

Flavor changing H and Z decays

@ FCC-ee

Michele Tammaro

@FCC Pheno Workshop, 05/07/2023

arXiv: 2306.17520 with

J. F. Kamenik & A. Korajac (IJS), M. Szewc & J. Zupan (U. Cincinnati)



- Goal: assess the potential of FCC-ee to explore FC decays

- Ingredients:

- Clean environment of e^+e^- colliders
- State-of-the-art and future flavor taggers
- Analysis technique we propose

- Take home messages:

- Upper limits at FCC-ee are above the SM level
- Improve limits on Higgs FC couplings
- Results depend on taggers performances

Effective Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} \supset g_{sb}^L (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu b_L) Z^\mu + g_{sb}^R (\bar{s}_R \gamma_\mu b_R) Z^\mu + y_{sb} (\bar{s}_L b_R) h + y_{bs} (\bar{b}_L s_R) h + \text{h.c.}$$

Decay	SM prediction	exp. bound	indir. constr.	
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bs)$	$(8.9 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-8}$	0.16	2×10^{-3}	
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bd)$	$(3.8 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-9}$	0.16	10^{-3}	
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow cu)$	$(2.7 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^{-20}$	0.16	2×10^{-2}	
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow bs)$	$(4.2 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-8}$	2.9×10^{-3}	6×10^{-8}	
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow bd)$	$(1.8 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-9}$	2.9×10^{-3}	6×10^{-8}	
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow cu)$	$(1.4 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-18}$	2.9×10^{-3}	4×10^{-7}	

$h \rightarrow \text{BSM}$ (CMS+ATLAS, 2207.00043)

Meson mixings

$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{had})$ (hep-ex/0012018)

Global fits (mostly semi-leptonic)



Z pole running

$$\sqrt{s} = m_Z$$

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow qq'$$

Parameters	Nominal value	Rel. uncert. (in %)
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow uu + dd)$	27.01%	5.0
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow ss)$	15.84%	3.8
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow cc)$	12.03%	1.7
$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow bb)$	15.12%	0.33
N_Z	5×10^{12}	10^{-3}
\mathcal{A}	0.994	10^{-3}

1905.03764

FCC Conceptual Design Reports

G. Marchiori's talk at "Higgs Performance meeting"
indico.cern.ch/event/1221257

hZ running

$$\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$$

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow hZ(Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-, h \rightarrow qq')$$

Parameters	Nominal Value	Rel. uncert. (%)
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow gg)$	1.4%	1.2
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow ss)$	0.024%	160
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow cc)$	2.9%	2.8
$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bb)$	56%	0.4
N_h	6.7×10^5	0.5
\mathcal{A}	0.70	0.1

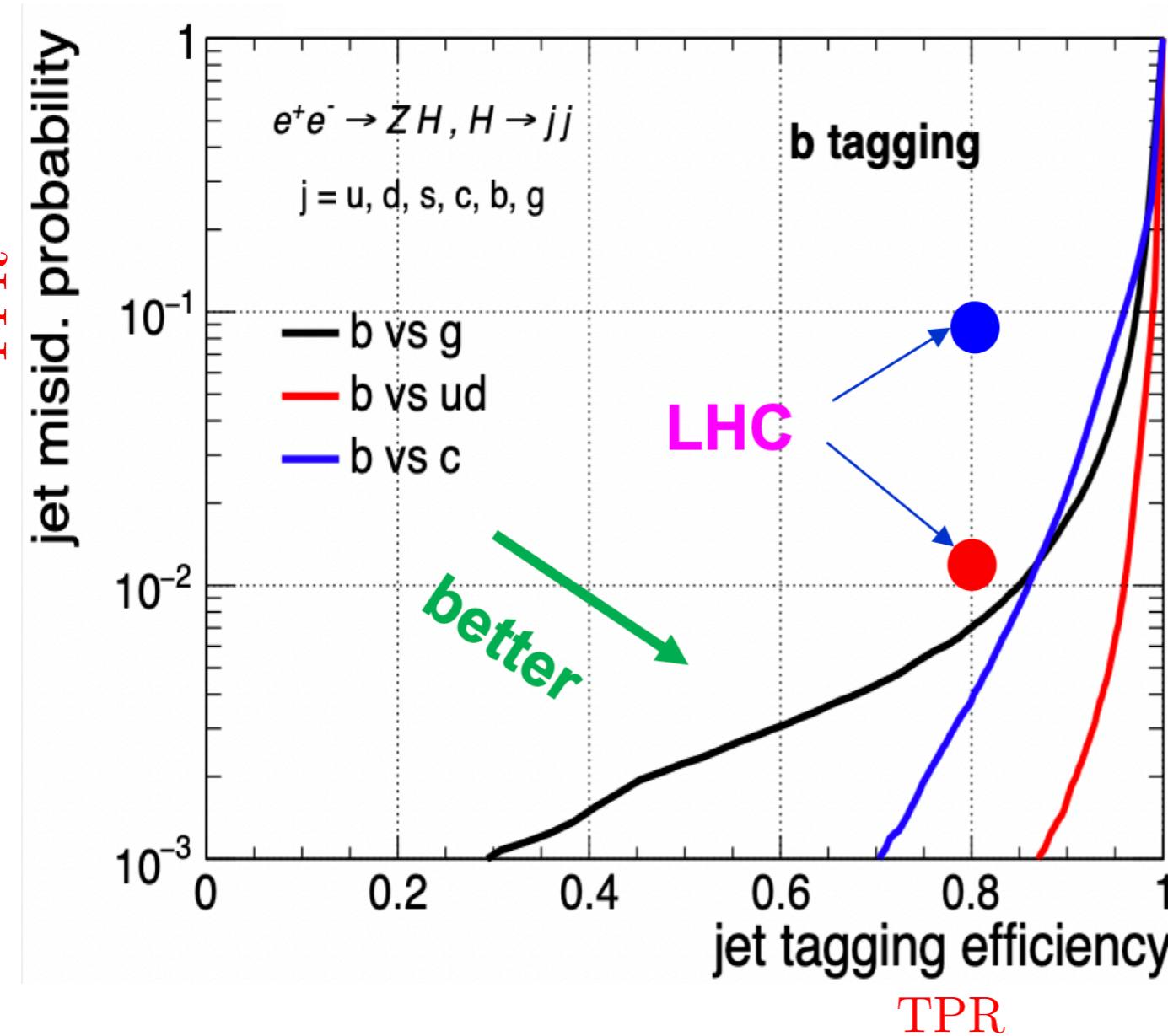
Other backgrounds ($\tau^+ \tau^-$ for Z , DY, WW , ZZ for h) are negligible

G. Marchiori's talk at "FCC Physics Workshop" (indico.cern.ch/event/1176398/)

Jet flavor taggers @FCC-ee

Tools to classify flavor of jets from input data

ParticleNet: 1902.08570
Jet-Flavor tagging at FCC-ee: 2210.10322



q-tagger rates

$$\epsilon_{\beta}^q \quad \beta = \{g(ud), s, c, b\}$$

WPs for *h* decays

$$\epsilon_{\beta; \text{Loose}}^b = \{0.02, 0.001, 0.02, 0.90\}$$

$$\epsilon_{\beta; \text{Med}}^b = \{0.007, 0.0001, 0.003, 0.80\}$$

Currently $\mathcal{O}(few)\%$ syst. on ϵ_{β}^q

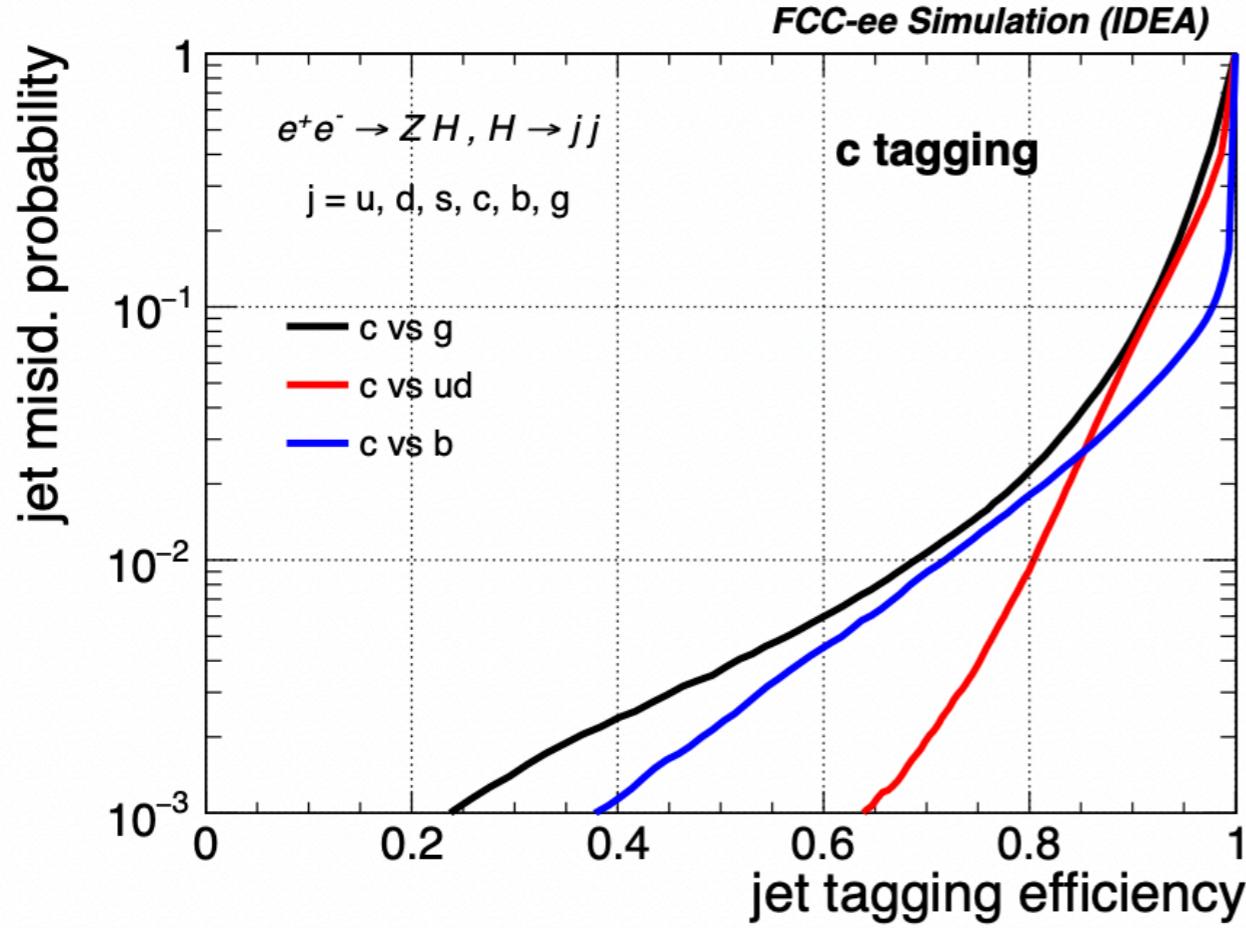
ATLAS: 1907.05120
CMS: 1712.07158

Bedeschi, Gouskos, Selvaggi: 2202.03285
Gouskos' talk at "FCC Physics Workshop" ([indico.cern.ch/
event/1176398/](https://indico.cern.ch/event/1176398/))

Jet flavor taggers @FCC-ee

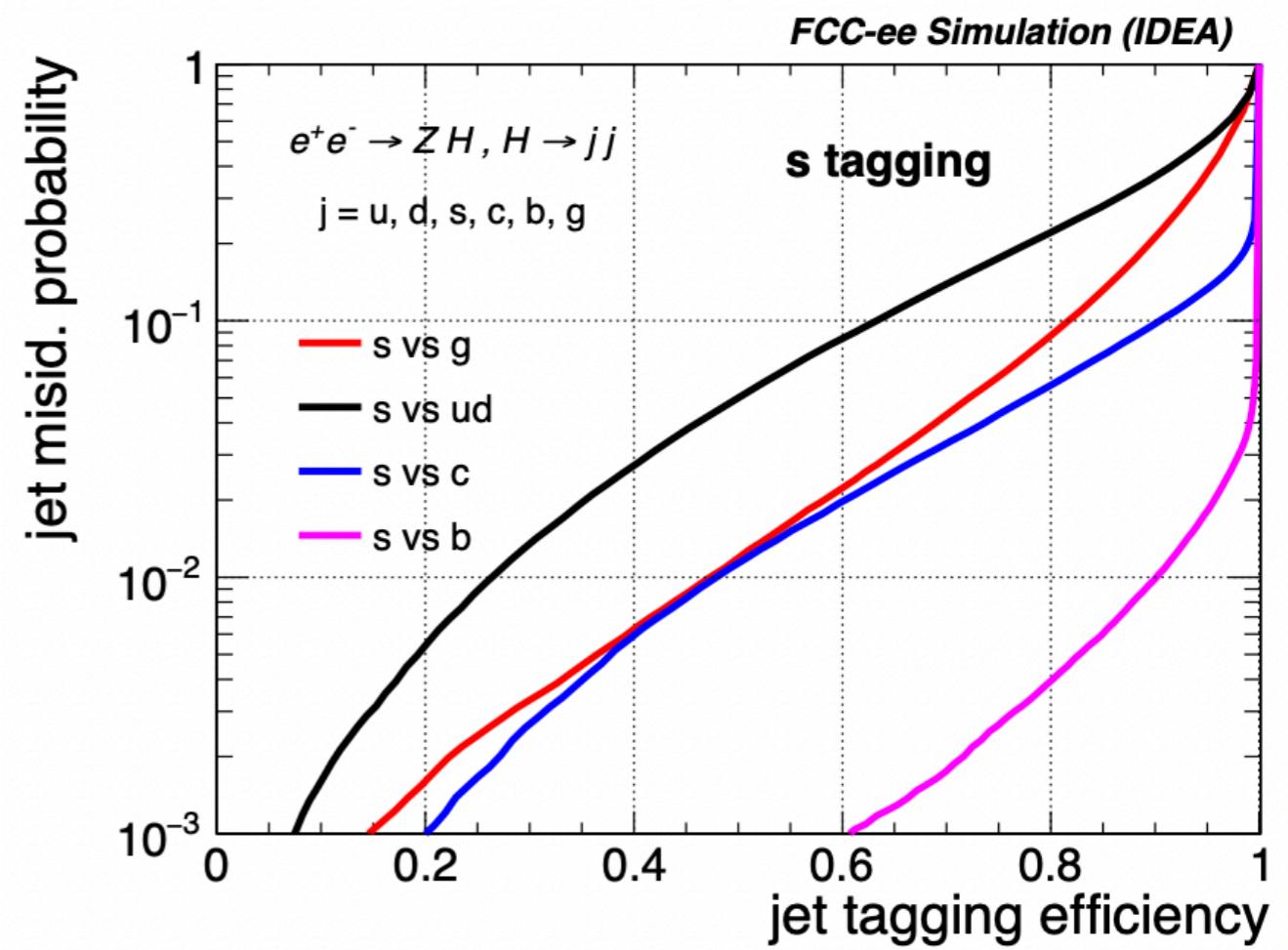
Tools to classify flavor of jets from input data

ParticleNet: 1902.08570
Jet-Flavor tagging at FCC-ee: 2210.10322



$$\epsilon_{\beta; \text{Loose}}^c = \{0.07, 0.07, 0.90, 0.04\},$$
$$\epsilon_{\beta; \text{Med}}^c = \{0.02, 0.008, 0.80, 0.02\},$$

Bedeschi, Gouskos, Selvaggi: 2202.03285
Gouskos' talk at "FCC Physics Workshop" ([indico.cern.ch/
event/1176398/](https://indico.cern.ch/event/1176398/))



$$\epsilon_{\beta; \text{Loose}}^s = \{0.20, 0.90, 0.10, 0.01\},$$
$$\epsilon_{\beta; \text{Med}}^s = \{0.09, 0.80, 0.06, 0.004\},$$

Probabilistic model

Distribute events into tag bins

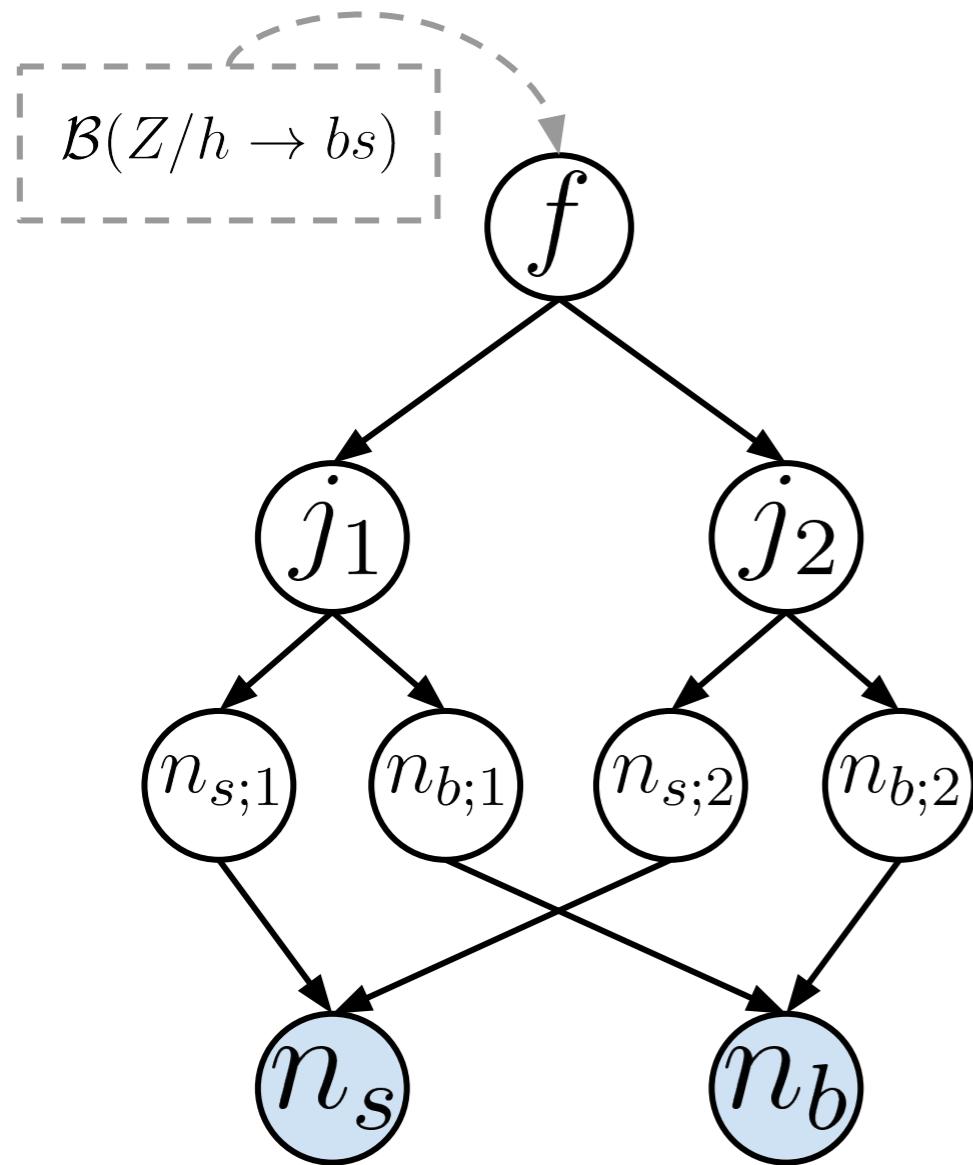
ATLAS: 2201.11428

CMS: 2004.12181

Faroughy, Kamenik, Szewc, Zupan: 2209.01222

$$(n_b, n_s) = \{(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0), (2, 0), (0, 2), (1, 1)\}$$

Expected number of events per channel



$$\bar{N}_f = \mathcal{B}(Z/h \rightarrow f) N_{Z/h} \mathcal{A}$$



Expected number of events per tag bin

$$\bar{N}_{(n_b, n_s)} = \sum_f p(n_b, n_s | f, \nu) \bar{N}_f(\nu)$$

Nuisance parameters:

$$\nu = \{\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow f), \mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow f'), \epsilon_\beta^\alpha, N_{Z/h}, \mathcal{A}\}$$

Probabilistic model

Distribute events into tag bins

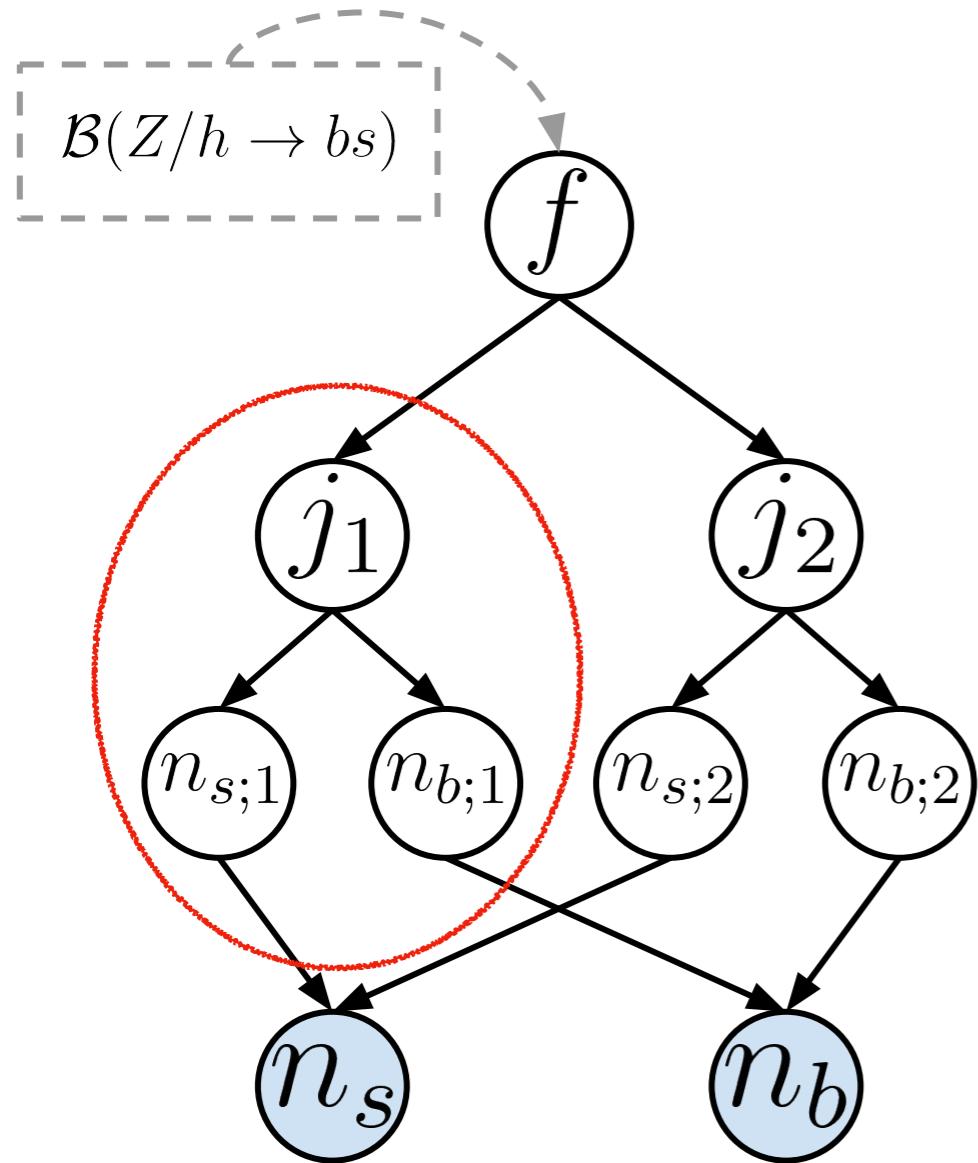
ATLAS: 2201.11428

CMS: 2004.12181

Faroughy, Kamenik, Szewc, Zupan: 2209.01222

$$(n_b, n_s) = \{(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0), (2, 0), (0, 2), (1, 1)\}$$

$n_{q;1} = 0, 1$ flavor tagging of jet j_1



Apply b -tagger

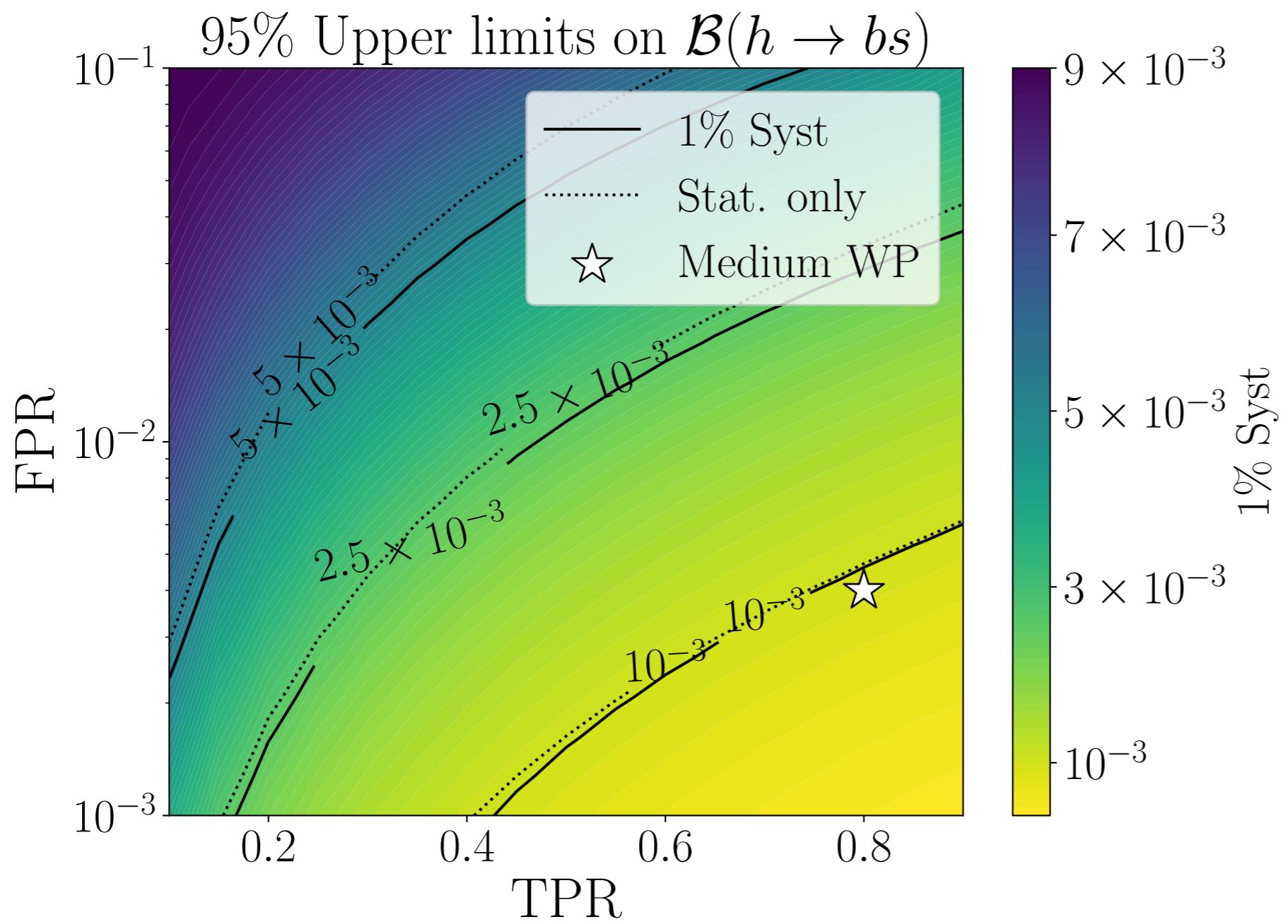
$$p(n_{b;1}|j_1) = \text{Binom}(n_{b;1}, 1, \epsilon_1^b)$$

Apply s -tagger (conditioned)

$$p(n_{s;1}|j_1, n_{b;1}) = \text{Binom}\left(n_{s;1}, 1 - n_{b;1}, \frac{\epsilon_1^s}{1 - \epsilon_1^b}\right)$$

Repeat for j_2 and sum over all possible taggings

N.B.: we are assuming orthogonal and p_T independent taggers



Take common TPR
and FPR (for plots)

Medium WP

(TPR, FPR) = (0.8, 0.004)

$$\text{FPR} = \max(\epsilon_s^b, \epsilon_b^s)$$

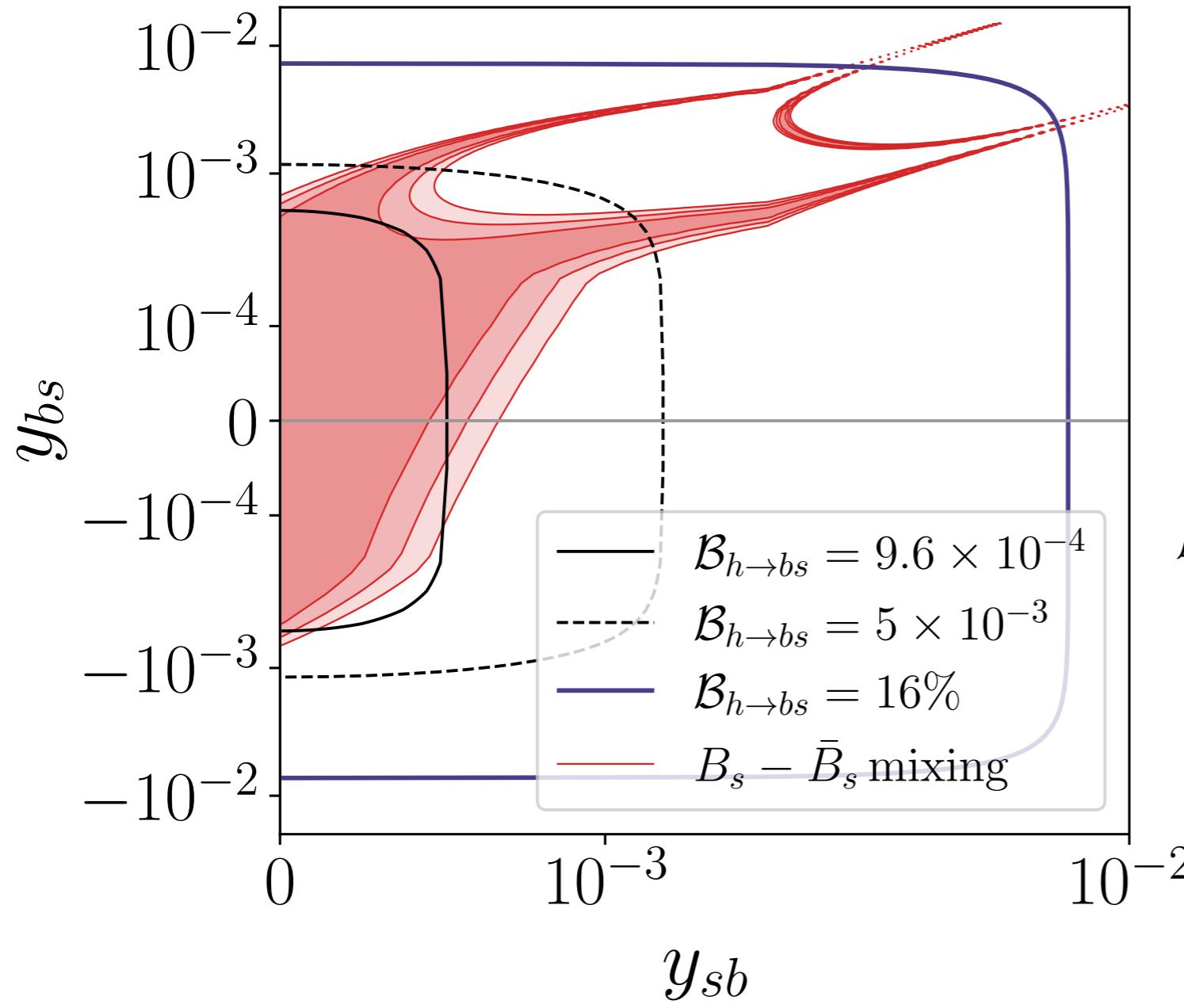
FCC-ee reach

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bs) \lesssim 9.6 \times 10^{-4}$$

Indirect constraints

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bs) \lesssim 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset y_{sb}(\bar{s}_L b_R)h + y_{bs}(\bar{b}_L s_R)h + \text{h.c.}$$



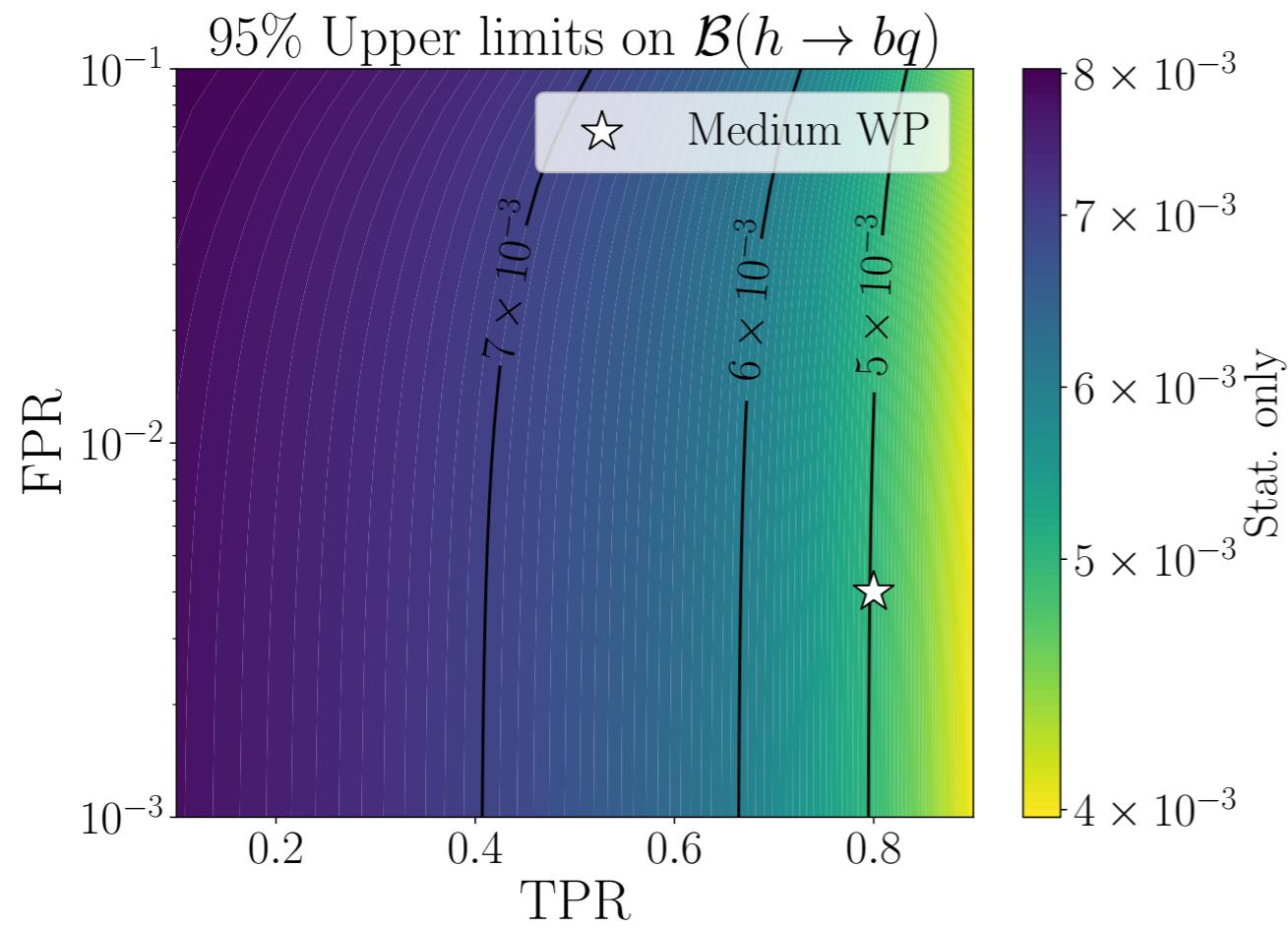
Match to WET + wilson + flavio

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{WET}} \supset C_2(\bar{s}_R b_L)^2 + C'_2(\bar{s}_L b_R)^2 + C_4(\bar{s}_L b_R)(\bar{s}_R b_L)$$

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bs) \lesssim 9.6 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bs) \lesssim 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

Indirect constraints



No *d*-tagger

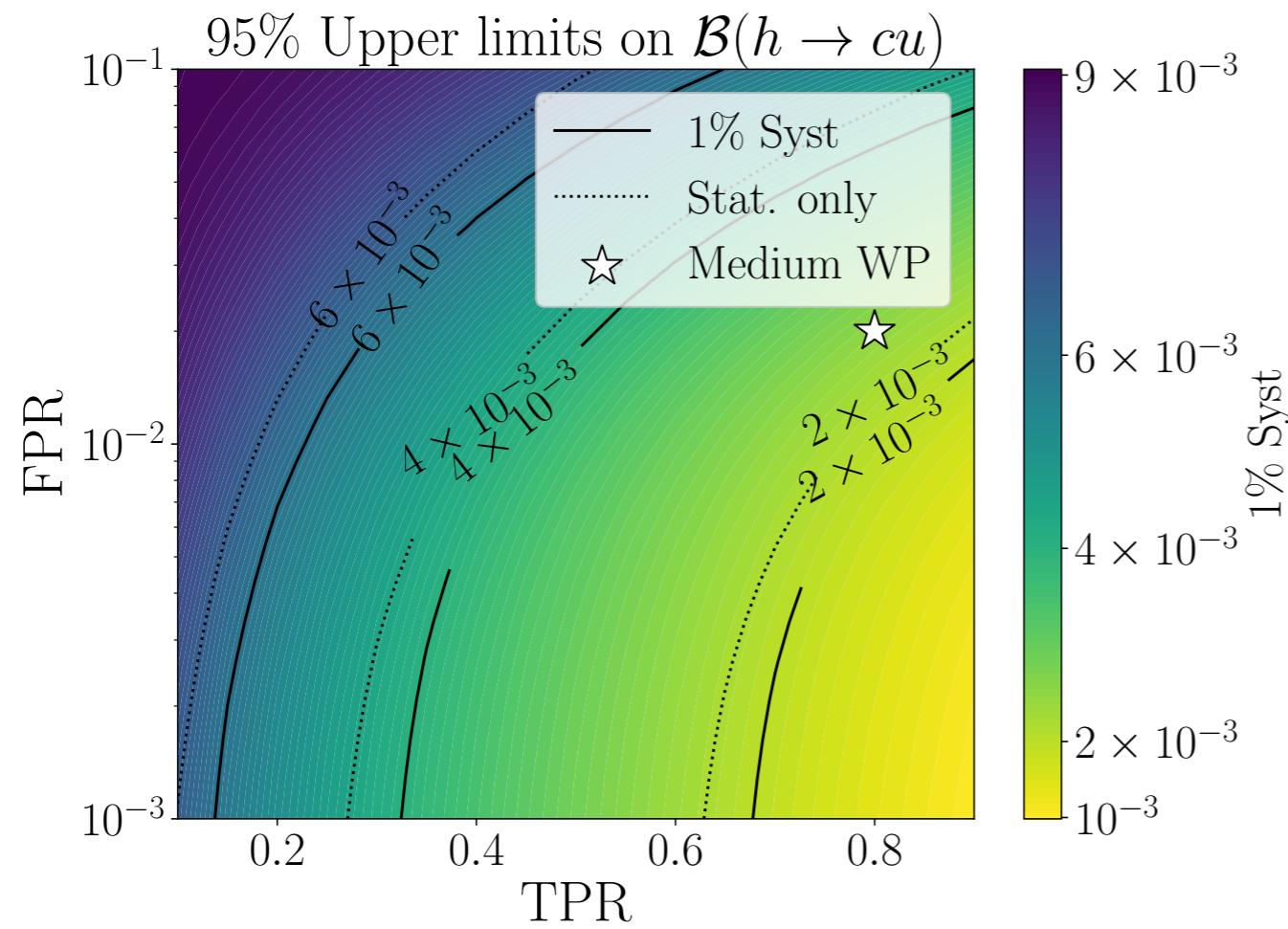
$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bq) = \mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bs) + \mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bd)$$

Medium WP

(TPR, FPR) = (0.8, 0.004)

FCC-ee reach

$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bq) \lesssim 5 \times 10^{-3}$



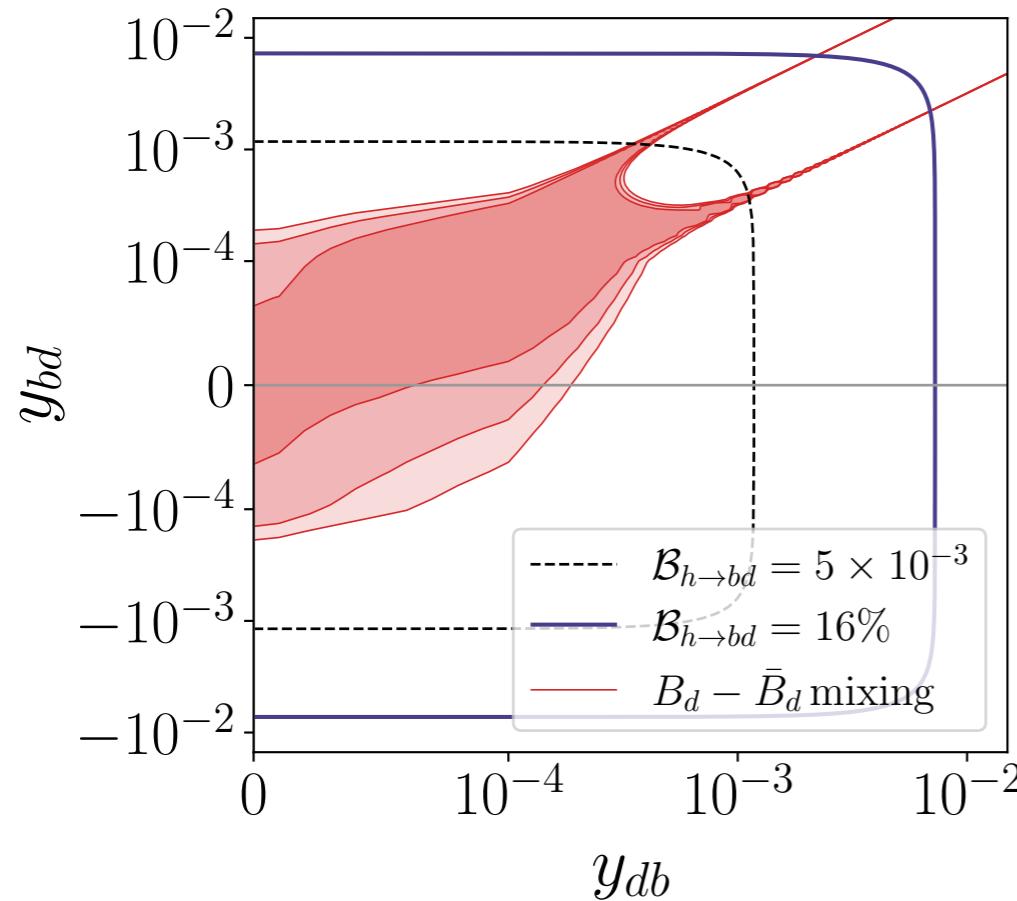
No *u*-tagger

Medium WP

(TPR, FPR) = (0.8, 0.02)

FCC-ee reach

$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow cu) \lesssim 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$

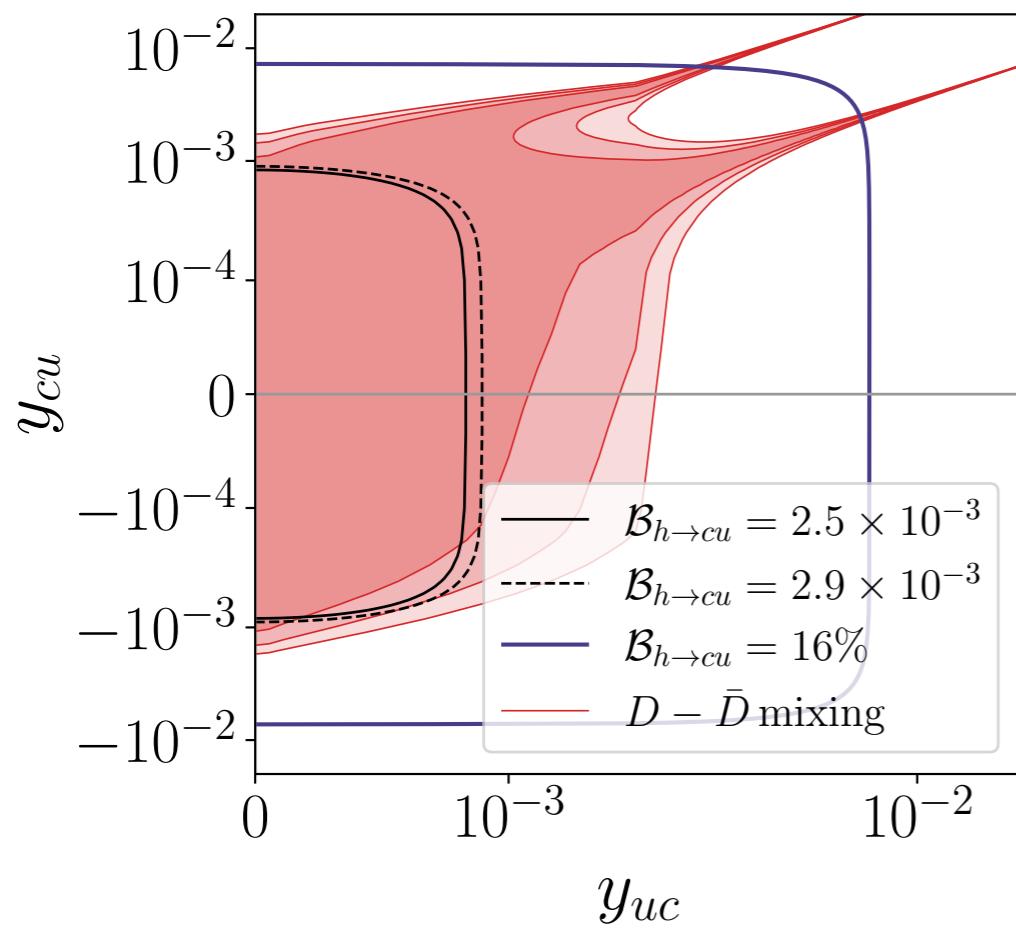


Indirect constraints

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bd) \lesssim 10^{-3}$$

FCC-ee reach

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow bq) \lesssim 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

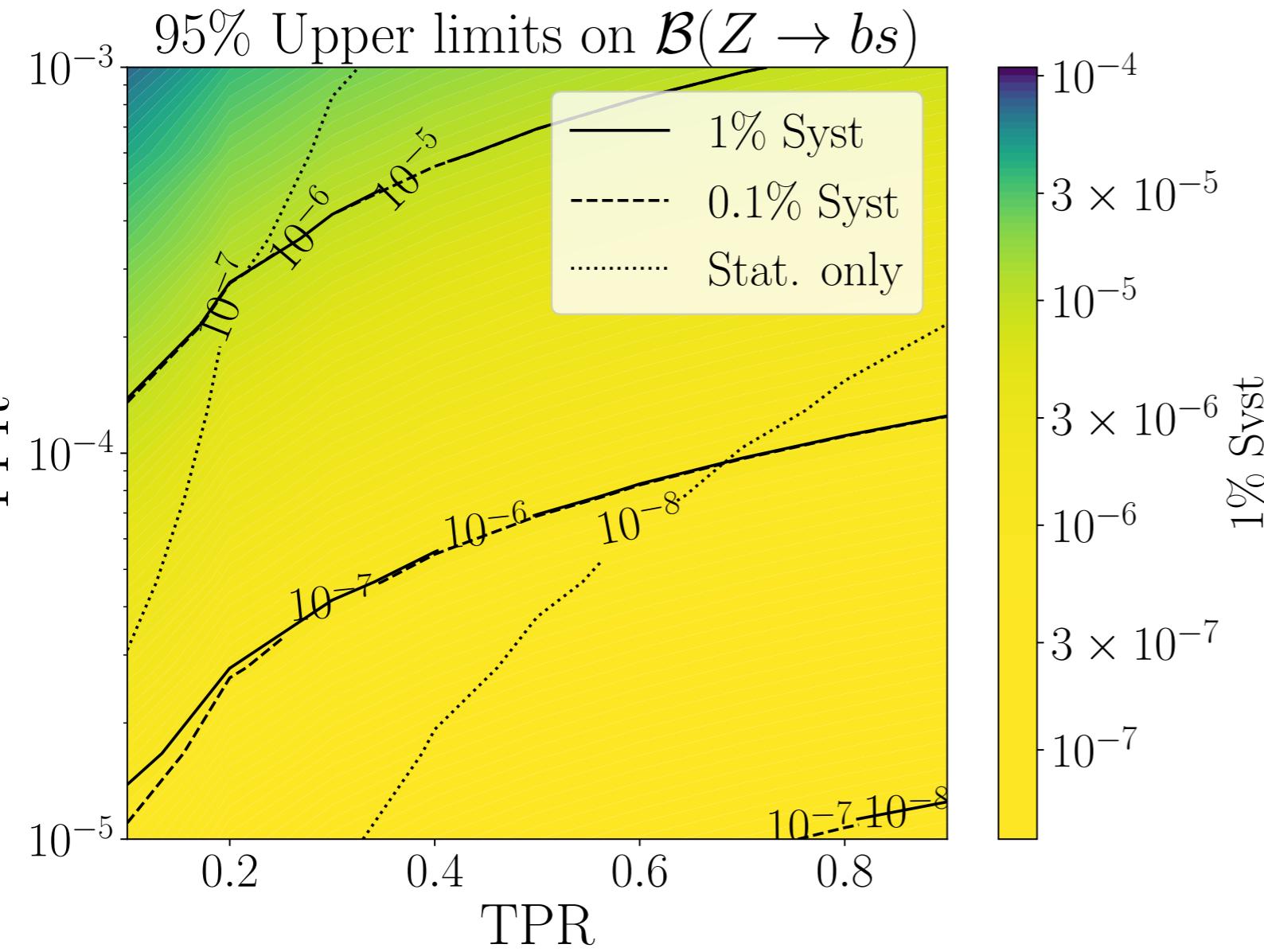


Indirect constraints

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow cu) \lesssim 2 \times 10^{-2}$$

FCC-ee reach

$$\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow cu) \lesssim 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$$



$$\text{TPR} \quad \epsilon_b^b = \epsilon_s^s \quad \text{FPR} \quad \epsilon_{uds}^b = \epsilon_{udcb}^s$$

$\epsilon_b^s \lesssim 10^{-4}$ limited by vertexing

3-5 μ m estimated

Barchetta, Collins, Riedler: 2112.13019

(TPR, FPR, $\Delta\epsilon_\beta^\alpha/\epsilon_\beta^\alpha$)	$\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow bs)$ (95% CL)
(0.4, 10^{-4} , 1%)	1.8×10^{-6}
(0.4, 10^{-4} , 0.1%)	1.8×10^{-7}
(0.2, 10^{-5} , 1%)	4.2×10^{-7}
(0.2, 10^{-5} , 0.1%)	4.2×10^{-8}

SM level

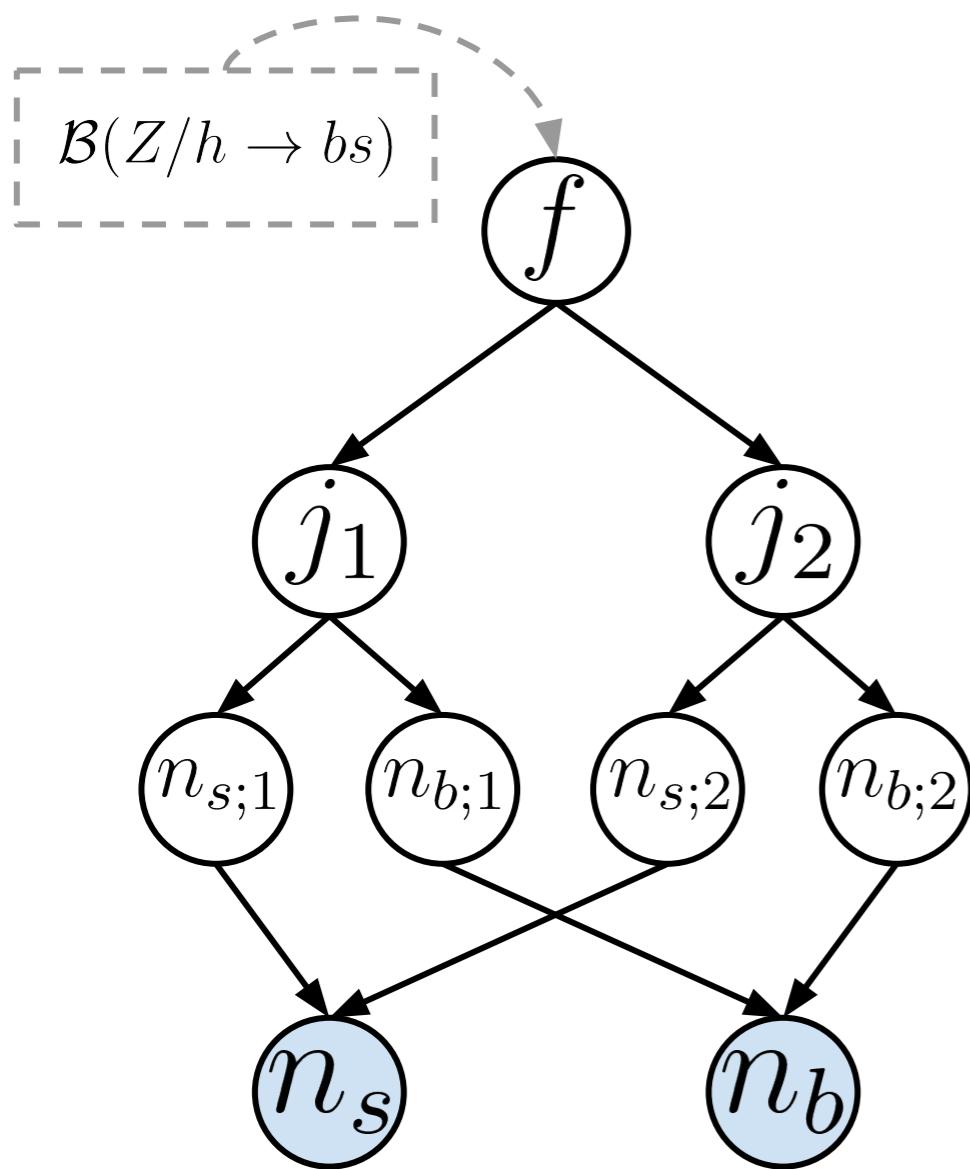
- **Goal:** assess the potential of FCC-ee to explore FC decays
- **Ingredients:**
 - Clean environment of e^+e^- colliders
 - State-of-the-art and improved flavor taggers
 - Analysis technique we propose
- **Take home messages:**
 - Upper limits at FCC-ee are above the SM level
 - Improve limits on Higgs FC couplings
 - Results depend on taggers performances
- **Also:** can be repeated at ILC/CEPC and HL-LHC (with some more care)

Backup slides

Probabilistic model

$$p(n_b, n_s | f, \nu) = \sum_{n_{b;1}=0}^{\min(n_b, 1)} \sum_{n_{s;1}=0}^{\min(n_s, 1-n_{b;1})} p(n_{b;1} | j_1) p(n_{s;1} | j_1, n_{b;1}) p(n_{b;2} | j_2) p(n_{s;2} | j_2, n_{b;2})$$

$$p(n_{b;1} | j_1) = \text{Binom}(n_{b;1}, 1, \epsilon_1^b)$$



$$p(n_{s;1} | j_1, n_{b;1}) = \text{Binom}\left(n_{s;1}, 1 - n_{b;1}, \frac{\epsilon_1^s}{1 - \epsilon_1^b}\right)$$

Flavor conserving decays

$$p(n_b, n_s | f, \nu) = \text{Binom}(n_b, 2, \epsilon_1^b) \text{Binom}\left(n_s, 2 - n_b, \frac{\epsilon_1^s}{1 - \epsilon_1^b}\right)$$

Efficiencies are implicit function of the nuisance parameters

$$\nu = \{\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow f), B(Z \rightarrow f'), \epsilon_\beta^\alpha, N_{Z/h}, \mathcal{A}\}$$

Likelihood

Poisson dist.

$$\mathcal{P}(k|\lambda) = \frac{\lambda^k e^{-\lambda}}{k!}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\mu, \nu) = \mathcal{P}(N_{(n_b, n_s)} | \bar{N}_{(n_b, n_s)}(\mu, \nu)) p(\nu)$$



Constrained to nominal values by other measurements

Profile likelihood ratio

Cowan, Cranmer, Gross, Vitells: 1007.1727

$$p(\nu) = \prod_i \mathcal{N}(\nu_{i,0}; \nu_i, \sigma_i)$$

$$\lambda(\mu) = \frac{\mathcal{L}(\mu, \hat{\nu}(\mu))}{\mathcal{L}(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\nu})}$$

$\hat{\nu}(\mu), \hat{\mu}, \hat{\nu}$ are maximum likelihood estimates (MLE)

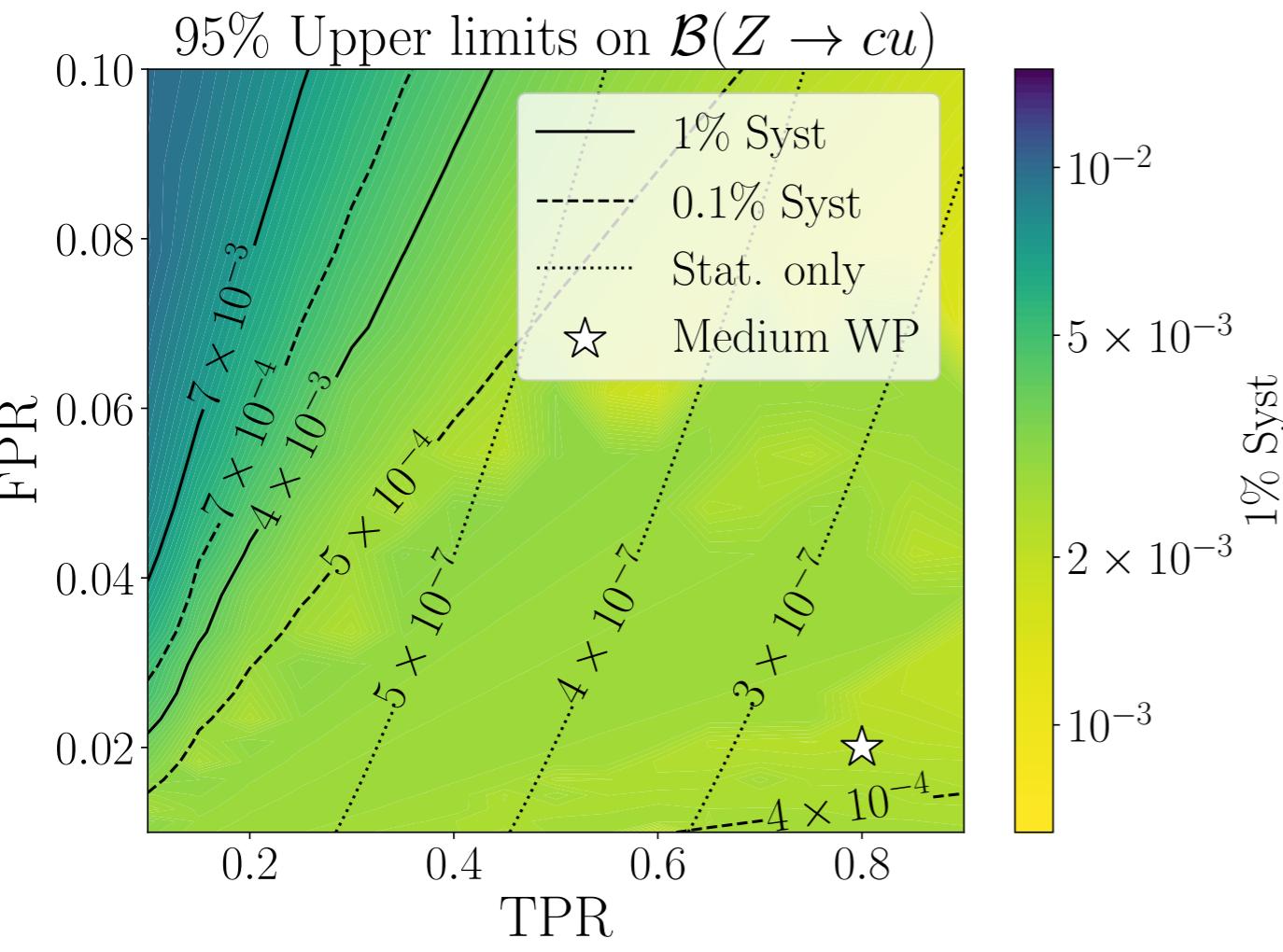
Test statistics

$$t_\mu = -2 \ln \lambda(\mu)$$

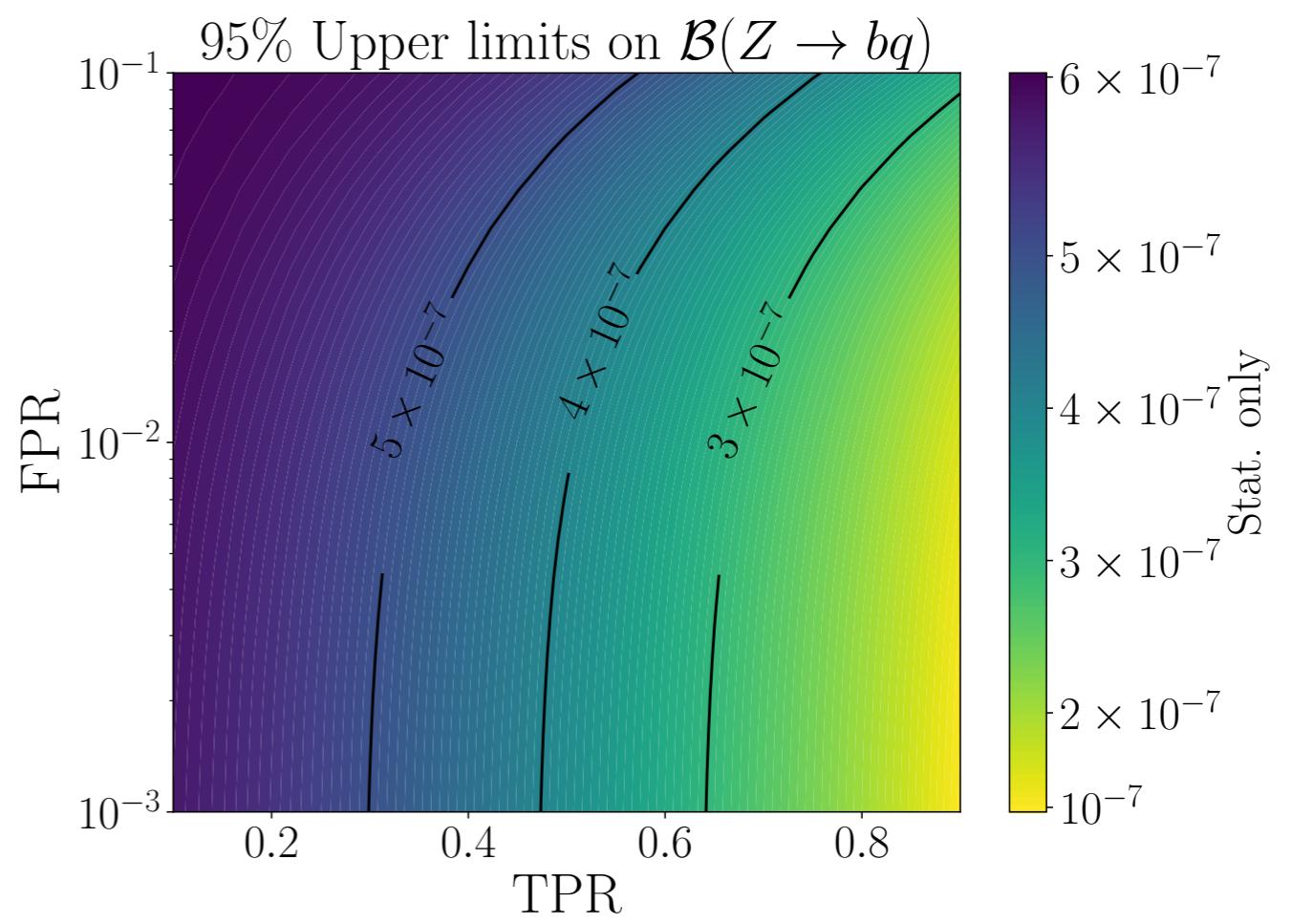
Confidence interval $\mu_{\text{true}} = 1$, solve for $t_\mu = 1$ (68%)

Upper limits

$\mu_{\text{true}} = 0$, solve for $t_\mu = (\Phi^{-1}(1 - 0.05))^2$ (95%)



Similar backgrounds and tagger performances



New Physics fits (Z)

$$\Delta B = \Delta S = 1$$

$$-\mathcal{H}_{\text{WET}} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{4\pi} V_{tb}^* V_{ts} \sum_{\ell} \left(C_9 \mathcal{O}_9 + C'_9 \mathcal{O}'_9 + C_{10} \mathcal{O}_{10} + C'_{10} \mathcal{O}'_{10} + C_{\nu} \mathcal{O}_{\nu} + C'_{\nu} \mathcal{O}'_{\nu} + \dots \right)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_9^{(\prime)} = (\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_{L(R)}) (\bar{\ell}\gamma^{\mu}\ell) \quad \mathcal{O}_{10}^{(\prime)} = (\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_{L(R)}) (\bar{\ell}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma_5\ell) \quad \mathcal{O}_{\nu}^{(\prime)} = (\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_{L(R)}) (\bar{\nu}_{\ell}\gamma^{\mu}(1 - \gamma_5)\nu_{\ell})$$

$$\Delta F=2$$

$$-\mathcal{H}_{\Delta F=2} = C_{VL}(\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_L)^2 + C_{VR}(\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_R)^2 + C_{VLR}(\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_L)(\bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b_R)$$

$$\text{Wilson coefficients} \quad C_i = C_i^{\text{SM}} + \delta C_i$$

$$\delta C_{9,\ell\ell}^{(\prime)} = \mathcal{N} g_{sb}^{L(R)} g_{Z\ell\ell,\text{vec}} \simeq 6.04 \times 10^3 g_{sb}^{L(R)}$$

$$\delta C_{10,\ell\ell}^{(\prime)} = \mathcal{N} g_{sb}^{L(R)} g_{Z\ell\ell,\text{ax}} \simeq -5.67 \times 10^4 g_{sb}^{L(R)}$$

$$\delta C_{\nu}^{(\prime)} = \mathcal{N} g_{sb}^{L(R)} g_{Z\nu\nu}$$

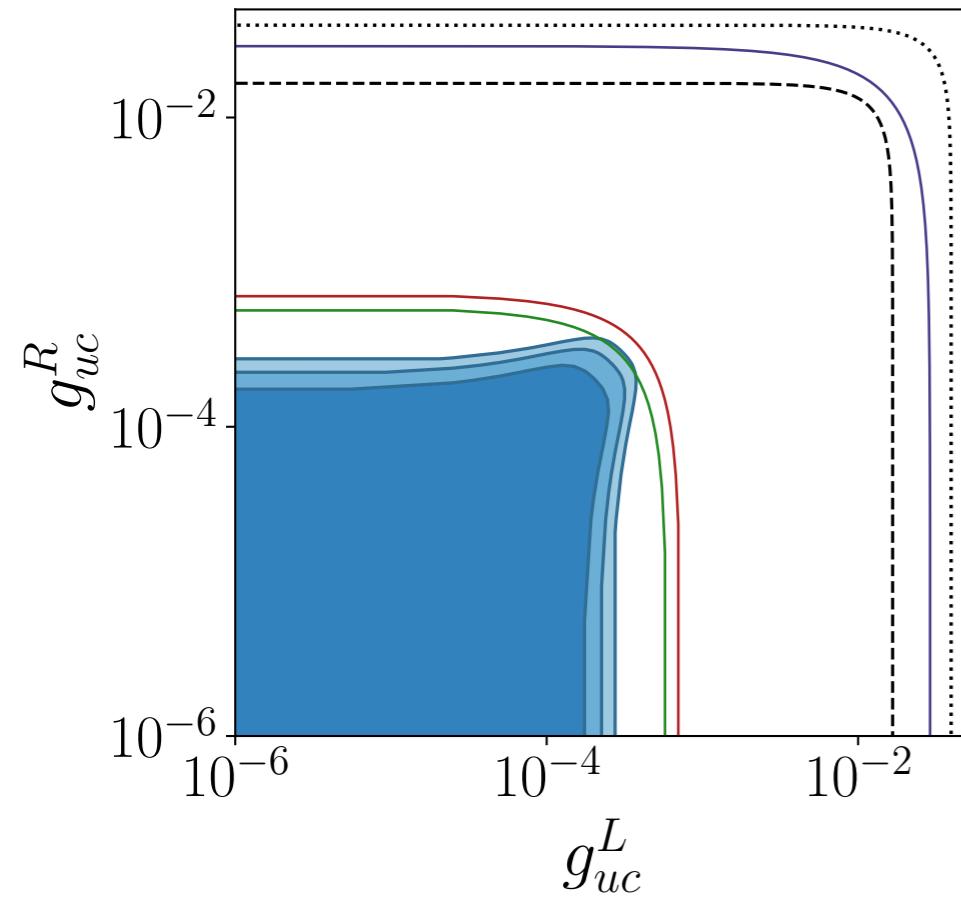
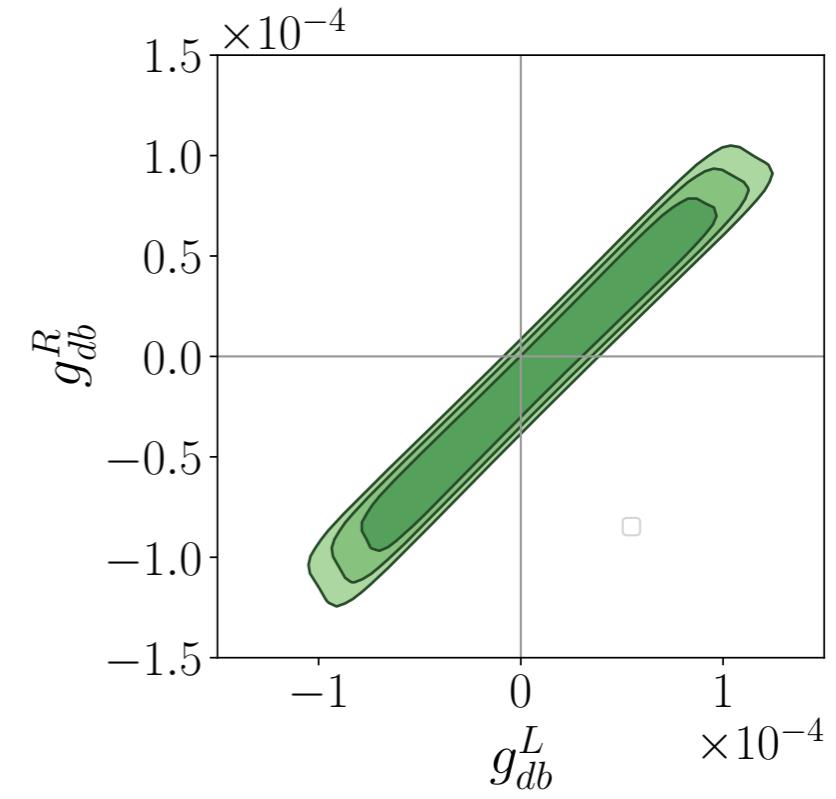
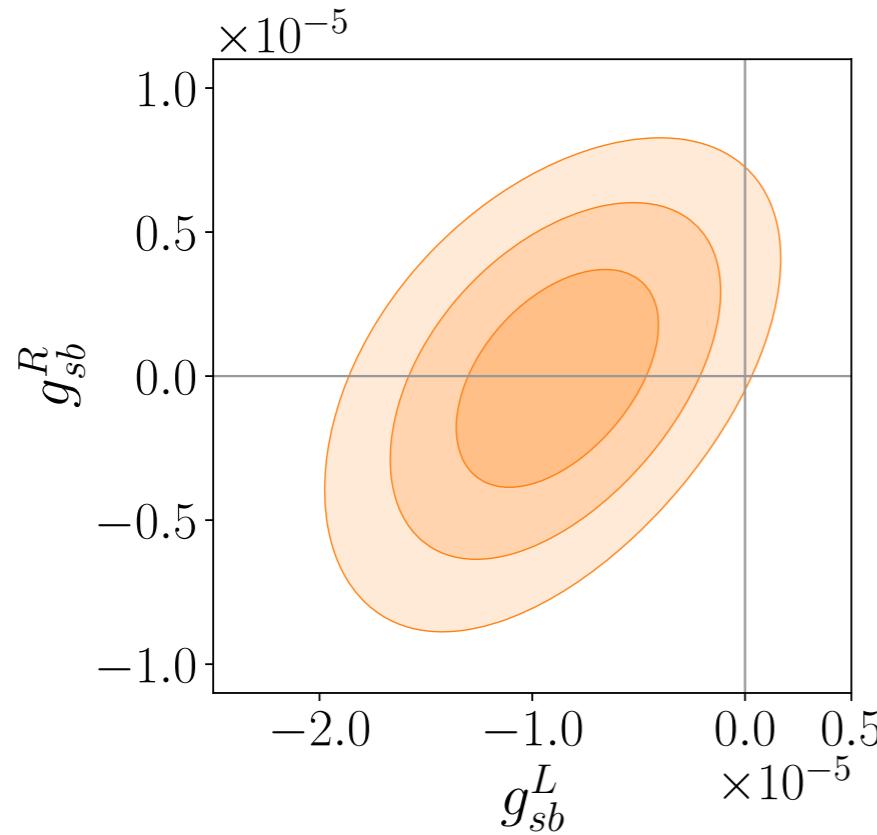
Lepton couplings are assumed to be SM

$$C_{VL} = \frac{(g_{sb}^L)^2}{2m_Z^2}$$

$$C_{VR} = \frac{(g_{sb}^R)^2}{2m_Z^2}$$

$$C_{VLR} = \frac{g_{sb}^L g_{sb}^R}{m_Z^2}$$

New Physics fits (Z)



- $\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow cu) = 4.04 \times 10^{-4}$
- $\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow cu) = 2.28 \times 10^{-3}$
- Combined D decays fit
- $\mathcal{B}(D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)$, full region
- $\mathcal{B}(D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)$, high q^2
- $\mathcal{B}(D^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$

LHCb: 2212.11203, 1304.6365
 Belle: 1003.2345
 BESIII: 2112.14236
 Bause, Golz, Hiller, Tayduganov: 1909.11108

NP model: Vector-like Quarks (1)

Introduce $SU_L(2)$ singlets (D_L, D_R) with $Y = -1/3$

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \supset y_d^{ij} \bar{q}_L^i H d_R^j + y_u^{ij} \bar{q}_L^i \tilde{H} u_R^j + y_D^i \bar{q}_L^i H D_R + M_D \bar{D}_L D_R + \text{h.c.},$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{VLQ}}^D \supset \frac{g}{2c_W} X_{ij}^d (\bar{d}^i \gamma^\mu P_L d^j) Z_\mu + X_{ij}^d \frac{m_j}{v} (\bar{d}^i P_R d^j) h + \text{h.c.},$$

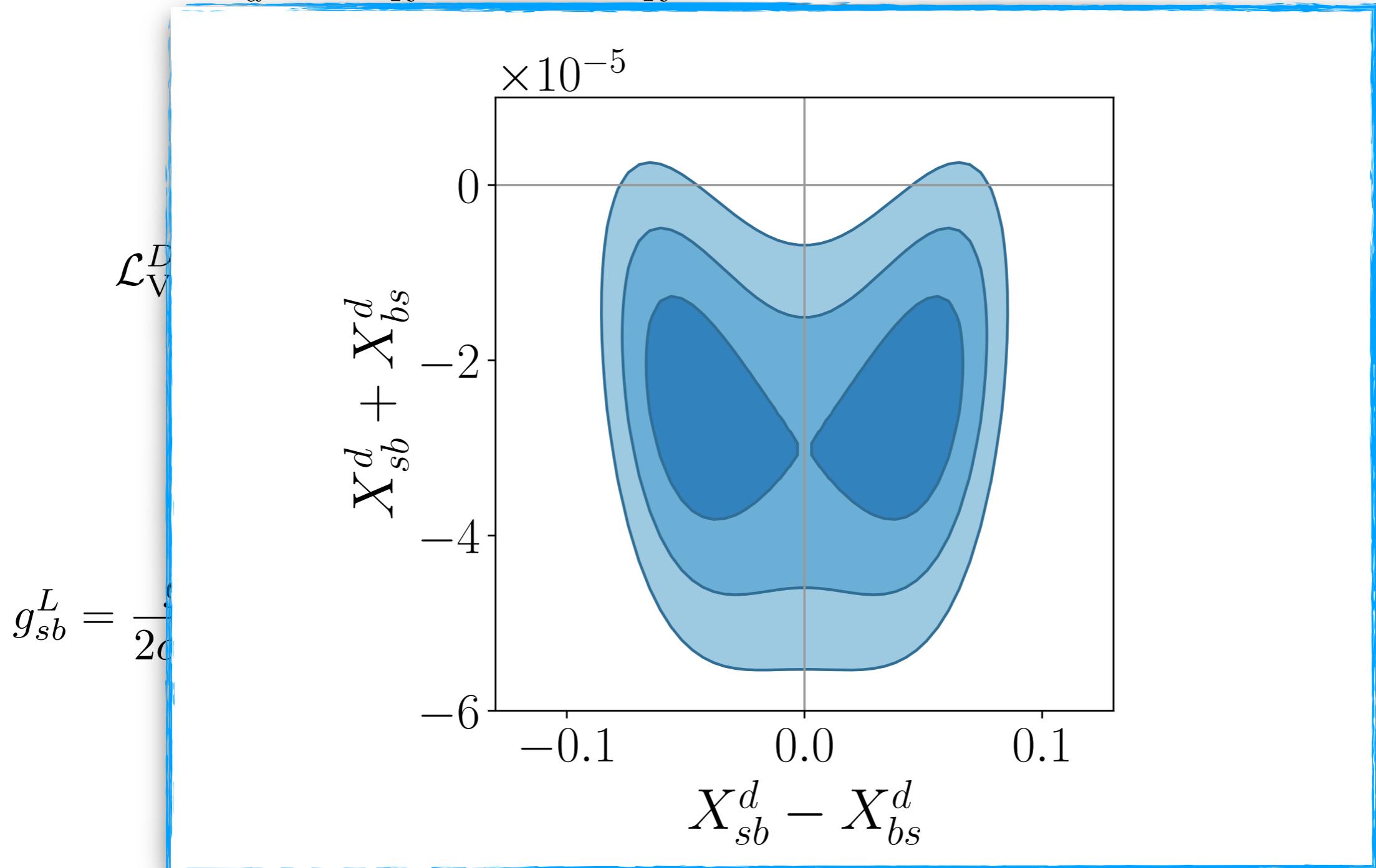
$$g_{sb}^L = \frac{g}{2c_W} (X_{sb}^d + X_{bs}^{d*}), \quad g_{sb}^R = 0, \quad y_{sb} = X_{sb}^d m_b/v, \quad y_{bs} = X_{bs}^d m_s/v$$

Both h and Z couplings generated

NP model: Vector-like Quarks (1)

Introduce $SU_L(2)$ singlets (D_L, D_R) with $Y = -1/3$

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \supset y_d^{ij} \bar{q}_L^i H d_R^j + y_u^{ij} \bar{q}_L^i \tilde{H} u_R^j + y_D^i \bar{q}_L^i H D_R + M_D \bar{D}_L D_R + \text{h.c.},$$



NP model: Vector-like Quarks (2)

Introduce $SU_L(2)$ doublets (Q_L, Q_R) with $Y = 1/6$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Q = y_d^{ij} \bar{q}_L^i H d_R^j + y_u^{ij} \bar{q}_L^i \tilde{H} u_R^j + y_D^i \bar{Q}_L H d_R^i + y_U^i \bar{Q}_L \tilde{H} u_R^i + M_Q \bar{Q}_L Q_R + \text{h.c.}$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{VLQ}}^Q \supset \frac{g}{2c_W} X_{ij}^Q (\bar{d}^i \gamma^\mu P_R d^j) Z_\mu + X_{ij}^Q \frac{m_j}{v} (\bar{d}^i P_R d^j) h + \text{h.c.}$$

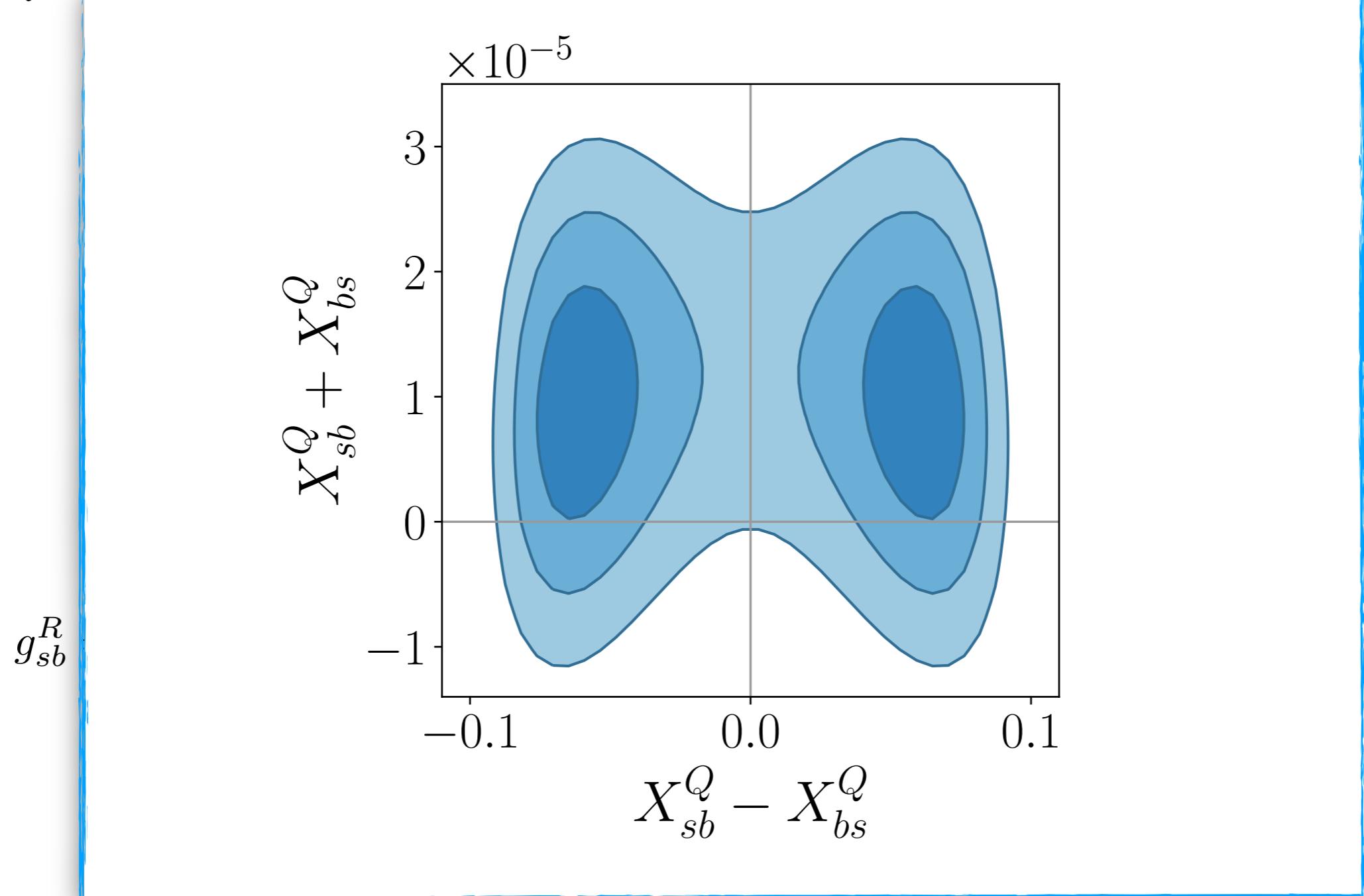
$$g_{sb}^R = \frac{g}{2c_W} (X_{sb}^Q + X_{bs}^{Q*}), \quad g_{sb}^L = 0, \quad y_{sb} = X_{sb}^Q m_b/v, \quad y_{bs} = X_{bs}^Q m_s/v$$

Both h and Z couplings generated

NP model: Vector-like Quarks (2)

Introduce $SU_L(2)$ doublets (Q_L, Q_R) with $Y = 1/6$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Q = \nu^{ij} \bar{\sigma}^i H d^j + \nu^{ij} \bar{\sigma}^i \tilde{H} e^j + \nu^i \bar{O}_+ H d^i + \nu^i \bar{O}_+ \tilde{H} e^i + M_\nu \bar{O}_+ O_\nu + \text{h.c.}$$



NP model: Two Higgs Doublet Model

Type III: no discrete symmetry preventing FCNCs

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{2HDM}} \supset -\frac{\sqrt{2}m_i}{v}\delta_{ij}\bar{q}_L^iH_1d_R^j - \sqrt{2}Y_{ij}^d\bar{q}_L^iH_2d_R^j - \frac{\sqrt{2}m_i}{v}\delta_{ij}\bar{q}'_L^i\tilde{H}_1u_R^j - \sqrt{2}Y_{ij}^u\bar{q}'_L^i\tilde{H}_2u_R^j$$

$$H_1 = \begin{pmatrix} G^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v + h_1 + iG^0) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_2 = \begin{pmatrix} H^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(h_2 + iA) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_\alpha & s_\alpha \\ -s_\alpha & c_\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ H \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_2 = -\frac{(Y_{bs}^{d*})^2}{2} \left(\frac{s_\alpha^2}{m_h^2} + \frac{c_\alpha^2}{m_H^2} - \frac{1}{m_A^2} \right),$$

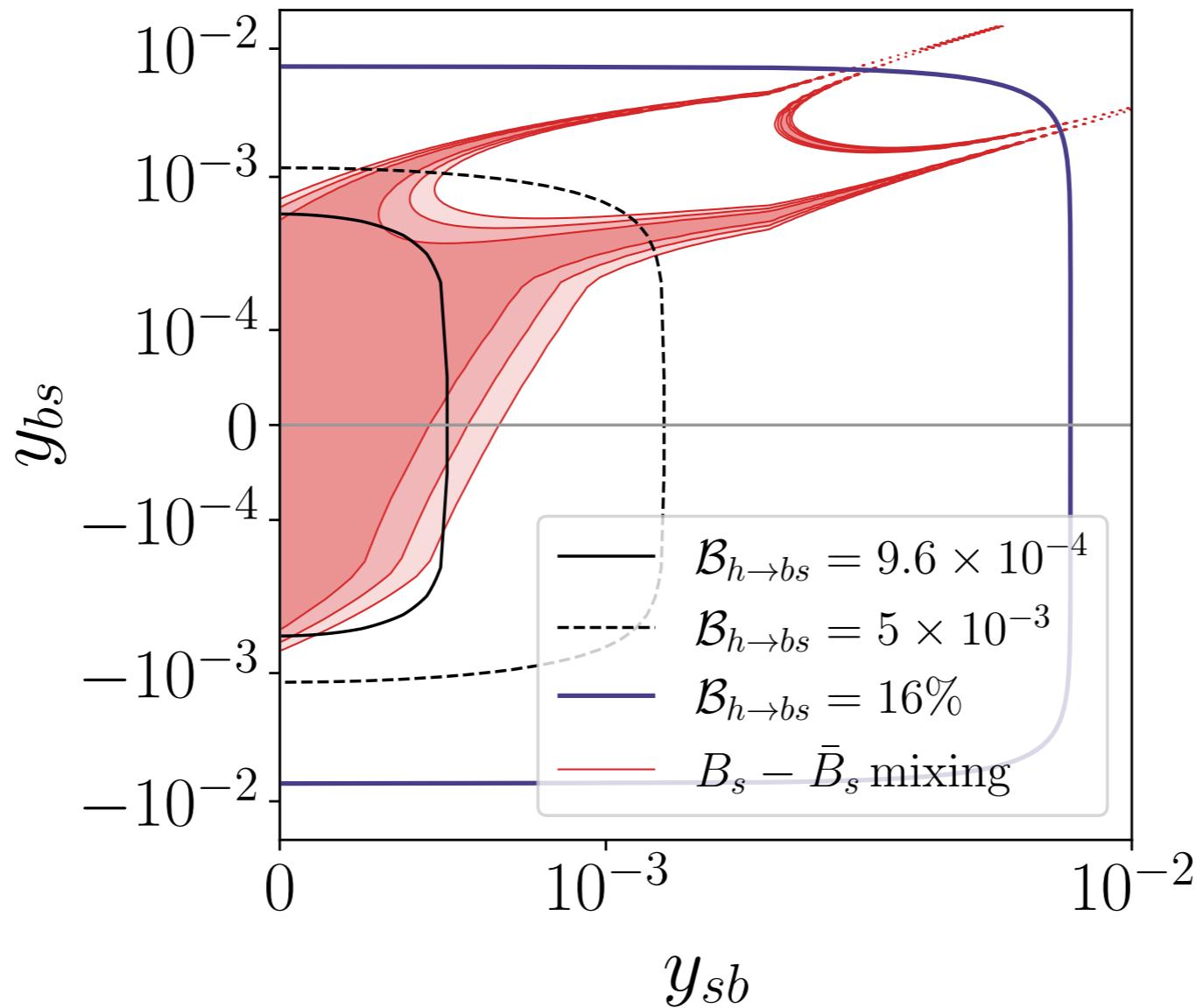
$$C'_2 = -\frac{(Y_{sb}^d)^2}{2} \left(\frac{s_\alpha^2}{m_h^2} + \frac{c_\alpha^2}{m_H^2} - \frac{1}{m_A^2} \right),$$

$$C_4 = -(Y_{bs}^{d*}Y_{sb}^d) \left(\frac{s_\alpha^2}{m_h^2} + \frac{c_\alpha^2}{m_H^2} + \frac{1}{m_A^2} \right)$$

NP model: Two Higgs Doublet Model

Type III: no discrete symmetry preventing FCNCs

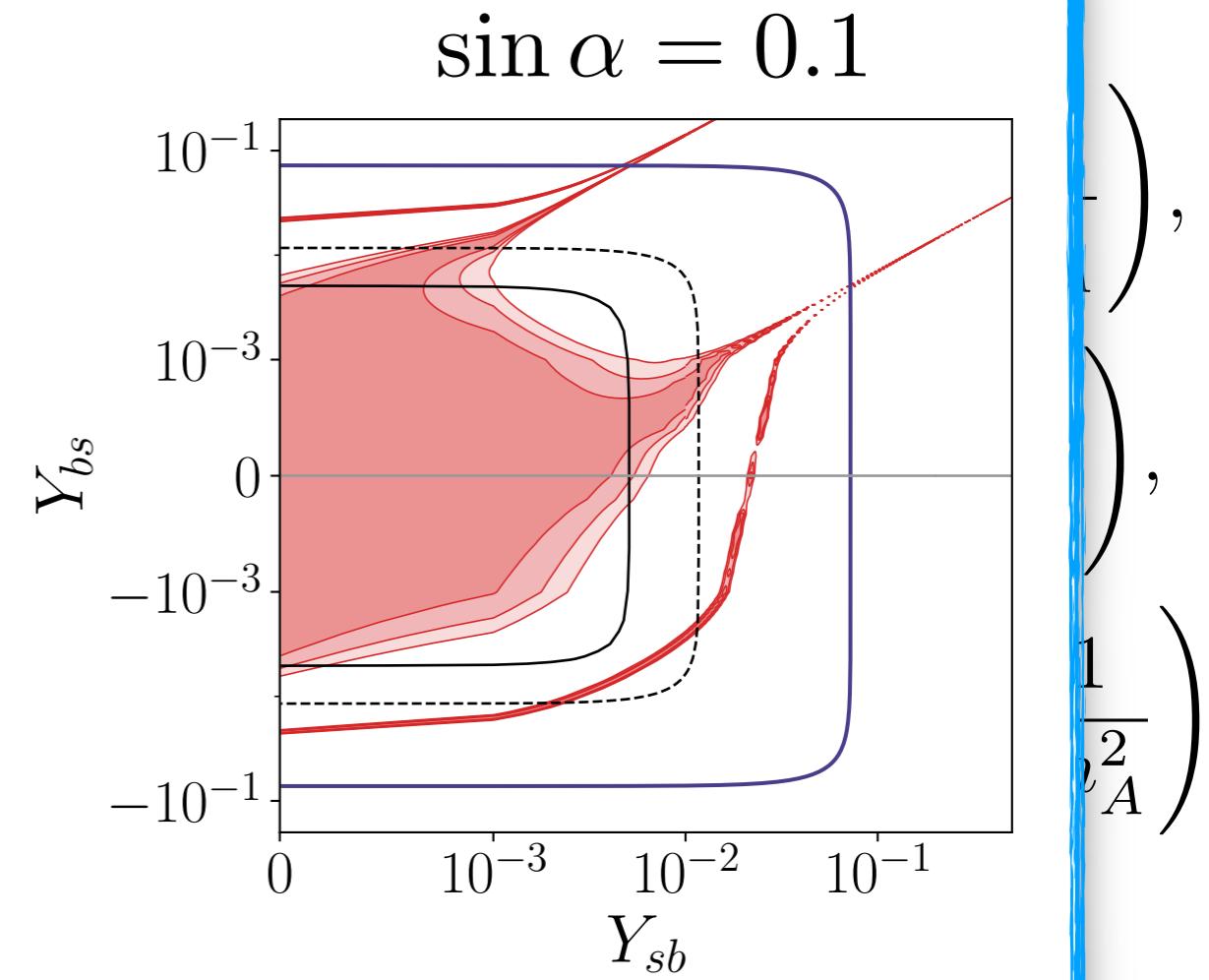
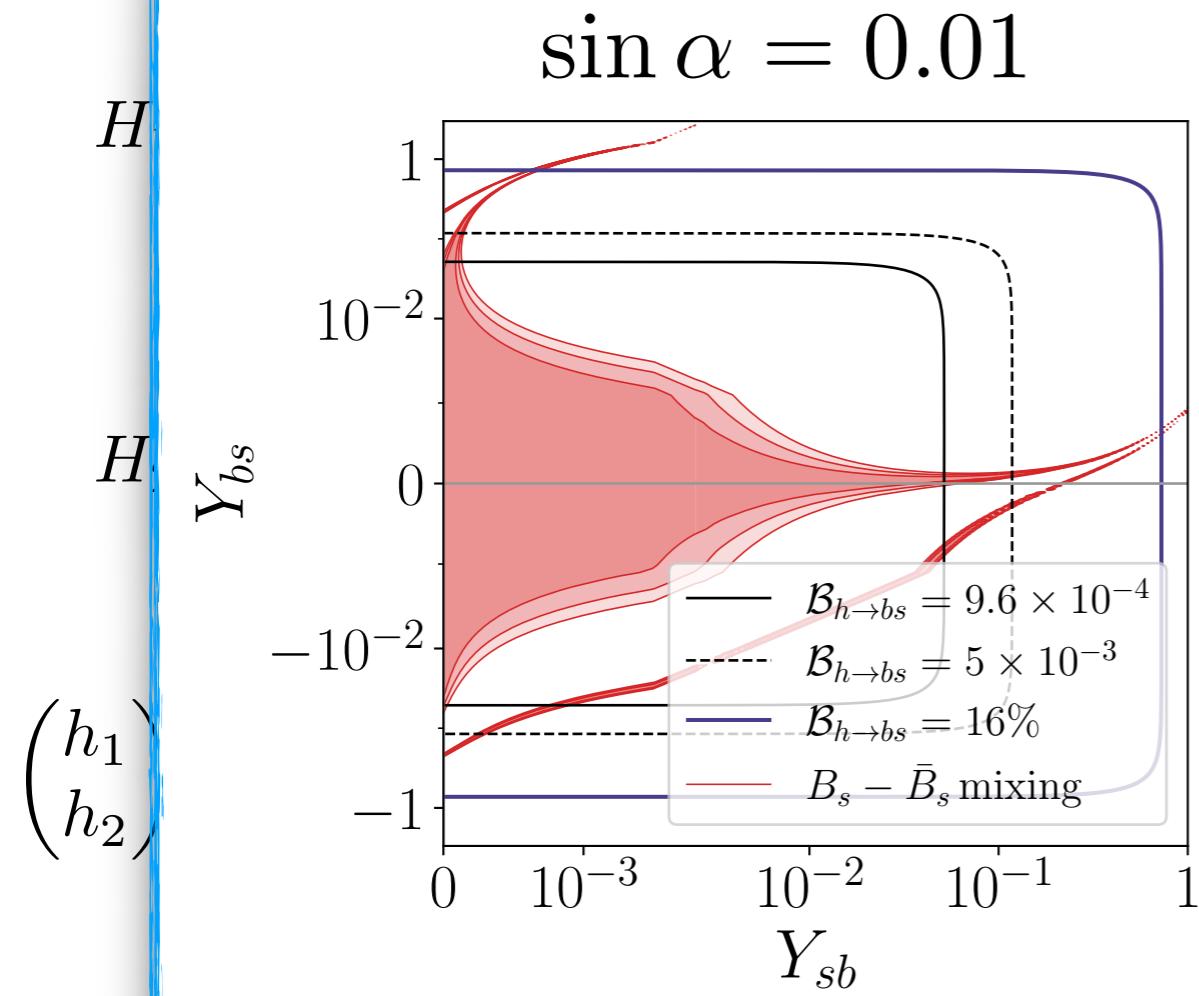
$$m_{H,A} \rightarrow \infty \quad y_{ij} = Y_{ij}^q \sin \alpha$$



NP model: Two Higgs Doublet Model

Type III: no discrete symmetry preventing FCNCs

$$m_{H,A} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

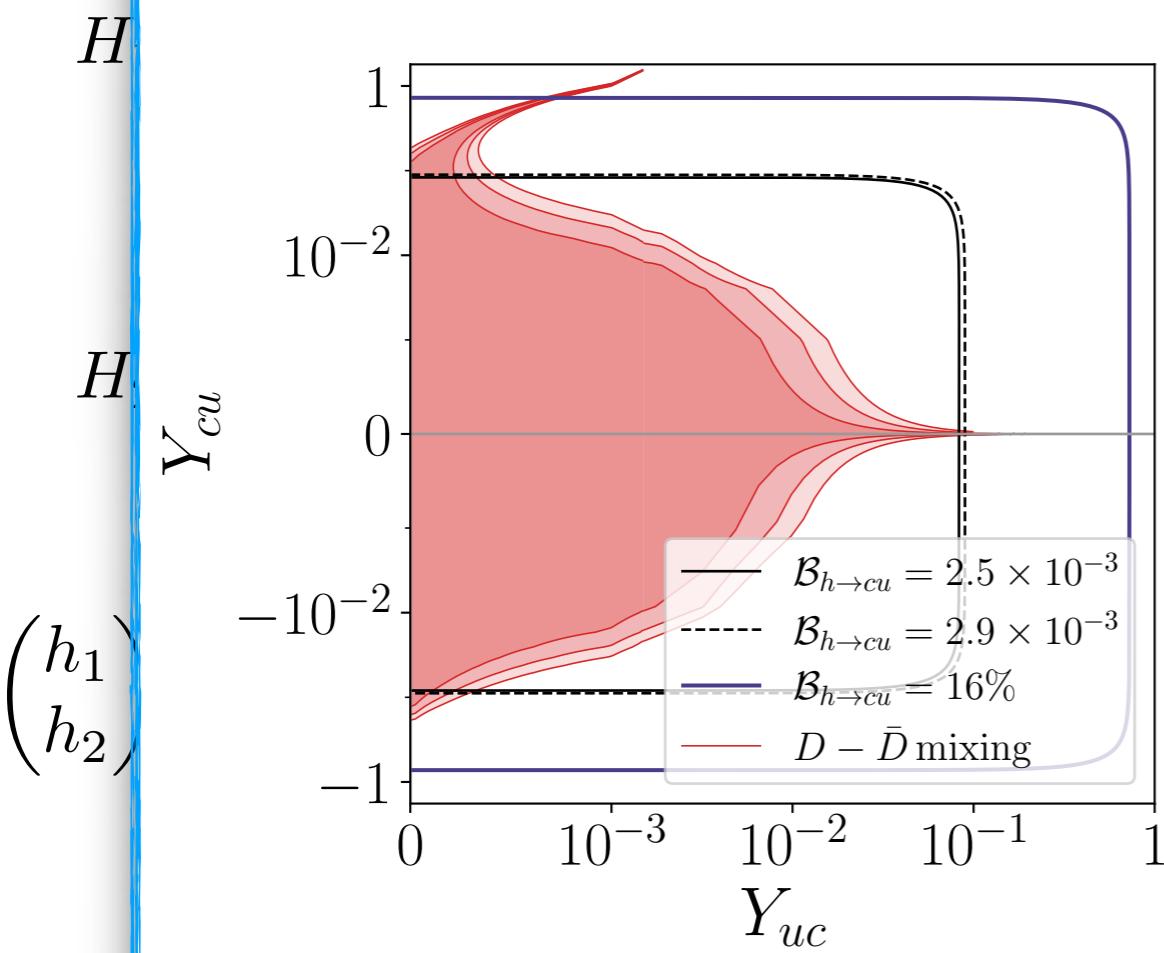


NP model: Two Higgs Doublet Model

Type III: no discrete symmetry preventing FCNCs

$$m_{H,A} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\sin \alpha = 0.01$$



$$\sin \alpha = 0.1$$

