

L IMPF & XV CPAN days

Progress report on the Astroparticle Physics European Consortium

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AstroParticle Physics European Consortium - APPEC

APPEC was created in 2012. It emanated from the Astroparticle Physics European Coordination committee founded in 2001 and operates under the same acronym. APPEC is the outcome of a decade of preparatory work by a consortium of representatives from ministries and agencies, and of intense preparatory work provided by the EU-funded ERANETs, ASPERA and ASPERA-2 (2006-2012).

Strategic Objectives

- Provide a <u>discussion forum</u> for the coordination of European Astroparticle Physics and express <u>collective views</u> on astroparticle physics in international fora.
- Develop and update long term strategies and participate in European scientific strategy such as the European Strategy Session of CERN Council and ESFRI.
 - Develop<u>closer relationships</u> with organizations involved in Astroparticle Physics research such as CERN, ESA, ESO.







APPEC Structure

General Assembly

- Strategic, decision-making and supervisory body
- Representatives: directors of major institutes or agencies or managers of AP programs (18 countries)
 - AEI, Pilar Hernández Gamazo LSC, Carlos Peña Garay

Joint Secretariat

- Executive body
- Representatives: heads of functional centers (10 institutions)
 - LSC, Carlos Peña Garay

Scientific Advisory Committee

- Examines and reports on strategic scientific programs
- Topics: CRs, DM, HE photons, Neutrinos (Properties, Mass, UHE), GWs, Theory, DE, CMB,





European Astroparticle Physics Strategy 2017-2026

APPEC strategy report (20 agencies in 16 countries) made 21 recommendations spanning scientific issues, organizational aspects and societal factors.

APPEC has recently approved the Mid-Term Update of the current Strategy, to be widely publicized in the next APPEC General Assembly meeting (December 7-8) in Brussels.

Written by SAC with community feedback and revised in town meeting (Berlin '22). Approved by GA in Warsaw (June '23)











construction of SWGO. It urges the community to consider a replacement for the Fermi telescope.

IceCube-Gen2 in the following decade.



- APPEC fully endorses the construction and subsequent long-term operation of CTA in both the northern and southern hemispheres. APPEC supports work towards the selection of the mission concept THESEUS and the
- APPEC fully endorses the goal of the KM3NeT collaboration to complete the construction of the large-volume telescope optimized for high-energy neutrino astronomy ARCA, and the dedicated detector to resolve the neutrino mass hierarchy ORCA. APPEC strongly supports the construction of the lceCube Upgrade, and the ambition to build





APPEC Mid-Term Report: The Extreme Universe

APPEC fully endorses the completion of AugerPrime and strongly supports the exploitation of the combined Auger and TA full sky coverage by joint working groups. APPEC encourages continued R&D on new cost-effective detector technologies for a next-generation observatory. APPEC encourages theory efforts to understand air shower physics, physics at cosmic-ray sources and cosmic-ray propagation.

APPEC strongly supports actions to enlarge European countries' participation in ET, acquire funds for ET construction and operations, and develop the ET scientific community. APPEC supports building the bridge between second and third-generation detectors to maintain European expertise and leadership in the field and the VIRGO observation capability up to when the ET will start observations. APPEC strongly supports the LISA mission.









APPEC Mid-Term Report: Dark Matter

APPEC strongly supports the European leadership role in Dark Matter direct detection, underpinned by the pioneering LNGS program, to realize at least one next-generation xenon (order 50 tons) and one argon (order 300 tons) detector, respectively, of which at least one should be situated in Europe. APPEC strongly encourages detector R&D to reach down to the neutrino floor on the shortest possible time scale for WIMP searches for the widest possible mass range.

APPEC supports the unique European-led efforts for axions and ALPs detection in mass ranges complementary to the established cavity approach. APPEC encourages R&D efforts to improve experimental sensitivity and extend the accessible mass range.







APPEC Mid-Term Report: Neutrino Mass and Properties

APPEC strongly supports the CUPID and LEGEND 1000 double-beta decay experiments selected in the US-European process and endorses the development of NEXT. APPEC strongly supports fully exploiting the potential of the KATRIN direct neutrino mass measurement and the development of a new generation of experiments beyond KATRIN.

APPEC repeats its strong endorsement of the KM3NeT neutrino telescope, with ORCA as an important neutrino mass ordering detector. APPEC strongly supports European participation in the long baseline neutrino oscillation experiments DUNE and Hyper-Kamiokande, as well as in the JUNO reactor experiment.







APPEC encourages European contributions to the Japanese LiteBIRD mission as well as R&D for further spacebased CMB studies, such as a possible successor to COBE/FIRAS. APPEC encourages contributions to CMB Stage 4 and R&D towards other, next-generation, ground-based experiments.

APPEC supports the forthcoming ESA Euclid satellite mission, which will establish European leadership in space based Dark Energy research. APPEC encourages continued participation in next-generation ground-based research projects, e.g., Rubin-LSST and spectroscopic surveys such as DESI and proposed successors.





APPEC supports the further development and coordination of optimized multi-messenger observational strategies, common tools and data formats. Optimizing future observatories for multi-messenger observations is strongly supported. APPEC encourages efforts to enhance collaboration among theorists, experimentalists, observers, and experts in data analysis and computing from different communities.

APPEC fully supports an ambitious theory program in the field of astroparticle physics, with special attention focused on adjacent disciplines such as particle physics, astronomy and cosmology. APPEC supports EuCAPT as a thriving hub for astroparticle physics theorists from Europe and the rest of the world.





APPEC stimulates and supports a range of detector R&D projects through targeted common calls and technology fora that bring scientists and industries together. APPEC encourages consortia to apply for EU (technology) grants for detector R&D programs. APPEC welcomes the ATTRACT initiative and supports a new round for the phase 1 call. APPEC encourages universities, institutes and funding agencies to ensure that appropriate career paths and funding opportunities are available for instrumentation scientists.

APPEC requests all relevant experiments to continue to have their computing requirements scrutinized. APPEC will engage with the particle physics and astronomy communities to secure a balance between available European computing resources and needs for now and into the future. Appropriate training in data science should be provided for astroparticle physicists.

APPEC encourages experiments to assess their ecological impact and report their findings publicly and to mitigate the adverse ecological impact as much as possible. APPEC recommends keeping travel to a minimum and using smart computing strategies to minimize the use of computer resources. APPEC encourages the monitoring of environmental parameters where possible and the application of R&D results to mitigate the ecological impact in general.

APPEC encourages the use of data format standards to facilitate data access between experiments. APPEC encourages funding agencies and publishers to support coherent Open Access publication policies. APPEC encourages making data publicly available as much as possible according to the FAIR principles. APPEC encourages citizen science to engage the public, while at the same me increasing the scientific capabilities of experiments.



APPEC insists that the scientific community follows the APPEC, ECFA and NuPECC diversity charter. This charter should be updated following the latest insights into diversity, equity and inclusion. APPEC encourages collaborations to establish a diversity charter and a code of conduct. APPEC calls on all astroparticle physicists to apply transparent criteria for grant applications and career advancement, valuing the various aspects of talent appropriately.

APPEC strongly encourages the European Underground Laboratories to maintain, and expand when necessary, their ability to facilitate low background experiments. APPEC encourages the European Underground Laboratories involved in astroparticle physics to establish a Virtual Coordination Office that establishes robust cooperation in key services and support for experiments, coordinates future investments in deep underground infrastructures and establishes a transnational access policy.

APPEC will continue to seek collaboration and coordination with its global partners —scientists, funding agencies and society— to advance the design, construction, sustainable use and governance of the next generation of large-scale, world-class research infrastructures to make the scientific discoveries we all dream of.

APPEC will continue interdisciplinary workshops and foster interdisciplinary access to its entire research infrastructure, both in academia and with industry.



APPEC Mid-Term Report: Budget

increment can be observed. This is mainly due to two facts:

carefully estimated and is a major expense from 2029 onwards.



- The major astroparticle physics experiments and labs have been asked to provide information through a questionnaire to update the expected annual investment and exploitation costs. For the coming years, a major
- The investment in CTA (mostly secured) has been delayed and is foreseen to catching up in the coming years, resulting in a bulge in the investment for the years 2023 to 2029. The exploitation budget for CTA has now also been
- The second new fact is the Einstein Telescope (not secured), for which major work has been done on costing. With a total planned investment budget of 1.8 B€, a large fraction of the investments will have to come from exceptional resources, such as European, regional, and national investment funds, not primarily targeted to fundamental science.

Estimate of realised and planned investment and exploitation expenditures in Astroparticle Physics. The division of the APP sub-fields is UL: underground laboratories DM: Dark Matter experiments NP: Neutrino Properties experiments HECR: High-Energy Cosmic Ray Observatories HEN: High-Energy Neutrino observatories HEGR: High-Energy Gamma Ray observatories and satellite missions DE: Dark-Energy observatories and satellite missions CMB: Cosmic Microwave Background observatories and satellite missions GW: Gravitational Wave observatories and satellite missions.





Astroparticle Physics research is moving will likely accelerate in the next few years.

Physics community is part, is changing.

2026 and be prepared before that time, starting in 2024.

- Mid-term update shows some significant updates of the strategy for a good number of topics. And the pace at which
- In addition to the scientific progress that will change our perspective, society at large, of which the Astroparticle

For all these reasons, a new APPEC Astroparticle Physics Strategy from 2027 onwards will likely not be business as usual. It will require yet another thorough discussion in our community, which should be held in the years 2025 and



Laboratorio Subterráneo Canfranc



Stay tuned to contribute to the next

APPEC Strategy Plan 2027-2036

