

# Charge collection and C-V

M. K. Petterson, H. F.-W. Sadrozinski, C. Betancourt, R.  
F. Hurley, M. Gerling, J. Pixley  
*SCIPP UC Santa Cruz, 1156 High Street, 95064 CA, USA*

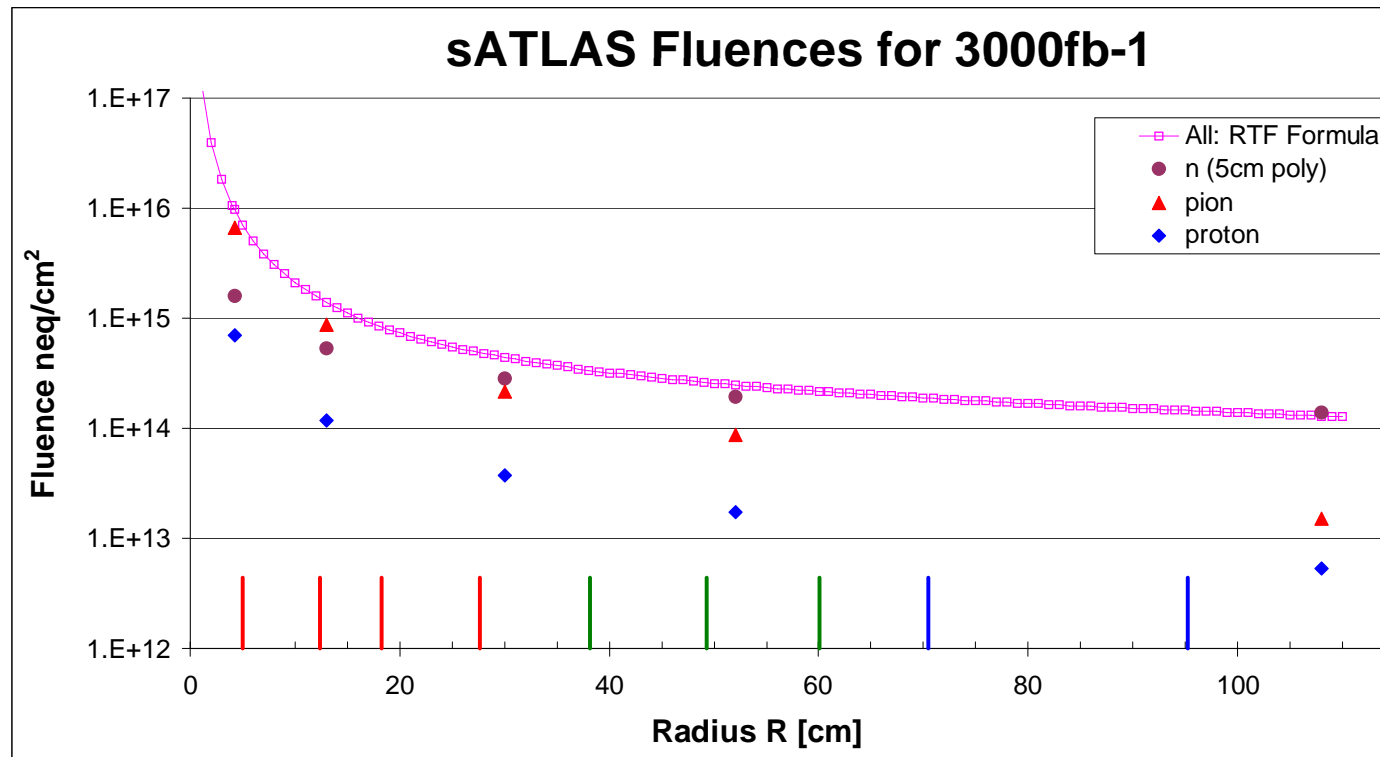
M. Bruzzi  
*INFN and Università di Firenze, Italy*

The SMART Collaboration  
(M. Boscardin, C. Piemonte, A. Pozza, N. Zorzi, G.-F.  
Dalla Betta, G. Resta, A. Macchiolo, L. Borrello, A.  
Messineo, D. Creanza, N. Manna)

# ATLAS Upgrade Design for:

$1 \cdot 10^{15}$  neq/cm<sup>2</sup> short strips,  $4 \cdot 10^{14}$  neq/cm<sup>2</sup> long strips  
(includes 2x safety factor)

**New: p-type, neutrons**



## Depletion: C-V and CCE: Temp and Frequency

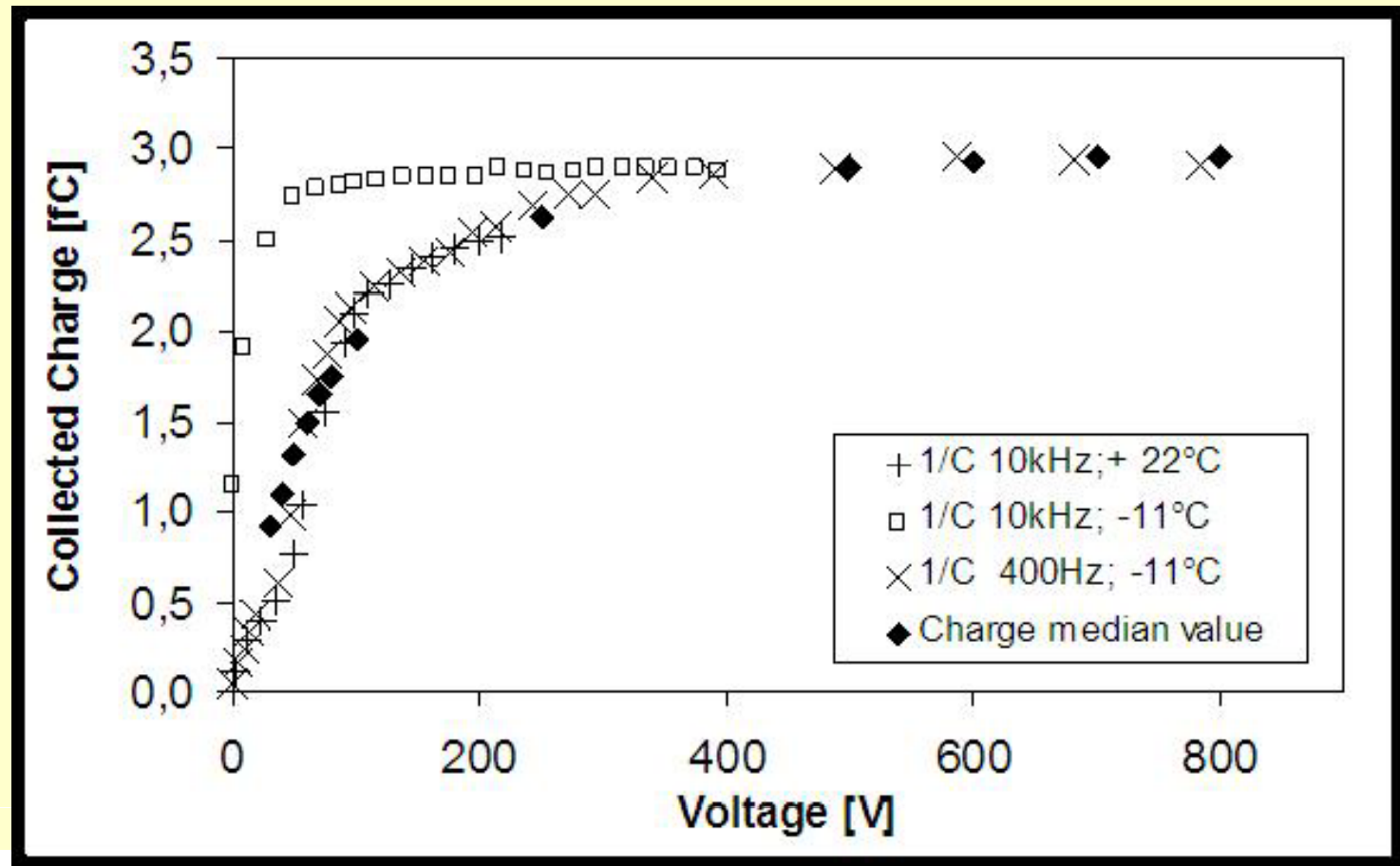
$C(V) \sim 1/d$

$CCE(V) \sim d$

expected collected charge =  $3.5 \text{ fC} \cdot C_0 / C(V)$

At low temps, use low frequency! RT: 10 kHz,  $-10^\circ \text{C}$ : 400 Hz,  $-20^\circ \text{C}$ : 250 Hz

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RESMDD06

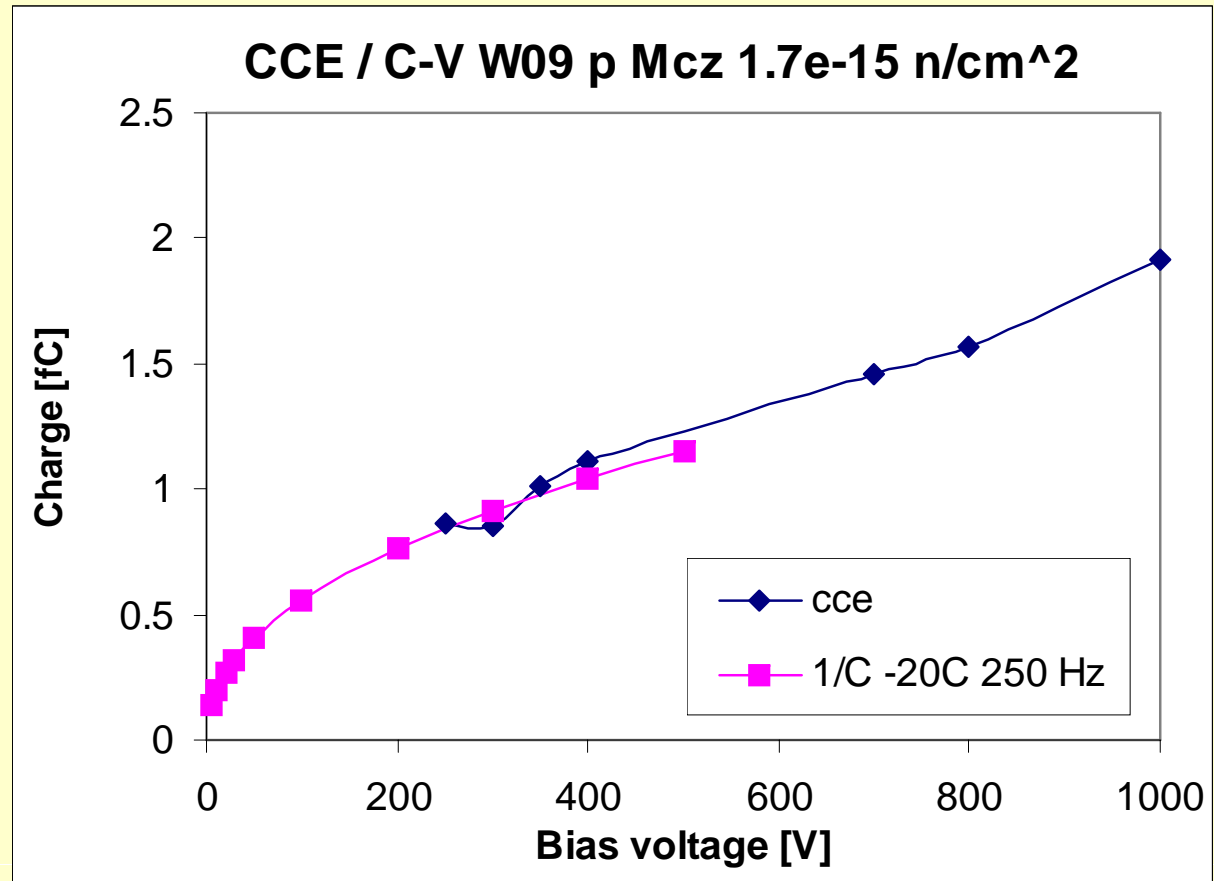


# Neutrons

SCIPP Measurements on p-type MCz  
with neutron irradiated sensors.

Absolute prediction of  $1/C$

Agrees well with CCE



## Neutrons vs. Protons?

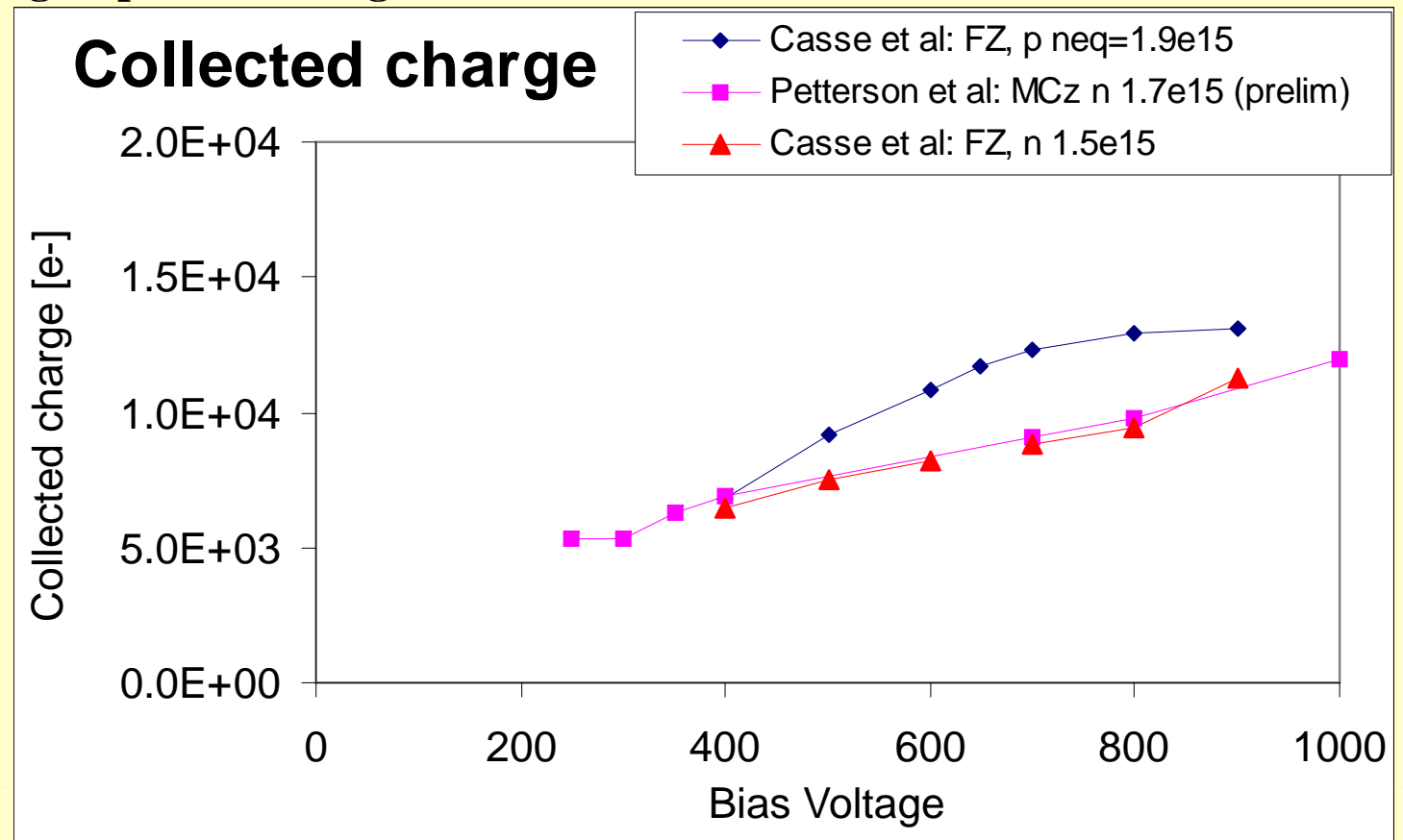
**Caveats:**

**Binary vs. Analog (Single-strip vs. Sum?)**

**Median vs. Most probable**

**FZ vs. MCz, Starting Depletion Voltage**

**100 ns vs. 25 ns**

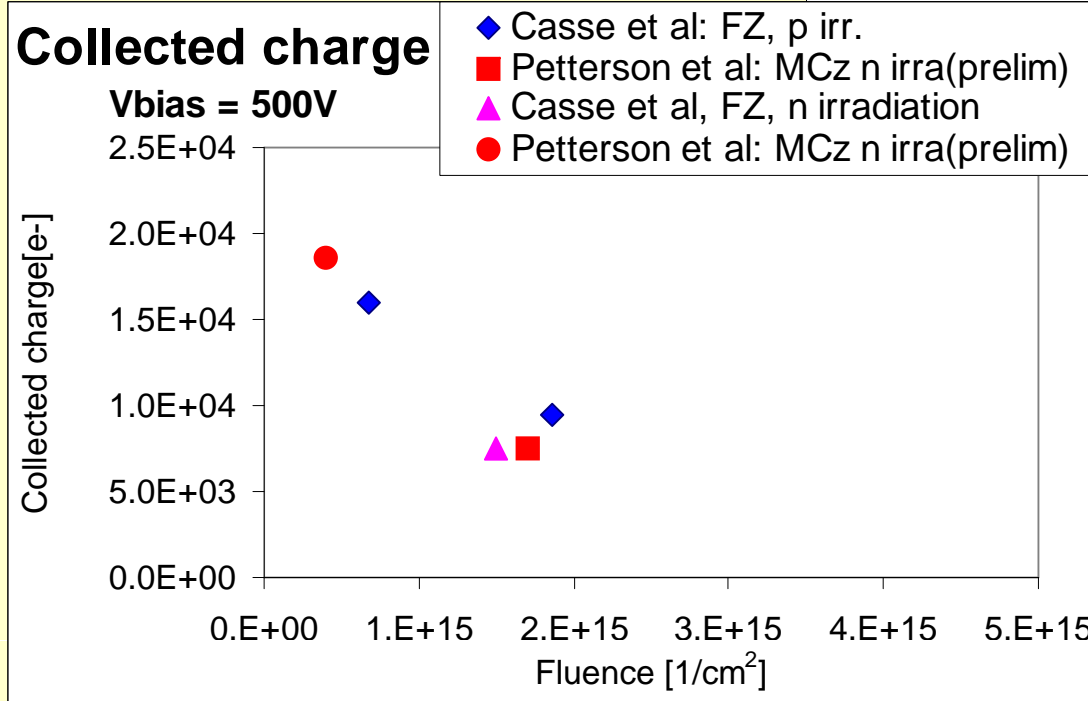
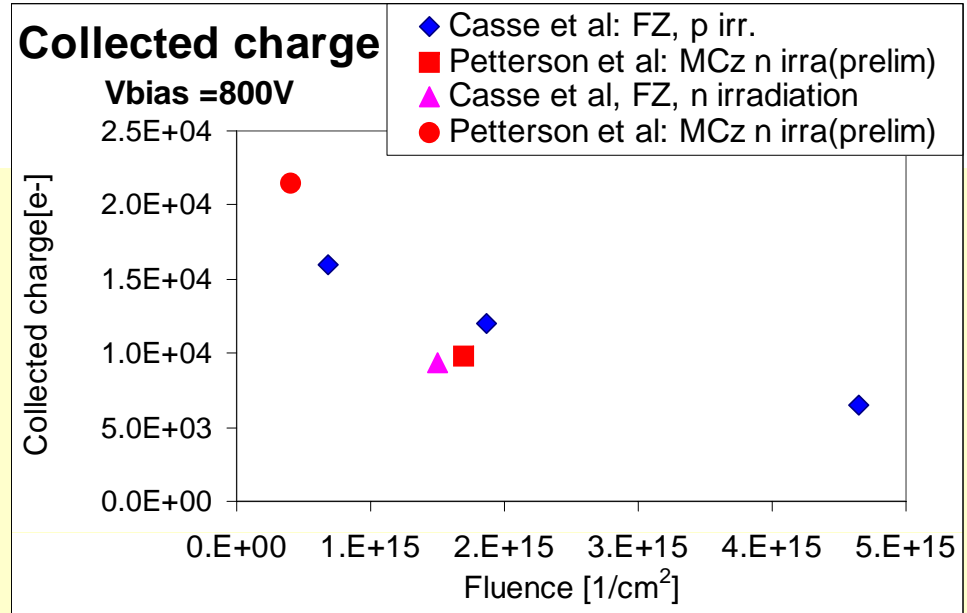


# Charge collection

**Short strips:**

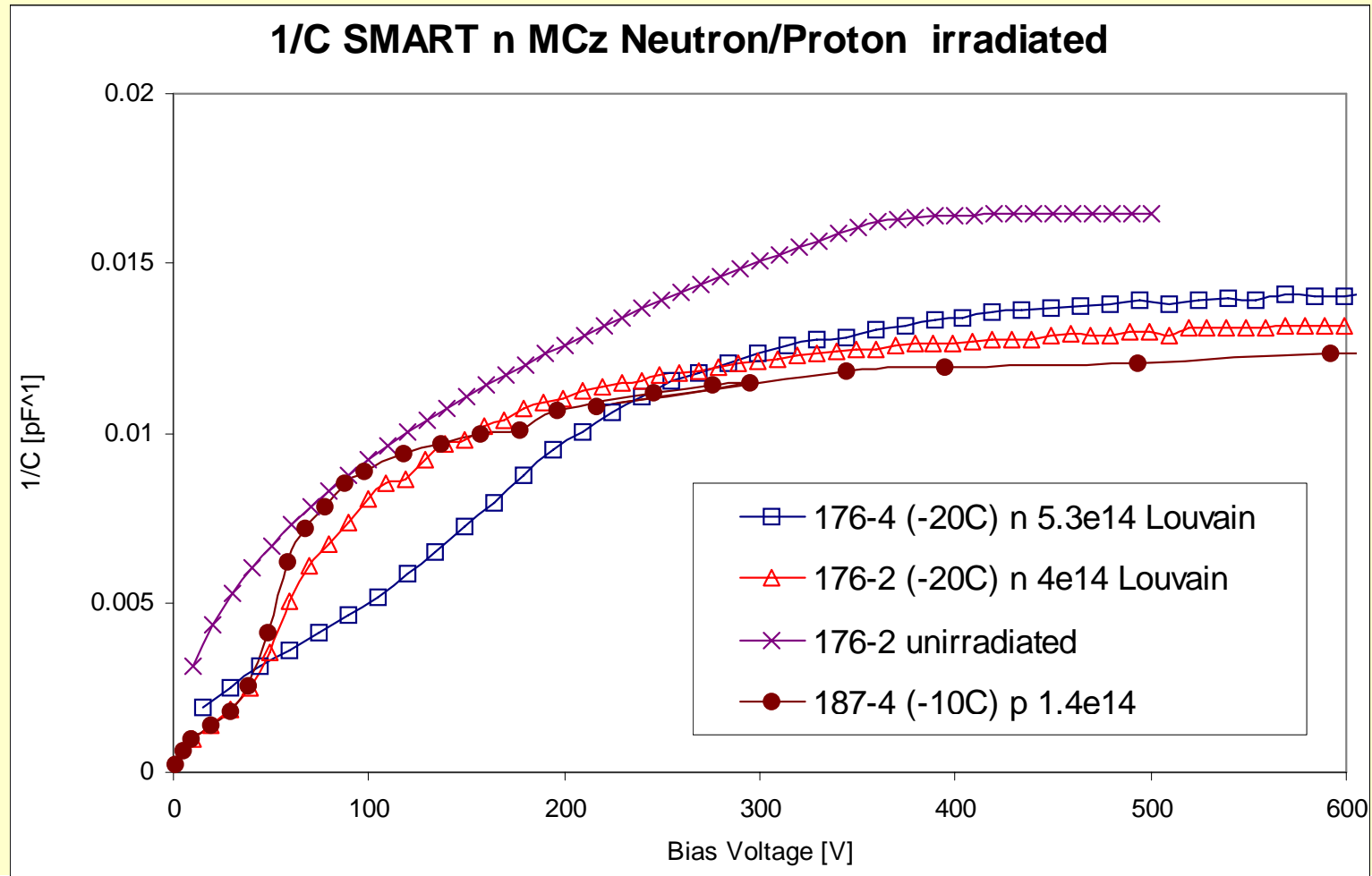
**At target fluence and 500V Bias:**

**Sufficient yield for good signal-to-noise**



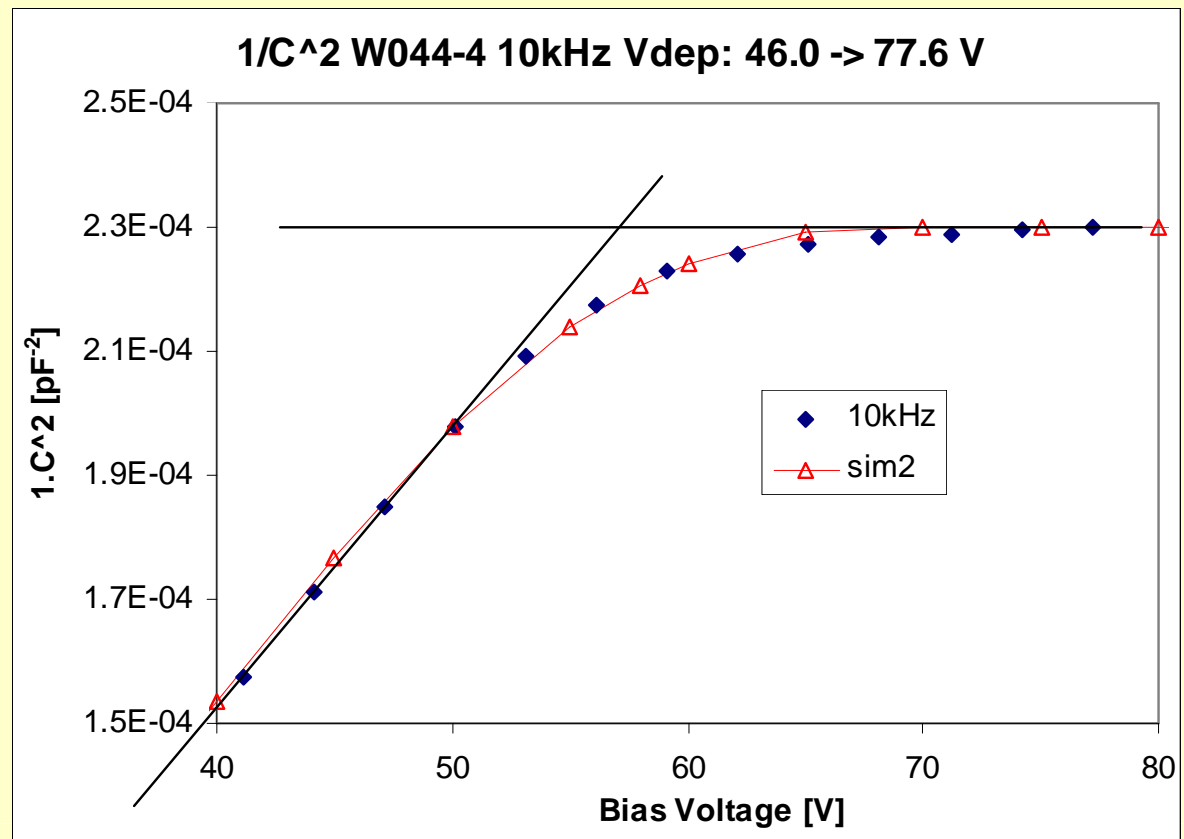
# Wafer: n MCz

Evidence for Double-Junction instead of “Inversion”.



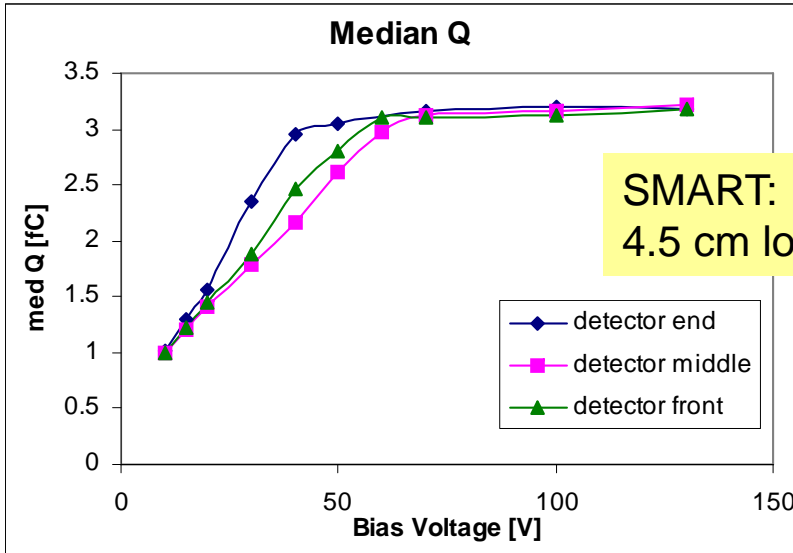
## Wafer: MCz SMART

**Non-uniform doping density in MCz:**  
Simple simulation of parallel capacitors  
with different depletion voltages  
reproduces the  $1/C^2$  curves.

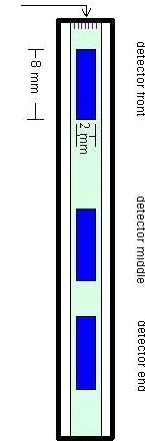




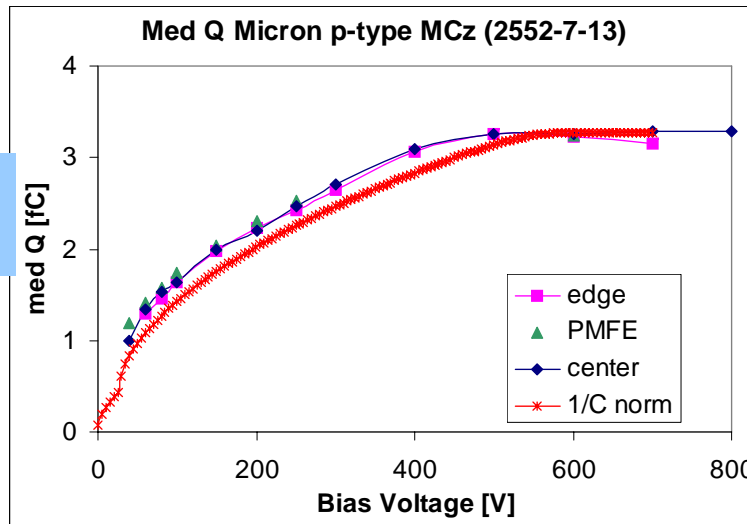
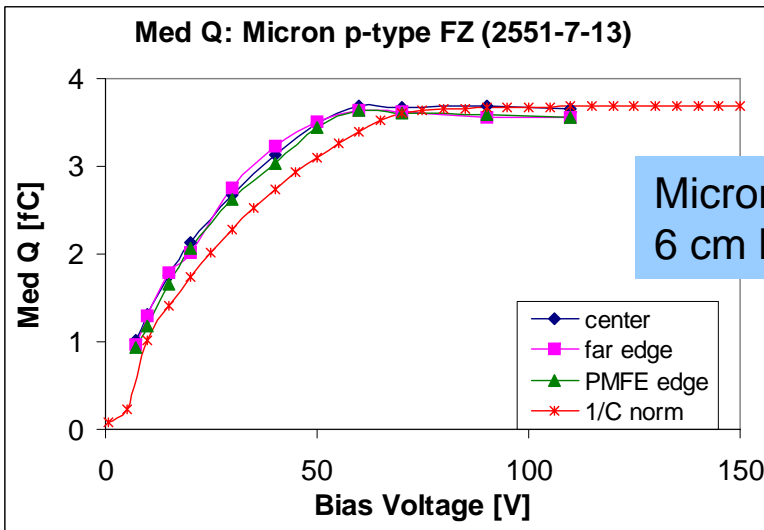
# MCz Wafer Uniformity with CCE: SMART vs. Micron



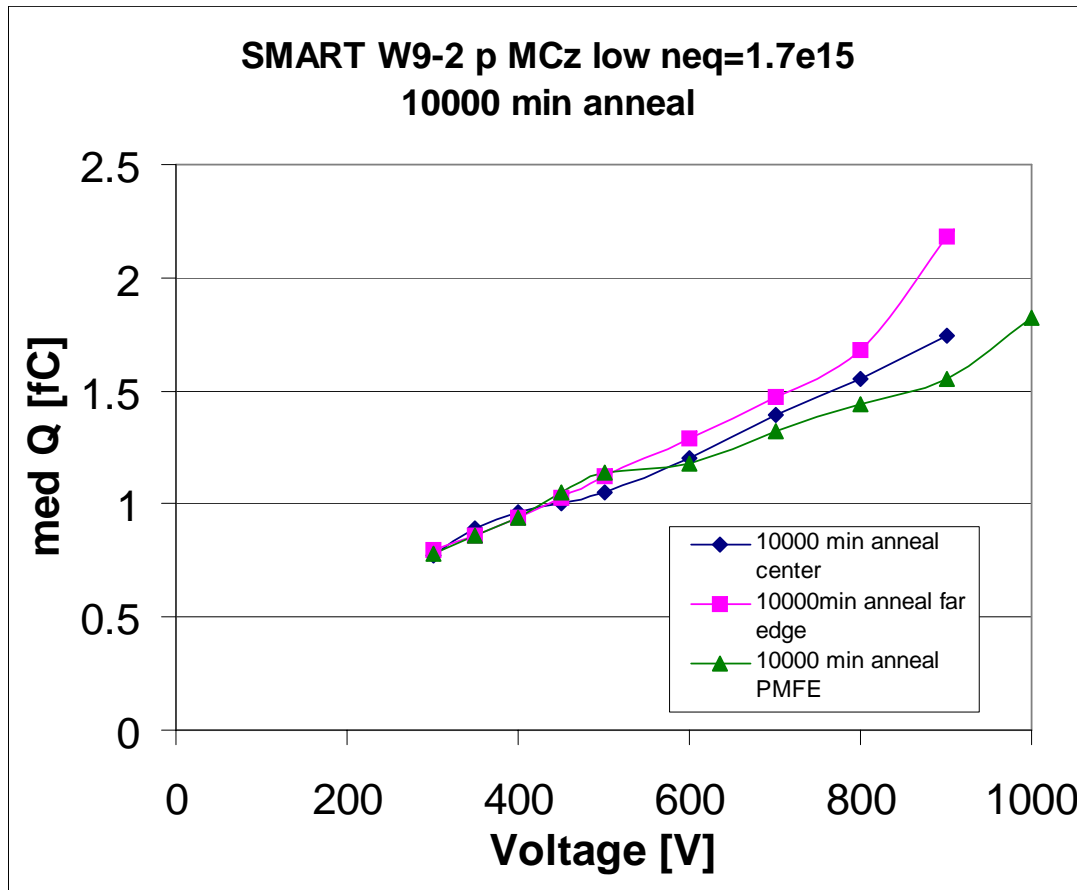
Charge collection at 3 positions along strips:



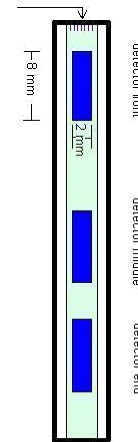
Micron has excellent uniformity along strips and across the wafer



# MCz Wafer Uniformity with CCE: Post Neutron Irradiation

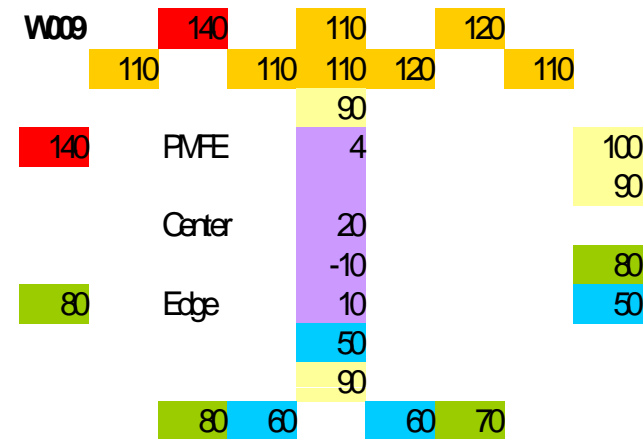


Charge collection at 3 positions along strips:



SMART:  
4.5 cm long

Depletion Voltage non-uniform even after 1.7e15 neq/cm<sup>2</sup>  
→ Original doping density matters!



# Annealing

**New data:** CCE annealing for n-type and p-type MCz similar time structure as C-V

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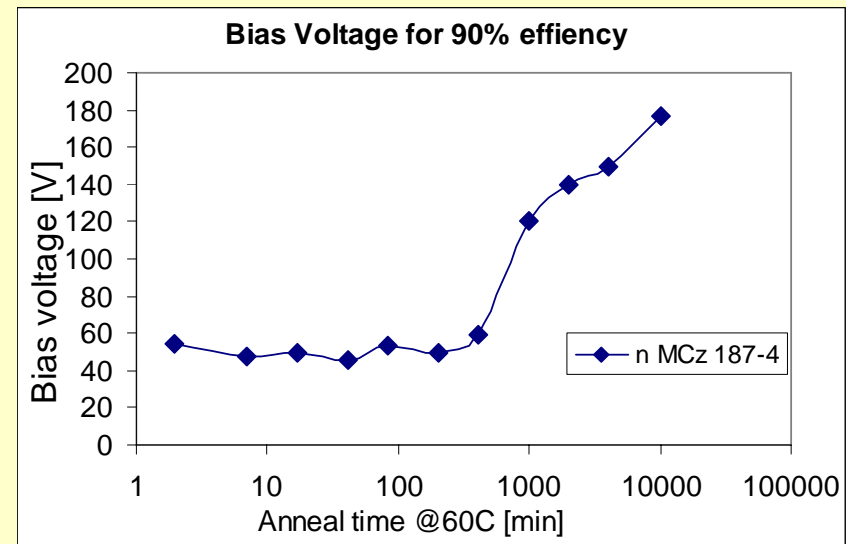
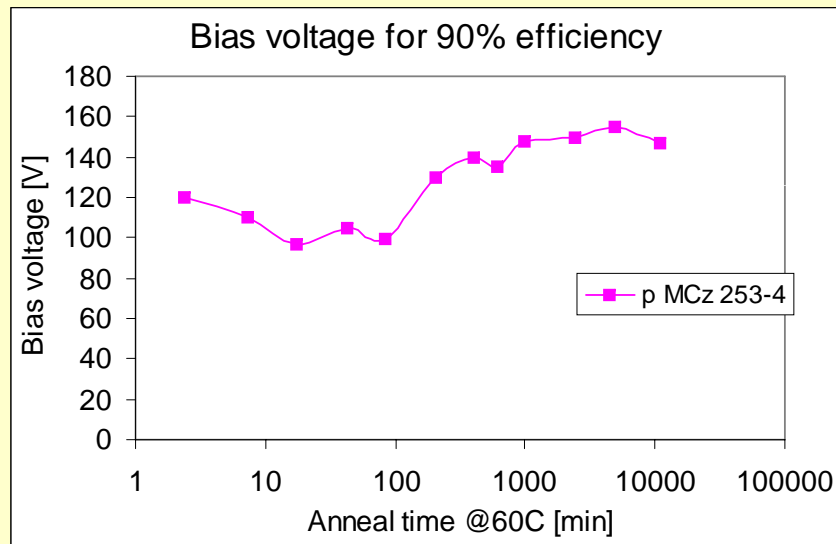
Irradiated with 26 MeV p

to  $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

Binary readout 100ns,

$^{90}\text{Sr}$  beta source

1000min @60 °C = 514 days @RT



# Annealing

CCE annealing for p-type MCz after  $1.7 \times 10^{15} \text{ neq/cm}^2$

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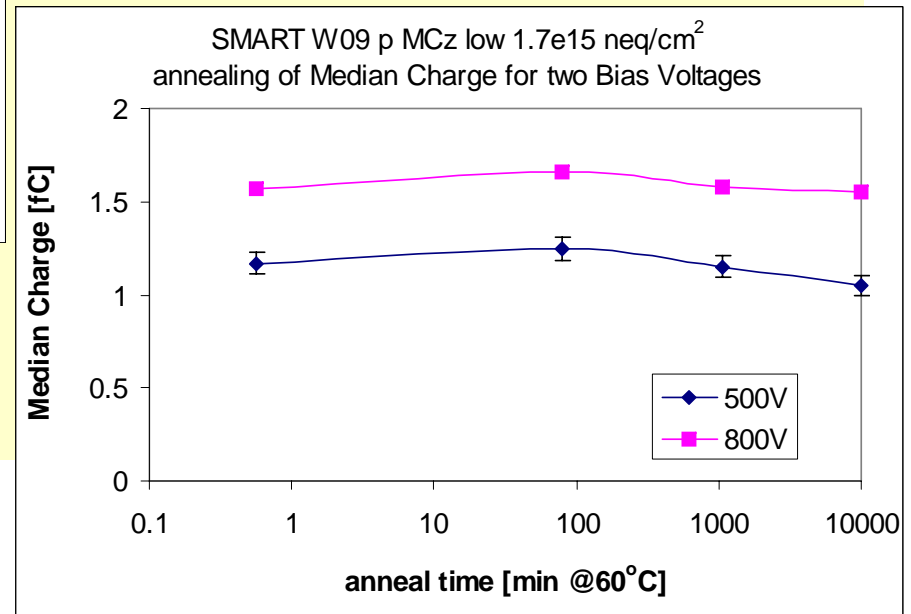
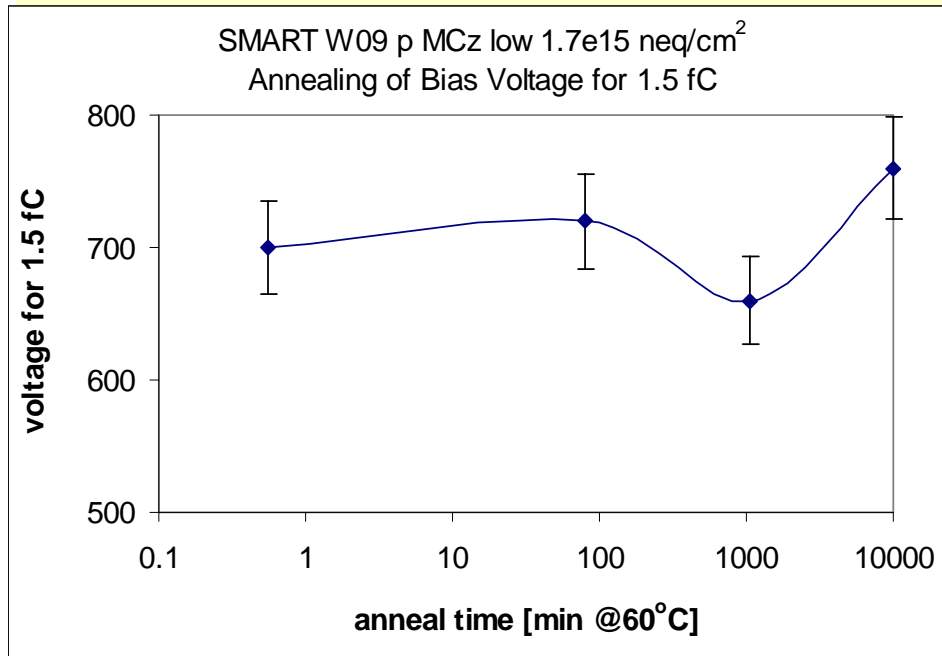
Irradiated with reactor neutrons

to  $\sim 1.7 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

Binary readout 100ns,

$^{90}\text{Sr}$  beta source

**1000min @60 °C = 514 days @RT**



**Very little annealing  
even at high neutron fluences**

## Conclusions

ATLAS Upgrade expected Fluence  $5e14$  neq/cm<sup>2</sup>,  
Design for 2x larger fluence => good S/N expected

Find good agreement between CCE and  $1/C$  if measured at low  $f$ , low  $T$ .

Intense Program to understand neutron damage, about 20% worse than protons?

Very little annealing of CCE for p-type MCz after  $4e14$  and  $1.7e15$  neq/cm<sup>2</sup>

Thanks to RD50 collaborators in Ljubljana and Louvain  
for efficient and (for us painless) irradiation