Performance of the upgraded LHCb detector in Run 3

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Prague, 18/07/2024

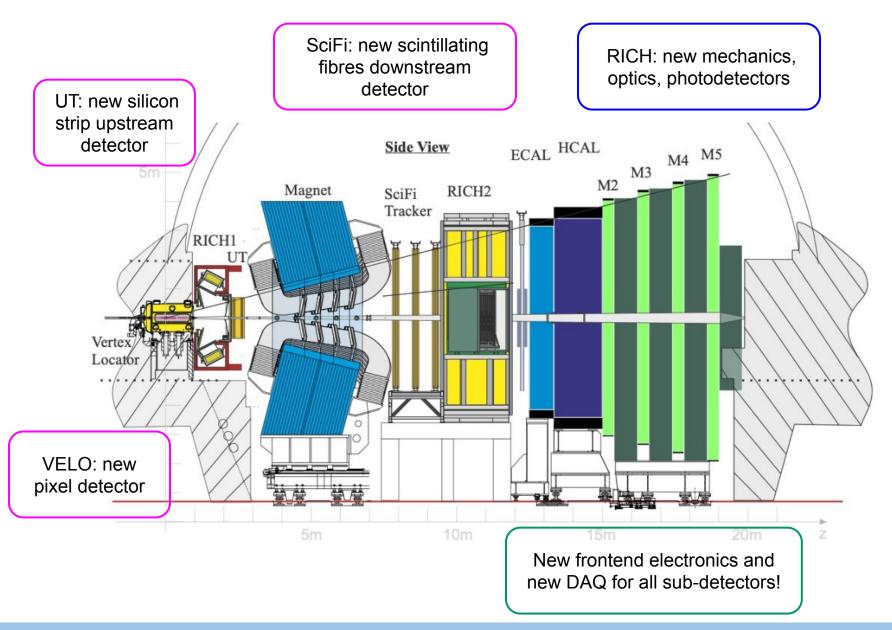




Introduction

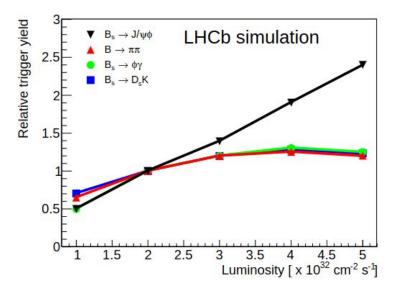
- LHCb Run 1 and Run 2: huge success!
- The majority of measurements is statistically limited
 - → LHCb Upgrade I: 5x instantaneous luminosity
- Improve physics performance, despite the more challenging environment
 - Completely new tracking and trigger system
- This presentation: overview of detector status and performance
 - Commissioning of UT, M. Artuso
 - LHCb Muon detector, A. Contu
 - Real-time alignment and calibration performance, Z. Xu
 - Results with LHCb's 30MHz software trigger, L. Calefice
 - SMOG: a high-density gas target experiment at LHCb, C. Lucarelli
 - The LHCb RICH upgrade, G. Cavallero
 - The LHCb SciFi tracker, U. De Freitas
 - The LHCb VELO detector. M.D. Galati

LHCb in Run 3



Trigger system

- Trigger strategy in Run 1 + Run 2:
 - ➤ Hardware trigger (L0), followed by a software trigger
- Higher instantaneous luminosity
 - ightharpoonup Tight p_{τ} and E_{τ} cuts saturate hadronic channels \rightarrow L0 trigger removed
 - Software trigger process events at the full LHC collision rate
 - → room for improving trigger efficiency w.r.t. Run 2

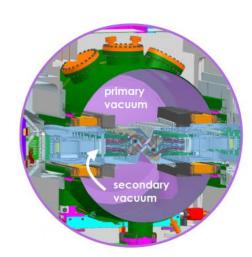


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Data-taking

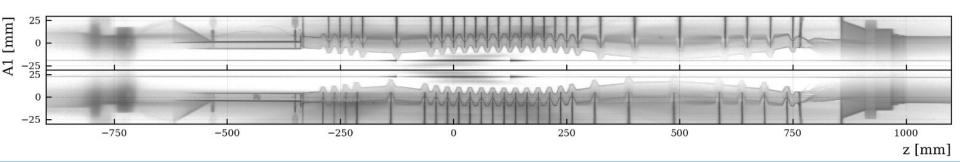
***** 2022

- all detectors installed but UT
- local commissioning of subdetectors
- global commissioning of trigger, alignment and calibration
- VELO routinely closed in the last couple of months



***** 2023

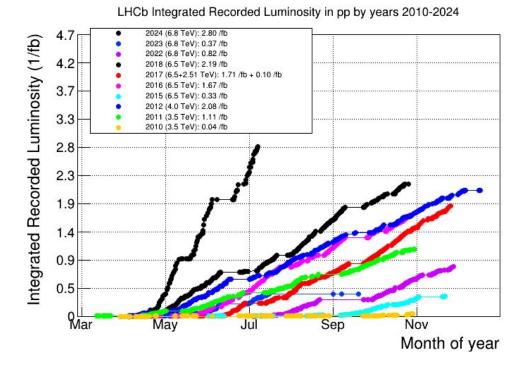
- > LHC vacuum incident in the VELO in Jan: operated with VELO gap of 49 mm
- > UT completed installation
- collected data during ion run



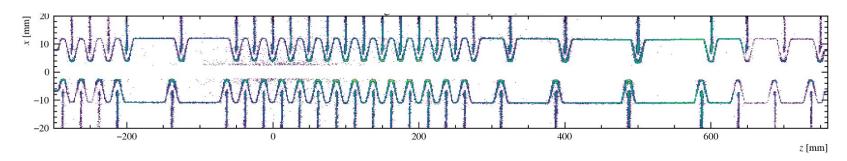
Data-taking (2)

***** 2024

- VELO RF-box replaced
- UT included in global data-taking after June TS
- Currently collecting pp data

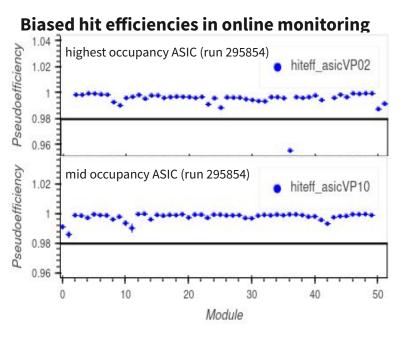


Selfie of the new RF-box and VELO modules with reconstructed hadronic interaction vertices



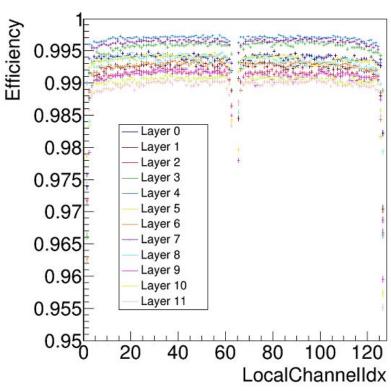
Hit efficiencies

VELO



SciFi

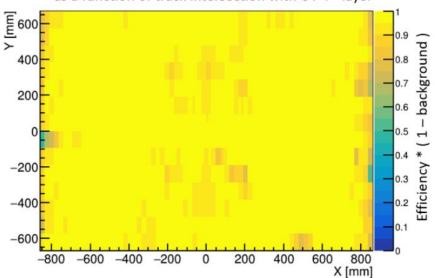
LHCb-FIGURE-2024-016

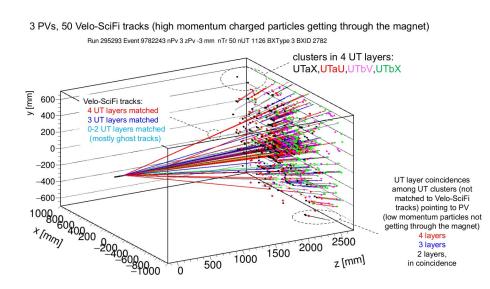


Hit efficiency for VELO and SciFi approaching design specification

UT tracking efficiency

Efficiency of matching at least 2 UT layers to a long track as a function of track intersection with UT 4th layer

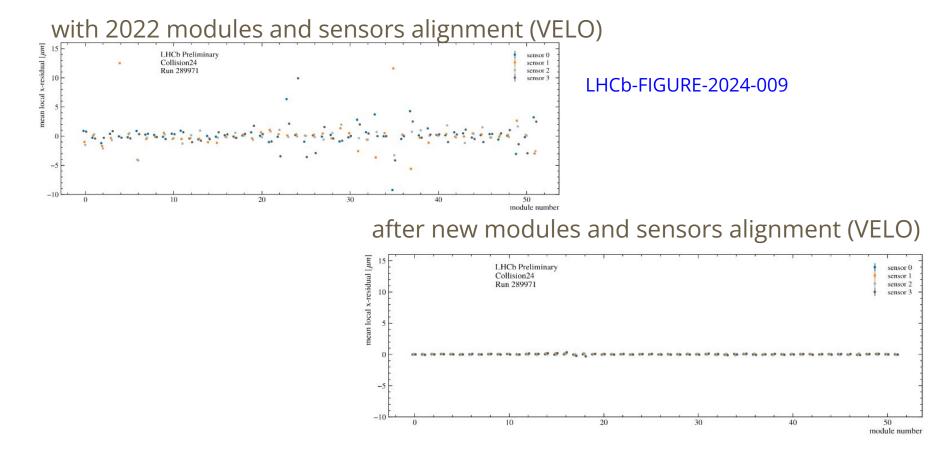




UT efficiency on VELO-SciFi tracks is higher than 99%

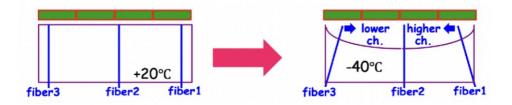
Alignment

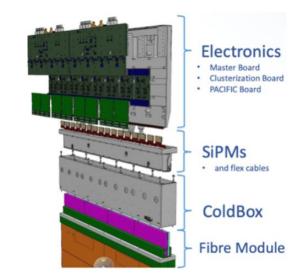
- To achieve best performance: essential to spatially align and calibrate the detector!
 - Detectors have been moved (VELO re-installed) between 2023 and 2024 → evaluate again spatial alignment of detector elements



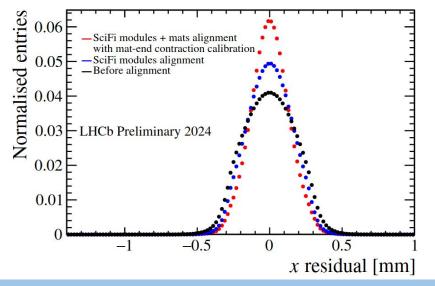
Alignment (2)

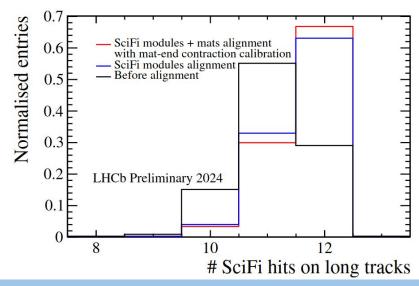
Still room for improving SciFi alignment, but large progress made in the first weeks of data-taking





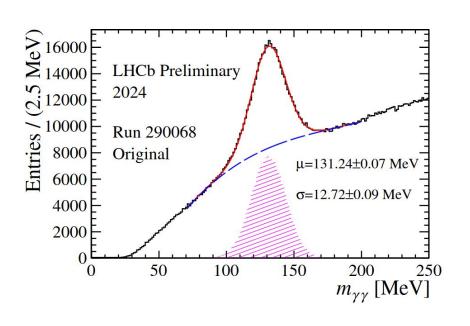
LHCb-FIGURE-2024-009

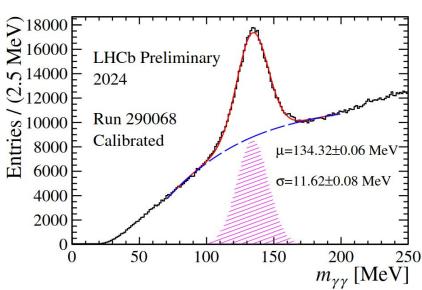




Calibration of electromagnetic calorimeter

- Calibrate each of the 6016 cells of the electromagnetic calorimeter via an iterative process
 - Measure neutral pion invariant mass in all the cells and apply calibration to match PDG value
 LHCb-FIGURE-2024-009

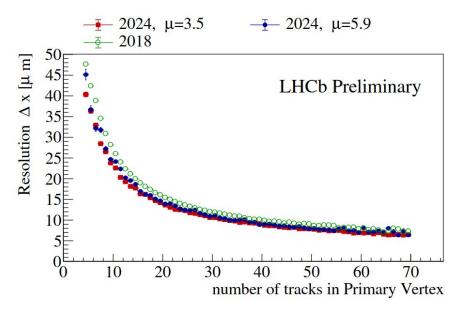


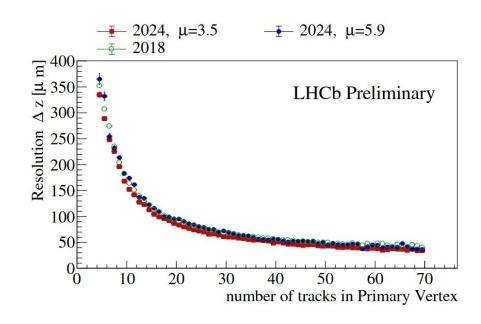


PV resolution

- Performance better than Run 2 and stable when varying the average number of visible pp interactions per bunch crossing (μ)
 - \rightarrow µ=5 \rightarrow ~ nominal luminosity

LHCb-FIGURE-2024-011

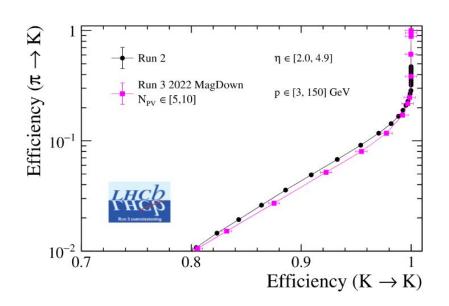


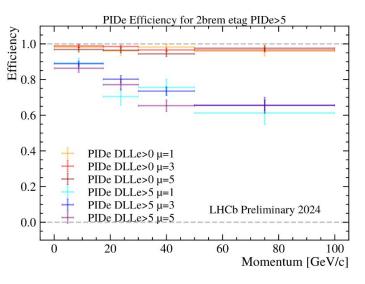


PID performance

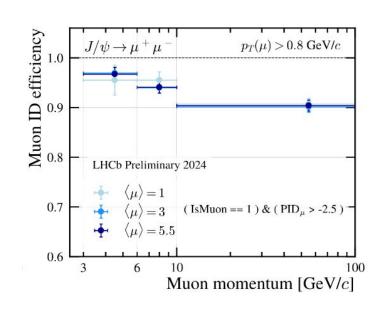
- Particle identification by combining information from different subdetectors
 - Difference in log-likelihood between different hypothesis
- \diamond Good stability as a function of μ !

LHCb-FIGURE-2023-019

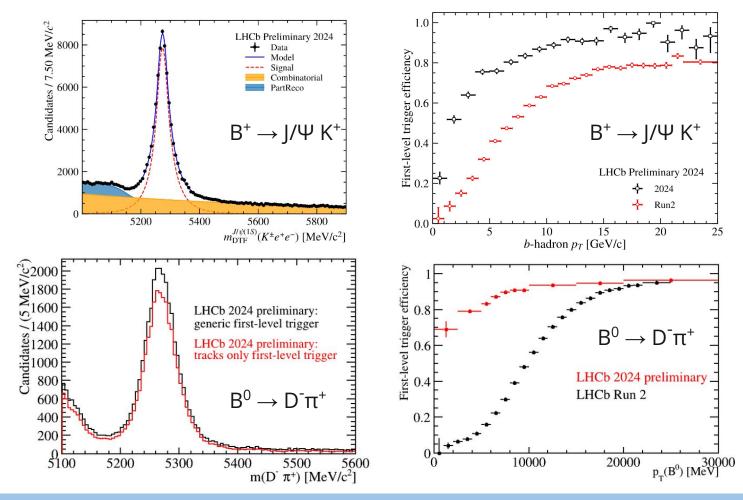




LHCb-FIGURE-2024-010



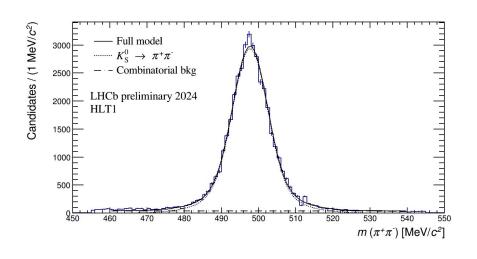
Removal of hardware trigger improved the efficiency in selecting hadronic decays and when electrons are present in the final state!

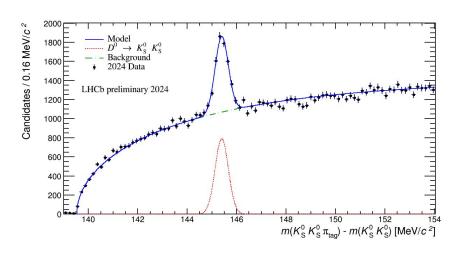


New opportunities with software trigger

LHCb-FIGURE-2024-008 LHCb-FIGURE-2024-013

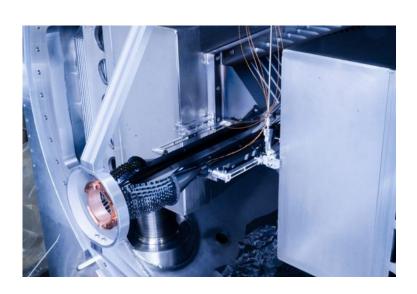
- Software trigger → flexibility in design selections
 - K_s⁰ candidates reconstructed directly at the first level of the trigger!
 - ➤ Dedicated selections to collect single K_S^0 and pairs of $K_S^0 \rightarrow$ increase efficiency in selecting decays like $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

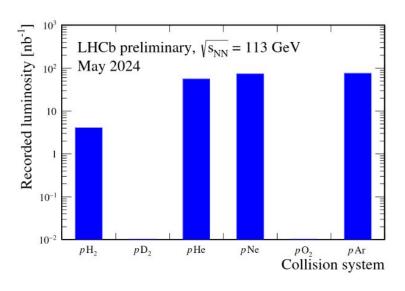


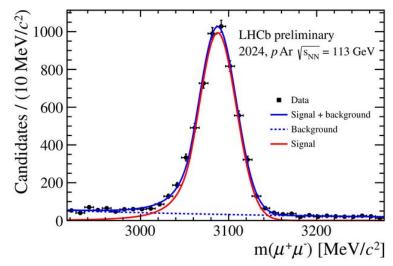


SMOG

- LHCb can inject gas into the beam pipe to act as a fixed target collision experiment
- Successfully collected samples in different fixed-target configurations!







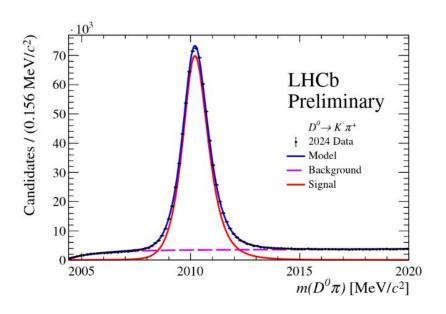
Conclusions

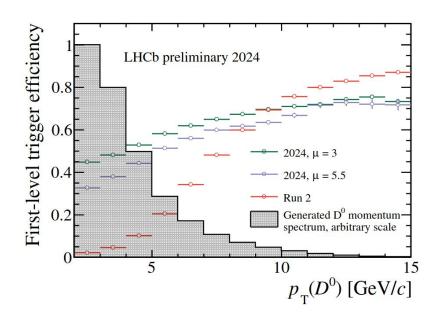
- Exploring the full potential of Upgrade I in 2024
 - VELO fully closed
 - UT commissioned and included in global data-taking
 - Detectors stably operating at nominal conditions
- Expected improvements of trigger efficiency for hadronic channels confirmed on data
- Still room for improving final performance, but huge progress made since the beginning of the 2024 data-taking

Backup slides

Charm decays in 2024 data

Removal of hardware trigger improves the efficiency in selecting hadronic charm decays!

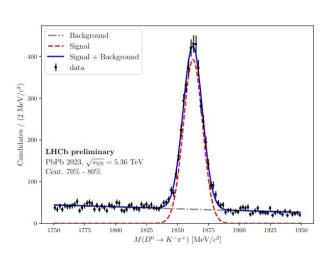


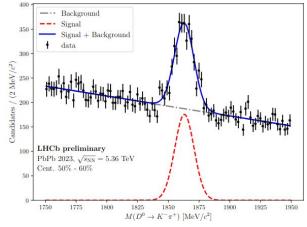


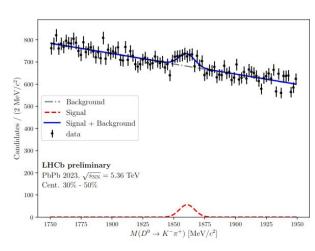
2023 PbPb data

- Goal for Run 3: take advantage of new tracking system (more granular detector) and reach 30% of centrality (VELO was saturating at ~70% in Run 2)
- Despite the challenging 2023 conditions signal events up to mid-central collisions are found
 - VELO in an open position and UT, crucial to reduce ghost rate, not included in the data-taking at the time

LHCb-FIGURE-2024-004

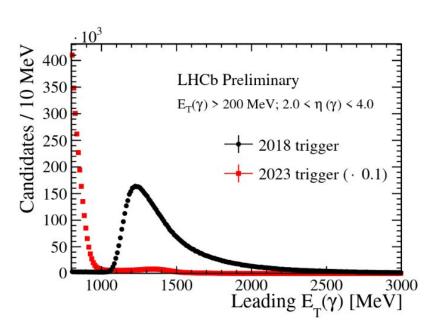






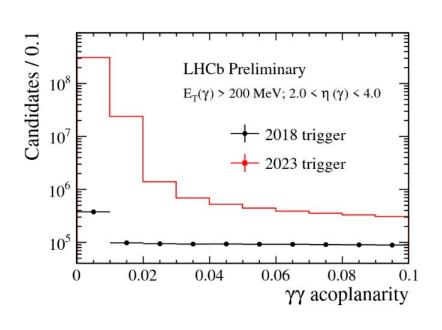
2023 PbPb data

- Ultraperipheral collisions: great laboratory for QCD studies
- How to identify them? Search for photon pair candidates, with strong angular correlation, in low multiplicity PbPb collisions



LHCb-FIGURE-2024-012

b>RA+RB



Big improvement in trigger efficiency thanks to L0 removal!