

Overview of ATLAS Forward Proton detectors: status and performance

Petr Fiedler

Czech Technical University in Prague
on behalf of ATLAS Forward Detectors

ICHEP 2024

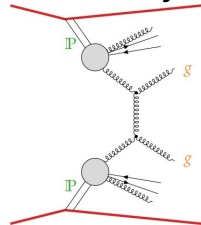
20/07/2024



Physics Motivation

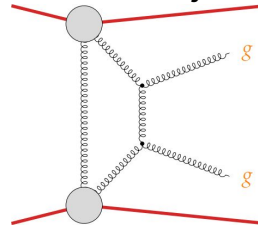
- Detection of events containing scattered intact protons
- Focused on low-cross section processes with high p_T objects in the final state
- Diverse physics program

Diffractive jets



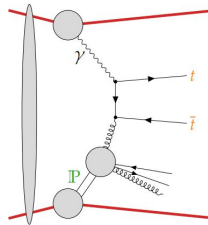
[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-012](#)

Exclusive jets



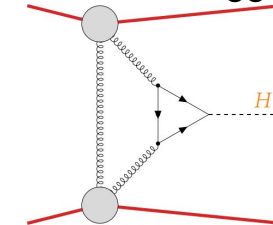
Trzebinski et al [1503.00699](#)
Harland-Lang et al [1405.0018](#)

Diffractive $t\bar{t}$



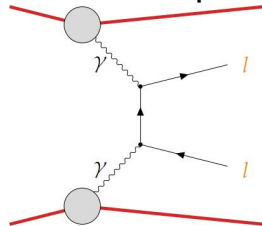
Goncalves et al [2007.04565](#)
Howarth [2008.04249](#)

Exclusive Higgs



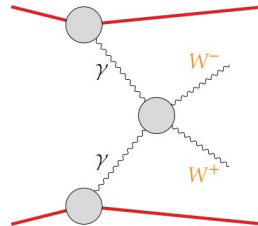
Cox et al [0709.3035](#)
Heinemeyer et al [0708.3052](#)

Exclusive Leptons



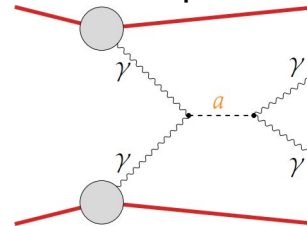
CMS [1803.04496](#)
ATLAS [2009.14537](#)

Exclusive W



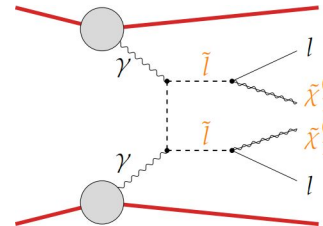
Tizchang, Etesami [2004.12203](#)
Baldenegro et al [2009.08331](#)

Axion-like particles



Baldenegro et al [1803.10835](#)
ATLAS [2304.10953](#)

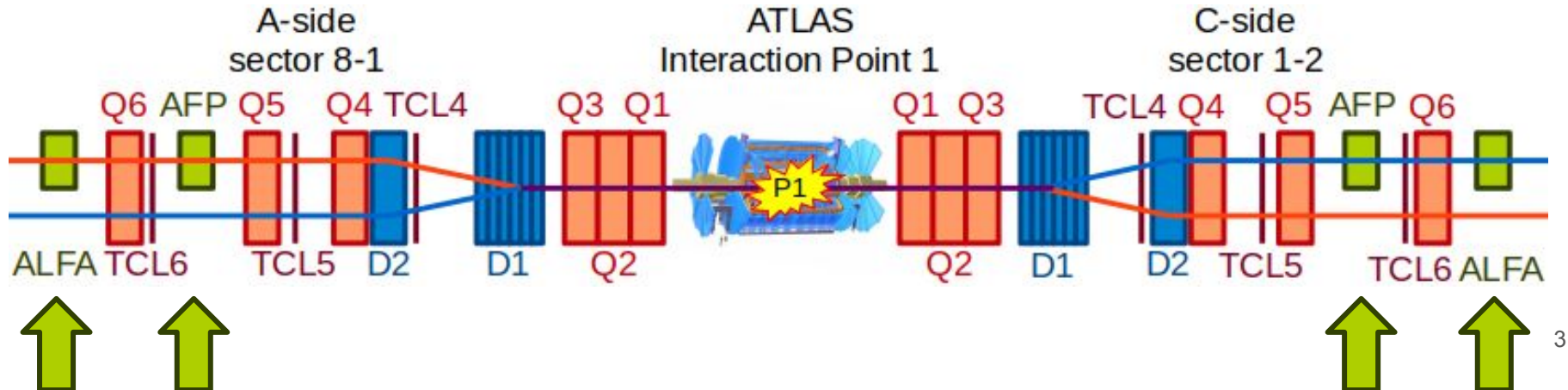
SUSY dark matter



Beresford & Liu [1811.06465](#)
Harland-Lang et al [1812.04886](#)

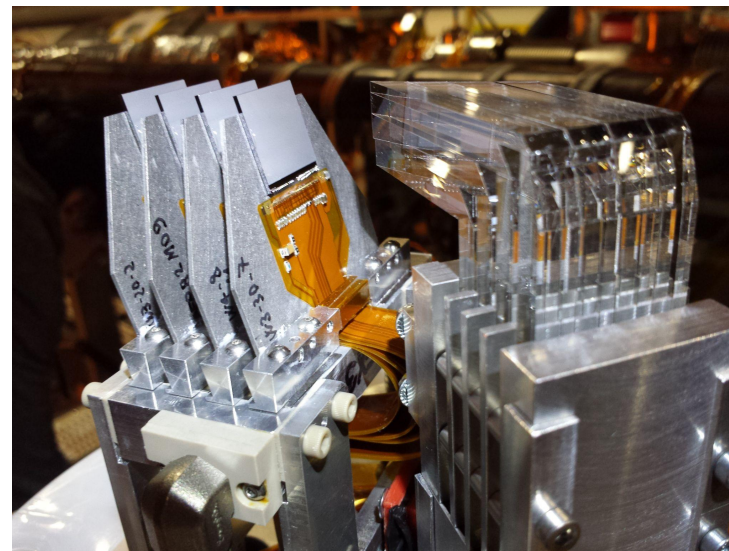
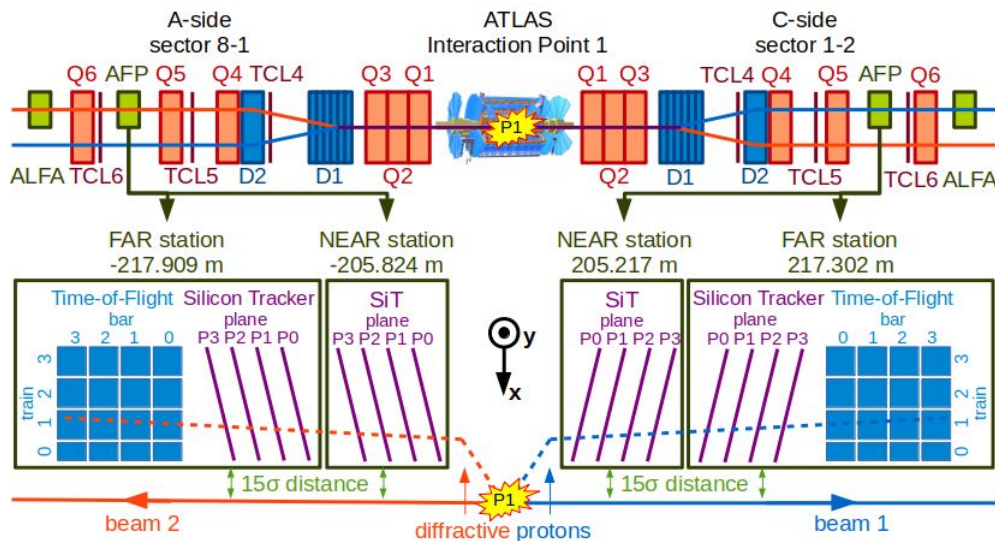
ATLAS Roman Pots

- Forward detectors - located in the LHC tunnel outside the ATLAS cavern
 - Around 210 meters from the ATLAS interaction point
- Move close to the beam (1-3 mm) once Stable Beams are declared
- Two detector systems
 - **ATLAS Forward Proton (AFP)**
 - Absolute Luminosity For ATLAS (ALFA) - not discussed in this talk



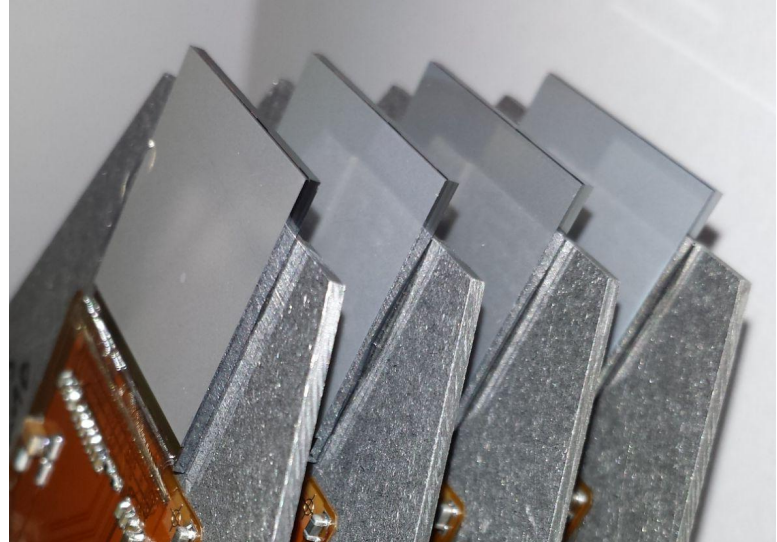
ATLAS Forward Proton (AFP)

- Two stations on each side of ATLAS
- All stations host Silicon Tracker (SiT)
- Far stations host also Time-of-Flight (ToF) detector

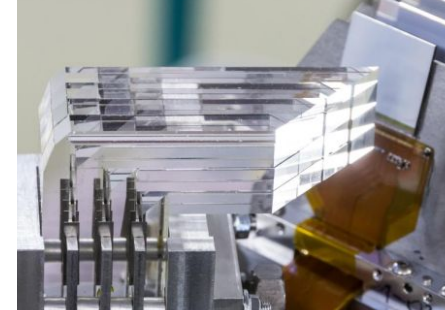
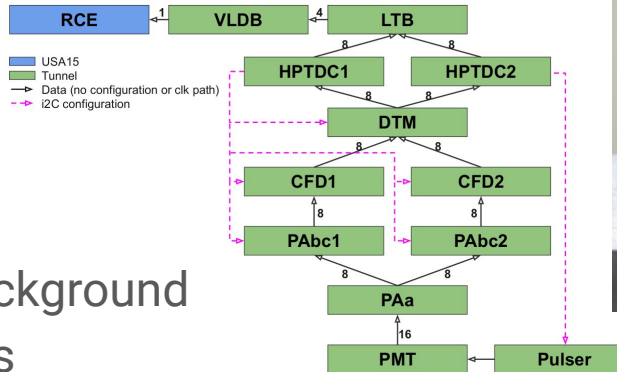


Silicon Tracker (SiT)

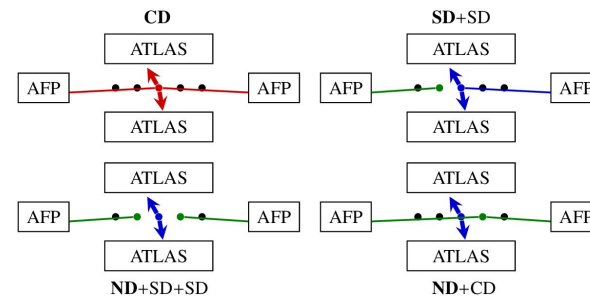
- Position measurement of scattered protons
 - Reconstruction of its kinematics
- 4 silicon pixel sensors
 - Spaced 9 mm apart
 - Each sensor 336x80 pixels
 - Pixel size 50x250 μm^2
 - Sensor size 16.8x20 mm^2
- Read out by FE-I4B chips
 - Same as ATLAS Pixel IBL
- 14° angle wrt. beam axis
 - To improve reconstruction resolution
 - ~6 μm in x and ~30 μm in y



Time-of-Flight (ToF)

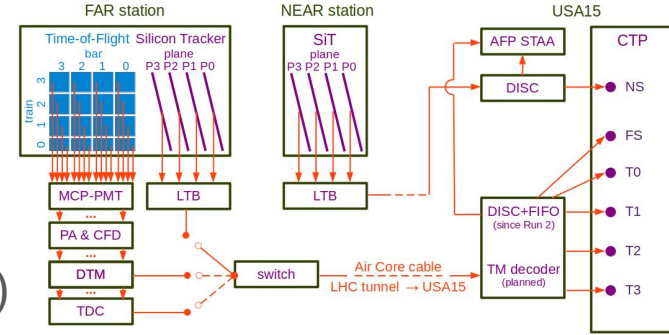


- Suppression of combinatorial background
- 16 quartz bars grouped in 4 trains
- Train/bar widths are 3 mm, 3 mm, 5 mm, 5.5 mm
- Directing light to Micro-Channel Plate Photo-Multiplier Tube (MCP-PMT)
- Amplified by 3-stages of Pulse Amplifiers (PAa and PAbc)
- Processed by Constant Fraction Discriminator (CFD)
- Passed through Digital Trigger Module (DTM)
- Processed by High-Performance Time-to-Digital Converter (HPTDC)
- Double PAbc, CFD, and HPTDC; each for 2 trains



Trigger

- SiT trigger signal sent by Local Trigger Board (LTB)
 - Standardly, requires signal from at least 3 planes
 - Can be reprogrammed to different logic
 - 400 ns deadtime
- ToF trigger signal sent by Digital Trigger Module (DTM) and Time-to-Digital Converter (TDC)
 - Requires signal from at least N bars in a train
- Far stations can trigger either on SiT or ToF
- Passed to ATLAS cavern (USA15) by ultra-fast Air Core cables
 - To arrive in time to trigger the "central" detector
- Far station signal connected to 5 Central Trigger Processor (CTP) inputs
 - 1 SiT and 1 for each ToF train
- Different latency for SiT and ToF triggers
 - Dedicated timing-in campaigns



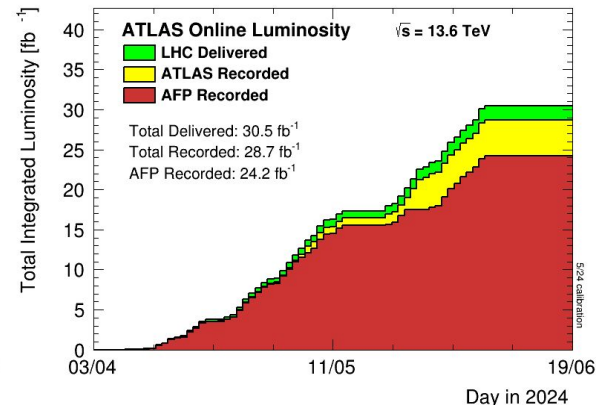
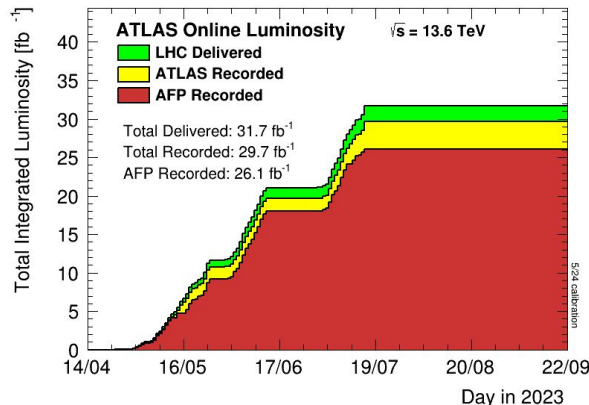
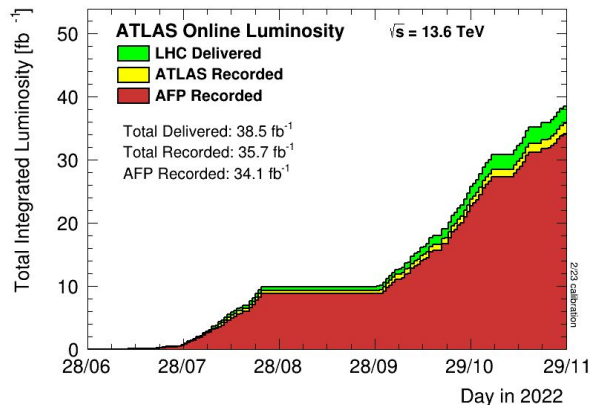
LHC Run-3 data-taking

Total in LHC Run-3 so far:
AFP recorded: 84.4 fb^{-1}
89.7 % wrt. ATLAS recorded
83.8 % wrt. LHC delivered

2022 at $\sqrt{s}=13.6 \text{ TeV}$
AFP recorded: 34.1 fb^{-1}
95.5 % wrt. ATLAS recorded
88.6 % wrt. LHC delivered

2023 at $\sqrt{s}=13.6 \text{ TeV}$
Recorded: 26.1 fb^{-1}
87.9 % wrt. ATLAS recorded
82.3 % wrt. LHC delivered

First half of 2024 at $\sqrt{s}=13.6 \text{ TeV}$
Recorded: 24.2 fb^{-1}
84.3 % wrt. ATLAS recorded
79.3 % wrt. LHC delivered



New control systems in LHC Run-3

Data Quality

- Evaluate usability for physics analysis
 - AFP participating in data-taking
 - AFP in physics position
 - Enough SiT planes working
 - All ToF parts working

Improved online monitoring

- Lots of new histograms
- Increased statistics

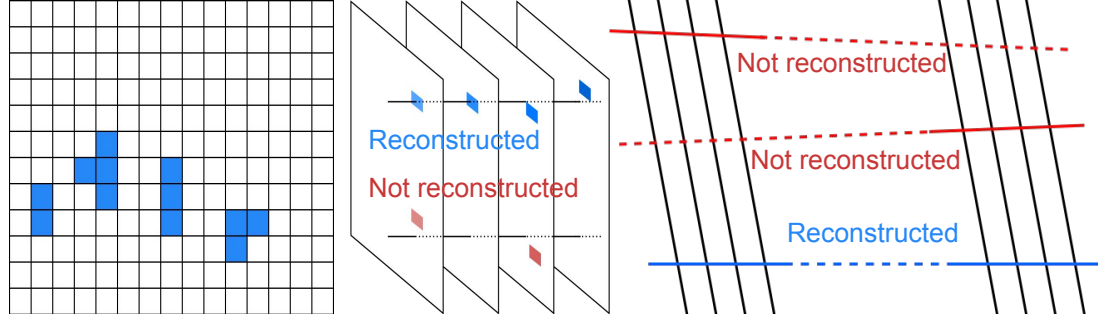
Automatic Recovery

- Reconfiguration of modules
- Scheduling of next reconfiguration attempts after failed attempt
- Optional power-cycle after several failed attempts

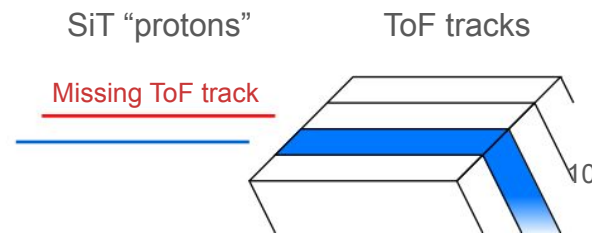
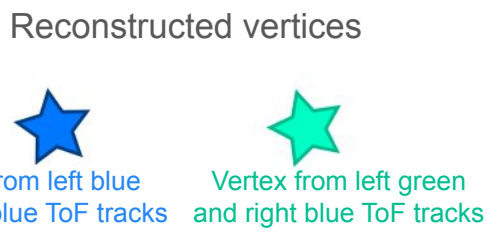
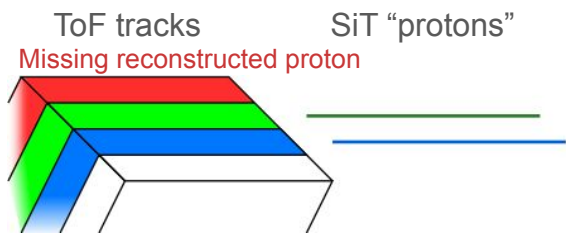
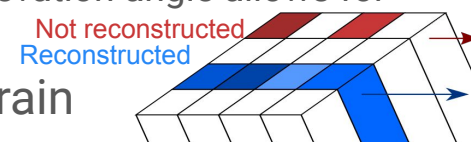
Mattermost Bot

- Sending messages about AFP state
- Sending warnings about issues which need to be acted on

“Proton” Reconstruction



- Starting with SiT and ToF hits
- SiT cluster reconstruction by grouping of adjacent SiT hits
- SiT track reconstruction using Kalman Filter with clusters on the input
- Proton reconstruction by combining SiT tracks from Near and Far stations
 - Knowledge of the LHC magnetic field, the proton position, and the elevation angle allows for reconstruction of the proton kinematics (energy and momentum)
- ToF track reconstruction by grouping ToF hits in a single train
- Vertex reconstruction by combining reconstructed protons and ToF tracks from each side



Data Quality results

Fraction of good luminosity after Data Quality wrt. ATLAS:

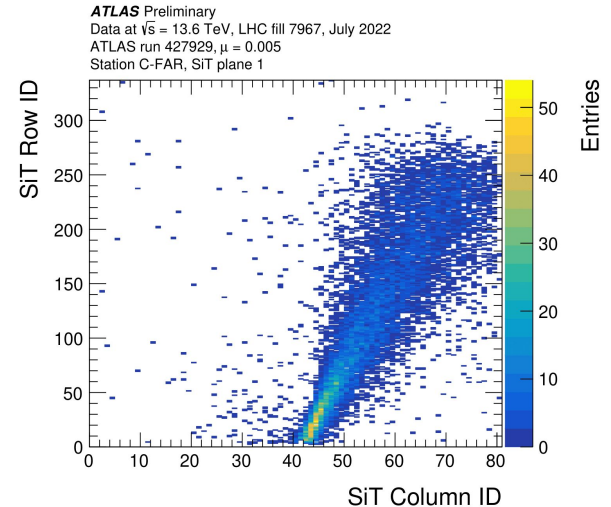
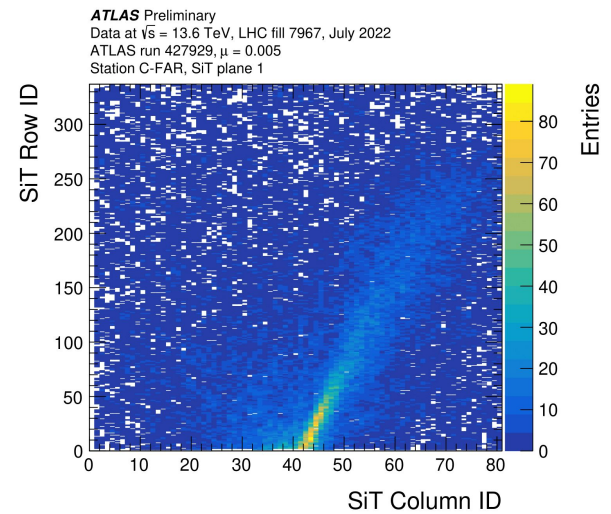
	2022*	2023** preliminary
All of AFP	83.4 %	76.4 %
Silicon Tracker only	92.5 %	81.4 %
A side Silicon Tracker only	96.8 %	84.5 %
C side Silicon Tracker only	93.7 %	82.1 %
Time-of-Flight only	83.6 %	77.7 %

*based on Good Run List for analyses relying on jet, met or b-jet triggers
([data22_13p6TeV.periodAllYear_DetStatus-v109-pro28-04_MERGED_PHYS_StandardGRL_All_Good_25ns](#))

**based on Good Run List for analyses relying on jet triggers at L1 or HLT
([data23_13p6TeV.periodAllYear_DetStatus-v110-pro31-06_MERGED_PHYS_StandardGRL_All_Good_25ns](#))

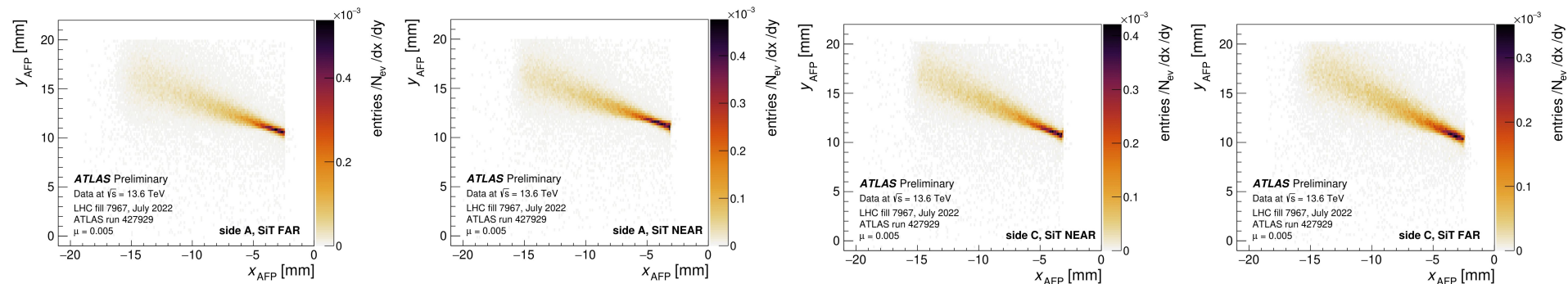
SiT Hit Map

- First 1.5M events of run 427929 (LBs 200-206)
- Top: Raw distribution of hits in a single SiT plane
- Bottom: Effect of signal cleaning
 - Single track reconstructed per station
 - Single cluster reconstructed per plane
 - Only 1 or 2 hits recorded per plane
- “Diffractive pattern”
 - Caused by settings of LHC magnet between ATLAS interaction point and AFP detectors



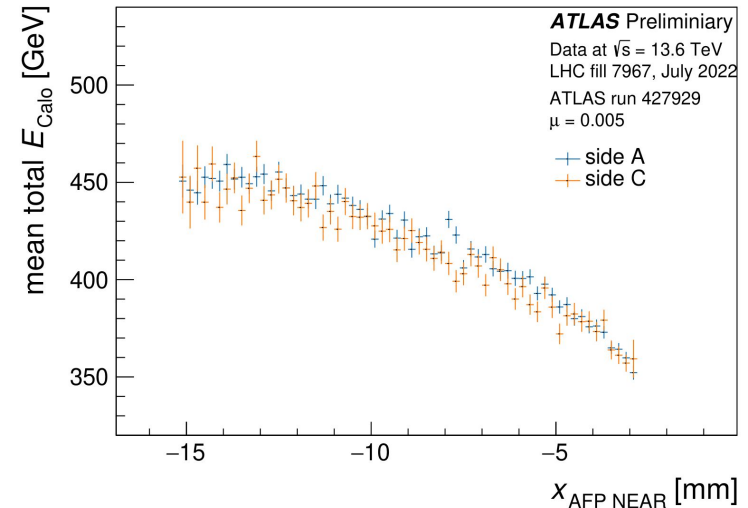
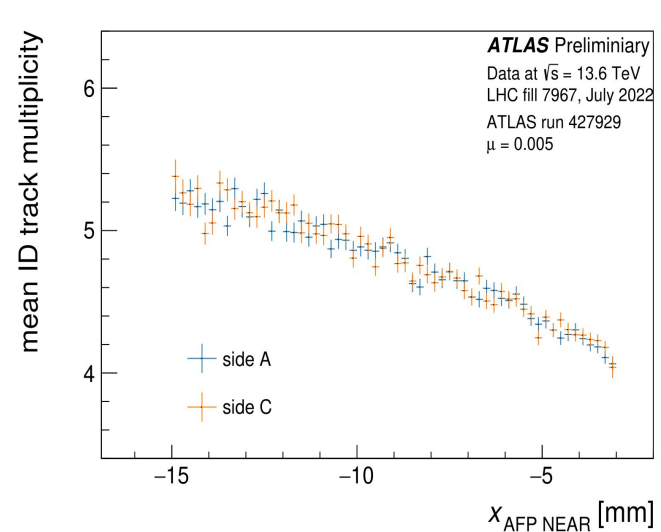
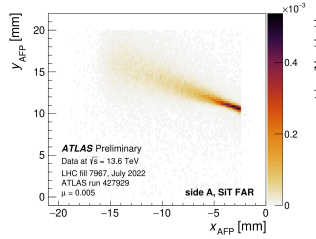
SiT Track Map

- Distribution of reconstructed tracks
- Center of beam pipe at (0, 10 mm)
- Selection:
 - Events triggered by Minimum-Bias Trigger Scintillators (MBTS)
 - Reconstructed primary vertex
 - Single track in each station on a given side
- Expected relation of scattered proton's x-position in SiT to energy lost in the interaction
 - Due to LHC magnetic field



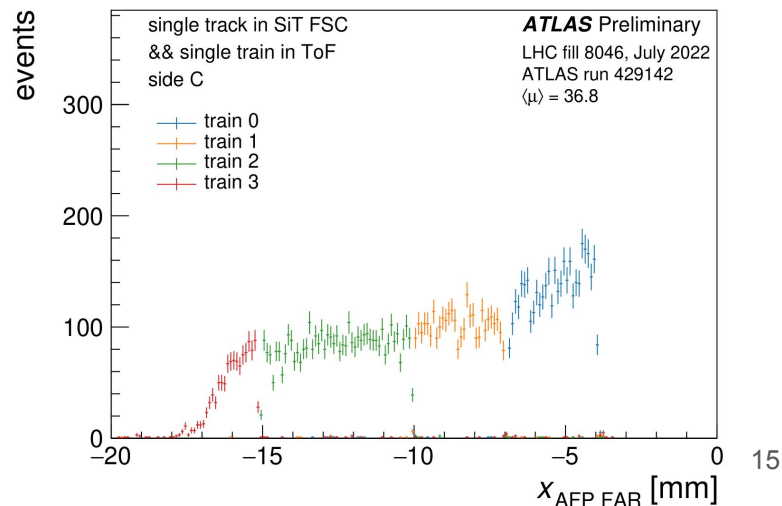
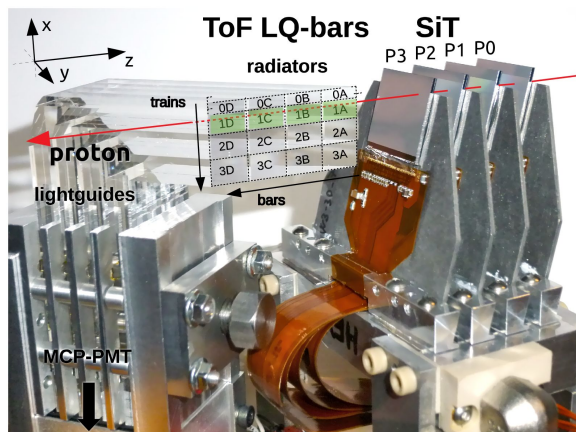
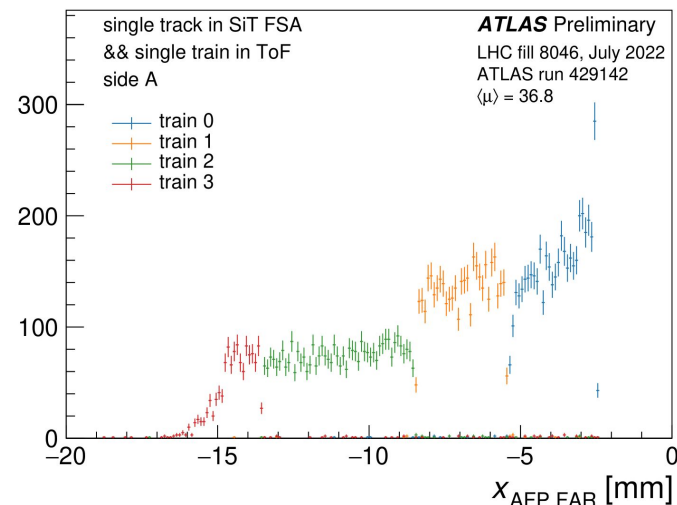
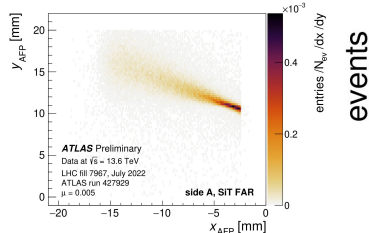
Correlation to ATLAS

- Correlation of track x-position to charged track multiplicity of the Inner Detector (ID)
- Selection:
 - Single AFP track in each station on given side
 - ID track $p_T > 500$ MeV
 - ID track $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - Reconstructed primary vertex
- Correlation of track x-position to total energy measured by ATLAS Calorimeters
- Selection:
 - Only one AFP track in each station on given side
 - Reconstructed primary vertex



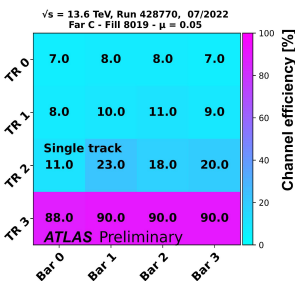
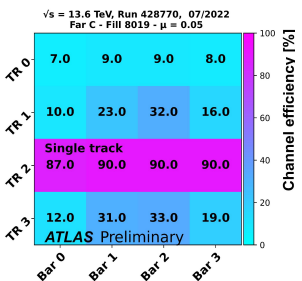
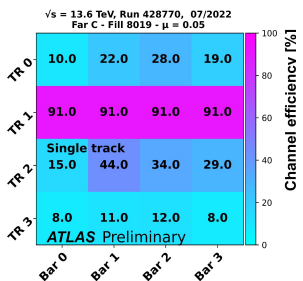
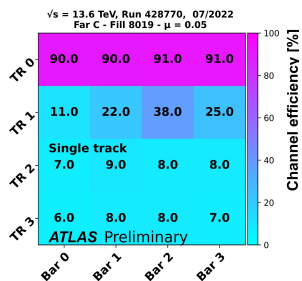
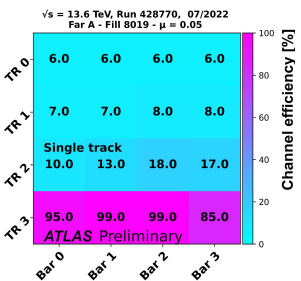
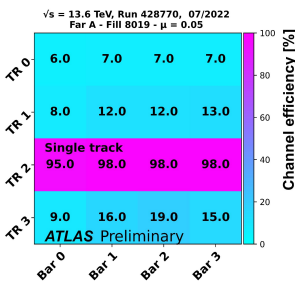
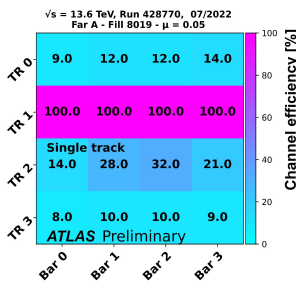
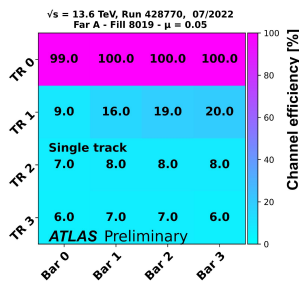
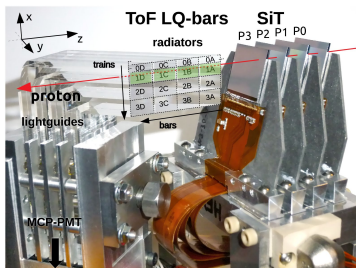
ToF-SiT alignment

- Correlation of SiT track x-position to ToF train signal
- Selection:
 - Single SiT track in the station
 - Single ToF train signal in the station



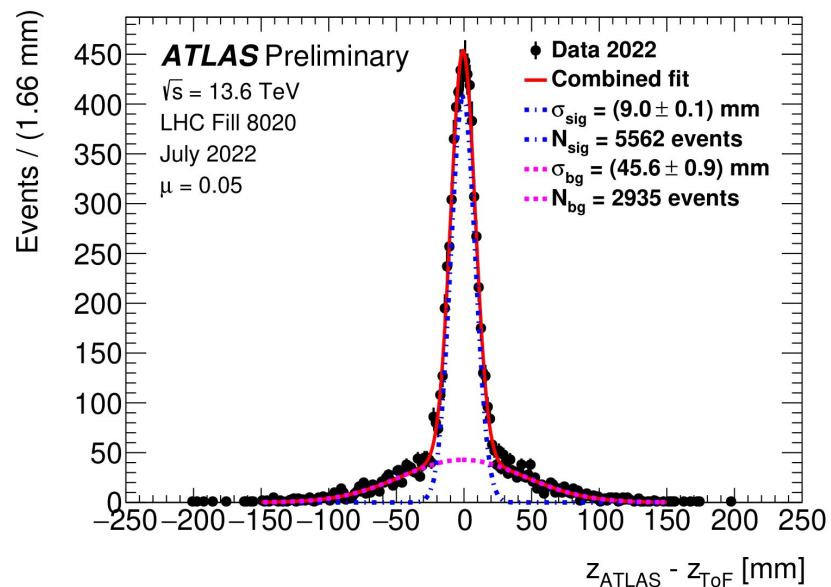
ToF Efficiency

- Probability of getting hit in the ToF detector during the low- μ run in July 2022
- Tag and Probe method
- Tagged by SiT
- Single track only
- Selection:
 - Single SiT track in the station



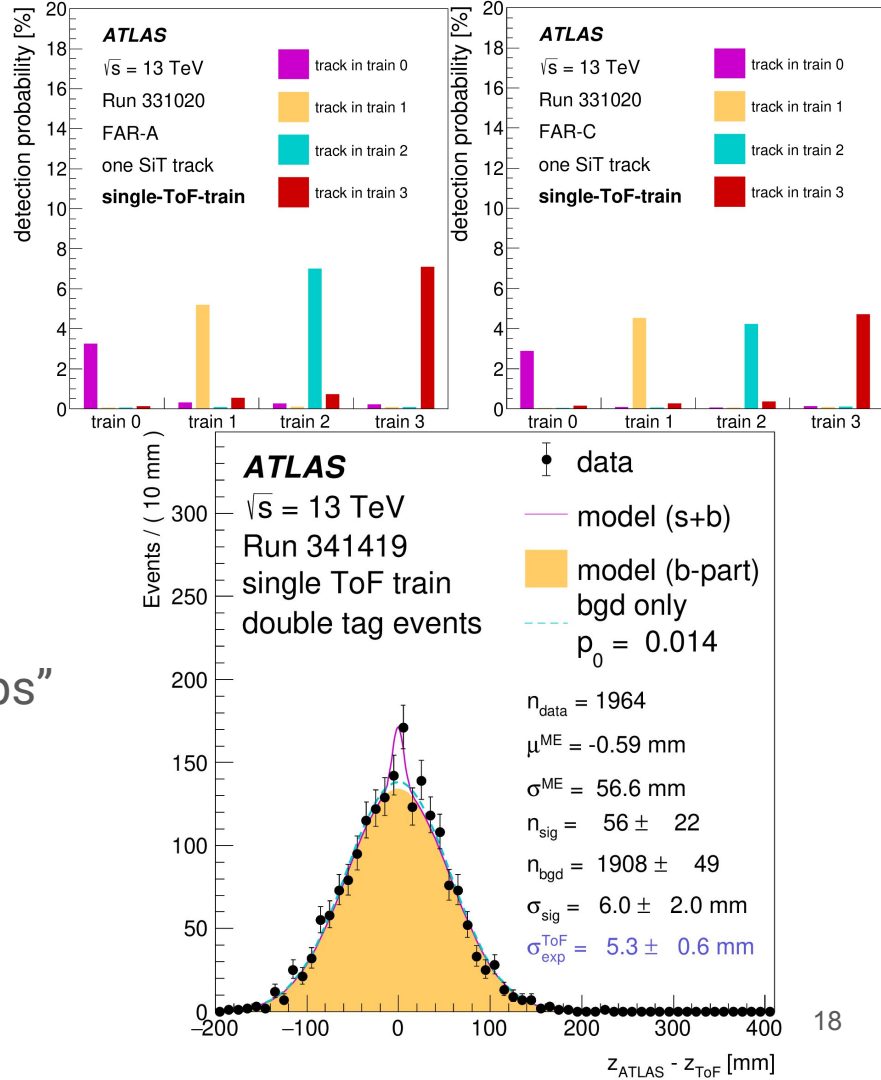
ToF Vertex Matching

- Difference between longitudinal vertex position measured with AFP ToF and ATLAS Inner Detector (ID) measured during $\mu=0.05$ run taken in July 2022
- Resolution 9.0 ± 0.1 mm (30 ps)
- Small initial background contribution wrt. signal
 - Low pile-up data-taking conditions
- Visible advantage of ToF information use
 - Much smaller difference in vertex position in case of signal
- Selection:
 - Primary vertex in ATLAS ID
 - Single AFP ToF train signal in each far station
 - Maximum of one hit in each ToF channel
 - Single track in AFP SiT in each far station
 - SiT track position matching the ToF train position



ToF Performance in LHC Run-2

- This year's publication [JINST 19 \(2024\) P05054](#)
- Full-train efficiency of $\sim 4-6\%$
- “While low efficiencies are observed, of the order of a few percent, the resolutions of the two ToF detectors measured individually are 21 ps and 28 ps”
- Resolution of 6.0 ± 2.0 mm



Summary

- Diverse physics programme possible with AFP - enhancement of ATLAS measurement capabilities:
 - Measurements of Standard Model processes, like diffractive and exclusive jets or exclusive leptons
 - Searches for a New Physics, like Anomalous Gauge Couplings, axion-like particles or SUSY Dark Matter.
- Promising, high performance of SiT detectors. Good efficiency and timing reconstruction resolution of ToF detectors in the low- μ campaigns.
- Efficient data-taking during the high- μ campaigns as well as during special, low- μ runs:
 - AFP team bigger and younger than in Run 2
 - Continues work to improve data-taking efficiency
 - Data analyses ongoing
- Two analyses published, more is expected in the near future:
 - Diphoton resonance search with AFP tag, [JHEP 07 \(2023\) 234 \(2009.14537\)](#)
 - Observation of forward proton scattering in association with lepton pairs produced in photon fusion, [Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 \(2020\) 261801 \(2304.10953\)](#)
- AFP ToF Performance in LHC Run-2, [JINST 19 \(2024\) P05054](#)

Backup

ToF Resolution Indication

- Time difference between two channels of the same ToF train
- Selection:
 - Single SiT track in the station
 - SiT track pointing to the given ToF train
 - Single ToF train signal in the station

