#### **Connecting the Swampland Program** with Potential Discoveries at the LHC



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I'm Yuta Hamada at KEK. I recently work on the Swampland program.

I am asked to talk about ``what would be interesting at the LHC from my viewpoint".

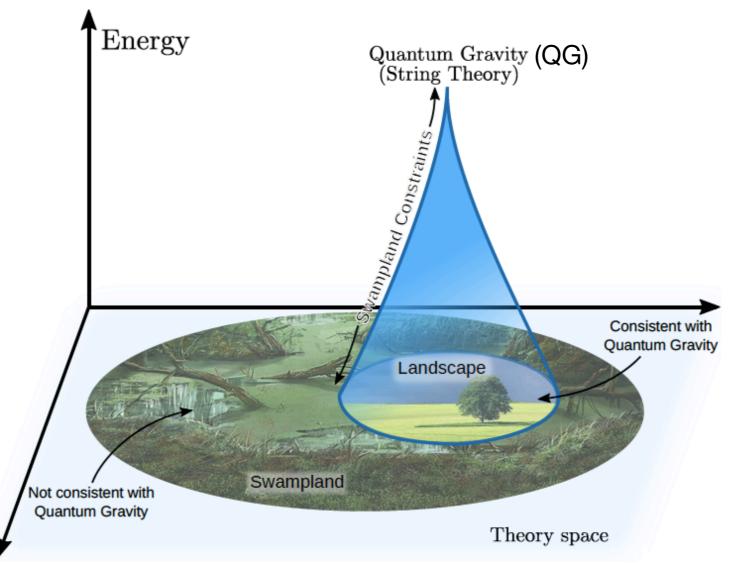
I decided to talk about: Suppose LHC find something, (combined with Swampland conjecture) what can we from that?

More specifically,

if LHC finds  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  symmetry, what can we say?  $\rightarrow$  topological defect is predicted.

# Swampland

Landscape: EFT compatible with Quantum Gravity. Swampland: EFT incompatible with Quantum Gravity.



[Figure from Beest, Calderon-Infante, Mirfendereski, Valenzuela '21]

## No Global Symmetry

#### Statement: No Global Symmetry in QG.

[..., Banks-Dixon '88, ..., Banks-Seiberg '10, ..., Harlow-Ooguri '18, ...]

Perturbative string BH Holography

There are no discrete and continuous global symmetries. For example, there are no  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  and SU(2) global symmetries.

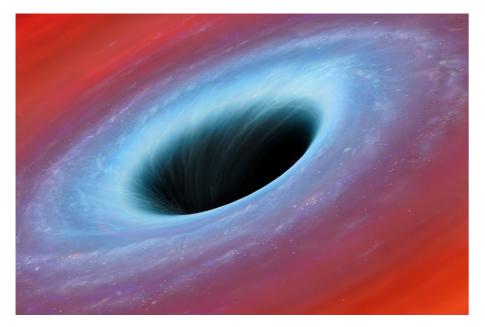
The Conjecture also applies to new notion of symmetry such as higher form symmetry and non-invertible symmetry.

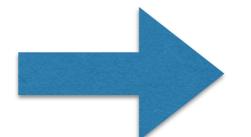
The global symmetry at the boundary of the spacetime is OK. (e.g. AdS/CFT)

### Relation to Black Hole

Suppose there is SU(2) global symmetry.

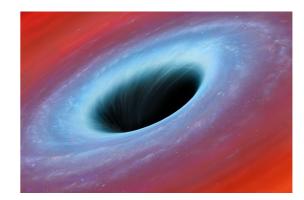
By throwing Spin *J* matter into BH, the BH with an arbitrarily SU(2) charge is constructed.





Hawking radiation

Distant observer cannot distinguish SU(2) charge. The number of indistinguishable state contributes to entropy, but  $e^{S_{BH}}$  is finite.



$$S_{BH} = A/4.$$

A: BH area.

#### Solutions

Solution(1) Explicit braking.

There are no global symmetries.

Solution(2) Gauging

The distance observer can see the black hole charge through the electric field.

# Discovery

Suppose LHC discovers a particle charged under  $\mathbb{Z}_N$ . e.g.  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  odd scalar dark matter.

What can we learn from this?

From No global symmetry Conjecture,

 $\mathbb{Z}_2$  is either broken or gauged.

We assume gauged option since there is something interesting in this case.

### Global vs Gauge: U(1)

What is difference btw global and gauge symmetry?

Case of U(1):

Global U(1). Transformation  $\phi \rightarrow e^{i\alpha}\phi$ .  $\alpha$  is constant.

Gauged U(1). Transformation  $\phi \to e^{i\alpha(x)}\phi$ .  $\alpha(x)$  depends on x.

→ gauge field  $A_{\mu}$  is introduced for invariance. Only gauge invariant quantities are meaningful. Gauge symmetry is just a redundancy of description.

## Global vs Gauge: $\mathbb{Z}_2$

Case of  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  is puzzling.

Hard to imagine  $\phi \to \pm \phi$  depends on *x*. If transformation is continuous, then  $\phi \to + \phi$  or  $\phi \to - \phi$  for all *x*.

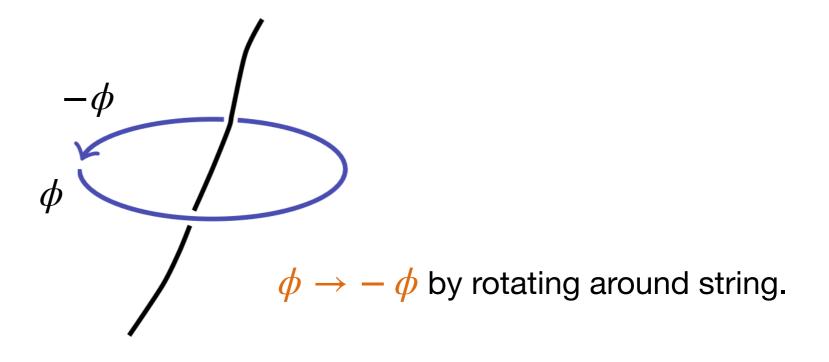
Consequently, gauge field  $A_{\mu}$  is not introduced.

Only gauge invariant quantities are meaningful.

I do not go into detail of formulation, but just show a physical difference.

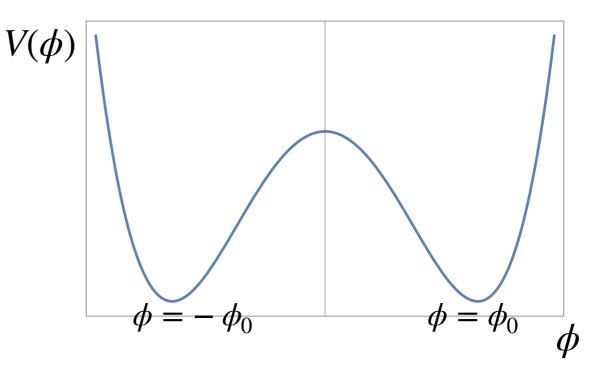
#### Global vs Gauge: $\mathbb{Z}_2$

What is difference btw global and gauge  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  symmetry? An answer: If  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  is gauged, there is string.



#### Domain wall

Why string is needed? Suppose  $\phi$  has a potential. Two vacua related by  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ gauge symmetry.



$$\phi = -\phi_0$$
  $\phi = \phi_0$   
Domain wall

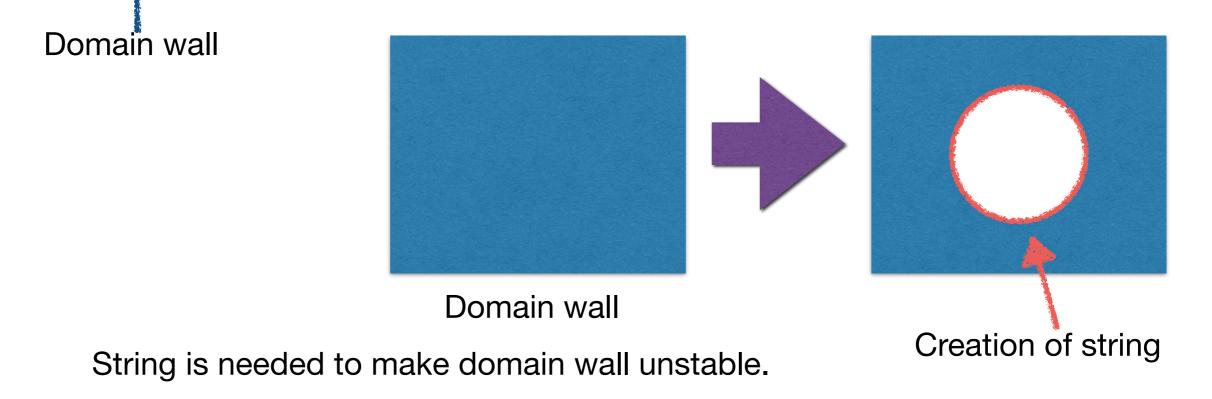
## Domain wall and String

 $\phi = -\phi_0 \qquad \phi = \phi_0$ 

$$\phi = \pm \phi_0$$
 is related by  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  gauge sym.

$$\phi=\phi_0$$
 and  $\phi=-\phi_0$  are the same vacual

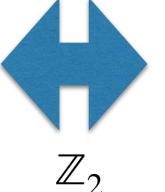
Domain wall connecting same vacua must be unstable.



# Example

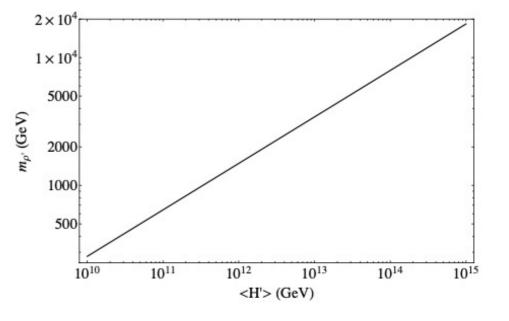
A model [Hook '14] solving the strong CP problem utilizes  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  symmetry.

**Standard Model** 



Mirror Standard Model

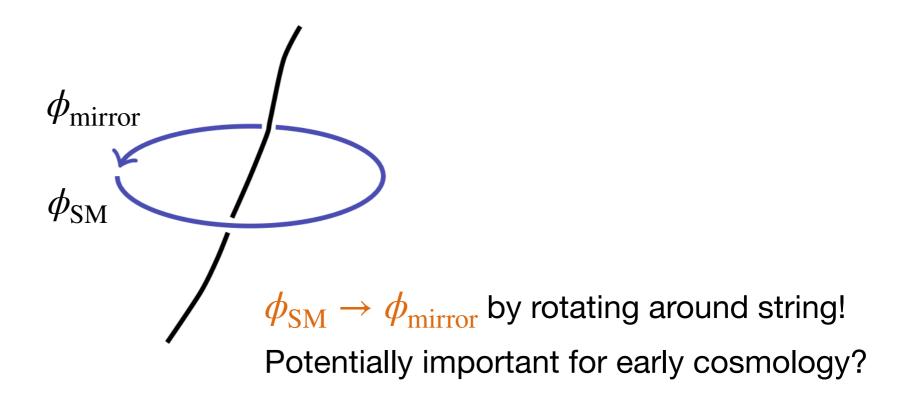
Prediction: Colored particle at TeV scale. Chance to test at LHC.



#### $\mathbb{Z}_2$ string

Suppose this model is correct. What can we learn?

If  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  exchange is gauged, there is string.



## Summary

- LHC may reveal  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  symmetry.
- From Swampland Conjecture,  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  is either broken or gauged.
- If gauged, new topological defect is predict, which may play a role in our world.