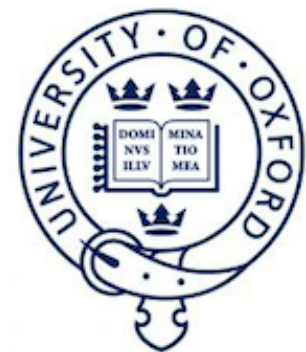
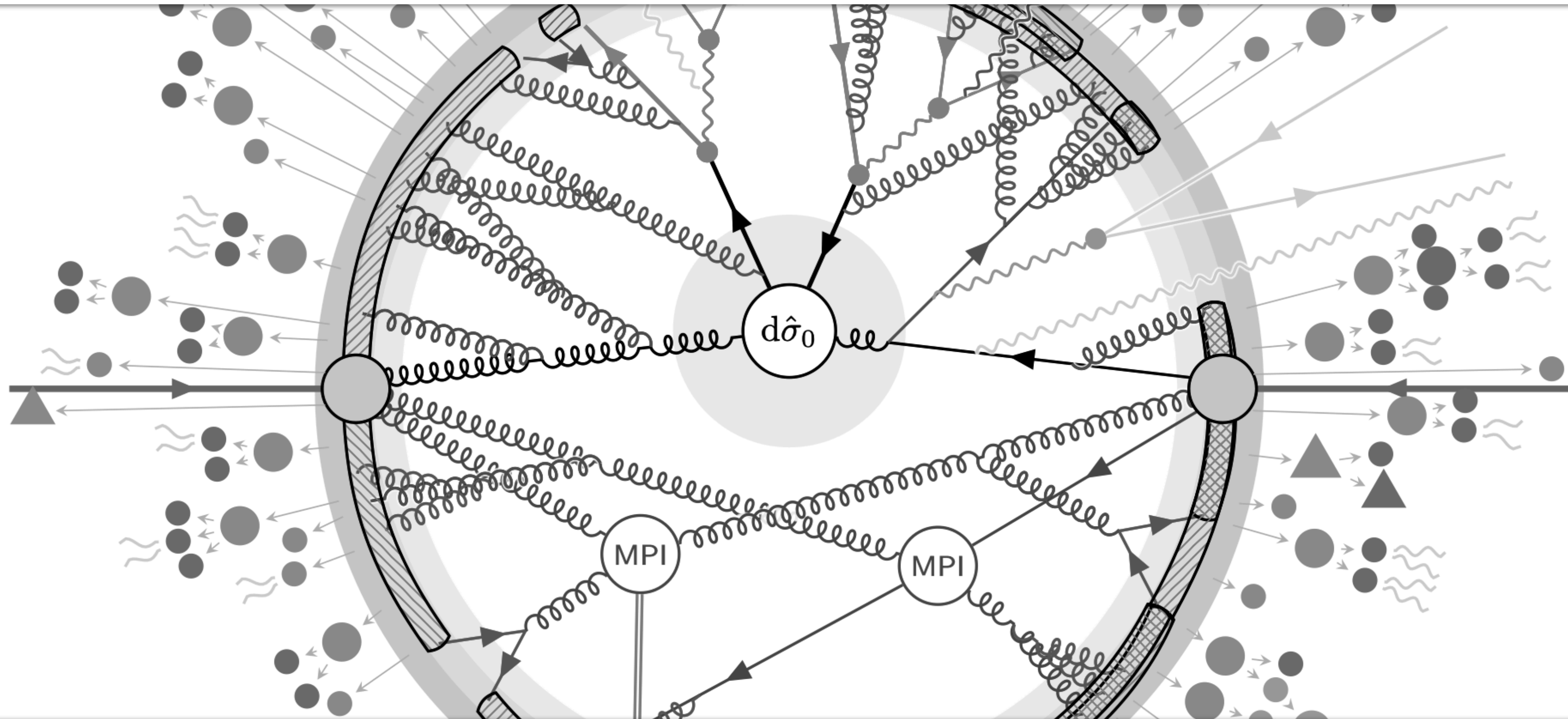


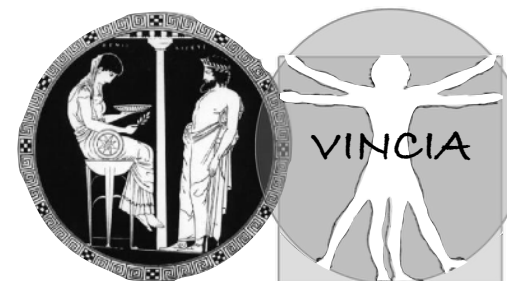
# PYTHIA Overview

Peter Skands — U of Oxford & Monash U.



THE UNIVERSITY OF  
WARWICK

THE  
ROYAL  
SOCIETY



Australian Government  
Australian Research Council

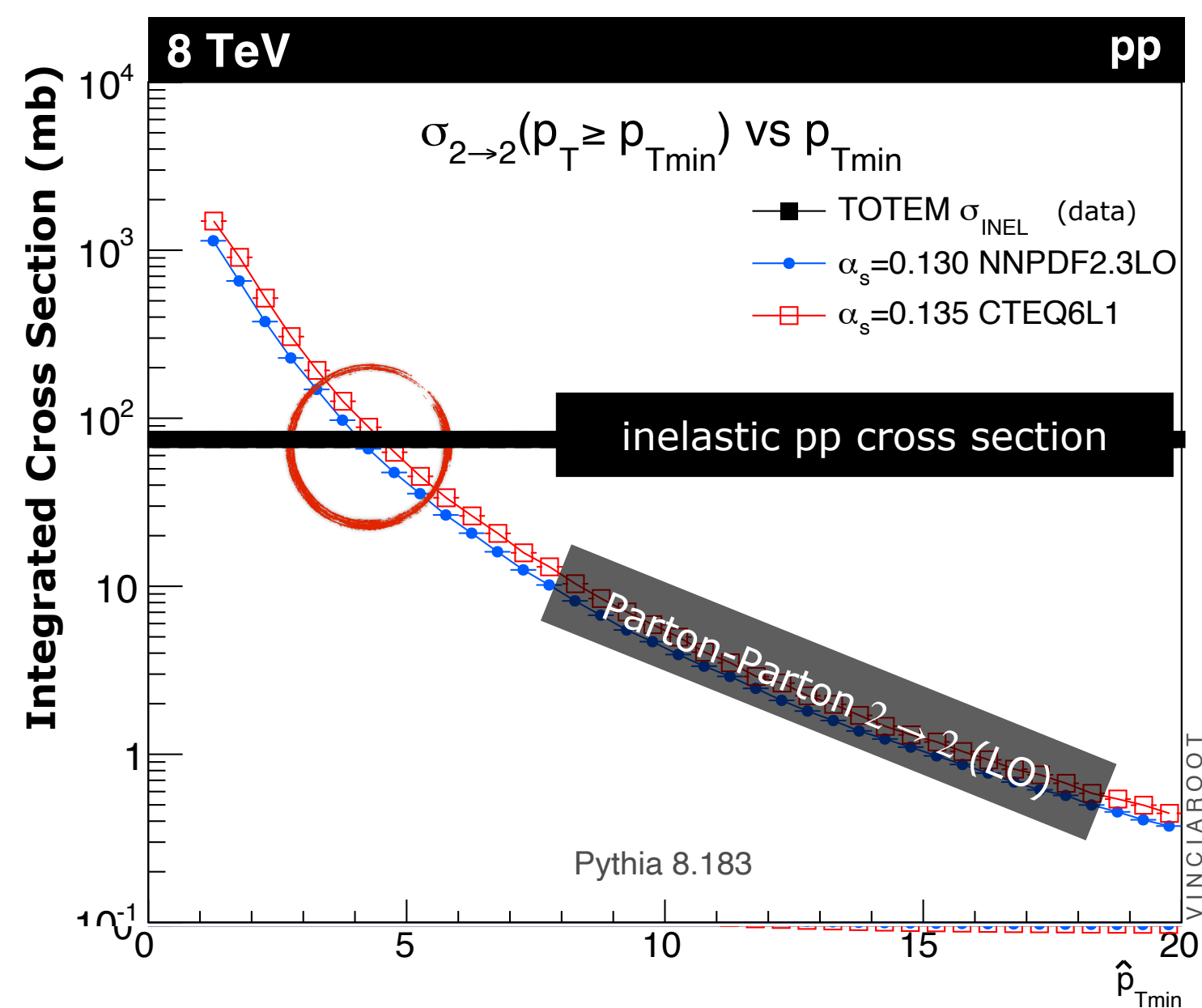


# A Brief History of MPI in PYTHIA

$$\frac{\sigma_{\text{parton-parton}}(\hat{p}_{\perp})}{\sigma_{\text{hadron-hadron}}} > 1$$

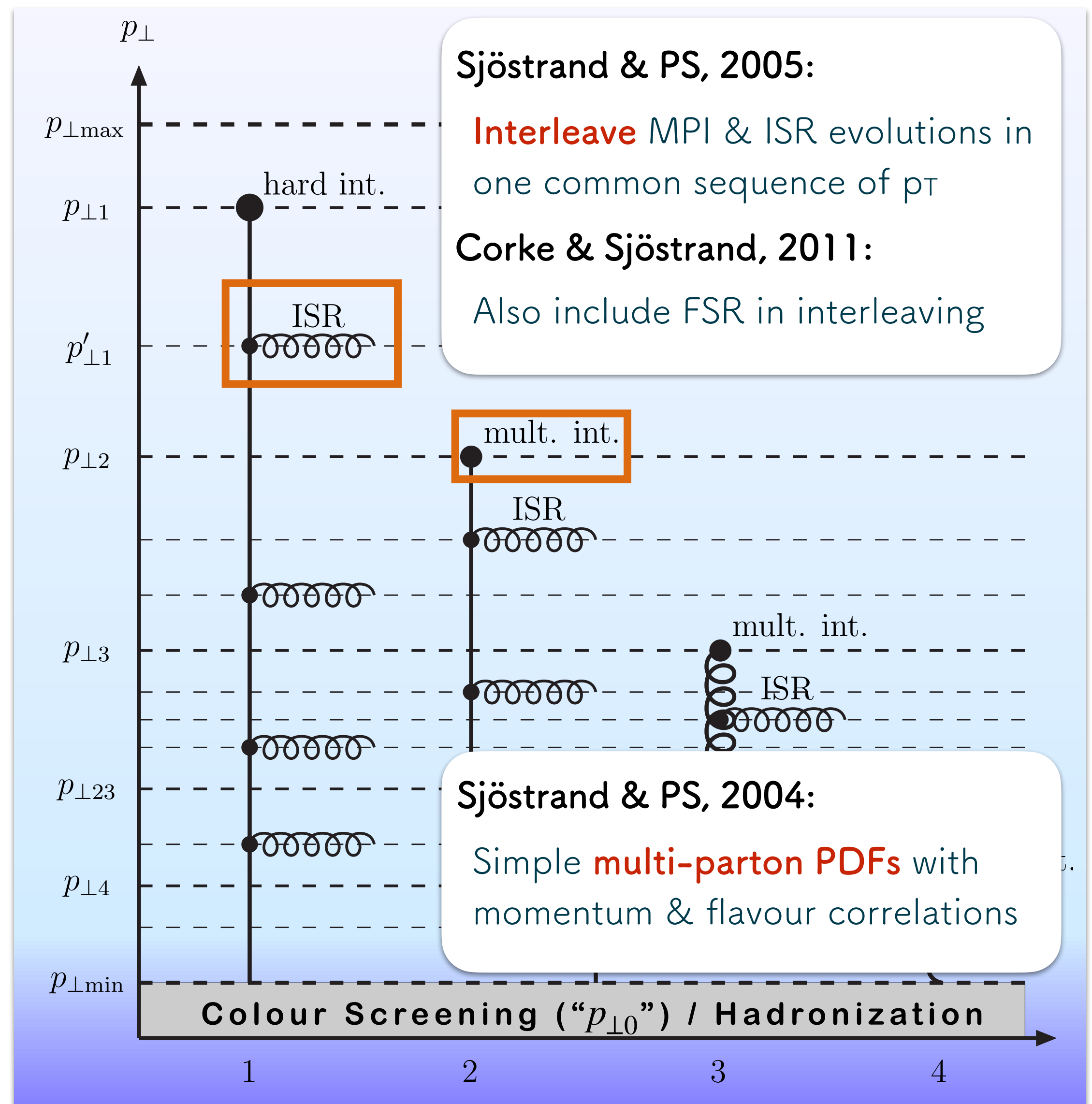
$\sigma_{\text{hadron-hadron}}$

$\implies$  several parton-parton interactions *per* hadron-hadron interaction: **MPI**



Sjöstrand & van Zijl, 1985:

Cast as **Sudakov-style evolution equation**, analogous to the  $\sigma_{\chi+\text{jet}}(p_{\perp})/\sigma_{\chi}$  one for showers



Sjöstrand & PS, 2005:

**Interleave** MPI & ISR evolutions in one common sequence of  $p_{\perp}$

Corke & Sjöstrand, 2011:

Also include FSR in interleaving

Sjöstrand & PS, 2004:

Simple **multi-parton PDFs** with momentum & flavour correlations

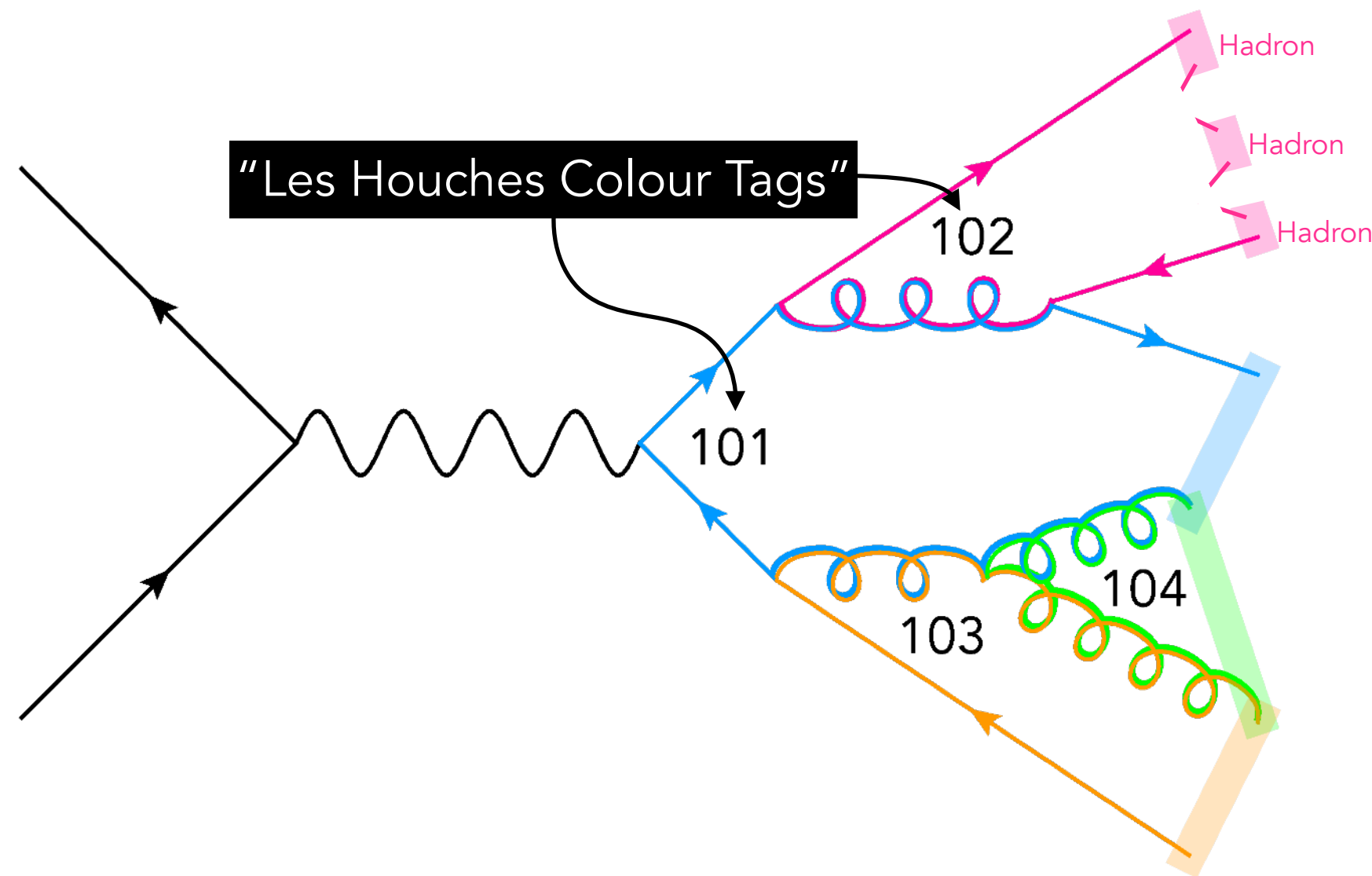
Figure from Sjöstrand & PS, 2005



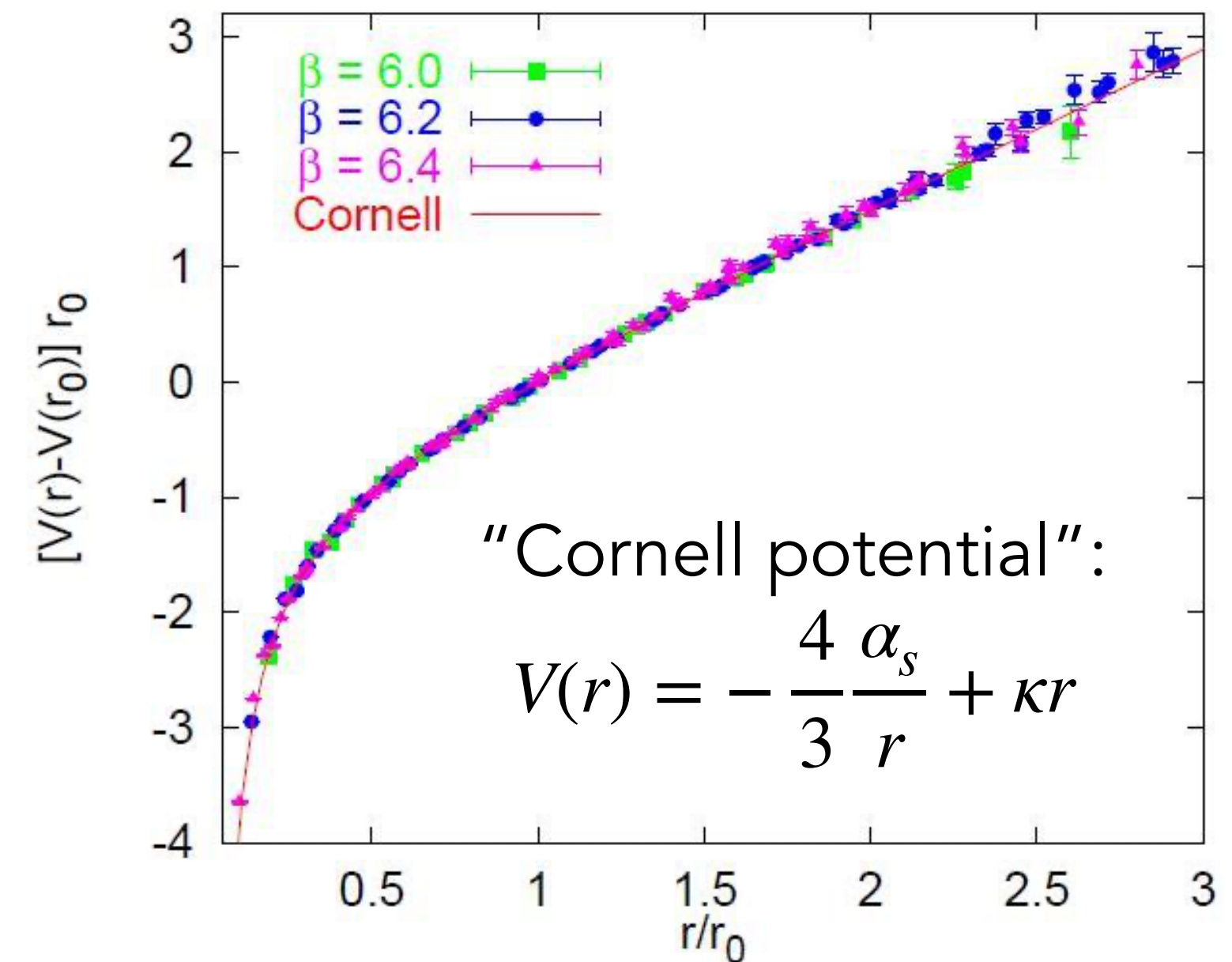
# Confinement in PYTHIA: *The Lund String Model*

Using simplified (“leading- $N_c$ ”) rules for “colour flow”, we can determine between which partons confining potentials should be set up

Example  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q} + \text{parton shower}$



“Linear confinement”  
(From Lattice & Hadron Spectroscopy)



**Map to Strings:** Quarks  $\rightarrow$  string endpoints; gluons  $\rightarrow$  “kinks”

System then evolves as a string world sheet: **area law**

+ **String breaks via spontaneous  $q\bar{q}$  pair creation (“Schwinger mechanism”)  $\rightarrow$  hadrons**

Gaussian  $p_T$  + Lund Symmetric Fragmentation Function  $f(z, m_h, p_{Th})$  + many flavour parameters

**Uncertainties**  $\rightarrow$  See talk by C. Bierlich, Thursday

# Confinement in Hadron Collisions

## High-energy pp collisions with MPI + QCD bremsstrahlung

Final states with **very many** coloured partons

With significant overlaps in phase space

Who gets confined with whom?

If each has a colour ambiguity  $\sim 1/N_C^2 \sim 10\%$

Colour Reconnections\* (CR)  $\rightarrow$  more likely than not

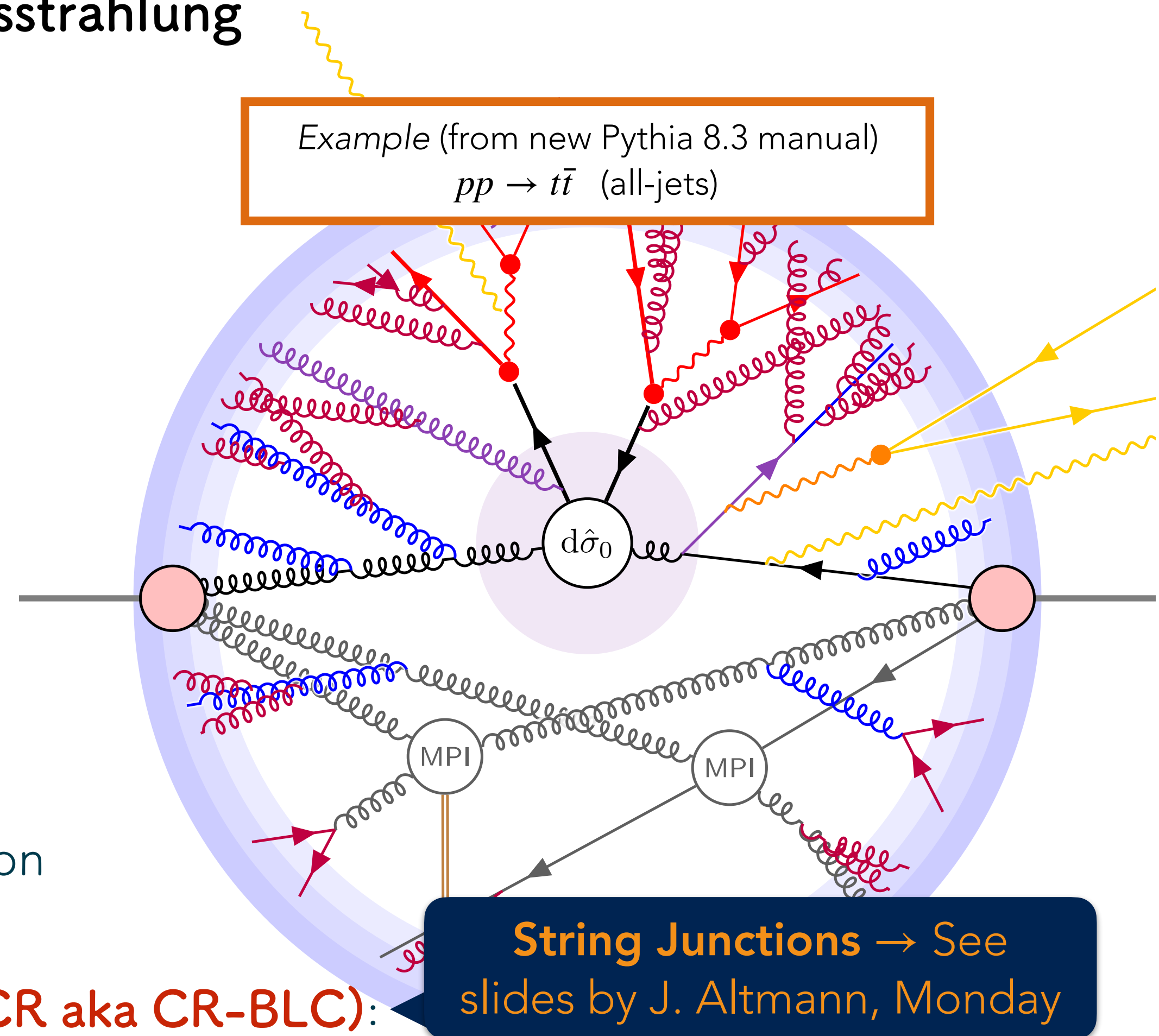
$$\text{Prob}(\text{no CR}) \propto \left(1 - \frac{1}{N_C^2}\right)^{n_{\text{MPI}}}$$

## Colour Reconnections in PYTHIA:

**Default (MPI-based):** simple string-length minimisation  
+ a few others (e.g., gluon-move)

**Most sophisticated:** Christiansen & PS, 2015 (QCD CR aka CR-BLC):

Stochastic sampling of  $SU(3)_c$  correlations at end of shower + string-length minimisation



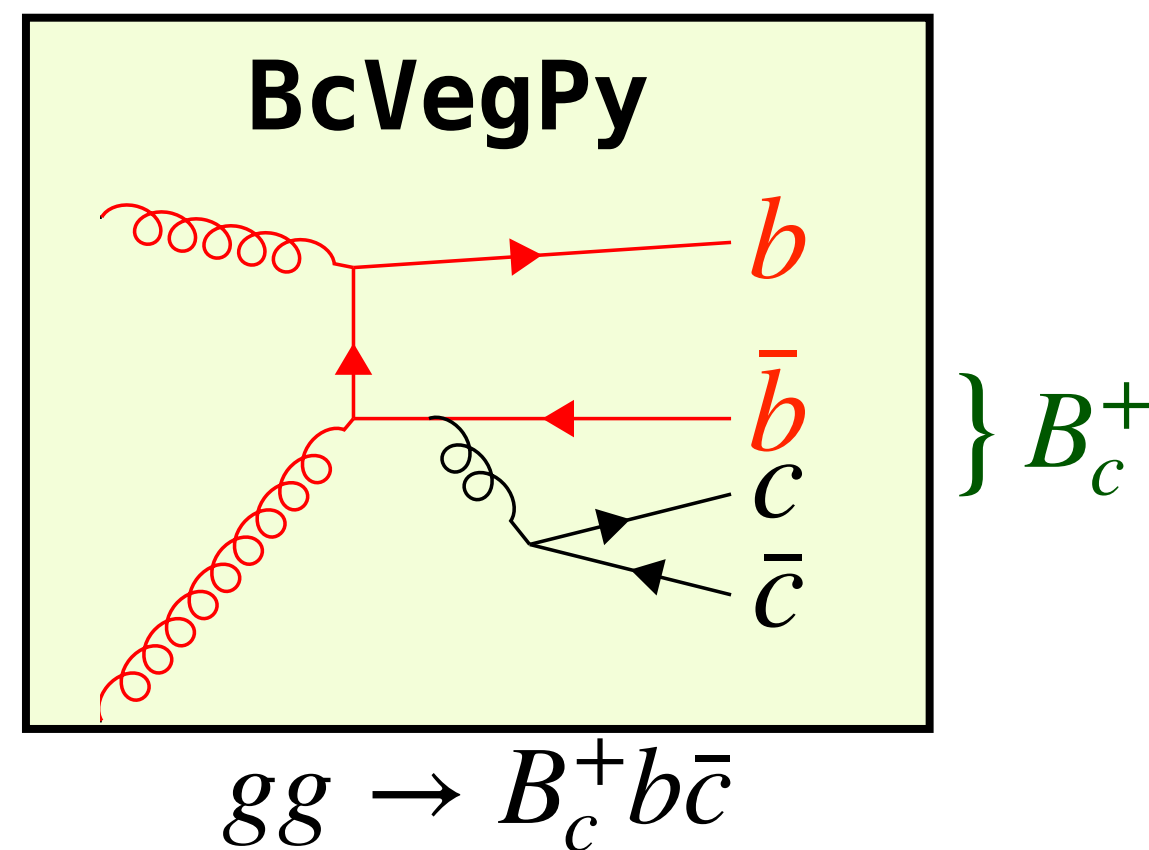
\*) in this context, QCD CR simply refers to an ambiguity beyond Leading  $N_C$ , known to exist.  
But the term "CR" can also be used more broadly to incorporate further physics concepts.



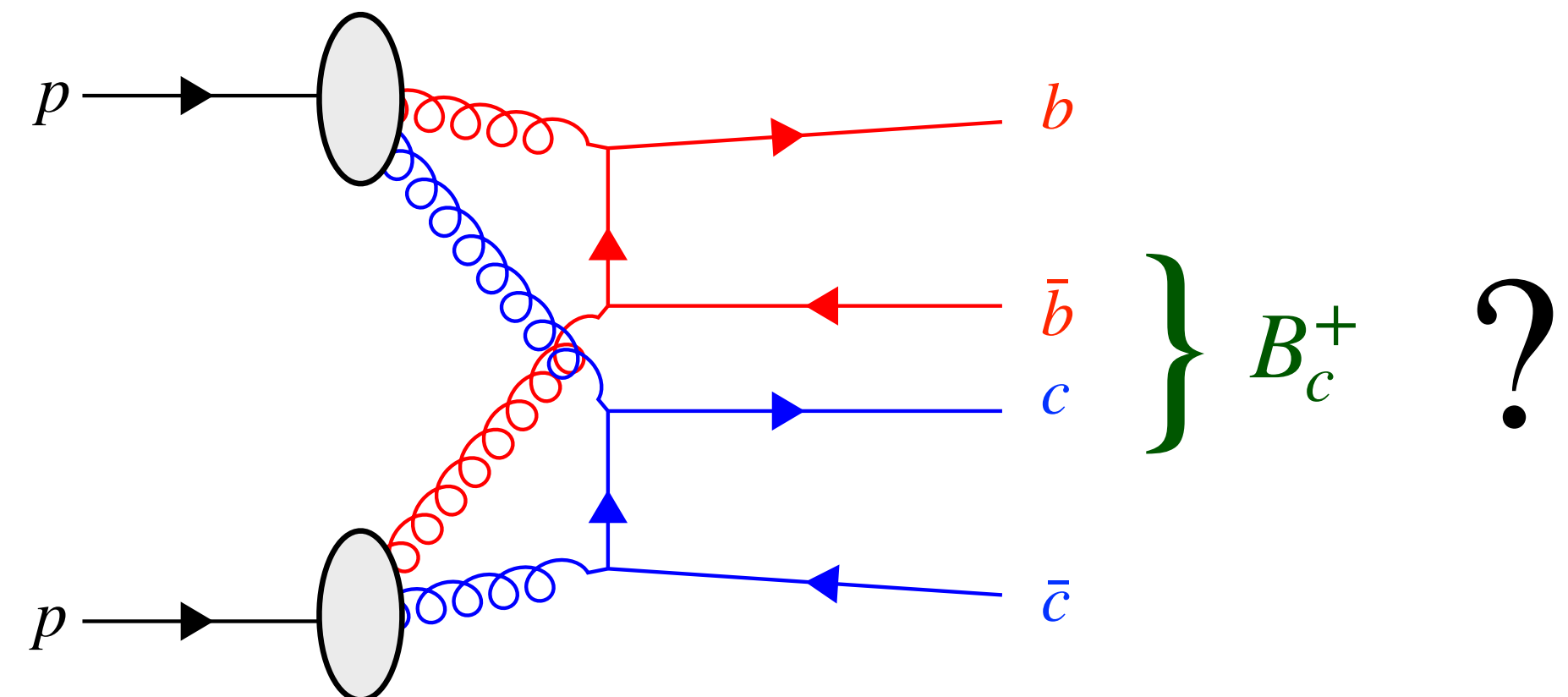
# Doubly-heavy hadrons in PYTHIA: $B_c^+$ , $\Xi_{cc}^{++}$ , ...

U. Egede, T. Hadavizadeh, M. Singla, PS, Eur.Phys.J.C 82 (2022) 9

Dedicated generators (BcVegPy, GenXicc) and predictions for doubly-heavy hadron production **assume single parton interactions** the origin of the partons



we want to test whether **double parton interactions** contribute



Experimental evidence that multiple heavy-quark pairs can be produced in MPI

Expect partons from different MPI hadronize together. **Can they form  $B_c^+$ ?** (e.g., via CR?)

**Expect some suppression** since  $r(B_c^+) < \langle b \rangle_{\text{MPI}}$  but how much? ... **Interesting probe!**

# PYTHIA Predictions for $B_c^+$ from MPI

U. Egede, T. Hadavizadeh, M. Singla, PS, Eur.Phys.J.C 82 (2022) 9

Measuring the absolute  $B_c^+$  cross-section precisely is difficult

Requires theoretical input on branching fractions

Exploit the different behaviour in events with MPI

- **Ratio** of doubly-heavy hadrons to singly-heavy hadrons

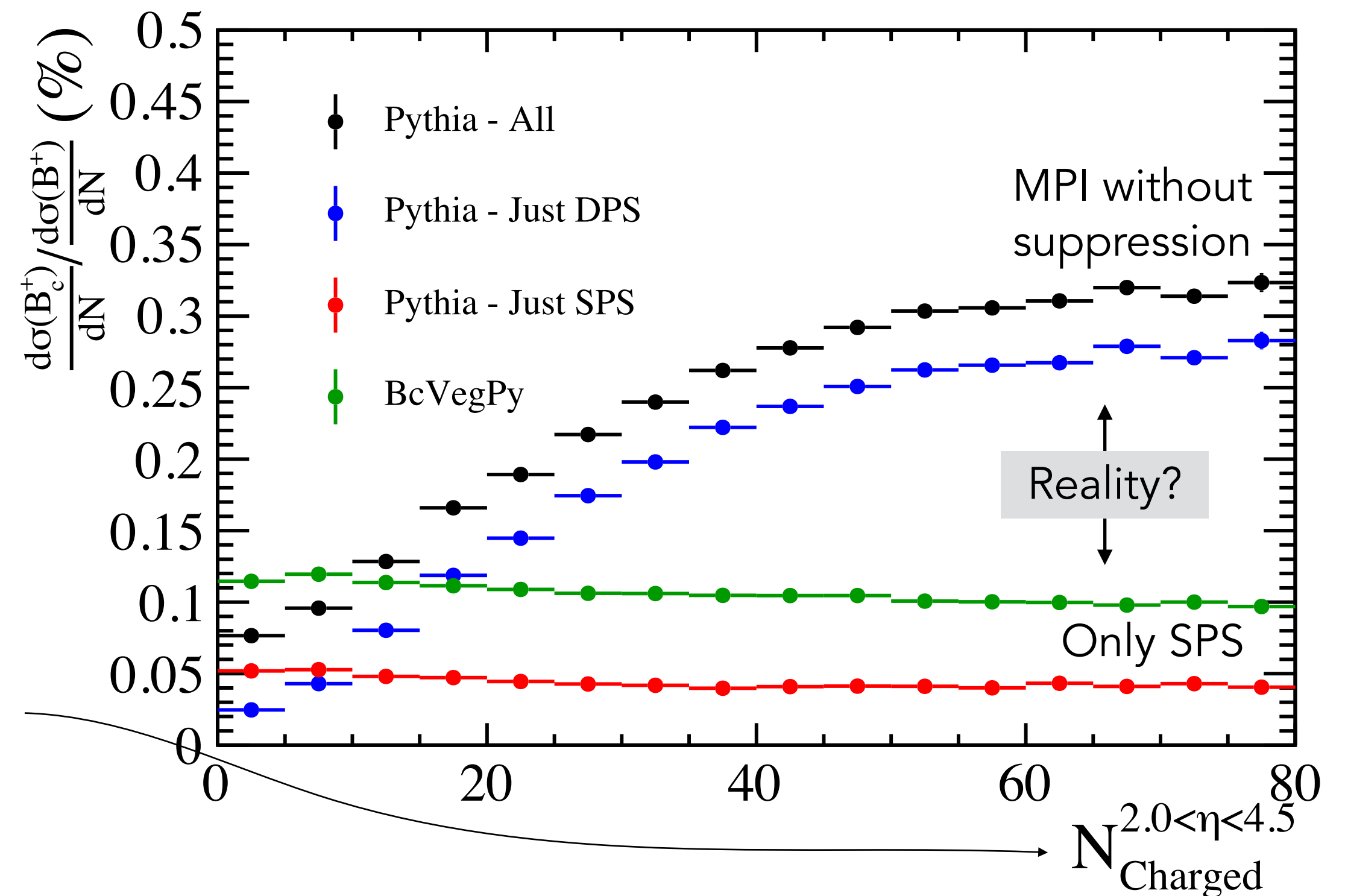
**SPS**

$$\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B^+)} \propto 1$$

**DPS**

$$\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B^+)} \propto (N - 1)$$

Can't measure  $N_{\text{MPI}}$ ;  
use multiplicity instead



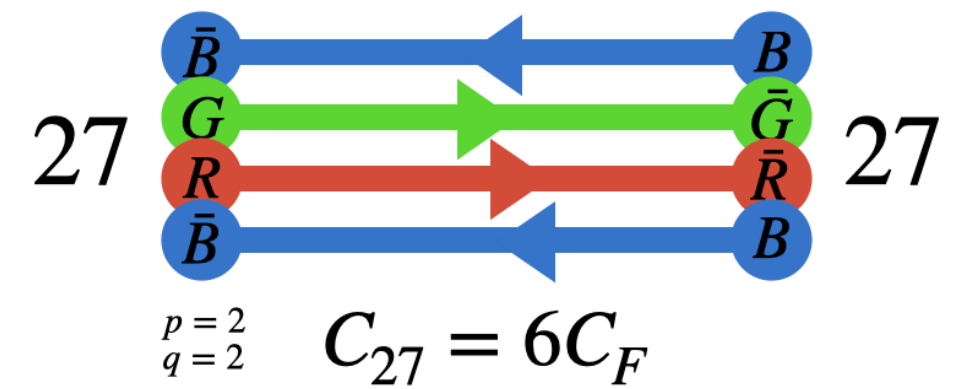
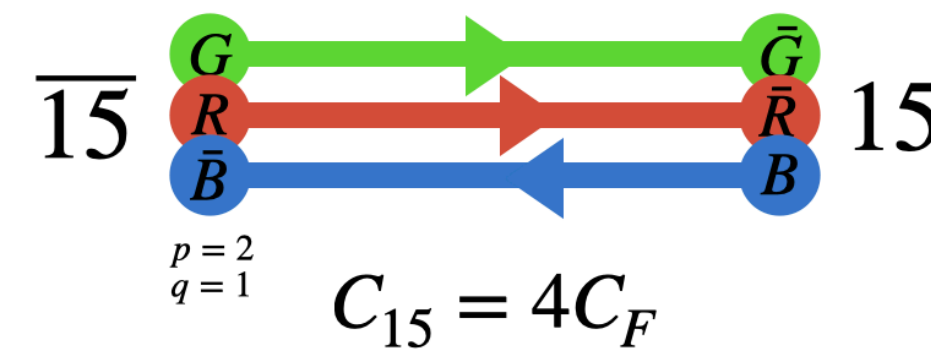
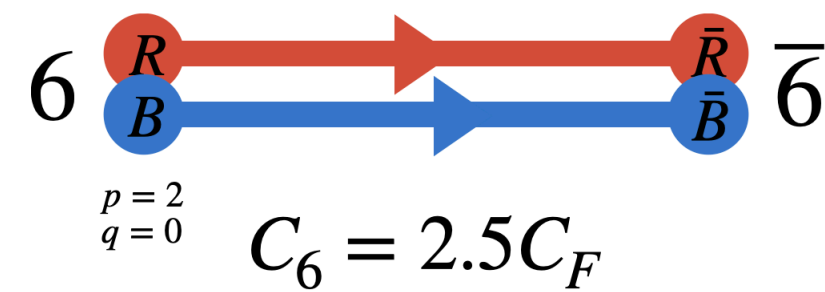
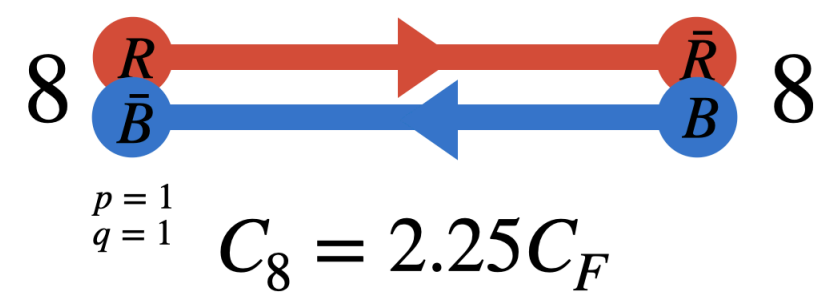


# Strangeness Enhancement in PYTHIA

Clear observations of strangeness enhancements in high-multiplicity pp collisions (relative to LEP and low-multiplicity pp) [e.g., ALICE Nature Phys. 13, 535 (2017)]

1) In string context, MPI + **Colour Ropes** [e.g., Bierlich et al. 1412.6259] have been proposed:

Casimir scaling of effective string tension  $\implies$  **less strangeness suppression** in string breaks



2) Simplified alternative: **Close-Packing** [Fischer, Sjöstrand 1610.09818] string tension scales with effective background flux density  $\propto n_{\text{MPI}}$  (global) or  $n_{\text{strings}}$  (local)

Altmann & PS (2023, in progress): rope-like **directional colour flows** ( $p$  and  $q$ ) and **junction topologies** (incl physics updates to basics of string junction fragmentation, esp for heavy quarks)

Effective **diquark suppression** in octet-type fields ("Altmann mechanism")

& Option for **enhanced strangeness** "near" junctions ("Strange Junctions")

$\implies$  Can describe important observation  $\langle p/\pi \rangle_{\text{LHC}} \lesssim \langle p/\pi \rangle_{\text{LEP}}$

See slides by J. Altmann, Monday

# Heavy-Ion Collisions in PYTHIA: *ANGANTYR*

**ANGANTYR** extends PYTHIA to Ion Beams (HI, Cosmic Rays, ...)

Main emphasis/hypothesis: collectivity **without** a medium

1) Hadron-Ion Collisions: PYTHIA for UPC and cosmic-ray air showers

→ Talk by M.  
Utheim, Tuesday

2) Angantyr can now include QCD CR between **different** nucleon-nucleon subcollisions

**Lönblad & Shah 2023** [[2303.11747](#); coming in Pythia 8.311]

As long as they are “close” in impact parameter  $\lesssim 1$  fm

**Bierlich, Gustafson, Lönblad, Shah 2023** [[2309.12452](#); coming in Pythia 8.311]

Previously, **small junction systems** caused the rejection of whole events

Problem for QCD-CR in heavy ions: caused a skewing of the multiplicity distribution (high multiplicity => more CR => more mini-junction failures). Effects of this could also be seen in pp.

MinistringFragmentation extended to include collapse of small junction systems

⇒ Effects of QCD CR (eg **junction baryons**) can now be studied **in AA collisions**

Note: CR reduces raw multiplicity → **retuning needed**, not done yet (interested?)



# Collective Flow in PYTHIA: *String Shoving*

Bierlich, Chakraborty, Gustafson, Lönnblad, arXiv:1710.09725, 2010.07595

Strings should push each other transversely

Colour-electric fields  $\rightarrow$  Classical force

Model string radial shape & shoving physics

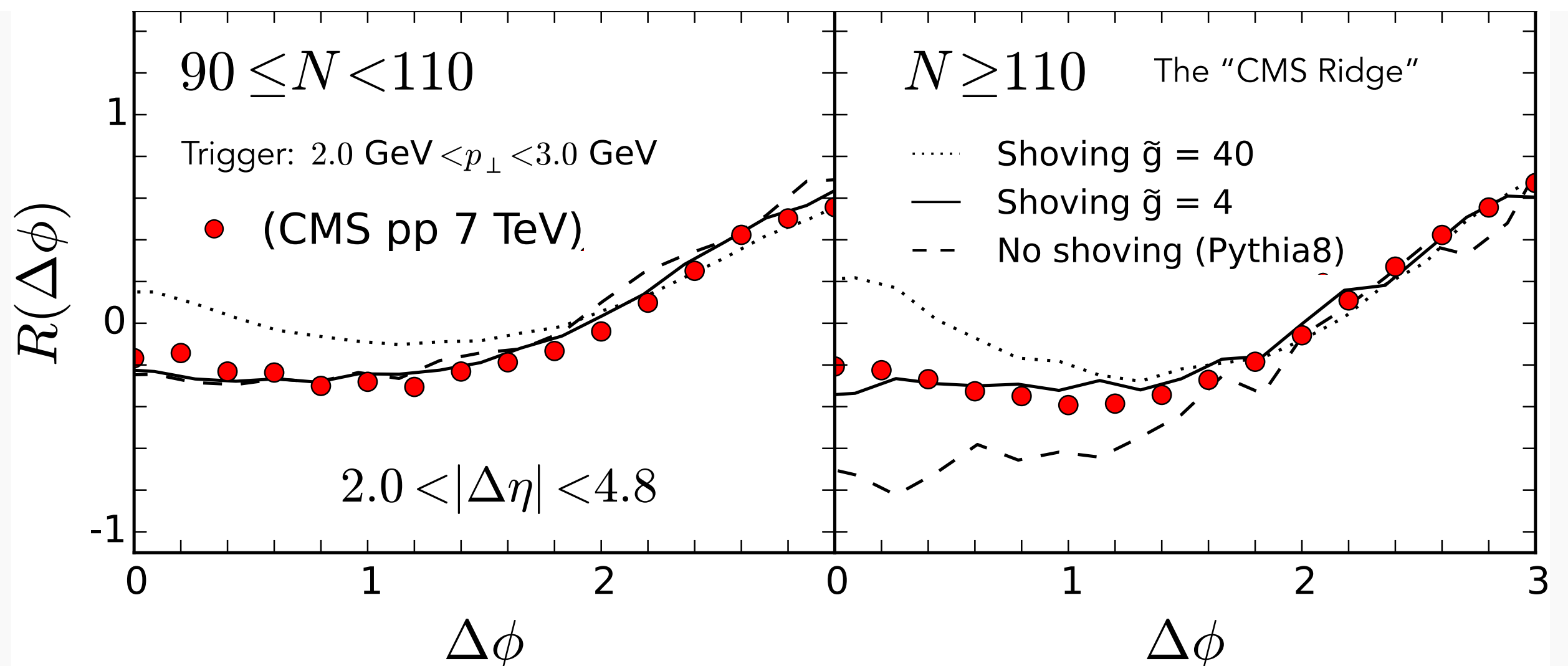
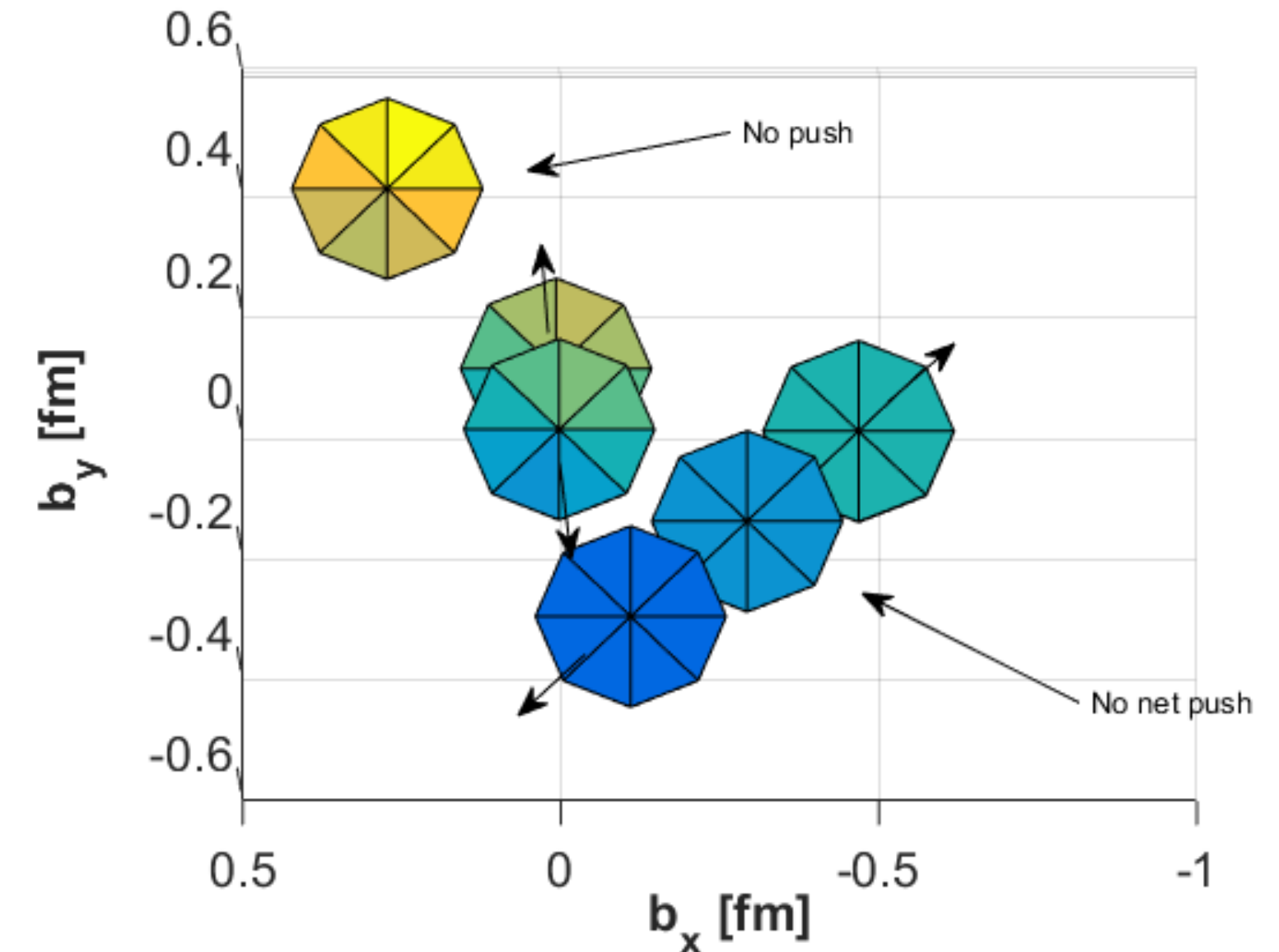
$$\Rightarrow \text{force} \quad f(d_{\perp}) = \frac{g\kappa d_{\perp}}{R^2} \exp\left(-\frac{d_{\perp}^2}{4R^2}\right)$$

$g$ : fraction of energy in field (as opposed to in condensate or magnetic flux)

$d_{\perp}$ : transverse distance (in string-string "shoving frame")

$R$ : string radius

$\kappa$ : string tension  $\sim 1 \text{ GeV/fm}$



CMS 1009.4122. Also: ATLAS 1906.08290, ALICE 2101.03110



Preview at [mcplots-dev.cern.ch](https://mcplots-dev.cern.ch)

# MCPLOTS

Online repository of Monte Carlo plots compared to experimental data

**113**

data analyses

**126**

generators

**783667**

plots







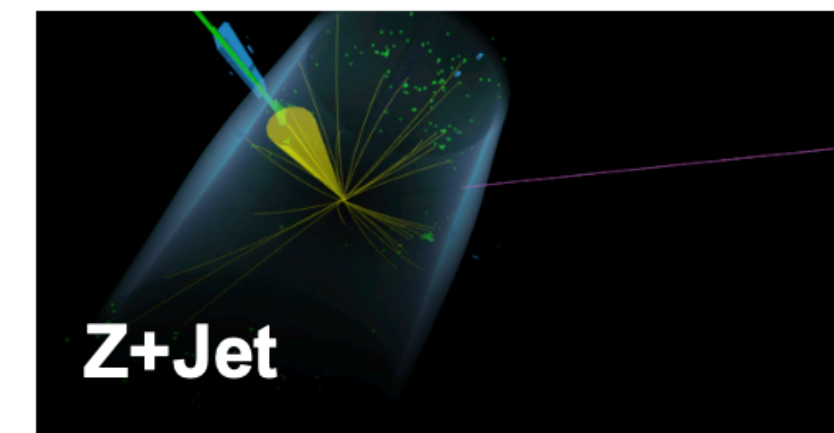
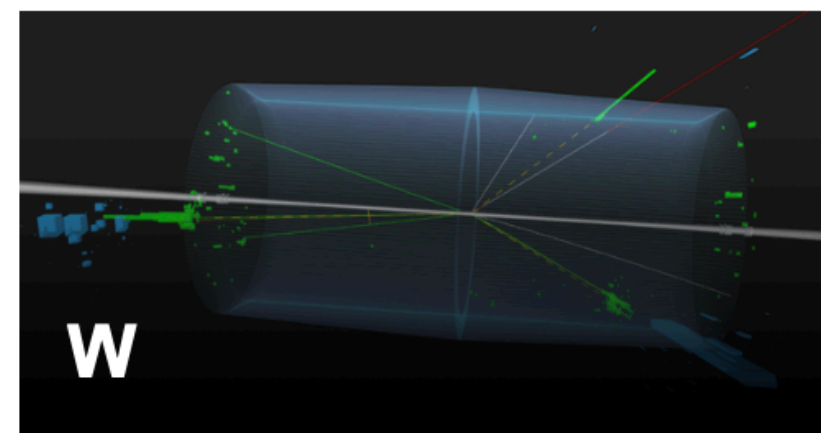
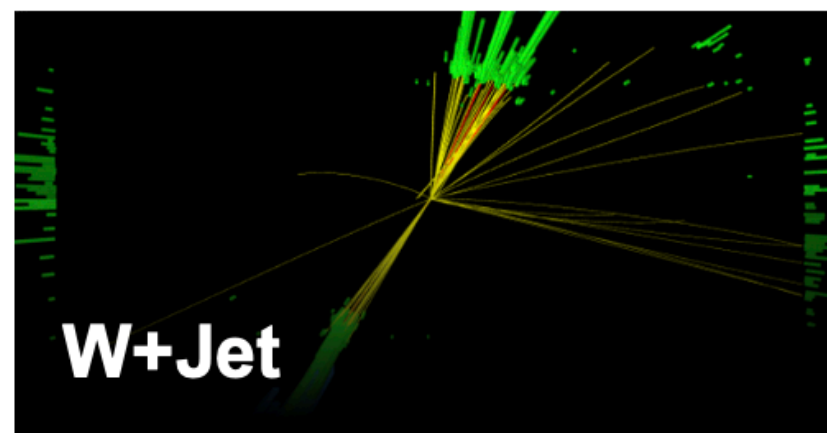
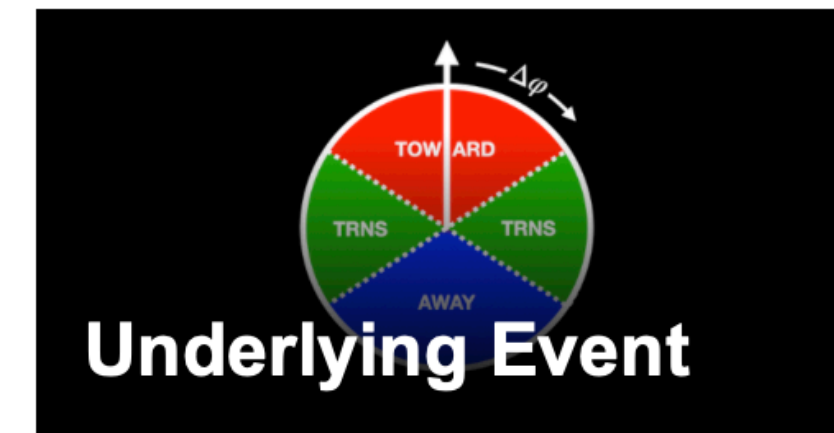
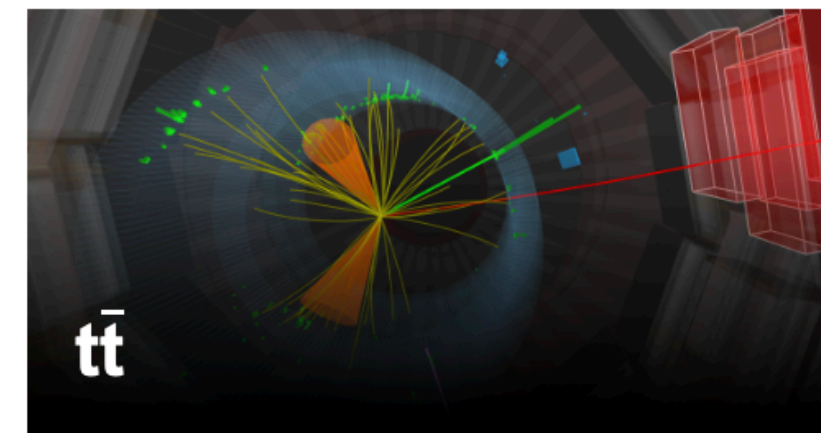
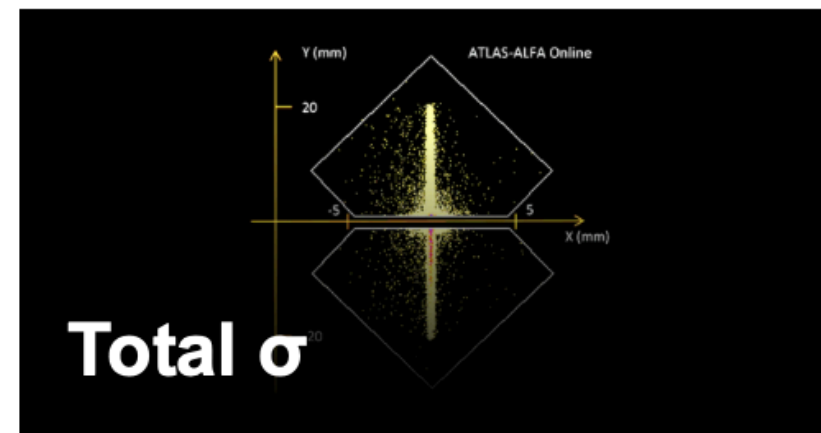
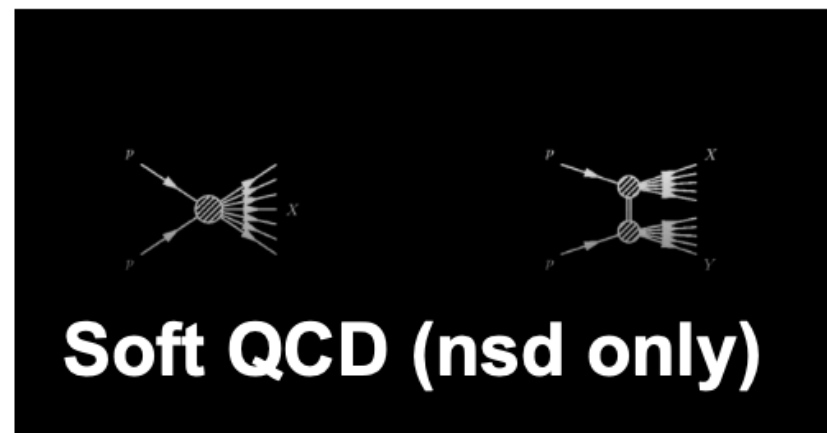
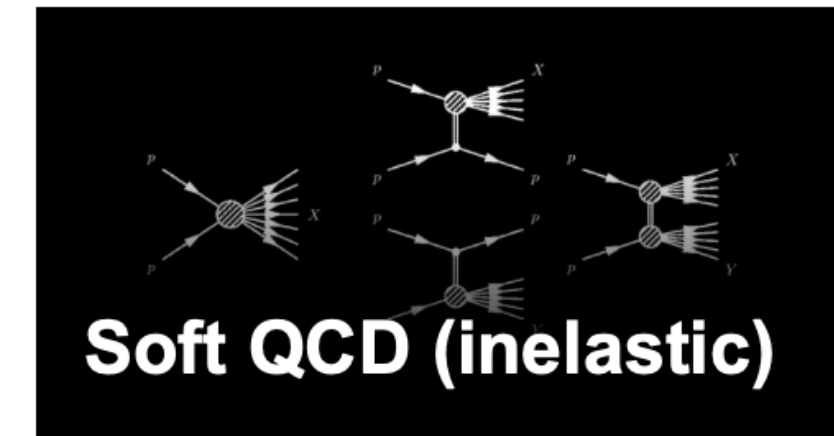
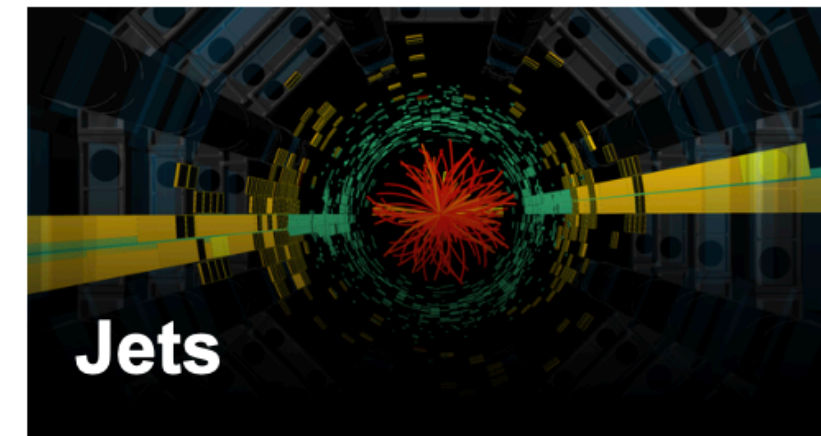
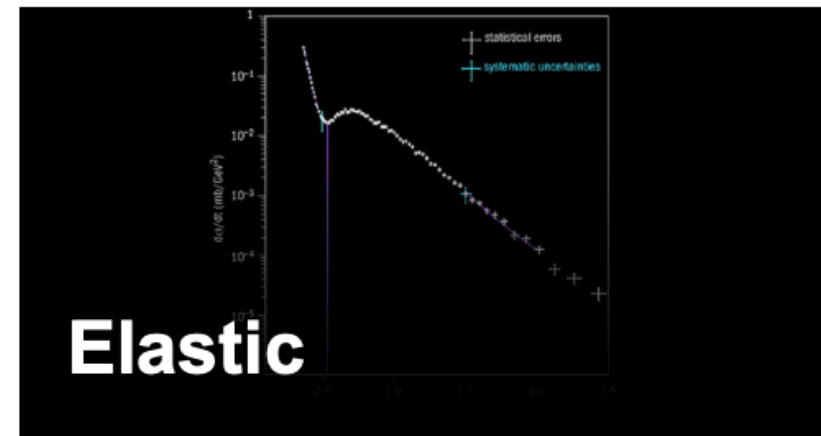
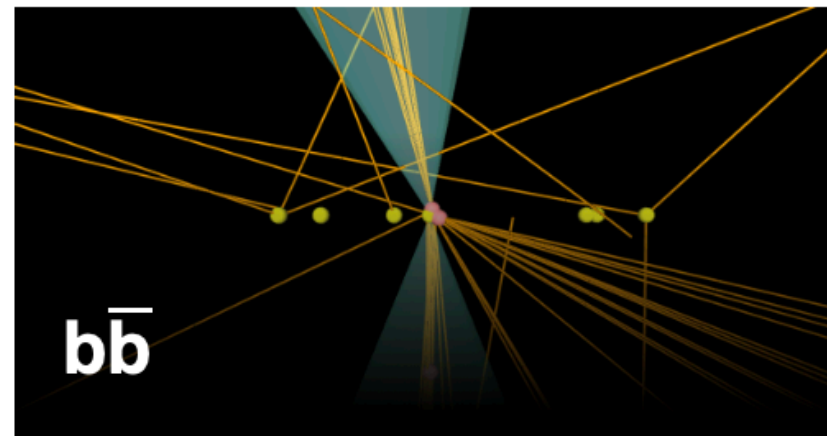
## Plots by analyses

Preview at [mcplots-dev.cern.ch](http://mcplots-dev.cern.ch)

Choose an analysis ▾



## Plots by beams : pp





## Plots by analyses

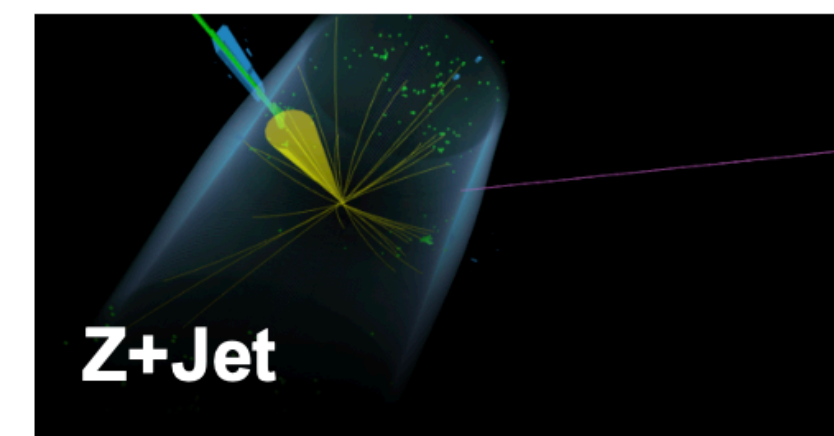
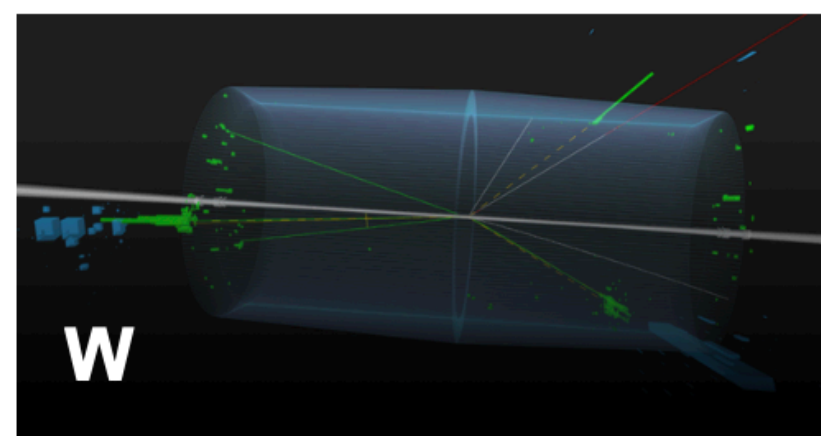
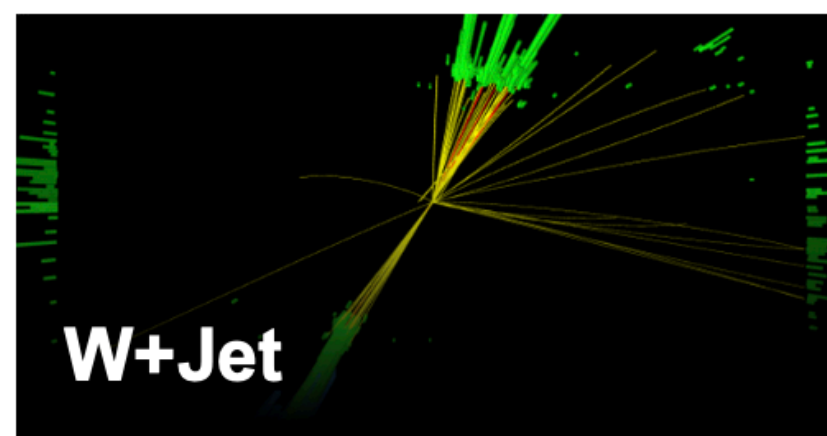
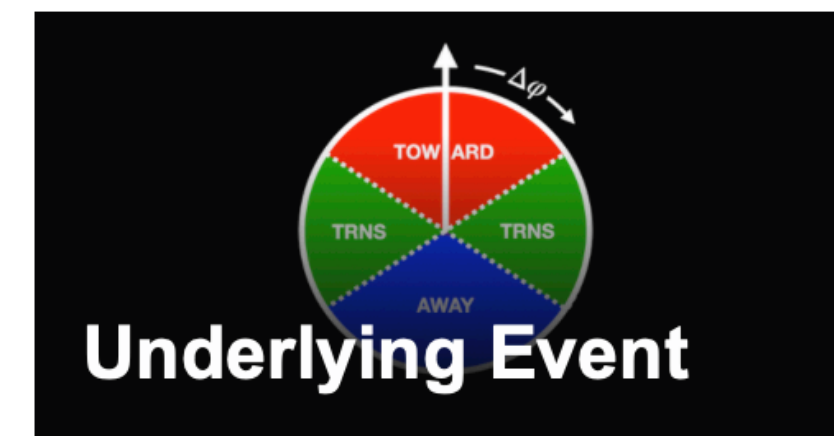
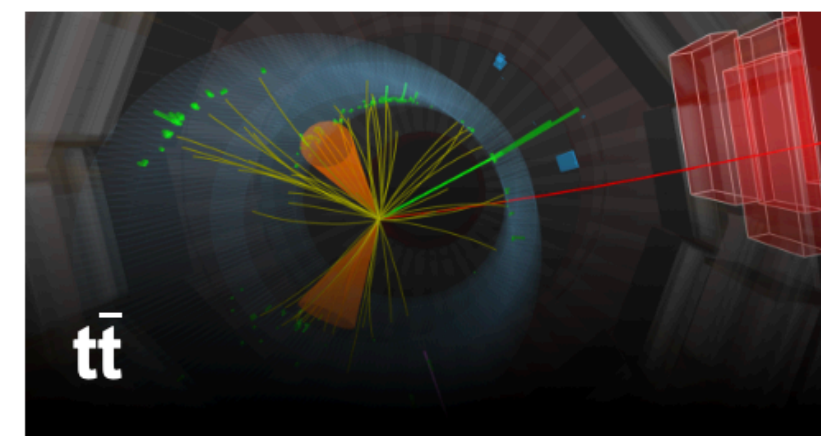
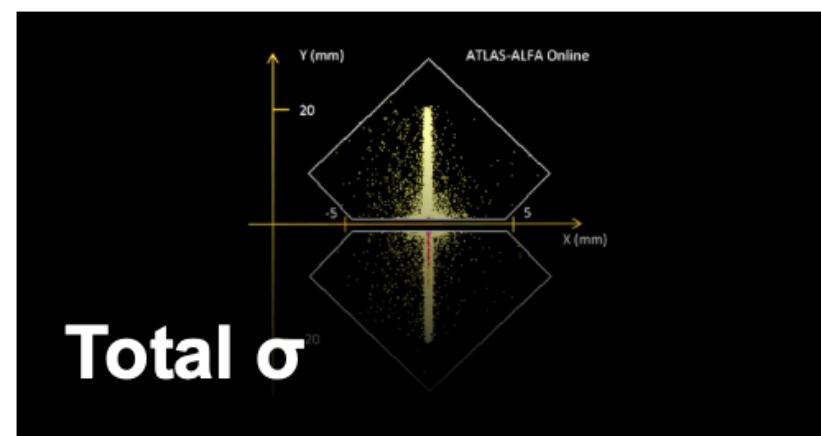
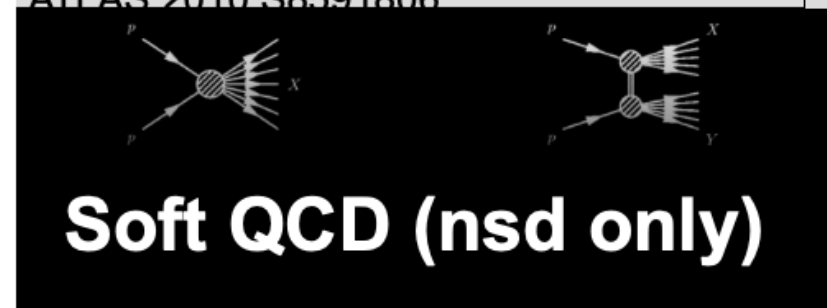
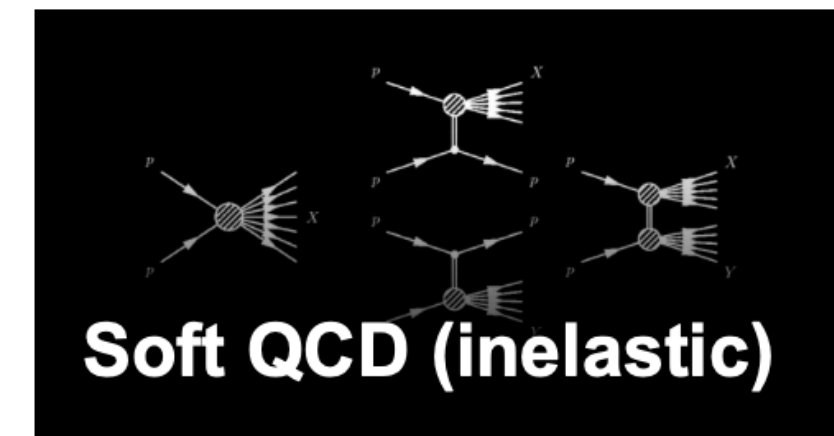
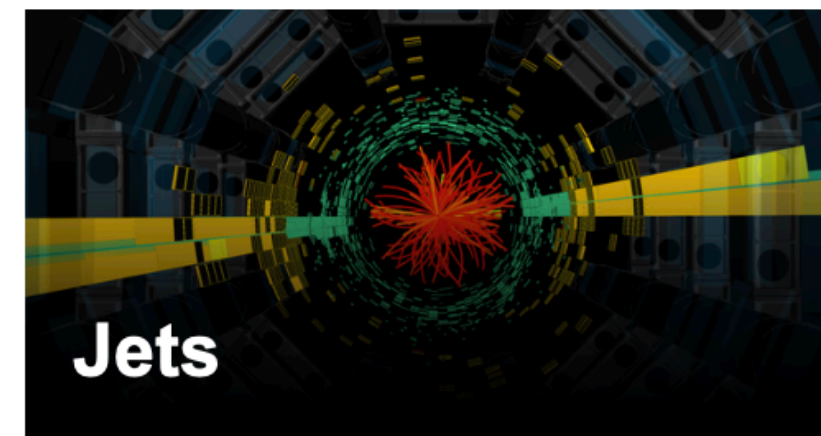
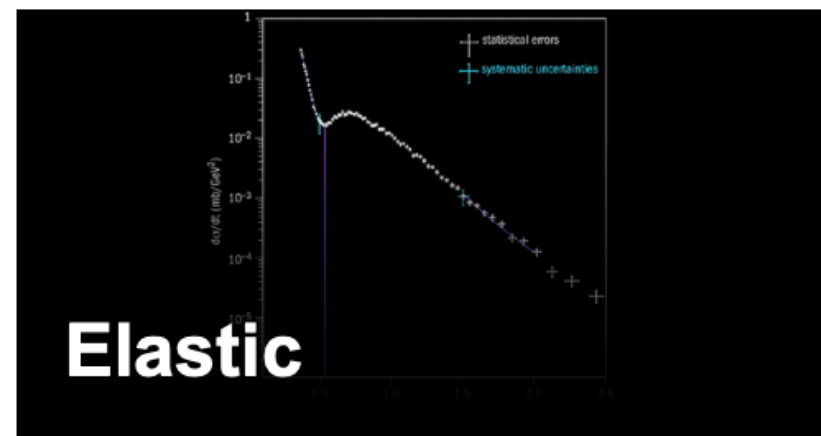
Preview at [mcplots-dev.cern.ch](http://mcplots-dev.cern.ch)

Choose an analysis ▾

- ALEPH 1996 S3486095
- ALEPH 1999 S4193598
- ALEPH 2004 S5765862
- ALICE 2010 S8624100
- ALICE 2010 S8625980
- ALICE 2010 S8706239
- ALICE 2011 S8909580
- ALICE 2011 S8945144
- ALICE 2012 I1116147
- ALICE 2012 I1181770
- ALICE 2014 I1300380
- ALICE 2015 I1357424
- ATLAS 2010 CONF 2010 049
- ATLAS 2010 S8591806

Select individual RIVET analysis

Or process category





# MCPLOTS — New Look Coming Soon

Work in Progress: Korneeva, Karneyeu, PS



HOME

AWAY ▾

TRNS ▲

<pT> vs Nch

<pT> vs pT1

Strange <N> vs pT1

Max(pT) vs pT1

<Nch> vs η1

<Nch> vs pT1

dNch/dpT

σ(Nch) vs pT1

σ(Σ(pT)) vs pT1

Σ(ET)

Σ(ET) vs η

Σ(pT) vs η1

Σ(pT) vs pT1

Strange Σ(pT) vs pT1

TWRD ▾

Multiplicity Distributions

pT Distributions

Σ(pT)

Δφ Distributions ▾

TRNSDIF ▾

TRNSMAX ▾

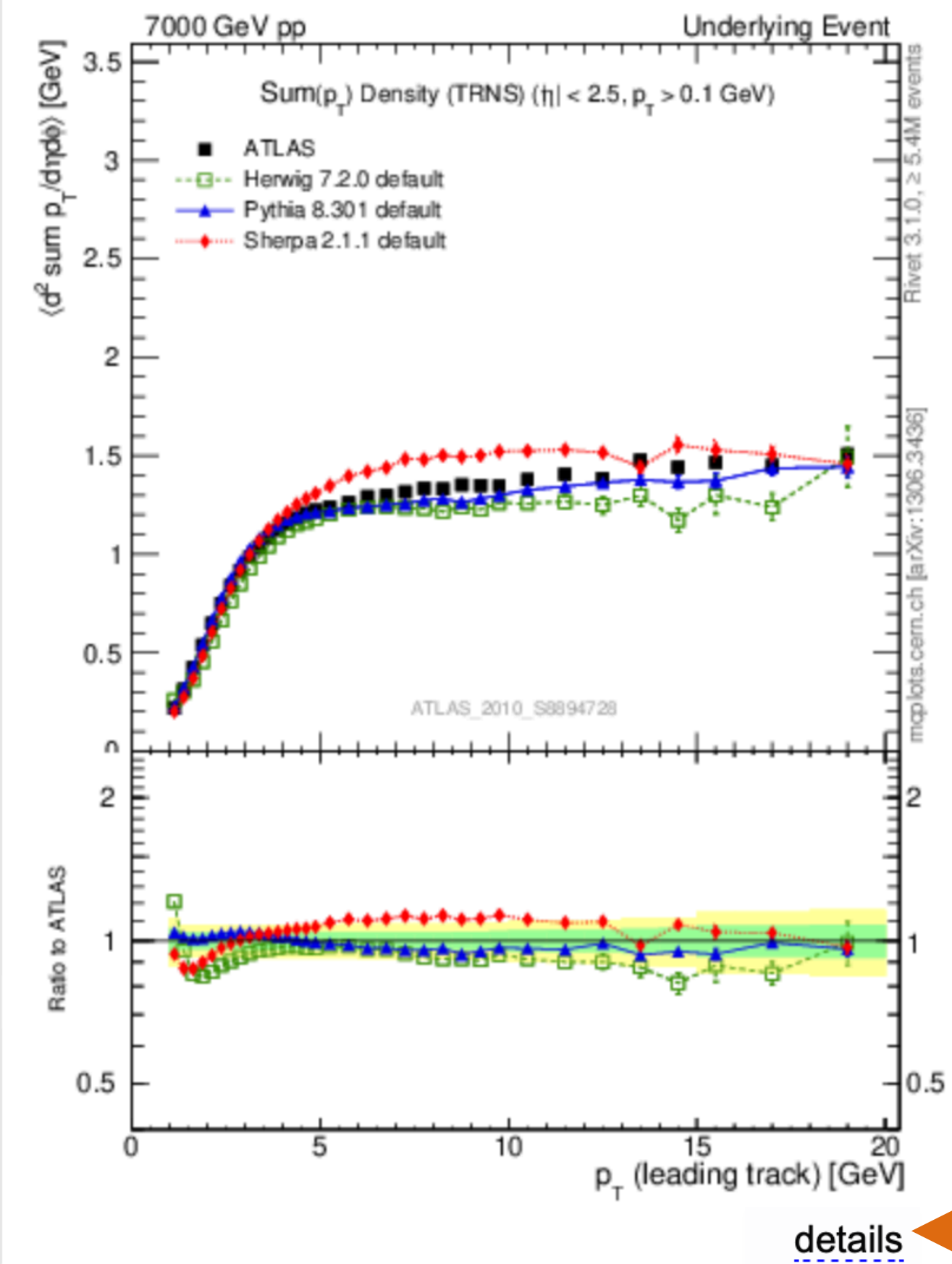
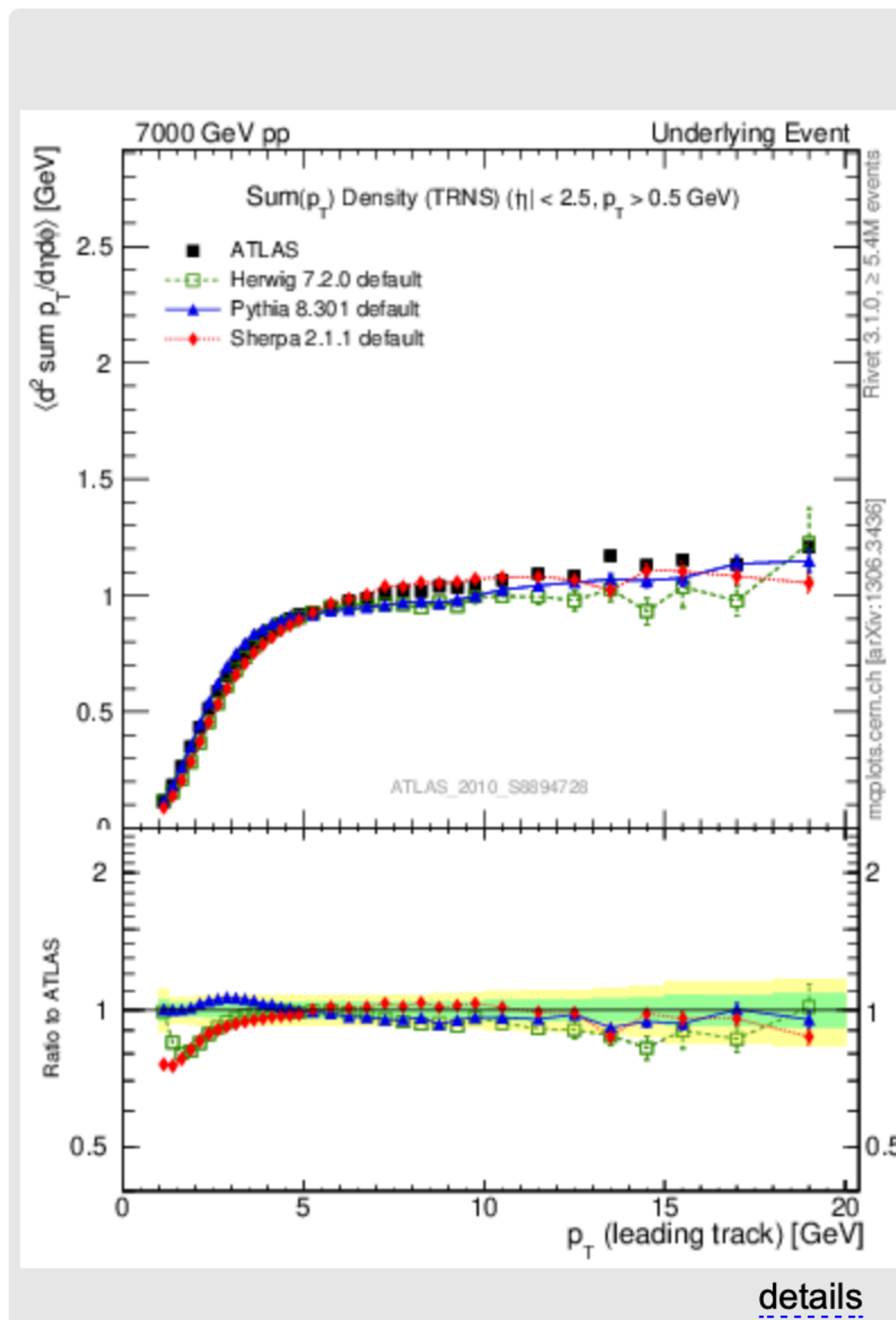
TRNSMIN ▾

General-Purpose MCs : Main ▾

Customize

Select between all available MC generators & versions

pp @ 7000 GeV





# MCPLOTS — New Look Coming Soon

Work in Progress: Korneeva, Karneyeu, PS



ABOUT

PLOTS ▾

COMPARISON ▾

LHC@HOME

AWAY ▾

TRNS ▲

<pT> vs Nch

<pT> vs pT1

Strange <N> vs pT1

Max(pT) vs pT1

<Nch> vs  $\eta$ 1

<Nch> vs pT1

dNch/dpT

$\sigma$ (Nch) vs pT1

$\sigma$ ( $\Sigma$ (pT)) vs pT1

$\Sigma$ (ET)

$\Sigma$ (ET) vs  $\eta$

$\Sigma$ (pT) vs  $\eta$ 1

$\Sigma$ (pT) vs pT1

Strange  $\Sigma$ (pT) vs pT1

TWRD ▾

Multiplicity Distributions

pT Distributions

$\Sigma$ (pT)

$\Delta\phi$  Distributions ▾

TRNSDIF ▾

TRNSMAX ▾

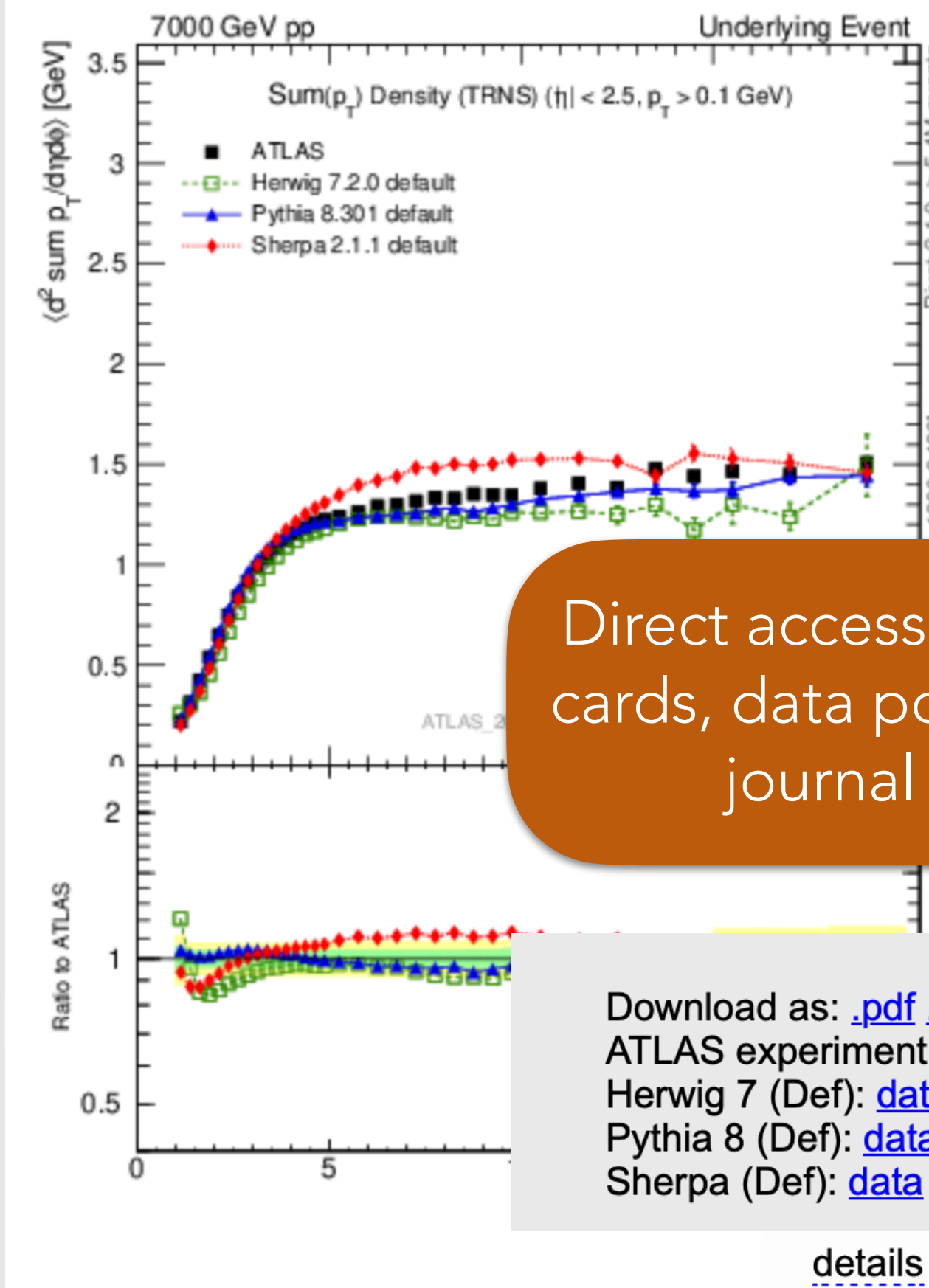
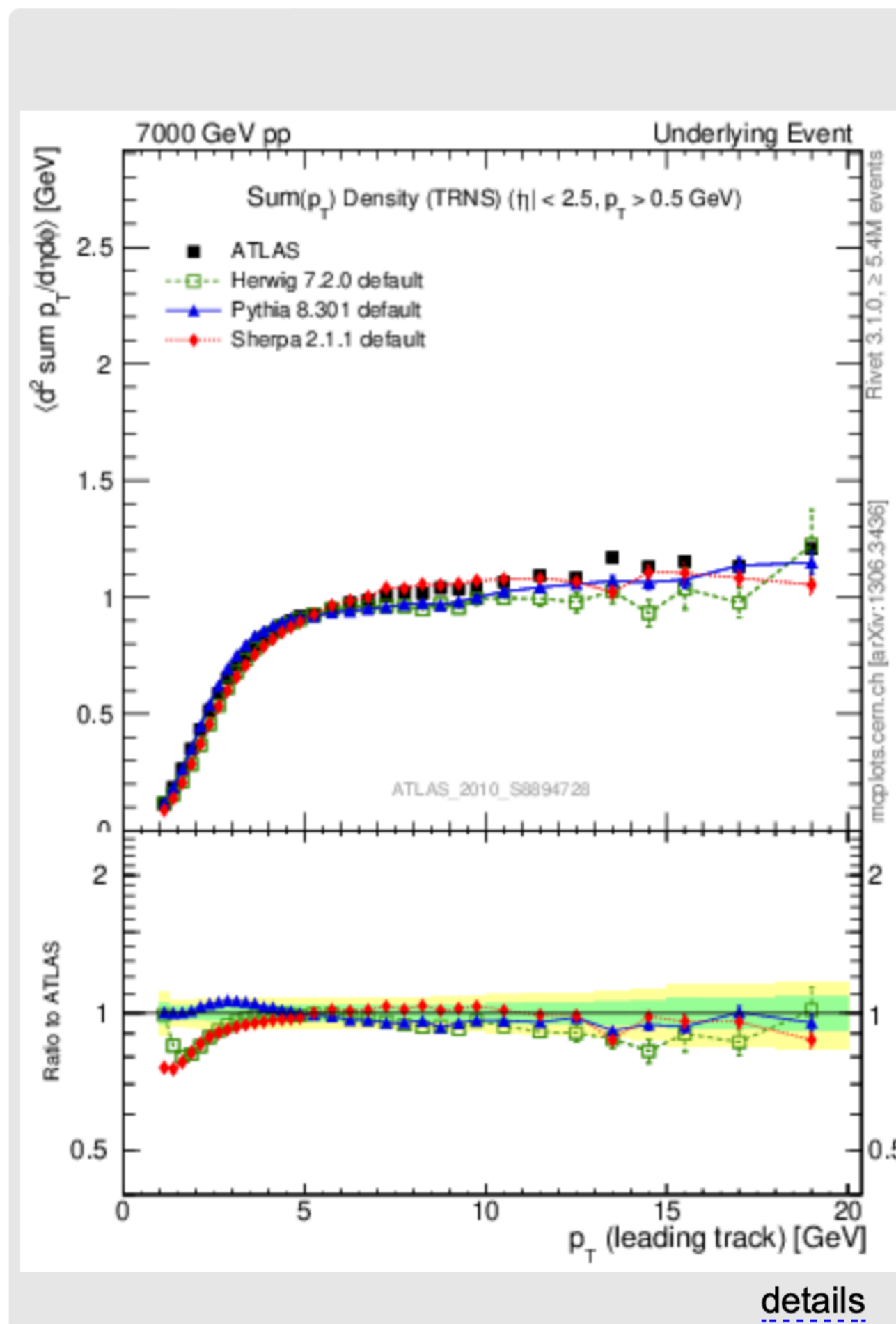
TRNSMIN ▾

General-Purpose MCs : Main ▾

Customize



pp @ 7000 GeV



Direct access to all generator cards, data points, MC points, journal paper, etc

Download as: [.pdf](#) [.eps](#) [.png](#) [.script.tgz](#) #  
ATLAS experiment: [data](#) | [article paper](#)  
Herwig 7 (Def): [data](#) | [generator card](#)  
Pythia 8 (Def): [data](#) | [generator card](#)  
Sherpa (Def): [data](#) | [generator card](#)

[details](#) ←



PYTHIA casts MPI as a shower-like evolution **interleaved** with parton showers

**String Fragmentation** being reexamined, esp in light of collective effects in pp

Automated Uncertainties ([2308.13459](#))

String Junctions ([2309.12452](#) + WIP)

Thermal String Breaks ([1610.09818](#))

Hot strings that cool down ([2005.06219](#))

Flavour composition from hyperfine splitting ([2201.06316](#))

Overlapping strings: ropes/close-packing, shoving (many!)

Hadronic Rescattering ([2103.09665](#), [2108.03481](#))

Efficient production of Heavy Flavours ([2205.15681](#))

**QCD CR Model** looks promising; work ongoing to extend and optimise it → new default?

**ANGANTYR** extension to Ion Beams (HI, Cosmic Rays, ...)

Main emphasis/hypothesis: collectivity **without** a medium

**Join MCPLOTS**

<https://lhathome.web.cern.ch/projects/test4theory>

MCPLOTS volunteer cloud: LHC@home Test4Theory — runs when computer is idle

**Join the PYTHIA Team!**

**Apply Now! Post Doc openings at [Monash U.](#) and at [Jyväskylä U.](#)**

# Notes on PDFs for MPI Models



# The issue with NLO gluons at low $x$

(Summary of note originally written by T. Sjöstrand, from discussions with R. Thorne though any oversimplifications or misrepresentations are our own)

## Low- $x$ gluon

Key constraint: DIS  $F_2$

Low  $x$ :  $dF_2/d\ln(Q^2)$  driven by  $g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$

LO  $P_{q/g}(z) \sim \text{flat} \implies x$  of measured quark closely correlated with  $x$  of mother gluon.

NLO Integral over  $P_{q/g}(z) \propto 1/z$  for small  $z \implies$  approximate  $\ln(1/x)$  factor.

► Effectively, the NLO gluon is probed more “non-locally” in  $x$ .

$d\ln F_2/dQ^2$  at small  $x$  becomes too big unless positive contribution from medium-to-high- $x$  gluons (derived from  $d\ln F_2/dQ^2$  in that region, and from other measurements) is combined with a negative contribution from low- $x$  gluons.

Mathematically (toy NLO Calculation with just one  $x$ ):

$$\frac{ME_{\text{NLO}}}{ME_{\text{LO}}} = 1 + \alpha_s(A_1 \ln(1/x) + A_0)$$

$\ln(1/x)$  largely compensated in def of NLO PDF:

$$\frac{\text{PDF}_{\text{NLO}}}{\text{PDF}_{\text{LO}}} = 1 + \alpha_s(B_1 \ln(1/x) + B_0)$$

► Product well-behaved at NLO if we choose  $B_1 \approx A_1$

Cross term at  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$  is beyond NLO accuracy  $\dots \longrightarrow$



For large  $x$  and small  $\alpha_s(Q^2)$ , e.g.  $\alpha_s A_1 \ln(1/x) \sim 0.2$ :

$$\frac{ME_{\text{NLO}} \text{PDF}_{\text{NLO}}}{ME_{\text{LO}} \text{PDF}_{\text{LO}}} = (1 + 0.2)(1 - 0.2) = 0.96 \quad \text{👍 log terms cancel}$$

But if  $x$  and  $Q^2$  are small, say  $\alpha_s A_1 \ln(1/x) \sim 2$ :

$$\frac{ME_{\text{NLO}} \text{PDF}_{\text{NLO}}}{ME_{\text{LO}} \text{PDF}_{\text{LO}}} = (1 + 2)(1 - 2) = -3 \quad \text{👎 Cross term dominates; The PDF becomes negative}$$

# Some Desirable Properties for PDFs for Event Generators

General-Purpose MC Generators are used to address **very** diverse physics phenomena and connect (very) high and (very) low scales ➤ **Big dynamical range!**

1. Stable (& positive) evolution to **rather low  $Q^2$  scales**, e.g.  $Q_0 \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$   
ISR shower evolution and MPI go all the way down to the MC IR cutoffs  $\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$
2. **Extrapolates sensibly to very low  $x \sim 10^{-8}$**  (at LHC), especially at low  $Q \sim Q_0$ .  
“Sensible”  $\sim$  positive and smooth, without (spurious) structure  
Constraint for perturbative MPI:  $\hat{s} \geq (1 \text{ GeV})^2 \implies x_{\text{LHC}} \gtrsim 10^{-8}$  ( $x_{\text{FCC}} \geq 10^{-10}$ )  
**Main point:** MPI can probe a **large range of  $x$** , beyond the usual  $\sim 10^{-4}$   
(Extreme limits are mainly relevant for ultra-forward / beam-remnant fragmentation)
3. **Photons** included as partons  
Bread and butter for part of the user community
4. **LO** or equivalent in some form (possibly with  $\alpha_s^{\text{eff}}$ , relaxed momentum sum rule, ...)  
Since MPI Matrix Elements are LO; ISR shower kernels also LO (so far)
5. Happy to have **N<sup>n</sup>LO** ones in a similar family.  
E.g., for use with higher-order MEs for the hard process.  
Useful (but possible?) for these to satisfy the other properties too?