

Triple Higgs production

A window on SM and BSM physics

Benjamin Fuks

LPTHE / Sorbonne Université

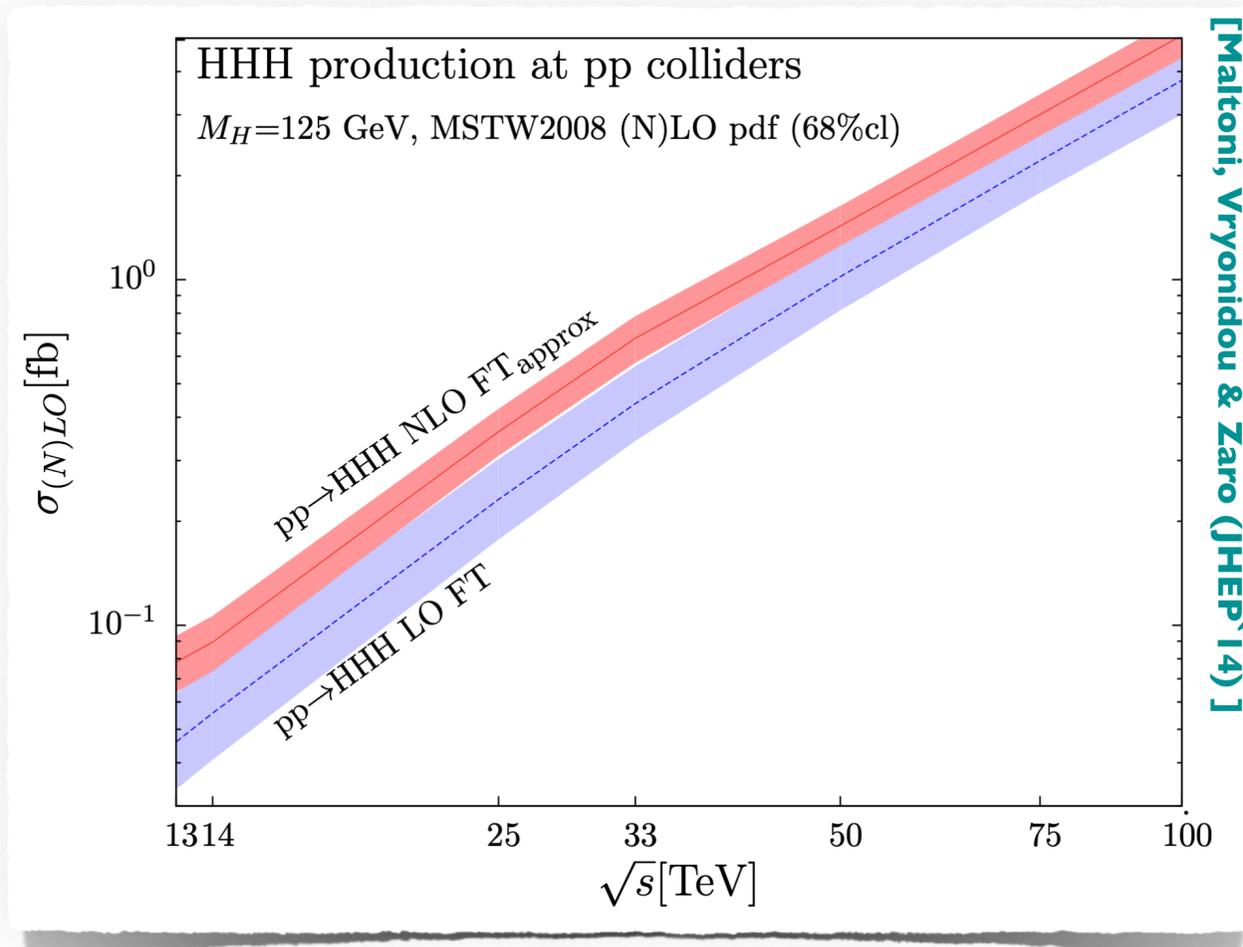
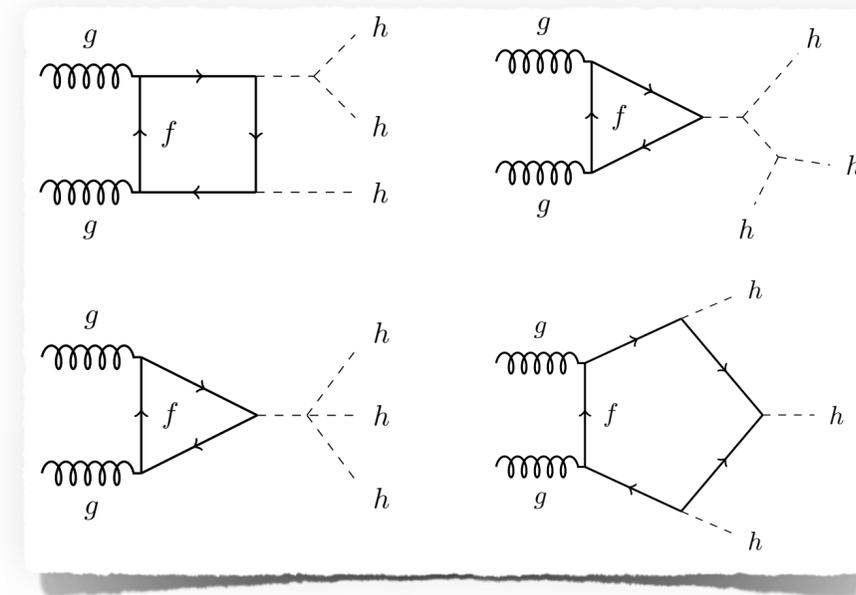
HHH workshop

Dubrovnik, 14-16 July 2023

Triple Higgs production at colliders – a growing interest

Modern studies of hhh production at hadron colliders

- Pioneering works in the early 2000s
 - SM prospects rather bleak [Plehn & Rauch (PRD`05)]
 - BSM rates more appealing [Binoth, Karg, Kauer & Rückl (PRD`06)]
- SM rates between 100 ab @ 13 TeV to a few fb at 100 TeV
 - NLO corrections in the full theory approximation
 - K-factors of 1.5 – 2



FCC working group studies

- Large rates in many models \equiv **wealth of possibilities**
 - Extra resonant contributions
 - Coupling modifiers
- Precision predictions available See talk by Zanderighi
- The Higgs discovery
 - Multiple Higgs production **crucial for the Higgs potential**

$$V_h = \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \lambda_{hhh} v h^3 + \frac{1}{4} \lambda_{hhhh} h^4$$

On the way to the Higgs potential

The Higgs potential in the SM - very few freedoms

- The **Higgs mass and vev** the (known) keys

$$V_h = \frac{1}{2}m_h^2 h^2 + \lambda_{hhh} v h^3 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_{hhhh} h^4$$

with $\lambda_{hhh} = \lambda_{hhhh} = \frac{m_h^2}{2v^2}$

- Higgs self-couplings: *direct* verification in order
 - Better knowledge of EWSB
 - Access to an extended scalar sector
 - Nature of the electroweak phase transition

See talk by
Karkout & du Pree

Simplest new physics parameterisation

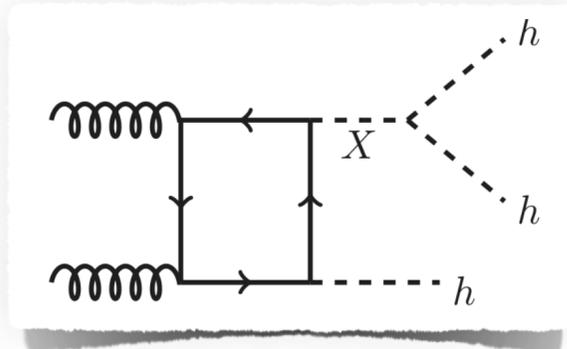
- SM coupling modifiers

$$V_h = \frac{1}{2}m_h^2 h^2 + (1 + \kappa_3)\lambda_{hhh} v h^3 + \frac{1}{4}(1 + \kappa_4)\lambda_{hhhh} h^4$$

- In the SM $\kappa = 0$
 - Experimental constraints at the LHC and beyond
 - **Requires multi-Higgs production**

More involved parameterisation

- Extended scalar sector
 - xSM, 2HDM, 3HDM, etc.
- Resonant enhancement in multi-Higgs production



$$V_0(\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_3) = \mu_1^2 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1) + \mu_2^2 (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2) + \mu_3^2 (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3) + \lambda_1 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1)^2$$

$$+ \lambda_2 (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2)^2 + \lambda_3 (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3)^2 + \lambda_4 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1) (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2) + \lambda_5 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1) (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3)$$

$$+ \lambda_6 (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2) (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3) + \lambda_7 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2) (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_1)$$

$$+ \lambda_8 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_3) (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_1) + \lambda_9 (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_3) (\phi_3^\dagger \phi_2)$$

See talks by Pasechnik,
Papaefstathiou & Robens

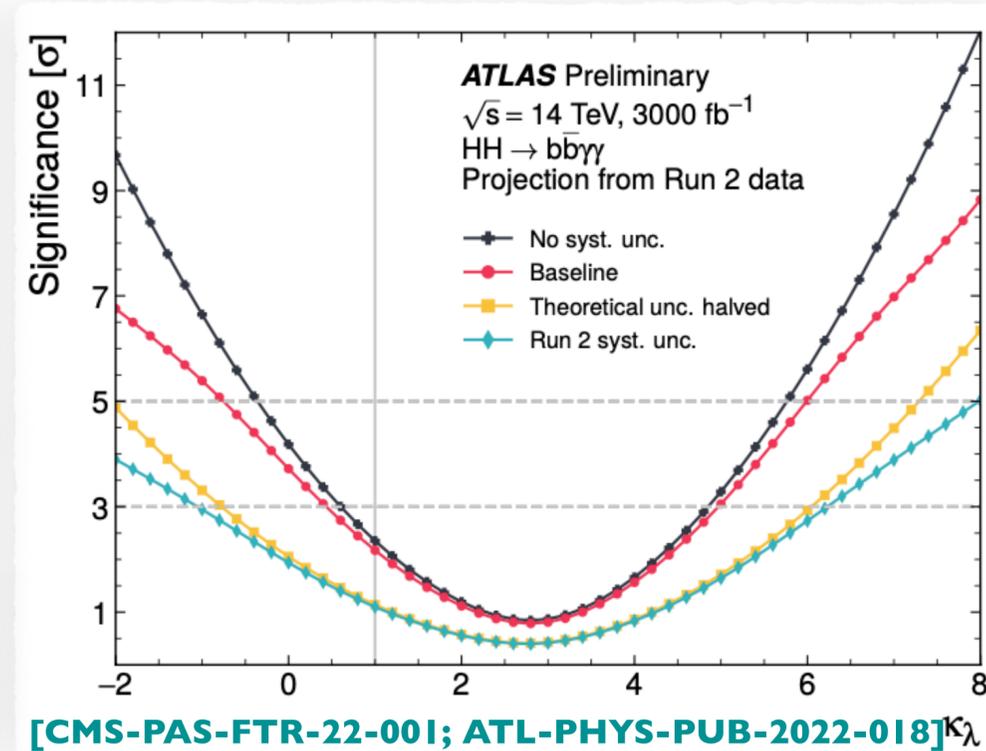
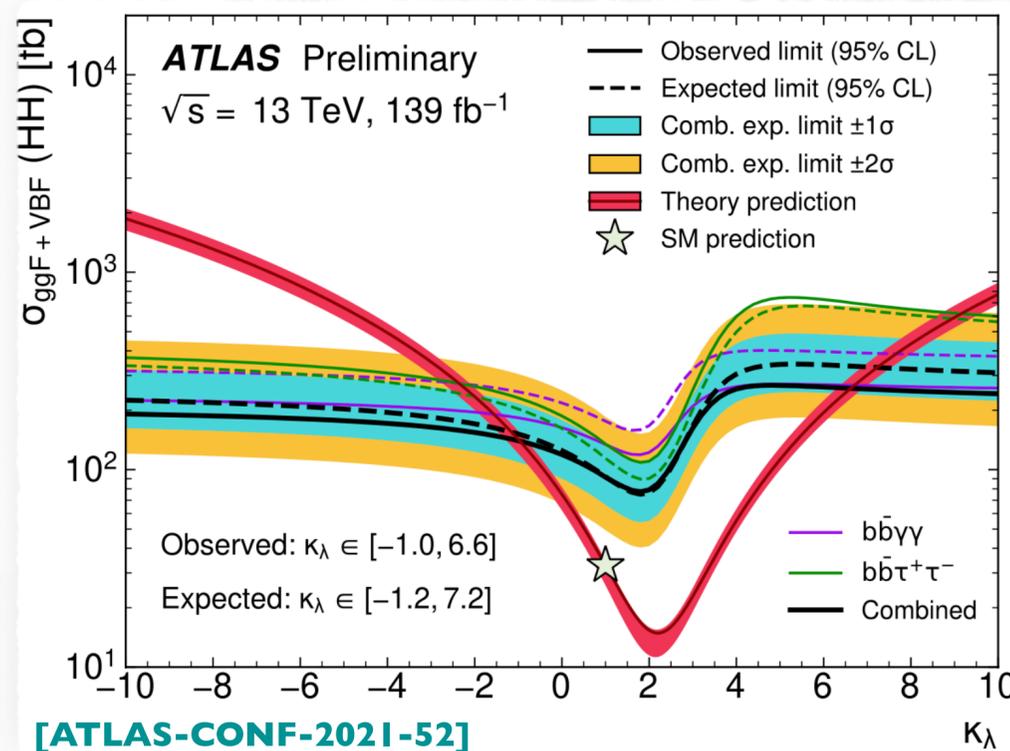
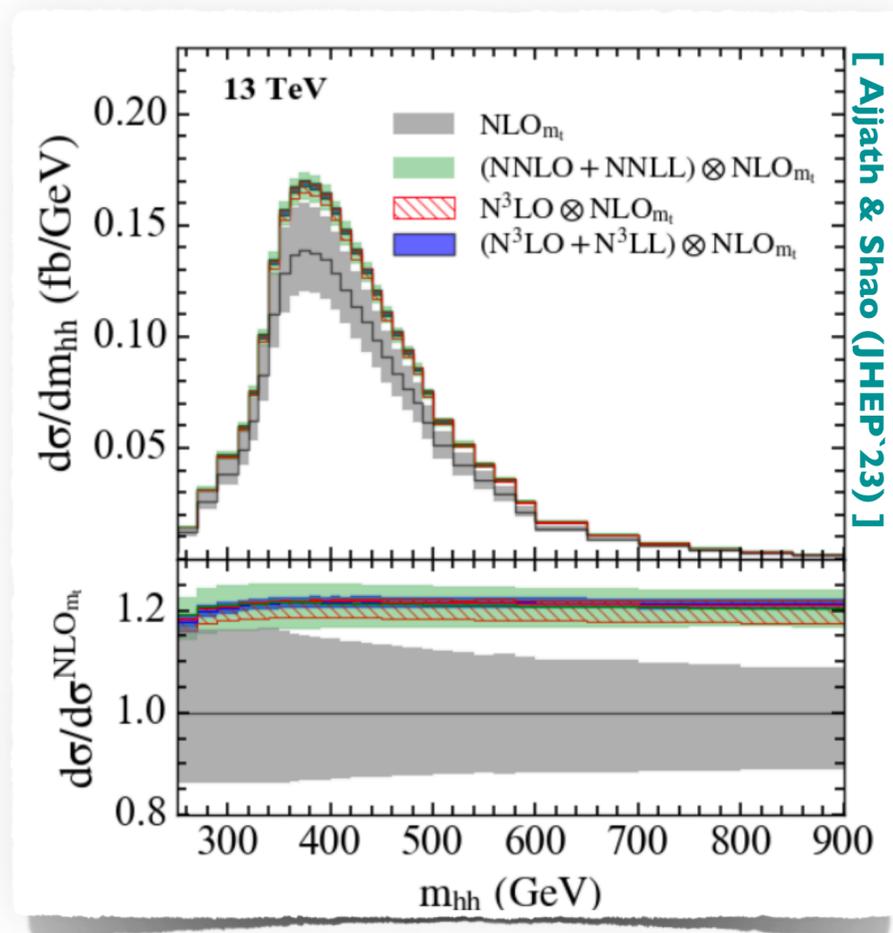
Cornering EWSB step I – The trilinear self-coupling

The trilinear coupling λ_{hhh} – a HL goal for the LHC

- Parametrisation adopted for LHC studies

$$V_h = \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \kappa_\lambda \lambda_{hhh} v h^3 + \dots$$

- Cornering κ_λ with *hh production* ($bb\gamma\gamma$, $bb\tau\tau$, etc.)
 - Hard due to small cross section (at least in the SM)
 - Precise measurements *challenging*, but *doable* (4σ in the SM)
 - N3LO+N3LL predictions with small scale uncertainties



See talk by Stamenkovic

Paving the way to the production of more Higgses

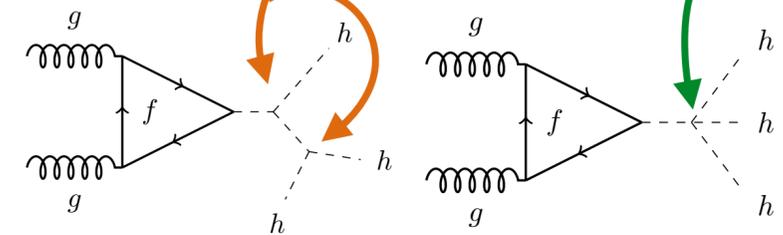
→ Topic of this workshop!

Cornering EWSB step 2 – The quartic self-coupling

The quartic coupling λ_{hhhh} requires hhh production (at leading order)

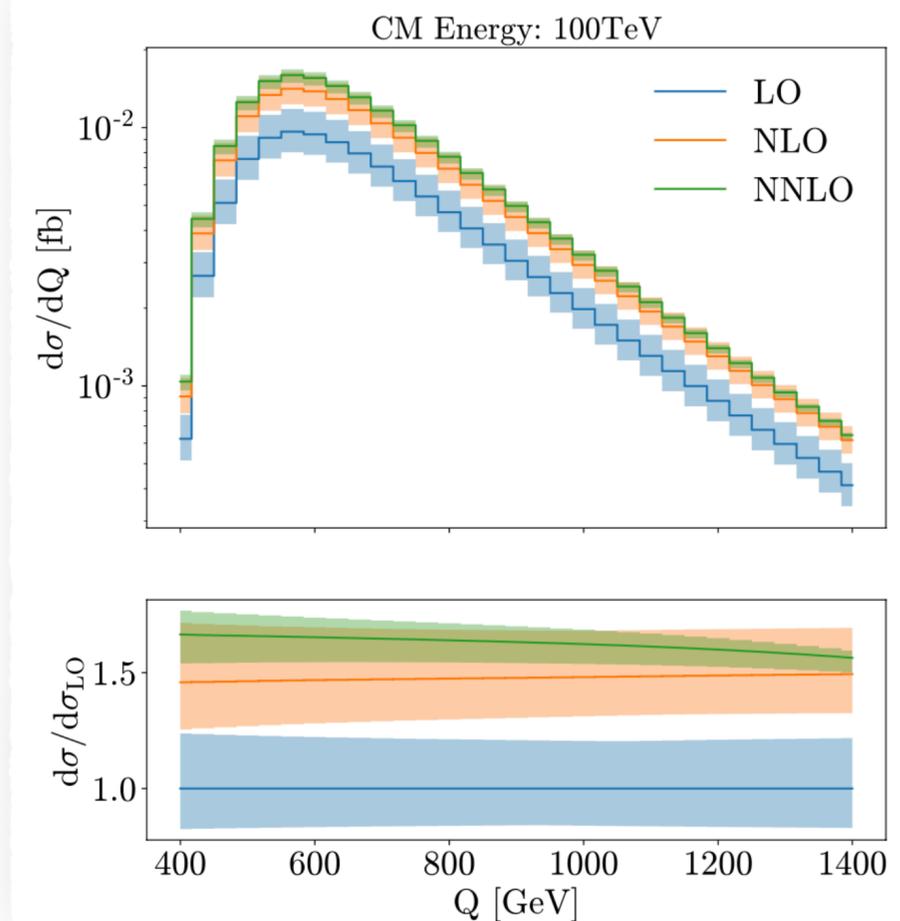
- Cannot be probed independently of λ_{hhh}
- Small SM cross sections ($\kappa = 0$)
 - σ (14 TeV) \approx 0.1 fb (NNLO-FT)
 - σ (100 TeV) \approx 5 fb (NNLO-FT)

$$V_h = \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + (1 + \kappa_3) \lambda_{hhh} v h^3 + \frac{1}{4} (1 + \kappa_4) \lambda_{hhhh} h^4$$



Theory predictions under good control

- LO rates used in the first FCC studies
- NNLO-dBi corrections obtained recently
 - K_{NNLO} (14 TeV) = 1.70
 - K_{NNLO} (100 TeV) = 1.43
 - **Scale uncertainties of 5–10 %**
- **!** Predictions = approximations in the heavy top limit (HTL) (but state of the art)
 - NLO-FT: virtuals in the HTL
 - NNLO-dBi: form factors for operators in the HTL
- M_{hhh} (=Q) differential distributions known



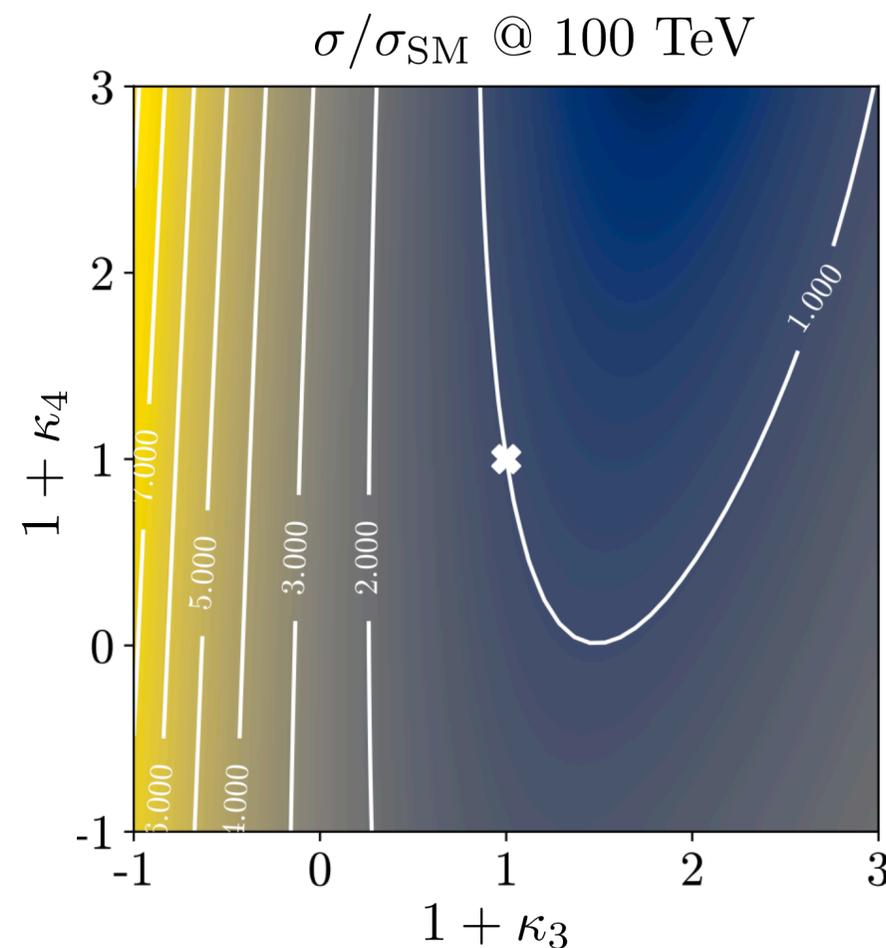
[de Florian, Fabre & Mazzitelli (JHEP'20)]

BSM effects in hhh production

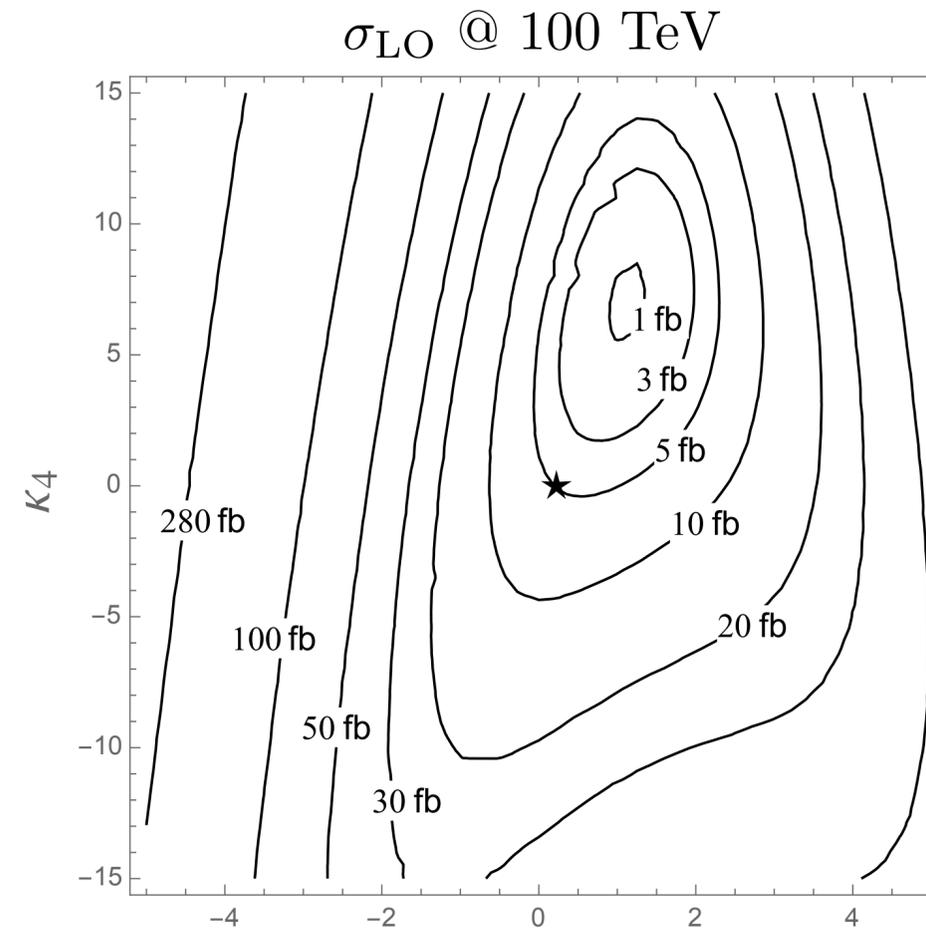
BSM effects on hhh production in the κ framework

- Strong dependence on κ_3
 - sign crucial (constructive or destructive interference)
 - negative $\kappa_3 \equiv$ large rate increase (factor of 10 for $\kappa_3 = -2$)

- Generally mild dependence on κ_4 for a fixed κ_3 value
 - κ_4 parameter possibly very hard to probe!
- Worst case situation $\kappa_{3,4} > 0$
 - smaller rates than in the SM



[de Florian, Fabre & Mazzitelli (JHEP'20)]



[BF, Kim & Lee (PLB'17)]

Convention:

$$V_h = \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + (1 + \kappa_3) \lambda_{hhh} v h^3 + \frac{1}{4} (1 + \kappa_4) \lambda_{hhhh} h^4$$

Rates not everything...

- Impact on fiducial regions?
- κ parameters not the whole story
- UV-complete models?

Signatures of triple Higgs production

Signatures and the triple-Higgs decay table

- Main channels \equiv at least 100 events with 30 ab^{-1} @ 100 TeV
 \rightarrow control of the background also crucial
- Many modes probed

The golden (clean) $4b2\gamma$ mode

- Extremely efficient **b -tagging** desirable
- Good photon resolution
- **Forward** detector coverage desirable
- 2σ reachable in the SM

[Papaefstathiou & Sakurai (JHEP`16)]

[BF, Kim & Lee (PRD`16)]

[Chen, Yan, Zhao, Zhao & Zhong (PRD`16)]

See talks by
BF & Sakurai

The $2b2\ell4j + MET$ mode

- **High-level variables** (like M_{T2})
- Challenging for the SM, potentially powerful for BSM

[Kilian, Sun, Yan, Zhao & Zhao (JHEP`17)]

The $4b2\tau$ mode

- Exploiting **boosted Higgses** and **high-level variables**
- Good double-tau tagging crucial
- 2σ reachable in the SM

[BF, Kim & Lee (PLB`17)]

See talk by BF

$hhh \rightarrow$ final state	BR (%)	σ (ab)	$N_{30\text{ab}^{-1}}$
$(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})$	19.21	1110.338	33310
$(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})(WW_{1\ell})$	7.204	416.41	12492
$(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})(\tau\bar{\tau})$	6.312	364.853	10945
$(b\bar{b})(\tau\bar{\tau})(WW_{1\ell})$	1.578	91.22	2736
$(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})(WW_{2\ell})$	0.976	56.417	1692
$(b\bar{b})(WW_{1\ell})(WW_{1\ell})$	0.901	52.055	1561
$(b\bar{b})(\tau\bar{\tau})(\tau\bar{\tau})$	0.691	39.963	1198
$(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})(ZZ_{2\ell})$	0.331	19.131	573
$(b\bar{b})(WW_{2\ell})(WW_{1\ell})$	0.244	14.105	423
$(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})(\gamma\gamma)$	0.228	13.162	394
$(b\bar{b})(\tau\bar{\tau})(WW_{2\ell})$	0.214	12.359	370
$(\tau\bar{\tau})(WW_{1\ell})(WW_{1\ell})$	0.099	5.702	171
$(\tau\bar{\tau})(\tau\bar{\tau})(WW_{1\ell})$	0.086	4.996	149
$(b\bar{b})(ZZ_{2\ell})(WW_{1\ell})$	0.083	4.783	143
$(b\bar{b})(\tau\bar{\tau})(ZZ_{2\ell})$	0.073	4.191	125

[Papaefstathiou & Sakurai (JHEP`16)]

The $6b$ mode

- **Kinematic fit** from 6 b -jets
- Good **b -tagging** crucial
- 2σ reachable in the SM
- Excellent probe of BSM

See talks by
Papaefstathiou
& Robens

[Papaefstathiou, Tetlalmatzi-Xolocotzi & Zaro (EPJC`19)]

[Papaefstathiou, Robens & Tetlalmatzi-Xolocotzi (JHEP`21)]

Motivation towards hhh studies @ LHC

Triple Higgs production \rightarrow good prospects in the SM and beyond

- Four signatures studied phenomenologically
 - \rightarrow Good b -tagging crucial
 - \rightarrow High-level variables often necessary
- Excellent prospects
 - \rightarrow 2σ reach in the SM for three of them
 - \rightarrow Potential for a combination

Strong motivation for experimental investigations

- At the FCC, but also at the LHC
 - \rightarrow Relying on existing and future colliders
 - \rightarrow Exploiting **lessons learned from hh production**
- A lot of challenges (signal and background modelling, interpretations)
 - \rightarrow **Keep LHC recasting in mind** (future reinterpretations in other models)

[Les Houches Recommendations (EPJ C'12)]

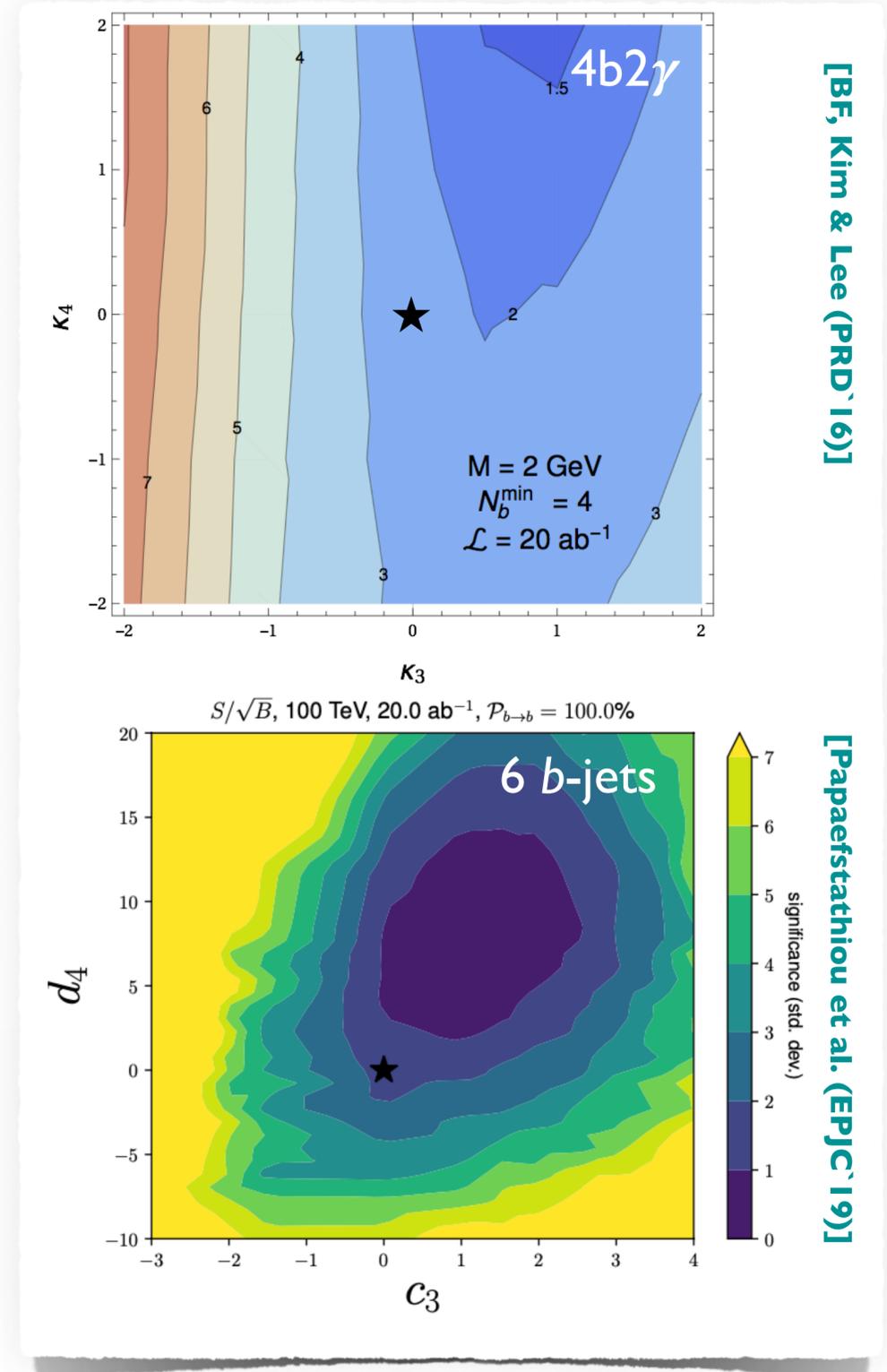
[ReInterpretation Forum (SciPost'20)]

Combination of hh and hhh searches

- Improvement of the experimental precision

See talks by
Balunas & Lansberg

See talk by
Moser,
Arnold & Stamenkovic



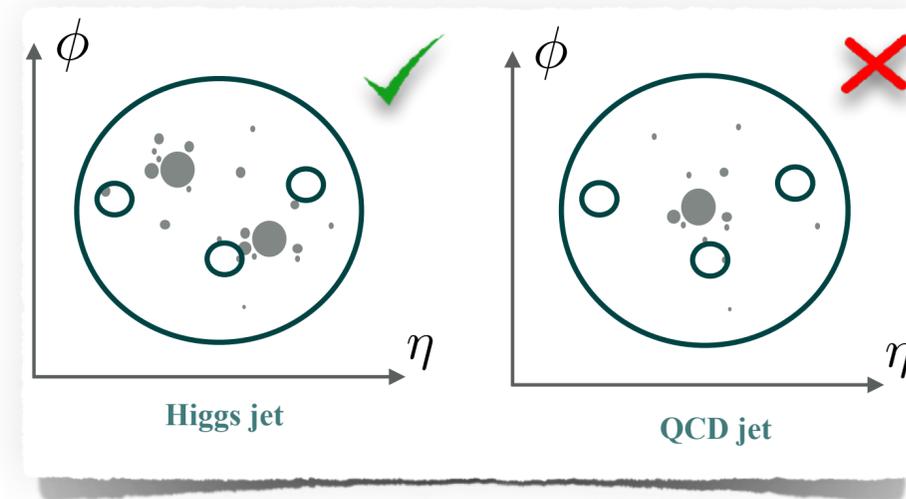
The experimental agenda of the workshop

b-jets in all studied channels

- *b*-tagging efficiencies usually very high (> 80 %)
- **Boosted and resolved** Higgs reconstruction
 - Double *b*-tags relevant
 - Machine-learning-based methods
 - Single method for both regimes
- **Lessons taken from *hh* searches**

See talks by
Kolossova,
Liu & Chen

See talks by Karkout,
Li & Stamenkovic



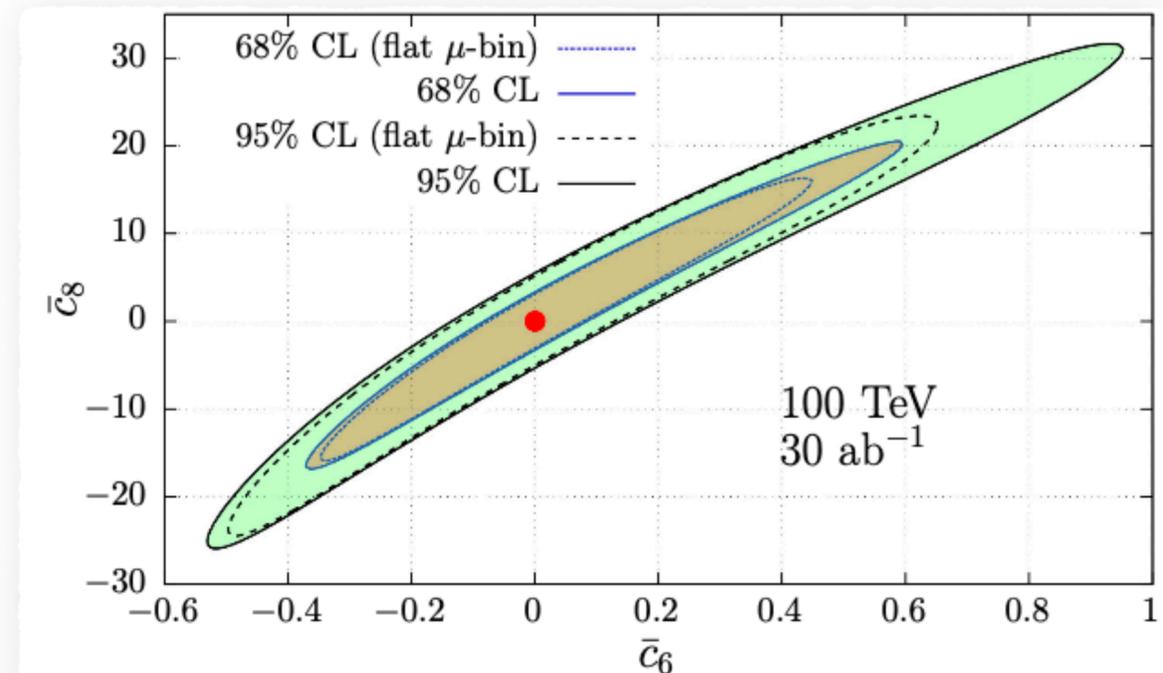
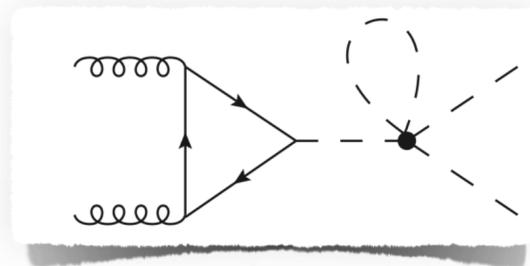
Exploitation of machine learning methods

- Tests in *hh* production in the *2b4j* channel
- Application to *hhh*

See talks by Stylianou,
Diaz, Duarte & Ganguly

Few remarks

- Not so much on photons and taus (why?)
- *hh/hhh* connection has some potential
 - sensitivity to κ_4 via loop corrections to *hh*



[Borowka, Duhr, Maltoni, Pagani, Shivaji and Zhao (JHEP'19)]

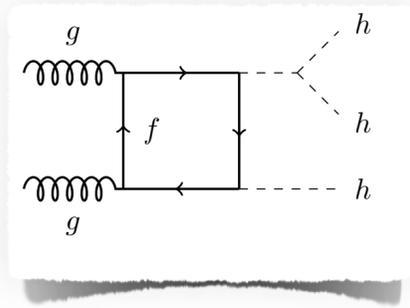
Summary

(Modern) triple Higgs studies are seven years old

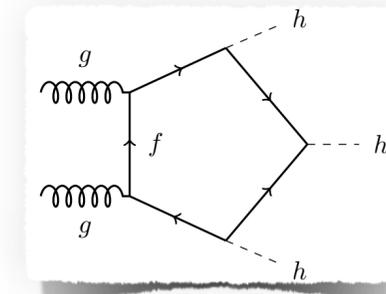
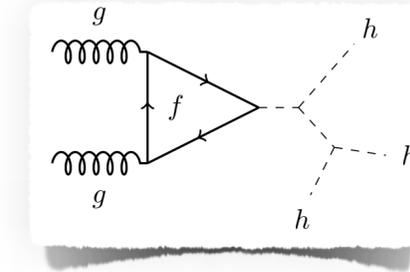
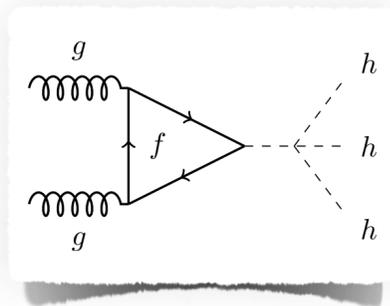
- Promising channel to corner the Higgs potential
- Good phenomenological prospects... at 100 TeV
- The LHC \equiv good preparation for this
→ especially experimentally speaking

Questions from my side

- What about photon resolution and tau-tagging
→ Not addressed during this workshop (?)
- Revisiting older studies
→ Modern (ML) techniques
→ More accurate (TH and EXP) modelling
- New modes so far untouched?
→ Fully hadronic
→ Channels with taus and leptons



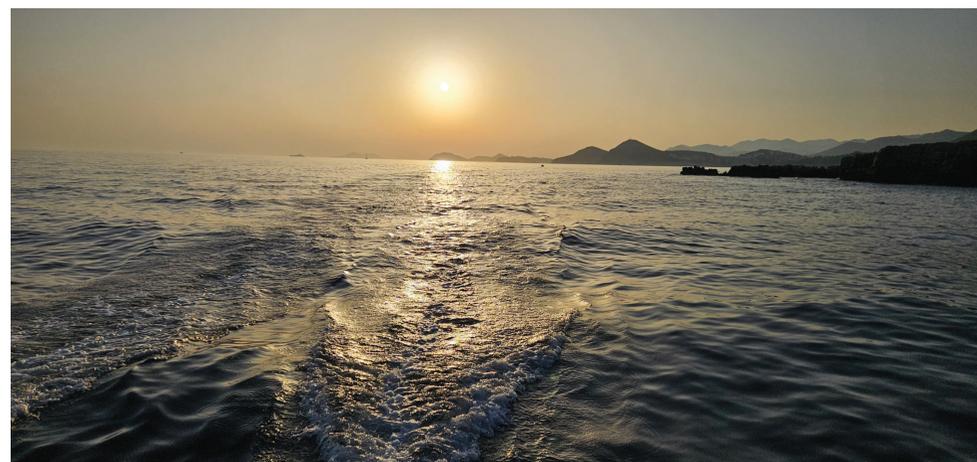
I am looking forward to the nice workshop



On an unrelated note...

had a very nice *HHH* workshop in Dubrovnik this year

[<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1232581/>]



⇒ da capo next year (by popular demand): ⇐
IUC, Dubrovnik, 29.-31.7.2024

! Save the date !