

STXS in Higgs decays: $H \rightarrow 4l$

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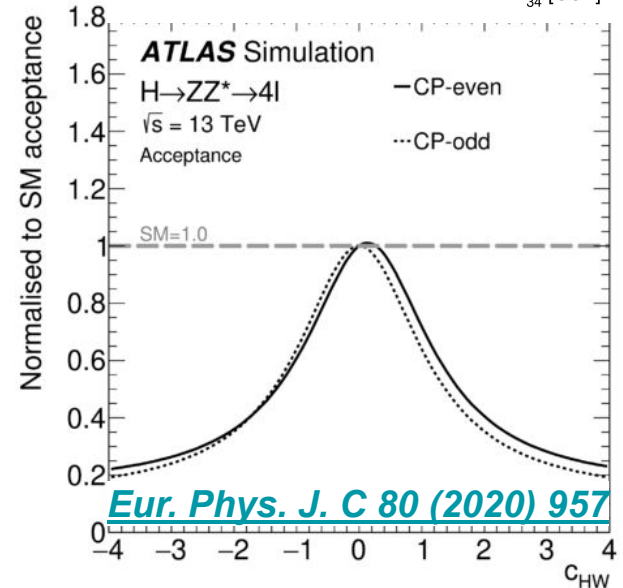
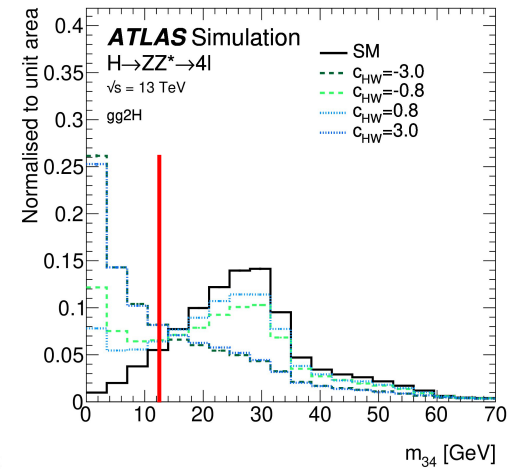
Goals

Make Higgs decay measurements that can be used as input to theory interpretations

- **Stage 0:** current STXS measurements are done inclusive in the Higgs decay modes, although experiments don't necessarily measure inclusively
⇒ For each decay mode define a phase space region that approximates the experimental acceptance
- Stage 1: Measure properties within each decay mode
⇒ Allow decay properties to be used to constraint BSM effects in this decay

Why do we need a Stage 0?

- Experimental measurements are not inclusive
- Example: The acceptance of the ATLAS $H \rightarrow 4l$ measurement shows a sizeable dependence on EFT parameters that is “resolved” by having EFT parameter dependent acceptance corrections
- Experiments apply a cut of $m > 10$ GeV on the subleading lepton pair in $H \rightarrow 4l$ that has a high acceptance for the SM, but the acceptance can be low for some BSM models



Lorentz invariance

- When we measure a Higgs decay property, this measurement should be valid independent of the Higgs production mode or boost of the Higgs
 - The measurement should be valid for LHC 7, 8, 13, 13.6 and 14 TeV
 - It should be valid for pp and e^+e^- colliders
 - Fortunately the Higgs is Spin 0, so production and decay completely decouple

 - But all of the above is only possible, if our STXS decay selection is Lorentz invariant
- For each Higgs decay mode, we need a Lorentz invariant simple fiducial STXS decay selection
- This will also provide a clean definition of what $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$, $H \rightarrow Z\gamma^* \rightarrow 4l$, $H \rightarrow \gamma^*\gamma^* \rightarrow 4l$, $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ is beyond the Pythia decay mode selection

Not quite as complicated as it may sound

- $H \rightarrow 2$ body decays: decay objects are back-to-back in the Higgs rest frame.
 - \Rightarrow No kinematic information in the decay!
 - \Rightarrow We will still want some simple fiducial object definition. E.g. what is a “b”?
- Non-trivial decays (today): $H \rightarrow Z^{(*)}\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$, $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$, $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$
- Highest priority is $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ as current measurements are already affected by the tension of unfolding the experimental selection to the inclusive $H \rightarrow 4l$ decay

State of development

- Attached to the agenda is a (simple) writeup that gives more information on the current stage of development for decay selections
- This is NOT final and
In many cases not well developed at all

Label	Final state	Kinematic selection	Comment
$H \rightarrow ee$	$H \rightarrow ee + X$	$m_{ee} \geq 120 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.1
$H \rightarrow ff$	$H \rightarrow ff + X$	$m_{ff} \geq 105 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.1
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	$H \rightarrow ee + \gamma + X$	$50 \leq m_{ff} < 120 \text{ GeV}, m_{ff\gamma} \geq 120 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.1
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	$H \rightarrow ff + \gamma + X$	$50 \leq m_{ff} < 105 \text{ GeV}, m_{ff\gamma} \geq 120 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.1
$H \rightarrow \gamma^*\gamma$	$H \rightarrow ff + \gamma + X$	$m_{ff} < 50 \text{ GeV}, m_{ff\gamma} > 120 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.1
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$m_{\gamma\gamma} = 125 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.1
$H \rightarrow 4\ell$	$H \rightarrow 4\ell + X$	$m_{34} \geq 10 \text{ GeV}, m_{34} \leq m_{12} < 105 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.2
$H \rightarrow 2e2\mu$	$H \rightarrow 2e2\mu + X$	$m_{34} \geq 10 \text{ GeV}, m_{34} \leq m_{12} < 105 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.2
$H \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$	$H \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu + X$	$80 \leq m_{2\ell} < 105 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.3
$H \rightarrow 2\ell 2f$	$H \rightarrow \ell\ell ff + X$	$80 \leq m_{2\ell} < 105 \text{ GeV}, ff! = ee, \mu\mu, \nu\nu$	Section 3.4
$H \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$	$H \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu + X$	$10 < m_{\ell\ell} < 80 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.3
$H \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$	$H \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu + X$	$10 < m_{e\mu} < 105 \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.3
$H \rightarrow \ell\nu ff'$	$H \rightarrow \ell\nu ff' + X$	$10 < m_{\ell\nu} < ? \text{ GeV}$	Section 3.4
$H \rightarrow fff'f'$	$H \rightarrow fff'f' + X$	$10 < m_{12} < 105 \text{ GeV}, ff'f'f' = \text{modes above}$	Section 3.5
$H \rightarrow f_1f_2f_3f_4$	$H \rightarrow f_1f_2f_3f_4 + X$	$f_1f_2f_3f_4! = \text{modes above}$	Section 3.5

Table 1: Kinematic definition of Higgs decay modes. Only particles originating from the Higgs decay are considered. Definitions: $4\ell = 4e, 4\mu$; $2\ell = ee, \mu\mu$

Goal for today: $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$

- Present first candidates for a Lorentz invariant simple fiducial $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ selection
- The simple fiducial selection should
 - be “larger” than the experimental reconstruction selection, e.g. contain almost all events reconstructed as $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ in the experiments
 - have the same residual acceptance for SM and BSM models. Since we consider only Higgs decays Q^2 is fixed to 125 GeV and EFT models should span almost all BSM phase space. This makes the STXS decay measurement valid for BSM interpretations (\Leftrightarrow unfolding)
 - have the same residual acceptance for critical decay variables as function of BSM model parameters for SM and BSM models. This allows to use decay properties for BSM interpretation
- Ultimately we want to change what ATLAS and CMS quote as $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$.

Instead of measuring the decay inclusive $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$: $\sigma_{ggH}(0jet, pT0-10) * BR(H \rightarrow ZZ^*)$

Measure using a simple fiducial decay selection: $\sigma_{ggH}(0jet, pT0-10) * BR^{fid}(H \rightarrow 4l)$

From ATLAS experimental to simplified fiducial selection

LEPTONS AND JETS

ELECTRONS	$E_T > 7 \text{ GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.47$
MUONS	$p_T > 5 \text{ GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.7$, calorimeter-tagged: $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$
JETS	$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ and $ \eta < 4.5$

QUADRUPLETS

All combinations of two same-flavour and opposite-charge lepton pairs

- Leading lepton pair: lepton pair with invariant mass m_{12} closest to the Z boson mass m_Z
- Subleading lepton pair: lepton pair with invariant mass m_{34} second closest to the Z boson mass m_Z

Classification according to the decay final state: $4\mu, 2e2\mu, 2\mu2e, 4e$

REQUIREMENTS ON EACH QUADRUPLT

LEPTON RECONSTRUCTION	- Three highest- p_T leptons must have p_T greater than 20, 15 and 10 GeV - At most one calorimeter-tagged or stand-alone muon
LEPTON PAIRS	- Leading lepton pair: $50 < m_{12} < 106 \text{ GeV}$ - Subleading lepton pair: $m_{\min} < m_{34} < 115 \text{ GeV}$ - Alternative same-flavour opposite-charge lepton pair: $m_{\ell\ell} > 5 \text{ GeV}$ - $\Delta R(\ell, \ell') > 0.10$ for all lepton pairs
LEPTON ISOLATION	- The amount of isolation E_T after summing the track-based and 40% of the calorimeter-based contribution must be smaller than 16% of the lepton p_T
IMPACT PARAMETER	- Electrons: $ d_0 /\sigma(d_0) < 5$
SIGNIFICANCE	- Muons: $ d_0 /\sigma(d_0) < 3$
COMMON VERTEX	- χ^2 -requirement on the fit of the four lepton tracks to their common vertex

SELECTION OF THE BEST QUADRUPLT

- Select quadruplet with m_{12} closest to m_Z from one decay final state in decreasing order of priority: $4\mu, 2e2\mu, 2\mu2e$ and $4e$
- If at least one additional (fifth) lepton with $p_T > 12 \text{ GeV}$ meets the isolation, impact parameter and angular separation criteria, select the quadruplet with the highest matrix-element value

HIGGS BOSON MASS WINDOW

- Correction of the four-lepton invariant mass due to the FSR photons in Z boson decays
- Four-lepton invariant mass window in the signal region: $115 < m_{4\ell} < 130 \text{ GeV}$
- Four-lepton invariant mass window in the sideband region: $105 < m_{4\ell} < 115 \text{ GeV}$ or $130 < m_{4\ell} < 160 (350) \text{ GeV}$

- Only Lorentz invariant selections
- >99% of reco events also covered by the simple fiducial selection
→ no events “lost” !

Event selection (at most one quadruplet per event)

Momentum of leptons	Leptons momentum in the Higgs rest frame $p > 4 \text{ GeV}$
Mass requirements	$50 \text{ GeV} < m_{12} < 106 \text{ GeV}$ and $12 \text{ GeV} < m_{34} < 115 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton separation	$Angle(\ell_i, \ell_j)$ in the Higgs rest frame $> 0.1(\text{rad.})$
low-mass dilepton veto	$m(\ell_i, \ell_j) > 5 \text{ GeV}$ for all SFOC lepton pairs
Mass window	$115 \text{ GeV} < m_{4\ell} < 130 \text{ GeV}$

Inclusive $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ phase space

Simple fiducial phase space

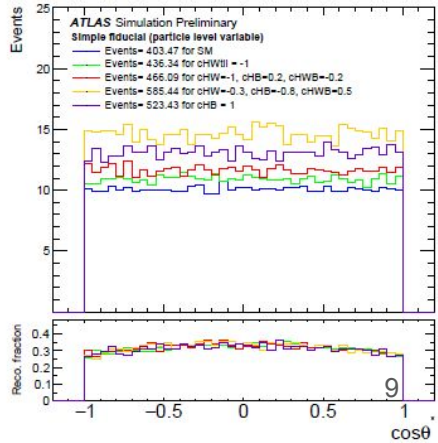
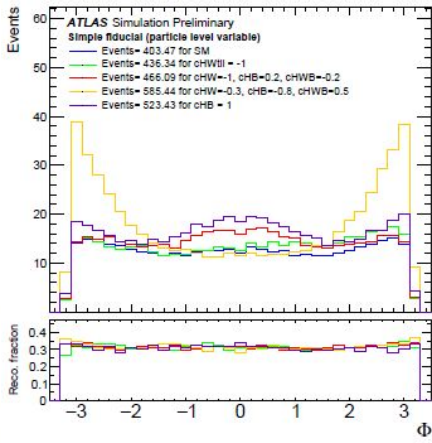
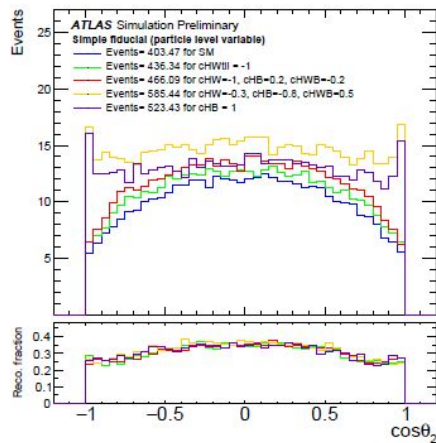
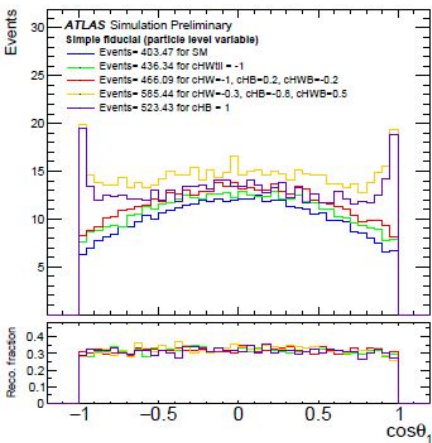
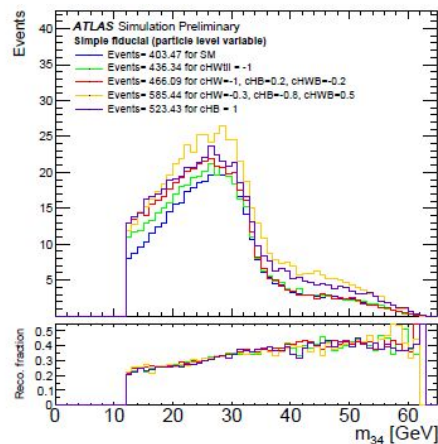
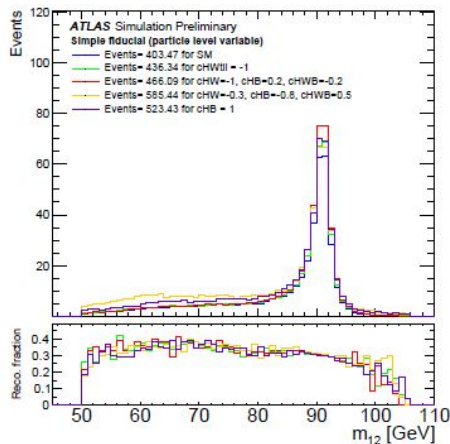
Reco phase space

ATLAS: Check model dependence: compare SM to SMEFT

- Key quantity to study: residual effects of reconstruction

$$\text{reconstruction fraction} = \frac{\text{Reconstruction \& Fiducial}}{\text{Fiducial}}$$

- Ideal: flat reco. Fraction
- Good enough: the same distribution for SM and BSM



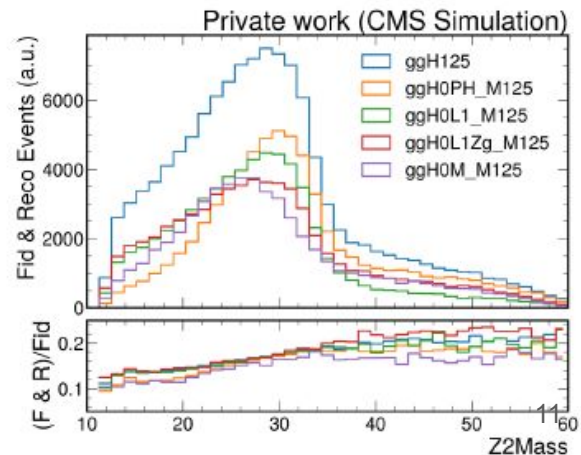
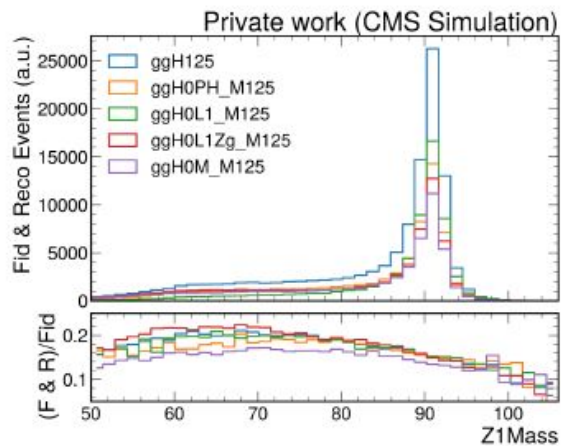
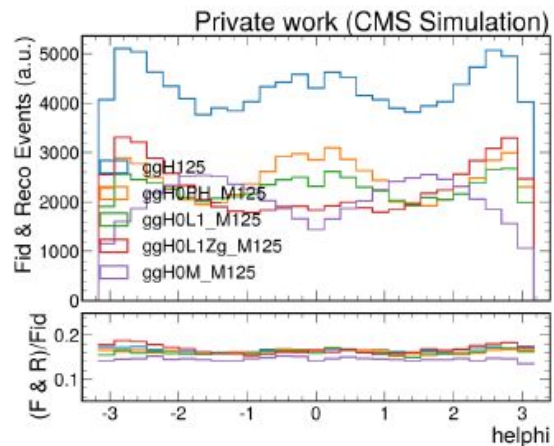
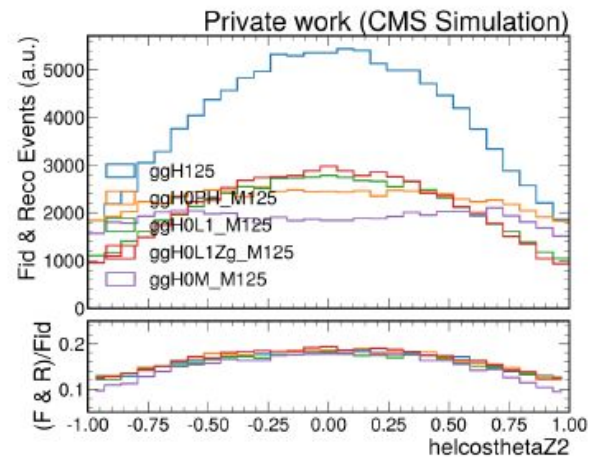
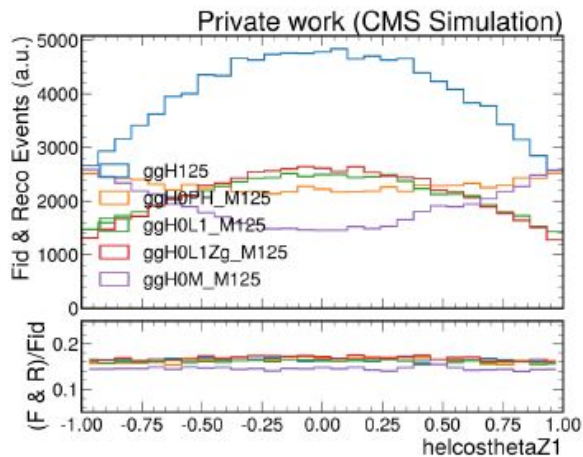
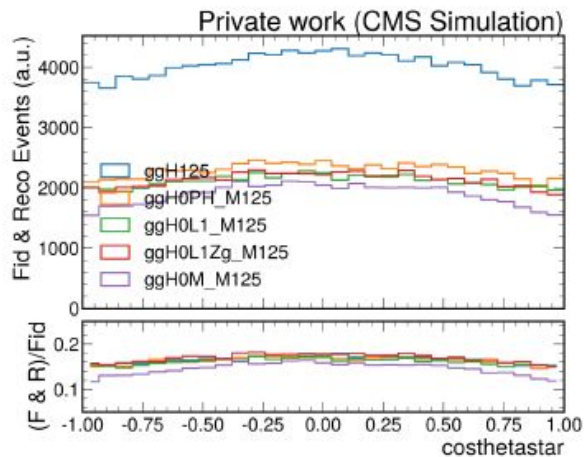
From CMS experimental to simplified fiducial selection

Selection	HIG-21-009	simplified*
Leading lepton	$p_T > 20$ GeV	$p > 4$ GeV
Sub-leading lepton	$p_T > 10$ GeV	$p > 4$ GeV
Additional electrons (muons)	$p_T > 7(5)$ GeV	$p > 4(4)$ GeV
Pseudorapidity of electrons (muons)	$ \eta < 2.5(2.4)$	no restrictions
Cone for dressing bare leptons with photons	$\Delta R = 0.3$	$\Delta R = 0.1$
Inv. mass of the Z_1 candidate	$40 < m_{12} < 120$ GeV	$50 < m_{12} < 106$ GeV
Inv. mass of the Z_2 candidate	$12 < m_{34} < 120$ GeV	$12 < m_{34} < 115$ GeV
Distance between selected four leptons	$\Delta R_{ll} > 0.02$	$\Delta R_{ll} > 0.1$
Inv. mass of any opposite sign lepton pair	$m_{ll} > 4$ GeV	$m_{ll} > 5$ GeV
Inv. mass of the selected four leptons	$105 < m_{4l} < 160$ GeV	not (yet) implemented

* Almost identical to ATLAS fiducial selection, exception: angle in ΔR place

- Started with almost the same simple fiducial selection used by ATLAS
- **Because selection matches less well**, only ~98% of reco events also covered by the simple fiducial selection.

CMS: Check model dependence: compare SM to BSM



Summary

- A Lorentz invariant simple fiducial selection exists for $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ that largely (hopefully fully) removes the need for acceptance corrections for BSM interpretations of STXS measurements
- The selection tuned to ATLAS works well for ATLAS and obviously less well for CMS, but still much better than extrapolating to the inclusive phase space
- TODO:
 - Find a compromise simple fiducial selection for $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ that works equally well for ATLAS and CMS, then agree on it
 - Implement this selection into the LHC H XS WG STXS Rivet code (being worked on), and start using it in the experiments for future STXS measurements
 - Continue the same effort for $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu$, $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$, ...
 - Find fiducial particle definition for gluon-jets, b-jets, c-jets to extend to all Higgs final states