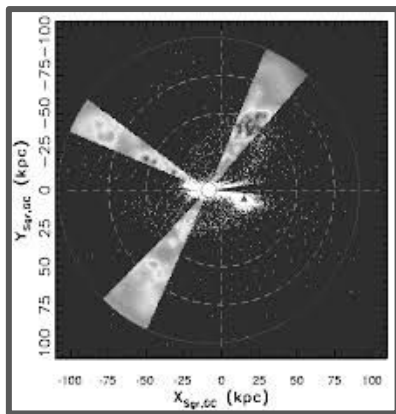
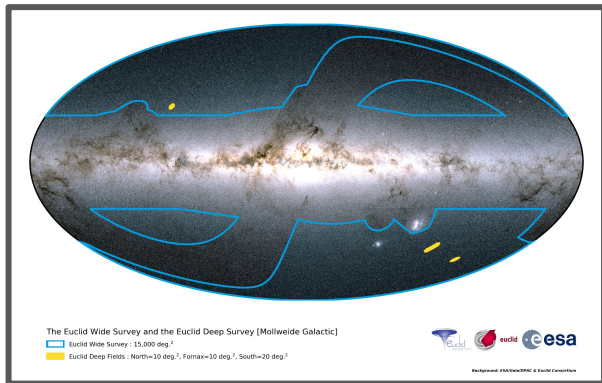
CMB-S4
Next Generation CMB Experiment



Low Frequency
Surveys



Roadmap



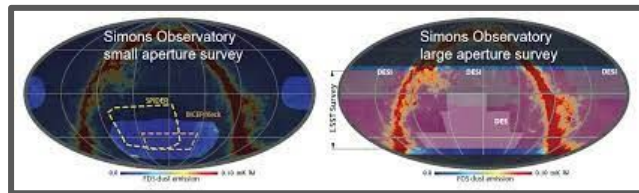
Atacama Cosmology Telescope



Simons Observatory

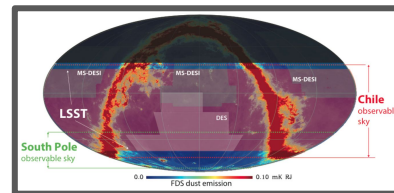
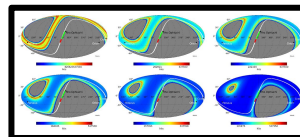


LiteBIRD

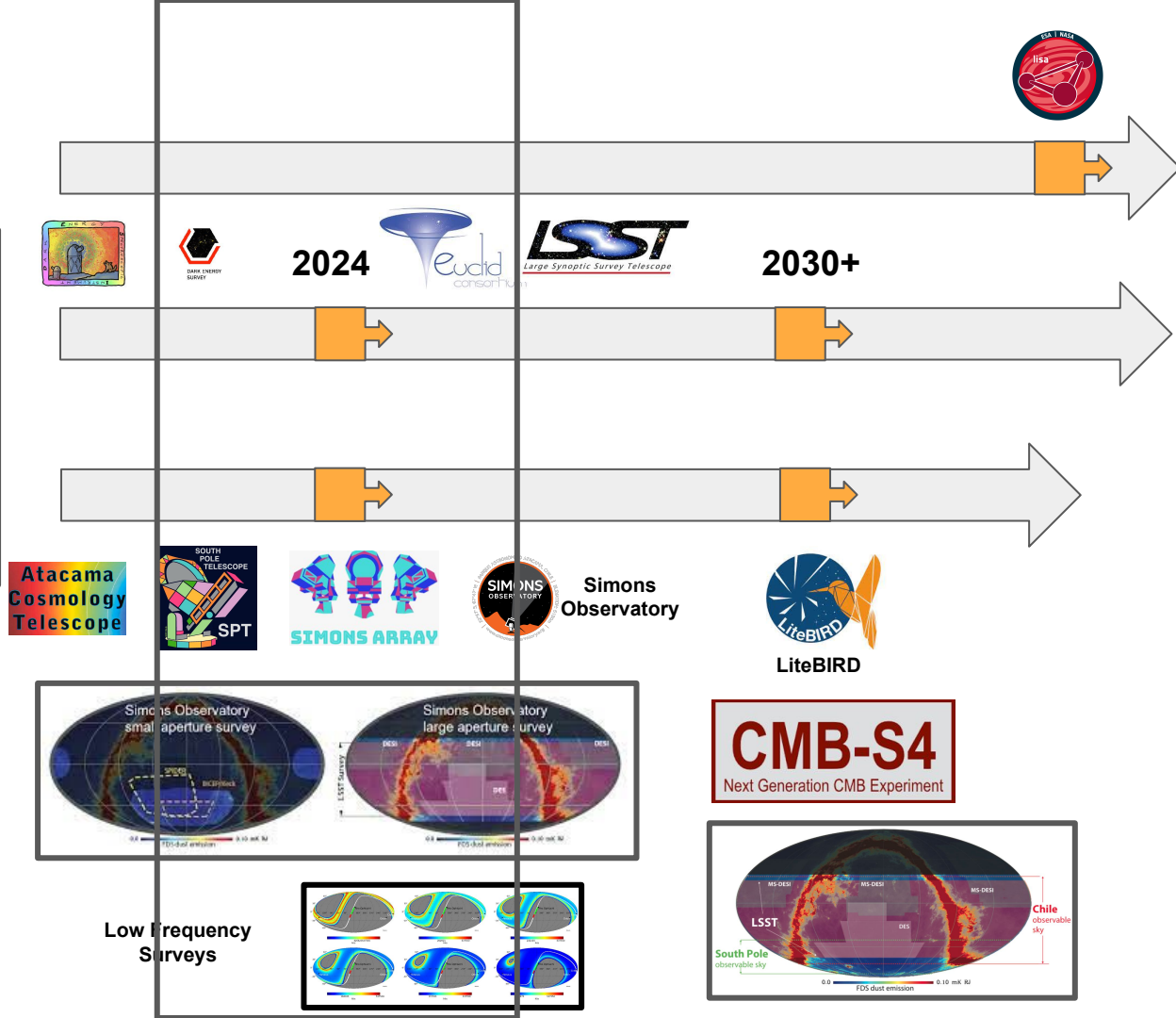
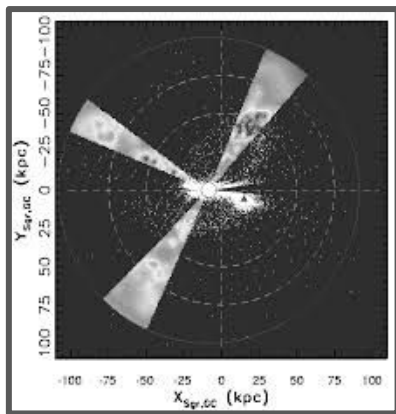
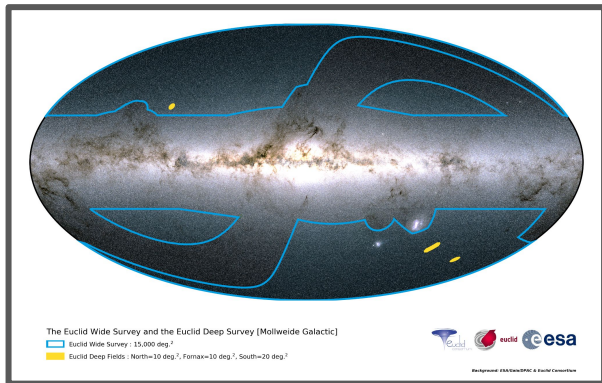


CMB-S4
Next Generation CMB Experiment

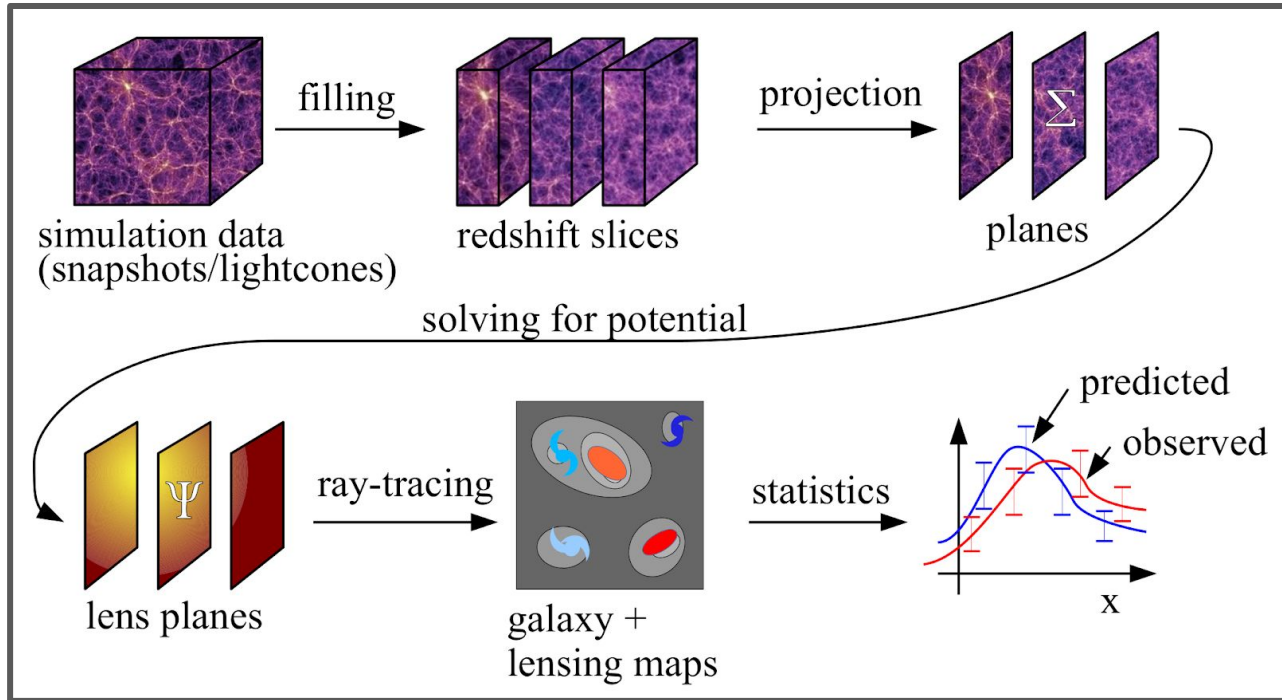
Low Frequency Surveys



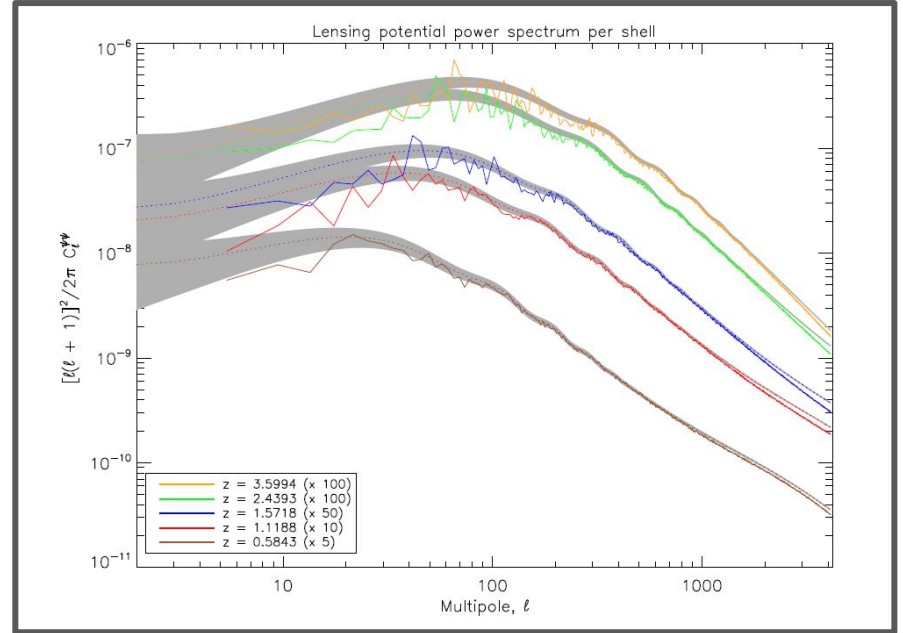
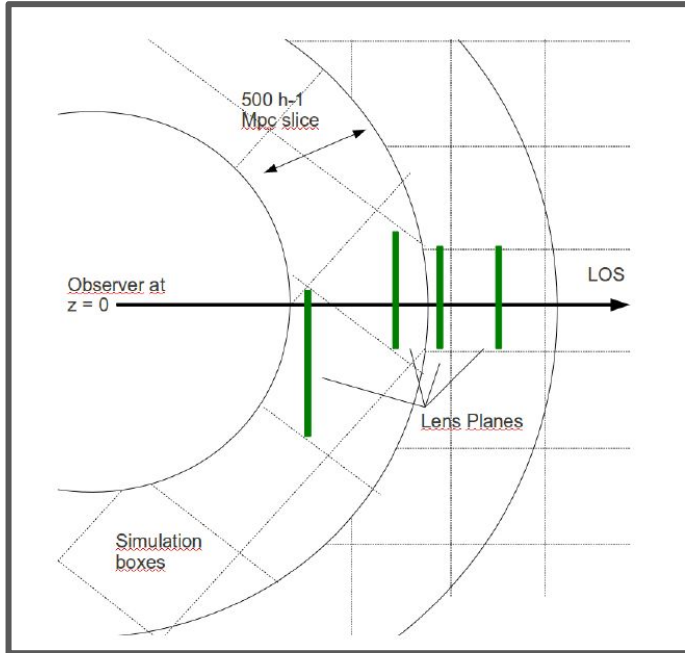
Roadmap



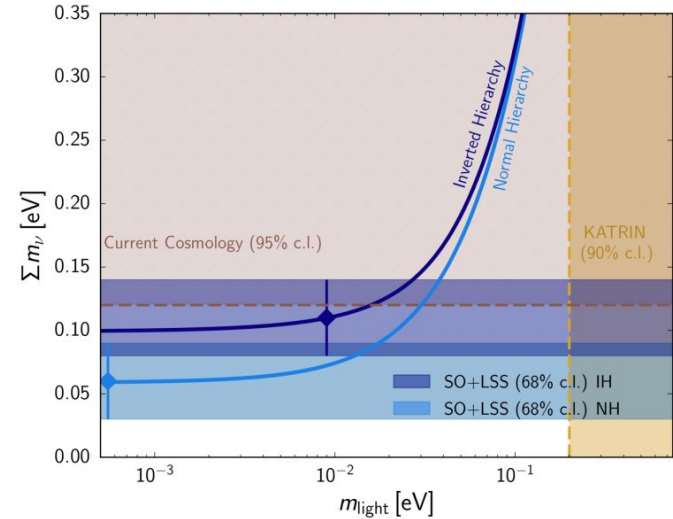
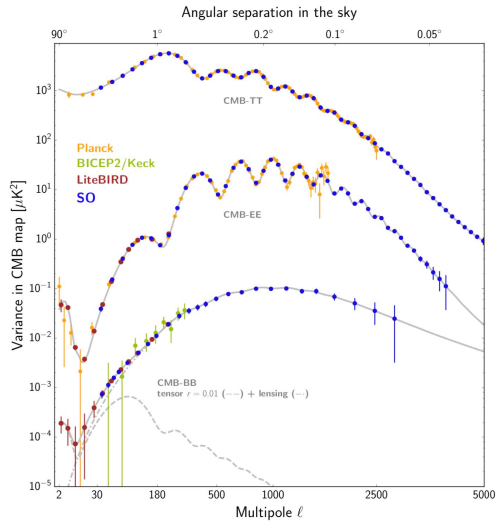
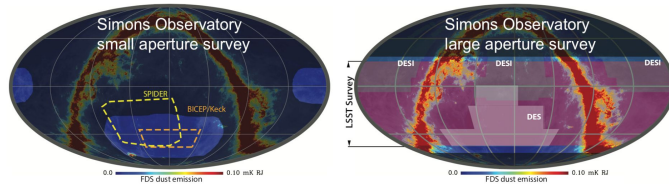
Euclid CMBXC: CMB-N-Body Pipeline



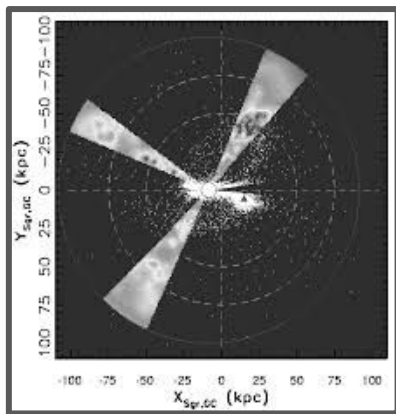
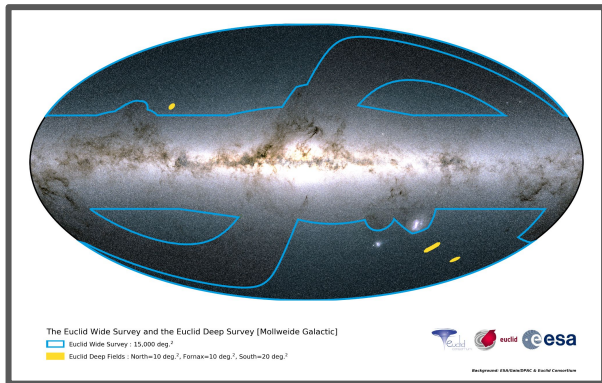
Euclid CMBXC: CMB-N-Body Pipeline



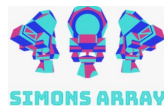
Operating B-Mode Probes: Simons Observatory



Roadmap



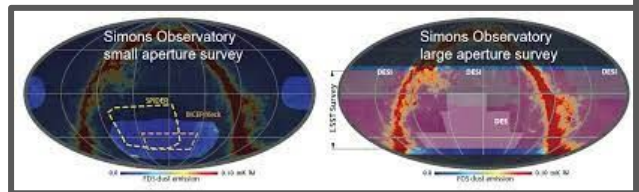
Atacama Cosmology Telescope



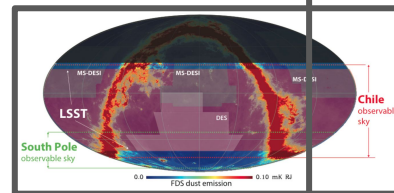
Simons Observatory



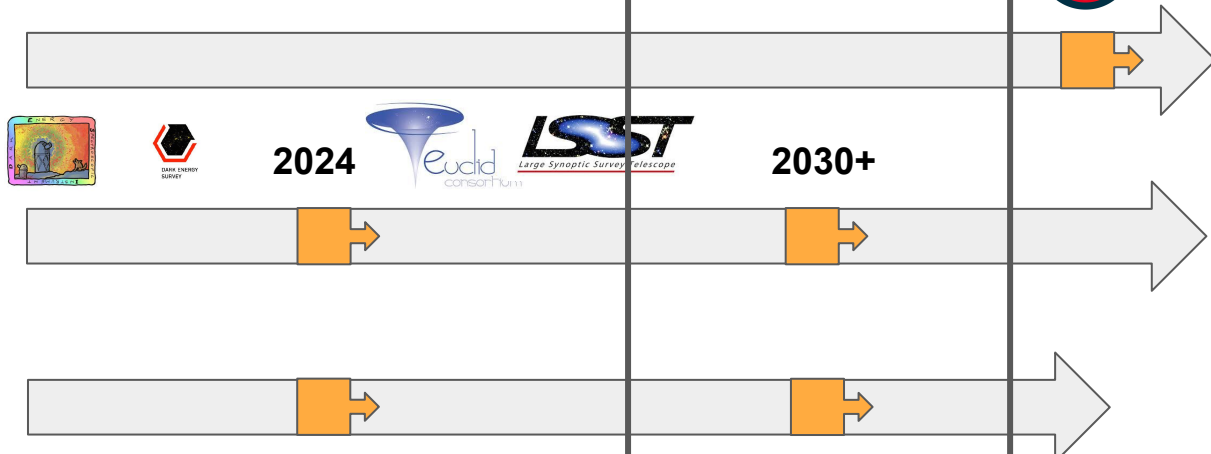
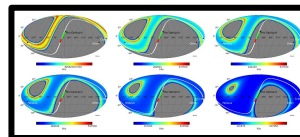
LiteBIRD



CMB-S4
Next Generation CMB Experiment



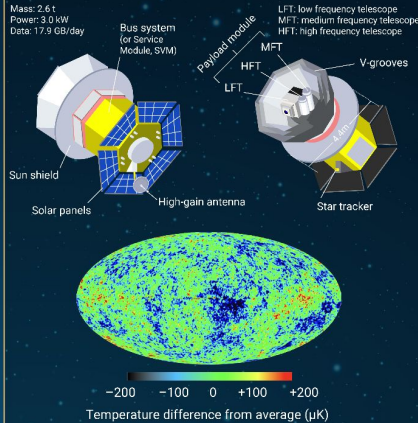
Low Frequency Surveys



Future B-Mode Probes: LiteBIRD

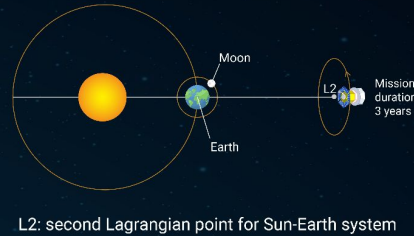
LiteBIRD: A New Frontier in the Search of Cosmic Inflation Imprint

LiteBIRD, Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency's new satellite will map the Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) polarization over the entire sky



Primary objectives of LiteBIRD:

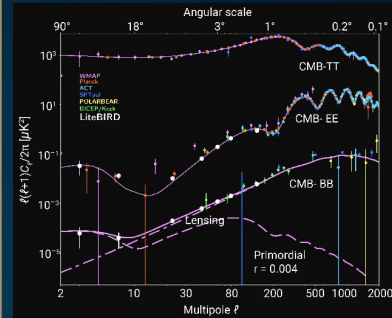
- ✓ Detect signal from cosmic inflation
- ✓ Rule out competing inflationary models



- ✓ Three telescopes
- ✓ Cryogenic cooling to 4.8 K
- ✓ 15 frequency bands (34–448 GHz)

Aims to measure CMB B-mode power spectrum at large angular scales

- Multipole range: **2 to 200**
- Angular scale: **1° to 90°**

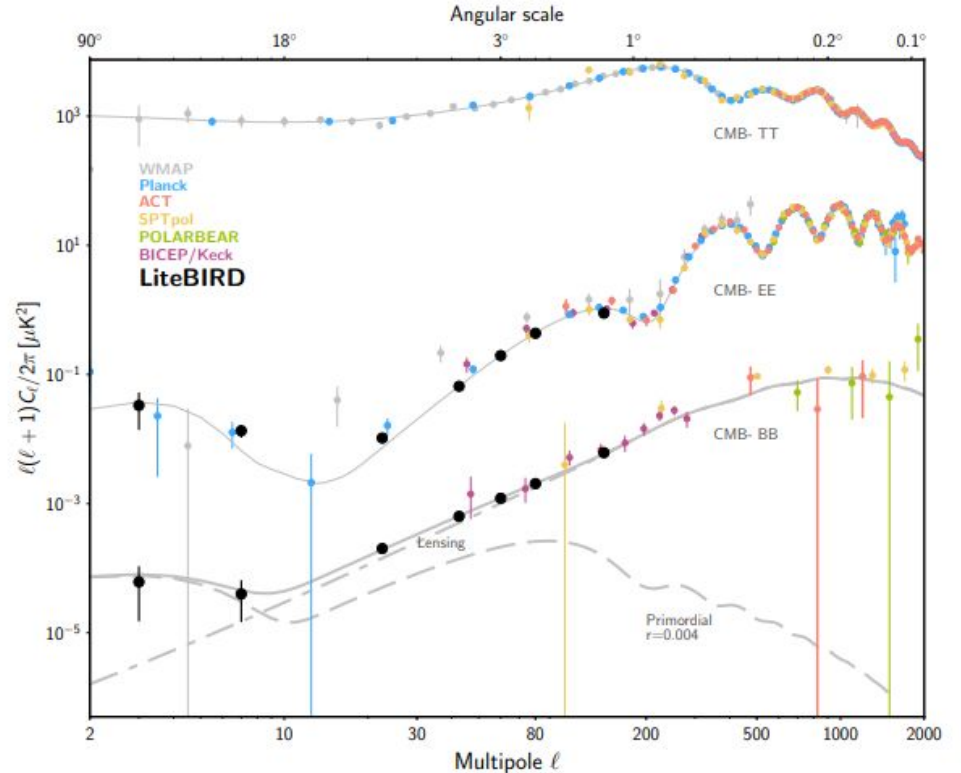
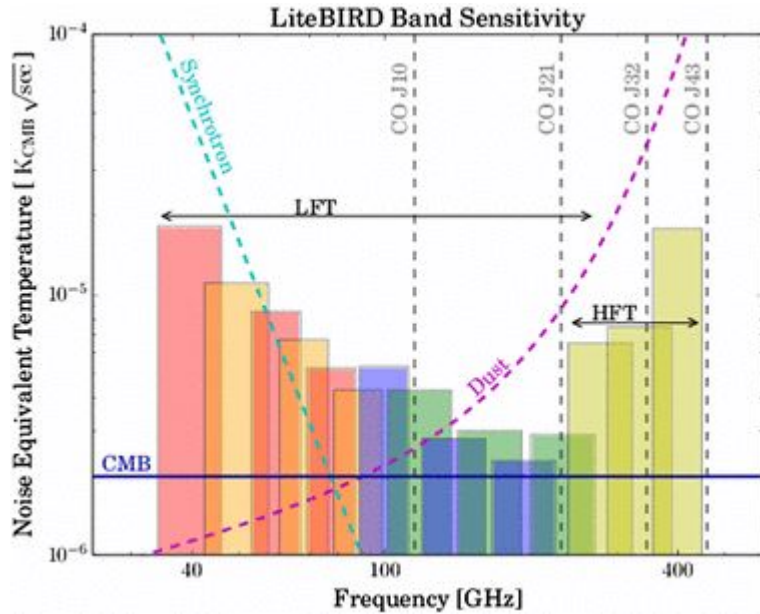


Scientific outcome: Detection of primordial gravitational waves

- ✓ **10³x** more sensitive than LISA (Laser Interferometer Space Antenna)
- ✓ Unprecedented sensitivity of 2.2 $\mu\text{K-arcmin}$
- ✓ Typical angular resolution of 0.5° at 100 GHz

The state-of-the-art facilities of LiteBIRD can lead us to a better understanding of the early universe and the physics laws governing it

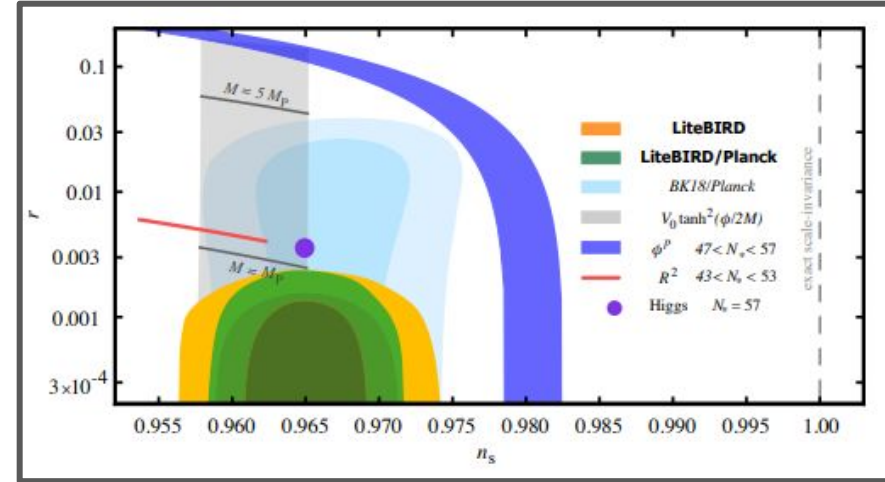
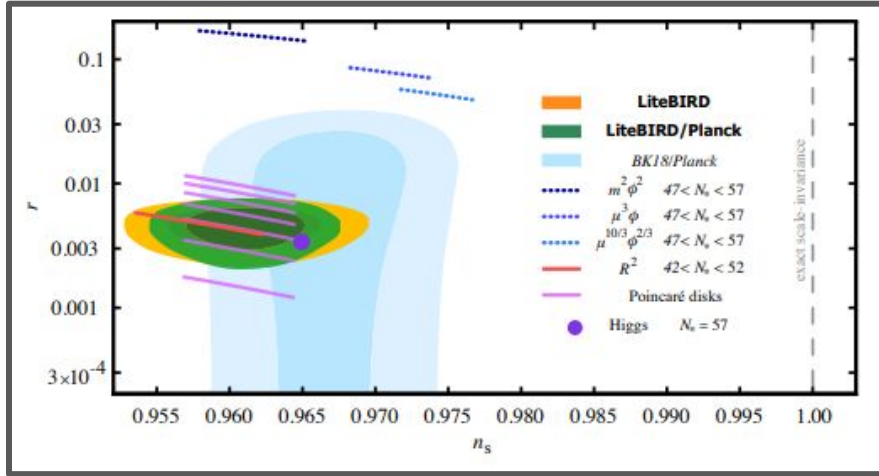
Future B-Mode Probes: LiteBIRD



LiteBIRD Collaboration, PTEP 2022

ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/arXiv:2202.02773

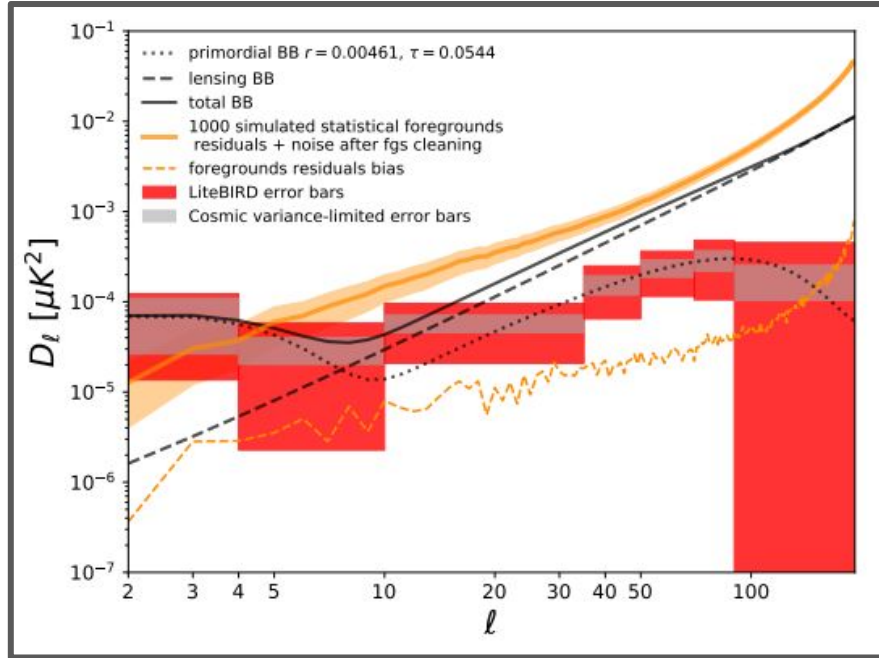
Future B-Mode Probes: LiteBIRD



LiteBIRD Collaboration, PTEP 2022

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Future B-Mode Probes: LiteBIRD

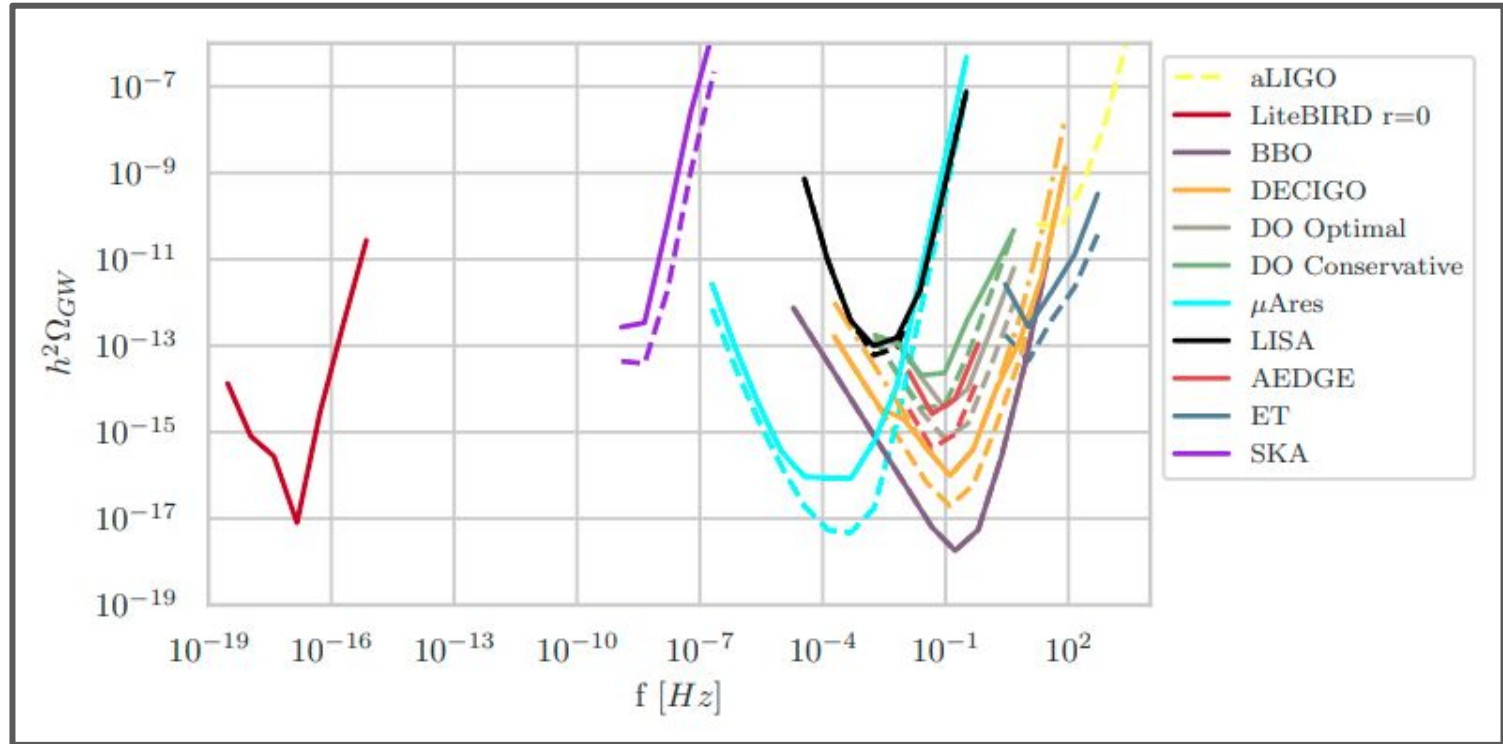


	ID	ν [GHz]	$\delta\nu$ [GHz] ($\delta\nu/\nu$)	Beam size [arcmin]	No. of detectors	NET _{arr} [$\mu\text{K}\sqrt{\text{s}}$]	Sensitivity [$\mu\text{K}\sqrt{\text{arcmin}}$]
LFT	1	40	12 (0.30)	70.5	48	18.50	37.42
LFT	2	50	15 (0.30)	58.5	24	16.54	33.46
LFT	3	60	14 (0.23)	51.1	48	10.54	21.31
LFT comb.	4	68	16 (0.23)	(41.6, 47.1)	(144, 24)	(9.84, 15.70)	(19.91, 31.77)
LFT comb.	5	78	18 (0.23)	(36.9, 43.8)	(144, 48)	(7.69, 9.46)	(15.55, 19.13)
LFT comb.	6	89	20 (0.23)	(33.0, 41.5)	(144, 24)	(6.07, 14.22)	(12.28, 28.77)
LFT/ MFT comb.	7	100	23 (0.23)	30.2/ 37.8	144/ 366	5.11/ 4.19	10.34 8.48
LFT/ MFT comb.	8	119	36 (0.30)	26.3/ 33.6	144/ 488	3.8/ 2.82	7.69 5.70
LFT/ MFT comb.	9	140	42 (0.30)	23.7/ 30.8	144/ 366	3.58/ 3.16	7.25 6.38
MFT	10	166	50 (0.30)	28.9	488	2.75	5.57
MFT/ HFT comb.	11	195	59 (0.30)	28.0/ 28.6	366/ 254	3.48/ 5.19	7.05 10.50
HFT	12	235	71 (0.30)	24.7	254	5.34	10.79
HFT	13	280	84 (0.30)	22.5	254	6.82	13.80
HFT	14	337	101 (0.30)	20.9	254	10.85	21.95
HFT	15	402	92 (0.23)	17.9	338	23.45	47.45
Total					4508		2.16

LiteBIRD Collaboration, PTEP 2022

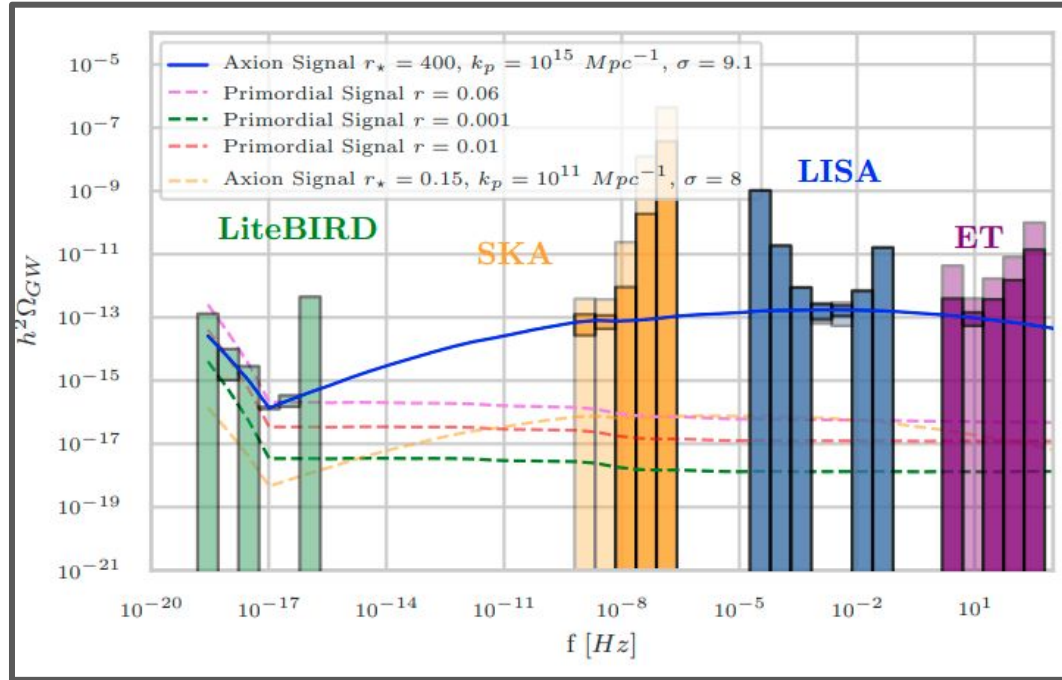
ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/arXiv:2202.02773

Future B-Mode Probes: LiteBIRD

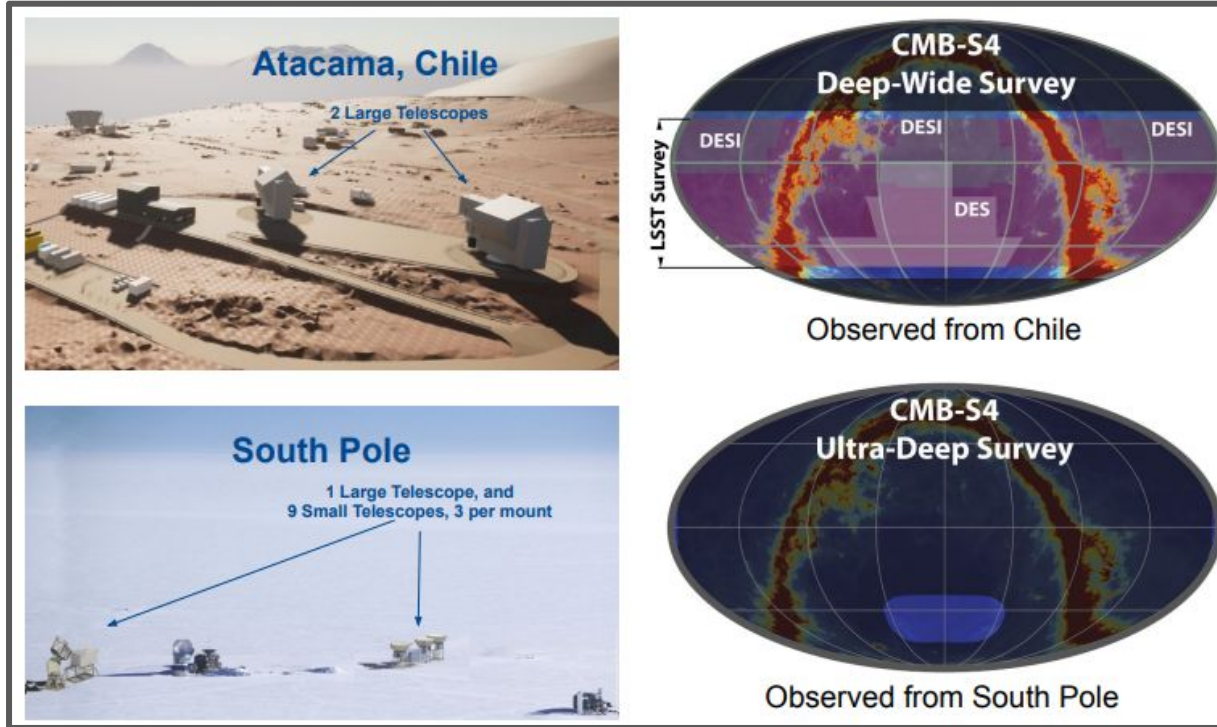


Campeti, Komatsu, Poletti, Baccigalupi, 2021, JCAP 01, 012, [arXiv:2007.04241](https://arxiv.org/abs/2007.04241)

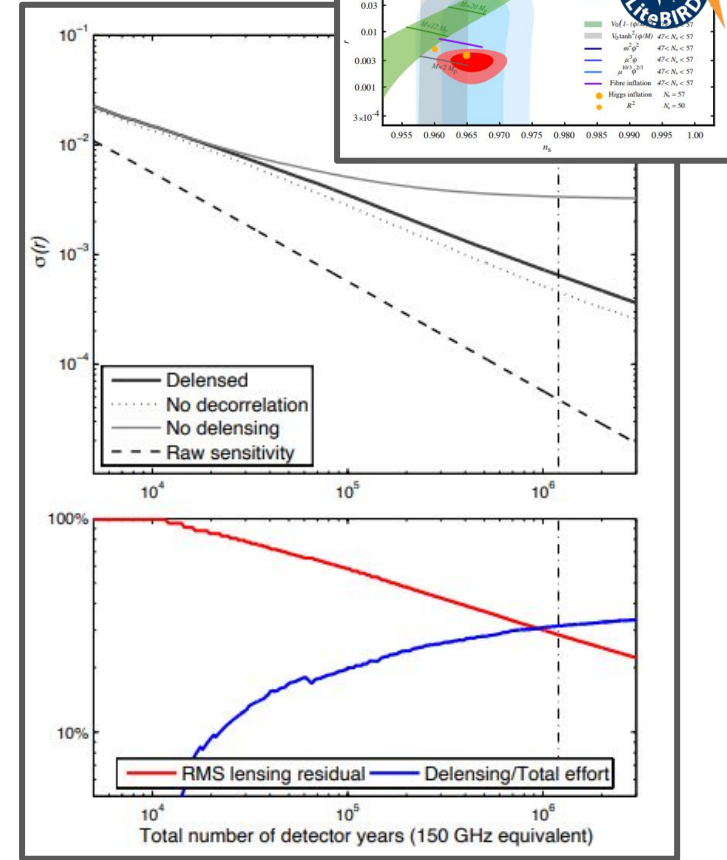
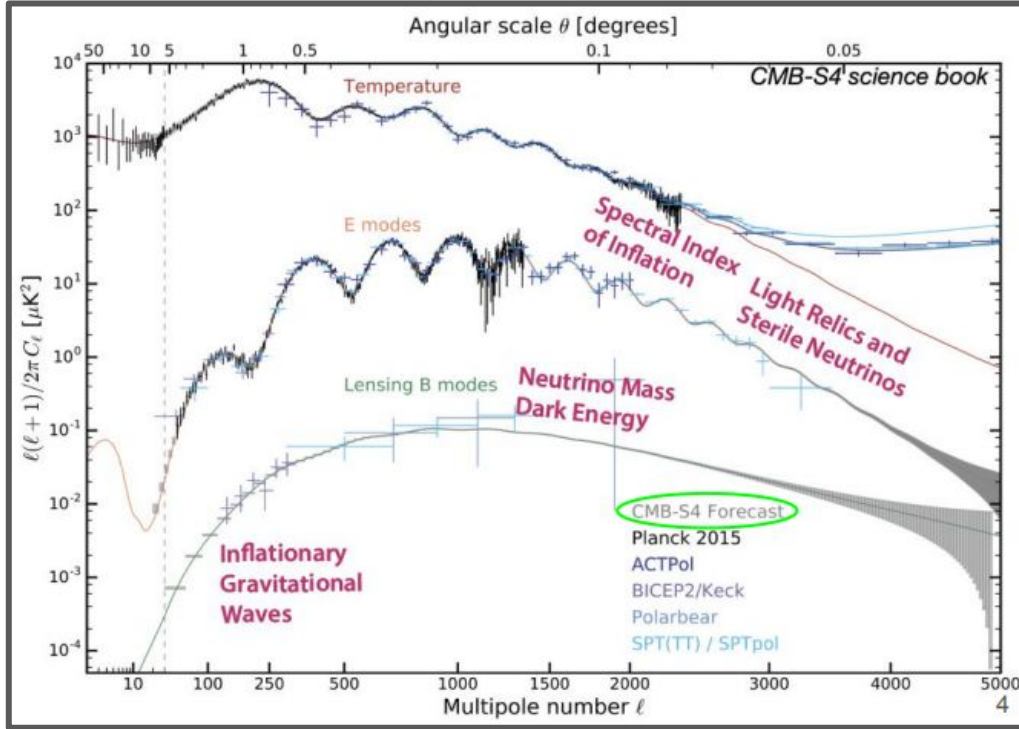
Future B-Mode Probes: LiteBIRD



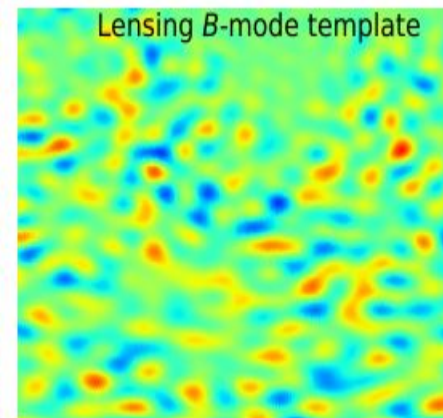
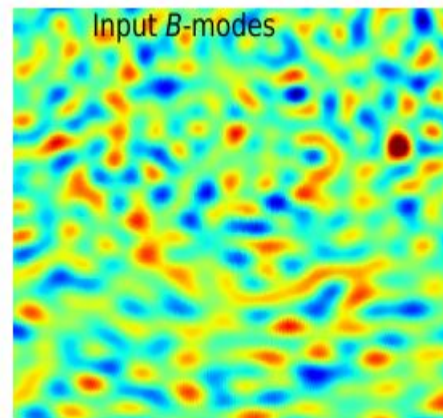
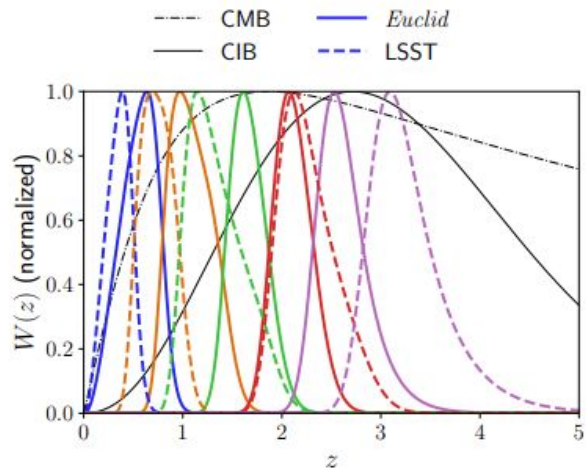
Future B-Mode Probes: CMB-Stage IV



Future B-Mode Probes: CMB-Stage IV



CMB-Stage IV x LiteBIRD

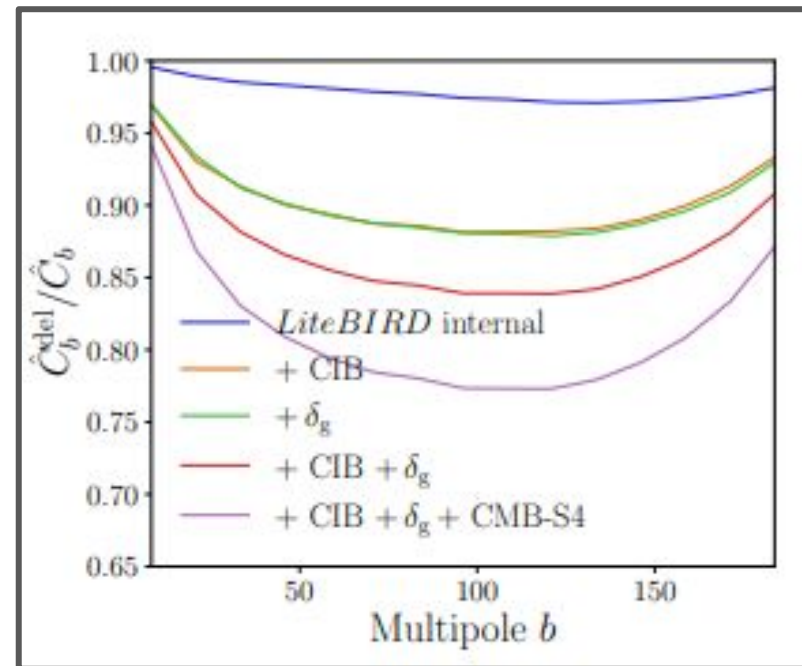


Namiwaka et al. for the LiteBIRD Collaboration

<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2023arXiv231205194N/abstract>

CMB-Stage IV x LiteBIRD

	$\sigma(r) \times 10^3$
No-delensing	1.44
<i>LiteBIRD</i> internal	1.41
+ CIB	1.30
+ δ_g	1.31
+ CIB + δ_g	1.25
+ CIB + δ_g + CMB-S4	1.21



Namiwaka et al. for the LiteBIRD Collaboration

<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2023arXiv231205194N/abstract>

Remarks

- **Combining Probes Rapidly Becoming Main Stream in Cosmology, Leading All Constraints**
- **Incomplete Review in This Talk, Limited to Lensing and Early Universe, All Systems Involved Across the Light Cone, from Galaxies, Clusters, to CMB Polarization from the Early Universe**
- **Challenges**
 - **Computational Resources**
 - **Management of Combined Probes**
 - **Model Dependence on Astrophysics, Dark Energy and Modified Gravity**
 - **Accurate Predictivity and Covariance**
 - **...**
- **Probe Combination is now Infrastructure in Large Collaborations, Organized Efforts involving High Performance Computing are Vital to Collaborations,**
- **Memorandum of Understanding in place and in progress for this and the next Decade**