Charged-particle production in pp collisions at 13.6 TeV and Pb-Pb collisions at 5.36 TeV with ALICE

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On behalf of the ALICE Collaboration

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Charged-particle pseudorapidity density $(dN_{ch}/d\eta)$

- * Fundamental observable
- Sensitive to collision energy, collision centrality and initial energy density



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- \Box Large p_T
- ☐ Described by pQCD

Soft QCD processes

- \square Low p_{T}
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ALICE Run 3 results presented here

- ✓ pp collisions (a) $\sqrt{s} = 13.6 \text{ TeV}$
- ✓ Pb-Pb collisions (a) $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.36 \text{ TeV}$

Hard QCD processes

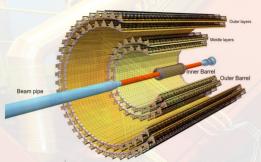
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Soft QCD processes

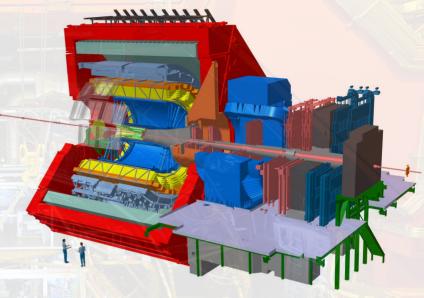
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New Inner Tracking System See Jian Liu's talk

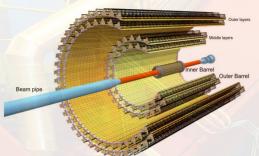


- New Si inner tracker
- * 3 inner layers 0.36% X0 each
- Closer to beam
- * 50 kHz continuous readout
- ♦ $|\eta| < 1.3$



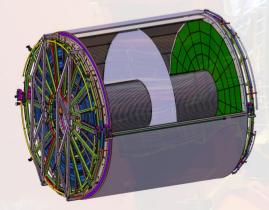


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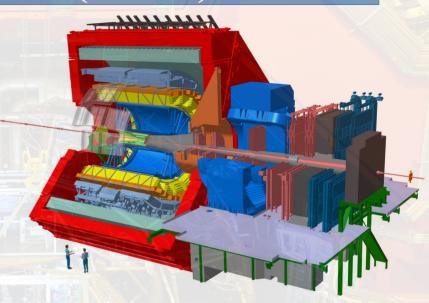


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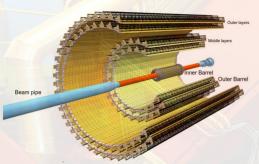
- * 4 layers of GEM
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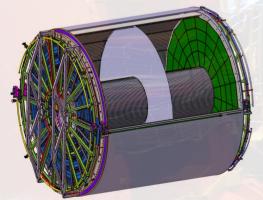
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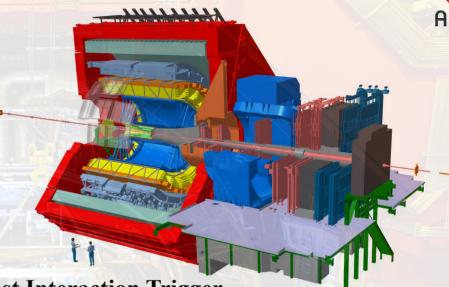


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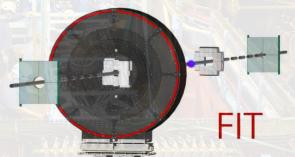
Time Projection Chamber



- * 4 layers of GEM
- 50 kHz continuous readout
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Fast Interaction Trigger



See Yury Melikyan's talk

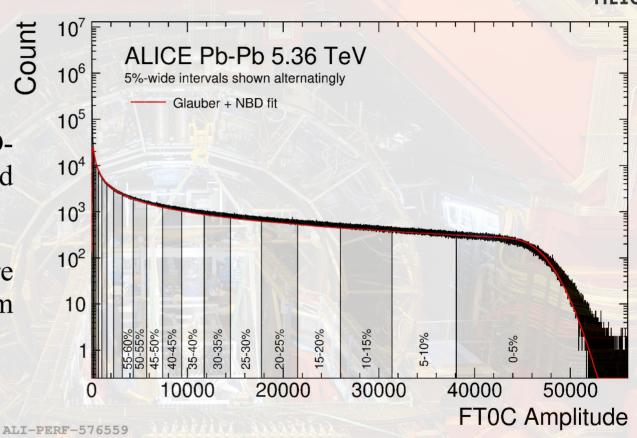
- Centrality, event plane
- * Luminosity
- * Interaction time
- * FT0A $(3.5 < \eta < 4.9)$
- * FT0C $(-3.3 < \eta < -2.1)$

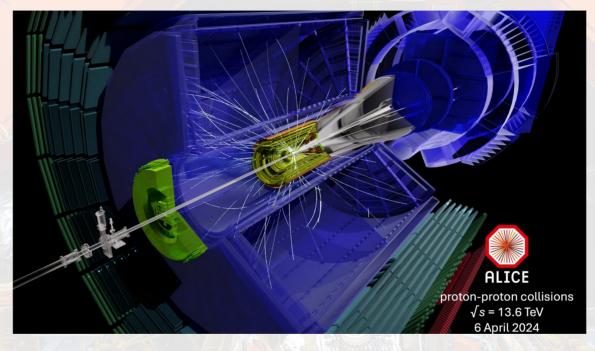
Estimation of centrality/multiplicity class



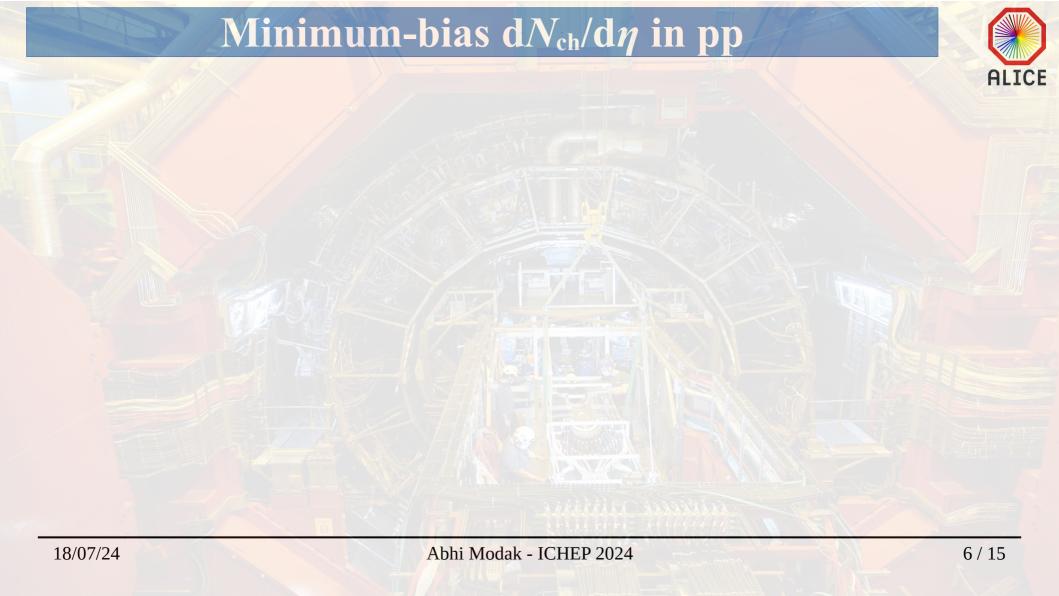
Centrality classification

- **Pb-Pb:** Performing Glauber fit to measured FT0C amplitude
- > pp: Multiplicity classes are determined by the signal sum of FT0A and FT0C



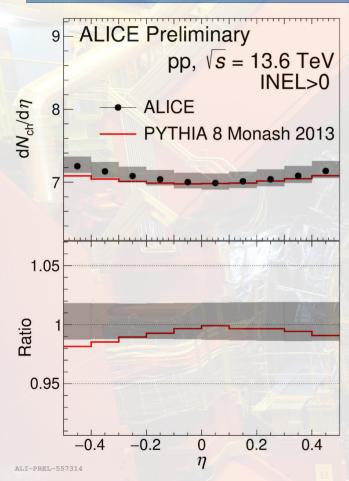


Proton-proton collisions



Minimum-bias $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ in pp

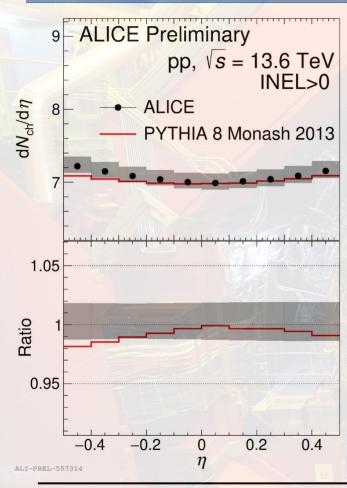




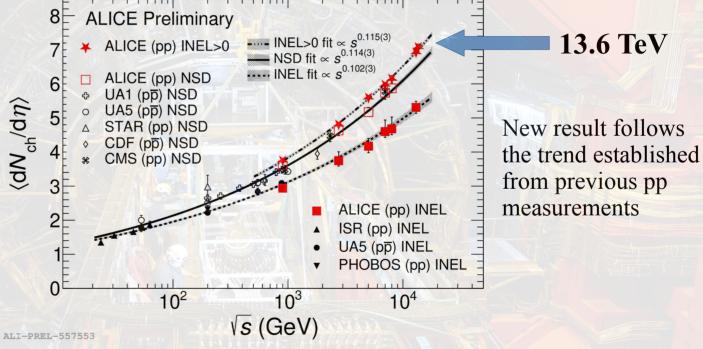
- * INEL>0: Inelastic events having at least one N_{ch} in $|\eta| < 1$
- * PYTHIA 8 describes the MB results well

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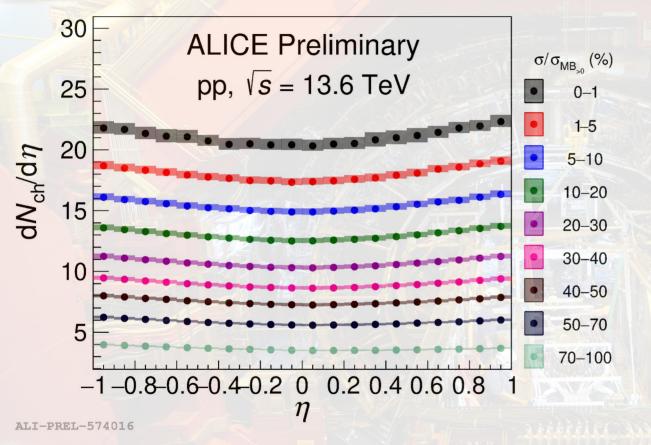
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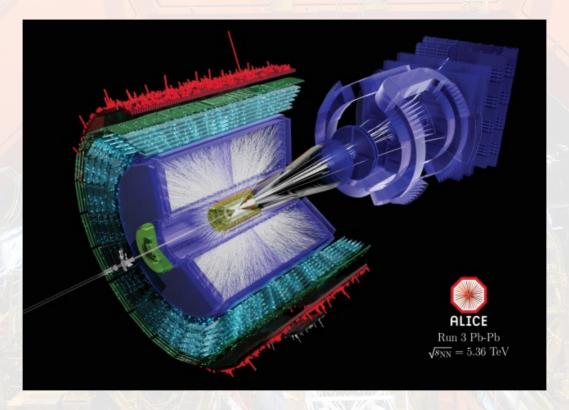
Multiplicity dependent $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ in pp







- * Factor ~7 increase in $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ at 0-1% relative to 70-100%
- Good input for varoius particle production models

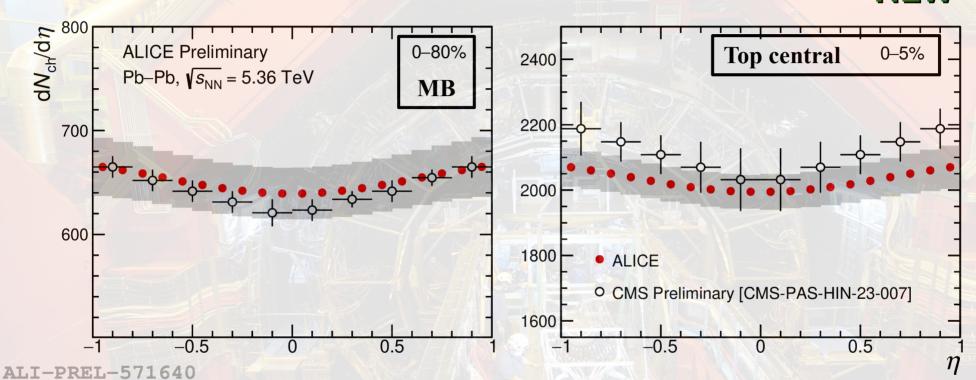


Lead-lead collisions

$dN_{ch}/d\eta$ distributions in Pb-Pb



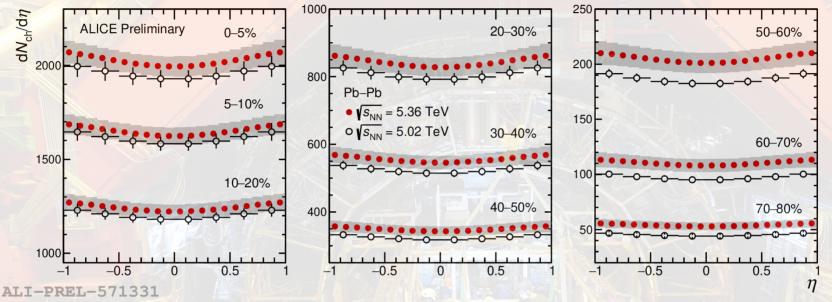




Good agreement with ALICE and CMS measurements

$dN_{ch}/d\eta$ distributions: comparison with 5.02 TeV





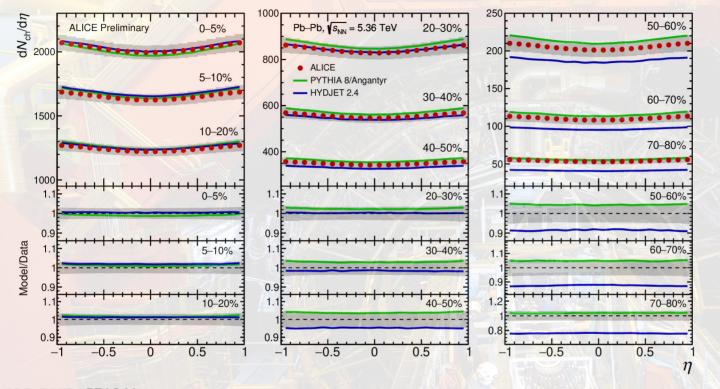
NEW

* We observe larger values of $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ for 5.36 TeV compared to 5.02 TeV

5.36 TeV	Most Central	Most peripheral
5.02 TeV	1.03 ± 0.04	1.18 ± 0.12

$dN_{ch}/d\eta$ distributions: comparison with model





NEW

PYTHIA/Angantyr

Consider extrapolation of pp dynamics to describe nuclear collisions

J. High Energ. Phys. (2018) 2018: 134

HYDJET++

Full evolution of heavy-ion collisions (jet interaction, QGP, hadronic phase)

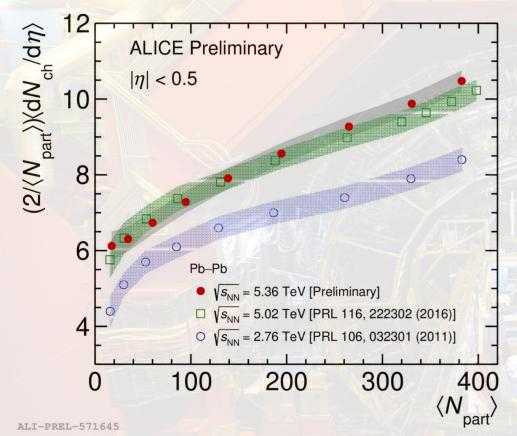
J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 736 012024

ALI-PREL-571341

* Non-QGP-based model (Angantyr) describes the data better than QGP-based model (HYDJET)

Centrality dependence of $\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle$



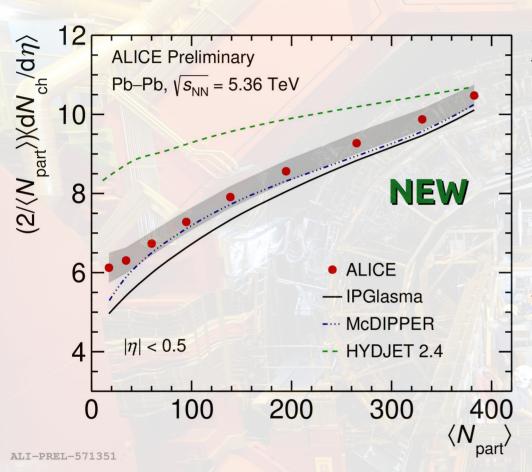


NEW

- * Factor ~1.7 increase in $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ from peripheral to central events
- Centrality evolution at 5.36 TeV is similar to earlier measurements

Centrality dependence of $\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle$





Initial-state models

IP-Glasma[1]: primarily designed to describe the initial state around mid-rapidity in 2+1D hydro simulations.

McDIPPER[2]: low x, 3+1D hydro simulations

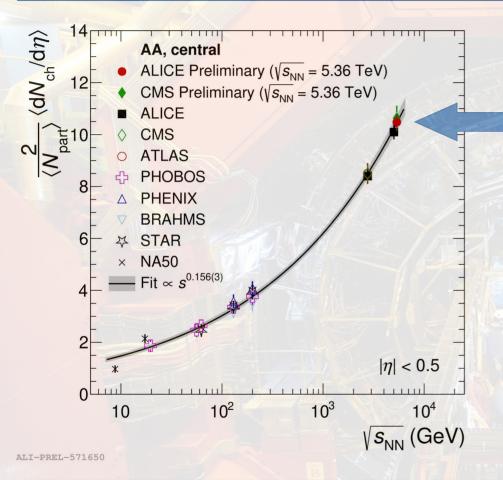
* Initial-state models describe the data better than the event generator HYDJET++

[1] PRL108, 252301 (2012)

[2] Phys.Rev.C 109 (2024) 4, 044916

Energy dependence of $\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle$





Pb-Pb, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.36 \text{ TeV}$

- * New result consistent with the trend established from previous heavy-ion measurements
- * $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ increases faster in Pb-Pb $(\propto s^{0.156(3)})$ than pp $(\propto s^{0.115(3)})$



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☑ Showing good performance of new ALICE experimental setup



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*pp

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new constraints on particle production models



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 $\square dN_{ch}/d\eta$: 3% (18%) higher in central (peripheral) Pb-Pb events at 5.36 TeV than in 5.02 TeV

 \square Factor of ~ 1.7 increase in $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ from peripheral to central events

☑Saturation-based models better reproduce the Pb-Pb measurements



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Thanks for your kind attention