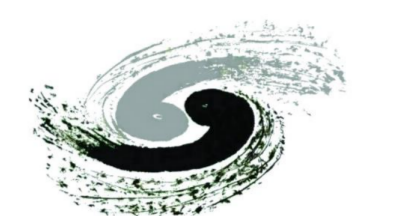




CEPC carbon footprint and CO₂ Reduction Optimization



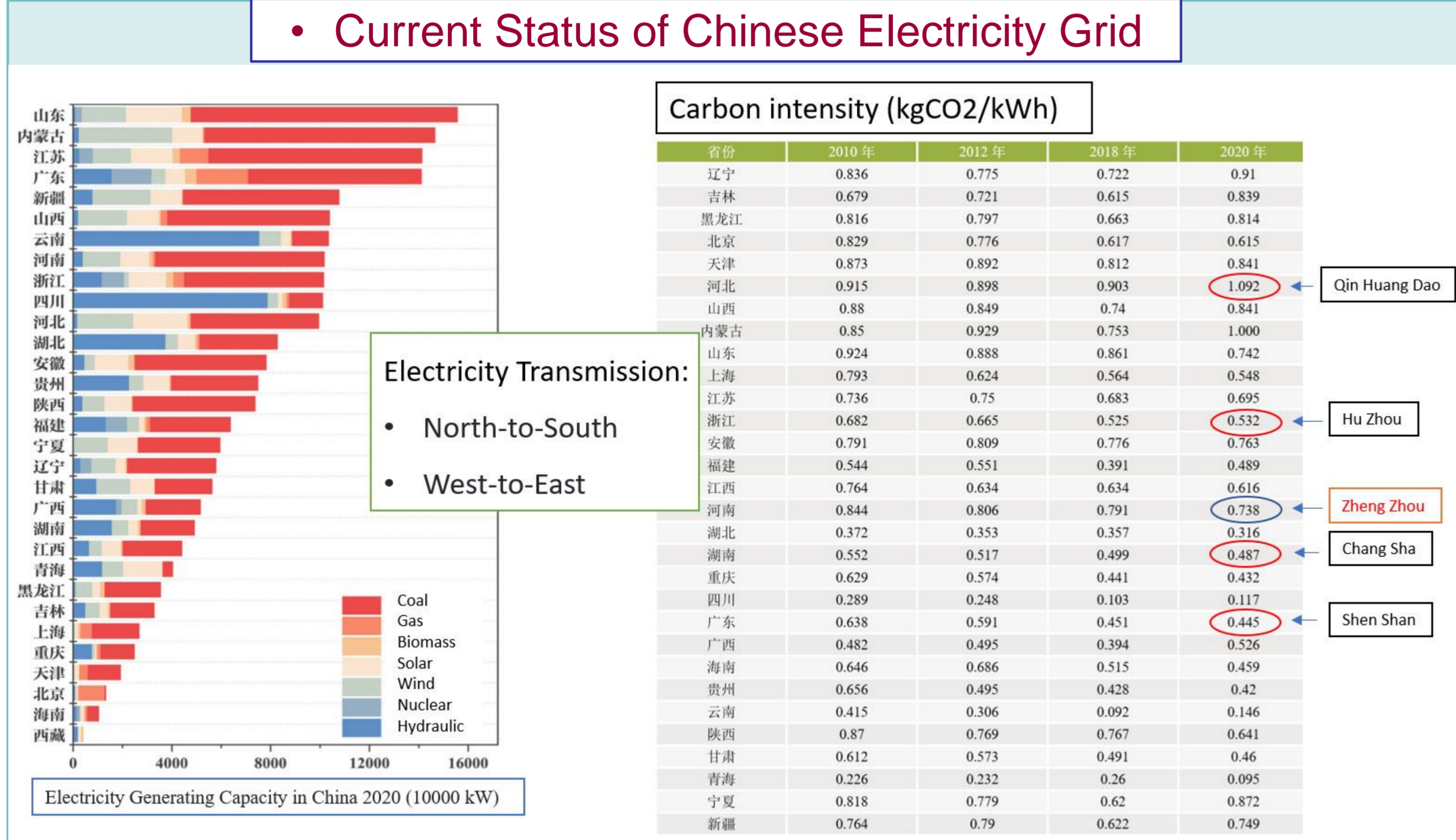
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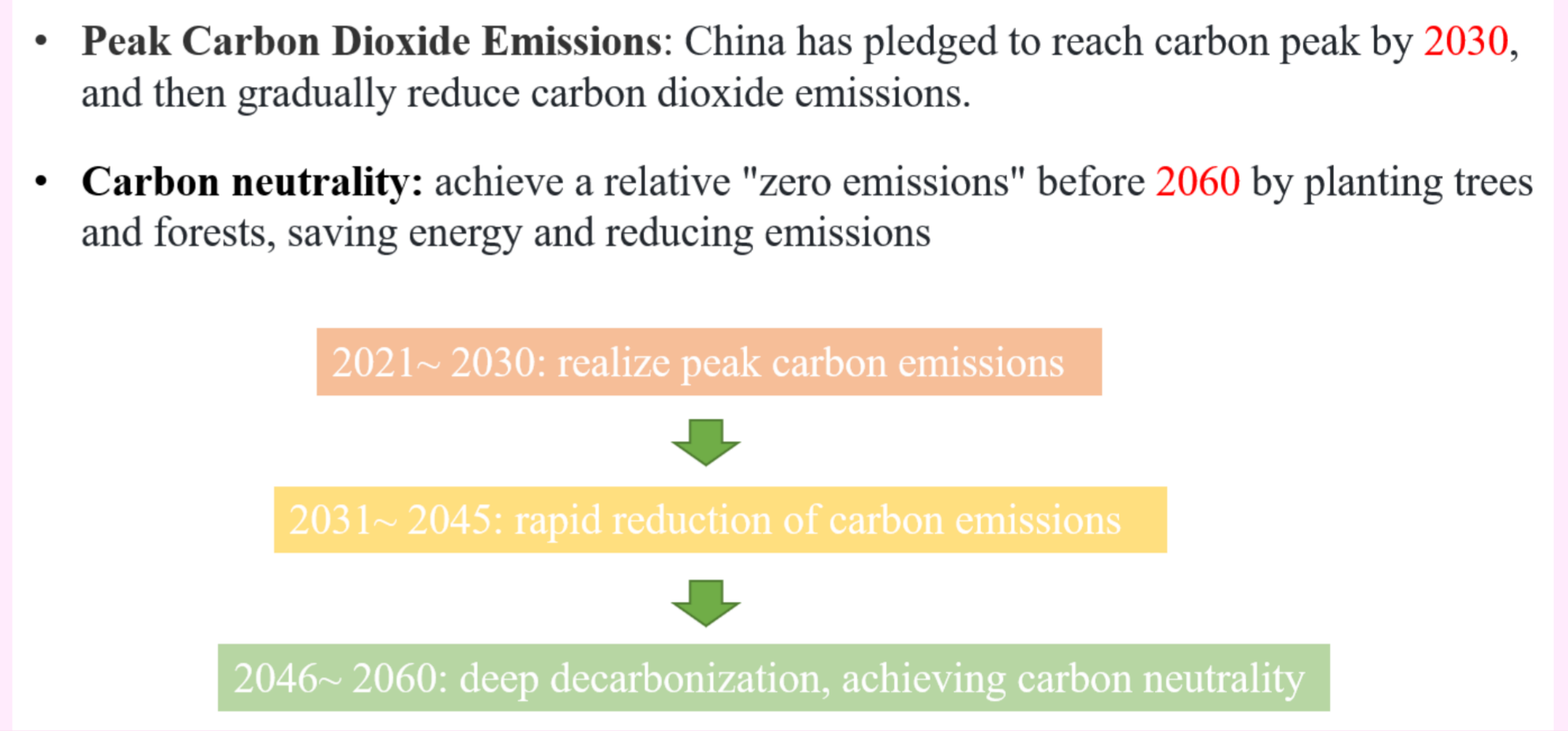
Abstract

The Higgs factory is a kind of special energy consumer and the environmental impact for the given scientific outcome must be optimized carefully. The carbon footprint of CEPC was estimated based on simplified model including both construction process and operation process. The environmental impact of CEPC with different circumference, different energy source, different SR power and different Higgs number was studied. The carbon intensity of China electric grid will be reduced rapidly by 2040 due to the development of renewable energies. Some results to compare the future colliders, including linear colliders and circular colliders, are given. Assuming all the colliders will use the same clean energy (20 ton CO₂e/GWh), CEPC has the lowest carbon emission to produce one Higgs boson.

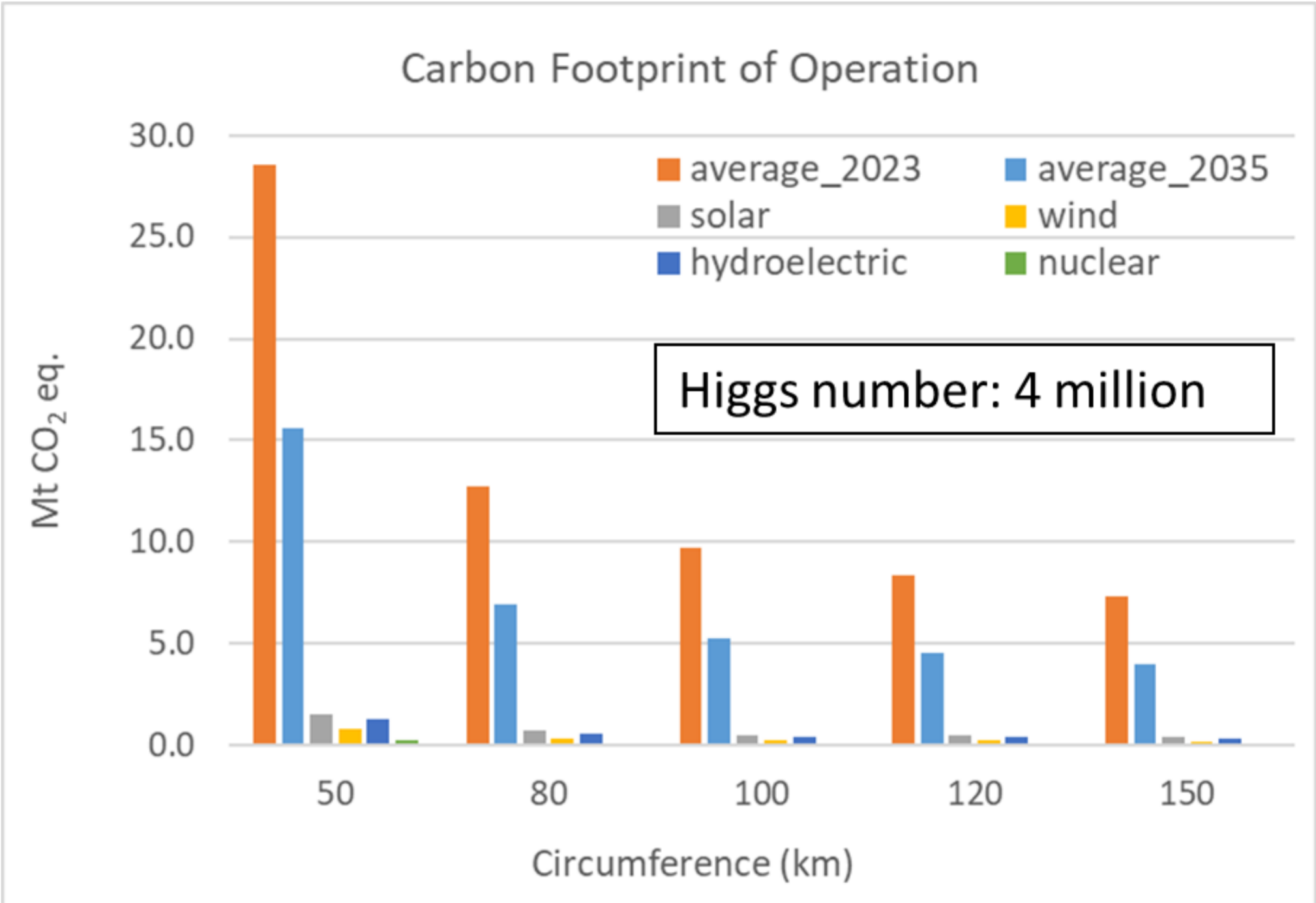
Current Status of Chinese Electricity Grid



"Double Carbon Target" in China



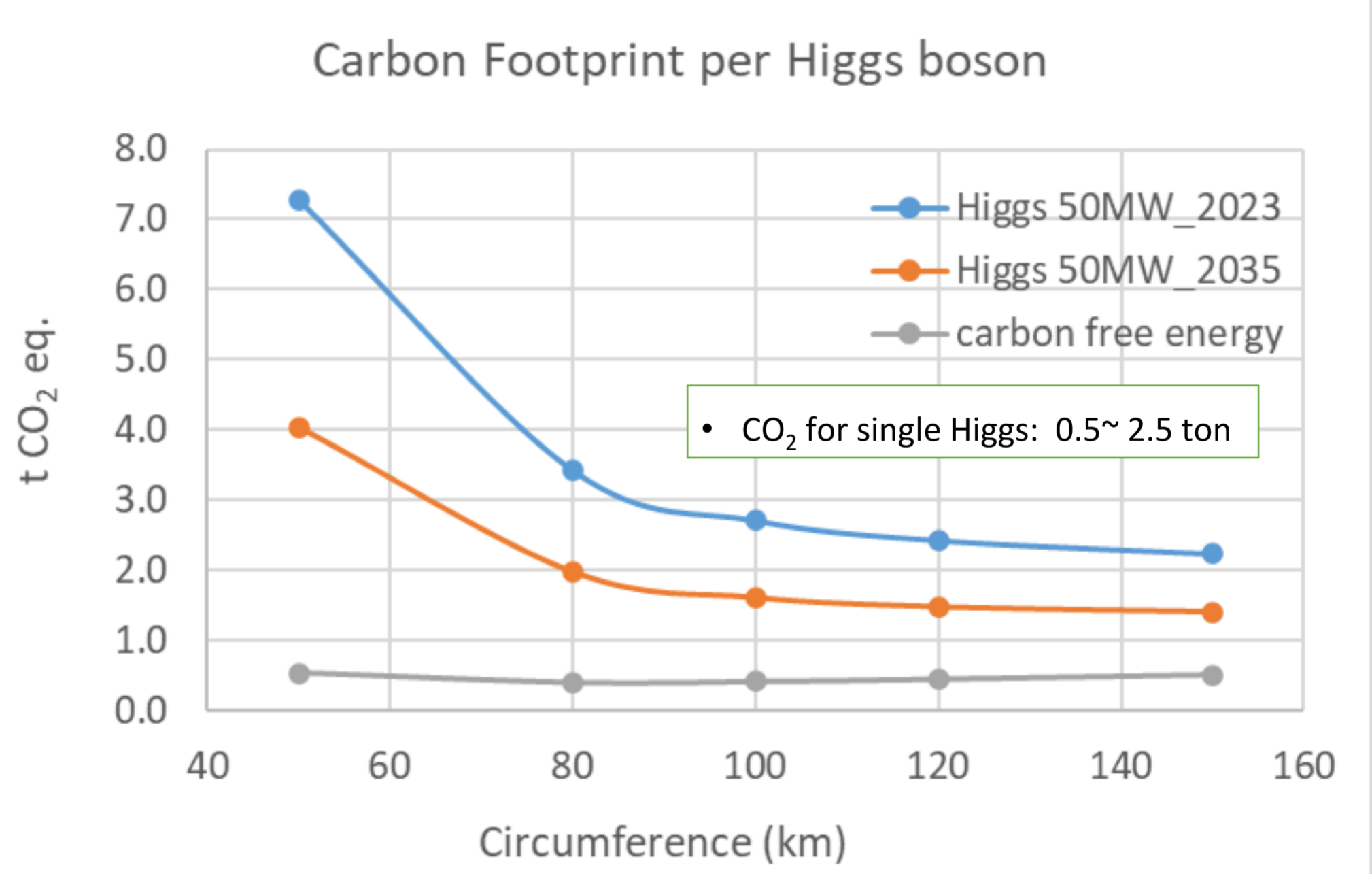
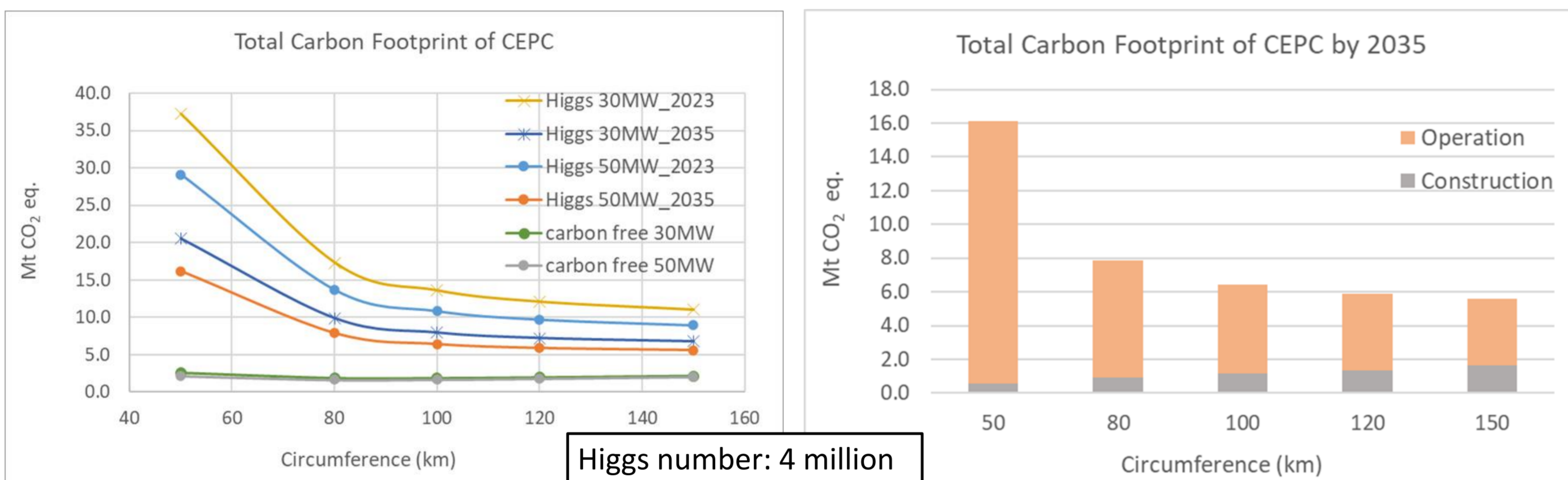
Solar (t CO ₂ /GWh)	Wind (t CO ₂ /GWh)	Hydroelectric (t CO ₂ /GWh)	nuclear(t CO ₂ /GWh)
30	15	25	5



Electricity Grid Carbon Intensity in China (2025-2035)

省份	2025年	2030年	2035年
辽宁	0.578 (0.528-0.604)	0.496 (0.432-0.571)	0.371 (0.342-0.408)
吉林	0.564 (0.559-0.594)	0.481 (0.384-0.472)	0.316 (0.210-0.281)
黑龙江	0.654 (0.648-0.683)	0.599 (0.590-0.621)	0.504 (0.467-0.528)
北京	0.595 (0.573-0.612)	0.519 (0.476-0.523)	0.289 (0.260-0.299)
天津	0.688 (0.668-0.709)	0.536 (0.515-0.544)	0.418 (0.415-0.440)
河北	0.736 (0.714-0.784)	0.683 (0.666-0.733)	0.544 (0.512-0.571)
山西	0.707 (0.692-0.738)	0.702 (0.684-0.738)	0.673 (0.583-0.633)
内蒙古	0.791 (0.791-0.836)	0.702 (0.783-0.836)	0.673 (0.665-0.714)
山东	0.546 (0.538-0.550)	0.488 (0.489-0.506)	0.383 (0.364-0.386)
上海	0.333 (0.321-0.464)	0.325 (0.312-0.432)	0.281 (0.259-0.349)
江苏	0.601 (0.579-0.639)	0.512 (0.489-0.539)	0.411 (0.360-0.435)
浙江	0.735 (0.412-0.427)	0.684 (0.381-0.402)	0.396 (0.289-0.314)
安徽	0.728 (0.728-0.738)	0.735 (0.65-0.757)	0.644 (0.546-0.644)
福建	0.583 (0.346-0.379)	0.583 (0.322-0.358)	0.27 (0.260-0.293)
江西	0.714 (0.41-0.408)	0.416 (0.414-0.444)	0.354 (0.314-0.359)
河南	0.599 (0.553-0.621)	0.49 (0.462-0.512)	0.389 (0.356-0.409)
湖北	0.31 (0.307-0.317)	0.31 (0.247-0.316)	0.202 (0.19-0.261)
湖南	0.453 (0.447-0.46)	0.409 (0.397-0.422)	0.312 (0.3-0.331)
重庆	0.363 (0.231-0.396)	0.256 (0.193-0.304)	0.179 (0.131-0.226)
四川	0.104 (0.105-0.107)	0.104 (0.073-0.075)	0.04 (0.04-0.04)
广东	0.399 (0.359-0.382)	0.332 (0.318-0.351)	0.276 (0.269-0.295)
广西	0.336 (0.312-0.332)	0.334 (0.188-0.236)	0.279 (0.11-0.143)
海南	0.276 (0.316-0.343)	0.276 (0.17-0.373)	0.204 (0.26-0.308)
贵州	0.334 (0.393-0.408)	0.334 (0.26-0.278)	0.279 (0.146-0.206)
云南	0.281 (0.093-0.102)	0.281 (0.65-0.075)	0.025 (0.022-0.03)
陕西	0.607 (0.533-0.623)	0.607 (0.528-0.619)	0.515 (0.446-0.53)
甘肃	0.443 (0.433-0.469)	0.407 (0.391-0.439)	0.279 (0.223-0.285)
青海	0.067 (0.067-0.078)	0.032 (0.027-0.041)	0.01 (0.01-0.013)
宁夏	0.724 (0.703-0.758)	0.720 (0.643-0.714)	0.665 (0.452-0.551)
新疆	0.713 (0.601-0.745)	0.720 (0.595-0.745)	0.573 (0.516-0.599)

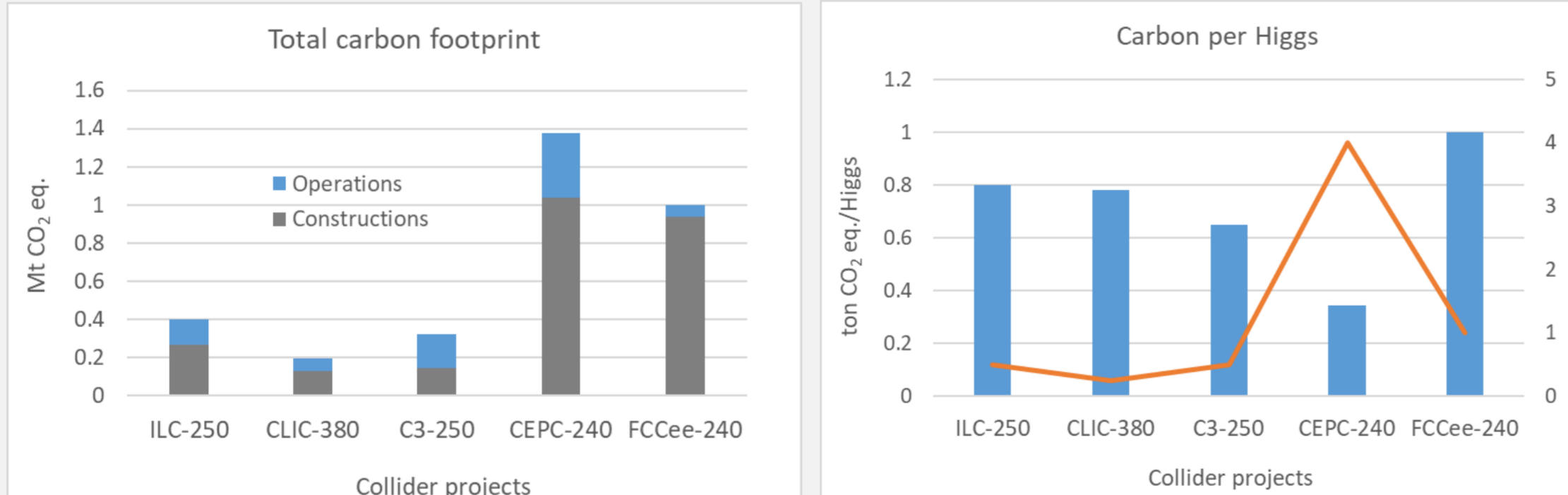
The carbon intensity will be reduced rapidly until 2035 in China.



Total Carbon Emissions of Future Colliders

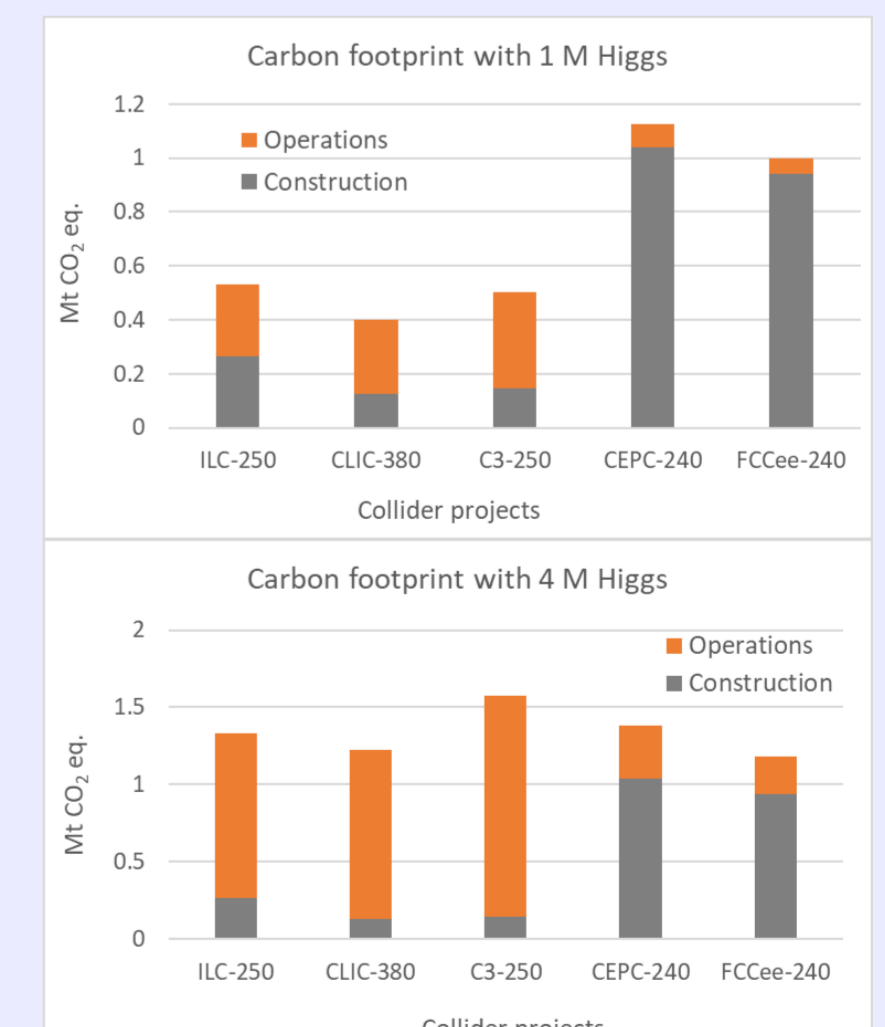
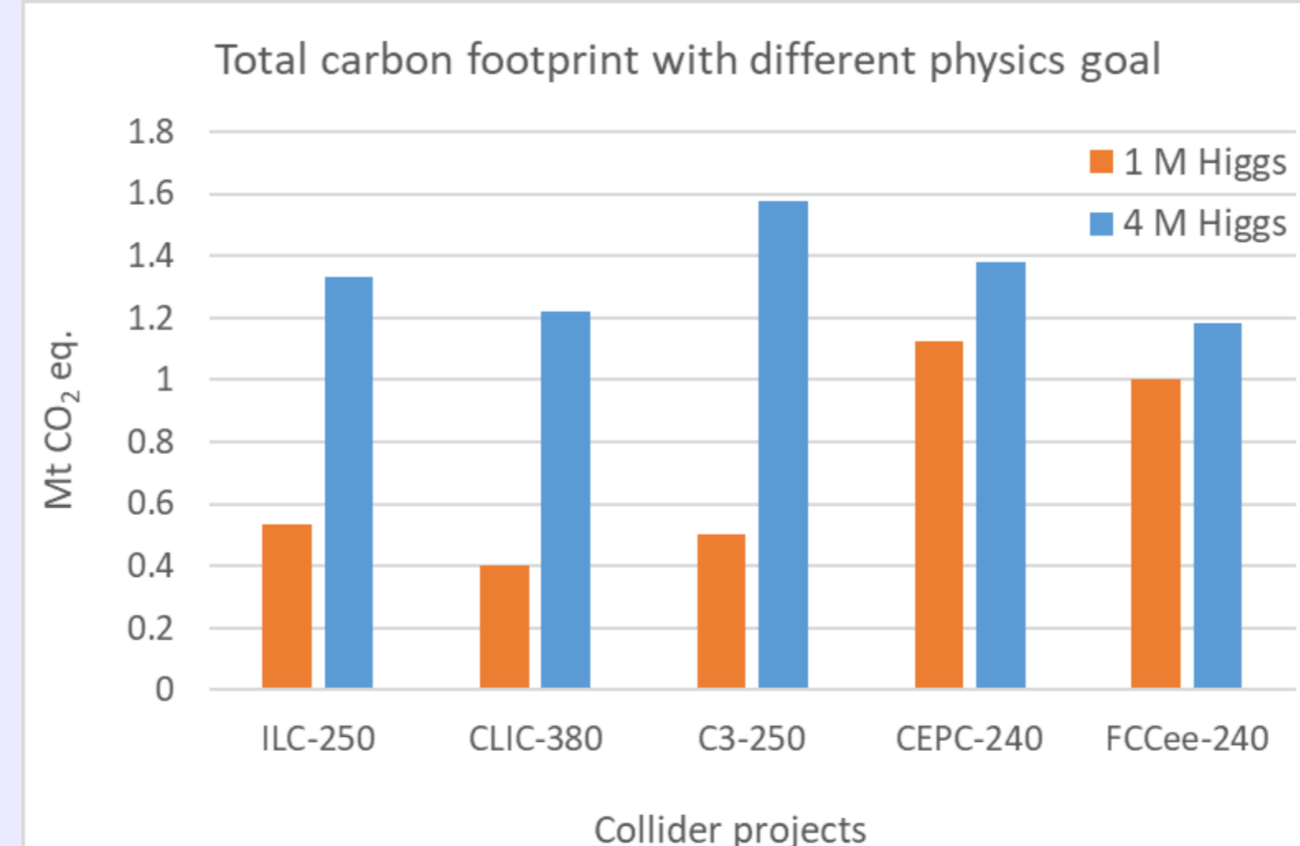
	ILC-250	CLIC-380	C3-250	CEPC-240	FCCEe-240
Instantaneous power (MW)	111	110	150	340	290
Annual collision month	6.2	4.6	6.2	5.0	4.2
Annual collision time (E7 s)	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.1
Operational efficiency	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.57	0.75
Higgs operation time (years)	11.5	8	11.5	10	3
Higgs number (million)	0.5	0.25	0.5	4	1

Assumption: All the projects can use the same clean energy (20 ton CO₂e/GWh (solar & nuclear))



Total Carbon emissions with different physics goal

Assumption: All the projects have same Higgs number.



- The carbon footprint of CEPC was estimated based on simplified model including both construction process and operation process.
- The environmental impact of CEPC with different circumference, different energy source, different SR power and different Higgs number was studied.
- The carbon intensity of the electric grid will be reduced rapidly by 2040 due to the development of renewable energies. And it is possible to consider using the dedicated renewable electricity plants for each collider project.
- Assuming all the colliders will use the same clean energy (20 ton CO₂e/GWh), CEPC has the lowest carbon emission to produce one Higgs boson.
- The environmental impact of CEPC and strategies to lower the carbon footprint will be studied continuously.