

# Fayet-Iliopoulos D-term in Non-Susy Heterotic String Orbifolds

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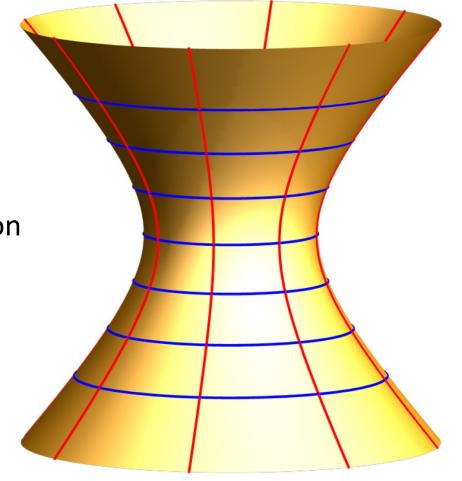
Based on 2302.10075, 2306.16878 with Alon Faraggi, Viktor Matyas, Ben Percival

#### De Sitter Vacua?



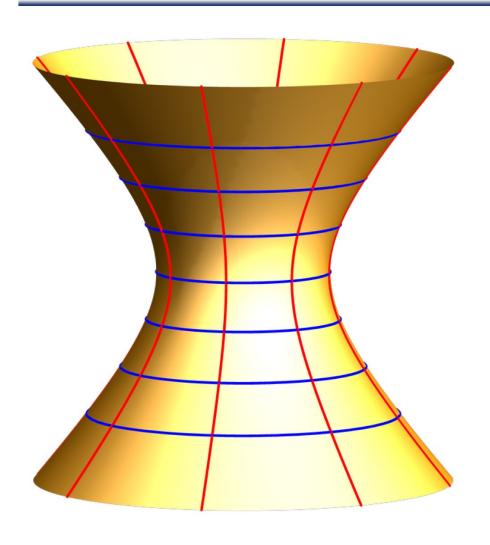
- Universe is expanding with positive acceleration
- A positive cosmological constant Λ is the oldest and simplest solution to this → de Sitter Spacetime.

 However de Sitter space in conflict with QFT formulation (and string theory)



#### De Sitter Vacua?





#### **Possible Solutions:**

KKLT

Landscape – Swampland

Quintessence

Is there a way to uplift the Vacuum through an exact string theory computation?

Low-Energy

# **Heterotic String**



#### Free-Fermionic Construction:

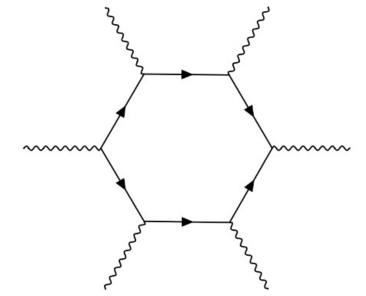
 $\rightarrow$  Symmetric  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$  orbifold with  $\mathcal{N} = 1$  Susy

with Gauge group 
$$SO(10) \times U(1)_1 \times U(1)_2 \times U(1)_3 \times SO(8)^2$$

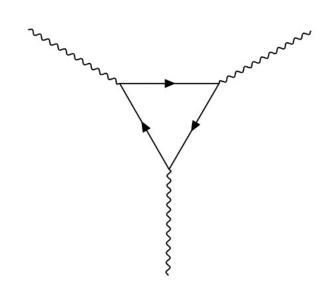


Anomalies: Lagrangian  $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \text{local transformation} \rightarrow \mathcal{L} \text{ not Invariant}$ 

10D



4D





Green-Schwarz Mechanism  $\mathcal{N}=1$ :

Anomaly cancelled by the 'anomalous' variation of some other field(s)

$$\mathcal{L} \qquad \xrightarrow{U(1)} \qquad A_{\mu} \to A_{\mu} + \partial_{\mu} \Lambda \quad \to \quad \delta \mathcal{L} \sim \xi \Lambda F^2 \qquad \qquad \xi \sim Tr \ Q$$

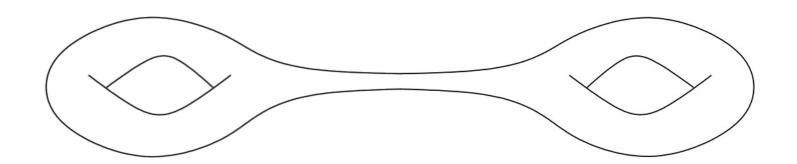
$$\mathcal{L} + aF^2 \stackrel{U(1)}{\longrightarrow} \qquad a \to a - \xi \Lambda \qquad \to \quad \delta \mathcal{L} = 0$$



#### Imposing Gauge Invariance

$$V_D = \frac{1}{2} g_s^{-2} D^2 = \dots + \frac{1}{2} g_s^2 \xi^2$$
  $\xi \sim Tr Q$ 

- Additional contribution in N=1 when non-zero TrQ
  - Destabilizes the vacua





Imposing Gauge Invariance

$$V_D = \frac{1}{2} g_s^{-2} D^2 = \dots + \frac{1}{2} g_s^2 \xi^2$$
  $\xi \sim Tr Q$ 

- Additional contribution in N=1 when non-zero TrQ
- "When N=1  $\rightarrow$  N=0 remains there"



#### Susy breaking

• Explicit Breaking: gravitino projected out of the spectrum

$$\mathbb{Z}_2$$
:

$$\psi_I \rightarrow -\psi_I$$

• Spontaneous Breaking:

$$\mathbb{Z}_2$$
 +  $X \to X$  +  $\pi$ :  $\psi_I \to \psi_I$  invariant but massive  $m \sim \frac{1}{R}$ 



#### Imposing Gauge Invariance

$$V_D = \frac{1}{2} g_s^{-2} D^2 = \dots + \frac{1}{2} g_s^2 \xi^2$$
  $\xi \sim Tr Q$ 

- Additional contribution in N=1 when non-zero TrQ
- "When N=1  $\rightarrow$  N=0 remains there"
- $[\xi^2] = M^4$  as CC  $\rightarrow$  additional POSITIVE contribution to CC

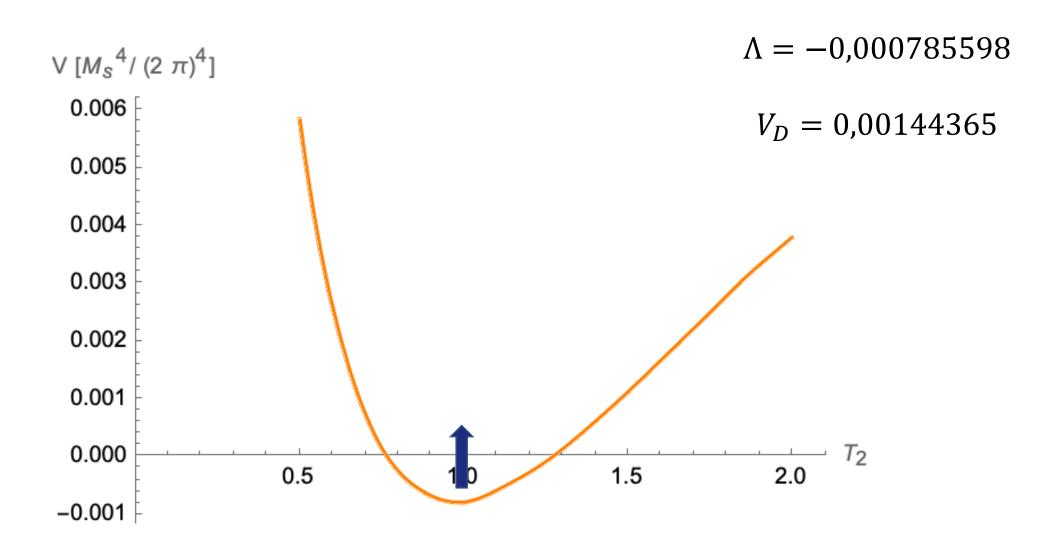


Does this really work?

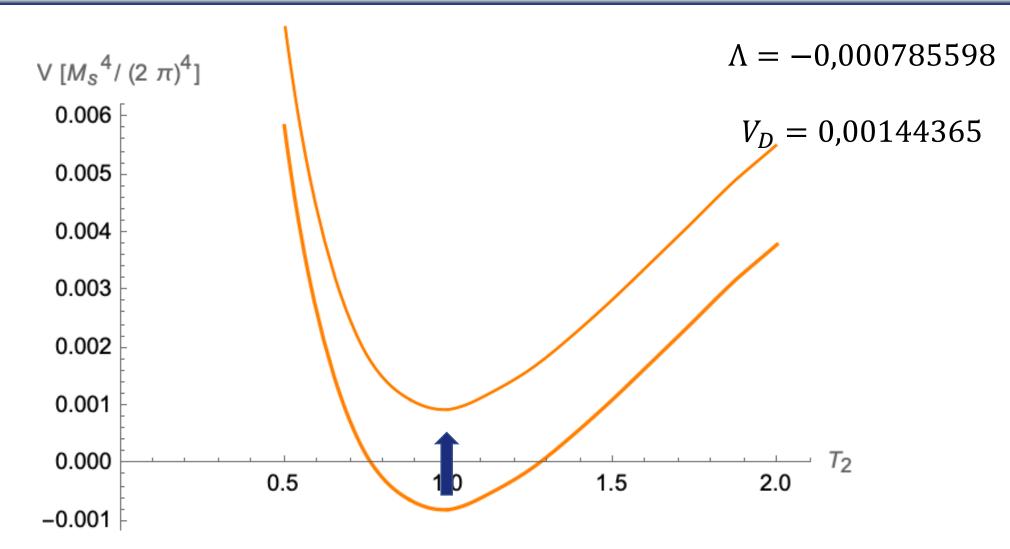
- In the PF  $T^6 \sim T^2 \times T^2 \times T^2$  with  $\Gamma_{2,2}\left(T,U\right) \rightarrow \Gamma_{2,2}\left(T_2\right)$ ,  $T_1^*, U_1^*, U_2^*$  fixed at FF point Florakis, Rizos
- Potential computed as  $V(T_2) = \int Z$  at 1-loop
- TrQ computed by analysing states charged under  $U(1)_A$

• 
$$V_D = \frac{1}{2}g_S^2 \xi^2$$
 fix  $g_S = 1$ 

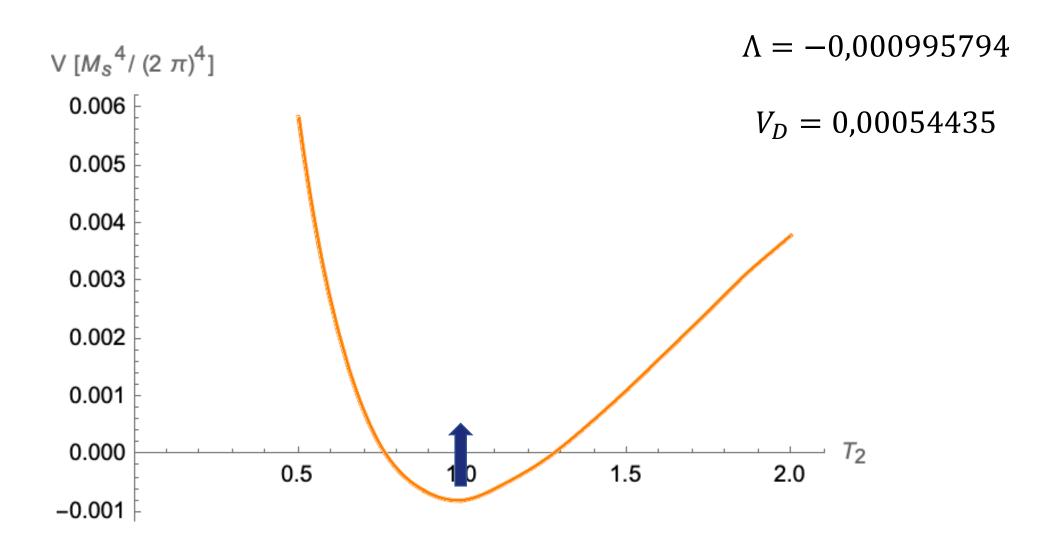




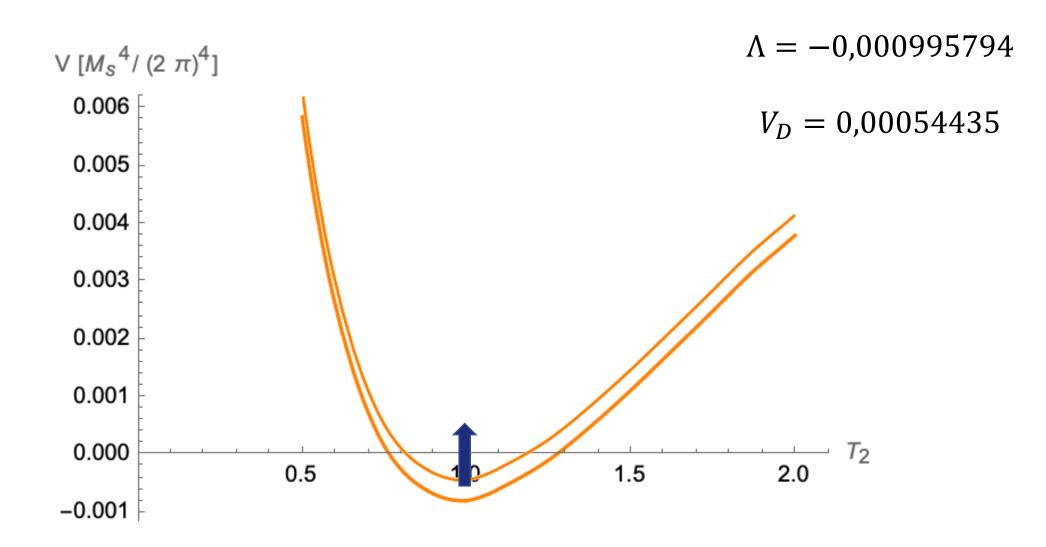






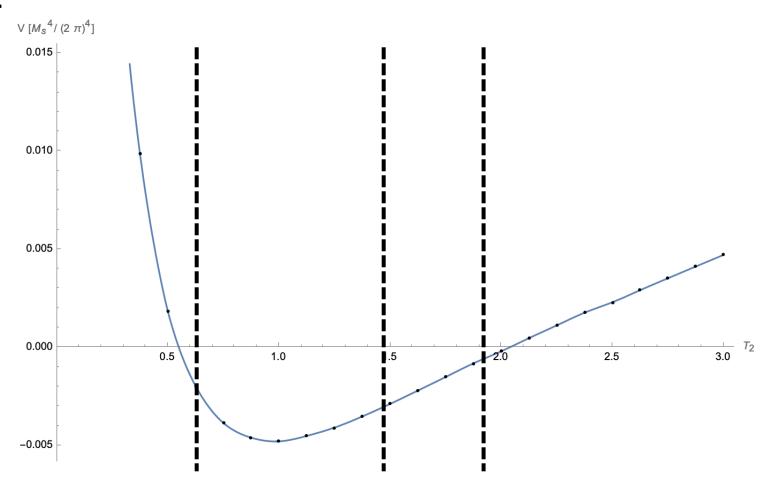






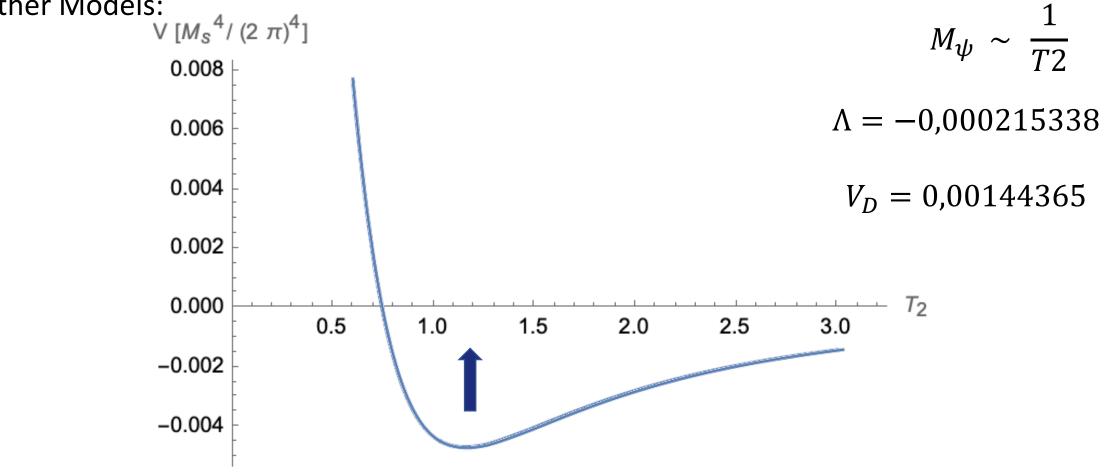


#### Other Models:

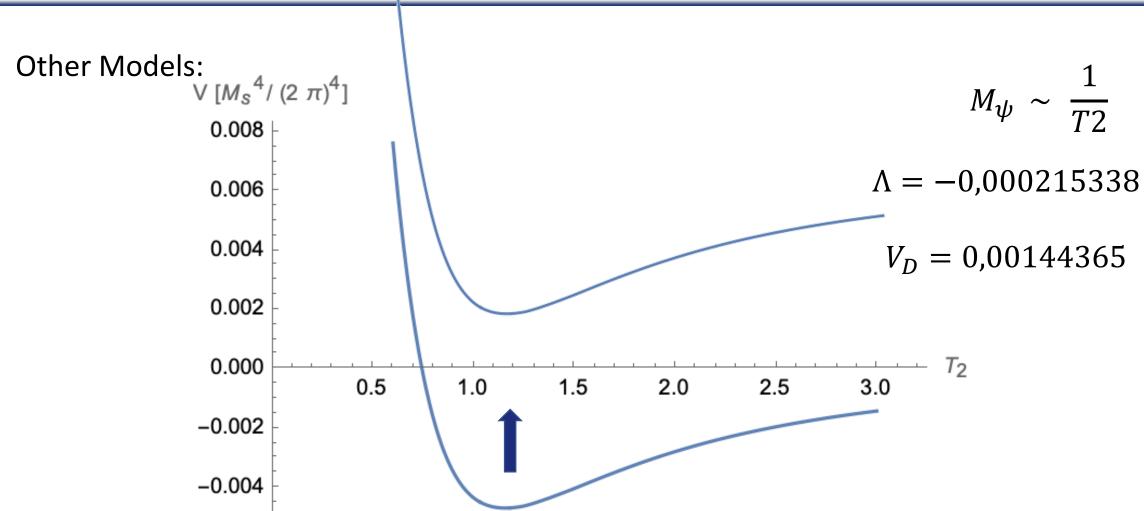












#### Conclusion



- N=1 existence of Anomalous  $U(1) \rightarrow$  additional positive contribution to CC
- Contributions remains there even with broken SUSY
- Possibility of Vacuum Uplift

Thanks for the attention!