



2024, June the 5th

4.00m

4.00um

Depolarized Dynamic Speckle

From our planet to the laboratory

Elise Colin



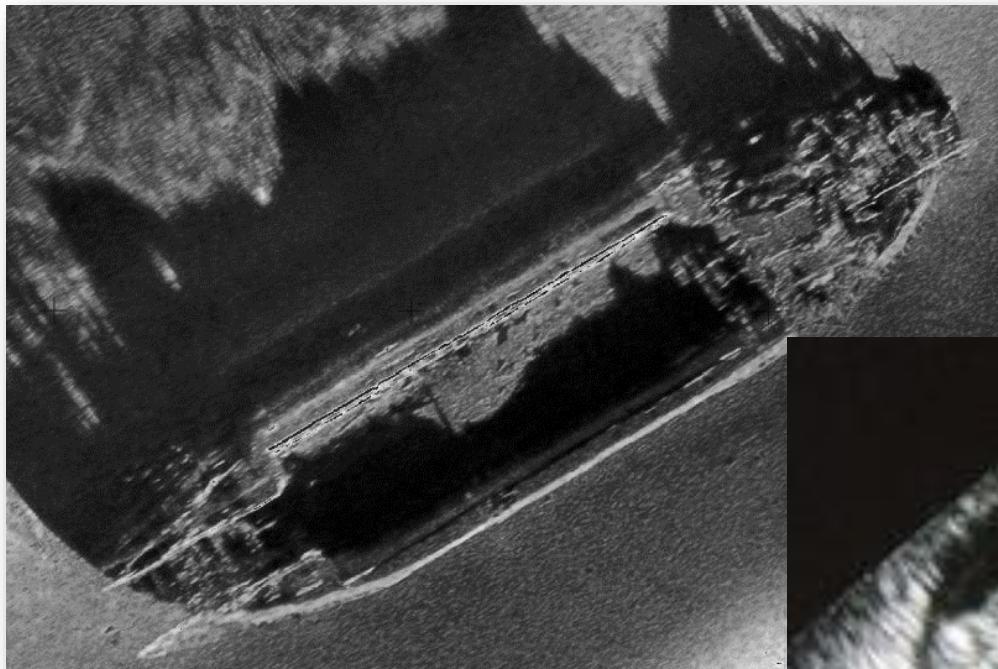
Financial support:

- Physic Cancer Plan
- Inserm, ESCAPADS Project
- Fondation Cœur et Recherche



Hôpital Marie Lannelongue,
Groupe Hospitalier Paris St Joseph, Université Paris
Saclay

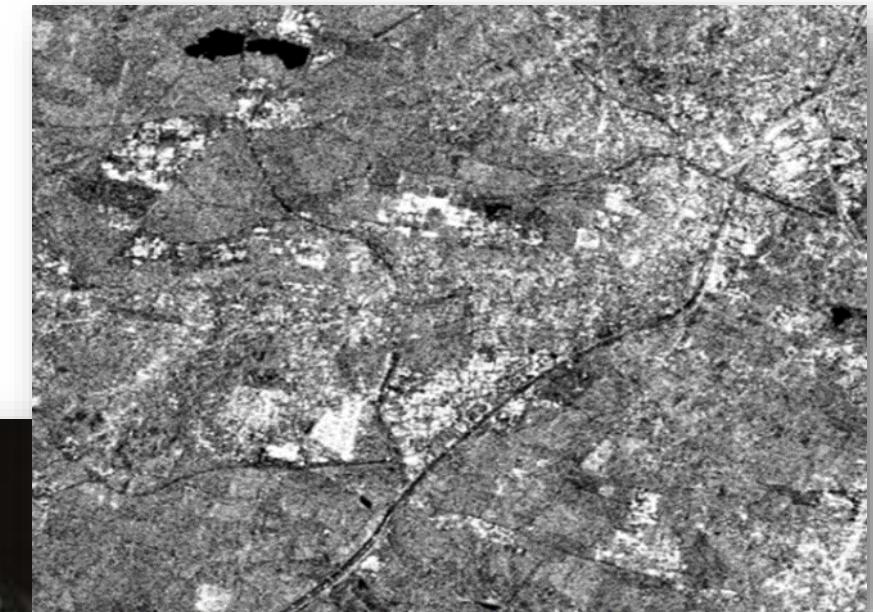
What is speckle?



Sonar



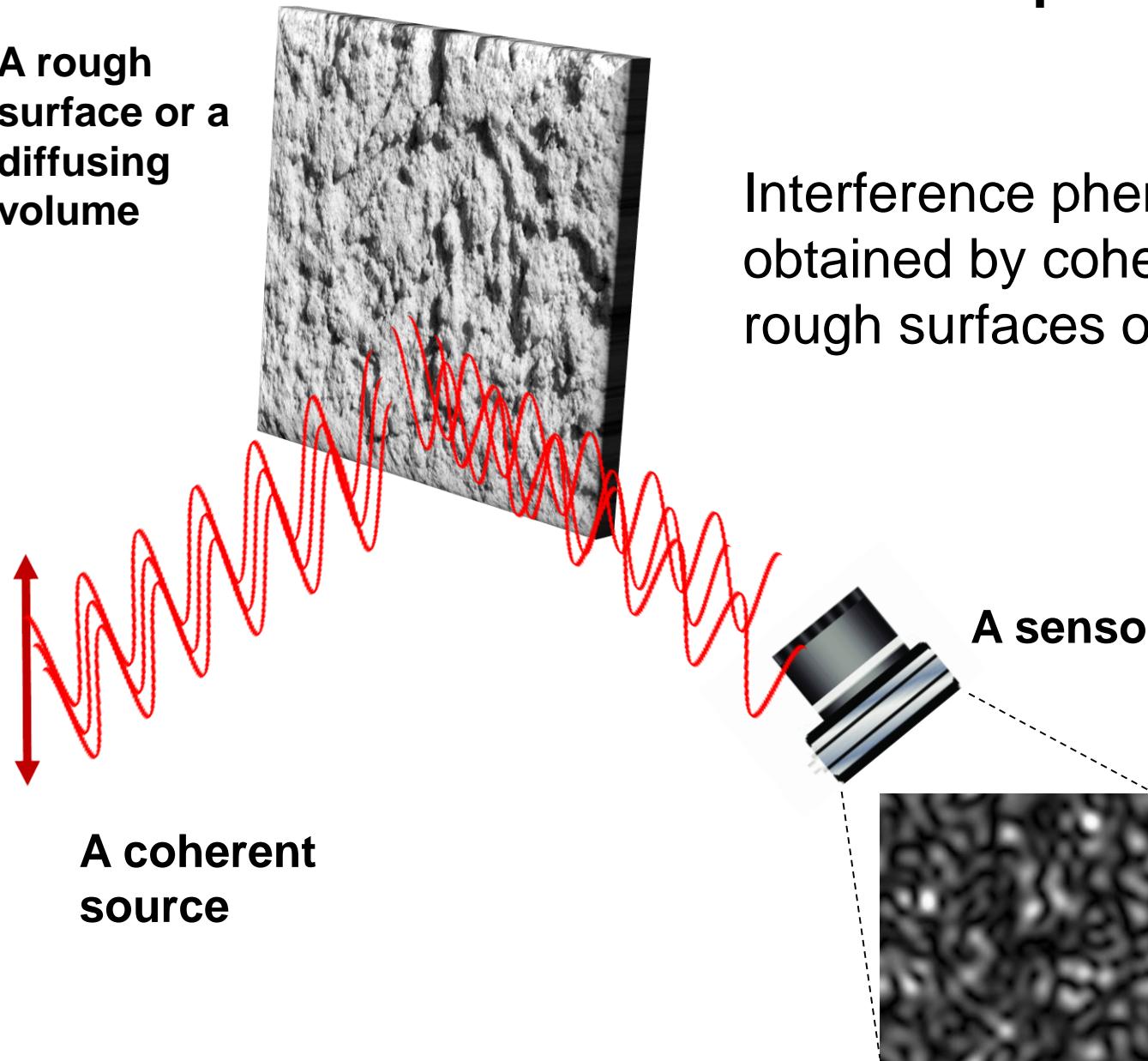
Echography



SAR (radar) images

What is speckle?

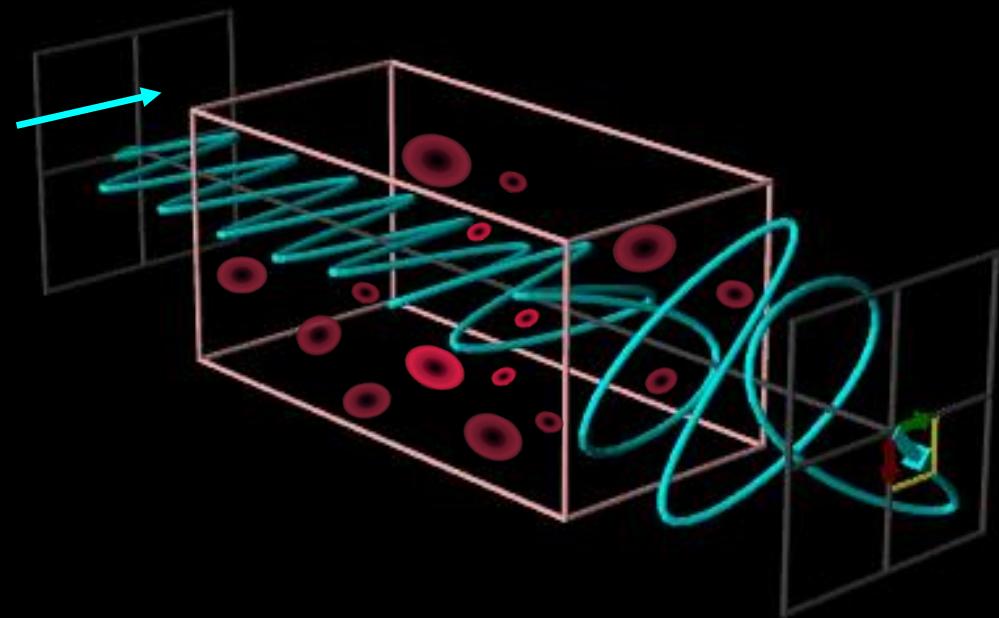
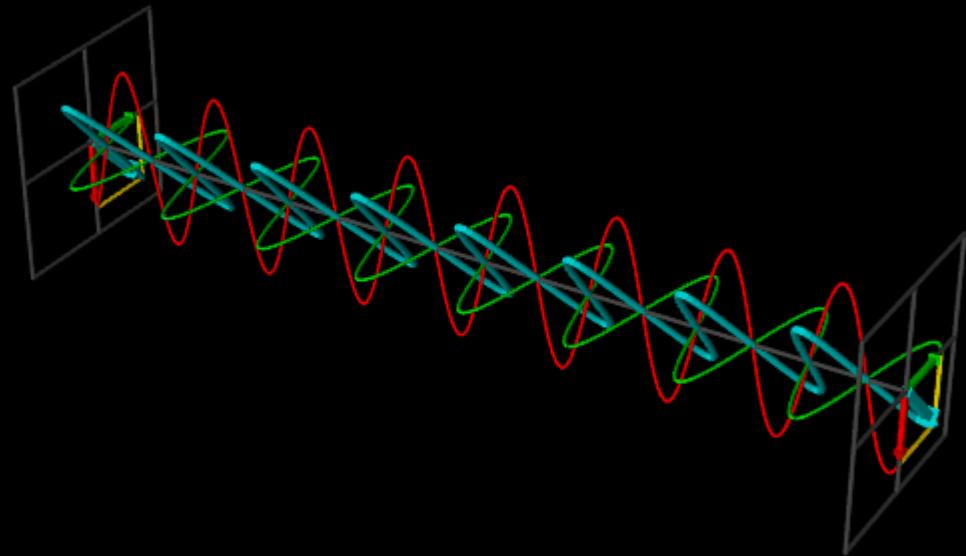
A rough surface or a diffusing volume



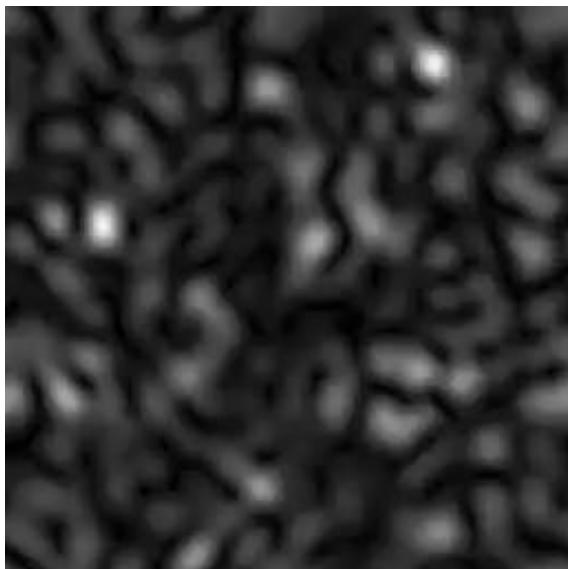
Interference phenomenon observable in images obtained by coherent imaging systems observing rough surfaces or volumes



polarization



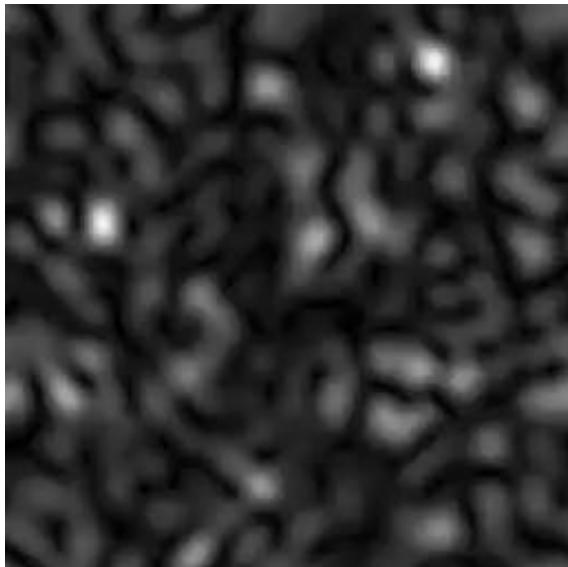
What is dynamic speckle



$$\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{x}, t)$$

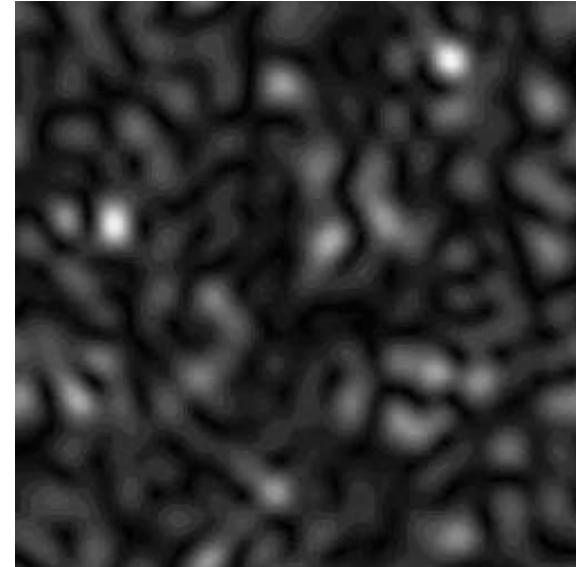
Physical Phenomenon

What is dynamic speckle



$\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{x}, t)$

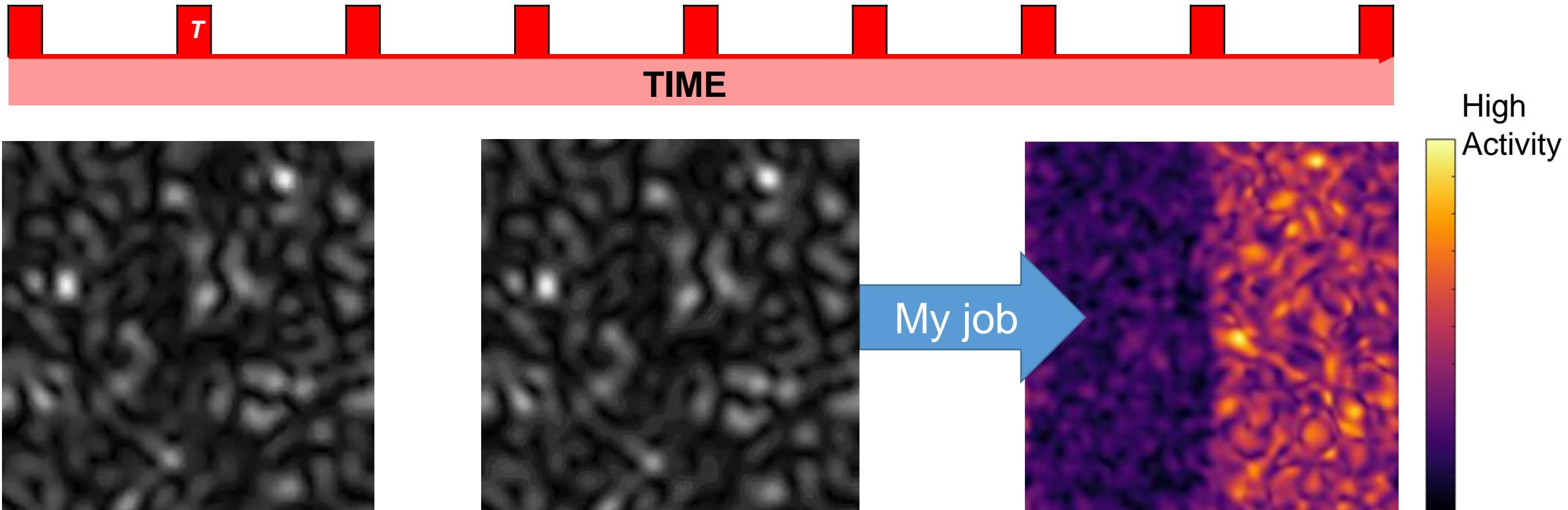
Physical Phenomenon



$$I_k(\mathbf{x}) = \int_{t_k - \frac{T}{2}}^{t_k + \frac{T}{2}} \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^*(\mathbf{x}, \tau) d\tau$$

Measurement

What is dynamic speckle



$\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{x}, t)$

Physical Phenomenon

$$I_k(\mathbf{x}) = \int_{t_k - \frac{T}{2}}^{t_k + \frac{T}{2}} \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^*(\mathbf{x}, \tau) d\tau$$

Measurement

Construction of an index

High
Activity

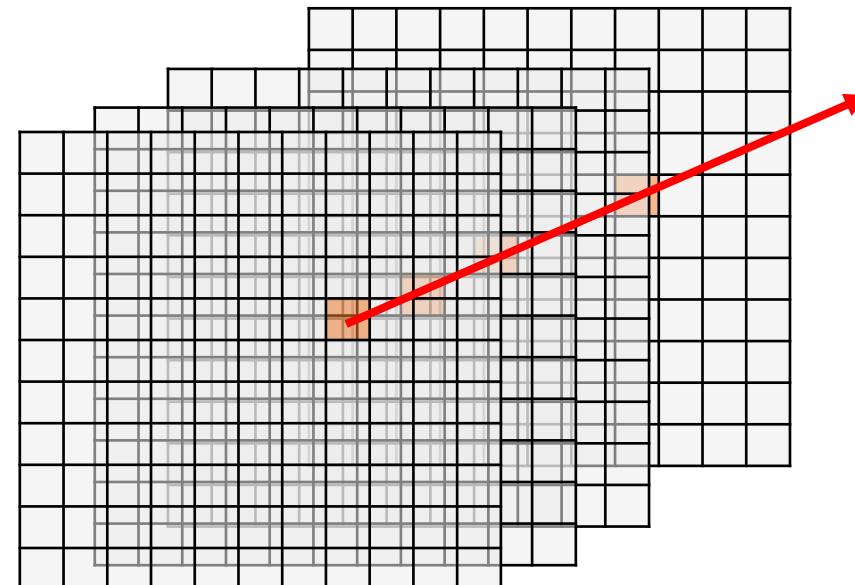
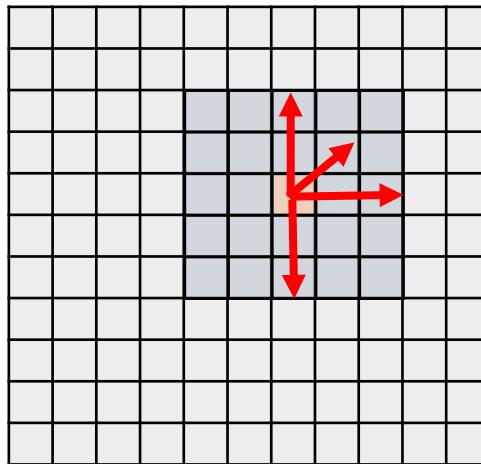
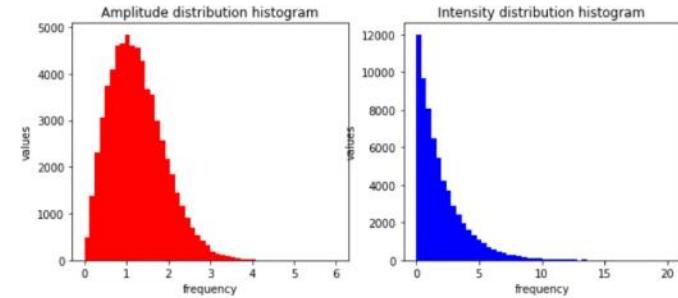
Low
Activity

Statistics

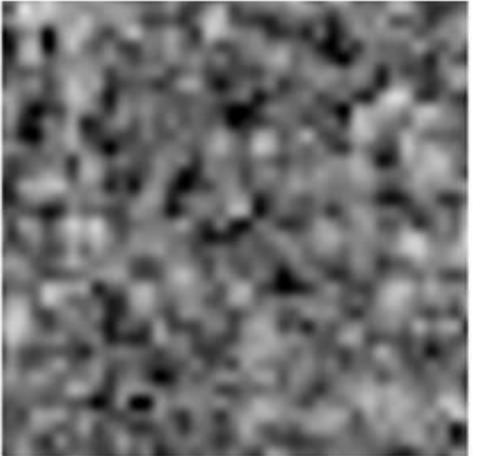
The speckle constitutes a distinct field of statistics

- A reference model: the Godman speckle.
- Study of the distribution laws of positive real magnitudes or complex signals
- Widely employed ergodic properties:

$$Z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{n=1}^N a_n e^{i\theta_n}$$

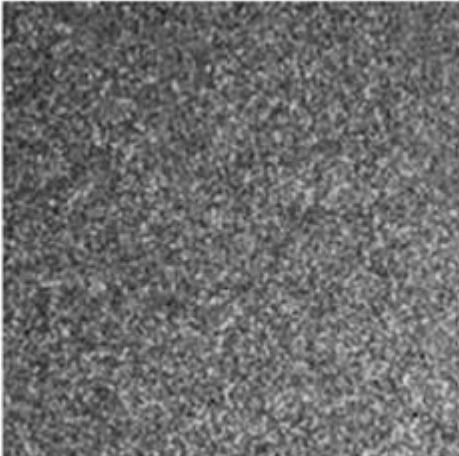


T=1s



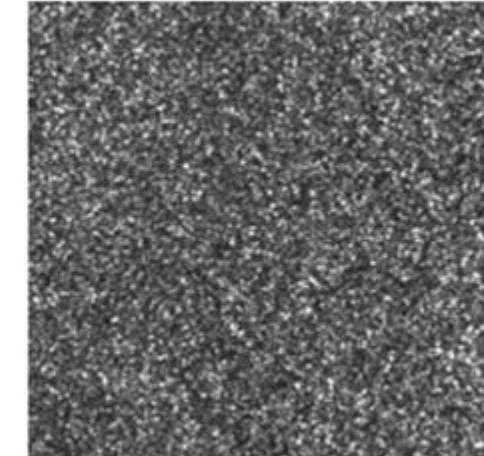
TD=1 year (30 000 000s)

T=5ms



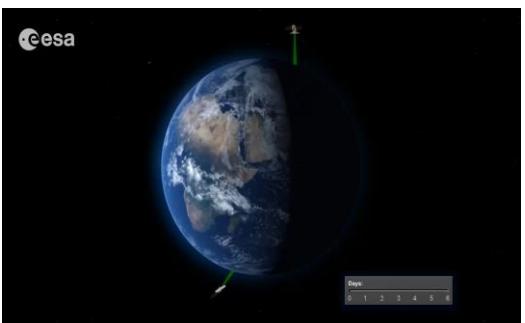
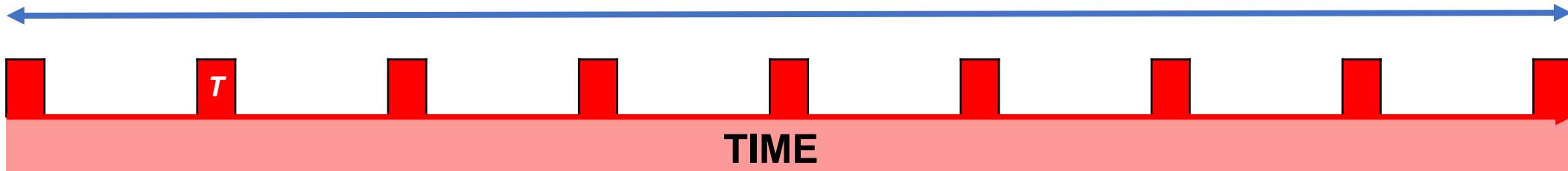
TD=1s

T=10ms

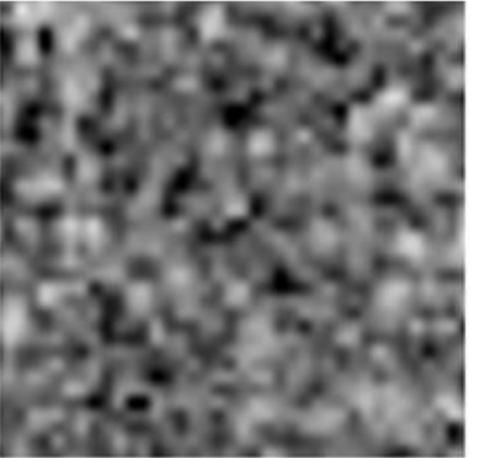


TD=5s

Total Duration TD

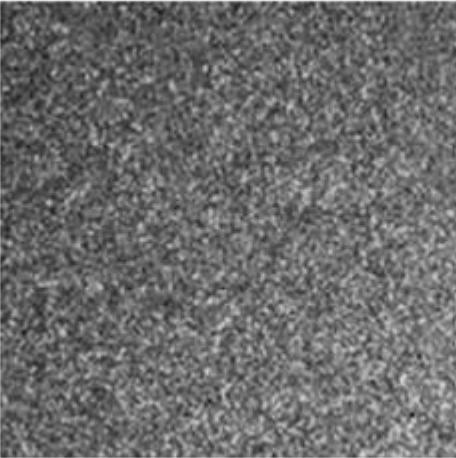


T=1s



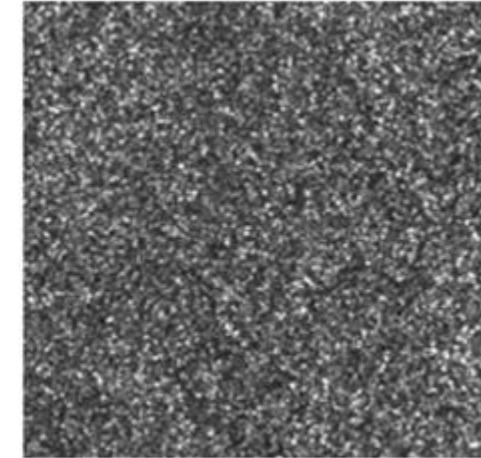
TD=1 year (30 000 000s)

T=5ms



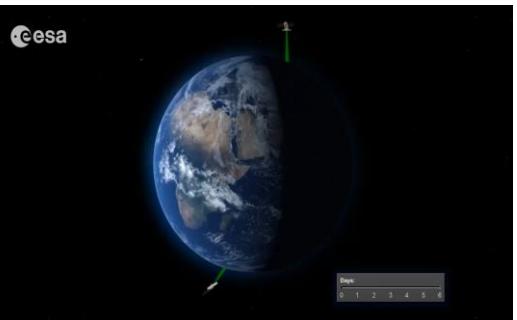
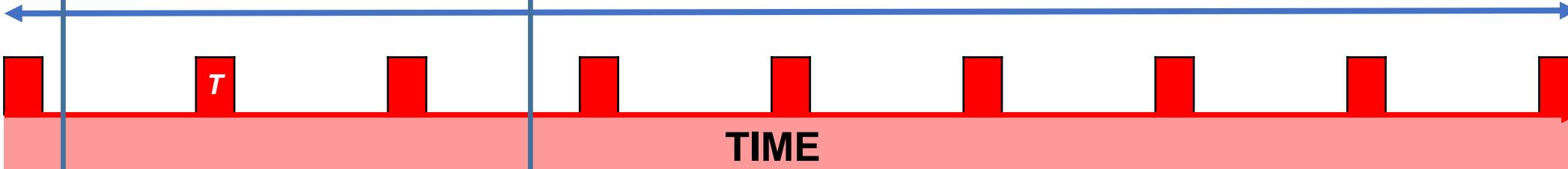
TD=1s

T=10ms



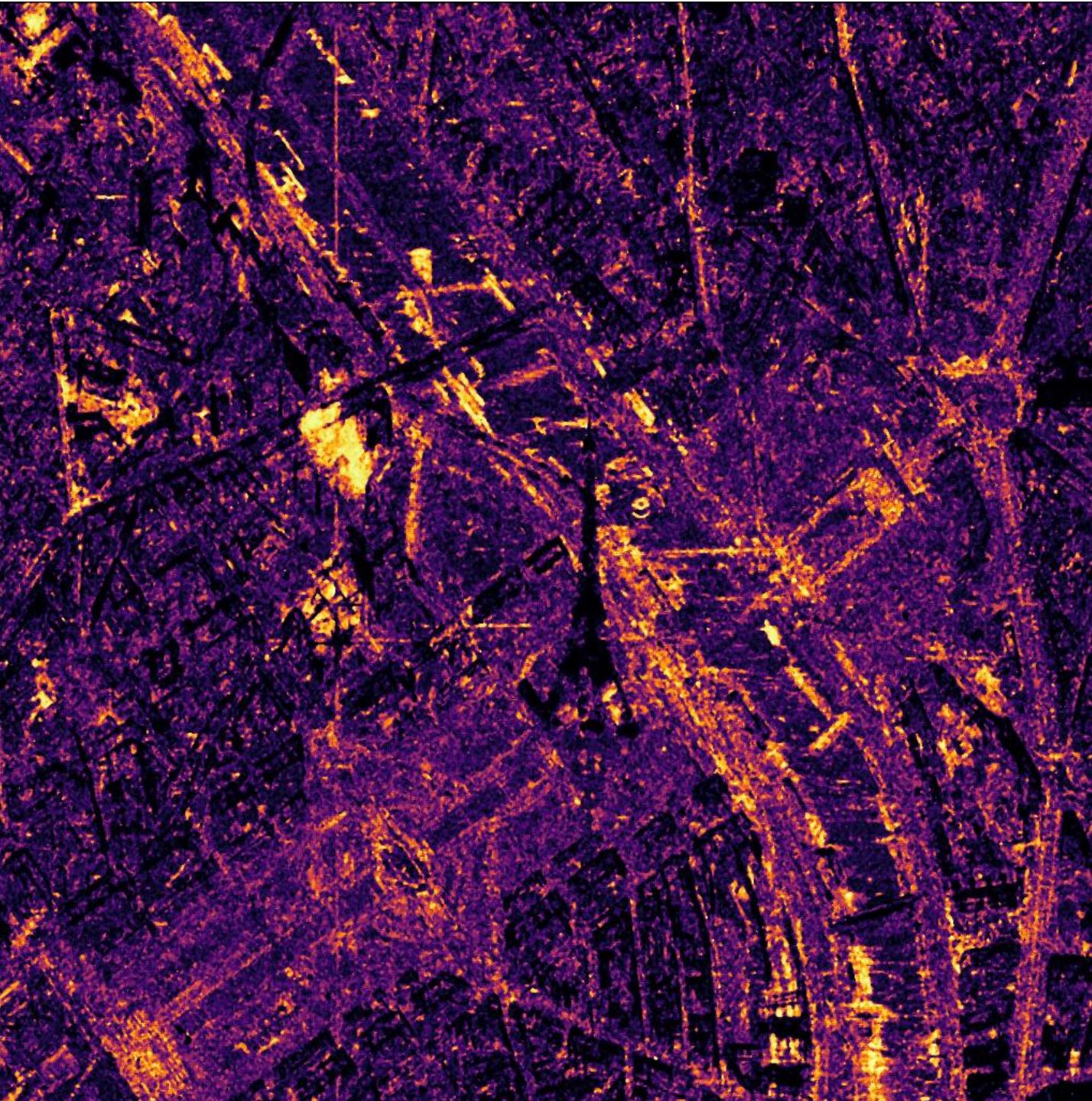
TD=5s

Total Duration TD

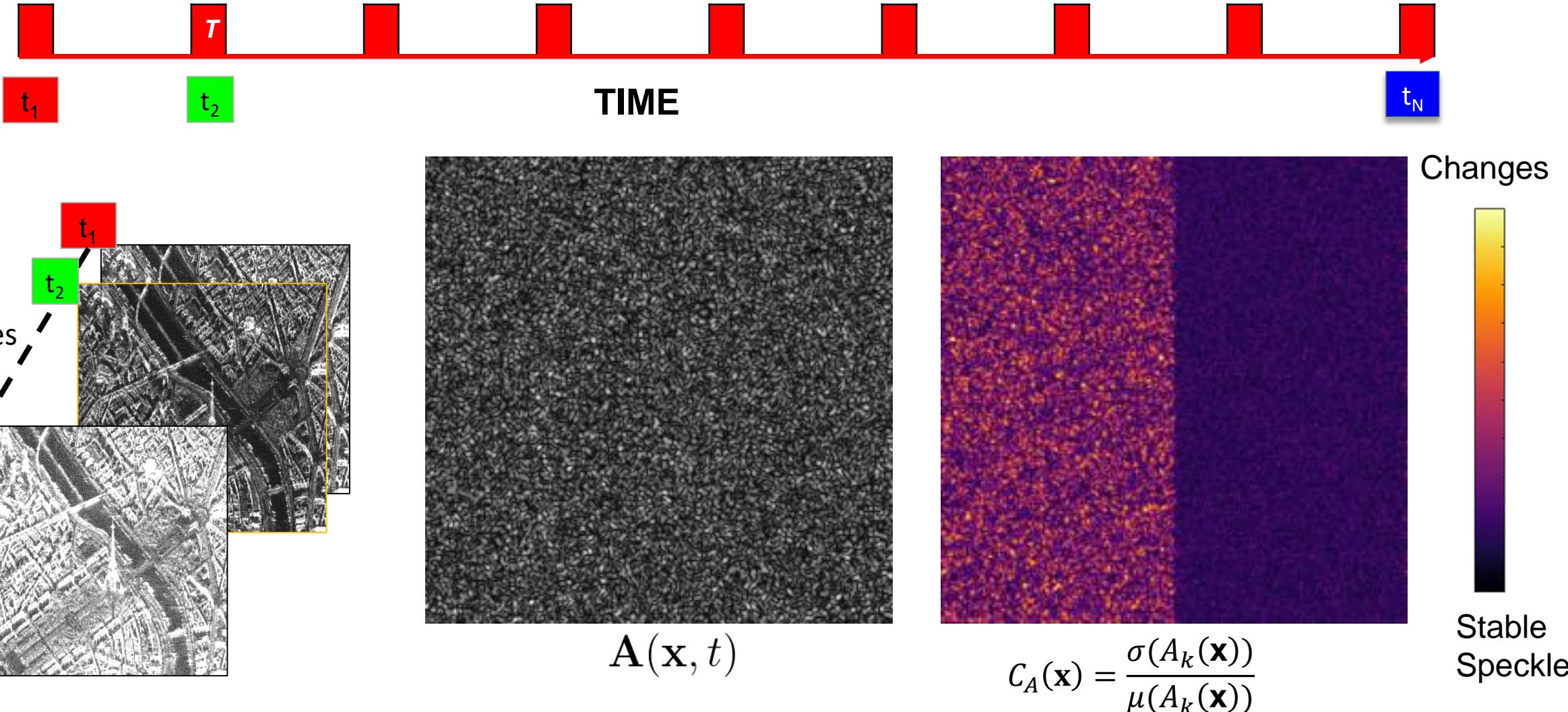




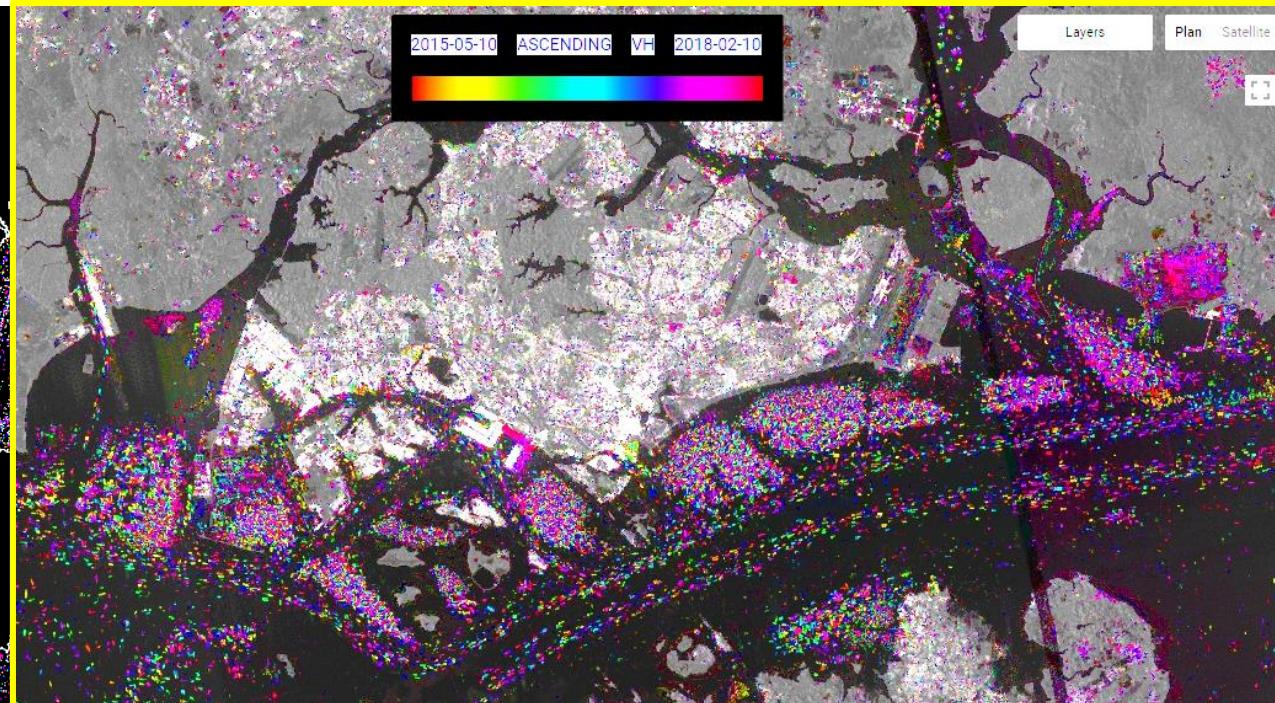
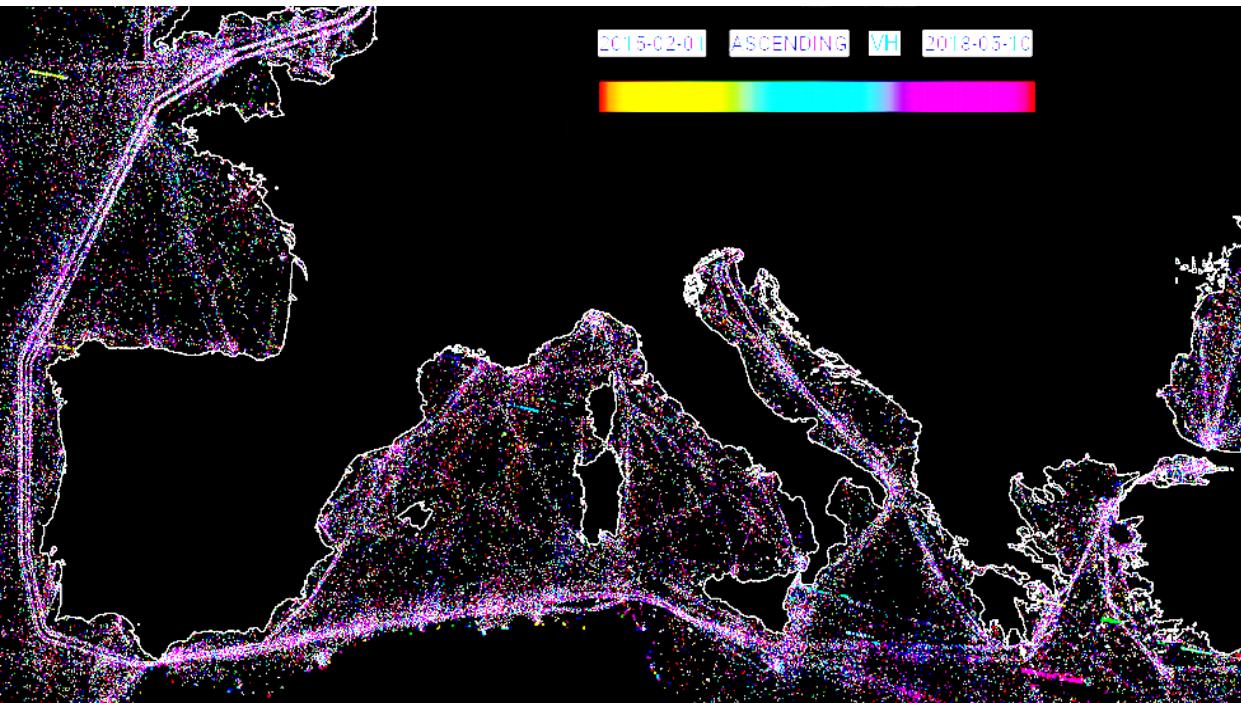
$$C_A(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{\sigma(A_k(\mathbf{x}))}{\mu(A_k(\mathbf{x}))}$$



Change detection in radar for Earth Observation



Applications to surveillance



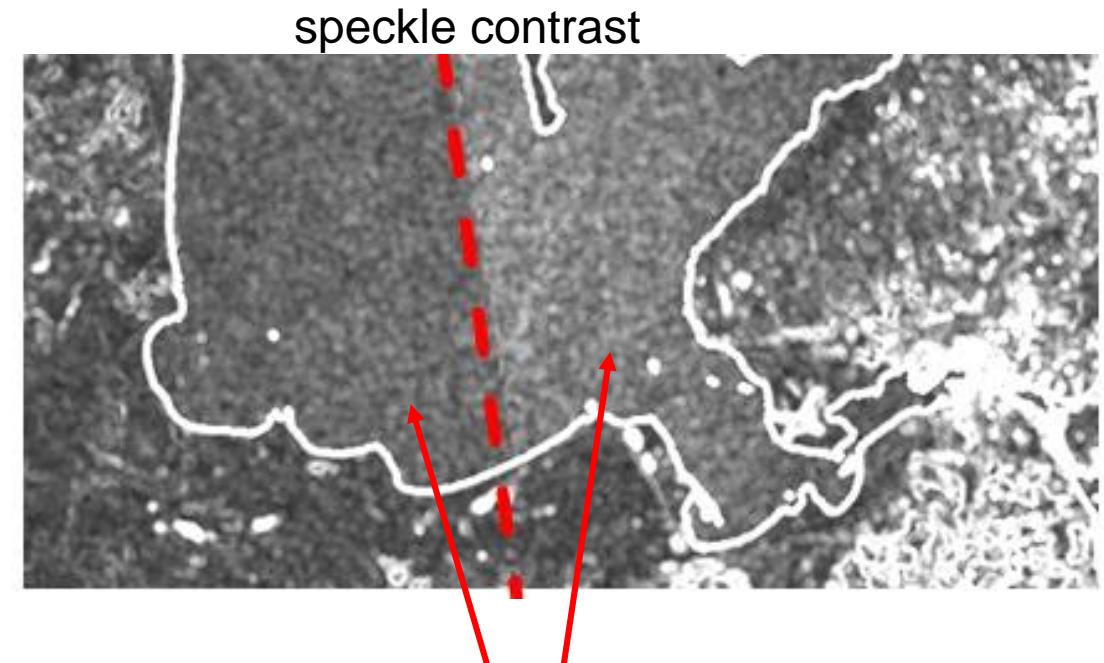
Best paper award: "Visualisation des changements sur séries temporelles radar : méthode REACTIV évaluée à l'échelle mondiale sous Google Earth Engine" CFPT/RFIAP 2018 workshop



Early Bird Prize winner of the [@sentinel_hub](#) Hub Custom Script Contest (**2020, October**)

First Place: [@sentinel_hub](#) 3d Custom Script Contest (**2021, January**)

And now...towards a new video mode

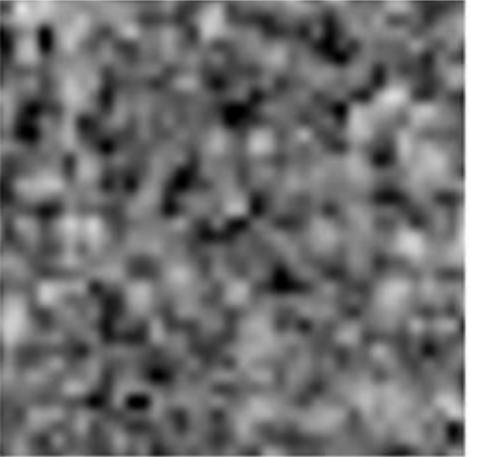


Images captured on different dates on a Lake.

- identical speckle contrast was anticipated
- but noticeable differences were measured.

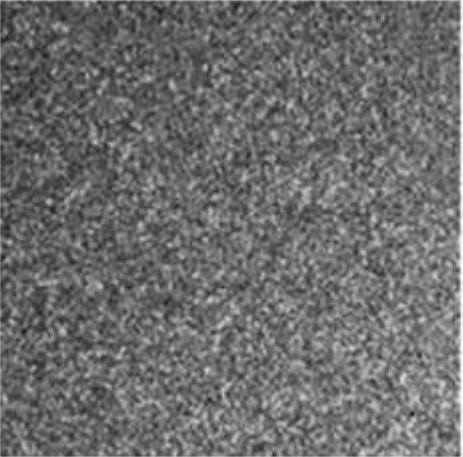
What is going on when movement during the Time of Integration can not be neglected?

T=1s



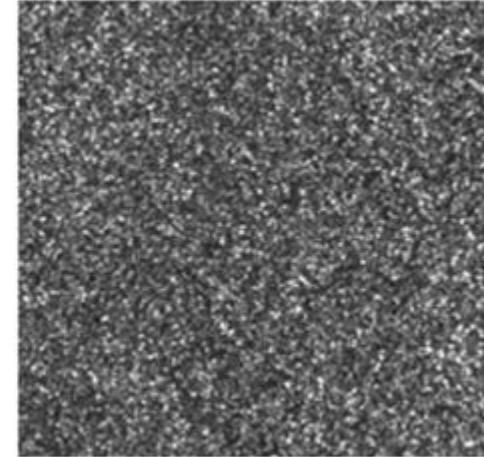
TD=1 year (30 000 000s)

T=5ms

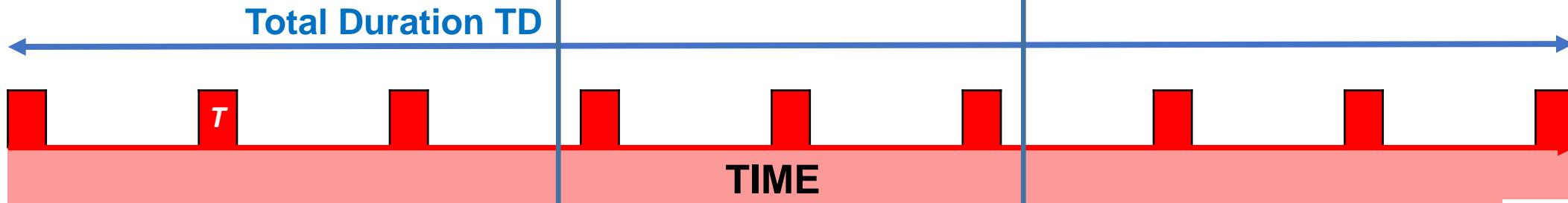


TD=1s

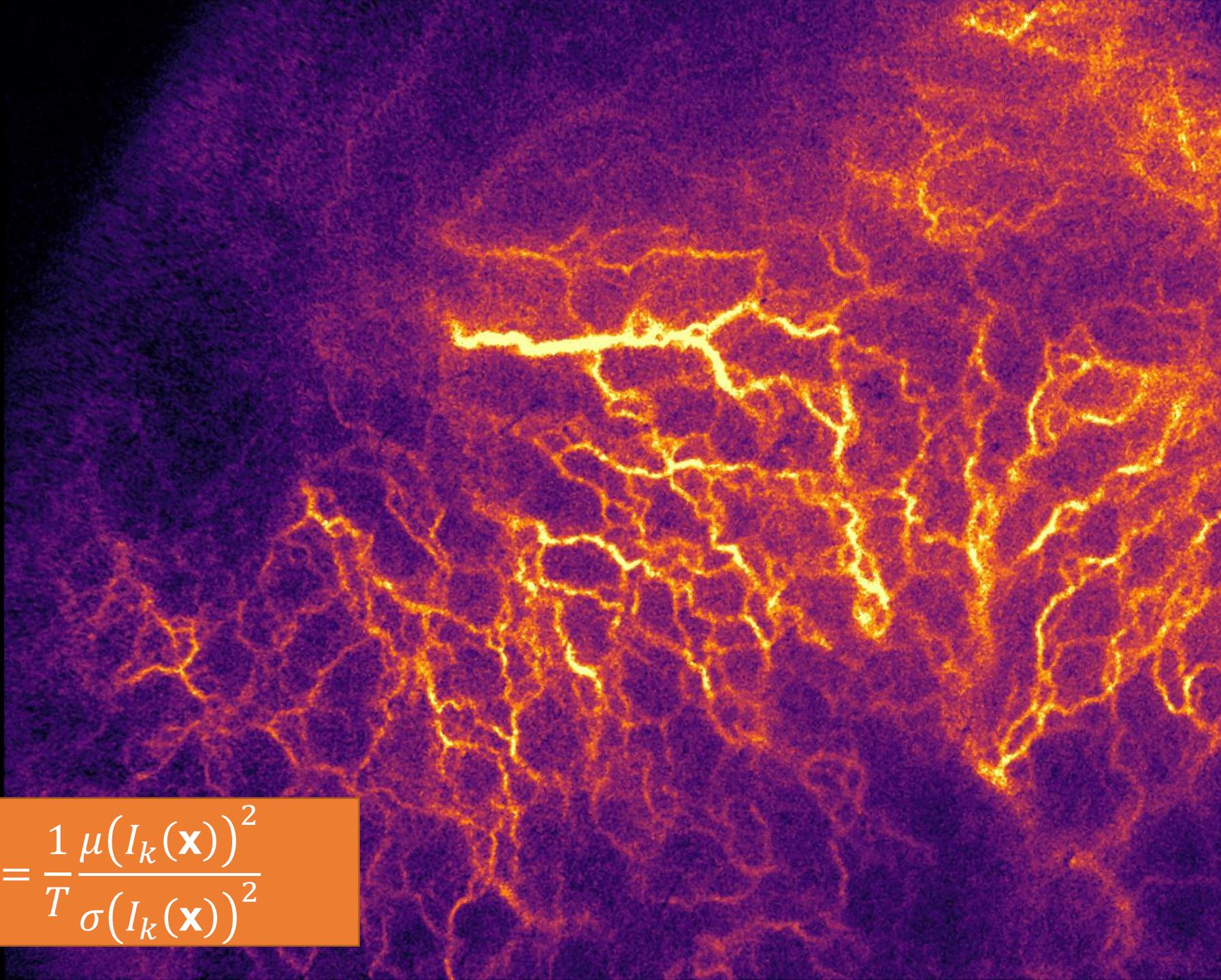
T=10ms



TD=5s

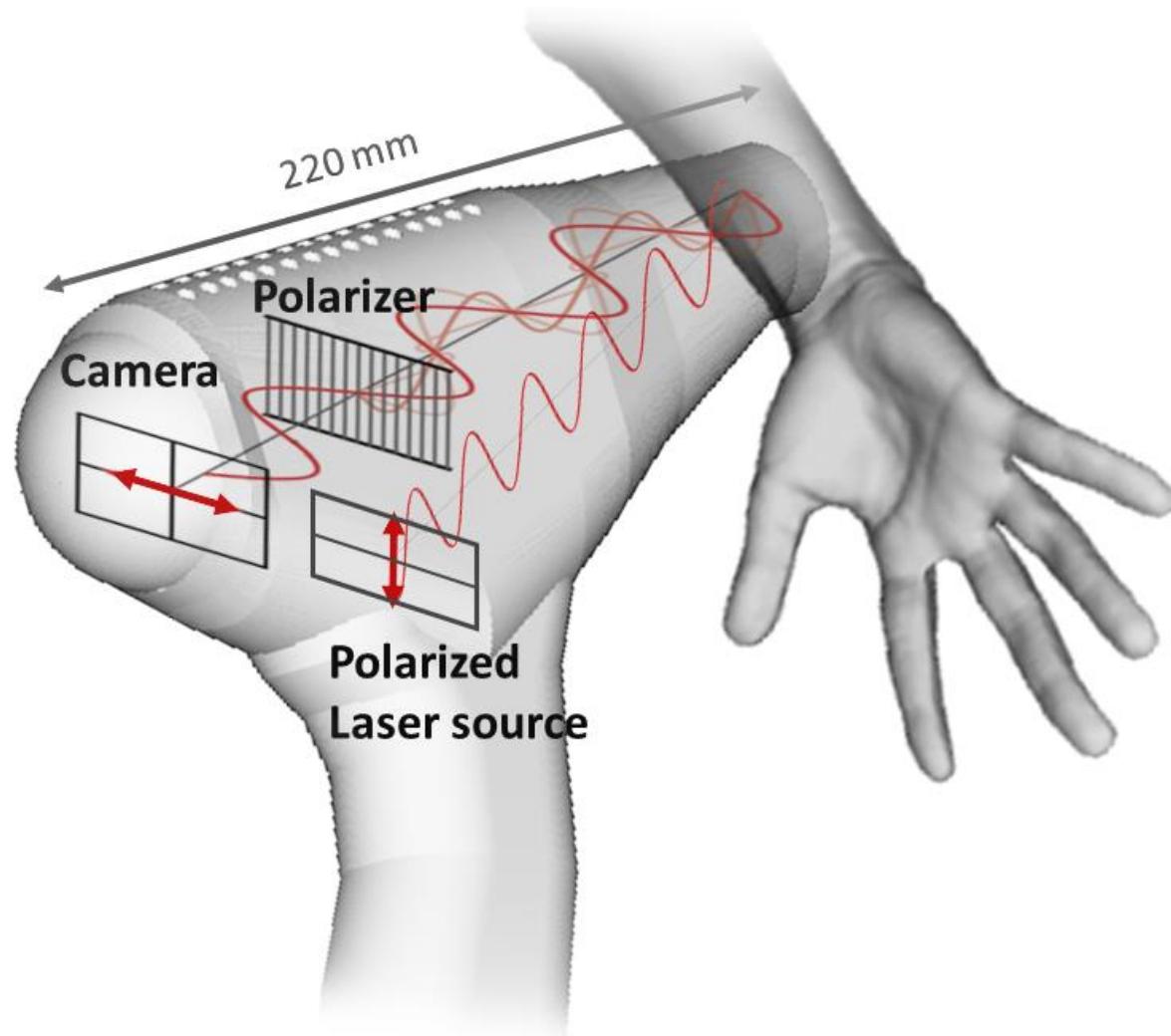






$$MAI = \frac{1}{T} \frac{\mu(I_k(\mathbf{x}))^2}{\sigma(I_k(\mathbf{x}))^2}$$

The Vasculoscope : depolarized dynamic speckle

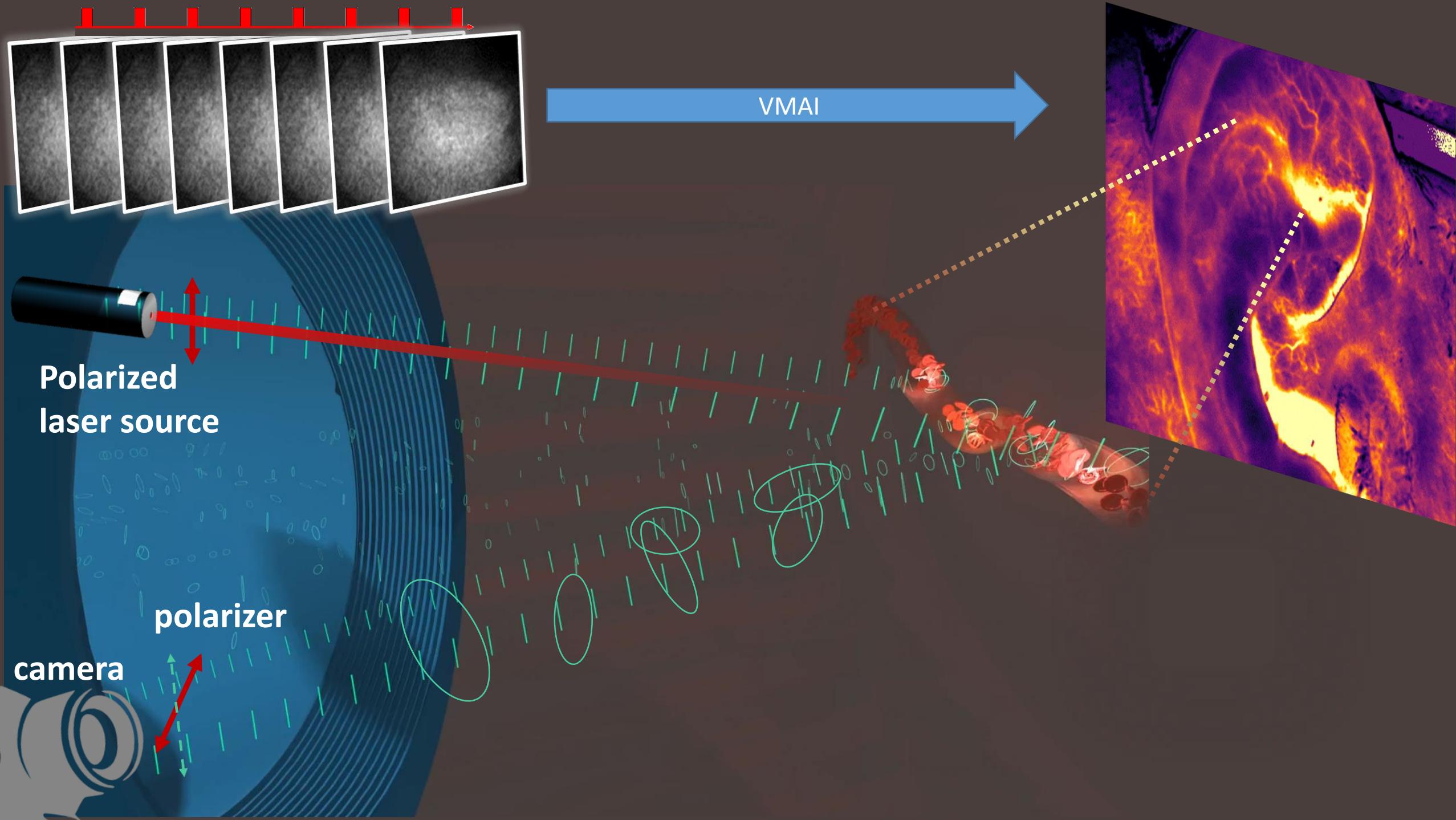


Orthogonal Polarizer
filter (patent):

Attenuate first-order scattering

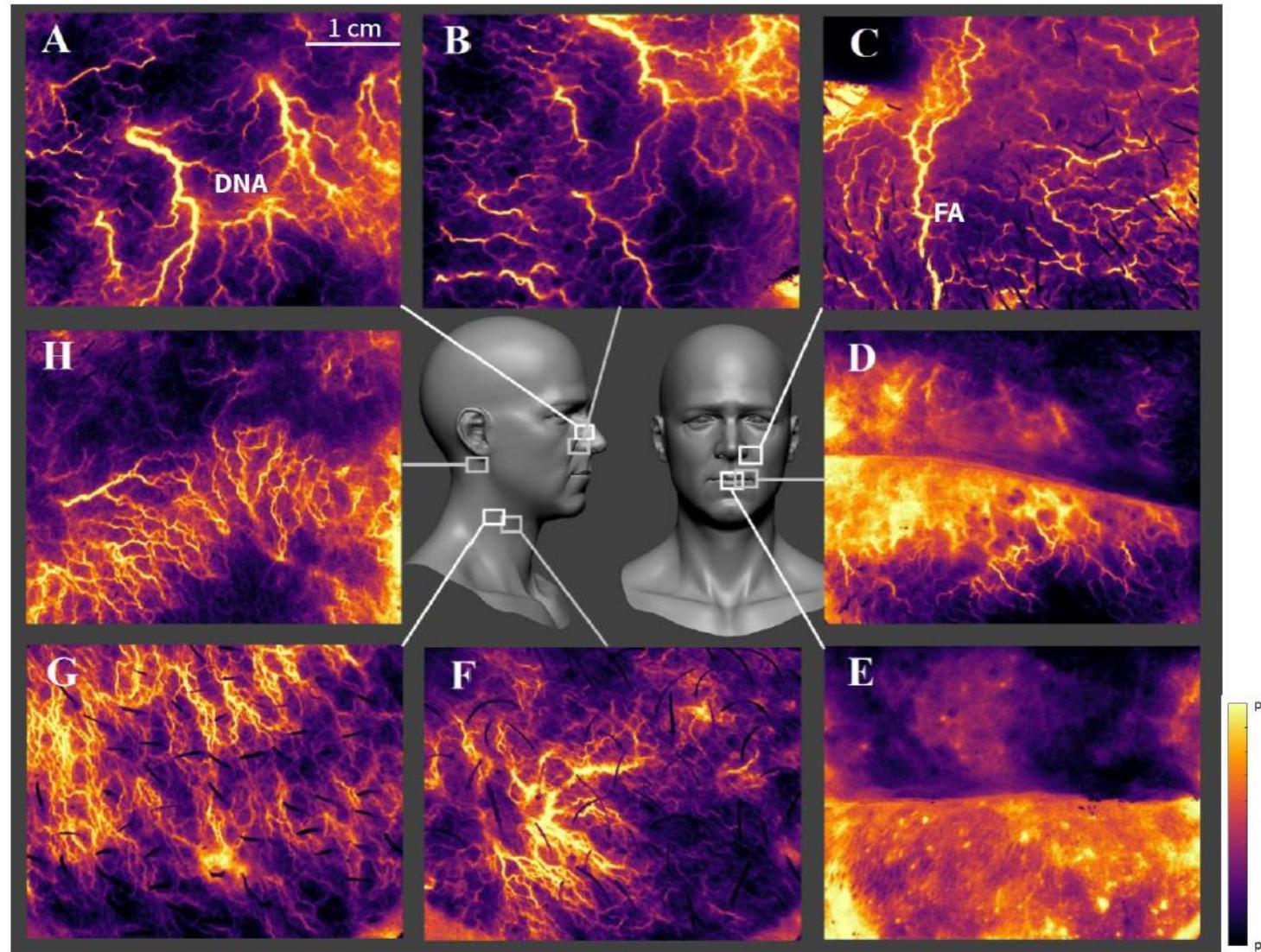
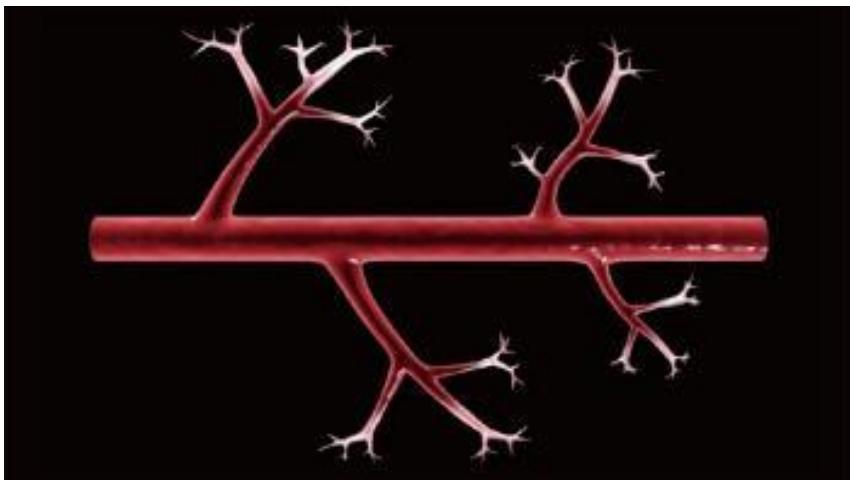
Encourage multiple scattering

- which take place at greater depths
- Could amplify perceptible activity

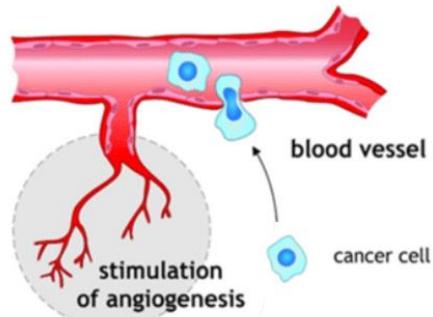


Applications to dermatology

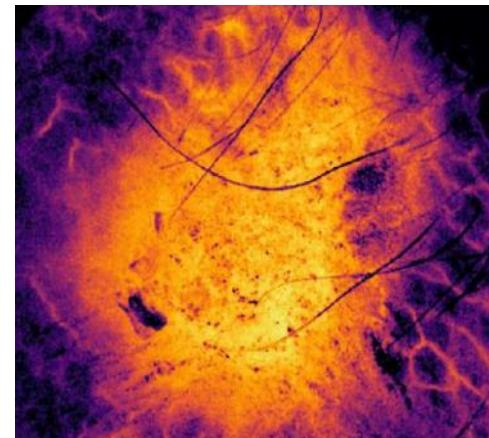
- Activity is linked to blood micro-circulation



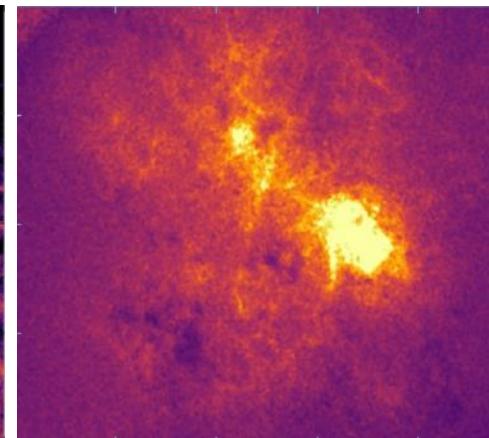
Study of a therapy



carcinoma

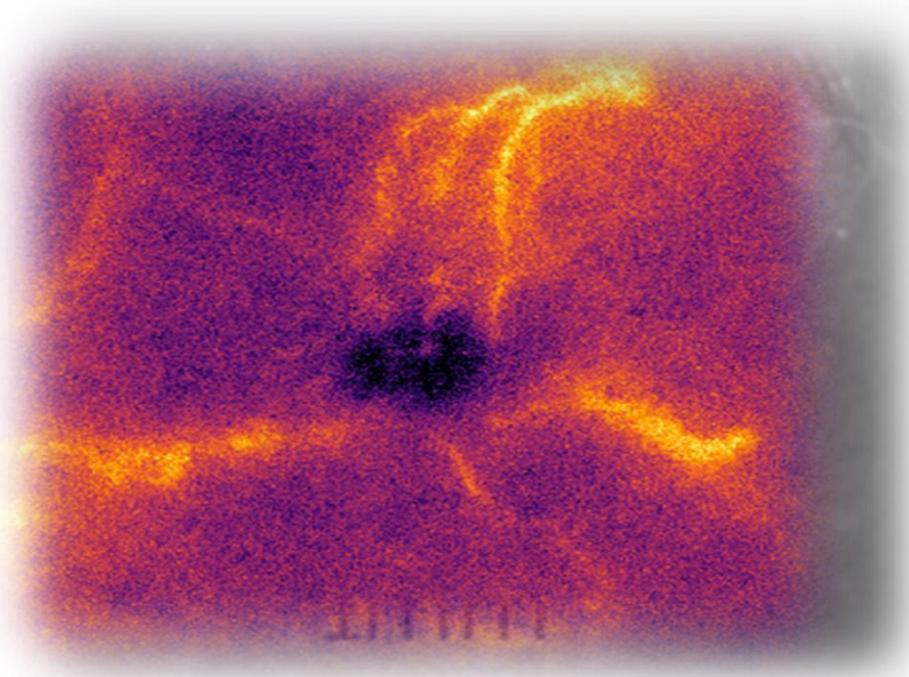


melanoma



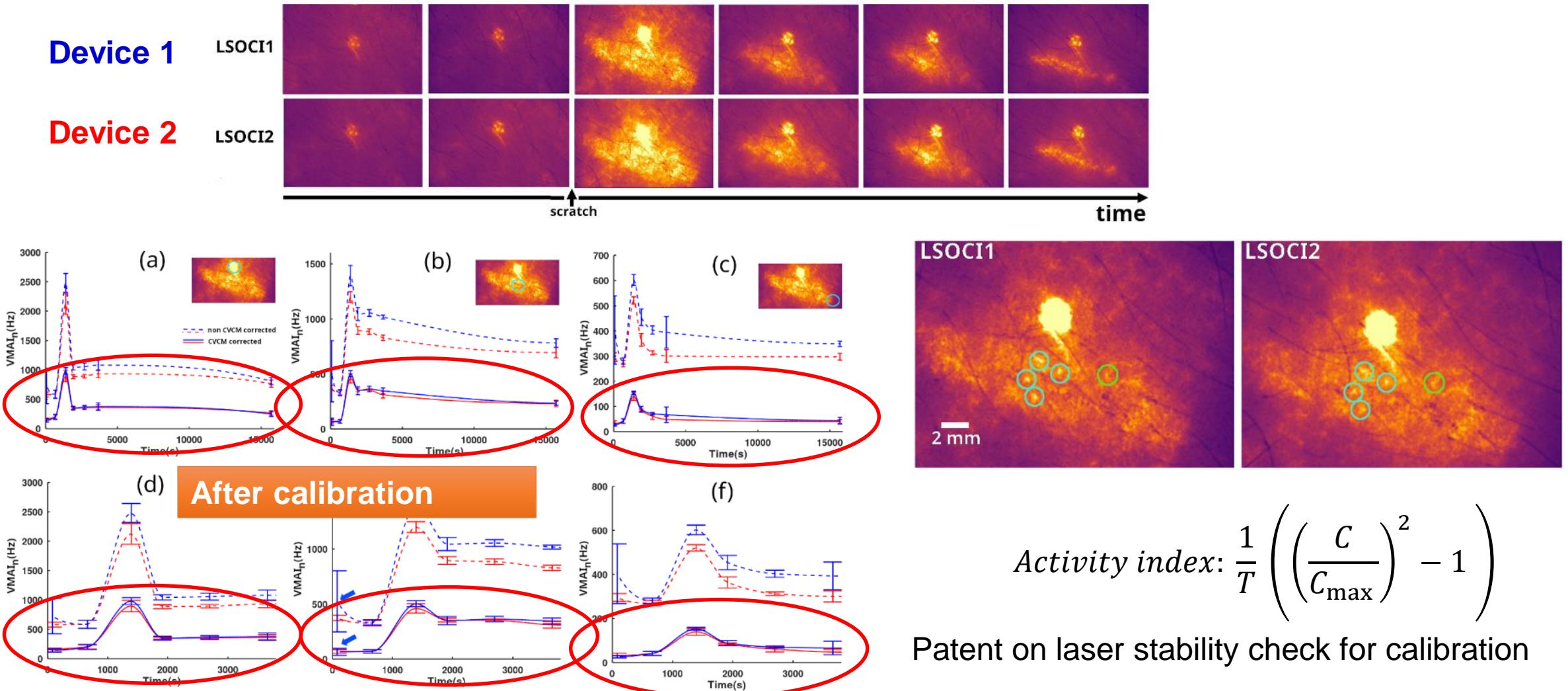
Melanoma cells
inside a mouse

IPBS (CNRS)



Towards quantification

Comparison of dynamics for two independent devices



Compensate macro movements

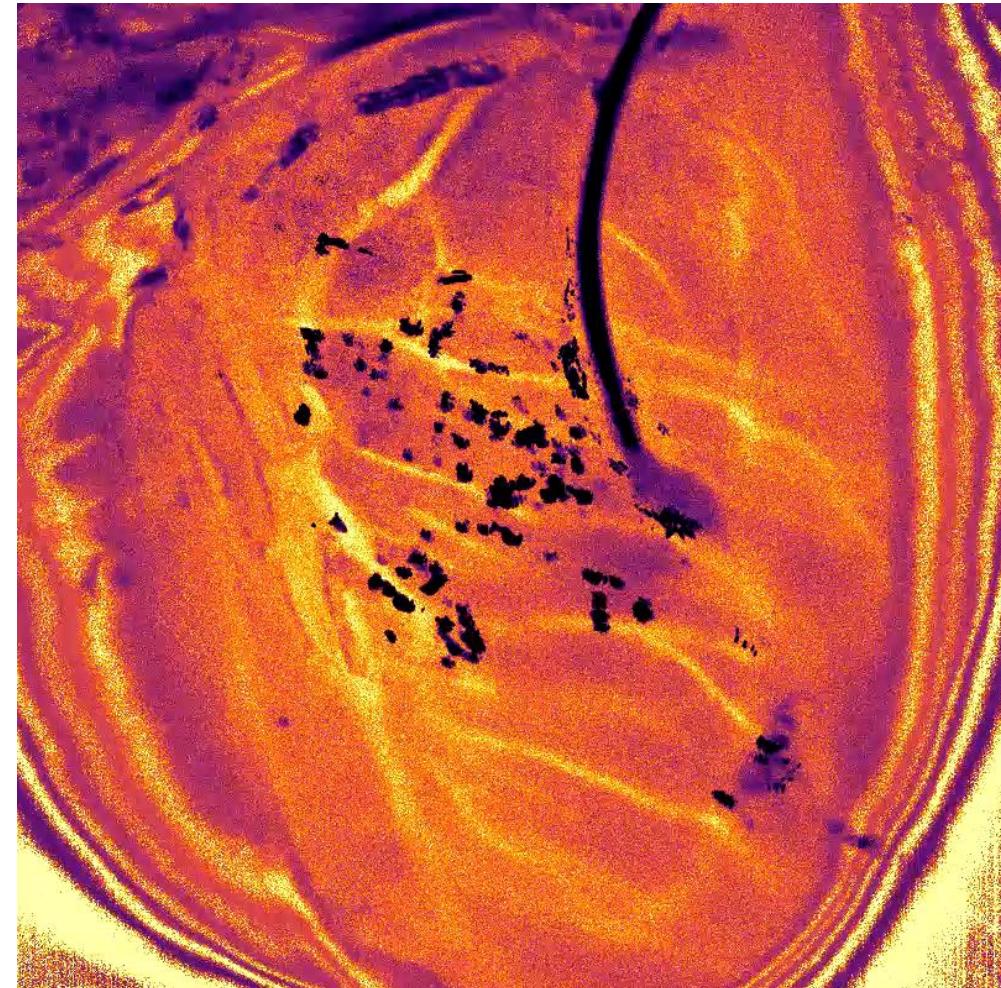
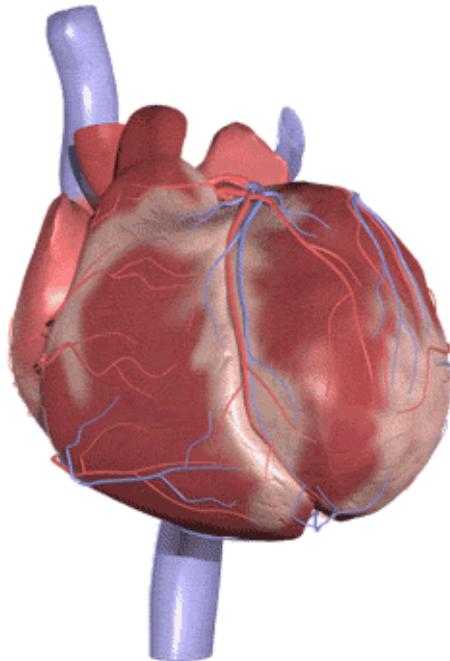


Project Echoronex, Hôpital Marie Lannelongue,
Groupe Hospitalier Paris St Joseph,
Université Paris Saclay

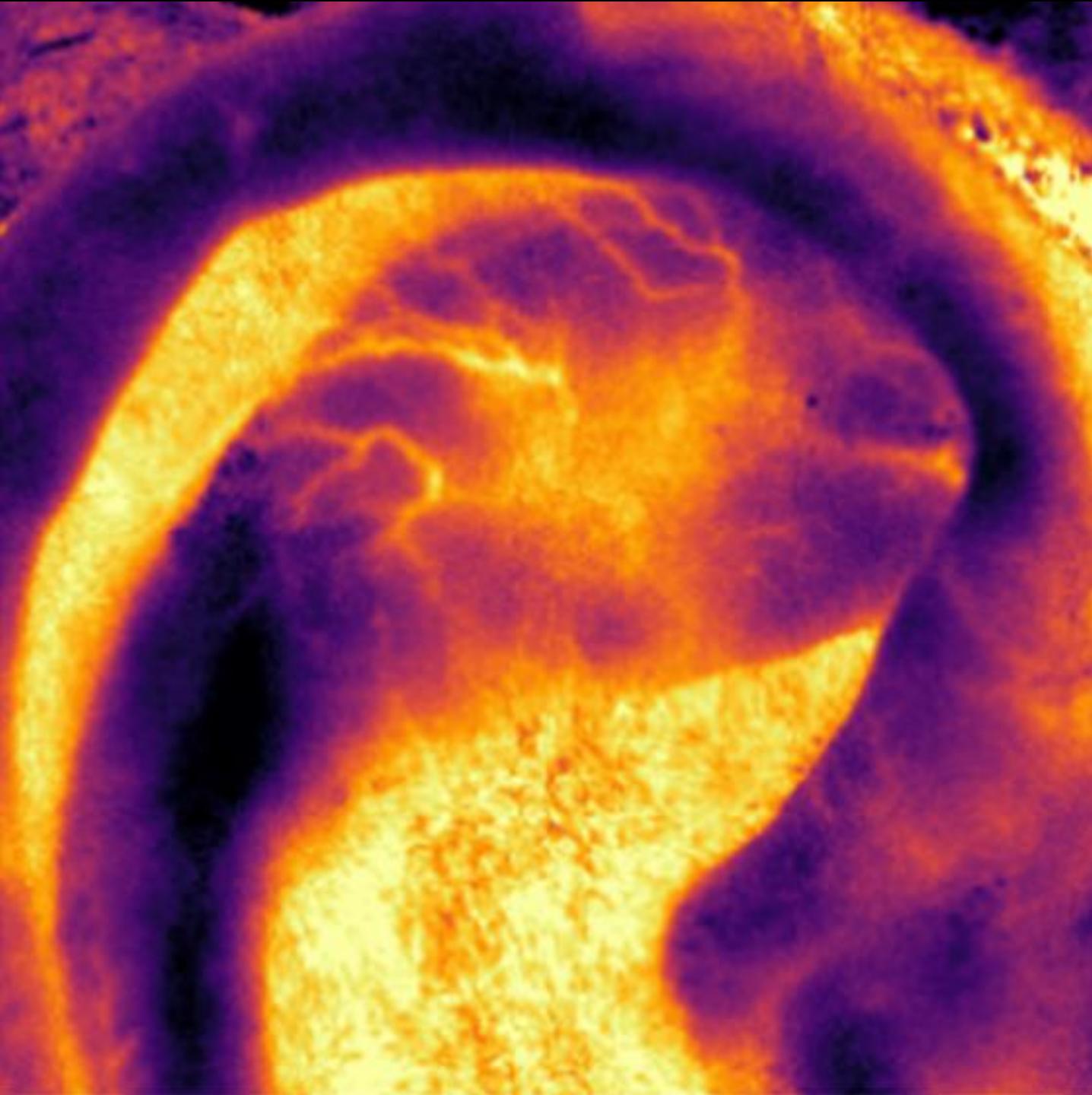
Subject: Study of a perfused heart

Objectif :

- Propose a non-invasive imaging method for graft activity under perfusion







$$1 - r_1 = \frac{m_2 - P}{m_2 - m_1^2}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N I_k$$

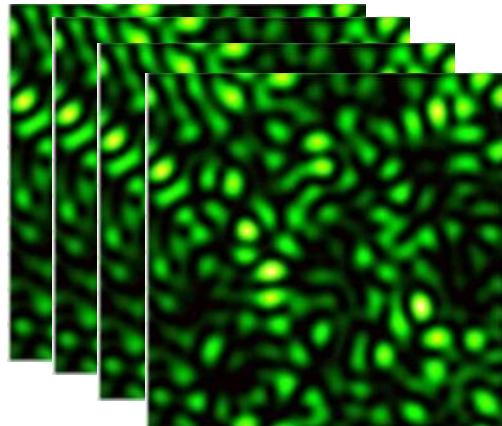
$$m_2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N I_k^2$$

$$P = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N I_k I_{k+1}$$

When ergodicity fails

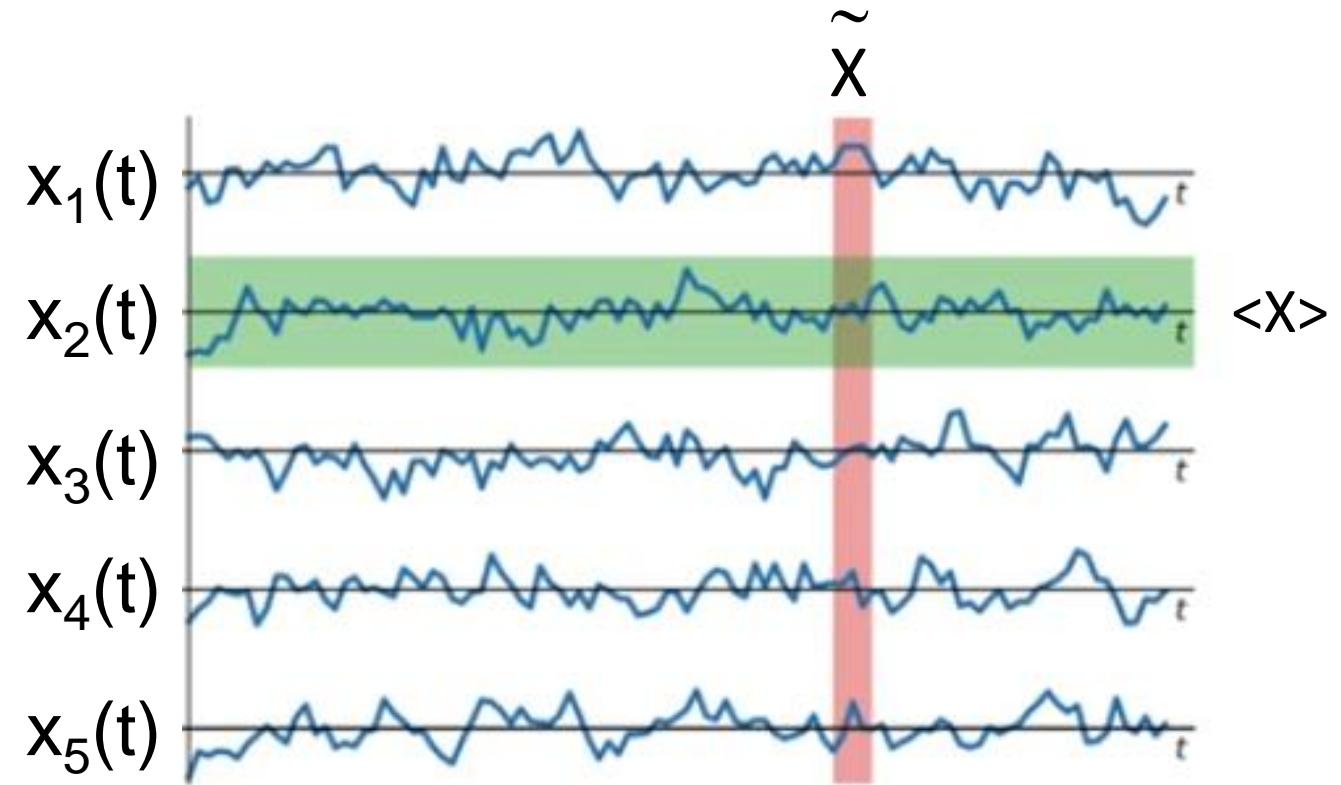
time average \neq ensemble average

$$\langle X \rangle \neq \tilde{X}$$



Very low
movement

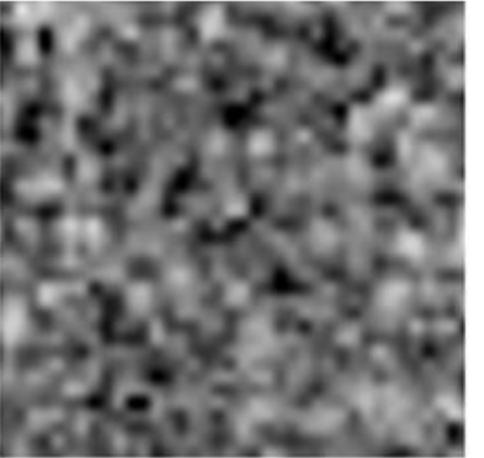
Spatial Contrast ≈ 1
Temporal Contrast ≈ 0



Question

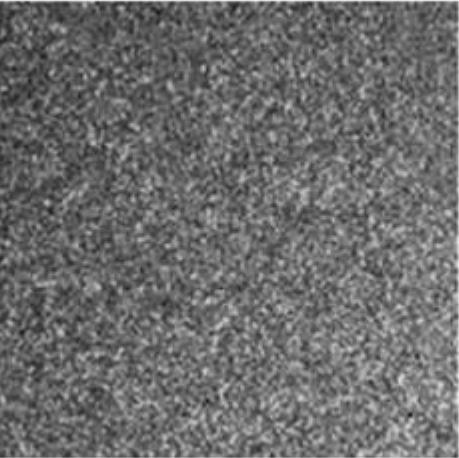
Where
ergodicity?

T=1s



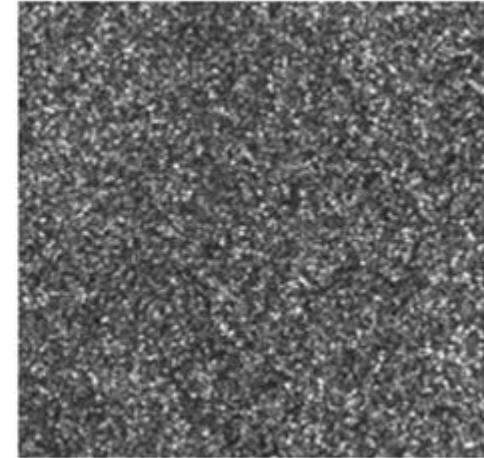
TD=1 year (30 000 000s)

T=5ms

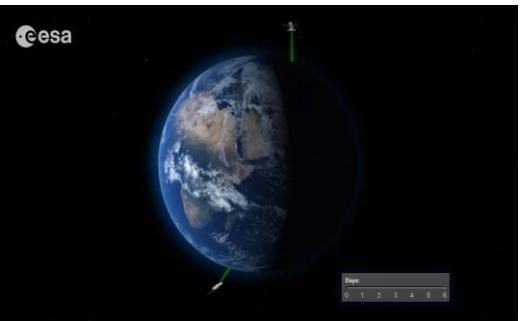
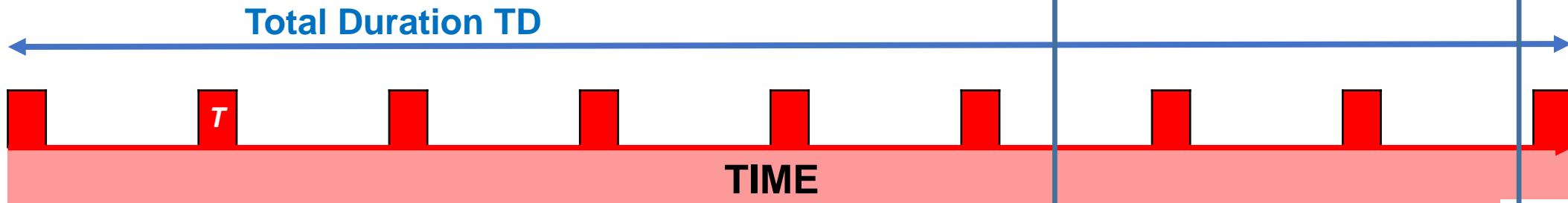


TD=1s

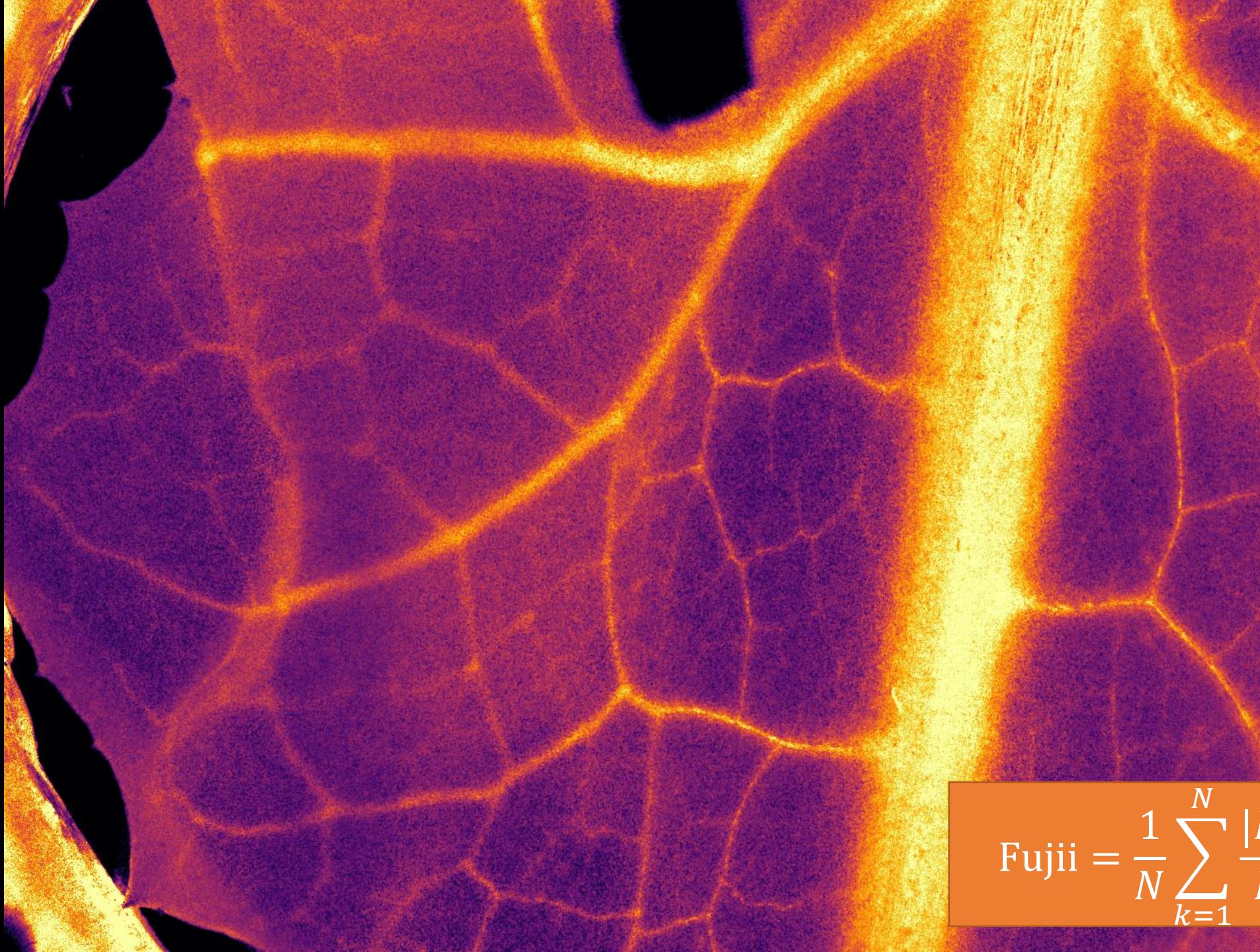
T=10ms



TD=5s







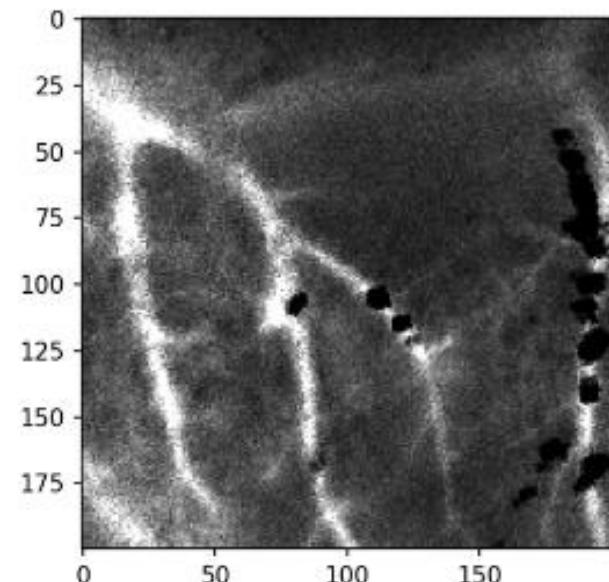
$$\text{Fujii} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{|I_k - I_{k+1}|}{I_k + I_{k+1}}$$

How to understand better non ergodicity domain?

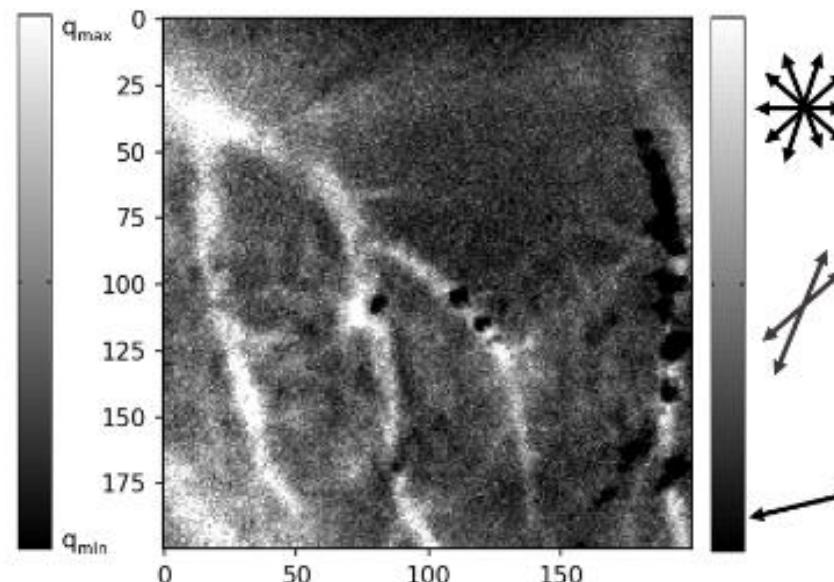
By controlled measurement (optical)

innovative optical setup for conducting polarized dynamic speckle measurements in either Stokes or Mueller polarimetric modes, with LPICM

By including polarimetric studies



speckle contrast



depolarization



Preprint - The speckle contrast extended to the polarimetric case: applications to radar and Laser images (E. Colin)

Submitted- Towards a Unified Formalism of Multivariate Coefficients of Variation -- Application to the Analysis of Polarimetric Speckle Time Series (E. Colin, R. Ossikovski)

Synthesis

From Micro to Macro: A Holistic View of Speckle Dynamics Across Optics and Radar

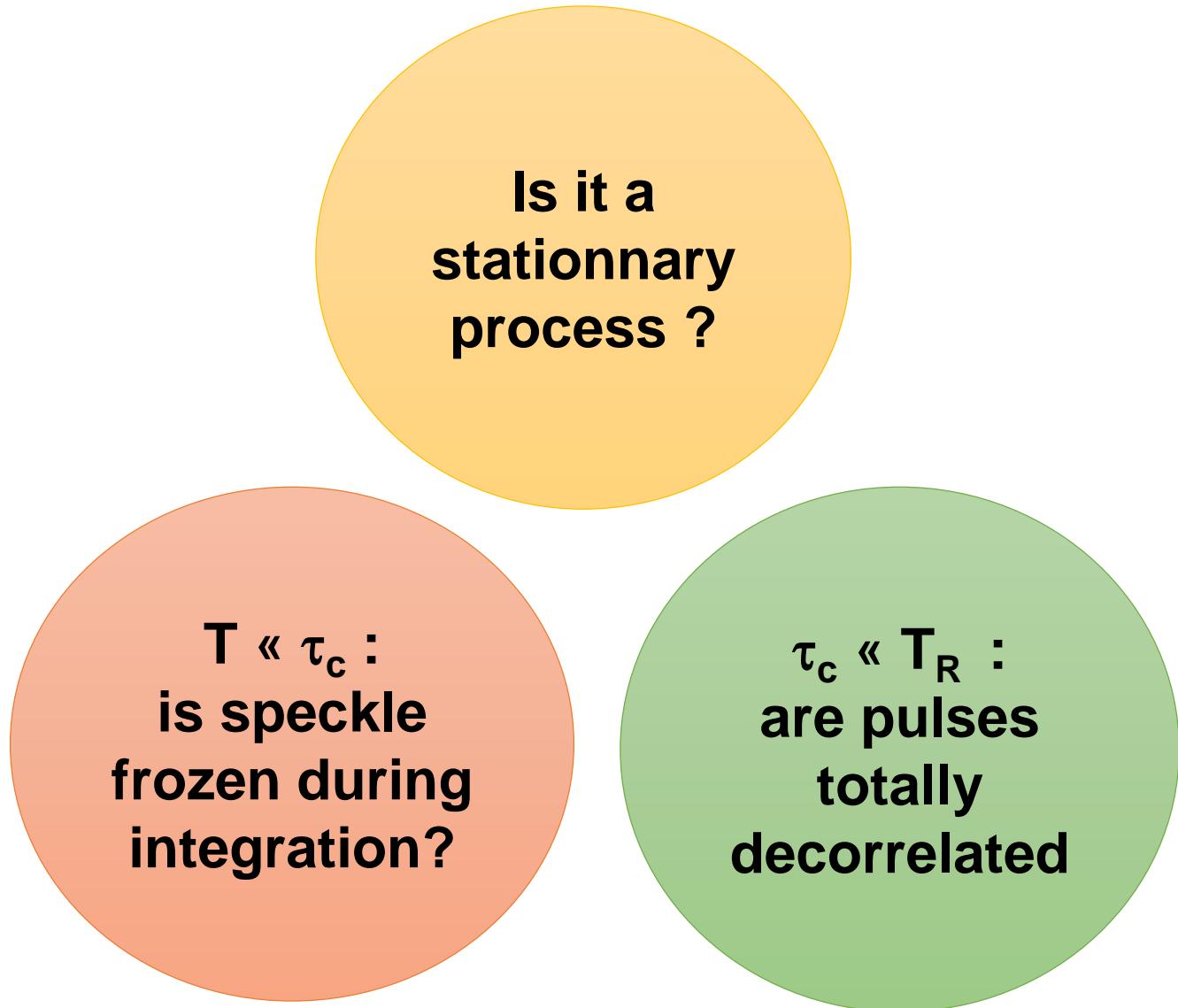
- **Diverse Applications:**
health, planetary environment, biology,
materials, and flow in wind tunnels

- **Extreme Spatial and Temporal Scales:**
Measurements spanning scales with
ratios up to one million,

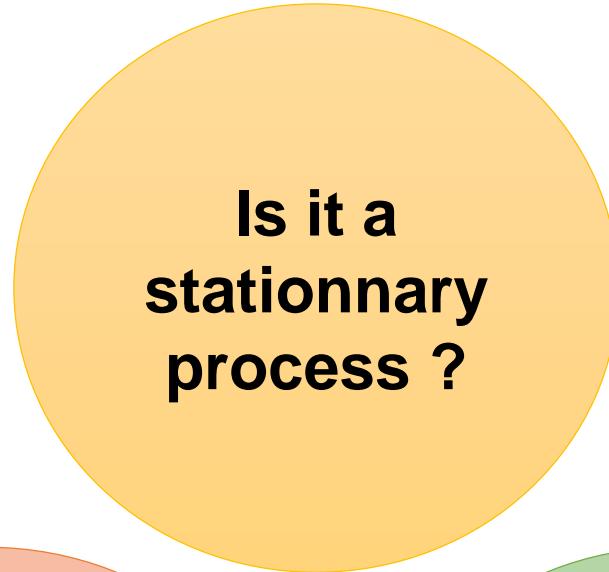
- **Diversity of Physical Hypotheses:**
Identification and clarification of physical hypotheses that vary across application
areas, crucial for accurate measurement interpretation.



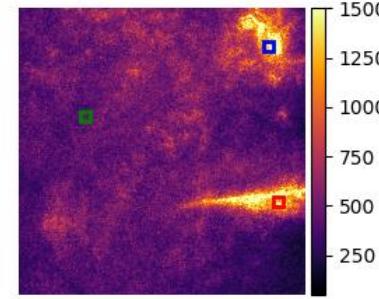
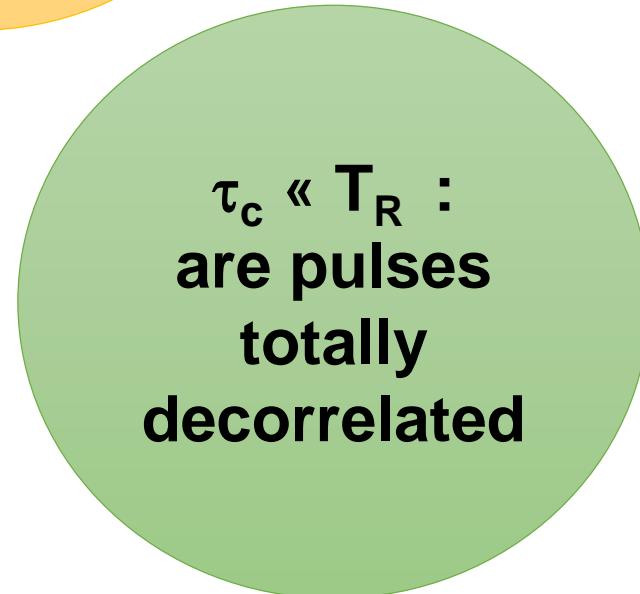
Identification and clarification of physical hypotheses



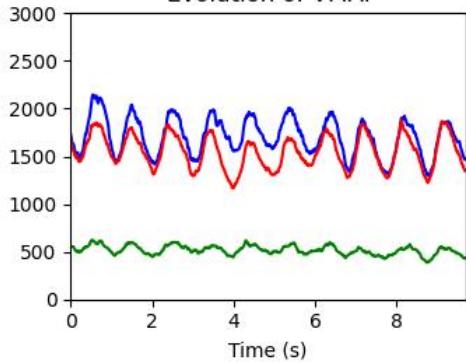
New domains to explore for new applications



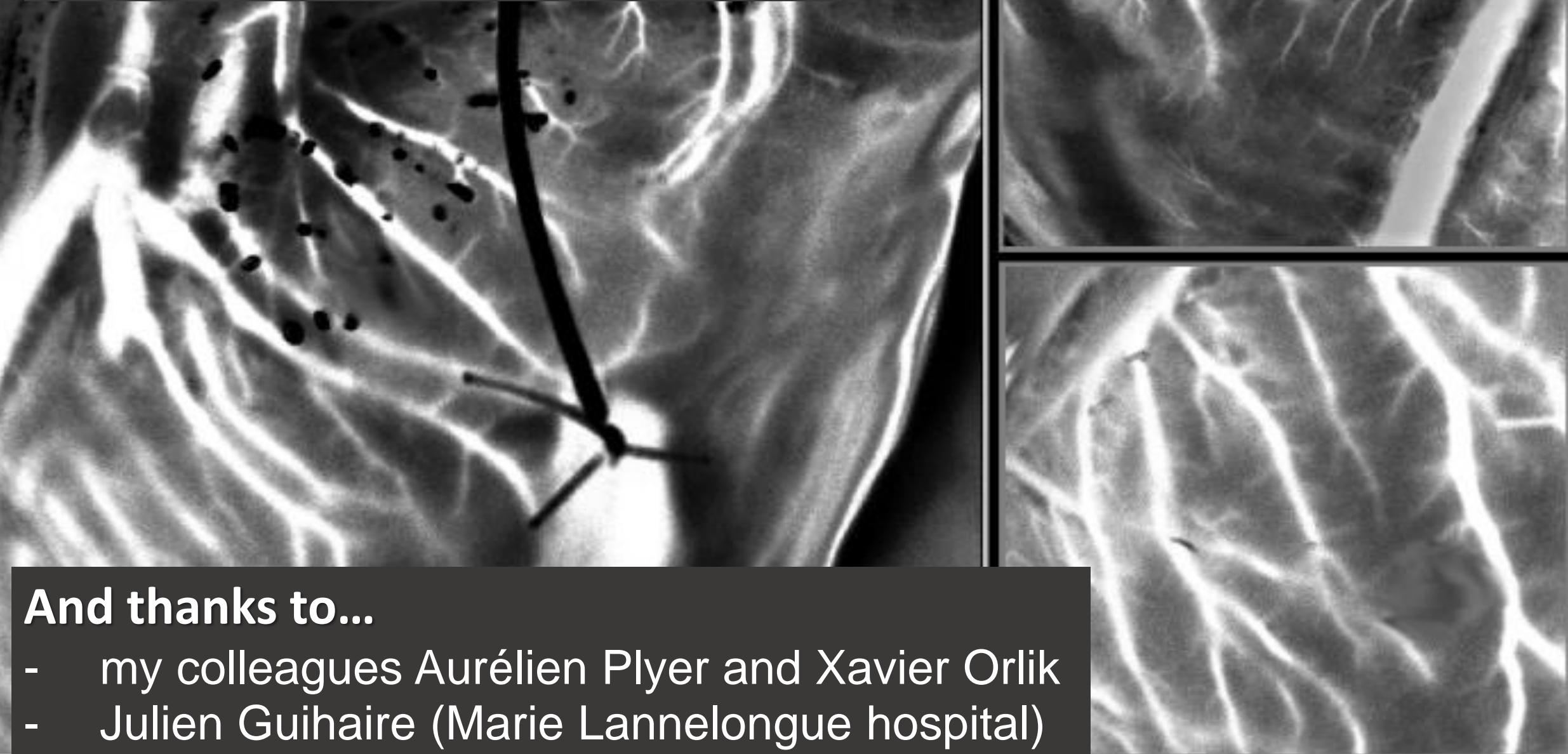
$T \ll \tau_c$:
is speckle
frozen during
integration?



Evolution of VMAI



Thank you for your attention...



And thanks to...

- my colleagues Aurélien Plyer and Xavier Orlik
- Julien Guihaire (Marie Lannelongue hospital)

Publication International peer-reviewed journals

- Plyer, A., Colin, E., Orlik, X., Akamkam, A., Guihare, X - *Imaging the vasculature of a beating heart by dynamic speckle: the challenge of a quasi-periodic motion*, Journal of biomedical Optics, under review, 2022 October
- Colin, E., Plyer, A., Golzio, M., Meyer, N., Favre, G., & Orlik, X. (2022). *Imaging of the skin microvascularization using spatially depolarized dynamic speckle*. Journal of Biomedical Optics, 27(4), 046003.
- Erdmann, S., Weissgerber, F., Koeniguer, É. C., & Orlik, X. (2022). *Dynamic speckle imaging of human skin vasculature with a high-speed camera*. Optics Express, 30(7), 11923-11943.
- Preprints, submitted under review

Workshop

- JIONC 2023 - Imagerie de la circulation de sève d'une feuille par **speckle dynamique**
- JIONC 2022 - Le vasculoscope : **speckle dynamique polarisé** pour l'imagerie d'un indice d'activité microvasculaire volumique
- NIH / IRSN Meeting 2022 – The vasculoscope : Depolarized dynamic speckle
- GSO17th - The transcutaneous Microvasculoscope: Observation of the tumoral microvasculature
- EBTT 2021 - New non-invasive and real-time imaging modality to evaluate the effects of electrochemotherapyon melanoma

National Journals

- Revue des Mines, 2023
- Aerospatium, 2023

Awards

**Nomination Prix Jerphagnon 2023, Société Française d'Optique
Jury présidé par Alain Aspect, Prix Nobel 2022**

Video ressources

TED-X Paris Saclay 2022

Cohérence de la lumière, de notre planète à la vascularisation.

https://youtu.be/6_rR3DDTGjU

Prix Jean Jerphagnon - Nominée 2023 - Elise COLIN

<https://youtu.be/y9UfQzymESI?si=M8F9x-1hMF5fxF0x>

ITAE au forum des Innovations Paris Saclay 2022

<https://youtube.com/clip/UgkxIsJEZredRNzDBff23fFtJecd2Eto5X18?si=IXROH0vIBTw4dM2>