



Daniel Hundhausen (Universität Hamburg) on behalf of the **CMS Collaboration**

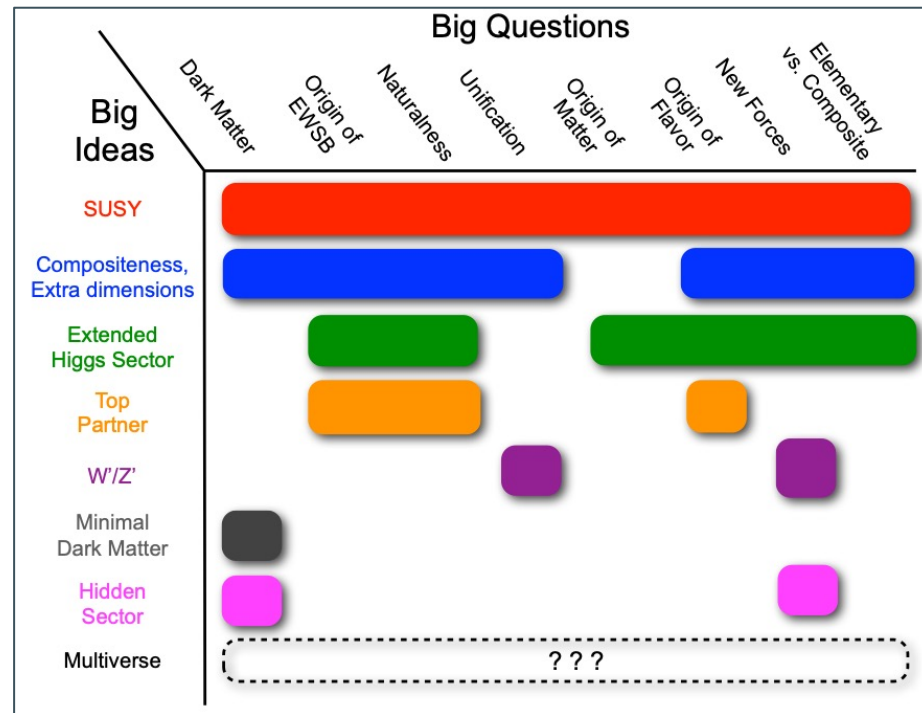
Searches for Diboson Resonances at CMS

42nd International Conference on High Energy Physics – 20.07.2024

New Physics Likely to Have Diboson Final States



- What physics is there beyond the SM?
 - Work in progress...
- New heavy resonances can decay into pairs of SM gauge bosons
 - heavy Higgs bosons
 - Kaluza-Klein (KK) excitations
 - new gauge bosons (W' , Z')
- Very likely: BSM signature includes diboson final states
 - $X \rightarrow VV / VH$

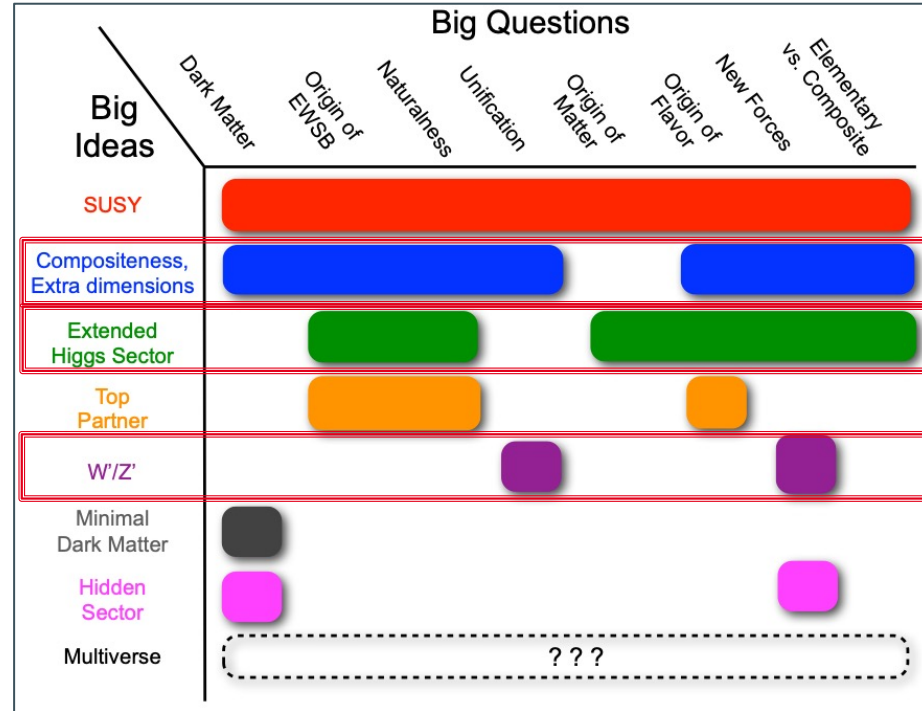


[arXiv:1311.0299](https://arxiv.org/abs/1311.0299) [hep-ex]

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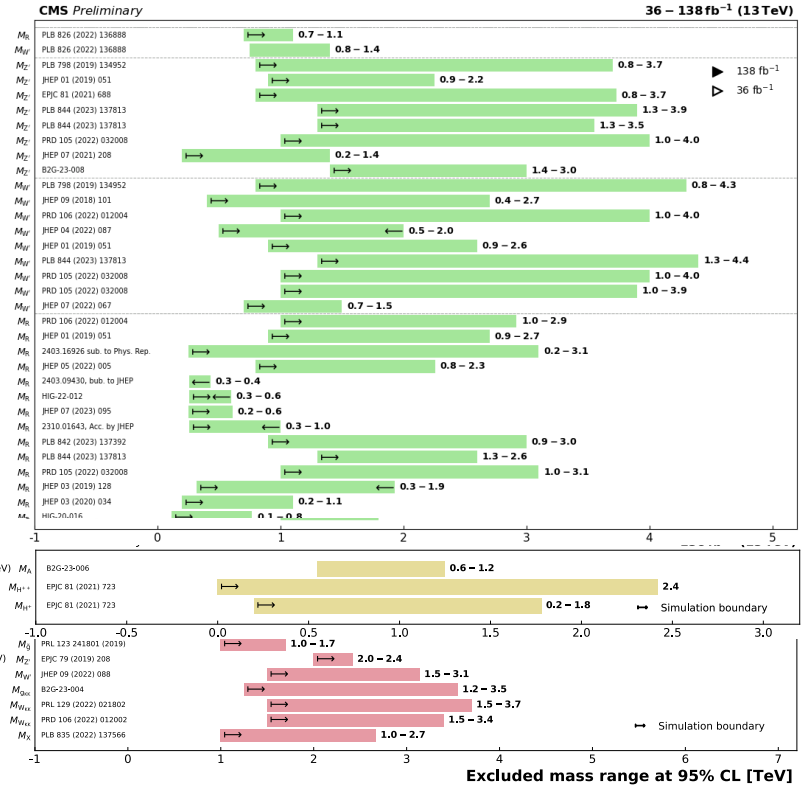


[arXiv:1311.0299](https://arxiv.org/abs/1311.0299) [hep-ex]

- CMS features a rich program of diboson searches
- This talk presents new results in $X \rightarrow VV / VH$
- $X \rightarrow HH$ covered in the [next talk](#) by Chayanit Asawatangtrakuldee

- VV/VH/HH/ $\gamma\gamma$ resonances**
- HST**
- R → qq̄γ → Wγ ($g_m = 0.1, \Lambda = 4M_X$)
 - W' → qq̄γ → Wγ ($g_m = 0.1, \Lambda = 4M_X$)
 - Z' (2016 combination)
 - Z' → ZH → qq̄tt̄
 - Z' → ZH → (ll, vv)bb
 - Z' → ZH → qq̄qq̄
 - Z' → WW → qq̄qq̄
 - Z' → WW → lνqq̄
 - Z' → ll
 - Z' → ZH → llνν, ccAq
- Z', HWT B**
- W' (2016 combination)
 - W' → WZ → llqq̄
 - W' → WZ → ννqq̄
 - W' → WZ → llqq̄
 - W' → WH → qq̄tt̄
 - W' → WH → qq̄qq̄
 - W' → WH → lνqq̄
 - W' → WZ → lνqq̄
 - W' → ll
 - R → ZZ → ννqq̄
 - R → HH → qq̄tt̄
- W', HWT B**
- R → HH (combination)
 - R → HH → bb̄WW (lep.) merged-jet
 - R → HH → bb̄WW (lep.)
 - R → HH → ττγγ (not in HH Comb.)
 - R → HH → multi-leptons
 - R → HH → γγbb̄
 - R → HH → bb̄bb̄ merged-jet
 - R → VV → qq̄qq̄
 - R → WW → lνqq̄
 - R → ZZ
 - R → WW
 - R → WW
- Radion, $\Lambda_{UV} = 3\text{TeV}$**
- R → ZZ → ννqq̄
 - R → HH → qq̄tt̄

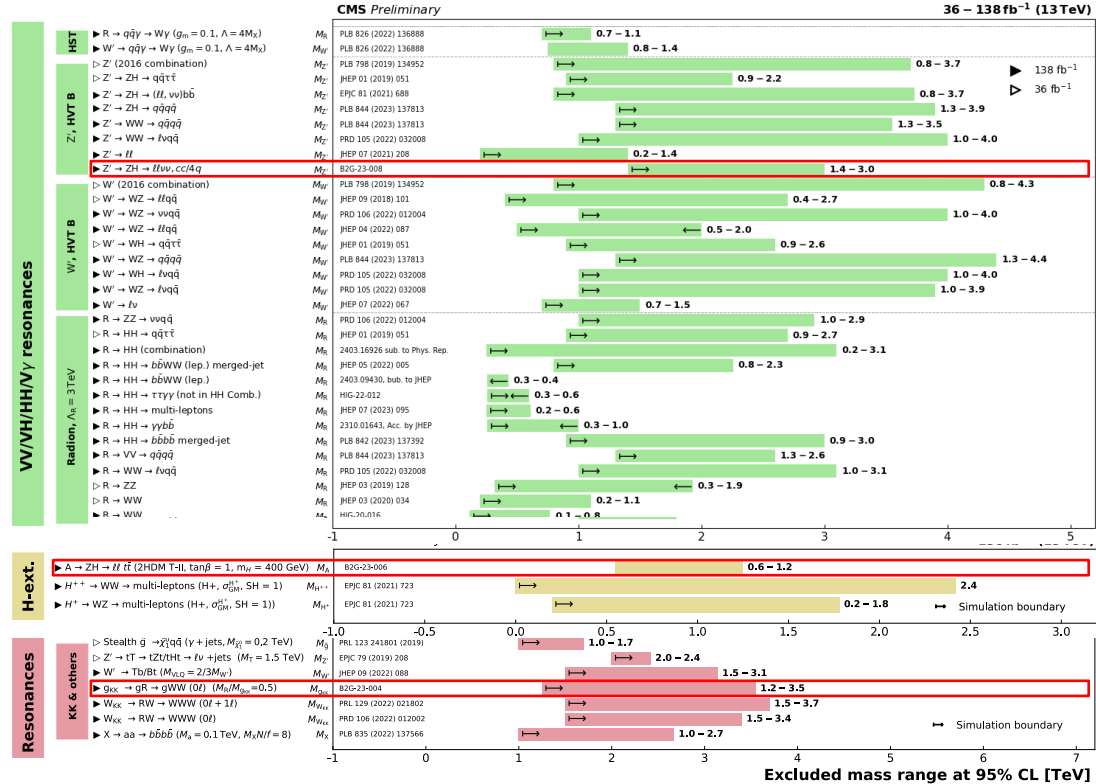
- H-exct.**
- A → ZH → ll tt̄ (2HDM T-II, $\tan\beta = 1, m_A = 400\text{ GeV}$)
 - H^{±±} → WW → multi-leptons (H^{±±}, σ_{SM}^{H} , SH = 1)
 - H^{±±} → WZ → multi-leptons (H^{±±}, σ_{SM}^{H} , SH = 1)
- Resonances**
- KK & others**
- Stealth $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{X}^0 q\bar{q}$ (γ + jets, $M_{\tilde{g}} = 0.2\text{ TeV}$)
 - Z' → tt̄ → tZlVtHt → ll + jets ($M_{Z'} = 1.5\text{ TeV}$)
 - W' → TlBt ($M_{W'} = 2/3M_{W'}$)
 - g_{KK} → gR → gWW (OI) ($M_{g_{KK}}/M_{g_{KK}} = 0.5$)
 - W_{KK} → RW → WWW (OI + II)
 - W_{KK} → RW → WWW (OI)
 - X → aa → bb̄bb̄ ($M_X = 0.1\text{ TeV}, M_{\text{eff}}/M_X = 8$)



[full summary](#)

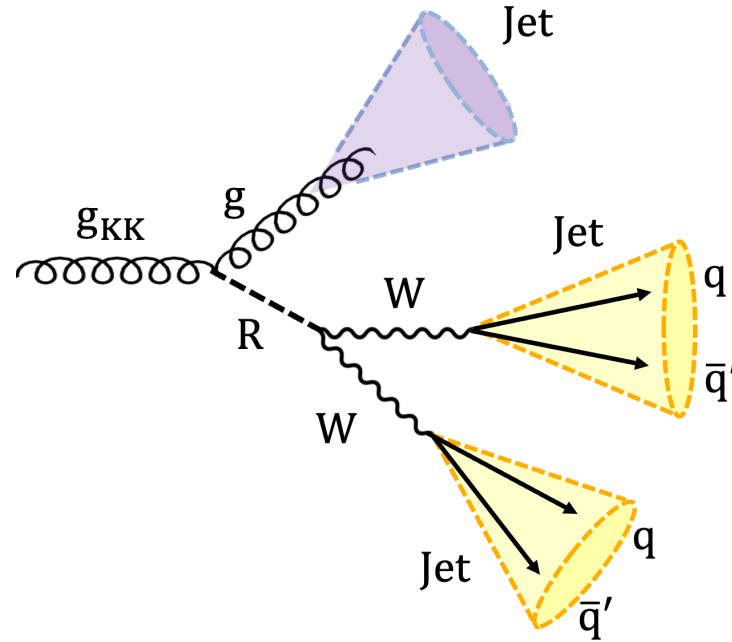
Three recent CMS Run II results

- g_{KK}, R – extended warped extra-dimensional model
- Z' – Heavy Vector Triplet model
- A, H – 2 Higgs-doublet model



[full summary](#)

May 2024

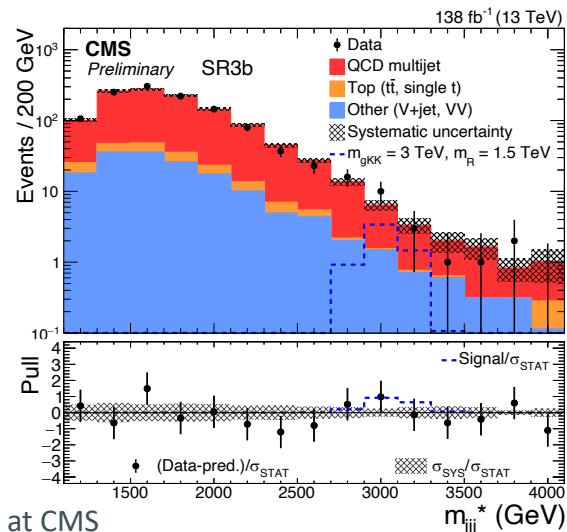
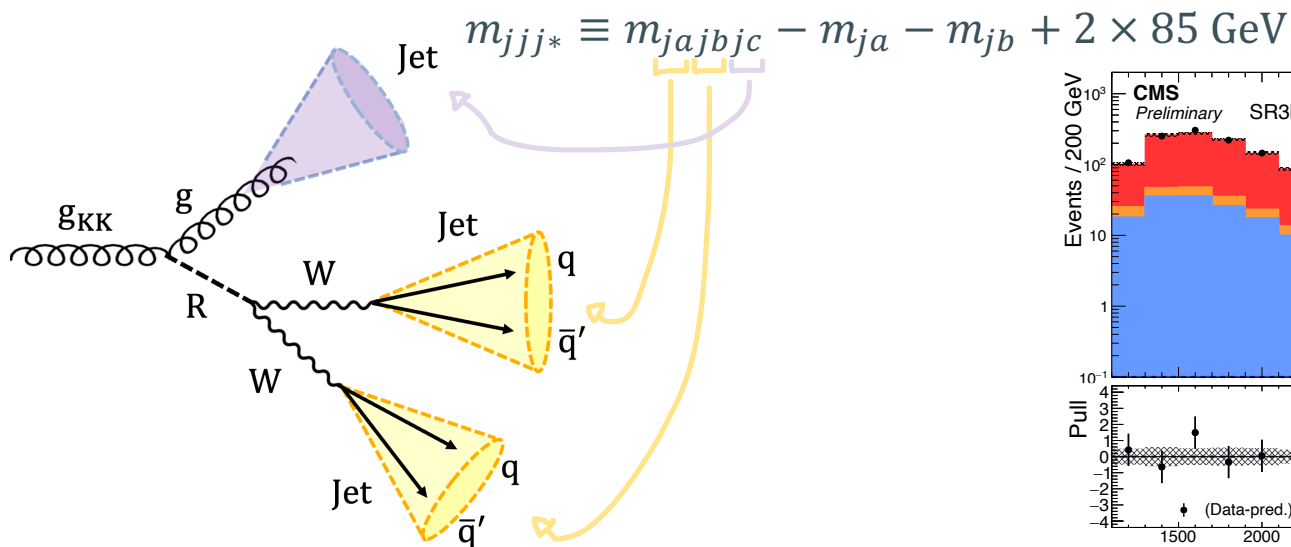


[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-004](#)

$g_{KK} \rightarrow gR \rightarrow gWW$

$g_{KK} \rightarrow gR \rightarrow gWW$

- Motivation: extended warped extra-dimensional (EWED) models
- Use of machine learning (ML) based W-tagger
- Modified invariant masses for improved resolution

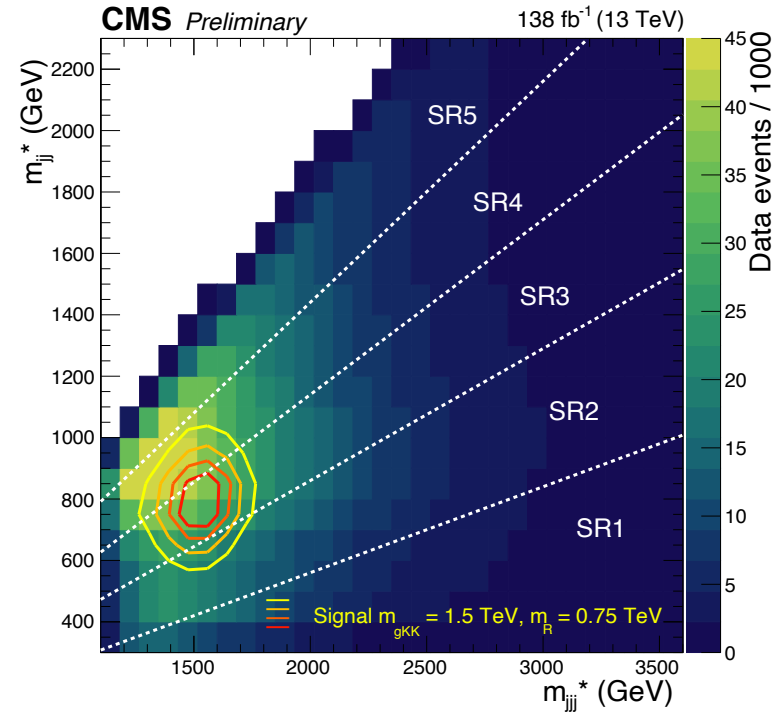


$g_{KK} \rightarrow gR \rightarrow gWW$: Event Categorization



CMS-PAS-B2G-23-004

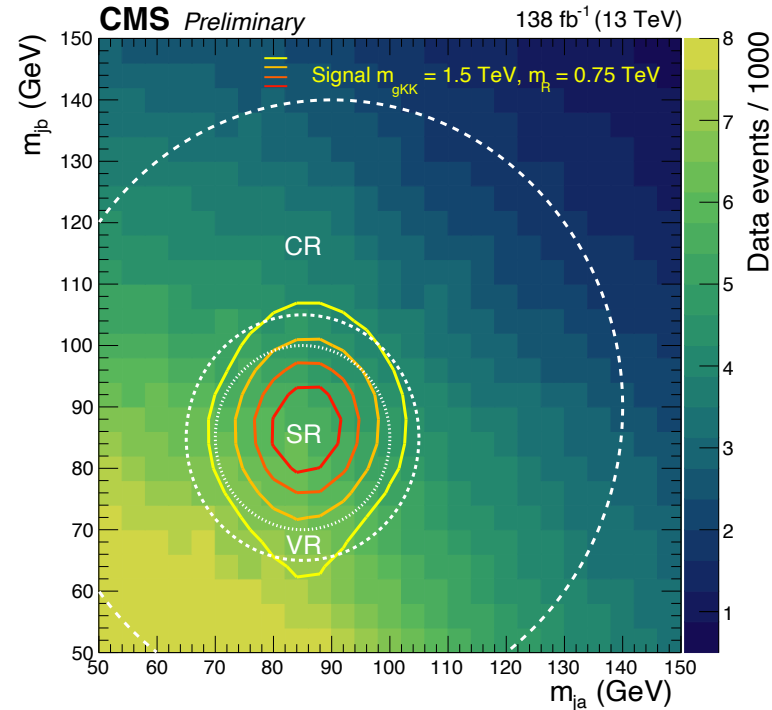
- Different Signal Regions (SR) by ratio of m_{jj^*} to m_{jjj^*} to better probe different R masses
- Events with isolated leptons or b-tagged jets are rejected
- The important backgrounds are estimated from data



- Jet masses in SR are required to be around m_W
- CRs consist to about 90% of QCD multijet events

$$\text{QCD}_{\text{SR}} = [\text{Data} - \text{Rest}]_{\text{CR}} \times \frac{\text{QCD}_{\text{SR}}}{\text{QCD}_{\text{CR}}}$$

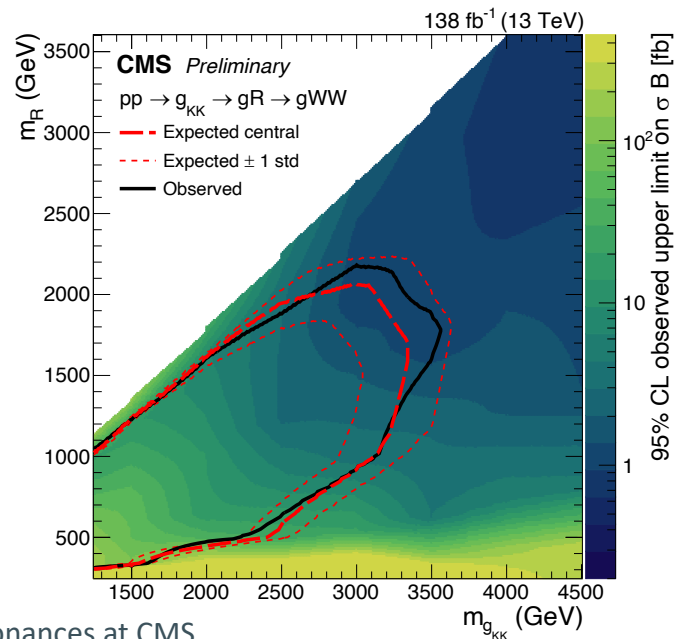
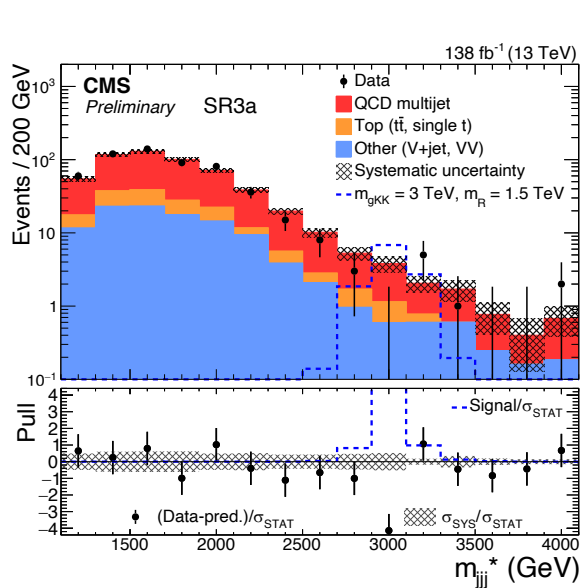
- 1.6 – 1.8 larger QCD multijet background than in simulation (MadGraph + Pythia)



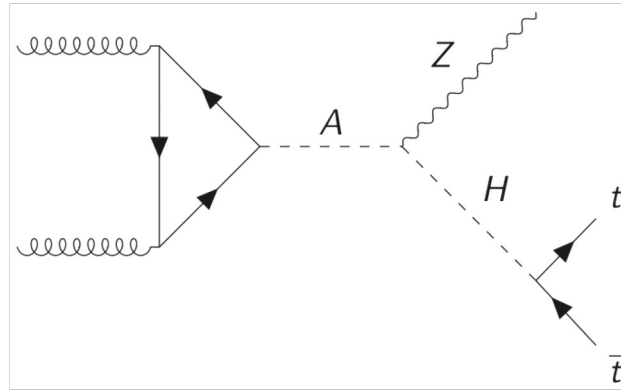
$g_{KK} \rightarrow g_R \rightarrow g_{WW}$: Results



- No significant excesses above the SM-only hypothesis observed [CMS-PAS-B2G-23-004](#)
- Exclude $m_{g_{KK}} \leq 3.55$ TeV and $m_R \leq 2.18$ TeV at 95% CL in an extension of the standard warped extra dimensional model [see [Agashe, K. et al. JHEP 2018, 27](#)]



March 2024

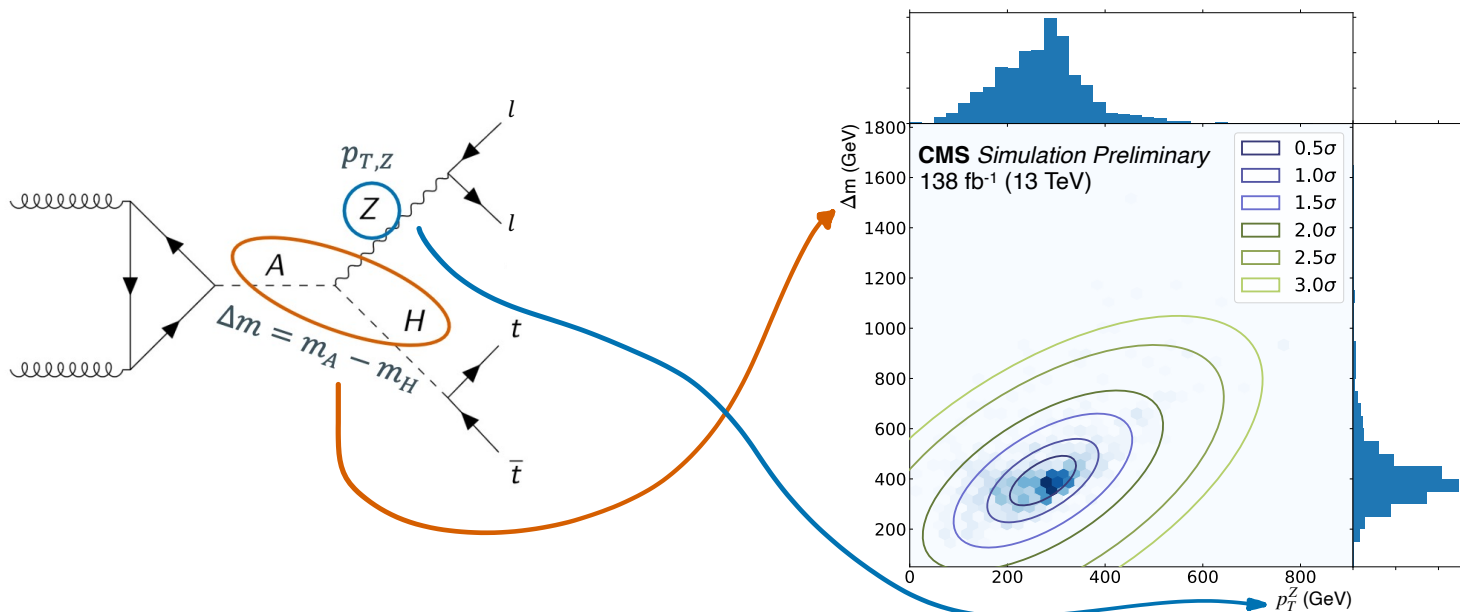


[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-006](#)

$A \rightarrow Z(l\bar{l})H(t\bar{t} \rightarrow \text{jets})$

$A \rightarrow Z(\ell\bar{\ell})H(t\bar{t})$: Analysis Strategy

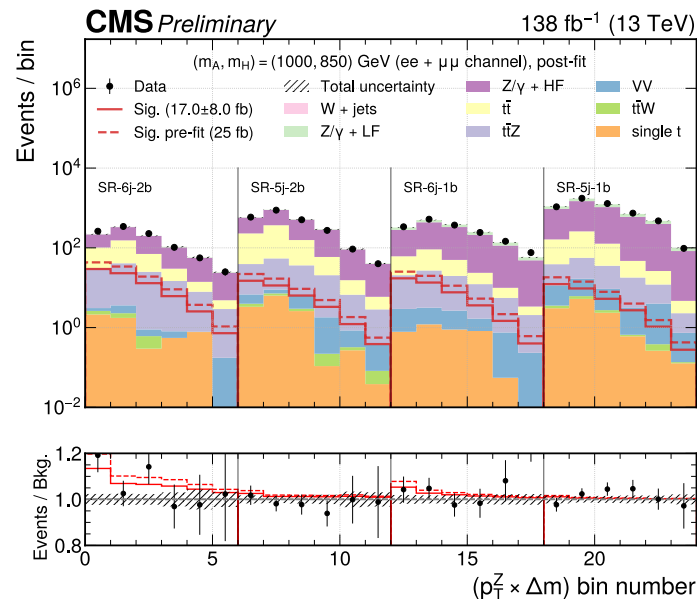
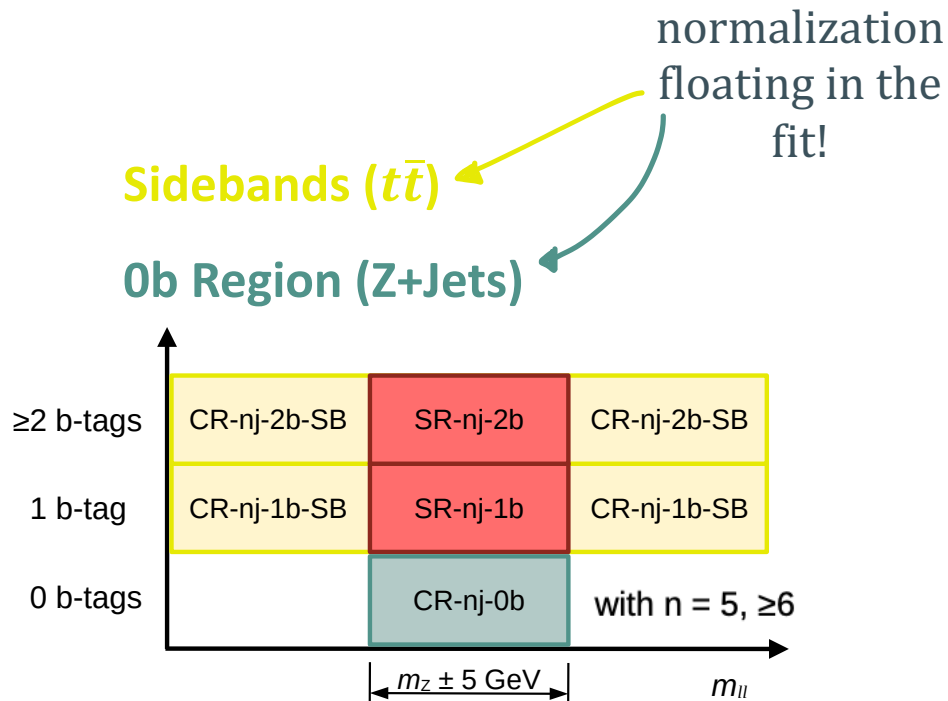
- Targeting resonant $X \rightarrow ZY$ production with narrow resonances X and Y
- Channel well motivated: FOEWPT in targeted 2HDM parameter space



$A \rightarrow Z(\bar{l}l)H(t\bar{t})$: Event Categorization



CMS-PAS-B2G-23-006



unrolled elliptical bins

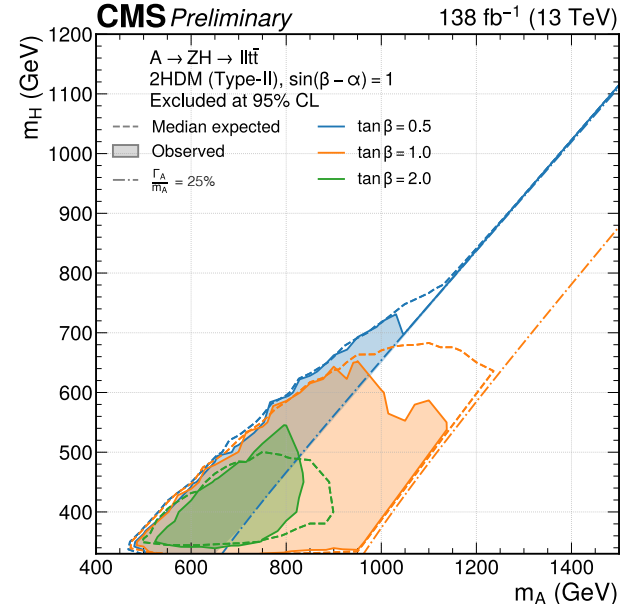
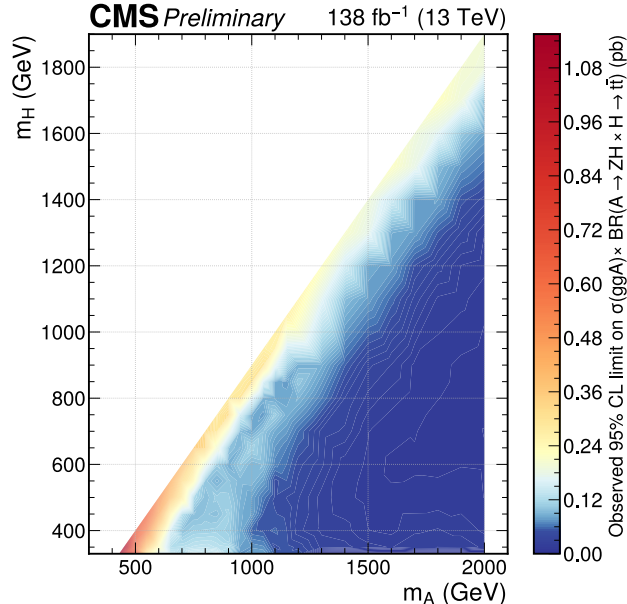
$A \rightarrow Z(l\bar{l})H(t\bar{t})$: Results and Interpretation



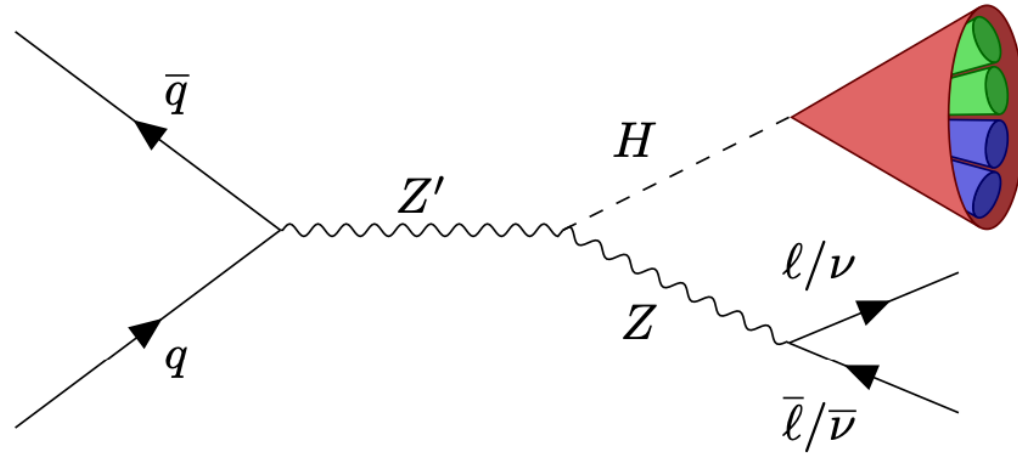
CMS-PAS-B2G-23-006

- Model independent upper limits on $\sigma \times \text{BR}$ of narrow resonances A and H

- Interpretation in the $m_A - m_H$ mass plane in the 2HDM, excluding large areas of parameter space



March 2024

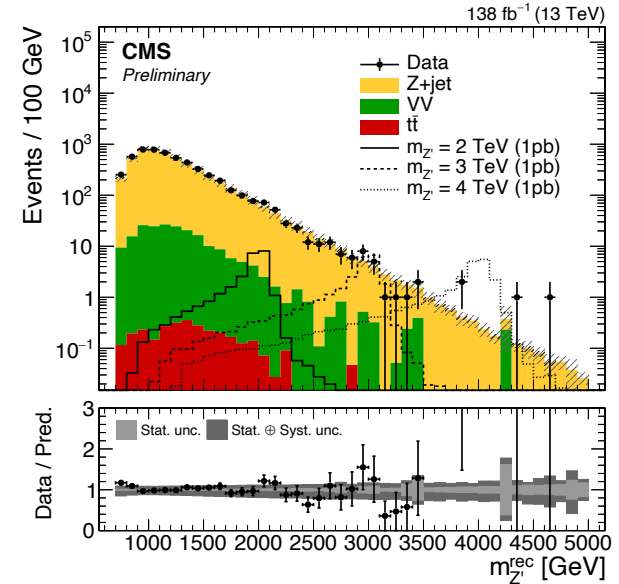
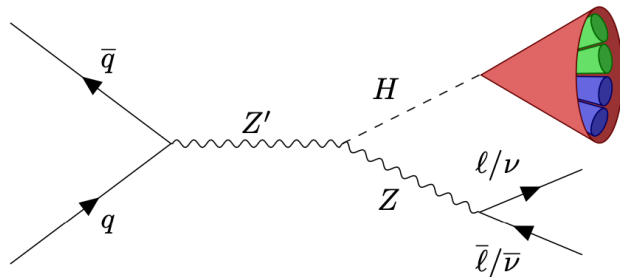


[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-008](#)

$$Z' \rightarrow Z(\ell\bar{\ell}/\nu\nu) h(c\bar{c}/4q)$$

$Z' \rightarrow Zh$: Overview and Event Selection

- Motivation: Heavy Vector Triplet (HVT) model
 - Describes EW spin-1 resonances
- Search for heavy resonances Z' decaying to Zh
 - $Z \rightarrow e^+e^- / \mu^+\mu^- / \nu\nu$
 - $h \rightarrow c\bar{c} / VV^* \rightarrow$ jets
- h is reconstructed as a single large radius jet requiring an ML-based score

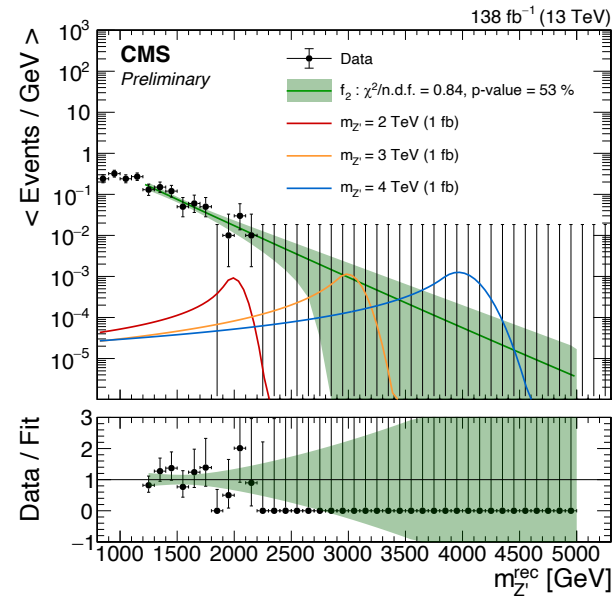
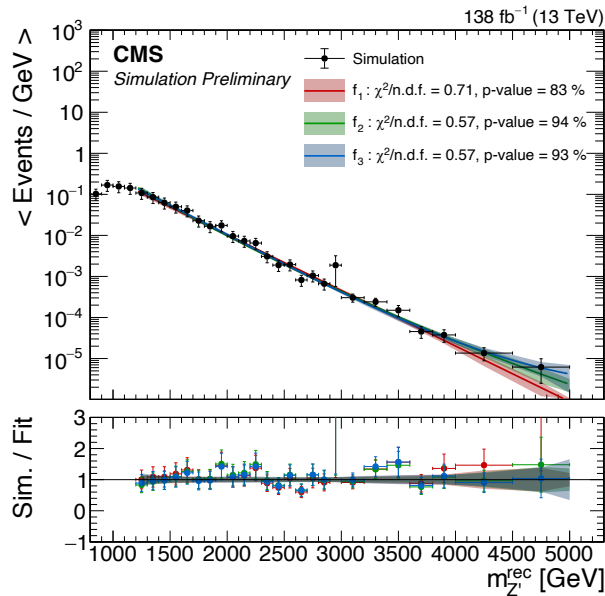


$Z' \rightarrow Zh$: Background Modeling



[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-008](#)

- Background modeled by exponential function
- Tested in Validation Region with inverted ML score requirement
- Signal modeled by Crystal Ball function

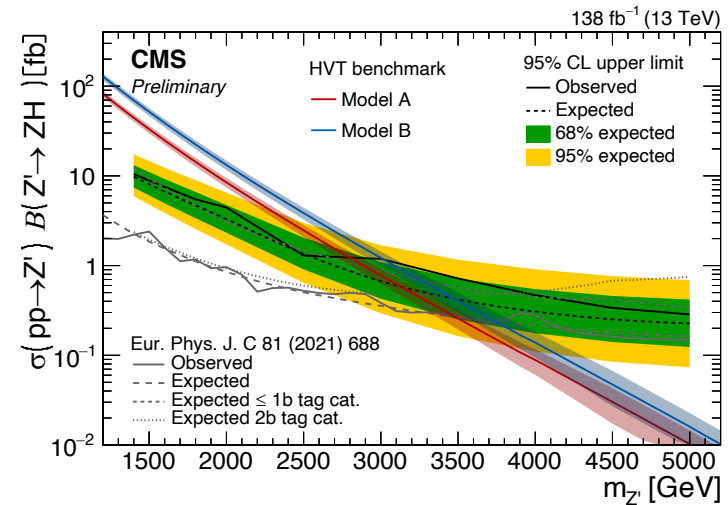
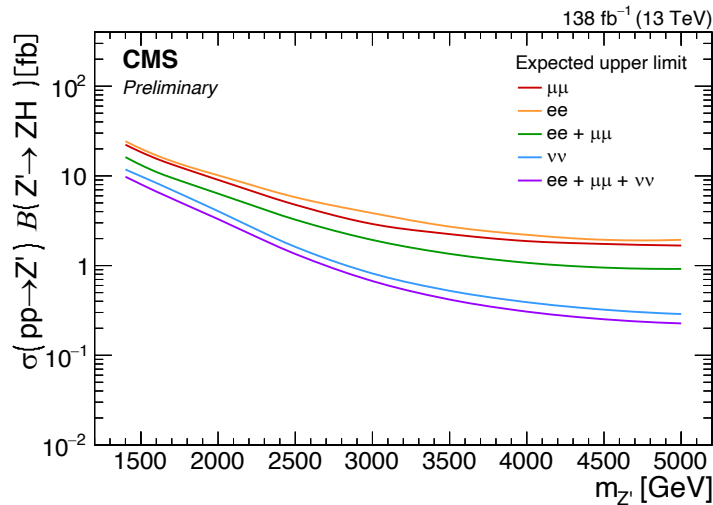


Z' → Zh: Results



[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-008](#)

- Combined limits on $\sigma \times \text{BR}$ in the range of $m_{Z'} = 1.4 - 5 \text{ TeV}$
- Neutrino channel has highest sensitivity due to largest BR
- The new limits exclude the HVT benchmark models up to 2.8 and 3.0 TeV



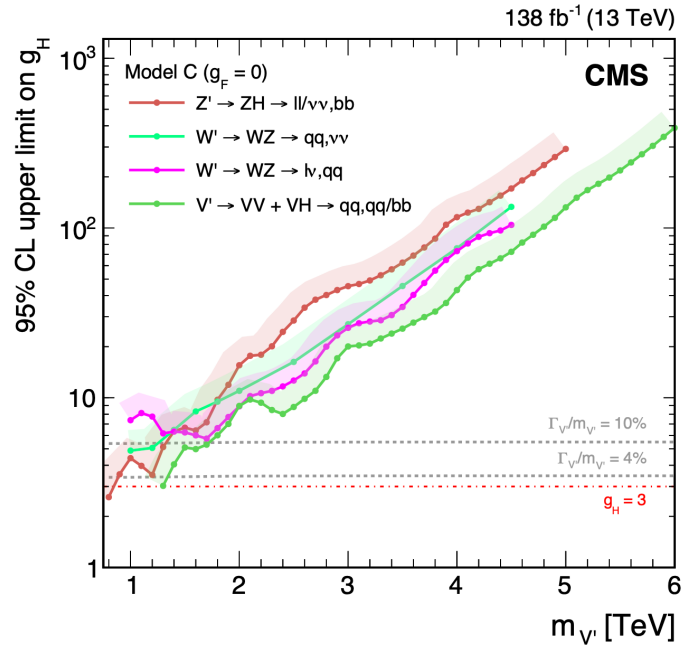
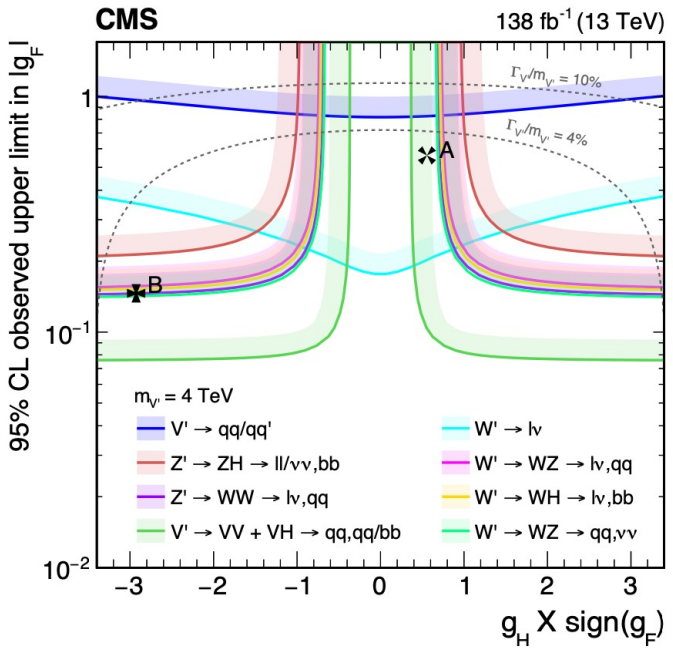
Searches for Higgs boson production through decays of heavy resonances



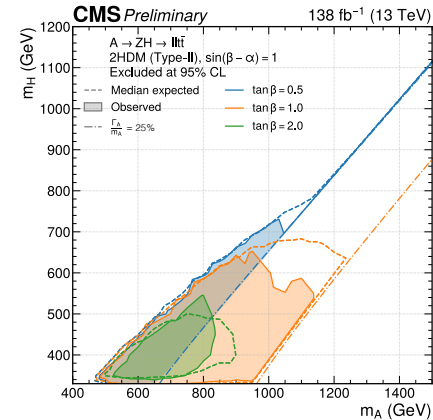
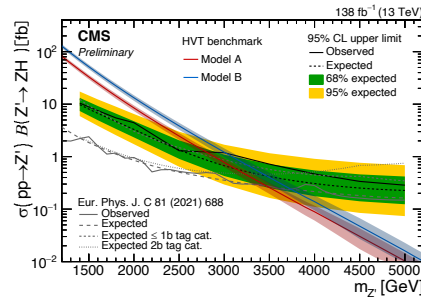
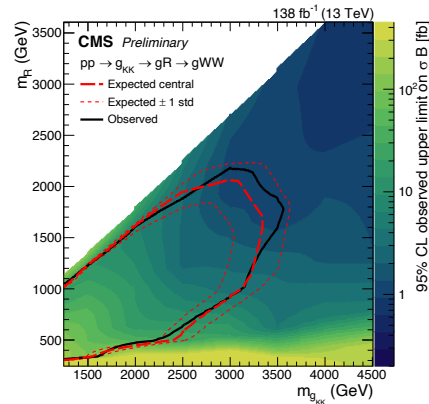
CMS-PAS-B2G-23-002

March 2024

- Translation $\sigma \times \text{BR}$ limits in $X \rightarrow VV/VH$ searches to limits on g_F and g_H in HVT model



- Searches for BSM physics in diboson final states are an essential part of the CMS program
- Latest results
 - Search for Kaluza-Klein gluon resonances g_{KK} in a boosted trijet final state
 - Search for heavy resonances decaying to Zh with a single boosted jet
 - First search in the $A \rightarrow Z(\ell\bar{\ell})H(t\bar{t})$ hadronic channel – FOEWPT smoking gun
- Improved results with run III data in the working





Thank You!



Additional Material

Two-Higgs-doublet Model (2HDM)



- The 2HDM introduces an additional Higgs doublet to the SM
- General 2HDM: CP violating, contains FCNCs
 - Commonly constraints are placed on the model to avoid this

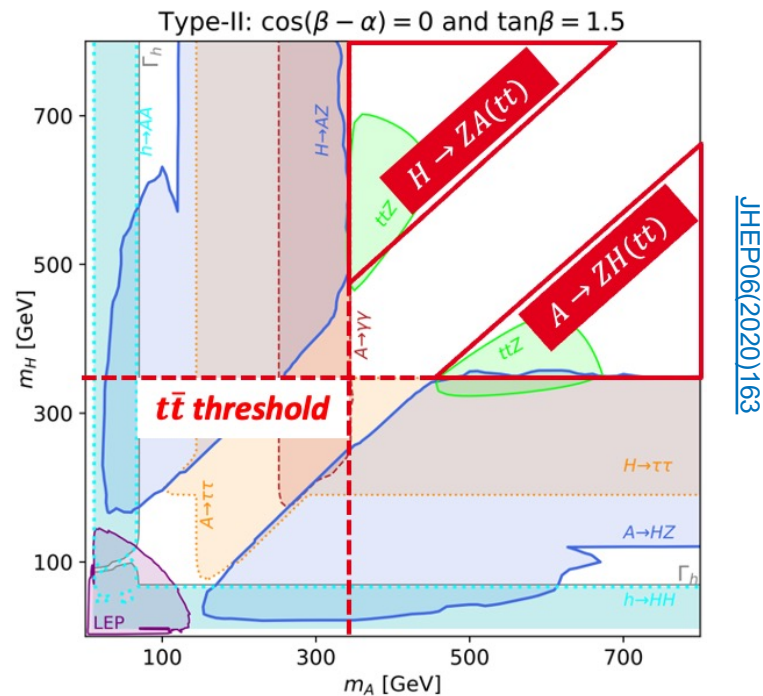
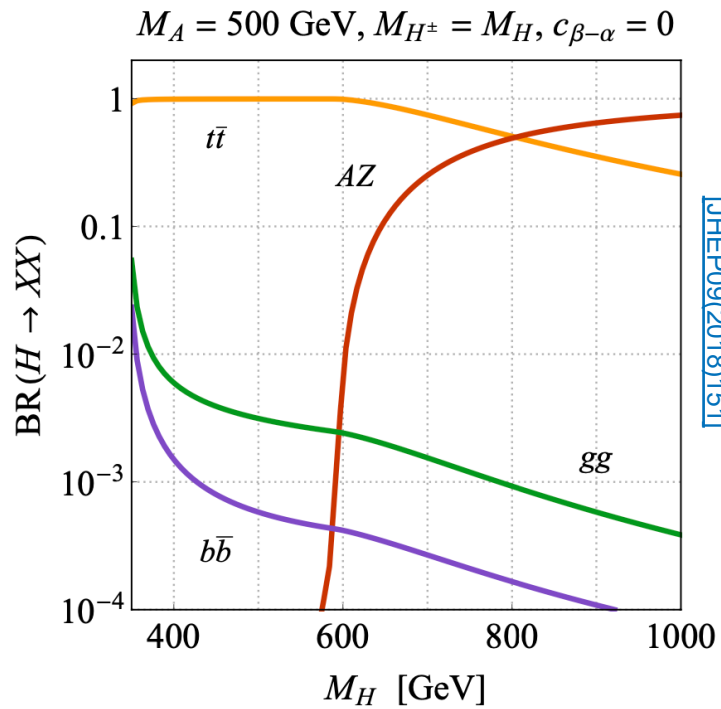
- Important free parameters

- $\tan \beta = \frac{v_2}{v_1}$
 - $\cos(\beta - \alpha) \simeq 0$ (alignment limit)
- α : Mixing angle between CP-even Higgses

	Charge	CP	Mass
A	0	odd	?
H	0	even	?
h	0	even	$m_{h,SM} = 125 \text{ GeV}$
H^\pm	± 1	-	m_A/m_H

- 4 types of the 2HDM with different fermionic couplings

$A \rightarrow Z(\bar{l}l)H(t\bar{t})$: Channel

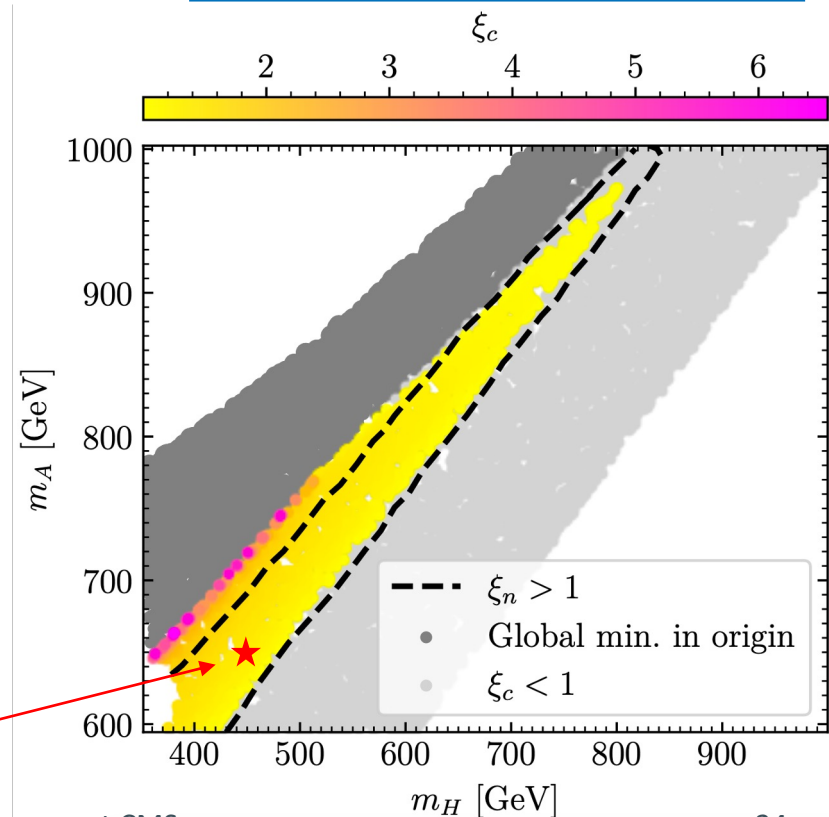


$A \rightarrow Z(\bar{l}l)H(t\bar{t})$: Smoking Gun for FOEWPT

- Baryon asymmetry of the Universe not explained by the SM, could arise from EW baryogenesis in the early Universe
- 2HDM configurations that facilitate EW baryogenesis require first order electroweak phase transition (FOEWPT)
- Interesting parameter region targeted in $A \rightarrow Z(\bar{l}l)H(t\bar{t})$

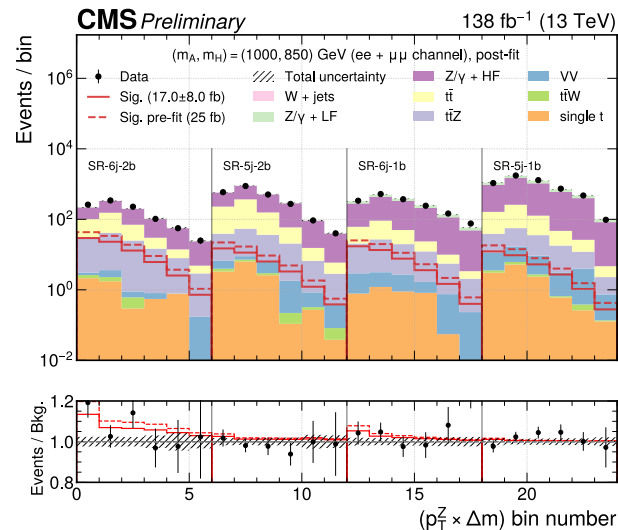
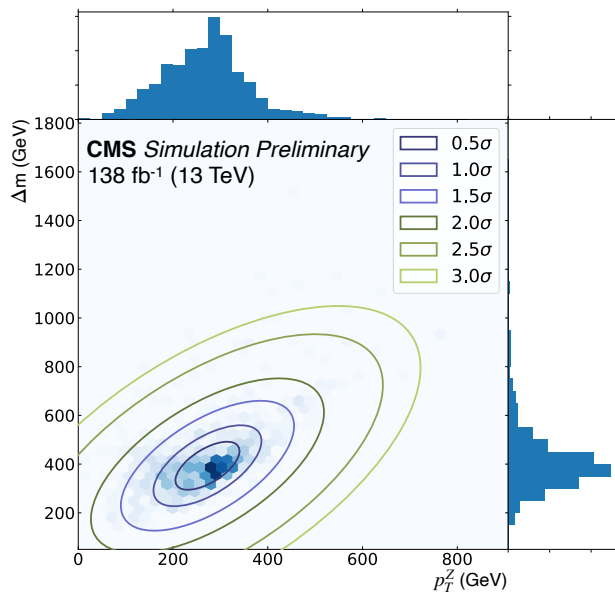
2.85 σ local excess in [ATLAS search](#) in multi lepton channel
[ATLAS-CONF-2023-034]

Thomas Biekötter *et al* JCAP03(2023)031



$A \rightarrow Z(\bar{l}l)H(t\bar{t})$: Binning

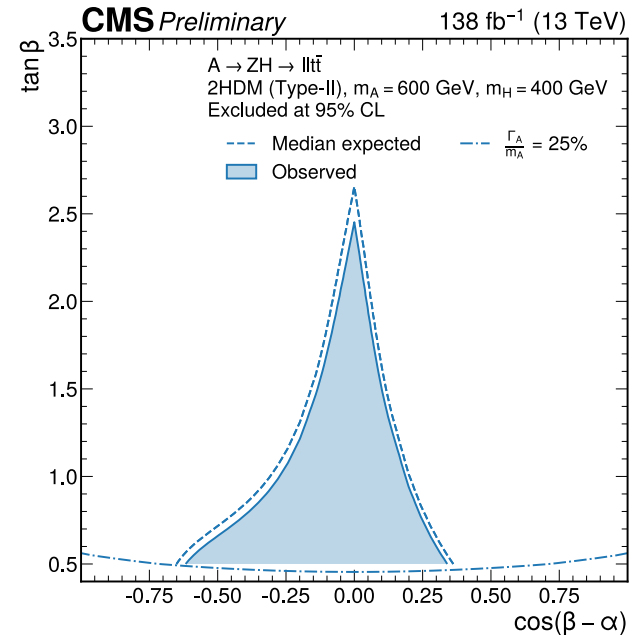
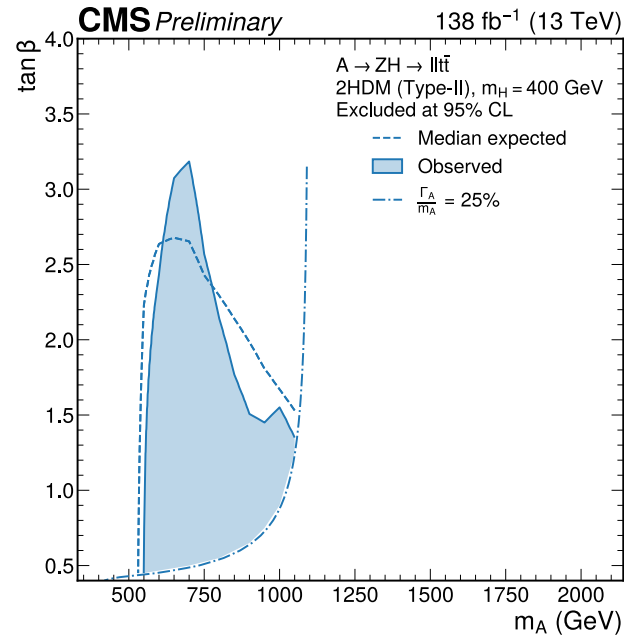
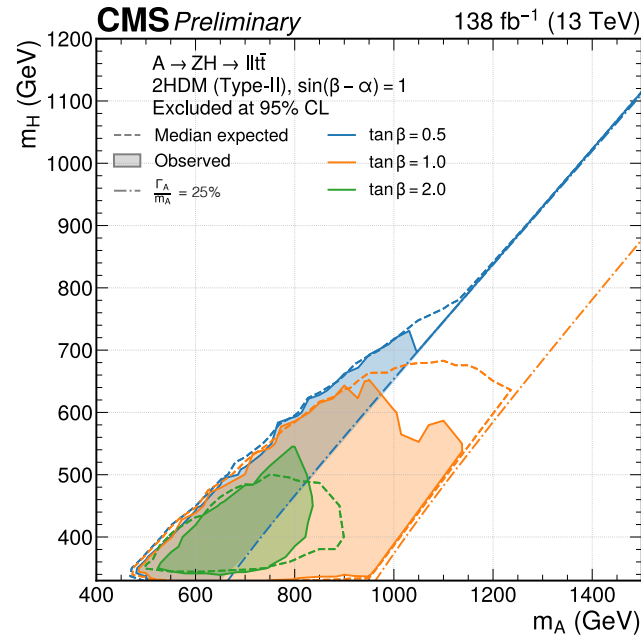
- Statistical analysis via binned maximum likelihood fit
 - *SR binning*: fit ellipses to the signal distribution in the $p_T(Z) \times \Delta m$ plane
 - *CR binning*: fit ellipses to the cumulative background distribution



$A \rightarrow Z(\bar{l}l)H(t\bar{t})$: 2HDM Interpretations



CMS-PAS-B2G-23-006



$g_{KK} \rightarrow gR \rightarrow gWW$: Definitions



[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-004](#)

- Measure of compatibility of tagged jets with coming from a W boson

2nd highest W
tagger score

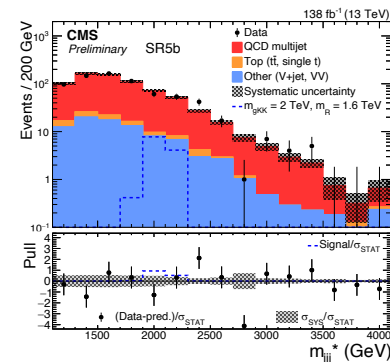
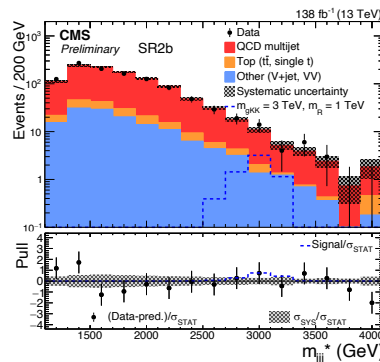
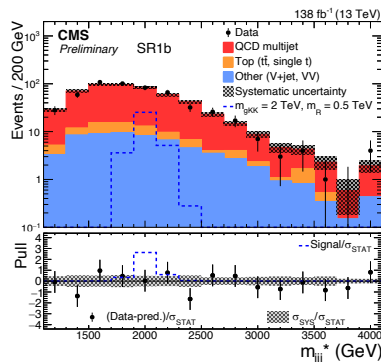
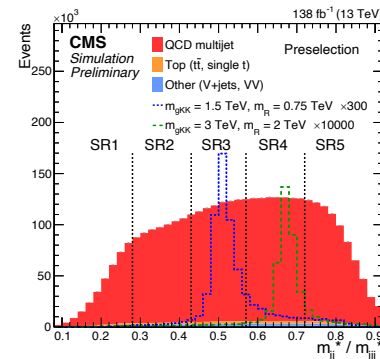
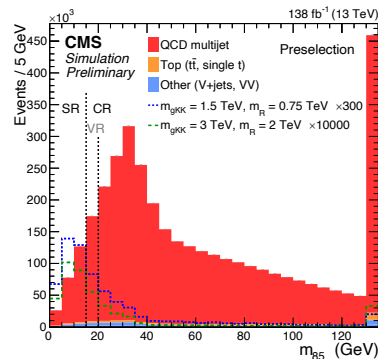
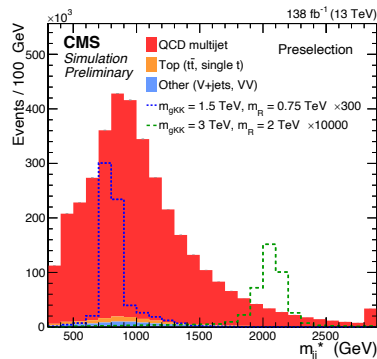
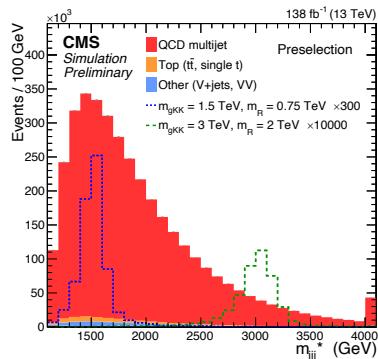
$$m_{85} \equiv \sqrt{(m_{j_a} - 85 \text{ GeV})^2 + (m_{j_b} - 85 \text{ GeV})^2}$$

Region	m_{jj^*} / m_{jjj^*}	s_{jb}
SR1a	< 0.28	≥ 0.9
SR1b		0.8–0.9
SR2a	0.28–0.43	≥ 0.9
SR2b		0.8–0.9
SR3a	0.43–0.57	≥ 0.9
SR3b		0.8–0.9
SR4a	0.57–0.72	≥ 0.9
SR4b		0.8–0.9
SR5a	> 0.72	≥ 0.9
SR5b		0.8–0.9

$g_{KK} \rightarrow gR \rightarrow gWW$: Distributions



CMS-PAS-B2G-23-004



$g_{KK} \rightarrow gR \rightarrow gWW$: Systematic Uncertainties



[CMS-PAS-B2G-23-004](#)

Uncertainty source	S or B	Effect on	Magnitude	Number of NPs & correlations
Normalization QCD	B	Rate	20%	10, uncorr. across SRs
Normalization Top	B	Rate	50%	10, uncorr. across SRs
Normalization Other	B	Rate	30%	10, uncorr. across SRs
QCD shape due to m_{90} usage	B	Shape	$\pm 1\sigma$ templates	10, uncorr. across SRs
QCD shape due to other processes	B	Shape	$\pm 1\sigma$ templates	10, uncorr. across SRs
PU reweight & luminosity	S	Rate	1.7%	1, correlated across all SRs
PDFs	S	Rate	$\leq 10\%$	1, correlated across all SRs *
QCD scales μ_F, μ_R	S	Rate	$< 0.8\%$	1, correlated across all SRs *
PNet selection eff. per jet (event)	S	Rate	6% (12%)	1, correlated across all SRs
JEC	S	Shape	$\pm 1\sigma$ templates	1, correlated across all SRs *
JER	S	Shape	$\pm 1\sigma$ templates	1, correlated across all SRs *

- Sensitive distribution in the neutrino channel transverse mass

$$m_{Z'}^T = \sqrt{2p_T^H p_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi(H, \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}))}$$

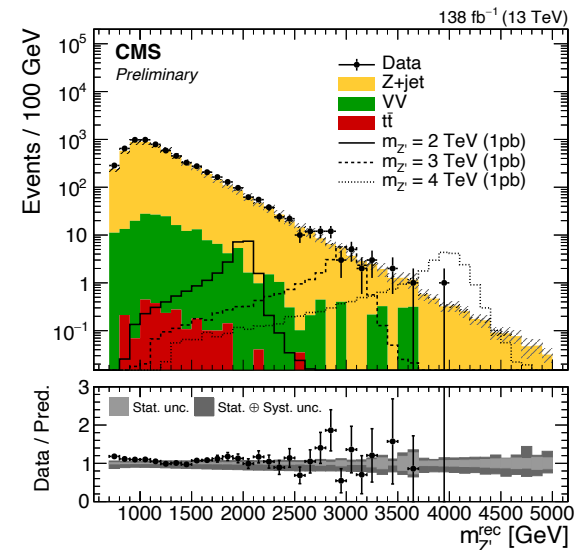
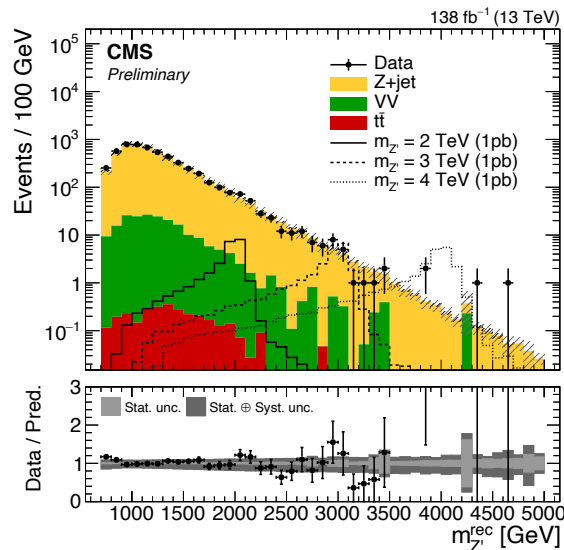
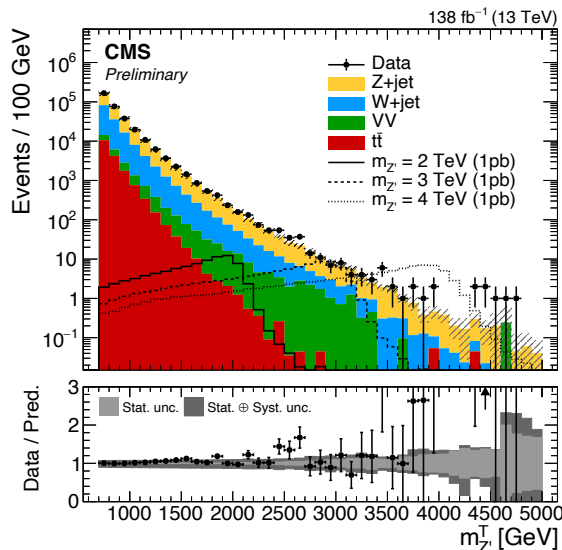


Table 1: Sources of systematic uncertainties considered in this analysis, and their effect on the signal normalisation. The uncertainty ranges correspond to different signal masses.

Source	uncertainty	Source	uncertainty
H jet identification	2.0–5.0%	Trigger	0.9–1.5%
b tagging veto	0.4–1.0%	Muon identification	0.1–0.3%
Jet energy scale and resolution	0.2–2.0%	Electron identification	5.2–5.9%
Pileup	0.3–1.8%	Lepton reconstruction	0.9–1.7%
Luminosity	1.6%	PDF	0.3–13.4%
Prefiring	0.3–0.8%	QCD scales	6.6–17.2%

$Z' \rightarrow Zh$: HVT Interpretations



CMS-PAS-B2G-23-008

- The upper limits on the cross sections are translated into two-dimensional upper limits on the coupling parameters for fermions, $g_F = g^2 c_F / g_V$, and bosons $g_H = c_H g_V$ in the HVT model, where g is the $SU(2)_L$ gauge coupling.

