

# Vector boson production and TMD extraction at N4LL

IGNAZIO SCIMEMI

https://www.ucm.es/iparcos/



CPAN-L, SANTANDER 02/10, 2023

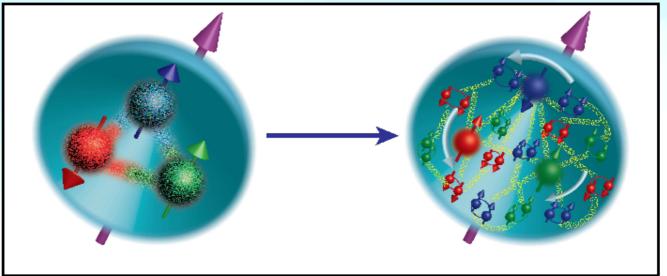




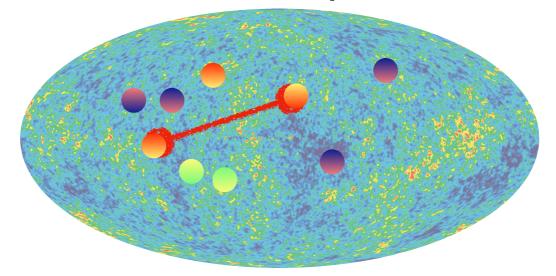
# Motivation

Now suppose you have a proton.

We have made <u>experiments</u> showing that we have 3 quarks + pairs of quarks-antiquarks + gluons



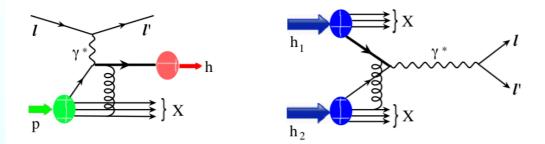
How are quarks in two distinct points correlated?Spin?



## Motivation



- We need a virtual photon coupled to lepton pairs to reduce QCD uncertainties: Drell-Yan, Semi-inclusive DIS,  $e^+e^- \rightarrow 2j$
- We need to address a method to identify fundamental quark distributions in the cross section: power expansion, operator product expansion (in combination with effective field theory (SCET), or background field method)



Overcome all technical difficulties (40 years of research behind!)

## **TMD** factorization



$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2 dy dq_T^2} = \sigma_0 \sum_{f_1, f_2} \int \frac{d^2 \mathbf{b}}{4\pi} e^{i(\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{q}_T)} H_{f_1 f_2}(Q, Q) \{ R[\mathbf{b}; (Q, Q^2)] \}^2 F_{f_1 \leftarrow h_1}(x_1, \mathbf{b}) F_{f_2 \leftarrow h_2}(x_2, \mathbf{b}) \}$$

In recent years we have learnt a lot about this formula. For instance:

- Its range of applicability is provided by  $\delta = \frac{q_T}{Q} \ll 1$ , fixed- $q_T$ ,  $\delta \sim 0.25$
- We have a non-perturbative evolution kernel (whose perturbative part is known at N3LO and allows N4LL resummation). We can work with different schemes (CSS,  $\zeta$  -prescription, ..).
- We have a re-factorization of TMD at large transverse momentum in Wilson coefficients (now at N3LO!!) and PDF (now at NNLO!!)

  PDF are just part of a model

$$F_{f \leftarrow h}(x, b) = \sum_{f'} f_{NP}(x, b) \int_{x}^{1} \frac{dy}{y} C_{f \leftarrow f'}(y, \mathbf{L}_{\mu_{\text{OPE}}}, a_s(\mu_{\text{OPE}})) f_{f \leftarrow h}(x/y, \mu_{\text{OPE}})$$

# UNPOLARIZED TMD MATCHING TO COLLINEAR FUNCTIONS: DY AND SIDIS IN THE ASYMPTOTIC LIMIT

$$\lim_{b \to 0} f_{1,f \leftarrow h}(x,b) = \sum_{f'} \int_{x}^{1} \frac{dy}{y} C_{f \leftarrow f'} \left(\frac{x}{y}, \mathbf{L}_{\mu_{\text{OPE}}}, a_{s}(\mu_{\text{OPE}})\right) f_{1,f' \leftarrow h}(y, \mu_{\text{OPE}}),$$

$$\lim_{b \to 0} D_{1,f \to h}(z,b) = \sum_{f'} \int_{z}^{1} \frac{dy}{y} \mathbb{C}_{f \to f'} \left(\frac{z}{y}, \mathbf{L}_{\mu_{\text{OPE}}}, a_{s}(\mu_{\text{OPE}})\right) \frac{d_{1,f' \to h}(y, \mu_{\text{OPE}})}{y^{2}},$$

The Wilson coefficients  $(C,\mathbb{C})$  are all known at higher orders!!

TMDPDF / TMDFF: T. Gehrmann et al. JHEP 06 (2014) 155, M.G. Echevarria et al. Phys. Rev. D93 (2016) 011502, JHEP 09 (2016) 004, M. X. Luo et al. *JHEP* 01 (2020) 040, *JHEP* 10 (2019) 083

TMDPDF /TMDFF: M. X. Luo et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 124 (2020) 9, 092001, JHEP 06 (2021) 115, M. Ebert et al. JHEP 09 (2020) 146

### **TMD** factorization

#### We can:

Perform an extraction of TMD at N4LL (higher order than PDF..)

Analyze the source of errors

Be ready for NLP corrections

In this talk I will consider the first two points We call the new Artemide code extraction

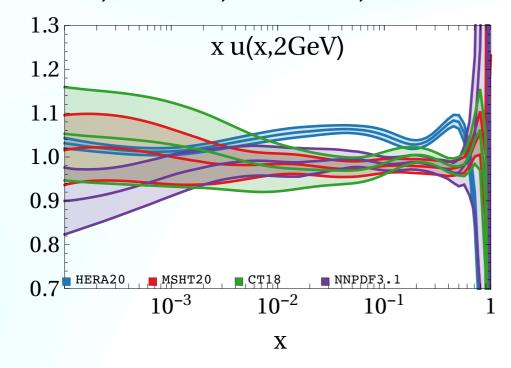
V. Moos, I.S., A. Vladimirov, P. Zurita e-Print: 2305.07473 [hep-ph]

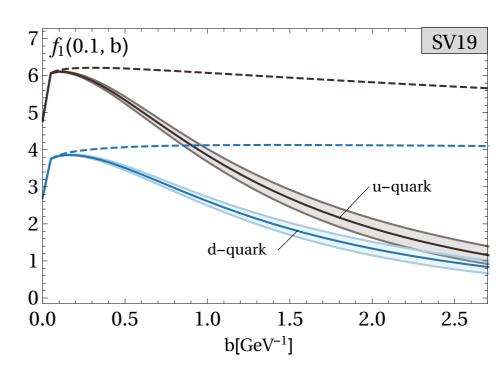


#### In SV19 we tried with several PDF sets

PDF set	PDF set $\chi_{DY}^2/N_{pt}$			
CT14	1,59			
HERAPDF2.0	0,97			
MMHT14	1,34			
NNPDF3.1	1,14			
PDF4LHC15	1,53			

#### Also, in SV19, for $b \to 0$ , the uncertainty bands $\to 0$ .





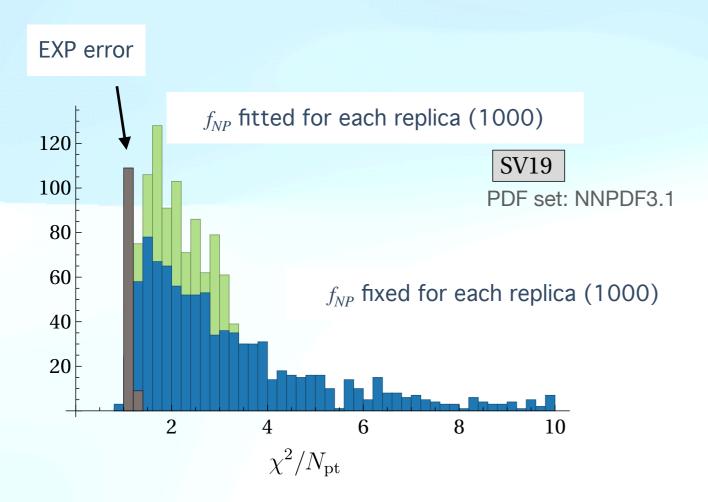
#### The PDF bias

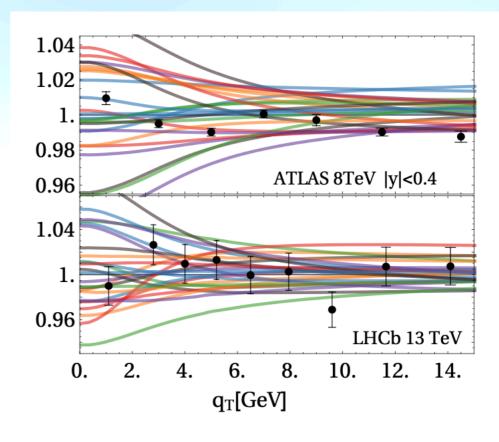
So we have some questions to answer:

- 1. Can we get good TMD fits for different collinear PDFs?
- 2. Would they have sensible uncertainty bands?
- 3. Would they the consistent with each other?

#### FLAVOR INDEPENDENT FNP

### Most of replicas (64%) have $\chi^2/N>2$ . Each replica has a peculiar shape



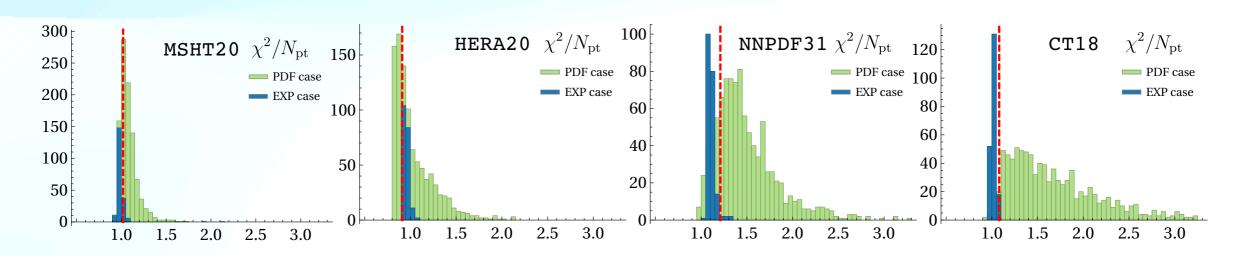


#### PDF uncertainties and flavour dependence

M. Bury, F. Hautmann, S. Leal-Gomez, I. Scimemi, A. Vladimirov, PZ, JHEP 10 (2022) 118

Flavor separation make fits more PDF set independent and modeling simpler

$$f_{NP}^f(x,b) = \exp\left(-\frac{\lambda_1^f(1-x) + \lambda_2^f x}{\sqrt{1 + \lambda_0 x^2 \mathbf{b^2}}} \mathbf{b^2}\right) \qquad f = u, \, \bar{u}, \, d, \, \bar{d}, \, sea$$



ALL PDF distributions have similar  $\chi^2$ The spread of  $\chi^2$  of PDF replica is highly reduced Final  $\chi^2$ : MSHT20 (1.12), HERA20 (0.91), NNPDF31(1.21), CT18 (1.08)

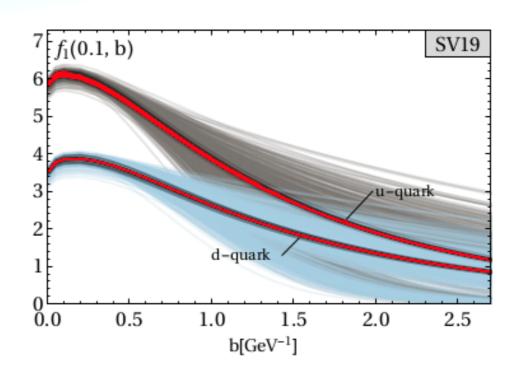
#### PDF uncertainties and flavour dependence

M. Bury, F. Hautmann, S. Leal-Gomez, I. Scimemi, A. Vladimirov, PZ, JHEP 10 (2022) 118

 $ule{\mathbb{R}}$  We include the PDF uncertainties while keeping  $f_{NP}$  fixed.

We re-fit TMD, for each PDF replica.

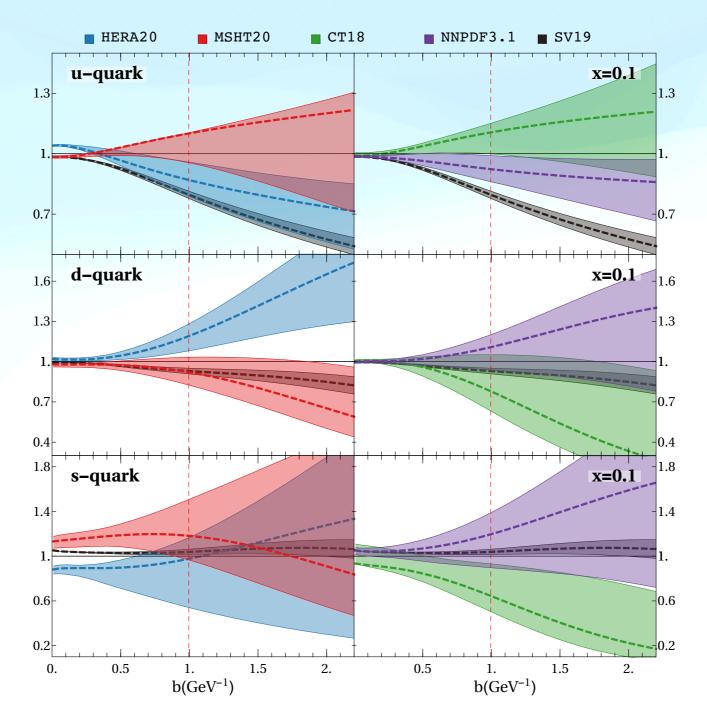
We get reasonable uncertainty bands.



#### PDF uncertainties and flavour dependence

M. Bury, F. Hautmann, S. Leal-Gomez, I. Scimemi, A. Vladimirov, PZ, JHEP 10 (2022) 118

The TMD obtained from different sets agree reasonably



# ART23

- Flavor dependence.
- All the latest datasets!
- W-boson production!
- Increased perturbative accuracy! ( $N^4LL$ )
- Includes collinear PDF uncertainties!
- A full new fit to Drell-Yan data.

#### **Evolution:**

- We use the  $\zeta$  prescription (I.S., A. Vladimirov *JHEP* 08 (2018) 003)
- We use the integral form of the evolution kernel to introduce a scale dependence similar to CSS for direct comparison

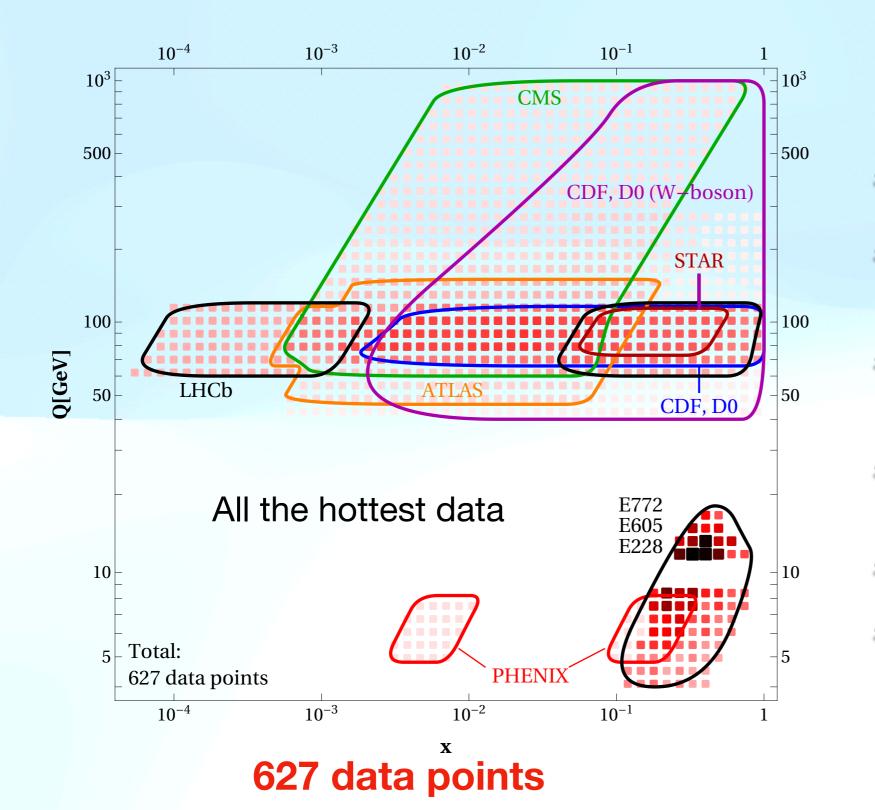
$$\mathscr{D}(b,\mu) = \mathscr{D}_{\text{small-b}}(b^*,\mu^*) + \int_{\mu^*}^{\mu} \frac{d\mu'}{\mu'} \Gamma_{\text{cusp}}(\mu') + \mathscr{D}_{\text{NP}}(b) \qquad b^*(b) = \frac{b}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{b^2}{\mathbf{B}_{\text{NP}}^2}}} = \frac{2e^{-\gamma_E}}{\mu^*}$$

We discover that we are sensitive to log corrections to the NP part of the evolution kernel  $\mathscr{D}_{\mathsf{NP}}(b) = bb^* \left[ c_0 + c_1 \ln \left( \frac{b^*}{B_{\mathsf{NP}}} \right) \right]$ 

Simple Parameterization: 
$$\frac{f_{NP}^f(x,b)}{\cosh\left(\left(\frac{\lambda_1^f(1-x)+\lambda_2^fx}{b}\right)b\right)}$$

f = u,  $\bar{u}$ , d,  $\bar{d}$ , sea

- In total, 13 parameters
- Reference PDFs: MSHT20



#### **New in!**

PHENIX: DY data at

 $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ 

**STAR**: Z/γ-boson production

at  $\sqrt{s} = 510 \text{ GeV}$ 

(preliminary).

**CMS** and **LHCb**: y-differential

Z-boson production at

 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}.$ 

**ATLAS**: high precision

differential Z-boson cross-

section.

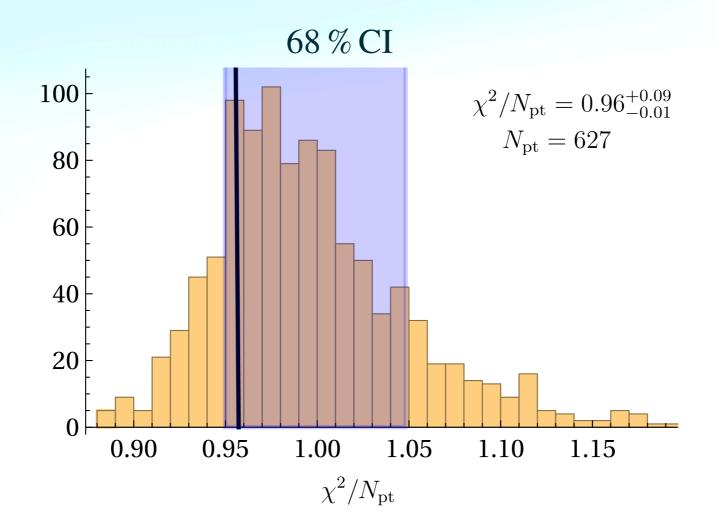
**CMS**: high-Q neutral-boson

production.

**Tevatron**: W-boson

production.

- Fitting procedure: construct simultaneous replicas of the data AND the PDFs. Then fit.
- The number of replicas needed to have a faithful representation of the TMDPDF distribution was deemed to be 1000.



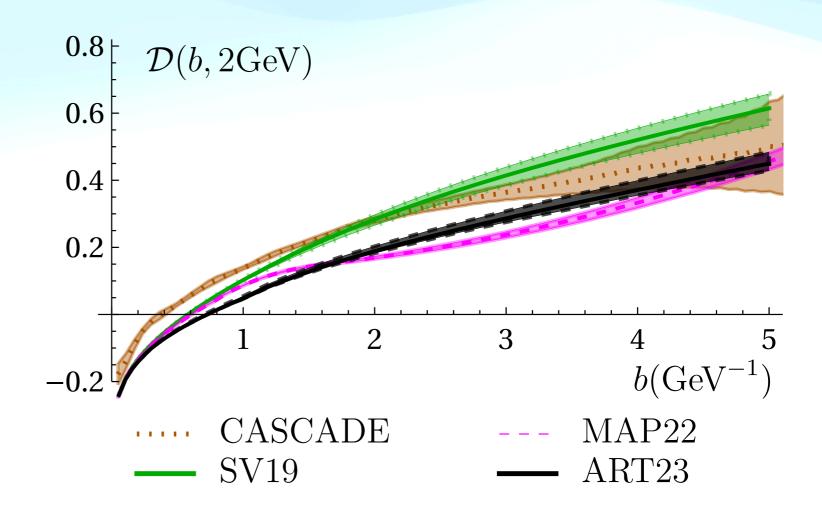
- overall improvement w.r.t. SV19. Specially for the LHC data. Higher precision plays a key role here.
- more realistic uncertainty bands than in SV19.

# CS kernel close to the one from the global fit MAP22

$$B_{\rm NP} = 1.56^{+0.13}_{-0.09} {\rm GeV}$$

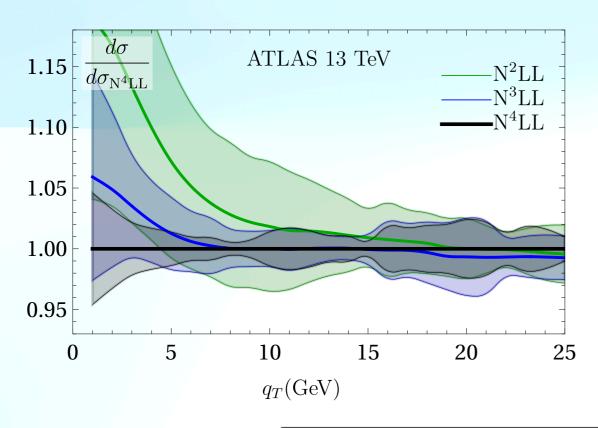
$$c_0 = 3.69^{+0.65}_{-0.61} \cdot 10^{-2}$$

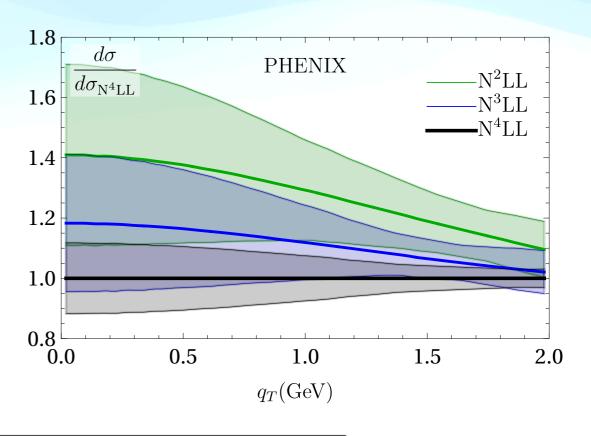
$$c_1 = 5.82^{+0.64}_{-0.88} \cdot 10^{-2}$$



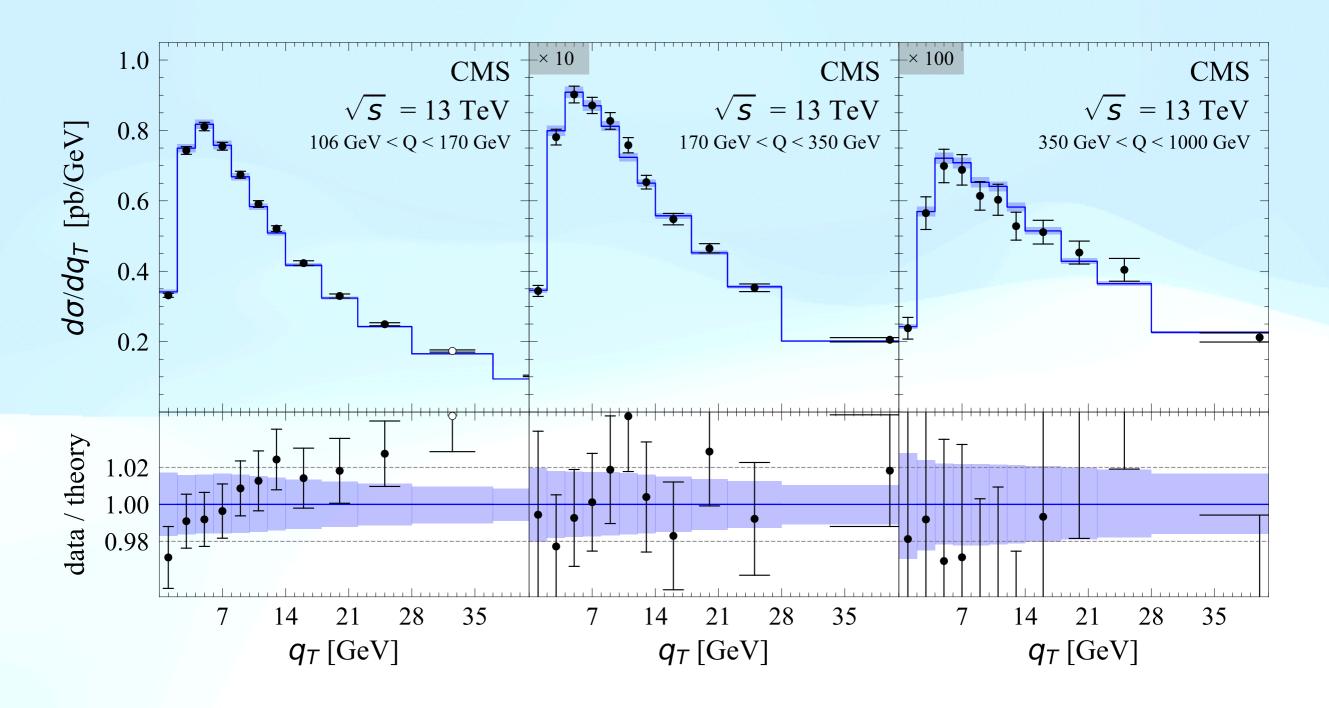
Scale variations

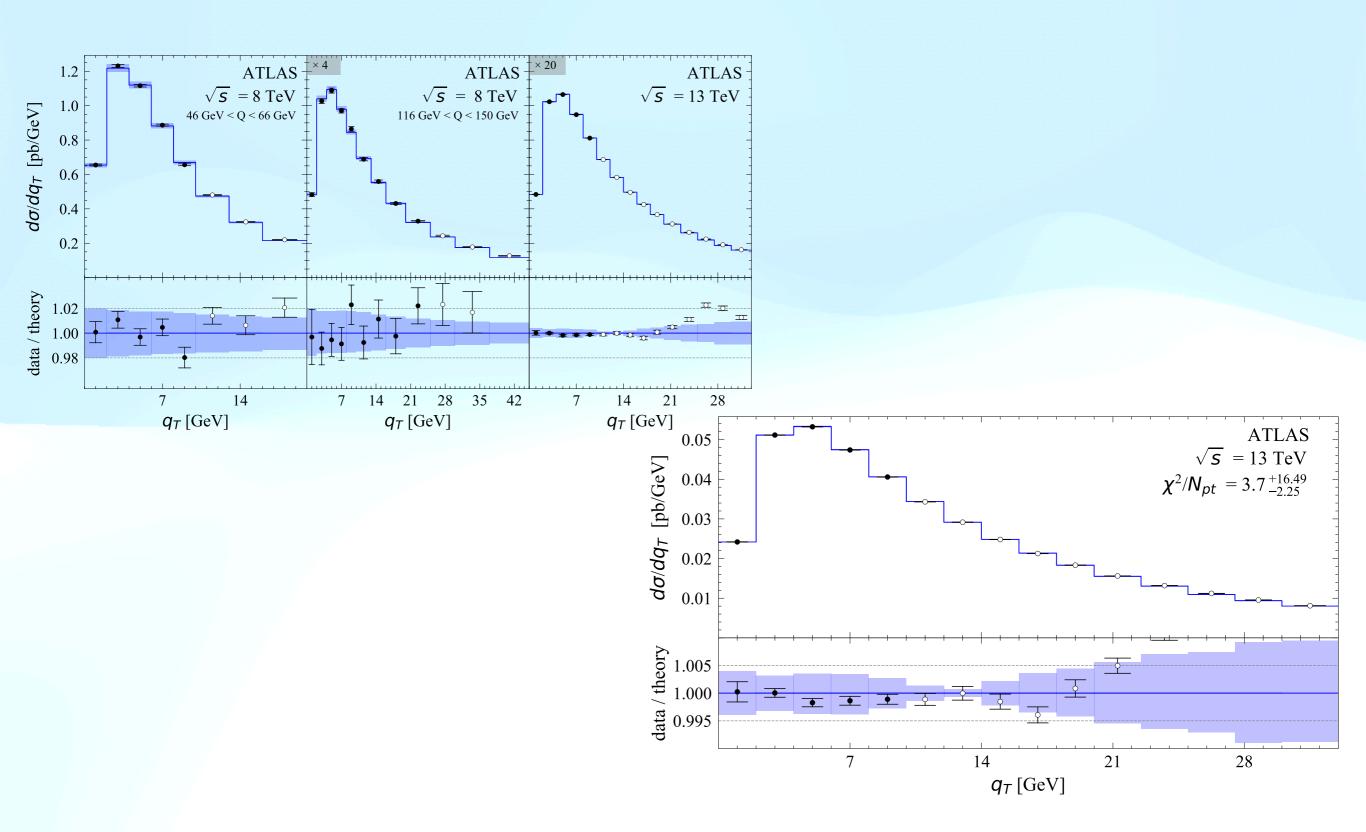
$$\left\{ \mu \to s_2 \mu, \mu^* \to s_3 \mu^*, \mu_{\mathsf{OPE}} \to s_4 \frac{2e^{-\gamma_E}}{b} + 2\mathsf{GeV} \right\}.$$

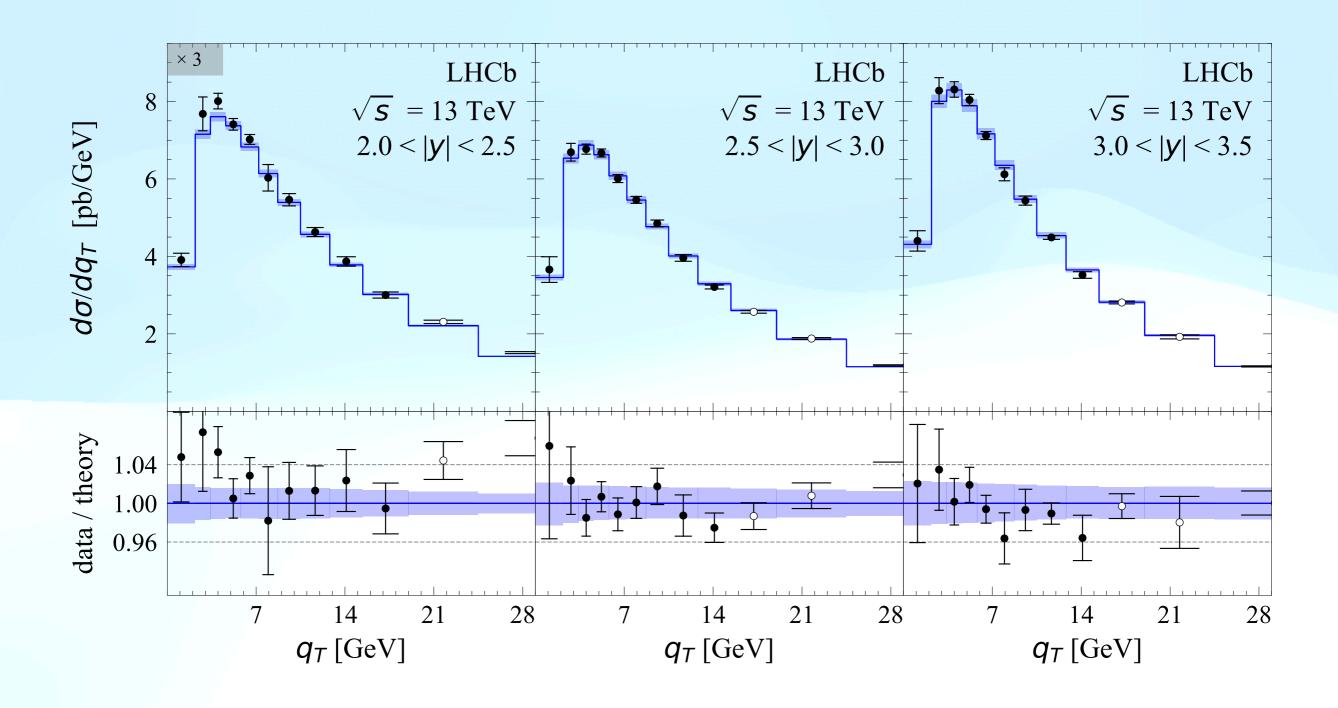


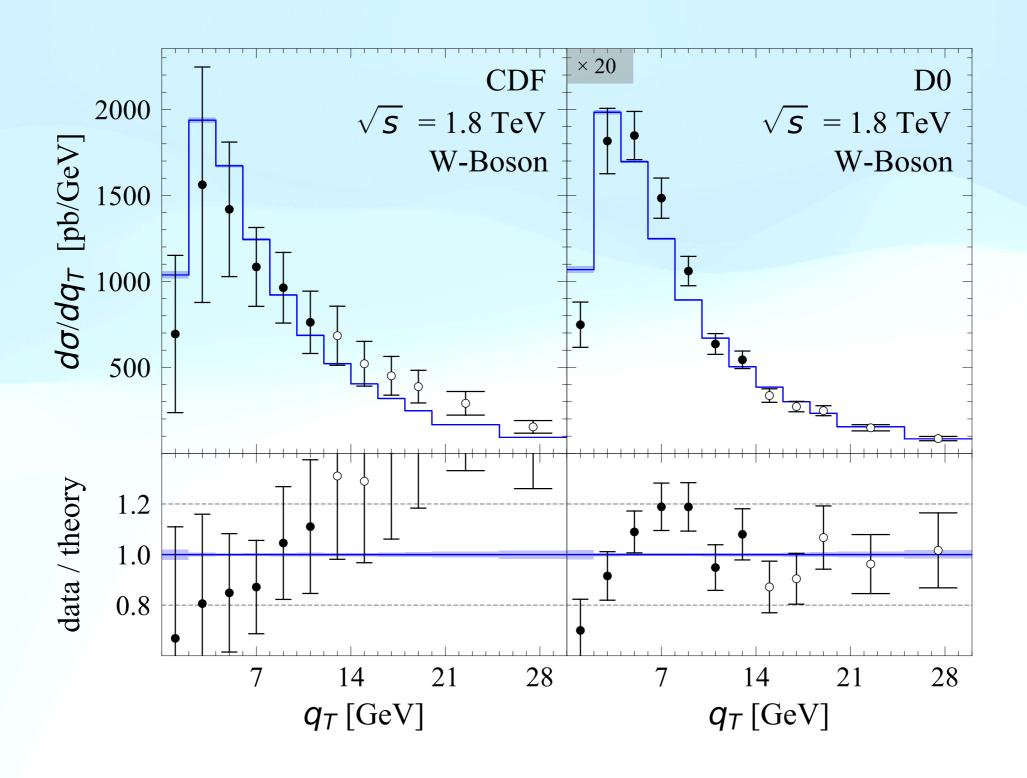


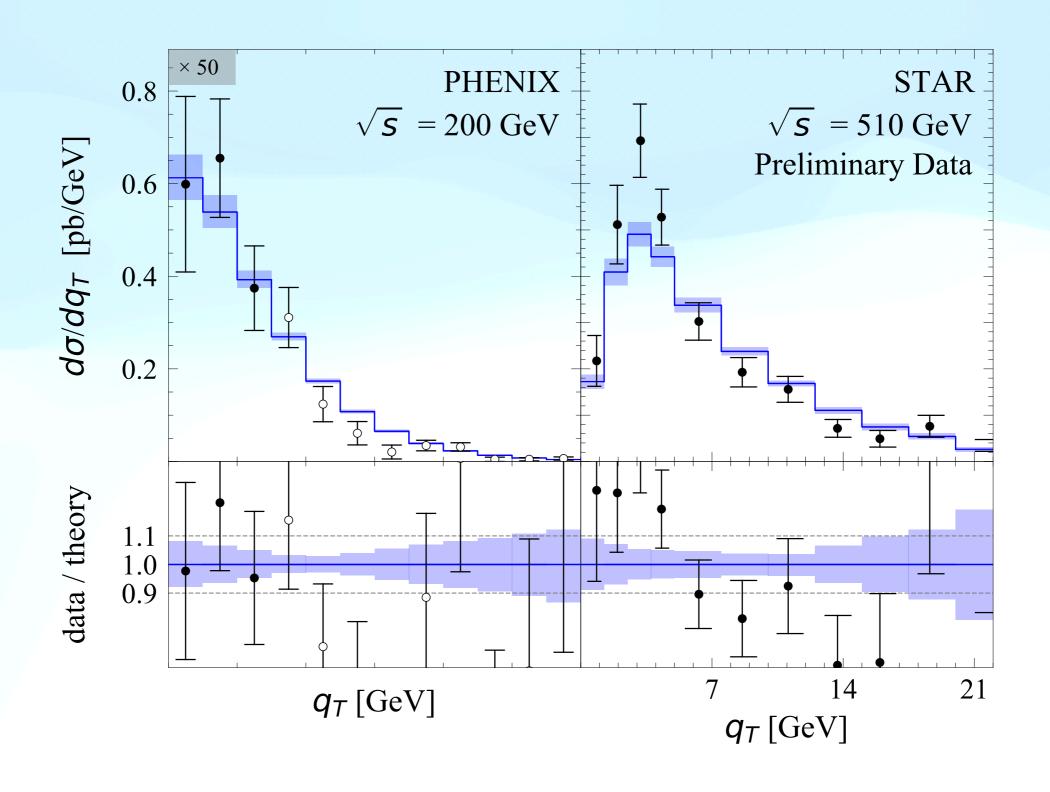
$\Gamma_{ m cusp}$	$\gamma_V$	$\beta$	$\mathcal{D}_{ ext{small-b}}$	$C_{f \leftarrow f'}$	$C_V$	PDF
$a_s^5 \; (\Gamma_4)$	$a_s^4 \; (\gamma_4)$	$a_s^6~(eta_4)$	$a_s^4 \ (d^{(4,0)})$	$a_s^3 \ (C_{f \leftarrow f'}^{[3]})$	$a_s^4$	NNLO











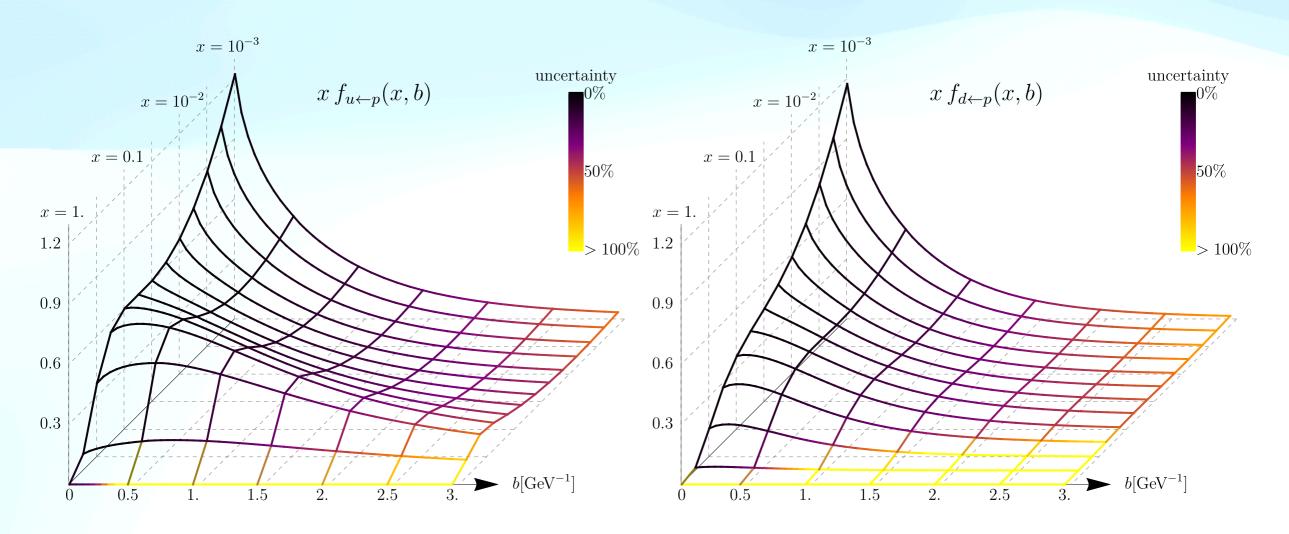
$$\lambda_1^u = 0.87^{+0.10}_{-0.10}, \qquad \lambda_2^u = 0.91^{+0.33}_{-0.29},$$

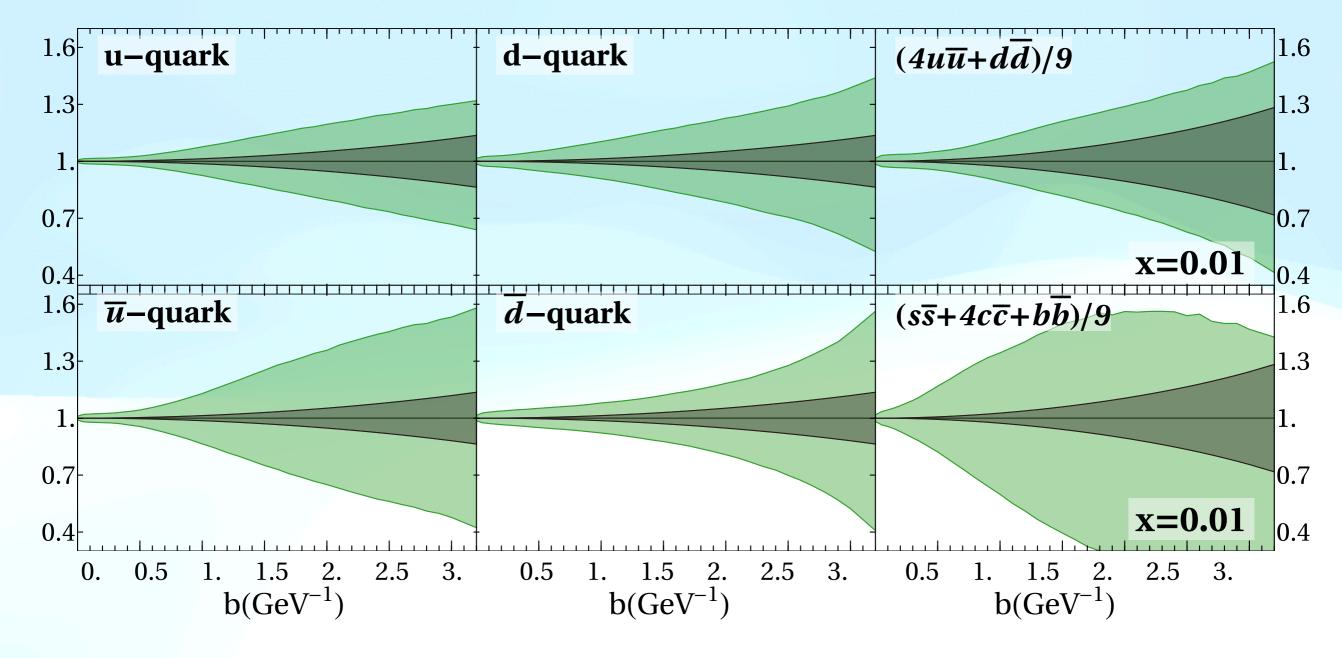
$$\lambda_1^d = 0.99^{+0.09}_{-0.12}, \qquad \lambda_2^d = 6.06^{+1.36}_{-1.34},$$

$$\lambda_1^{\bar{u}} = 0.35^{+0.23}_{-0.22}, \qquad \lambda_2^{\bar{u}} = 46.6^{+7.9}_{-8.1},$$

$$\lambda_1^{\bar{d}} = 0.12^{+0.13}_{-0.11}, \qquad \lambda_2^{\bar{d}} = 1.53^{+0.54}_{-0.17},$$

$$\lambda_1^{sea} = 1.32^{+0.23}_{-0.24}, \qquad \lambda_2^{sea} = 0.46^{+0.13}_{-0.45},$$



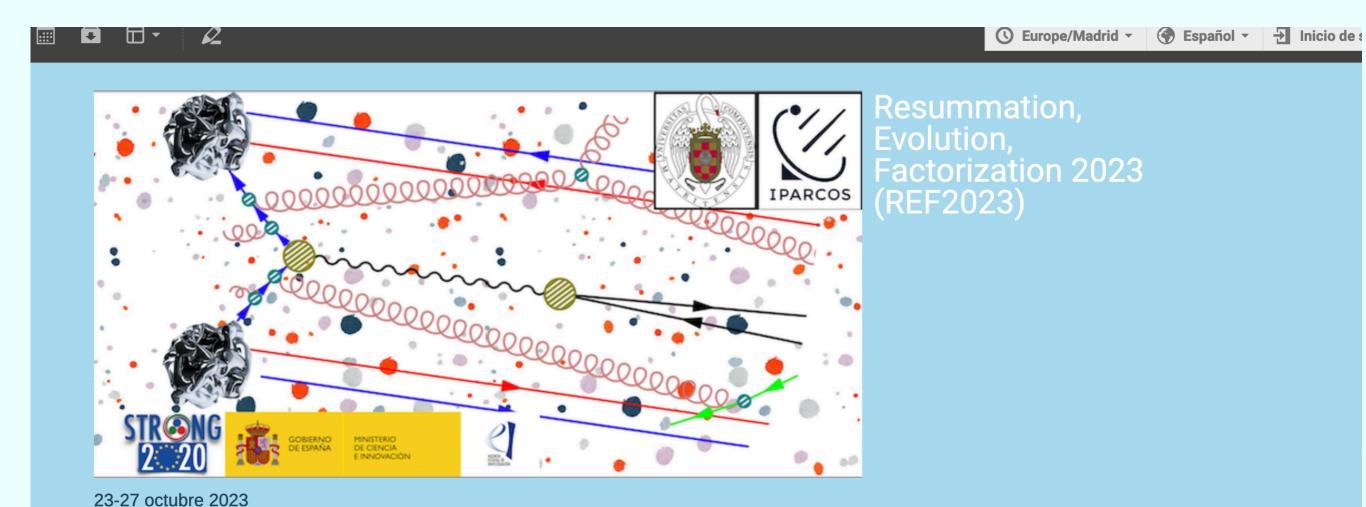


Light green: ART23 Dark green: SV19

## Summary

The factorization of transverse momentum distributions has a long story, but recent understanding make it spectacular (and more to come!)!

- TMDPDF are now extracted at N4LL (No other distribution uses the number of perturbative QCD orders)
- We have performed a novel TMDPDF extraction: ART23.
- We used all the newest measurements and also W-boson production data, finding a good description.
- For the first time, the PDF uncertainties are systematically included.
  And we have realistic uncertainty bands.
- The flavor dependence in the NP ansatz is crucial to reduce the PDF bias.
- The global fit (including SIDIS data) is ... closer



https://indico.fis.ucm.es/event/19/

Facultad de Físicas

Europe/Madrid timezone

# **Back-up**



#### **NNPDF3.1: COMPARISON**

