



# JUNO-TAO Status and Prospect

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### JUNO-TAO

- TAO: Taishan Antineutrino Observatory
- A satellite experiment of JUNO
- Measure reactor neutrino w/ sub-percent E resolution
- Short-baseline reactor antineutrino experiment
- Location:
  - 44 m from Taishan NPP core (4.6 GW)
  - -9.6 m



### JUNO

Jiangmen Underground Neutrino Observatory

AUM

A 20 kton neutrino experiment

Neutrino mass ordering

oscillation parameters

•  $3\%/\sqrt{E}$  energy resolution

Online in 2025

**Precision measurement of** 

• Need a high-resolution reference spectrum (<3%/ $\sqrt{E}$ )

### **Reference Spectrum**



### **Reference Spectrum**



## **TAO** Motivation

### 1. Provide a reference spectrum for JUNO

- TAO can help to remove the model dependence by measuring fine structures in neutrino energy spectrum
- The energy resolution of TAO must be equal or better than  $3\%/\sqrt{E}$





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## TAO Motivation

2. Provide a benchmark spectrum for nuclear database

- <2%/ $\sqrt{E}$
- Reactor spectral shape precision better than 1% in 2-5 MeV
- 3. Measuring isotopic neutrino spectra, reactor monitoring & sterile arXiv: 2405,18008 neutrino



## **Energy Resolution**



### TAO Detector

#### Inner

Gd-LS  $\Rightarrow$  acrylic vessel  $\Rightarrow$  SiPM & support  $\Rightarrow$  LAB buffer  $\Rightarrow$  cryogenic vessel  $\Rightarrow$  water & HDPE shield  $\Rightarrow$  TVT

- -9.6 m underground
- ~ 10 m<sup>2</sup> SiPM coverage (95%)
- 1.8 m diameter, 2.8 ton GdLS (1 ton w/ fiducial volume cut)
- Operate at -50°C
- 2000 IBD/day (1000 w/ FV)
- 4500 p.e/MeV



Outside

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### SiPM

- Tile 50.8 x 50.8 mm<sup>2</sup>, 4024 tiles from **HPK**
- Supported & cooled by copper shell
- Work at -50°C, dark noise  $100k \rightarrow 45 \text{ Hz/mm}^2$
- Mass testing finished
  - 10 m<sup>2</sup> SiPM tested

Parameters	Value	Measured	Unit
Photon Detection Efficiency	Min: 0.44, Typical: 0.47	0.488	-
Dark Count Rate	Max: 41.7, Typical: 13.9	45.06	Hz / mm <sup>2</sup>
Crosstalk Probability	Max: 0.15, Typical: 0.12	0.121	-
After-pulsing Probability	Max: 0.08, Typical: 0.04	< 0.001	-
Pixel Gain	Min: 1×10 <sup>6</sup> , Typical: 4×10 <sup>6</sup>	> 1×10 <sup>6</sup>	-
Dark Current Deviance	Max: 95, Typical: 40	-	%
Operating Voltage Range	Min: 6, Typical: 6.5	> 6.5	Volt

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250



### GdLS & LAB Buffer

- GdLS recipe: Gd-LAB + 3 g/L PPO + 2 mg/L bis-MSB + 0.5% DPnB
- Good stability at -50°C
  - Water content:

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- LAB <8 ppm (~40 ppm for LAB in the air)</li>
- GdLS <22 ppm (~80 ppm for GdLS in the air)</li>
- **Cosolvent**: Ethanol  $\rightarrow$  DPnB (less volatile & higher flash point)



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### Calibration

- Calibrate the detector response with multiple sources (energies) at deployed positions frequently
  The Calibration System Based on the Controllable UV/Visible LED Flasher
- ACU recycled from Daya Bay
- Physics non-linearity <0.6%, residual non-uniformity is <0.2% ----





simplified scheme

### Muon Veto

DOI: 10.1088/1748-0221/17/09/P09024 JINST 17 (2022) 09, P09024 DOI: 10.1007/s41365-023-01263-7 NUCL SCI TECH 34, 99 (2023)

### Top veto tracker

- 4 layers with each 2 cm thickness, 1 mm gap between strips
- Muon veto efficiency ~ 99% (3/4)
- Data taking chain successful

### Water tank

- Dodecagon, 1.2 m thickness, 3 standalone parts
- 70-ton water & Tyvek applied
- 300 3" PMTs, muon veto efficiency > 99%
- Pure water stability confirmed (87 days)







## Electronics & TDAQ

- Electronics of central detector (CD)
  - FEB based on discrete components
  - ~8000 channels for ~4000 SiPM tiles
  - Waveform digitized by ADC
  - FPGA calculates Q/T, sent to TDAQ
- Electronics of veto detectors
  - Same strategy with CD for TVT
  - Same 3" PMTs electronics in JUNO



Data Stream	Interface	DAQ Data input	Data Merge	SW Trigger	Compression	Storage
CD	SiTCP	~Gbps	Y	Ν	Y	<80Mbps
WT	IPbus/TCP	~105Mbps	Y	Y	Y	<10Mbps
TPS	SiTCP	~40Mbps	Y	Y	N	<1Mbps
SUM						<100Mbps*



## 1:1 Prototype

- Assembling finished in **Dec. 2023** in IHEP
- Running stably at -50°C, uniformity OK
- ~100 SiPMs installed
- Data taken with Co 60, LED & cosmic muon
- Disassembling, to be re-installed in Taishan Nuclear Power Plant in 2024









### Results of 1:1 Prototype

• Results are consistent with simulation results & mass test results





- TAO will measure reactor antineutrino spectrum with sub-percent E resolution
- 1:1 prototype is successful, disassembling
- Will start assembling in Taishan NPP in 2024
- Start data taking in 2025